IN  $\Box$ 

 $DT \square$ 

V<sub>CC</sub> □

PGND I

D PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

SLVS195C - FEBRUARY 1999 - REVISED JANUARY 2001

7

6

8 D BOOT

☐ HIGHDR

□ BOOTLO

5 TOWDR

- Floating Bootstrap or Ground-Reference **High-Side Driver**
- **Adaptive Dead-Time Control**
- 50-ns Max Rise/Fall Times and 100-ns Max Propagation Delay – 3.3-nF Load
- **Ideal for High-Current Single or Multiphase Power Supplies**
- 2.4-A Typical Peak Output Current
- 4.5-V to 15-V Supply Voltage Range
- **Internal Schottky Bootstrap Diode**
- Low Supply Current....3-mA Typical
- -40°C to 125°C Operating Virtual Junction **Temperature**
- Available in SOIC Package

## description

The TPS2832 and TPS2833 are MOSFET drivers for synchronous-buck power stages. These devices are ideal for designing a high-performance power supply using switching controllers that do not have MOSFET drivers. The drivers are designed to deliver 2.4-A peak currents into large capacitive loads. The high-side driver can be configured as a ground-reference driver or as a floating bootstrap driver. An adaptive dead-time control circuit eliminates shoot-through currents through the main power FETs during switching transitions and provides high efficiency for the buck regulator.

The TPS2832 has a noninverting input. The TPS2833 has an inverting input. The TPS2832/33 drivers, available in 8-terminal SOIC packages, operate over a junction temperature range of -40°C to 125°C.

#### **AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

	PACKAGED DEVICES
ТЈ	SOIC (D)
-40°C to 125°C	TPS2832D TPS2833D

The D package is available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to device type (e.g., TPS2832DR)

#### **Related Synchronous MOSFET Drivers**

DEVICE NAME	ADDITIONAL FEATURES	INPUTS			
TPS2830	ENABLE OVALO LODOVADAD	01400	Noninverted		
TPS2831	ENABLE, SYNC and CROWBAR	CMOS	Inverted		
TPS2834	ENIARI E OVAIO I OROMARA		Noninverted		
TPS2835	ENABLE, SYNC and CROWBAR	TTL	Inverted		
TPS2836	WAYO ENIARI E OVALO I OROVADAR		Noninverted		
TPS2837	W/O ENABLE, SYNC and CROWBAR	TTL	Inverted		

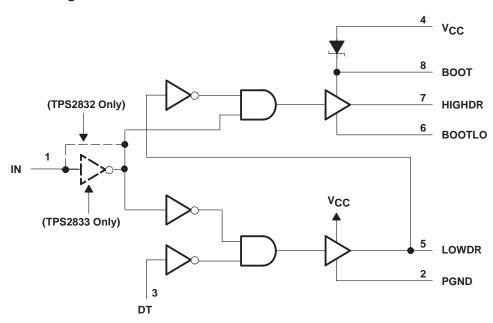


Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



SLVS195C - FEBRUARY 1999 - REVISED JANUARY 2001

## functional block diagram



### **Terminal Functions**

TERMIN	NAL		DECORPTION
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION
воот	8	I	Bootstrap terminal. A ceramic capacitor is connected between BOOT and BOOTLO terminals to develop the floating bootstrap voltage for the high-side MOSFET. The capacitor value is typically between 0.1 $\mu F$ and 1 $\mu F$ . A 1-M $\Omega$ resistor should be connected across the bootstrap capacitor to provide a discharge path when the driver has been powered down.
BOOTLO	6	0	This terminal connects to the junction of the high-side and low-side MOSFETs.
DT	3	-1	Dead-time control terminal. Connect DT to the junction of the high-side and low-side MOSFETs
HIGHDR	7	0	Output drive for the high-side power MOSFET
IN	1	ı	Input signal to the MOSFET drivers (noninverting input for the TPS2832; inverting input for the TPS2833).
LOWDR	5	0	Output drive for the low-side power MOSFET
PGND	2		Power ground. Connect to the FET power ground.
VCC	4	I	Input supply. Recommended that a 1 $\mu F$ capacitor be connected from $V_{\hbox{\footnotesize{CC}}}$ to PGND.



SLVS195C - FEBRUARY 1999 - REVISED JANUARY 2001

#### detailed description

#### low-side driver

The low-side driver is designed to drive low Rds(on) N-channel MOSFETs. The current rating of the driver is 2 A, source and sink.

#### high-side driver

The high-side driver is designed to drive low Rds(on) N-channel MOSFETs. The current rating of the driver is 2 A, source and sink. The high-side driver can be configured as a ground-reference driver or a floating bootstrap driver. The internal bootstrap diode, is a Schottky for improved drive efficiency. The maximum voltage that can be applied between the BOOT terminal and ground is 30 V.

#### dead-time (DT) control<sup>†</sup>

Dead-time control prevents shoot through current from flowing through the main power FETs during switching transitions by controlling the turn-on times of the MOSFET drivers. The high-side driver is not allowed to turn on until the gate drive voltage to the low-side FET is low, and the low-side driver is not allowed to turn on until the voltage at the junction of the power FETs (Vdrain) is low; the DT terminal connects to the junction of the power FETs.

#### IN<sup>†</sup>

The IN terminal is a digital terminal that is the input control signal for the drivers. The TPS2832 has a noninverting input; the TPS2833 has an inverting input.

†High-level input voltages on IN and DT must be greater than or equal to 0.7V<sub>CC</sub>.



SLVS195C - FEBRUARY 1999 - REVISED JANUARY 2001

## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)
Input voltage range: BOOT to PGND (high-side driver ON)
BOOTLO to PGND
BOOT to BOOTLO
IN (see Note 2)
DT (see Note 2)
Continuous total power dissipation See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T <sub>J</sub>
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stq</sub>
Lead temperature soldering 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	$T_{\mbox{A}} \le 25^{\circ}\mbox{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C POWER RATING
D	600 mW	6.0 mW/°C	330 mW	240 mW

#### recommended operating conditions

	MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>	4.5	15	V
Input voltage BOOT to PGND	4.5	28	V

## electrical characteristics over recommended operating virtual junction temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 6.5 V, $C_L$ = 3.3 nF (unless otherwise noted)

#### supply current

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
	Supply voltage range			4.5		15	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> =15 V				100	μΑ
Vcc	Quiescent current	V <sub>CC</sub> =12 V, f <sub>SWX</sub> = 200 kHz, CHIGHDR = 50 pF,	BOOTLO grounded, CLOWDR = 50 pF, See Note 3		3		mA

NOTE 3: Ensured by design, not production tested.



NOTES: 1. Unless otherwise specified, all voltages are with respect to PGND.

<sup>2.</sup> High-level input voltages on the IN and DT terminals must be less than or equal to VCC.

SLVS195C - FEBRUARY 1999 - REVISED JANUARY 2001

electrical characteristics over recommended operating virtual junction temperature range,  $V_{CC} = 6.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $C_L = 3.3 \text{ nF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

#### output drivers

	PARAMETER	₹	TEST CONDIT	TONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
		Duty cycle < 2%,	VBOOT - VBOOTLO = 4.5 V,	VHIGHDR = 4 V	0.7	1.1			
	High-side sink (see Note 4)	t <sub>DW</sub> < 100 μs	VBOOT - VBOOTLO = 6.5 V,	1.1	1.5		Α		
	(300 14010 4)	(see Note 3)	$V_{BOOT} - V_{BOOTLO} = 12 V$	V <sub>HIGHDR</sub> = 10.5 V	2	2.4			
	High-side	Duty cycle < 2%,	$V_{BOOT} - V_{BOOTLO} = 4.5 V$	V <sub>HIGHDR</sub> = 0.5V	1.2	1.4			
	source	t <sub>pw</sub> < 100 μs	$V_{BOOT} - V_{BOOTLO} = 6.5 V_{s}$	V <sub>HIGHDR</sub> = 1.5 V	1.3	1.6		Α	
Peak output-	(see Note 4)	(see Note 3)	$V_{BOOT} - V_{BOOTLO} = 12 V$	VHIGHDR = 1.5 V	2.3	2.7			
current	Lancatida atal	Duty cycle < 2%,	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	V <sub>LOWDR</sub> = 4 V	1.3	1.8			
	Low-side sink (see Note 4)	t <sub>pw</sub> < 100 μs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.5 V,	V <sub>LOWDR</sub> = 5 V	2	2.5		Α	
	(666 ) (616 )	(see Note 3)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 12 V,	V <sub>LOWDR</sub> = 10.5 V	3	3.5			
	Low-side source (see Note 4)	Duty cycle < 2%,	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	$V_{LOWDR} = 0.5V$	1.4	1.7		А	
		t <sub>pw</sub> < 100 μs	$V_{CC} = 6.5 \text{ V},$	$V_{LOWDR} = 1.5 V$	2	2.4			
		(see Note 3)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 12 V,	V <sub>LOWDR</sub> = 1.5 V	2.5	3			
			$V_{BOOT} - V_{BOOTLO} = 4.5 V_{s}$	VHIGHDR = 0.5 V			5		
	High-side sink (se	ee Note 4)	VBOOT - VBOOTLO = 6.5 V, VHIGHDR = 0.5 V				5	Ω	
			$V_{BOOT} - V_{BOOTLO} = 12 V$			5			
			$V_{BOOT} - V_{BOOTLO} = 4.5 V_{s}$	VHIGHDR = 4 V			75		
	High-side source	(see Note 4)	$V_{BOOT} - V_{BOOTLO} = 6.5 V$	V <sub>HIGHDR</sub> = 6 V			75	Ω	
Output			$V_{BOOT} - V_{BOOTLO} = 12 V$	V <sub>HIGHDR</sub> =11.5 V			75		
resistance			$V_{DRV} = 4.5 V,$	$V_{LOWDR} = 0.5 V$			9		
	Low-side sink (se	ee Note 4)	V <sub>DRV</sub> = 6.5 V	V <sub>LOWDR</sub> = 0.5 V			7.5	Ω	
			V <sub>DRV</sub> = 12 V,	V <sub>LOWDR</sub> = 0.5 V			6		
			$V_{DRV} = 4.5 V,$	V <sub>LOWDR</sub> = 4 V			75		
	Low-side source	(see Note 4)	$V_{DRV} = 6.5 V,$	V <sub>LOWDR</sub> = 6 V			75	Ω	
			V <sub>DRV</sub> = 12 V,	V <sub>LOWDR</sub> = 11.5 V			75		

NOTES: 3. Ensured by design, not production tested.

4. The pull-up/pull-down circuits of the drivers are bipolar and MOSFET transistors in parallel. The peak output current rating is the combined current from the bipolar and MOSFET transistors. The output resistance is the Rds(on) of the MOSFET transistor when the voltage on the driver output is less than the saturation voltage of the bipolar transistor.

#### dead time

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	LOWIDD	Occasilla IV	0.7V <sub>CC</sub>			.,
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	LOWDR	Over the V <sub>CC</sub> range (see Note 3)			1	V
VIH	High-level input voltage	DT	Over the Vee range	0.7V <sub>CC</sub>			V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	וטו	Over the V <sub>CC</sub> range			1	V

NOTE 3: Ensured by design, not production tested.

#### digital control terminals

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
١	/IH High-level input voltage	Over the Vee range	0.7V <sub>CC</sub>			V
١	/ <sub>IL</sub> Low-level input voltage	Over the V <sub>CC</sub> range			1	V



## **TPS2832, TPS2833** FAST SYNCHRONOUS-BUCK MOSFET DRIVERS WITH DEAD-TIME CONTROL SLVS195C - FEBRUARY 1999 - REVISED JANUARY 2001

## switching characteristics over recommended operating virtual junction temperature range, $C_L=3.3~\mathrm{nF}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT				
		$V_{BOOT} = 4.5 V$	V <sub>BOOTLO</sub> = 0 V			60					
	HIGHDR output (see Note 3)	$V_{BOOT} = 6.5 V$	VBOOTLO = 0 V			50	ns				
Diag time		V <sub>BOOT</sub> = 12 V,	V <sub>BOOTLO</sub> = 0 V			50					
Rise time		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V				40					
	LOWDR output (see Note 3)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.5 V				30	ns				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 12 V				30					
		$V_{BOOT} = 4.5 V$	V <sub>BOOTLO</sub> = 0 V			60					
	HIGHDR output (see Note 3)	$V_{BOOT} = 6.5 V$	V <sub>BOOTLO</sub> = 0 V			50	ns				
<b>Fall 4:</b>		V <sub>BOOT</sub> = 12 V,	VBOOTLO = 0 V			50					
Fall time		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V				40					
	LOWDR output (see Note 3)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.5 V				30	30 ns				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 12 V	30								
	LIIOUDD and and land	$V_{BOOT} = 4.5 V$	VBOOTLO = 0 V			130					
	HIGHDR going low (excluding dead time) (see Note 3)	$V_{BOOT} = 6.5 V$	V <sub>BOOTLO</sub> = 0 V			100	ns				
Duama matiana dalam tima	(exclusing usua inne) (ess note s)	$V_{BOOT} = 12 V$ ,	V <sub>BOOTLO</sub> = 0 V			75					
Propagation delay time	1004/22	$V_{BOOT} = 4.5 V$	VBOOTLO = 0 V			80					
	LOWDR going high (excluding dead time) (see Note 3)	$V_{BOOT} = 6.5 V$	VBOOTLO = 0 V			70	ns				
	(excluding dead lime) (eee Nete e)	V <sub>BOOT</sub> = 12 V,	VBOOTLO = 0 V			60					
	1.004/55	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V				80					
Propagation delay time	LOWDR going low (excluding dead time) (see Note 3)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.5 V				70	ns				
	(exclusing usua inne) (ess note s)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 12 V				60					
	DT (a LOW/DD and	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V		40		170					
Driver nonoverlap time	DT to LOWDR and LOWDR to HIGHDR (see Note 3)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.5 V		25		135	ns				
	(555.1616.6)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 12 V		15		85					

NOTE 3: Ensured by design, not production tested.

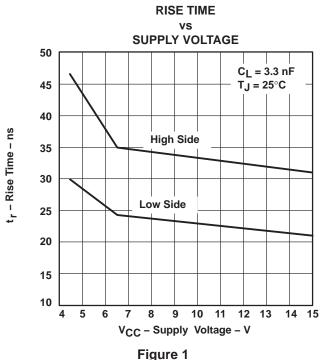


**FALL TIME** 

vs

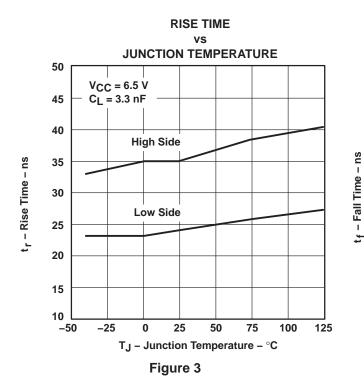
**SUPPLY VOLTAGE** 

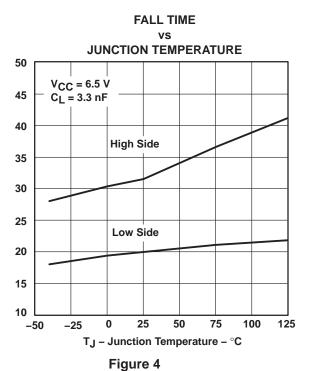
#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



50  $C_{L} = 3.3 \text{ nF}$ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C 45 40 tf - Fall Time - ns 35 **High Side** 30 25 Low Side 20 15 10 5 6 9 10 V<sub>CC</sub> - Supply Voltage - V

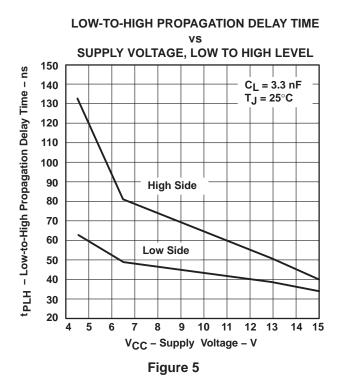




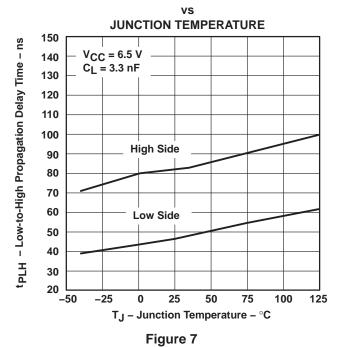


POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

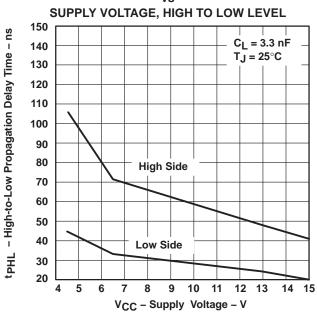
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



## LOW-TO-HIGH PROPAGATION DELAY TIME



## HIGH-TO-LOW PROPAGATION DELAY TIME vs



#### **HIGH-TO-LOW PROPAGATION DELAY TIME**

Figure 6

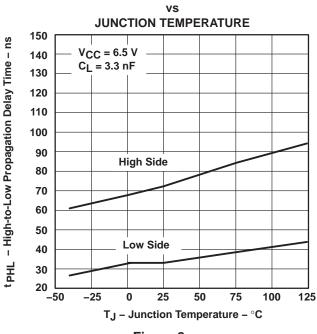
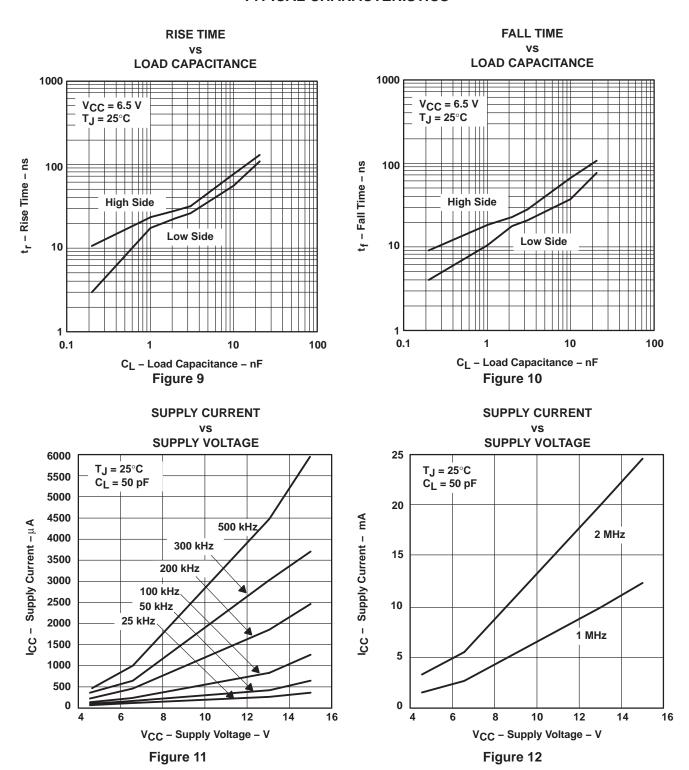


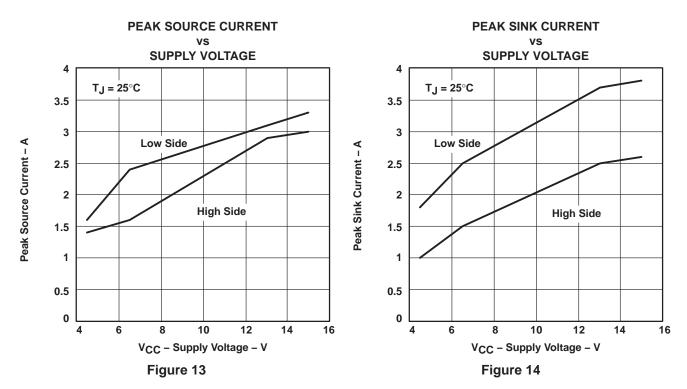
Figure 8

#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**





#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



#### **INPUT THRESHOLD VOLTAGE**

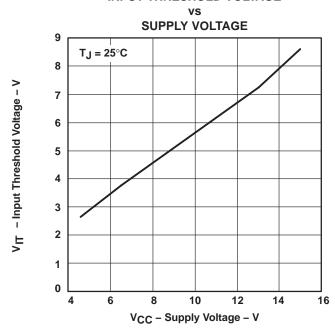


Figure 15

SLVS195C - FEBRUARY 1999 - REVISED JANUARY 2001

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

Figure 16 shows the circuit schematic of a 100-kHz synchronous-buck converter implemented with a TL5001A pulse-width-modulation (PWM) controller and a TPS2833 driver. The converter operates over an input range from 4.5 V to 12 V and has a 3.3 V output. The circuit can supply 3 A continuous load and the transient load is 5 A. The converter achieves an efficiency of 94% for  $V_{IN} = 5$  V,  $I_{load} = 1$  A, and 93% for  $V_{in} = 5$  V,  $I_{load} = 3$  A.

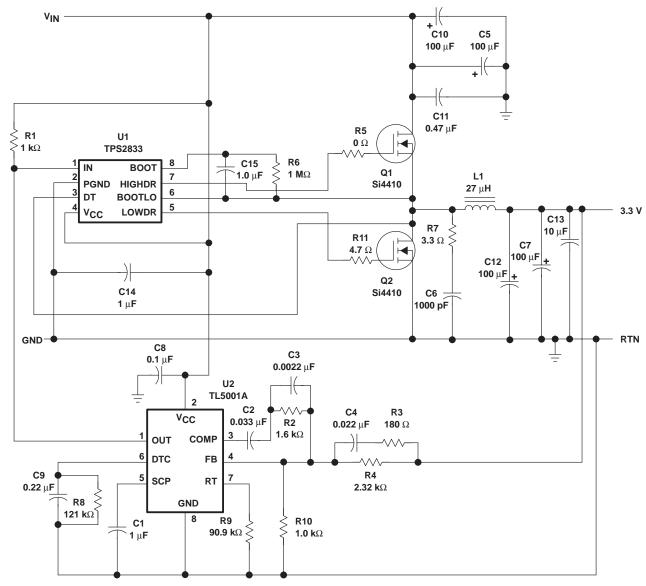


Figure 16. 3.3 V 3 A Synchronous-Buck Converter Circuit

SLVS195C - FEBRUARY 1999 - REVISED JANUARY 2001

#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

Great care should be taken when laying out the pc board. The power-processing section is the most critical and will generate large amounts of EMI if not properly configured. The junction of Q1, Q2, and L1 should be very tight. The connection from Q1 drain to the positive sides of C5, C10, and C11 and the connection from Q2 source to the negative sides of C5, C10, and C11 should be as short as possible. The negative terminals of C7 and C12 should also be connected to Q2 source.

Next, the traces from the MOSFET driver to the power switches should be considered. The BOOTLO signal from the junction of Q1 and Q2 carries the large gate drive current pulses and should be as heavy as the gate drive traces. The bypass capacitor (C14) should be tied directly across  $V_{CC}$  and PGND.

The next most sensitive node is the FB node on the controller (terminal 4 on the TL5001A) This node is very sensitive to noise pickup and should be isolated from the high-current power stage and be as short as possible. The ground around the controller and low-level circuitry should be tied to the power ground as the output. If these three areas are properly laid out, the rest of the circuit should not have any other EMI problems and the power supply will be relatively free of noise.





### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

24-Aug-2018

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	_	Pins	_	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
TPS2832D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2832	Samples
TPS2832DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2832	Samples
TPS2833D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2833	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.



## **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

24-Aug-2018

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

www.ti.com 7-Oct-2018

### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS2832DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

www.ti.com 7-Oct-2018



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
TPS2832DR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6	

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATASHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, or other requirements. These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale (<a href="www.ti.com/legal/termsofsale.html">www.ti.com/legal/termsofsale.html</a>) or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2018, Texas Instruments Incorporated