

MODEL NO. : TM150TDS50ISSUED DATE: 2011/11/05VERSION : 1.0☒ Preliminary Specification☐ Final Product Specification

Customer : _____

Approved by	Notes

SHANGHAI AVIC Confirmed :

Prepared by	Checked by	Approved by
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**RECORD OF REVISION**

Rev	Issued Date	Description	Editor
1.0	2011-11-5	Preliminary Release	Hyman Chen



1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

TM150TDS50 module is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight. The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. PC, signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays. The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATIONS

- Monitor for industrial display

1.3 FEATURES

- a-Si TFT active matrix
- LVDS interface
- R.G.B input 8bit, 16.7 millions colors (6bit+FRC)
- Resolution XGA (1024× 768 pixels)
- Wide viewing angle 80°/80° (L/R); 80°/80° (U/D)
- High contrast ratio 600:1
- Module size 326.5 (H) ×253.5 (V) ×11.8 (D) mm
- Fast response time (Ton+ Toff= 8ms)
- High gamut (60%)
- Edge light type backlight (White-LED)
- Inverter less
- RoHS compliance
- TCO 5.0 compliance
- PSWG Standard



2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	304.128 (W) x 228.096 (V) mm (typ.)
Diagonal size of display	38.0 cm (15.0 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	16.7 M colors (6bit+ FRC)
Pixel	1,024 (H) × 768(V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB vertical stripe
Dot pitch	0.099 (H) × 0.297(V) mm
Pixel pitch	0.297(H) × 0.297(V) mm
Module size	326.5 (H) × 253.5 (V) × 11.8 (D) mm
Weight	TBD
Contrast ratio	600 :1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	160°/ 160° (typ.)
Color gamut	60% (typ.)
Response time	8 ms (typ.)
Luminance	400 cd/m ² (typ.)
Transmissive Mode	Normally White
Surface Treatment	Anti Glare
Signal system	LVDS 1port
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V
Backlight	White-LED
Power consumption	TBD



3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3 ~ +6.0	V	Ta = 25°C
Input voltage for signals	Vi	-0.3 ~ +3.3	V	Ta = 25°C
Light bar peak forward current	I _F	≤ 150	mArms	Note 3
Storage temperature	T _{st}	-30 ~ +80	°C	Note 4
Operating temperature	T _{op}	-20 ~ +70	°C	Note 4, 5
Absolute humidity	AH	≤ 70	g/m ³	Ta > 50°C
Operating altitude	-	≤ 4,850	m	-20°C ≤ Ta ≤ 70°C
Storage altitude	-	≤ 13,600	m	-30°C ≤ Ta ≤ 80°C

Note1: Display signals are DA0+/-, DA1+/-, DA2+/-, DA3+/-, CKA+/-, DB0+/-, DB1+/-, DB2+/-, DB3+/-, and CKB+/-.

Note2: Function signal is MSL.

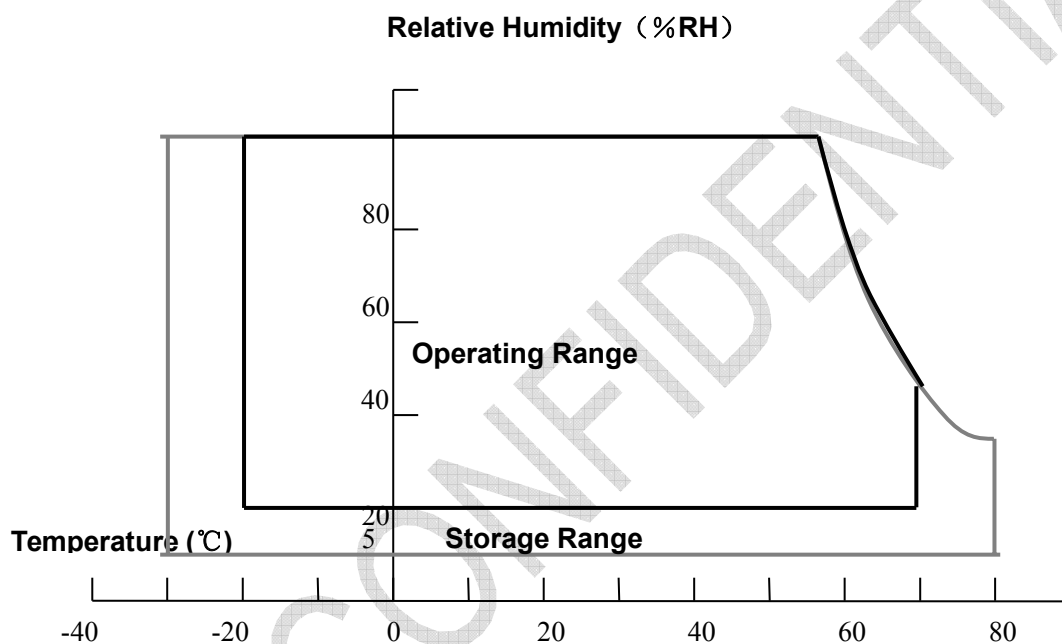
Note3: Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

(a) 90%RH Max. (Ta ≤ 40°C)

(b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39°C Max. (Ta > 40°C)

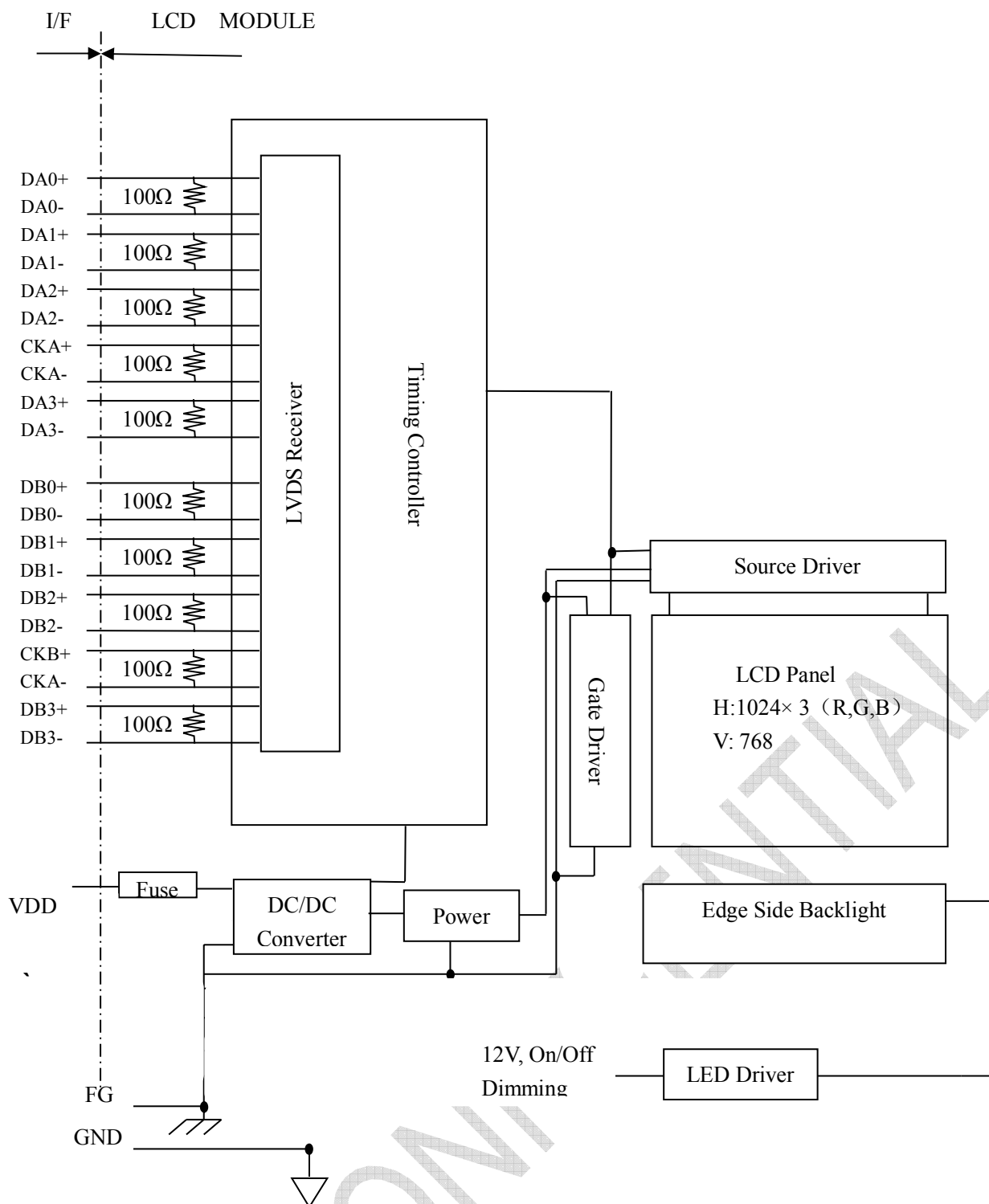
(c) No condensation.

Note4: The temperature of panel display surface area should be -20°C Min and 80°C Max.





4. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note: System ground (GND), FG (Frame ground) in the product should be connected together in customer equipment.



5. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification	Unit
Module size	326.5 ± 0.5 (W) $\times$ 253.5 ± 0.5 (H) $\times$ 11.8 ± 0.3 (D)	mm
Display area	304.128 (W) $\times$ 228.096 (V) mm (typ.) [38cm (15.0 inches)]	mm
Weight	TBD	g



6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

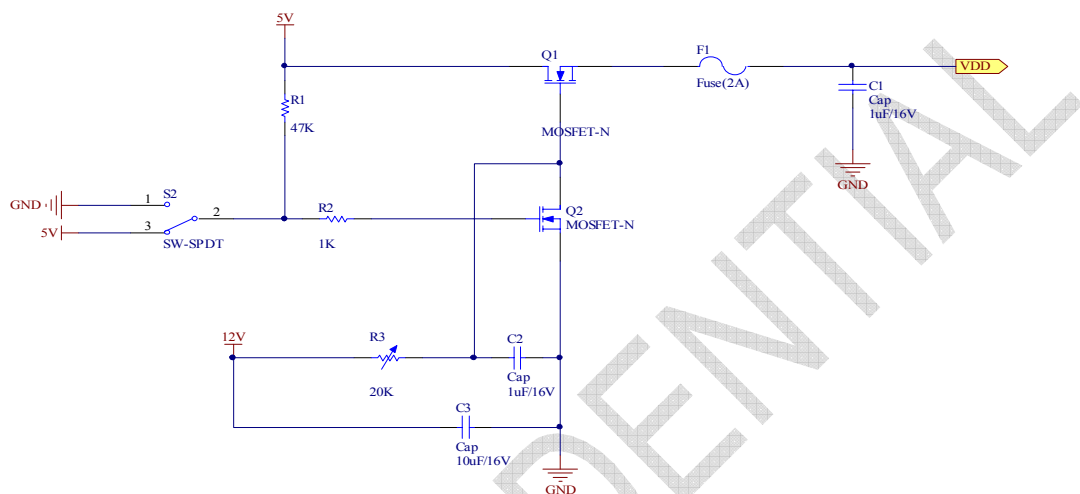
6.1 DRIVING FOR LCD

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current	IDD	-	-	400 Note 1	mA	at VDD = 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage	VRP	-	-	100	mV	VDD
Differential input voltage	Vid	250		450	mV	
Differential input threshold voltage for LVDS receiver	Low	VTL	-100	-	mV	VCM = 1.25V Note2
	High	VTH	-	100	mV	
Input voltage width for LVDS receiver	Vi	0	-	2.4	V	-
Terminating resistor	RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Rush current	I _{rush}	-	-	1.5	A	Note3

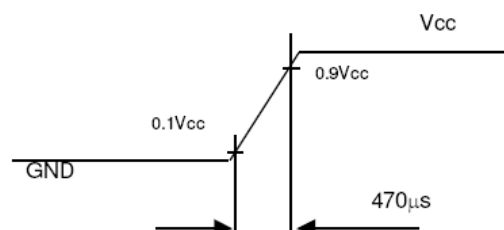
Note 1: All black pattern

Note 2: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

Note 3: Measurement Conditions:



Vcc rising time is 470 μ s



**6.2 DRIVING FOR BACKLIGHT**

(Ta=25°C) Note1

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Light bar operation voltage (for reference)	V_{LED}	17.5	-	23.1	Vrms	Operating with fixed driving current
Light bar operation current (pin)	I_{LED}	-	80	-	mA	Note1
Light bar operating lifetime	Hr	50000	-	-	Hour	$I_{LED}=80mA$, Note3

Note1: The backlight of this product is made up of 1 light bar, LED to be 3020, 28pieces, 7 serials and 2 x2 parallels.

Note2: The light bar can work normally if the PWM dimming ratio range is from 0% to 100% and the operation current is 80mA.

Note3: The operating lifetime is mean time to half-luminance. In case the product works under room temperature environment.



7. CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

7.1 LCD PINS

CN1 socket(Module side): 185083-20121 (P-TWO ELECTRIC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VCC	Power supply	-
2	VCC		
3	GND	Ground	-
4	GND		
5	D0-	Pixel data	Note2
6	D0+		
7	GND	Ground	-
8	D1-	Pixel data	Note2
9	D1+		
10	GND	Ground	-
11	D2-	Pixel data	Note2
12	D2+		
13	GND	Ground	-
14	CLK-	Pixel clock	Note2
15	CLK+		
16	GND	Ground	-
17	D3-	Pixel data	Note2
18	D3+		
19	GND	Ground	-
20	MSL	Selection of LVDS input Map	Low or Open: NOTE1

Note1: See“7.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter For LVDS”.

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be connected between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.



7.2 BACKLIGHT

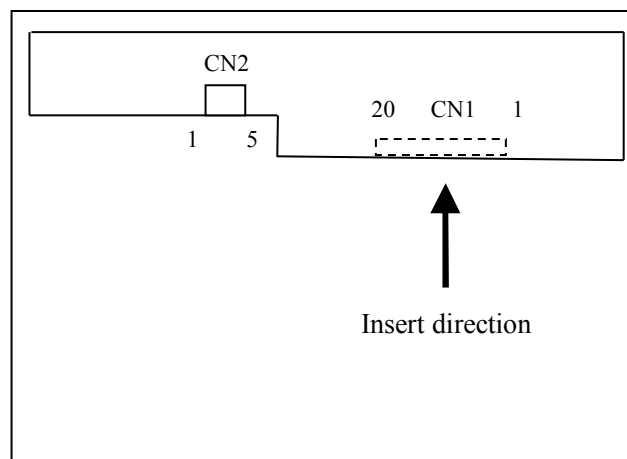
CN2: MSB24038P5 (Produced by STM) or equivalent.

Pin	Symbol	Signal Name
1	Vcc	12V
2	GND	GND
3	Enable	5V-On / 0V-Off
4	Dimming	PWM Dimming
5	NC	NC

PWM Dimming:

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
PWM Input Threshold Voltage	Logic-High	V_{PWMH}	1.2	-	-	V
	Logic-Low	V_{PWML}	-	-	0.4	V
PWM Input Frequency		$1/T_{PWM}$	100	200	10K	Hz

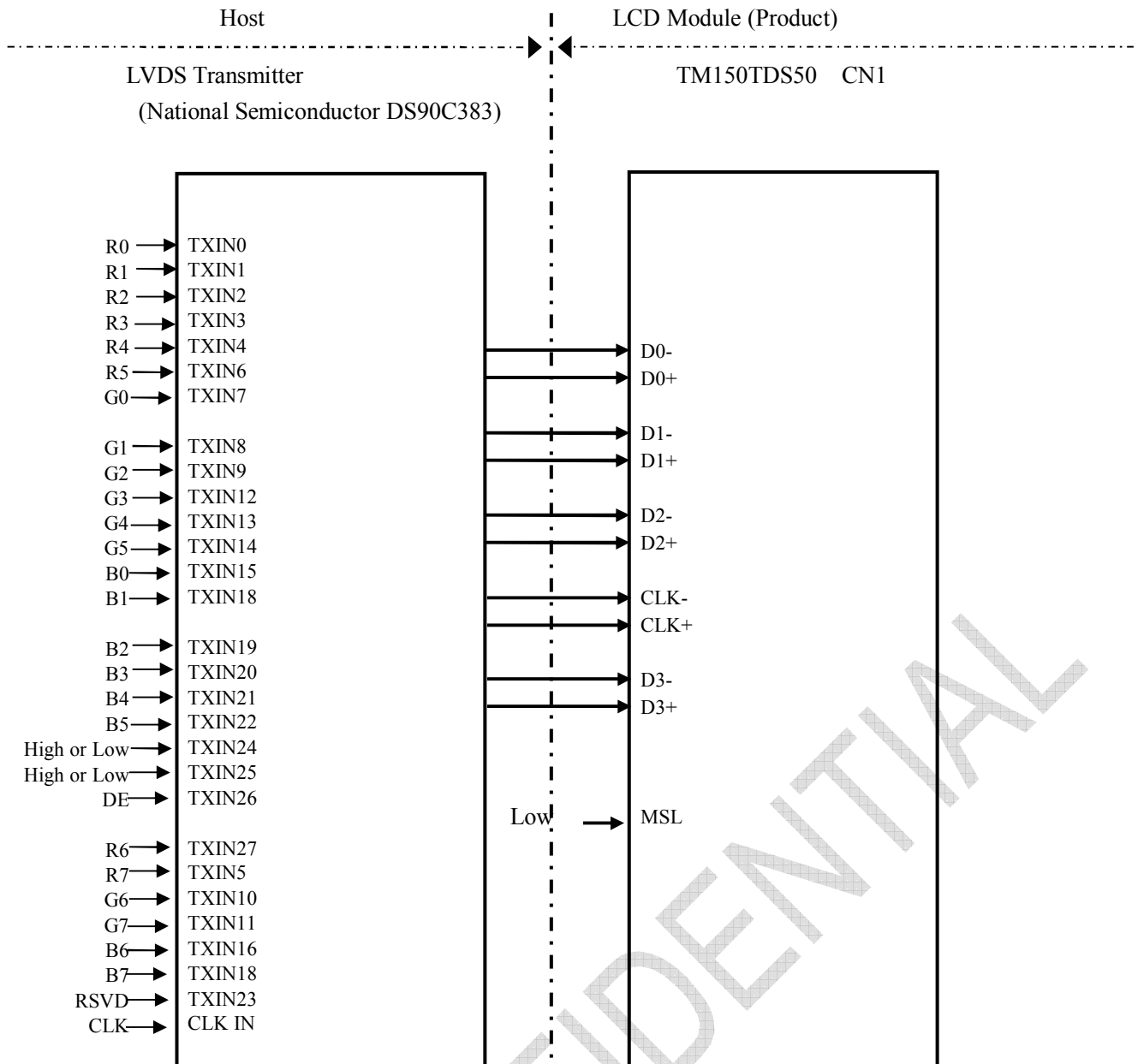
7.3 POSITION OF PLUGS AND A SOCKET





7.4 CONNECTION FOR LVDS

Input LVDS map (MSL: "Low" or "Open")



Note1: Recommended transmitter. See the data sheet for DS90C383 (National Semiconductor).

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) -R0,G0,B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) -R7,G7,B7



8. DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display in equivalent to 16,777,216 colors in 256 scales. Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display colors		Data signal (0:Low level, 1:High Level)																							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red grayscale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dark ↑ ↓ Bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
						:								:							:				
						:								:							:				
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green grayscale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dark ↑ ↓ Bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
						:								:							:				
						:								:							:				
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue grayscale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dark ↑ ↓ Bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
						:								:							:				
						:								:							:				
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



9. INTERFACE TIMING

9.1 TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

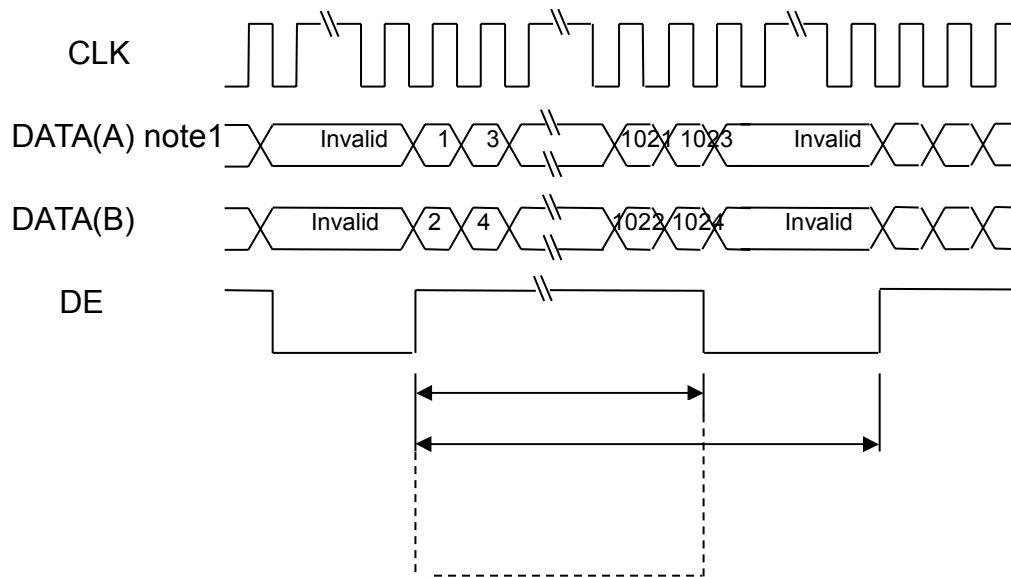
Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Clock	Frequency	1/tc	59.58	65.0	81.25	MHz	LVDS transmitter input
		tc	16.8	15.4	12.31	ns	
	Rise time, Fall time	-	Refer to the timing characteristics of LVDS transmitter			ns	Note 1
	Duty	-				-	
Horizontal signals	Cycle	th	15	20.676	26.5	μs	55.5kHz(typ.)
			1050	1344	1800	CLK	
	Display period	thd	1024				-
Vertical signals	Cycle	tv	13.1	16.67	20	ms	60.0Hz(typ.)
			770	806	1334	H	
	Display period	tvd	768				-
DE/Data	Setup time	-	Refer to the timing characteristics of LVDS transmitter			ns	Note 1
	Hold time	-				ns	
	Rise time, Fall time	-				ns	

Note1: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

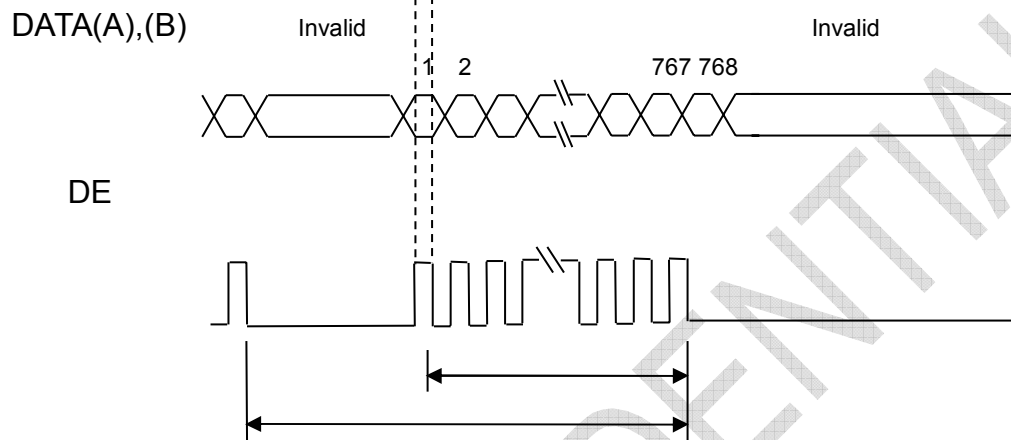


9.2 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING CHART

Horizontal timing



Vertical timing



Note 1:

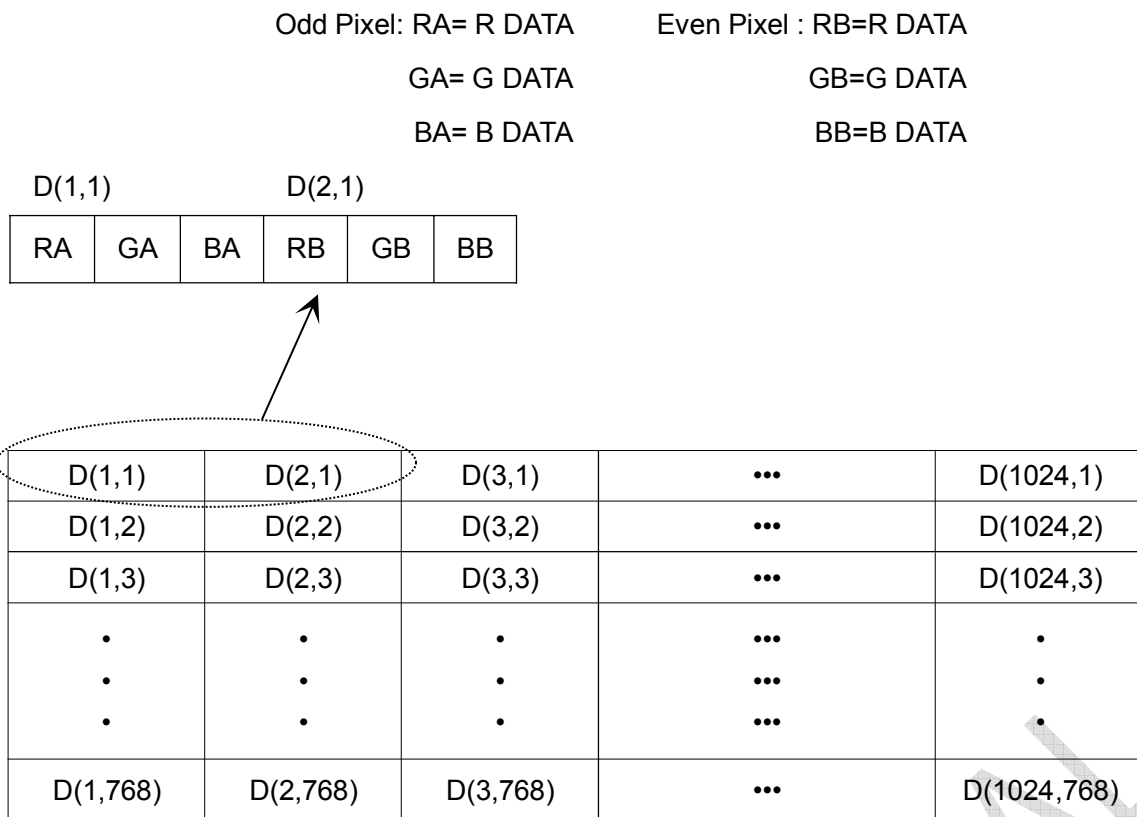
DATA(A)=RA0-RA7,GA0-GA7,BA0-BA7

DATA(B)=RB0-RB7,GB0-GB7,BB0-BB7



9.3 PIXEL DATA ALIGNMENT OF DISPLAY IMAGE

The following chart is the coordinates of per pixel





The diagram illustrates the timing relationship between the VDD, Display Signals, and Backlight signal. The VDD signal transitions from 0V to VDD (ON) with a delay t_1 , then to 2.5V (VA.LID) with a delay t_2 , and back to VDD (ON) with a delay t_3 . The Display Signals are shown as a series of pulses. The Backlight signal is shown as a series of pulses. The timing parameters t_1 , t_2 , t_3 , t_4 , t_5 , and t_6 are indicated by arrows.

t1 :0.47ms<t1 <10ms;
t2 :0.5 ms<t2 <50ms;
t3 :0ms<t3 <50ms;
t4 :t4 >1000ms;
t5 :t5 >200ms;
t6 :t6 >200ms;

Note3: The backlight power supply voltage should be inputted within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.



9.4.2 Power supply voltage ripple

When the power supply is designed, the next form can give the reference. If the voltage ripple is over the value in next form, the noise should be seen in display area.

Ripple (Measured at input terminal of power supply)

	VDD (3.3V to drive the panel)
Ripple voltage	≤200mVP-P (Including spike noise)

9.5 Fuse

Parameter	Fuse		Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
	Type	Supplier			
VDD	FCC16152ABTP	KAMAYA	1.5A 36V		

Note1: There are different power supply systems from the power input terminal. The power supply capacity should be less than the fusing current. If the power supply capacity is above the fusing current, the fuse may blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoking and so on may occur.



10. OPTICS

10.1 Optical characteristics

Note1 ,Note2

Parameter Note1		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Luminance		White at center θR=0°, θL=0° θU=0°, θD=0°	L	350	400	-	cd/ m²	-
Contrast ratio		White/Black at center θR=0°, θL=0°, θU=0°, θD=0°	CR		600	-	-	Note3
Luminance uniformity		White θR=0°, θL=0°, θU=0°, θD=0	LU	-	1.25	(1.33)	-	Note4
Chromaticity	White	X coordinate	Wx	0.283	0.313	0.343	-	Note5
		Y coordinate	Wy	0.299	0.329	0.359	-	
	Red	X coordinate	Rx	-	TBD	-	-	
		Y coordinate	Ry	-	TBD	-	-	
	Green	X coordinate	Gx	-	TBD	-	-	
		Y coordinate	Gy	-	TBD	-	-	
	Blue	X coordinate	Bx	-	TBD	-	-	
		Y coordinate	By	-	TBD	-	-	
Color gamut		θR=0°, θL=0°, θU=0°, θD=0 At center,against NTSC	C	-	60	-	%	
Response time		White to black	Ton	-	3		ms	Note6
		Black to white	Toff	-	5		ms	Note7
		Ton+ Toff	-	-	8		ms	
Viewing angle	Right	θU=0°, θD=0°, CR≥10	θR		80	-	°	Note8
	Left	θU=0°, θD=0°, CR≥10	θL		80	-	°	
	Up	θR=0°, θL=0°, CR≥10	θU		80	-	°	
	Down	θR=0°, θL=0°, CR≥10	θD		80	-	°	

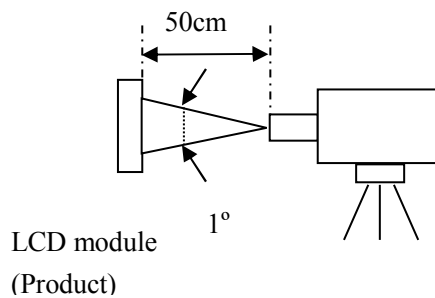
Note1: The values in upper table are only initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VDD= 3.3V, IBL= 80mA/Arms/led, Display mode: XGA,,

Horizontal cycle=55.56KHz, Vertical cycle=60.0Hz

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 30minutes from working the product in the dark room. Also measurement method for luminance is as follows.



Luminance Meter (TOPCON BM-5A)

Spectroradiometer(TOPCON SR-3)

Note 3: See “10.2 Definition of contrast ratio”.

Note 4: See “10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity”.

Note 5: CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram Standard.

Note 6: Product surface temperature: TopF = 33.0 °C

Note 7: See “10.4 Definition of response time”.

Note 8: See “10.5 Definition of viewing angle”.

10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

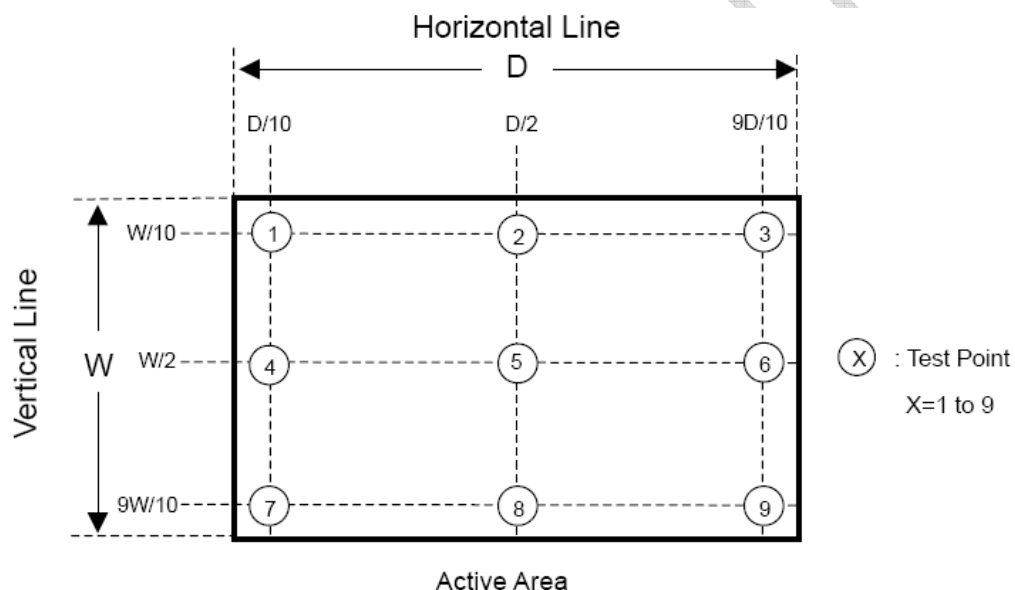
$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance of white screen}}{\text{Luminance of black screen}}$$

10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using the following formula.

$$\text{Luminance uniformity (LU)} = \frac{\text{Maximum luminance from ① to ⑨}}{\text{Minimum luminance from ① to ⑨}}$$

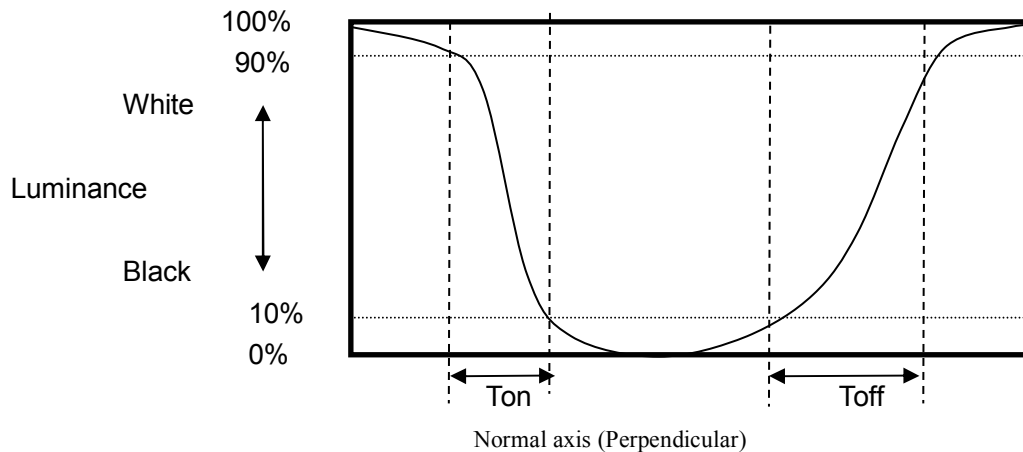
The luminance is measured at near the 9 points shown below.



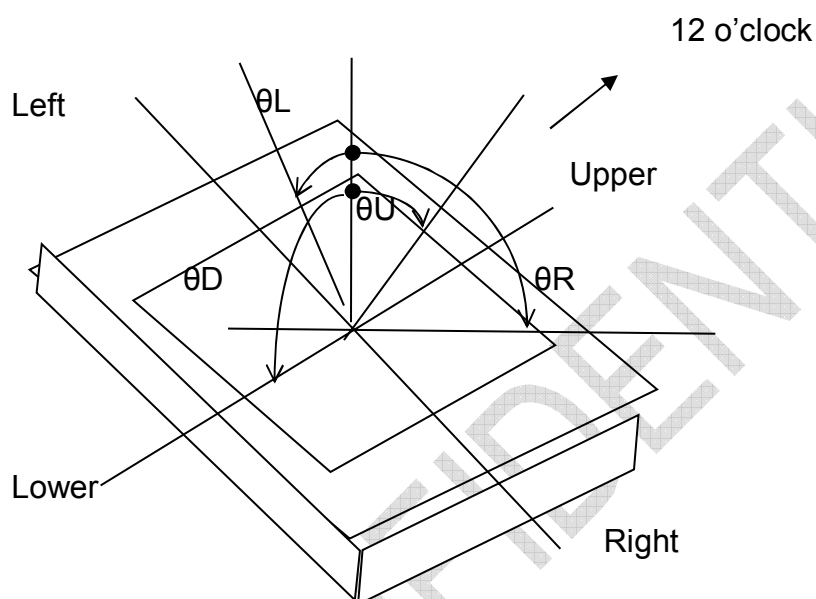


10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from “white” to “black”, or “black” to “white” on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90%. (See the following diagram.)



10.5 Definition of viewing angles





11. MARKINGS

The various markings are attached to this product. See “11.2 INDEICATION LOCATIONS” for attachment positions.

11.1 PRODUCT LABEL



Note1: The meaning of OEM number

•Example: TM5XG10A55SA1SA19CF0001

<u>TM5XG10A</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>SA1SA1</u>	<u>9CF</u>	<u>0001</u>
Module Number	IC Code	Location Line#	Date code	S/N

Date code:

1st Character Year Codes

Month	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	So on
Code	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	

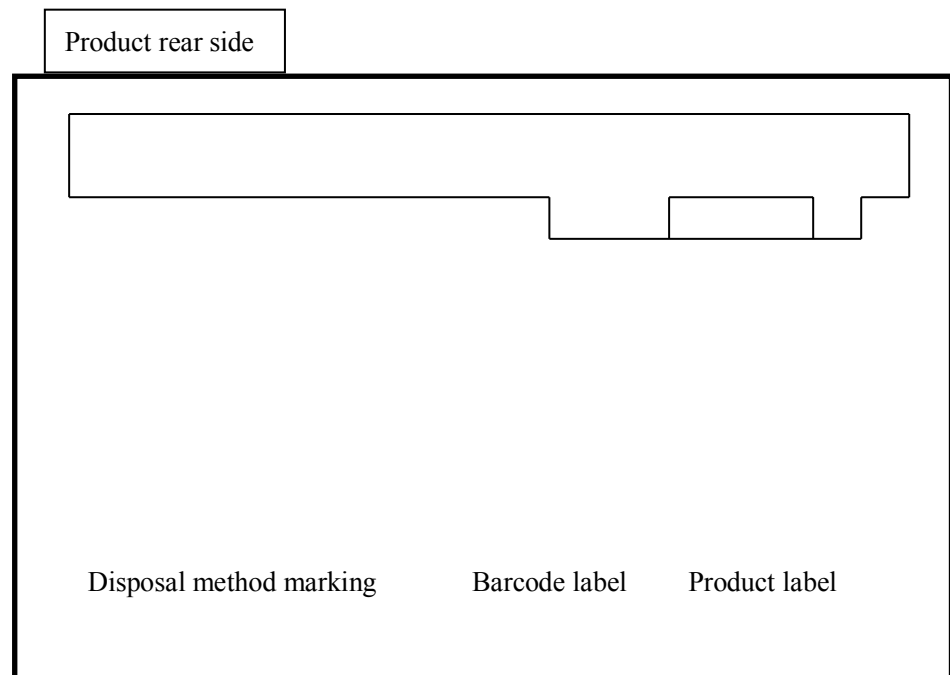
2nd Character Month Codes

Month	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

3rd Character Day Codes

Day	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11st	12nd
Code	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C
	13rd	14th	15th	16th	17th	18th	19th	20th	21st	22nd	23rd	24th
	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
	25th	26th	27th	28th	29th	30th	31st					
	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X			

Note2: Do not attach anything such as label and so on, on the product label! In case repair the product, AVIC needs the contents of product label such as the lot number, inspection date and so on, to identify the warranty period with individual product. If AVIC cannot decipher the contents of product label, such repair shall be entitled to charge. Also AVIC may give a new lot number to reconditioned products.





12. PACKING, TRANSPORTATION AND DELIVERY

AVIC will pack products to deliver to customer in accordance with AVIC packing specifications, and will deliver products to customer in such a state that products will not suffer from a damage during transportation .The delivery conditions are as follows.

12.1 PACKING

(1) Packing box

6 products are packed up with the maximum in a packing box (See “**12.5 OUTLINE FIGURE FOR PACKING**”).

Products are put into a plastic bag for prevention of moisture with cushion, and then the bag is sealed up with heat sealing.

The type name and quality are shown on outside of the packing box, either labeling or printing.

(2) Pallet Packing (See”**12.5 OUTLINE FIGURE FOR PACKING**”)

- ① Packing boxes are tired on a cardboard pallet. (8 boxes×4 tiers maximum)
- ② Cardboard sleeve and top cap are attached to the packing boxes, and then they are fixed by a band.

12.2 INSPECTION RECORD SHEET

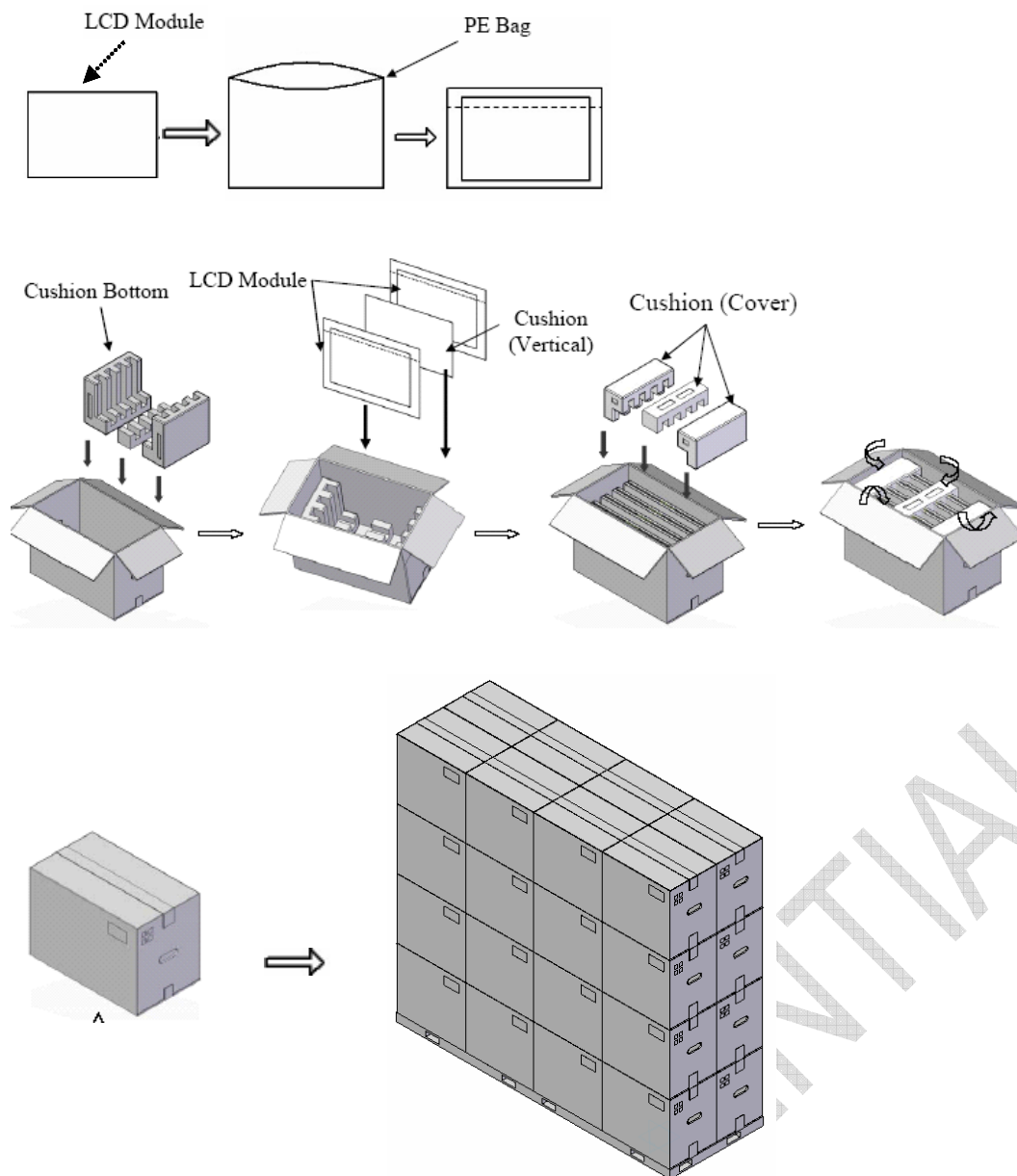
Inspection record sheets are included in the packing box with delivery products to customer. It is summarized to a number of products for pass/fail assessment.

12.3 TRANSPORTATION

The product is transported by vehicle, aircraft or shipment in the state of pallet packing.

12.4 SIZE AND WEIGHT FOR PACKING BOX

Parameter	Packing box	Unit
Size	604 (L) × 274 (W) × 417 (H) (typ.)	mm
Weight	TBD	kg
Total weight	TBD	kg





13. PRECAUTIONS

13.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read “13.2 CAUTIONS” and “13.3 ATTENTIONS”, after understanding these contents!**



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself or the product will sustain a damage, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will get an electrical shock, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself, if customer has wrong operations.

13.2 CAUTIONS



Do not touch lamp cables while turn on. Customers will be in danger of an electric shock



- * Do not touch the working backlight and IC. Customers will be in danger of burn injury.
- * Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (shock :To be not greater 294m/s^2 and to be not greater 11ms, Pressure: To be not greater 19.6N)

13.3 ATTENTIONS



13.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touch the circuit board when customer pulls out products (LCD modules) from inner packing box. If customer touches it, products may be broken down or out of adjustment, because of stress to mounting parts.
- ② Do not hook cables nor pull connection cables such as flexible cable and so on, for fear of damage.
- ③ If customer puts down the product temporarily, the product puts on flat subsoil as a display side turns down.
- ④ Take the measures of electrostatic discharge such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, when customer deal with the product, because products may be damaged by electrostatic.



- ⑤ The torque for mounting screws must never exceed 0.34N-m. Higher torque values might result in distortion of the bezel.
- ⑥ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area) except mounting hole portion.
- ⑦ Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion except mounting hole portion may cause display un-uniformity.
- ⑧ Do not press or rub on the sensitive display surface. If customer clean on the panel surface, AVIC recommends using the cloth with ethanolic liquid such as screen cleaner for LCD.
- ⑨ Do not push-pull the interface connectors while the product is working, because wrong power sequence may break down the product.
- ⑩ Do not bend or unbend the lamp cable at the near part of the lamp holding rubber, to avoid the damage for high voltage side of the lamp. This damage may cause a lamp breaking and abnormal operation of high voltage circuit.

13.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in antistatic pouch in room temperature, because of avoidance for dusts and sunlight, if customer stores the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after leave under the environment of an unpacking room temperature enough. Because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environment temperature and humidity, evaluate the leaving time sufficiently. (Recommendation leaving time: 6 hour or more with packing state)
- ③ Do not operate in a high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.
- ⑤ Use an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer). Adhesive type protection sheet should be avoided, because it may change color or properties of the polarizer.

13.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① ambient temperature.
- ② The LCD may be seemed luminance non-uniformity, flicker, vertical seam or small spot by display patterns.
- ③ Optical characteristics (e.g. luminance, display uniformity, etc.) gradually is going to change depending on operating time, and especially low temperature, because the LCD has cold cathode fluorescent lamps.
- ④ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- ⑤ The display color may be changed by viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑥ Optical characteristics may be changed by input signal timings.



- ⑦ The interference noise of input signal frequency for this product and luminance control frequency of customer's backlight inverter may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency of backlight inverter so that the interference noise does not appear.

13.4 Other

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without a non-connected line.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust volume without permission of AVIC.
- ③ Pay attention not to insert waste materials inside of products, if customer uses screw nails.
- ④ Pack the product with original shipping package, because of avoidance of some damages during transportation, when customer returns it to AVIC for repair and so on.
- ⑤ Not only the module but also the equipment should be packed and transported as the module becomes vertical .Otherwise, there is the fear that a display dignity decreases by an impact or vibrations.

