

ENGINEERING SPECIFICATIONS

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

TM150XG-76N08

- 38cm (15.0 inch) diagonal
- XGA resolution (1024 x RGB x768 Pixel)
- I/F : TTL(RGB x 8 bits x 2 Port)
- Drive system : Pseudo 8 bits
- Front mount
- With CCFL backlight unit

(TENTATIVE)

Ver.1

Apr. 2, 2001

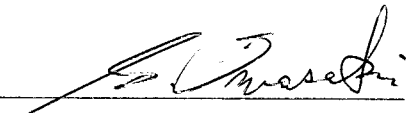
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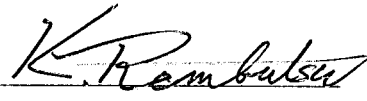
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Department Manager


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MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25 degC

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	UNIT
Module size	347.3(W) x 261.35(H) x 24.5 Typ.(t)	mm
Resolution	1024 x R-G-B(W) x 768(H)	pixel
Sub pixel pitch	0.099(W) x 0.297(H)	mm
Pixel pitch	0.297(W) x 0.297(H)	mm
Active viewing area	304.128(W) x 228.096(H)	mm
Bezel opening area	308.8(W) x 232.7(H)	mm
Weight	TBD Typ.	g

ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Ta=25 degC

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Power supply voltage	VDD-VSS	-0.3	6.0	V	
Input voltage	VI	VSS-0.3	3.3+0.5	V	
Lamp current	IL	-	TBD	mA	
Lamp supply voltage	VHV	-	2000	Vrms	
	VLGND	-	100	Vrms	

ENVIRONMENTAL ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Ta=25 degC

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Ambient temperature	TST	Storage	-20	60	degC	Note 1
	TOP	Operation	0	50		
Humidity	-	Ta=40 degC max.	-	85	%RH	No condensation Note 2
Vibration	-	Storage	-	1.5	G	Note 3
Shock	-	Storage	-	50	G	XYZ 11ms/direction

[Note 1] Care should be taken so that the LCD module may not be subjected to the temperature beyond this specification.

[Note 2] Ta>40 degC: Absolute humidity shall be less than that of 85%RH/40 degC.

[Note 3] 10-200Hz, 30min/cycle, X/Y/Z each one cycle and except for resonant frequency.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VDD=5.0V ,fv=60Hz ,fCLK=32.5MHz ,Ta=25 degC

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Power supply voltage	VDD-VSS		4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
Input logic voltage	VTH	High level	2.0	-	3.6	V	
	VTL	Low level	VSS	-	0.8		
Power supply current	IDD	Note 1	-	TBD	TBD	mA	Note 1

[Note 1] Under the following display image :

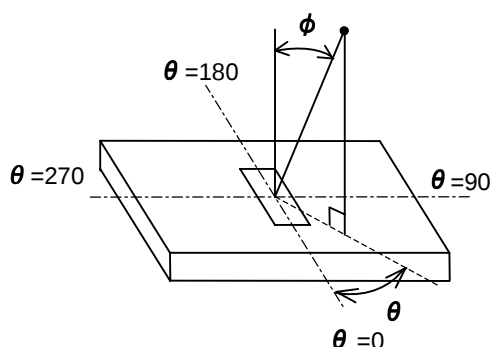
Typical Value: Display pattern is 64 gray scale bar.

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

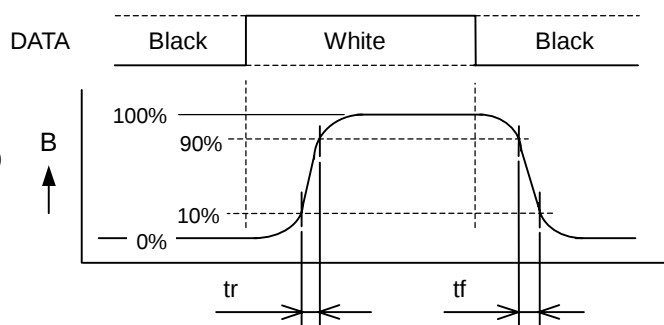
Ta=25 degC, VDD=5.0V, fv=60Hz

ITEM		SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Brightness		B	ϕ =0 deg.		400	450	-	cd/m ²	Note 5,7,8
Brightness uniformity		δ B	ϕ =0 deg.		-	-	1.45	-	Note 6,7,8
Contrast ratio		CR	ϕ =0 deg.		-	400	-		Note 2,4,8
Viewing angle range		ϕ	CR>10	θ = 0 deg.	(70)	(85)	-	deg.	Note 1,2,4,8
				θ = 90 deg.	(70)	(85)	-		
				θ =180 deg.	(70)	(85)	-		
				θ =270 deg.	(70)	(85)	-		
Response time	Rise	tr	ϕ =0 deg.		-	(15)	-	ms.	Note 3,4,8
	Fall	tf			-	(10)	-		
Color of CIE Coordinate	Red	x	ϕ =0 deg.		-	TBD	-	-	Note 4,8
		y			-	TBD	-		
	Green	x			-	TBD	-		
		y			-	TBD	-		
	Blue	x			-	TBD	-		
		y			-	TBD	-		
	White	x			TBD	0.285	TBD		
		y			TBD	0.293	TBD		

[Note 1] Definition of ϕ and θ :



[Note 3] Definition of Response time:



[Note 2] Definition of Contrast ratio "CR":

$$CR = \frac{\text{Brightness at White}}{\text{Brightness at Black}}$$

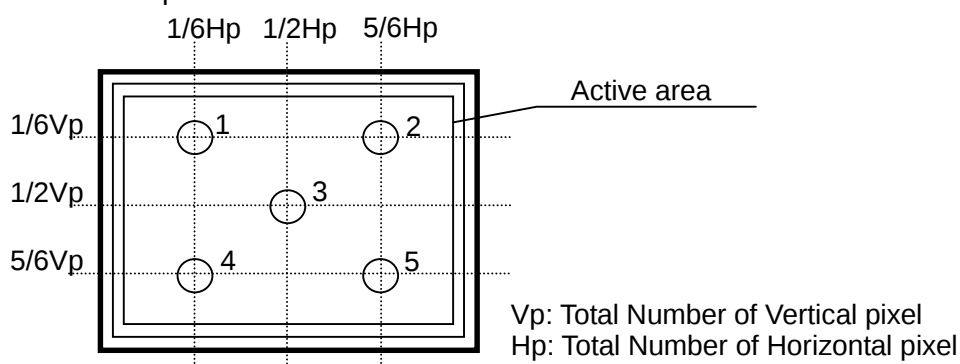
[Note 4] This shall be measured at center (point No.3 shown in Note 7).

[Note 5] The brightness shall be the average of five points shown in Note 7.

[Note 6] The brightness uniformity " δB " is defined as :

$$\delta B = \frac{\text{Maximum brightness of five points}}{\text{Minimum brightness of five points}}$$

[Note 7] Measurement points



[Note 8] Measurement condition

- (1) Measurement equipment: BM-5A (TOPCON Corp.), Field=2 degree
- (2) Ambient temperature Ta: 25 +/- 2 degC
- (3) LCD: All pixels are WHITE, VDD=5.0V, fV=60Hz
- (4) Measure after 30 minutes of Lamp warm up.
- (5) IL=TBD mArms with the Lamp inverter TBD.

BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

This module is used the direct type backlight.

The backlight system is used 8 lamps.

The characteristics of single lamp are shown in the following tables.

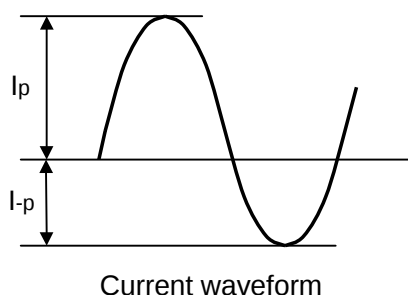
Ta=25 degC

ITEM	SYM.	CONDITIOS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Lamp voltage	VL		-	TBD	-	Vrms	at IL= TBD mArms
Lamp current	IL		TBD	-	TBD	mArms	Recommended value
Operating frequency	fL		TBD	TBD	TBD	kHz	Recommended value
Start up voltage	VS		-	-	TBD	Vrms	at Ta=0 degC
Lamp life	toL		TBD	-	-	Hours	at IL= TBD mArms

[Note 1] Backlight driving conditions (operating frequency fL especially) may interfere with horizontal frequency fH, causing the beat or flicker on the display.
Therefore the operating frequency fL shall be adjusted in relation to horizontal frequency fH to avoid interference.

[Note 2] The inverter open voltage should be larger than start up voltage, otherwise backlight may blinking for a moment after turns on or not be turned on. And this voltage should be applied to Lamp for more than 1 second to start up, otherwise backlight may not be turned on.

[Note 3] If driving current waveform is asymmetrical, mercury deviation inside of Lamp will incline to one side and consequently abnormal lighting may occur.
To prevent such unfavorable lighting, driving current waveform is asked to have unbalance rate of less than 10% and wave-height rate of less than $\sqrt{2}$ +/- 10%.
And this driving waveform shall be confirmed in your system.



$$\text{Unbalance rate} = |I_p - I_{-p}| / I_L \times 100 (\%)$$

$$\text{Wave-height rate} = I_p \text{ (or } I_{-p}) / I_L$$

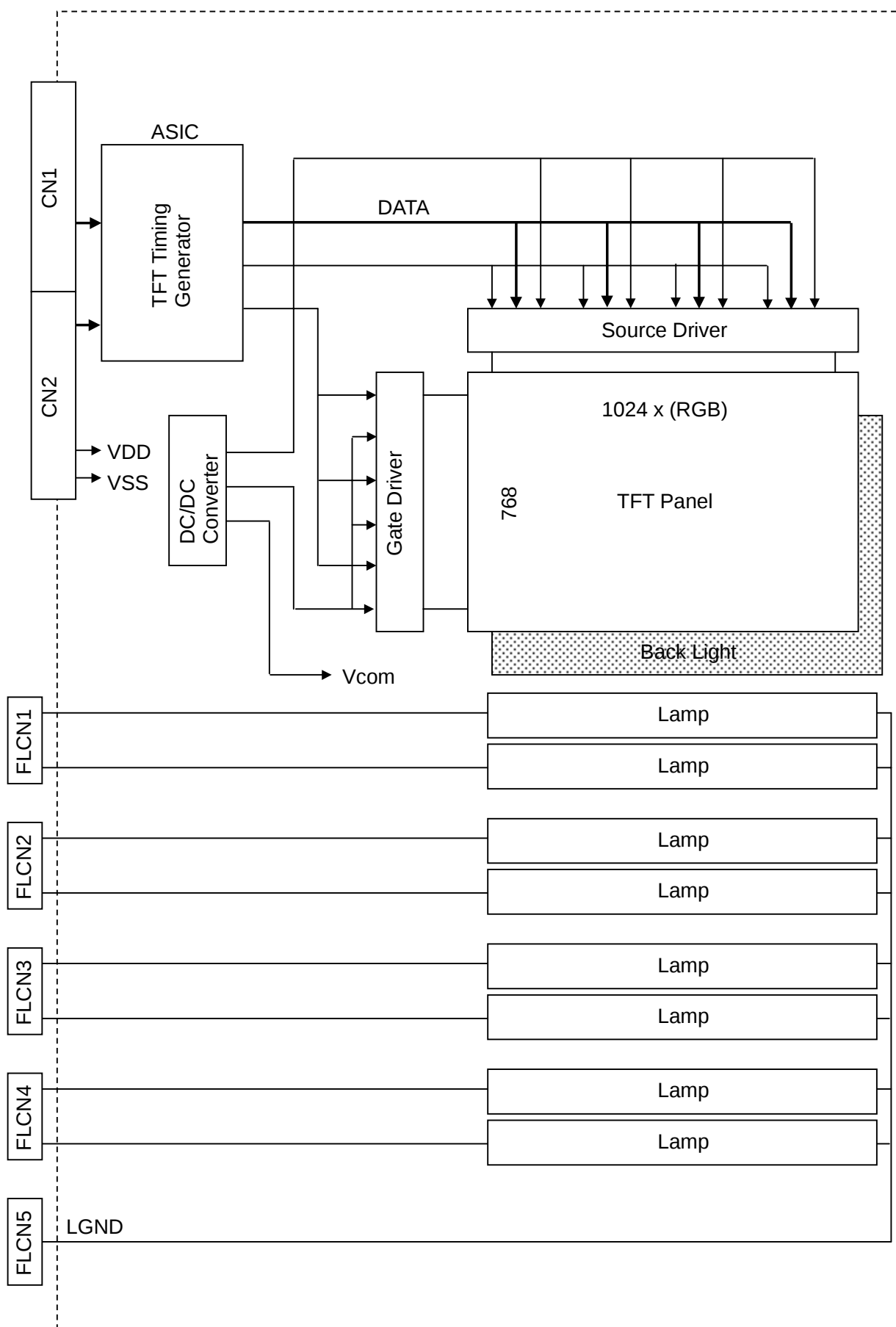
I_p : High peak value

I_{-p} : Low peak value

I_L : Effective value

[Note 4] The inverter of ground reference type should be used. The inverter of ground floating type should not be used.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INPUT DATA AND DISPLAY POSITION

ODD			EVEN			RED	GREEN	BLUE
R	G	B	R	G	B	ODD : RA0-7,	GA0-7,	BA0-7
						EVEN : RB0-7,	GB0-7,	BB0-7
1,1			1,2			1,3		1,1023
2,1			2,2					2,1024
3,1								
.								.
.								.
.								.
767,1								767,1024
768,1			768,2					768,1023
								768,1024

INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

LCM : CN1

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	TEST	No Connection (Should be open during operation.)
2	VSS	Ground
3	RB7	EVEN Red Data [MSB]
4	RB6	EVEN Red Data
5	RB5	EVEN Red Data
6	RB4	EVEN Red Data
7	VSS	Ground
8	RB3	EVEN Red Data
9	RB2	EVEN Red Data
10	RB1	EVEN Red Data
11	RB0	EVEN Red Data [LSB]
12	VSS	Ground
13	GB7	EVEN Green Data [MSB]
14	GB6	EVEN Green Data
15	GB5	EVEN Green Data
16	GB4	EVEN Green Data
17	VSS	Ground
18	GB3	EVEN Green Data
19	GB2	EVEN Green Data
20	GB1	EVEN Green Data
21	GB0	EVEN Green Data [LSB]
22	VSS	Ground
23	BB7	EVEN Blue Data [MSB]
24	BB6	EVEN Blue Data
25	BB5	EVEN Blue Data
26	BB4	EVEN Blue Data
27	VSS	Ground
28	BB3	EVEN Blue Data
29	BB2	EVEN Blue Data
30	BB1	EVEN Blue Data
31	BB0	EVEN Blue Data [LSB]
32	VSS	Ground
33	VSNC	Vertical Synchronous Signal (We don't use this signal.)
34	HSNC	Horizontal Synchronous Signal (We don't use this signal.)
35	DE	Data Enable Signal (Positive logic)
36	DCLK	Data Clock Signal
37	VSS	Ground
38	VSS	Ground
39	VSS	Ground
40	VSS	Ground

CN1: IL-FHR-F40S-HF (JAE)

INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

LCM : CN2

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
41	VSS	Ground
42	VSS	Ground
43	RA7	ODD Red Data [MSB]
44	RA6	ODD Red Data
45	RA5	ODD Red Data
46	RA4	ODD Red Data
47	VSS	Ground
48	RA3	ODD Red Data
49	RA2	ODD Red Data
50	RA1	ODD Red Data
51	RA0	ODD Red Data [LSB]
52	VSS	Ground
53	GA7	ODD Green Data [MSB]
54	GA6	ODD Green Data
55	GA5	ODD Green Data
56	GA4	ODD Green Data
57	VSS	Ground
58	GA3	ODD Green Data
59	GA2	ODD Green Data
60	GA1	ODD Green Data
61	GA0	ODD Green Data [LSB]
62	VSS	Ground
63	BA7	ODD Blue Data [MSB]
64	BA6	ODD Blue Data
65	BA5	ODD Blue Data
66	BA4	ODD Blue Data
67	VSS	Ground
68	BA3	ODD Blue Data
69	BA2	ODD Blue Data
70	BA1	ODD Blue Data
71	BA0	ODD Blue Data [LSB]
72	VSS	Ground
73	VDD	Power Supply (5V +/- 0.5V)
74	VDD	Power Supply (5V +/- 0.5V)
75	VDD	Power Supply (5V +/- 0.5V)
76	VDD	Power Supply (5V +/- 0.5V)
77	TEST	No Connection (Should be open during operation.)
78	VSS	Ground
79	VSS	Ground
80	NC	No Connection (Should be open during operation.)

CN2 : IL-FHR-F40S-HF (JAE)

Backlight : FLCN1,2,3,4

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	H.V	High voltage for CFL
2	NC	No Connection
3	H.V	High voltage for CFL

FLCN1,2,3,4: BHR-03VS-1(JST)

Suitable mating connector : SM02(8.0)B-BHS-1(JST)

Backlight : FLCN5

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	LGND	Low voltage for CFL
2	NC	No Connection

FLCN5: ZHR-2(JST)

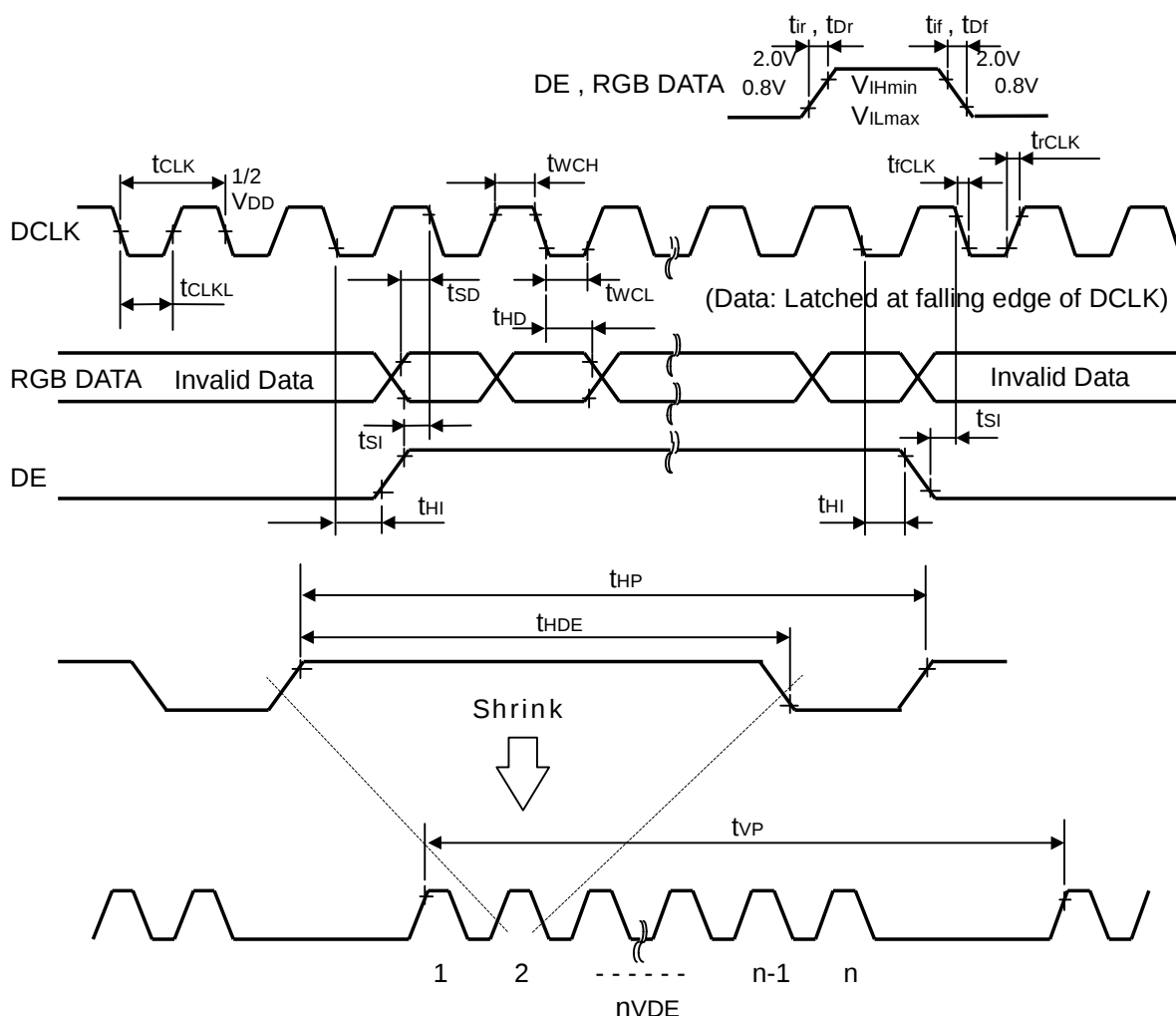
Suitable mating connector : S2B-ZR-SM3A-TF (JST)

INTERNAL SIGNAL TIMING PARAMETERS (DE_MODE)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
DCLK	Frequency	fCLK	30.0	32.5	40.0	MHz
	Width-Low	twCL	5.0	-	-	ns
	Width-High	twCH	5.0	-	-	ns
	Rise Time	trCLK	-	-	(5.0)	ns
	Fall Time	tfCLK	-	-	(5.0)	ns
	Duty	D	(0.40)	0.50	(0.60)	-
DE	Setup Time	tSI	(5.0)	-	-	ns
	Hold Time	tHI	(5.0)	-	-	ns
	Rise/Fall Time	tir,tif	-	-	(5.0)	ns
	Horiz. Period	tHP	525	(672)	900	tCLK
	Horiz. DE	tHDE	512	512	tHP-12	tCLK
	Vert. Period	tVP	780	806	900	tHP
	Vert. DE	nVDE	768	768	tVP-5	n
DATA	Setup Time	tSD	(5.0)	-	-	ns
	Hold Time	tHD	(5.0)	-	-	ns
	Rise/Fall Time	TDr	-	-	(5.0)	ns

[Note 1] f_H (Horizontal Frequency) = $1/t_{HP}$
 f_V (Vertical Frequency) = $1/t_{VP}$

INTERNAL SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM (DE_MODE)



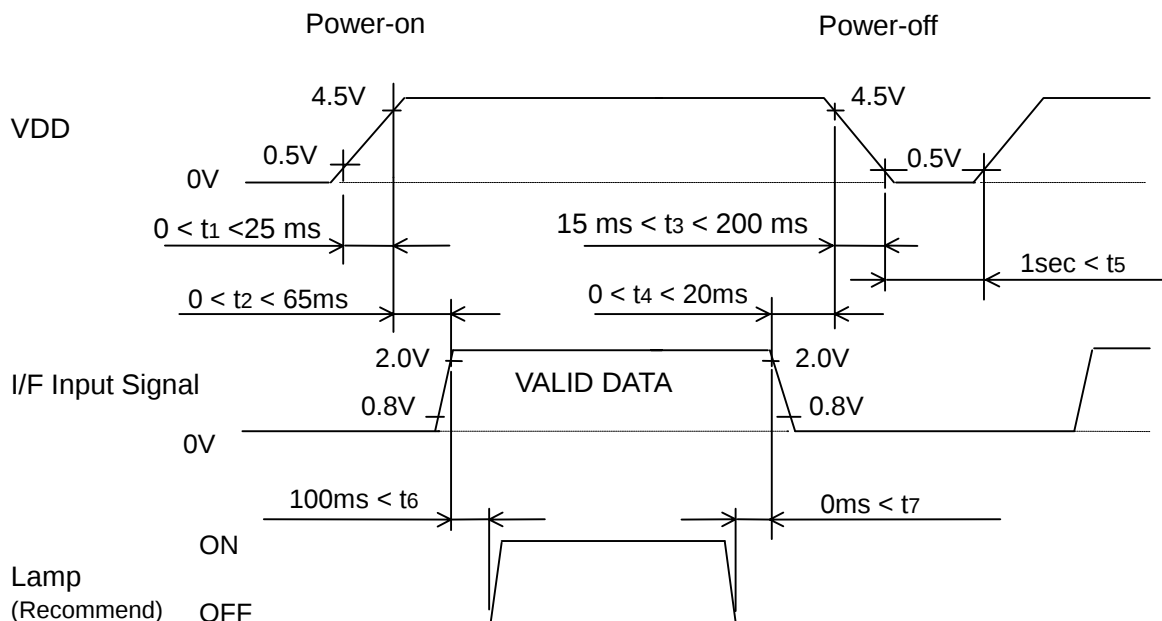
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INPUT DATA AND DISPLAY COLOR

DISPLAY COLOR	INPUT DATA	RED DATA								GREEN DATA								BLUE DATA							
		MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB			
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
BASIC COLOR	BLACK	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	RED(255)	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	GREEN(255)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	BLUE(255)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
	CYAN	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
	MAGENTA	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
	YELLOW	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	WHITE	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
RED	BLACK	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	RED(1) *	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	RED(2) *	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	RED(3) *	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	RED(4)	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	:	:								:								:							
	RED(251) *	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	RED(252)	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	RED(253)	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	RED(254)	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	RED(255)	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
GREEN	BLACK	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	GREEN(1) *	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	GREEN(2) *	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	GREEN(3) *	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	GREEN(4)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	:	:								:								:							
	GREEN(251) *	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	GREEN(252)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	GREEN(253)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	GREEN(254)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	GREEN(255)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
BLUE	BLACK	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	BLUE(1) *	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L
	BLUE(2) *	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L
	BLUE(3) *	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L
	BLUE(4)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L
	:	:								:								:							
	BLUE(251) *	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	L
	BLUE(252)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L
	BLUE(253)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L
	BLUE(254)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L
	BLUE(255)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L

[Note 1] Color(n) --- 'n' indicates gray scale step.

[Note 2] '*' Mark shows using the frame rate modulation and dithering.

POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE REQUIREMENT



When the power is off, I/F Input Signal must be kept at either low level or high impedance.

Power sequence for Lamp (backlight) is not specified especially, however it is recommended to consider some timing difference between I/F Input Signal as shown above.

If backlight lights on before LCD starts function, or if backlight is kept on after LCD stopped function, screen may look white for a moment or abnormal image may be displayed.

This is caused by variation in output signal from timing generator at I/F Input Signal on or off. It does not cause damage to liquid crystal molecule and driving circuit.

PRECAUTIONS (INSTRUCTIONS FOR SAFE AND PROPER USE)

1. Instructions for safety

- (1) Please do not disassemble or modify LCD module to avoid the possibility of electric shock, damage of electronic components, scratch at display surface and invasion of foreign particles. In addition, such activity may result in fire accident due to burning of electronic component.
LCD module disassembled or modified by customer is out of warranty.
- (2) Please be careful in handling of LCD module with broken glass.
When the display glass breaks, please pay attention not to injure your fingers. The display surface has the plastic film attached, which prevents dispersion of glass pieces, however touching broken edge will injure your fingers. Also Lamp (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) is made of glass, therefore please pay attention in the same way.
- (3) Please do not touch the fluid flown out of broken display glass.
If the fluid should stick to hand or clothes, wipe off with soap or alcohol immediately and then wash it with water. If the fluid should get in eyes, wash eyes immediately with pure water for more than 15 minutes and then consult the doctor.
- (4) Please make secure connection of Lamp connector.
Please make sure that Lamp connector from LCD module is connected with output connector on inverter circuit securely. Poor connection may cause smoke or fire accident due to high voltage in circuit. If connection may not be secure, please switch off the power supply for LCD module and Lamp and then make secure connection.
Please do not make connection with another connector than recommended mating connector.
- (5) Lamp contains mercury inside. Please follow regulations or rules established by local autonomy at its disposal.
- (6) Please be careful to electric shock.
Before handling LCD module, please switch off the power supply.
Since high voltage is applied to Lamp terminal, cable, connector and inverter circuit in operation mode, touching them will cause electric shock.

2. Instructions for designing

- (1) Mounting of LCD
Please fix LCD module at all mounting flanges shown in this specification for installation onto system. The used screws should have proper dimensions.
Furthermore, designing of mounting parts should be adequate so that LCD module is not putted stresses (ex. warped, twisted and pressed stress), to achieve good display quality. The stresses may cause non-uniformity even if there is no non-uniformity statically.
- (2) Polarity of power supply for Lamp
Please give careful consideration in designing so that each polar of cable should be connected correctly at assembling (i.e. high voltage side is connected to high voltage side and low voltage side is connected to low voltage side). Since longer Lamp cable may cause insatiable start-up of Lamp and reduction of brightness, please make cable short as much as possible.

- (3) Designing of power supply circuit for Lamp
Please design the circuit so that high voltage output can be kept for more than 1 second. The shorter time may not start up Lamp. The driving inverter circuit is recommended to be the type which Lamp current can be controlled.
The type which voltage is controlled is not recommended, because it may cause big current under high temperature and insatiable start-up of Lamp under low temperature.
- (4) Heat radiation
Lamp generates heat at lighting and causes temperature rise inside system. Therefore, designing to radiate heat like radiation slits at cabinet is recommended to meet the specified operating temperature range for LCD module.
- (5) Noise on power line
Spike noise contained in power line causes abnormal operation of driving circuit and abnormal display. To avoid it, spike noise should be suppressed below VDD +/- 100mVp-p. (In any case, absolute maximum rating should be kept.)
- (6) Power sequence
Before LCD module is switched on, please make sure that power supply and input signals of system, testing equipment, etc. meet the recommended power sequence.
- (7) Absolute maximum rating
Absolute maximum rating specified in this specification has to be kept in any case. It shows the maximum that cannot be exceeded.
Exceeding it may cause burning or non-recoverable break of electronic components in circuit. Please make system design so that absolute maximum rating is not exceeded even if ambient temperature, input signal and components are varied.
- (8) Protection for power supply
Please study to adapt protection for power supply against trouble of LCD module, depending on usage condition of system. Fuse installed on LCD module should be never modified. Any modification to make the function of fuse ineffective may cause burning or break of printed wiring board or other components at circuit trouble.
- (9) Protection against electric shock
High voltage is applied to Lamp connector, inverter circuit and Lamp at lighting. Please make design not to expose or be accessible to such high voltage parts to avoid electric shock.
- (10) Protection cover and cut-off filter for ultraviolet rays
When LCD module is used under severe condition like outdoor, it is recommended to use transparent protection cover over display surface to avoid scratches and invasion of dust and water. In addition, when LCD module is exposed to direct sun light for long time, use of cut-off filter for ultraviolet rays is also recommended. Please be careful not to get condensation.

3. Instructions for use and handling

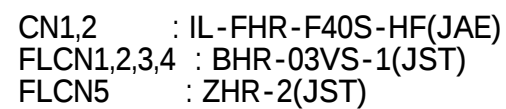
- (1) Protection against Static electricity
C-MOS LSI and semiconductors are easily damaged by static discharge. LCD module should be handled on conductive mat by person grounded with wrist strap etc. to avoid getting static electricity. Please be careful not to generate static electricity during operation.

- (2) Protection against dust and stain
LCD module should be handled in circumstance as clean as possible.
It is recommended to wear fingerstalls or ductless and soft gloves before handling to avoid getting dust or stain on display surface.
- (3) Protection film for display surface
It is recommended to remove protection film at nearly final process of assembling to avoid getting scratch or dust. To remove film, please pick up its edge with dull-head tweezers or cellophane tape at first and then remove film gradually taking more than 3 seconds. If film is removed quickly, static electricity may be generated and may damage semiconductors or electronic components.
- (4) Contamination of display surface
When display surface of LCD module is contaminated, please wipe the surface softly with cotton swab or clean cloth. If it is not enough, please take it away with cellophane tape or wipe the surface with cotton swab or clean cloth containing benzene. In this case, please be careful so that benzene does not get in inside of LCD module, because it may be damaged.
- (5) Water drop on LCD surface
Please do not leave LCD module with water drop. When the display surface gets water drop, please wipe it off with cotton swab or soft cloth immediately, otherwise display surface will be deteriorated.
If water gets in inside of LCD module, circuit may be damaged.
- (6) Please make sure that LCD module is not warped or twisted at installation into system. Even temporary warp or twist may be the cause for failure.
- (7) Mechanical stress
Please be careful not to apply strong mechanical stress like drop or shock to LCD module. Such stress may cause break of display glass and Lamp or may be the cause for failure.
- (8) Pressure to display surface
Please be careful not to apply strong pressure to display surface. Such pressure may cause scratches at surface or may be the cause of failure.
- (9) Protection against scratch
Please be careful not to hit, press or rub the display surface with hard material like tools. In addition, please do not put heavy or hard material on display surface, and do not stack LCD modules. Polarizer at front surface can be easily scratched.
- (10) Plugging in of connector
Please be careful not to apply strong stress to connector part of LCD module at plugging in or out, because strong stress may damage the inside connection. At plugging in connector, place LCD module on the flat surface and hold the backside of connector on LCD module. Please make sure that connector is plugged in correctly. Insecure connection may be the cause for failure during operation.
In addition, please be careful not to put the connecting cable between cabinet of system and LCD module at installing LCD module into system.
- (11) Handling of Lamp cable and FPC (Flexible Printed Circuit)
Please be careful not to pull or scratch Lamp cable, because Lamp or soldered part of cable may be damaged consequently.
Also FPC should not be pulled or scratched.
- (12) Switching off before plugging in connector
Please make sure that power is switched off before plugging in connector.
If power is on at plugging in or out, circuit of LCD module may be damaged.
When LCD is switched on for test or inspection, please make sure that power supply and input signals of driving system meet the specified power sequence.

- (13) Temperature dependence of LCD display
Response speed (optical response) of LCD display is dependent on temperature.
Under low temperature, response speed is slower.
Also brightness and chromaticity change slightly depending on temperature.
- (14) Slow light-up of Lamp under low temperature
Under low temperature, start-up of Lamp gets difficult. (The time from switch-on to stable lighting becomes longer.)
As characteristic of Lamp, operation under low temperature makes the life time shorter. To avoid this, it is recommended to operate under normal temperature.
- (15) Condensation
LCD module may get condensation on its display surface and inside in the circumstance where temperature changes much in short time.
Condensation can cause deterioration or failure. Therefore, please be careful not to get condensation.
- (16) Remaining of image
Displaying the same pattern for long time may cause remaining of image even after changing the pattern. This is not failure but will disappear with time.

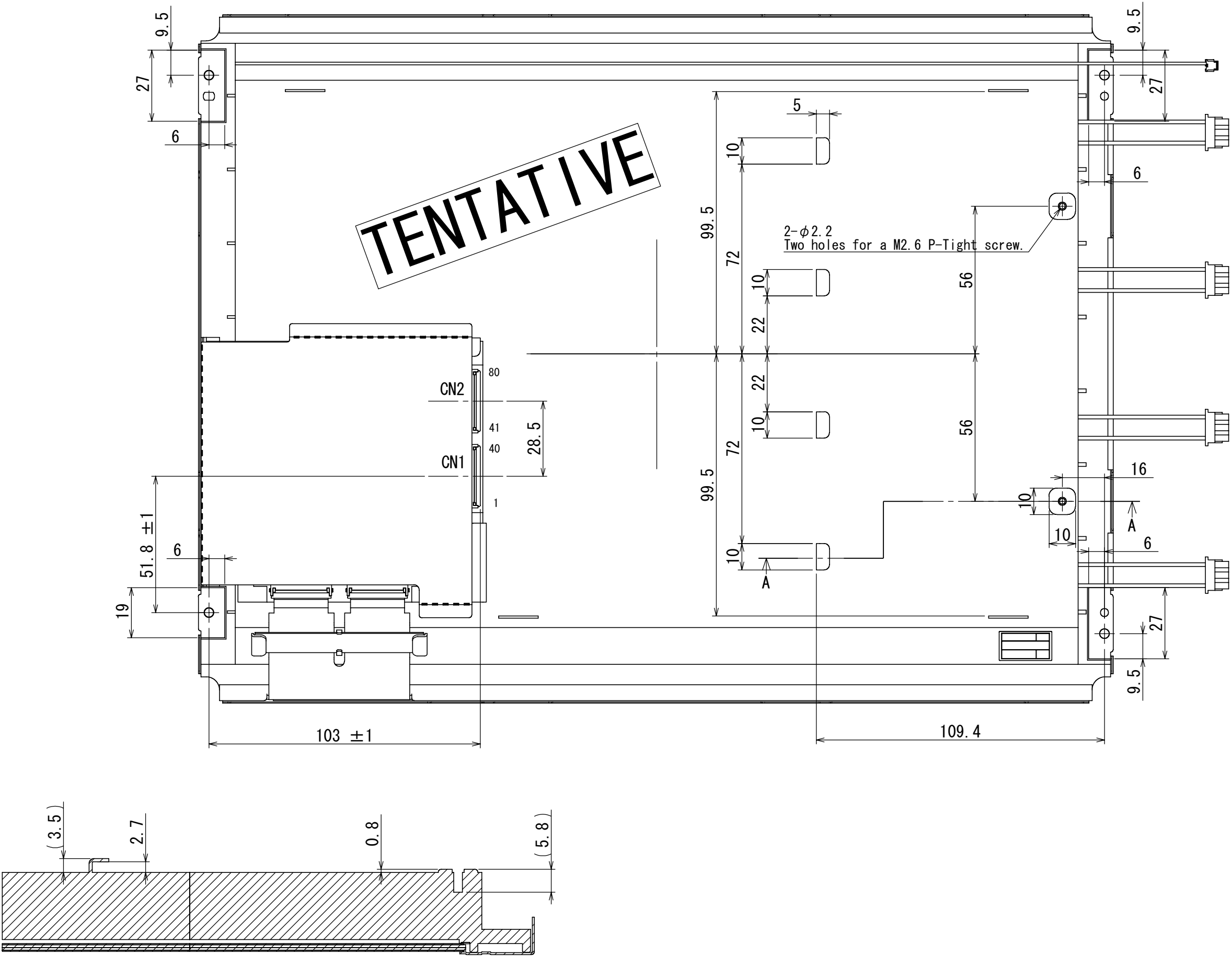
4. Instructions for storage and transportation

- (1) Storage
Please store LCD module in the dark place of room temperature and low humidity in original packing condition, to avoid condensation that may cause failure.
Since sudden temperature change may cause condensation, please store in circumstance of stable temperature.
- (2) Stacking number
Since excessive weight causes deformation and damage of carton box, please stack only up to the number stated on carton box for storage and transportation.
- (3) Handling
Since LCD module consists of glass and precise electronic components, it will be damaged by excessive shock and drop. Therefore, please handle the carton box carefully to minimize shock at loading, reloading and transportation.



Unit: mm

Outer Dimensions
(BACK SIDE)



Unit:mm