

Operational Amplifier with Darlington Input

TCA 311; A; W

TCA 312

TCA 315; A; W

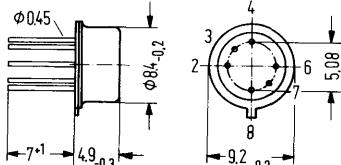
An economical operational amplifier which is well suited to be used as a Schmitt-trigger or comparator for control applications and automobile electronics. The output has been designed to control TTL-circuits directly. In addition to a high gain, low offset-voltage, small temperature- and supply voltage dependence, the amplifier features

- Very high input resistance
 - Wide common-mode range
 - Large supply voltage range
 - Large control range
 - High output current
 - Low output saturation voltage
 - TTL compatible

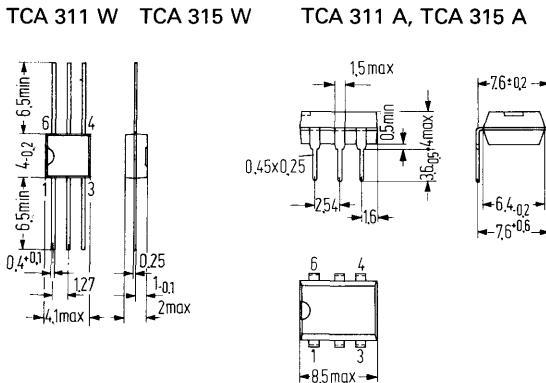
Type	Ordering codes
TCA 311	Q67000-A1001
TCA 311 A	Q67000-A1002
TCA 311 W	Q67000-A1003
TCA 312	Q67000-A1004
TCA 315	Q67000-A1011
TCA 315 A	Q67000-A561
TCA 315 W	Q67000-A1005

Package outlines

TCA 311, TCA 312, TCA 315



Package 5 H 6 DIN 41873
(similar TO-78)
Weight approx. 1 g



Miniature plastic
package
6 pins
Weight approx. .1 g
Colour code
TCA 311 W red/white
TCA 315 W red/yellow

Dimensions in mm

Maximum ratings

Supply voltage
Output current
Current at pin R
Differential input voltage $V_{cc} = \pm 13$ to ± 15 V
Differential input voltage $V_{cc} = \pm 2$ to ± 13 V
Junction temperature
Storage temperature
Thermal resistances:
System-case (TCA 311, 312, 315)
System-ambient air (TCA 311, 312, 315)
System-ambient air (TCA 311 A, 315 A)
System-ambient air (TCA 311 W, 315 W)

TCA 311/A/W
TCA 312
TCA 315/A/W

V_{CC}	± 15	V
I_q	70	mA
I_R	10	mA
V_{ID}	± 13	V
V'_{ID}	$\pm V_{CC}$	
T_J	150	°C
T_s	-55 to +125	°C
$R_{thSbase}$	80	K/W
R_{thSamb}	190	K/W
R_{thSamb}	140	K/W
R_{thSamb}	200	K/W

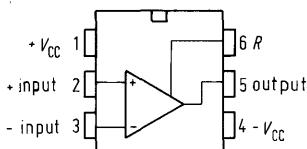
Range of operation

Supply voltage
Ambient temperature in operation TCA 311/A/W
TCA 315/A/W
TCA 312

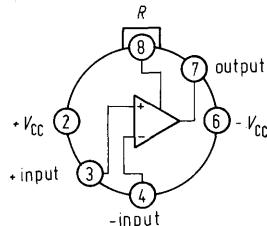
V_{CC}	± 2 to ± 15	V
T_{amb}	0 to +70	°C
T_{amb}	-25 to +85	°C
T_c	-55 to +125	°C

Pin connection

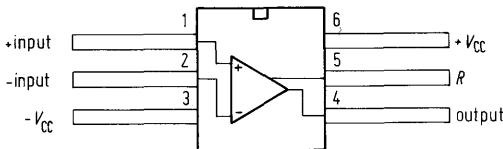
TCA 311 A
TCA 315 A



TCA 311
TCA 312
TCA 315

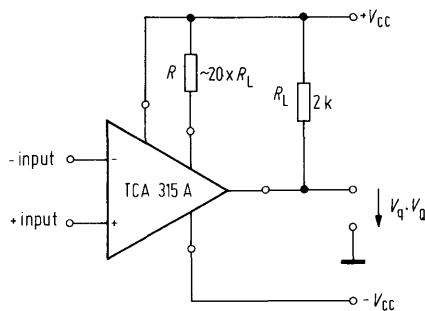


TCA 311 W
TCA 315 W

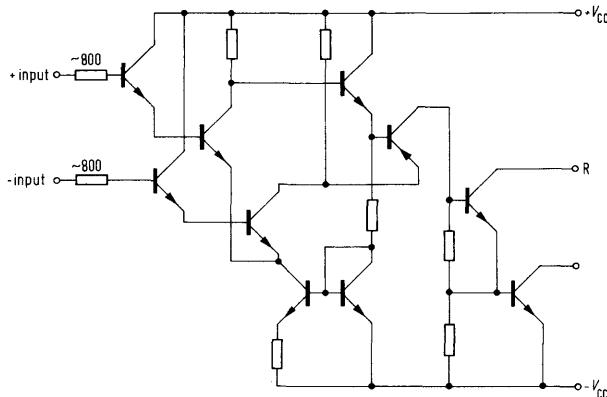


Connection diagram

R_L = load resistance



Circuit diagram



Operating characteristics
 $(V_{cc} = \pm 15 \text{ V}, R = 6.8 \text{ k}\Omega)$

TCA 311/A/W TCA 315/A/W			TCA 312						
$T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$			$T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$			$T_{amb} = -55$ to $125^\circ C$			
	min	typ	max	min	typ	max	min	max	
I_{cc}	-20	1.5	2.5	-14	1.5	2.5	-20	20	mA
V_{io}									mV
I_{io}	-25	± 10	25	-15		15	-40	40	nA
I_i		30	50			30		80	nA
I_l			200			200			nA
V_{app}	14.9			-14.8	14.9		-14.8	14.8	V
V_{app}	14.9			-14.0	14.9		-14.8	14.8	V
V_{app}		± 10			± 10				V
Z_i		3			3				$M\Omega$
G_v	75	80		80	83		75		dB
G_v		85			88				dB
G_v		60			60				dB
V_{icm}	13		-13	13			-13		V
$CMRR$	60	74		65	77				dB
$\frac{\Delta V_{io}}{\Delta V_{cc}}$		25	200		25	200			$\mu V/V$
Δv_{io}		12			12	50			$\mu V/K$
Δi_{io}		50			50				pA/K

TCA 311; A; W

TCA 312

TCA 315; A; W

**Operating
characteristics**
(continued)

 $V_{cc} = \pm 15$ V; $R = 6.8$ k Ω Rise time of V_q for
non-inverting operation
(see TAA 761 test
circuit 1)Output saturation
voltage ($I_q = 10$ mA)Output leakage current I_{qik} $V_{cc} = \pm 5$ V, $R = 6.8$ k Ω

Input offset voltage

 $R_G = 50$ Ω

Input offset current

 I_{io}

Input current

 I_i Open loop voltage gain G_V $(R_L = 2$ k Ω , $f = 1$ kHz)

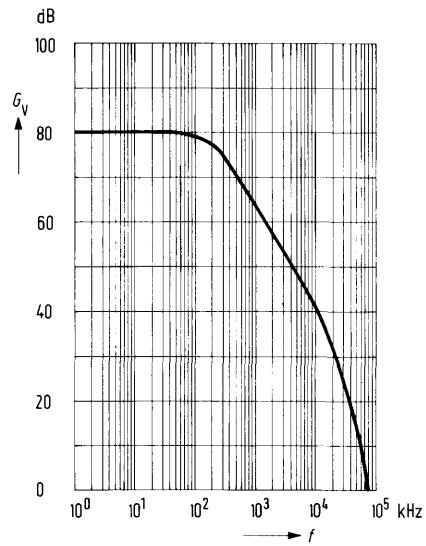
	TCA 311/A/W TCA 315/A/W $T_{amb} = 25$ °C			TCA 312 $T_{amb} = 25$ °C			$T_{amb} = -55$ to +125 °C	
							T_{amb}	
	min	typ	max	min	typ	max	min	max
Rise time of V_q for non-inverting operation (see TAA 761 test circuit 1)	$\frac{dV_q}{dt_r}$	30			30			
Output saturation voltage ($I_q = 10$ mA)			200			200		400
Output leakage current I_{qik}		1	10		1	10		
$V_{cc} = \pm 5$ V, $R = 6.8$ k Ω								
Input offset voltage	V_{io}	-20		20	-14		14	
$R_G = 50$ Ω								
Input offset current	I_{io}	-25	± 10	25	-15		15	
Input current	I_i		30	50			30	
Open loop voltage gain G_V		65		70				

TCA 311; A; W

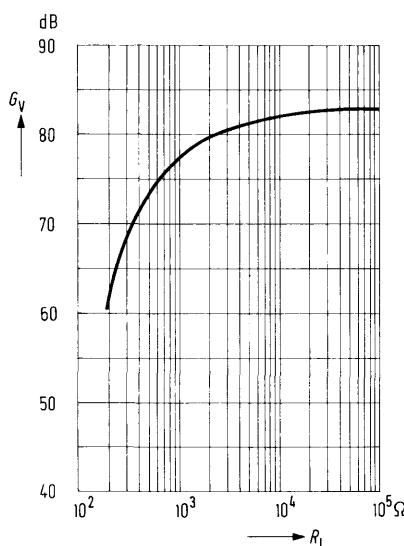
TCA 312

TCA 315; A; W

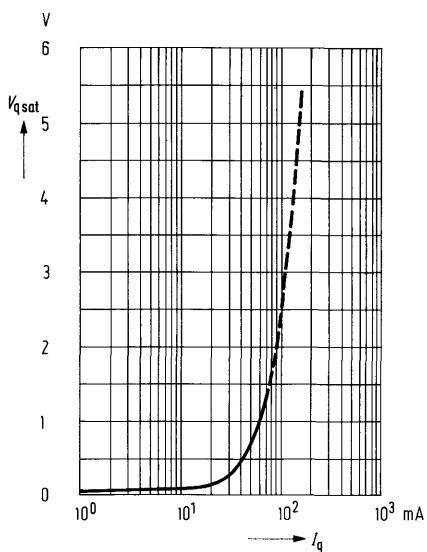
Open-loop voltage gain $G_V = f(f)$
 $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega; R = 6.8 \text{ k}\Omega$



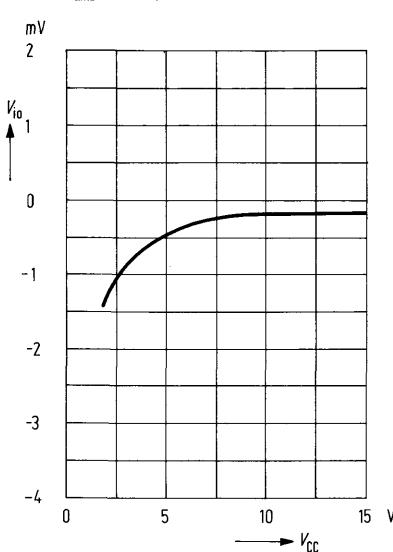
Open-loop voltage gain $G_V = f(R_L)$
 $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}; R = 6.8 \text{ k}\Omega$



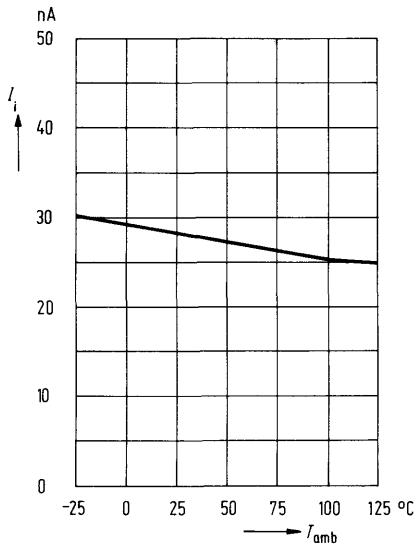
Output saturation voltage $V_{q,\text{sat}} = f(I_q)$
 $T_0 = 25^\circ\text{C}; R = 6.8 \text{ k}\Omega$



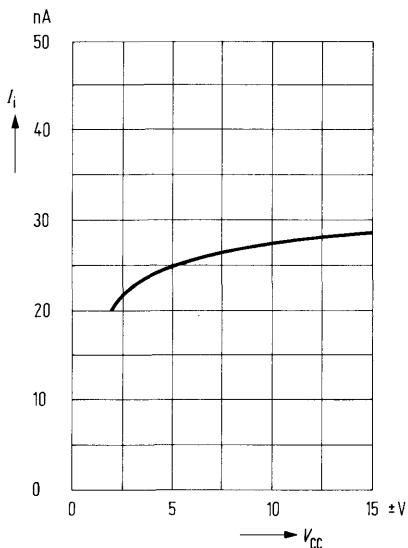
Input offset voltage $V_{i_0} = f(V_{CC})$
 $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}; R = 6.8 \text{ k}\Omega$



Input current $I_i = f(T_{amb})$
 $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$; $V_{cc} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$



Input current $I_i = f(V_{cc})$
 $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$



For further performance curves see TAA 761