#### TOSHIBA Infrared LED GaA{As Infrared Emitter

# TLN227(F)

#### Lead Free Product

#### For Space-Optical-Transmission

- High radiant power: Po = 18mW (typ.) at IF = 50mA
- Wide half-angle value: =  $\theta 1 / 2 \pm 21^{\circ}$  (typ.)
- High-speed response:  $t_r$ ,  $t_f = 30ns$  (typ.)
- Light source for remote control
- Designed for transmission of wireless AVsignals purpose.
- Designed for high-speed data transmission

### Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Forward current	١ <sub>F</sub>	100	mA	
Pulse forward current	I <sub>FP</sub>	1000 (Note 1)	mA	
Power dissipation	PD	220	mW	
Reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	4	V	
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-25~85	°C	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-30~100	°C	
Soldering temperature (5s)	T <sub>sol</sub>	260	°C	



### **Pin Connection**

1 ○ → ○ 2 1. Anode 2. Cathode

(Note 1): Frequency = 100kHz, duty = 1%

## **Optical And Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

Characteristic		Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Forward voltage		VF	I <sub>F</sub> = 100mA	_	1.8	2.2	V
Reverse current		I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = 4V	_	_	60	μA
Radiant power		PO	I <sub>F</sub> = 50mA	14	18	_	mW
Radiant intensity		ΙE	I <sub>F</sub> = 50mA	_	100	_	mW / sr
Rise time, fall time		t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	I <sub>FP</sub> = 100mA, P <sub>W</sub> = 100ns	_	30	_	ns
Cut-off frequency	(Note 2)	f <sub>C</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 50mA <sub>DC</sub> + 5mAp–p	10	15	_	MHz
Capacitance		CT	V <sub>R</sub> = 0, f = 1MHz	_	110	_	pF
Peak emission wavelength		λ <sub>P</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 50mA	830	870	900	nm
Spectral line half width		Δλ	I <sub>F</sub> = 50mA	_	50	_	nm
Half value angle		$\theta \frac{1}{2}$	I <sub>F</sub> = 50mA	_	±5	_	0

(Note 2): Frequency when modulation light power decreases by 3dB from 1 MHz.

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## Precautions

Please be careful of the followings.

- 1. Soldering must be performed under the lead stopper.
- 2. When forming the leads, bend each lead under the stopper without leaving forming stress to the body of the device. Soldering must be performed after the leads have been formed.
- 3. Radiant power falls over time due to the current which flows in the infrared LED. When designing a circuit, take into account this change in radiant power over time.

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V<sub>F</sub> – Ta (typ.) 1.9 1.8 S 80m/ 1.7 ۲ 1.6 = 50m/ ١F Forward voltage 1.5 IF = 20mA 1.4 T IF = 5mA 1.3 1.2 1.1 -50 25 25 50 75 100 125 0 Ambient temperature Ta (°C)







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Radiation Pattern

0 0.2 0.4 0.6

10 ٥ 10'

20

30

40 50 60

70

80

90

(typ.)

Ta = 25°C









90

1.0

0.8

Relative radiant power

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