Thyristor Units Two phase control



User Manual



Thyristor power units and Solid state contactors

TC2000 series

Two-phase control
of a three-phase load
or
control of two single-phase
loads

User Manual

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EUROPEAN DIRECTIVES

SAFETY

The **TC2000** products installed and used in accordance with this User Manual are designed to comply with the essential protection requirements of the European Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC dated 19/02/73 (amended by Directive 93/68/EEC dated 22/07/93).

CE MARK

The CE Mark of TC2000 products implies that the essential protection requirements of the European Low Voltage Directive are observed.

The **TC2000** Technical Construction File is approved by a Notified Body, **LCIE** (Laboratoire Central des Industries Électriques).

C € DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

A CE Declaration of Conformity is available on request. For further information on CE Mark, please contact your nearest Eurotherm office.

ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC)

For industrial environments, excluding residential environments

The **TC2000** products are considered as components without any direct function as defined in the EMC Directive. The system or installation in which these products are incorporated must complies with the essential protection requirements of the EMC Directive.

However, Eurotherm certifies that the **TC2000** products, when installed and used in accordance with their User Manual, meets the following EMC test standards and enables the system or installation in which there are installed to comply with the EMC Directive in regards to the **TC2000** products.

EMC STANDARDS

Immunity

Generic Standard: EN 50082-2

Test Standards

: EN 61000-4-2. ENV 50140.

EN 61000-4-4. ENV 50141

Emissions

Generic Standard: EN 50081-2

Test Standard

: EN 55011

Product Standard: IEC1800-3

The choice of the Conducted Emission applicable standard depends on the application

• EN 50081-2:

With a internal standard filter for 60 A and 75 A nominal

With a internal optional filter (FILT option) for 100 A and 150 A nominal

• IEC 1800-3:

Without filter. Applies for the second environment.

EMC FILTER

To reduce the conducted emissions that occur when using thyristor units, the EMC internal filter is added (standard for 60 A and 75 A; optional for 100 A and 150 A).

VALIDATION BY COMPETENT BODY

In order to guarantee the best service, Eurotherm has validated the compliance of the TC2000 products with EMC test standards through design and laboratory tests that have been validated with a Technical Construction File by a Competent Body, LCIE (Laboratoire Central des Industries Électriques).

EMC INSTALLATION GUIDE

In order to help you reduce risks related to the effects of electromagneticinterference depending on the installation of the product, Eurotherm can supply you with the "EMC Installation Guide" (Part No. HA025464).

This guide gives the rules generally applicable for Electromagnetic compatibility.

MANUALS IN USE

This **TC2000 User Manual Part No HA 174757 ENG** intended for the TC2000 series power thyristor units manufactured beginning **September 1996**.

The TC2000 User Manual (Part No HA174758) is valid for products manufactured from November 1995 to September 1996.

The TC2000 User Manual (Part No HA174514) is valid for products manufactured before November 1995.

PRECAUTIONS

Important precautions and special information are indicated in the manual by two symbols:



DANGER

This symbol means that failure to take note of the information may have serious consequences for the safety of personnel and may even result in the risk of electrocution.



This symbol means that failure to take note of the information may

- have serious consequences for the installation
- result in the incorrect functioning of the power unit.

These marks must indicate specific points. The entire manual remains applicable.

PERSONNEL

The installation, configuration, commissioning and maintenance of the power unit must only be performed by a person qualified and authorised to perform work in an industrial low voltage electrical environment.

INDEPENDENT SAFETY

It is the responsibility of the user and it is highly recommended, given the value of the equipment controlled using TC2000, to install **independent safety** devices. This alarm must be tested regularly. Eurotherm can supply suitable equipment.

FURTHER INFORMATION

For any further information and if in doubt, please contact your EUROTHERM office where technicians are at your disposal should you require advice or assistance with the commissioning of your installation.

TC2000 USER MANUAL

Contents

Chapter 1	IDENTIFYING THE UNIT	Page
	General introduction to the TC2000 series Technical data Coding Serial number labels	1-7 1-10
Chapter 2	INSTALLATION	
	Safety during installation Dimensions Mechanical mounting Installation details	2-3 2-5
Chapter 3	CABLING	
	Safety during cabling Fixing power cables Power wiring diagrams Auxiliary power supply Control cables Driver terminal block Input signal connection PLU alarm signalling (optional)	3-3 3-6 3-9 3-10 3-12
Chapter 4	CONFIGURATION	
	Safety during configuration Possible configurations Operation type Configuration type Input type and level PLU board (optional)	4-3 4-4 4-6 4-7

Contents (Continued)

		Page
Chapter 5	OPERATION	
	Thyristor firing modePLU detection	
Chapter 6	COMMISSIONING PROCEDURE	
	Commissioning procedure safety	6-2
	Checking the characteristics	
Chapter 7	MAINTENANCE	
	Thyristor protection	7-2
	Thyristor protection fuses	7-3
	Fuse blown indication micro-switch	7-5
	Protection fuses for auxiliary power supply connection	
	Servicing	
	Tools	
	Configuration recapitulatory tables	7-9

INDEX

Cont.2

Chapter 1

IDENTIFYING THE UNIT

Contents	page
General introduction to the TC2000 series	
Technical data	
Coding	
Serial number labels	1-12

TC2000 User Manual 1-1

Chapter 1 IDENTIFYING THE UNIT

GENERAL INTRODUCTION TO THE TC2000 SERIES

The **TC2000** thyristor unit series is designed for the electrical power control of industrial three-phase or single-phase loads.

Depending on the type of operation, the **TC2000** series is composed of two types of unit:

- Solid state contactors (logic operation). Units driven by a logic signal, operating in **ON/OFF** mode, emitting the maximum power to the load during the presence of the control signal.
- Power thyristor units (analogue operation).
 Units driven by an analogue signal emitting an output power proportional to the input signal for thyristor firing and in **Burst firing** mode including a whole number of alternations.

For the solid state ontactors and the power thyristor units, the thyristor firing and non-firing are synchronised at zero voltage for each phase, eliminating the steep current fronts which generate supply interference.

TC2000 series units are composed of **two thyristor channels**, which allows the following two types of configuration:

- · three-phase configuration
- · single-phase configuration.

In the three-phase configuration, the TC2000 series units control two phases of a three-phase load connected in a closed delta or a star without neutral (3-wire configuration). In this configuration, only one control signal is used.

In the single-phase configuration, the TC2000 series units behave in the same way as two single-phase units incorporated in the same unit, controlling two independent single-phase loads by two different control signals.

By simply modifying the positions of the jumpers on the driver board, the **TC2000** series unit can be configured to control a three-phase in a three-wire configuration or to control two single-phase loads.

The range of nominal currents of the TC2000 series power units is from 60 to 500 A (in 3 unit models) at nominal voltages of 120 to 500 V.

1-2 TC2000 User Manual

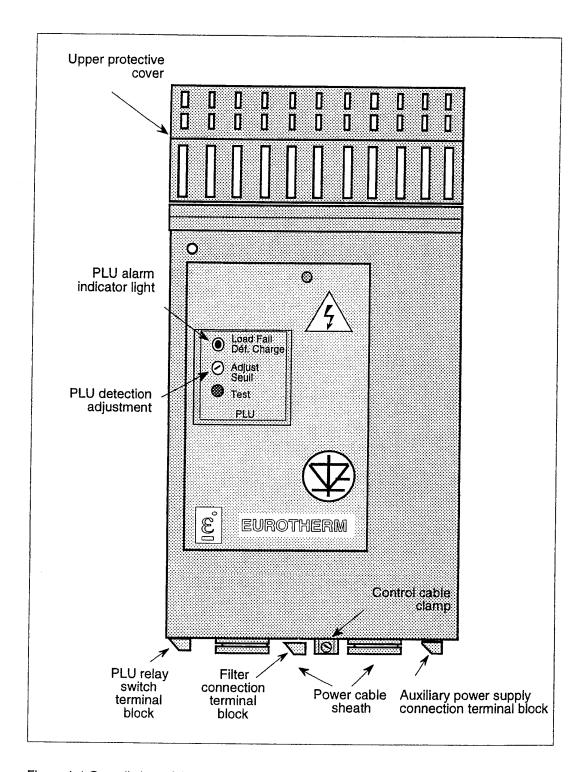


Figure 1-1 Overall view of the TC2000 power unit (PLU or IPU option)

TC2000 User Manual

The standard version of the TC2000 series unit (basic version) is equipped with a driver board which performs the feedback, measurement and thyristor firing functions.

As an **option**, a TC2000 unit in a three-phase configuration is equipped with a partial load unbalance board ("**PLU board**"), which can be plugged into the driver board. With the PLU/IPU, options, TC2000 series units in a three-phase configuration detect any current unbalance greater than 10%.

The partial load **unbalance** detection is signalled by the indicator light on the front fascia and by a **PLU alarm relay** switch (switch N/O or N/C depending on, the control code). The user terminal block of the alarm relay switch is located below the unit, to the left. In the PLU / IPU options, the front fascia of the unit comprises:

- a "Load Fail" indicator light when the partial load unbalance of the three-phase load is detected
- an "Adjust" potentiometer to adjust the detection
- a "Test" push button.

The partial load unbalance detection system also triggers the alarm for the following cases:

- non-firing of a thyristor
- blowing of a fuse of one of the phases
- absence of a phase or significant drop in voltage of the phases of the three-phase supply.

The simultaneous failure of the 2 fuses, installed inside the unit on the controlled phases, is detected by the fuse blown indication micro-switches (optional).

The supply side power cables pass through the opening of the protective cover. The power cables to the load pass through the cable sheath under the unit.

The control wires are connected on the user terminal block of the driver board. They must be **shielded** and grounded at **both ends**.

The control cable passes through the **cable clamp** which secures the cable and **grounds** the shielding simultaneously.

The thermal switch inhibits the fan-cooled unit (from 100 A of the nominal current) in the event of thyristor overheating.

1-4 TC2000 User Manual

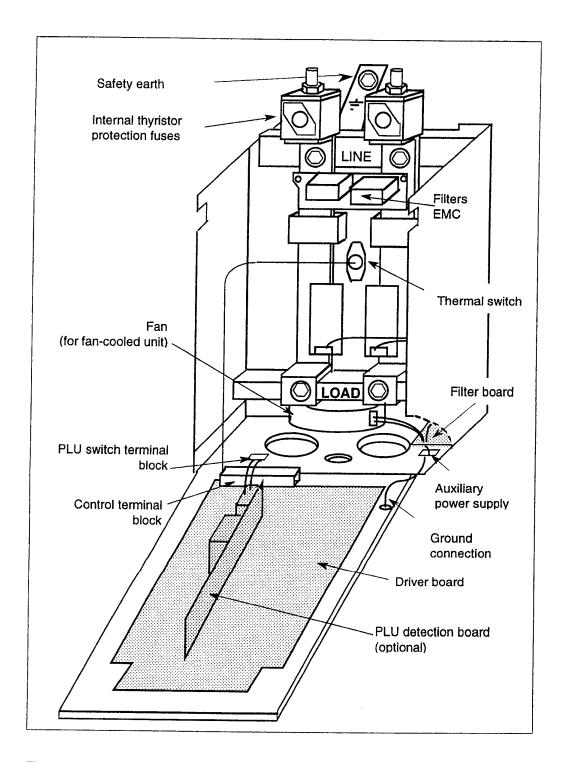


Figure 1-2 Overall view of the TC2000 unit with the access door open (PLU option installed)

TC2000 User Manual 1-5

The inputs of channels A and B are located on the user terminal block of the driver board.

In the **three-phase** configuration, only one control signal is applied to input **A**. In the **single-phase** configuration, two signals are applied to inputs **A** and **B**.

Solid state contactors.

The input signals of the TC2000 series static contactors must be logic.

- dc signals
 - single-phase and three-phase configuration without PLU option:
 - 10 V
 - three-phase configuration with PLU option:
 - 5 V
 - 10 V
 - 20 mA
- ac signals (three-phase configuration only):
 - 100 to 240 Vac

With the ac signal, the PLU/IPU option is not available.

Power thyristor units.

The input signals of the TC2000 series power thyristor units must be analogue.

- dc voltage signals (single-phase and three-phase configuration):
 - 0-5 V
 - 0 10 V
 - 1 5 V
 - 2 10 V
- dc current signals (single-phase and three-phase configuration):
 - 0 20 mA
 - 4 20 mA.

The TC2000 series power thyristor units possess a supply voltage variation compensation within the range + 10% to -15% of the nominal voltage.

This instantaneous compensation is used to maintain the power transmitted to the load constant in spite of the supply voltage variations, thus preventing fluctuations of the controlled value.

1-6

TECHNICAL DATA

The TC2000 series is a series of solid state contactors and power thyristor units designed to control the electrical power of industrial three-phase and single-phase loads.

Attention!

It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the unit is compatible with the conditions of installation before commissioning the unit.

Power

Nominal current (per channel) 60 A, 75 A, 100 A, 150 A, 250 A, 300 A

400 A, 500 A

Nominal voltage

120 to **500** Vac line to line (+10% -15%)

Frequency

50 or 60 Hz

Operation type

· Solid state contactors

Tyristor firing in Logic (ON/OFF) mode

Logic signals

· Power thyristor units

Thyristor firing in Burst firing mode

Analogue signals

Configuration type

· Three-phase

Two phase control (only one control signal).

· Single-phase

Control of two independent single-phase loads

(2 control signals).

Three-phase phase rotation

Thyristor firing

Insensitive (except for the PLU option)

Burst firing mode: firing ON/OFF when zero voltage crossing

is reached for each of the 2 phases.

Load

Load type

Configuration type

Resistive loads with low temperature coefficient

Three-phase configuration:

closed delta or star without Neutral (3 wires)

Single-phase configuration:

two independent single-phase loads.

Protection

Thyristors

Internal high-speed fuses.

RC snubbers and Varistor at thyristor terminals.

Fuse blown trip indicator.

As an option, fuse blown indication micro-switches.

Auxiliary power supply

1 A external fuse (not supplied)

Mechanical protection Thermal protection

Covers guaranteeing IP20 protection (in front fascia). Thermal safety switch (stops thyristor firing if the

maximum thyristor temperature is exceeded).

TC2000 User Manual 1-7

Insulation

Unit Insulated irrespective of the configuration type.

Must be connected to earth

Coolers

Insulated for models up to 250 A Insulated from the control circuit.

Control signals

In the single-phase configuration, the 2 dc signals are

connected to the same common 0V.

Control

Solid state contactors

Logic signal which can be selected in the factory

Firing type

ON/OFF (Logic) • dc signal in standard version

- Voltage 10 V $V \max = 25 V$

ON status

V > 5 V (4 mA min)

OFF status V < 1V

• dc signal

with PLU option

- Voltage **5 V** V max = 12 V

ON status

V > 1.5 V (4 mA min)

OFF status

V < 0.5 V

- Voltage 10 V

 $V \max = 25 V$

ON status

V > 5 V (4 mA min)

OFF status

V < 1V

Current 20 mA I max = 40 mA

ON status

I > 4 mA

OFF status

I < 0.2 mA

• ac signal

(PLU not available)

Voltage 100 to 240 V V max = 264 V

ON status

V > 85 V

OFF status

V < 10 V

Power thyristor units

Analogue signal which can be selected by the user

using jumpers

Firing type

Burst firing, the typical modulation period at 50 % power

is **0.6** s (for another period contact as)

• dc signal

- Voltage 0-5 V; 0-10 V; 1-5 V; 2-10 V

- Current 0-20 mA; 4-20 mA

Manual control

External 5 $k\Omega$ potentiometer Input configured in 0-5 V

+ 15 V voltage available on the user terminal block

Power supply

• Power thyristor units: 115 V or 230 V (+10 %-15 %).

The exact definition of the power supply voltage is used to adjust the supply variation compensation

accurately.

• Solid state contactors with the PLU/IPU options:

115 V or 230 V (+10 %-15 %).

Thermal characteristics

Operating temperature

0 to 50°C in vertical position (40°C for the 500 A current)

Storage temperature

- 10°C to 70°C

Heat dissipation

The thyristor units dissipate on average

1.3 W per A and per phase

Cooling

• 60 and 75 A

• 100 to 150 A

Convection cooling, power supply consumption 5 VA
Built-in fan, power supply and fan consumption 35 VA
Two built-in fans, power supply and fan consumption 70 VA

• 250 to 500 A Fan supply

115 V or 230 V

For power thyristor units and for static contactors with the PLU/IPU options, the power supply is used to power the fans.

Environment

Operating altitude

Operating amosphere

2000 m maximum

Pollution

Non explosive, non corrosive and non conductive.

Degree 2 (IEC 664)

Humidity

RH 5% to 95% non condensing.

Options

PLU / IPU options (three-phase operation only)

Partial load unbalance (PLU) detection system.

An alarm for:

• a 10 % unbalance of line currents

· a thyristor short circuit

· a fuse blow-out

• the absence of a phase.

Alarm output

Relay deactivated in alarm status.

Alarm stored in memory (requiring acknowledge) or not stored in memory according to user cabling.

Relay switch N/O open in alarm status (PLU option) or relay switch N/C (closed in alarm status (IPU option))

Switch cut-off capacity

0.25 A at 250 Vac or 30 Vdc

Power supply required

115 V or 230 V.

Fuse blown indication micro-switches

Internal high-speed fuses

Fuse blown indication micro-switches (thyristor protection).

Internal CEM filters

Conducted emissions

To reduce the conducted emissions that occur when using thyris-

tor units, the EMC internal filters is added

(standard for 60 A and 75 A; optional for 100 A and 150 A).

UNIT CODING

Series / Config- / uration			/ Auxiliary power supply	•	/ Input B	/ Options / 00
-------------------------------	--	--	--------------------------	---	--------------	----------------

Series	Code
Solid state contactors and power thyristor units	TC2000

Configuration	Code
Three-phase.	
2 controlled phases	02
Single-phase.	
2 independent phases	21

Nominal current	Code
60 amperes	60A
75 amperes	75A
100 amperes	100A
150 amperes	150A
250 amperes	250A
300 amperes	300A
400 amperes	400A
500 amperes	500A

Nominal line to line voltage	Code
120 volts	120V
240 volts	240V
277 volts	277V
440 volts	440V
480 volts	480V
500 volts	500V

For other voltages , contact your Eurotherm office

Auxiliary power supply	Code
Without auxiliary power supply (60 A and 75 A solid state contactors without PLU option)	000
230 /115 V single-phase supply: 100 volts 110 volts 115 volts 120 volts 200 volts 220 volts 230 volts 240 volts	100V 110V 115V 120V 200V 220V 230V 240V

1-10

Input A Three-phase configuration or single-phase config. channel A	Code
Power thyristor units: "Burst mode" thyristor firing Analogue signal 0-5 volts 1-5 volts 0-10 volts 2-10 volts 0-20 milli-amperes 4-20 milli-amperes	0V5 1V5 0V10 2V10 0mA20 4mA20
Solid state contactors: "ON/OFF" thyristor firing dc logic signal 100 to 240 Vac logic signal (three-phase only)	LGC ACL

Input B	Code
Three-phase configuration	000
Power thyristor units:	
"Burst mode"	
thyristor firing	
Single-phase config. channel B	ļ
Analogue signal	
0-5 volts	0V5
1-5 volts	1V5
0-10 volts	0V10
2-10 volts	2V10
0-20 milli-amperes	0mA20
4-20 milli-amperes	4mA20
Solid state contactors:	
"ON/OFF"	
thyristor firing	
Single-phase config. channel B	i
dc logic signal	LGC

Options	Code
PLU detection (only in three-phase configurations; analogue or dc logic signal) • relay switch open in alarm status • relay switch closed in alarm status	PLU IPU
Fuse blown indication micro-switches No internal fuses	FUMS NOFUSE
Internal EMC filters (100 A and 150 A nominal)	FILT

CODING EXAMPLE

Installation and TC2000 series unit parameters

A power thyristor unit for a three-phase load in a delta configuration.

- Three-phase configuration on 440 V supply
- Nominal current of a phase of the 120 A load
- 240 V auxiliary power supply and 0-5 V analogue control
- Partial load unbalance detection system, relay switch open in alarm status
- Fuse blown indication micro-switches
- Internal EMC filters to reduce the conducted emissions.

Coding: TC2000 / 02 / 150A / 440V / 240V / 0V5 / 00 / PLU / FUMS / FILT / 00

1-11

SERIAL NUMBER LABELS

Two identification labels (specifying the coding of the unit) and a configuration label provide all the information relating to the factory settings of the unit.

An identification label is externally located on the right-hand side panel of the unit.

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WORTHING ENGLAND : 1903-268500

MODEL: TC2000/02/150A/440V/240V/0V5/00/PLU/FUMS/FILT/00

SERIAL No.: LC1111/001/001/10/96

RATING: 2 PHASE 150 A 440 V 50 Hz

AUXILIARY SUPPLY: 240 V

Figure 1-3 Example of identification label for a TC2000 model unit The information corresponds to the coding example.

The second identification label and a configuration label are located inside the thyristor unit.

SERIAL No.: LC1111/001/001/10/96 TC2000

FACTORY SETTINGS:

THREE-PHASE SUPPLY 2 PHASE CONTROL

INPUT 1 : 0-5 V DC

INPUT 2 : NOT AVAILABLE

OPTION (S) : PARTIAL LOAD UNBALANCE DETECTION

FUSE BLOWN INDICATION MICRO-SWITCHES

FILTER

ANY NON SPECIFIED FUSE INVALIDATES GUARANTEE

(SEE USER MANUAL): FERRAZ X300055 / BUSSMANN 170M3465

Figure 1-4 Example of configuration label for a TC2000 unit

Following

Attention!

Following any reconfiguration on the part of the user, there is no guarantee that the thyristor unit and this information corresponds to the information related to the unit coding.

Chapter 2

INSTALLATION

Safety during installation	Contents	page
Mechanical mounting2-5	Safety during installation	2-2
	Dimensions	2-3
nstallation details 2-6		
	nstallation details	2-6

TC2000 User Manual 2-1

Chapter 2 INSTALLATION

Read this chapter completely before installation.

SAFETY DURING INSTALLATION



Danger!

TC2000 units must be installed by a qualified person.

Units must be installed in fan-cooled electric cabinets, guaranteeing the absence of condensation and pollution.

The cabinet must be closed and connected to the safety ground in accordance with the standards IEC 364 or the current national standards.

For installations in fan-cooled cabinets, it is recommended to place a fan failure detection device or a thermal safety control in the cabinet.

Bulkhead mountings are possible with TC2000 series units.

The units must be mounted with the heatsink positioned vertically and with no obstructions either above or below which could block the passage of the ventilation air.

If multiple units are installed in the same cabinet, they should be arranged in such a way that the air expelled by one unit cannot be admitted into the unit located above it.

Attention!

The units are designed to be used at an ambient temperature less than or equal to 50°C (40°C for 500 A nominal units)

Leave a minimum space of **5 cm** between two units placed beside each other.



Excessive overheating of the unit may cause incorrect operation of the unit, which in turn may cause damage the components.

60 to 75 A units are convection-cooled.

100 to 500 A units have permanent fan cooling.

DIMENSIONS

The dimensions, values and weights of the TC2000 series thyristor units are given in figure 2-1 and in table 2-1.

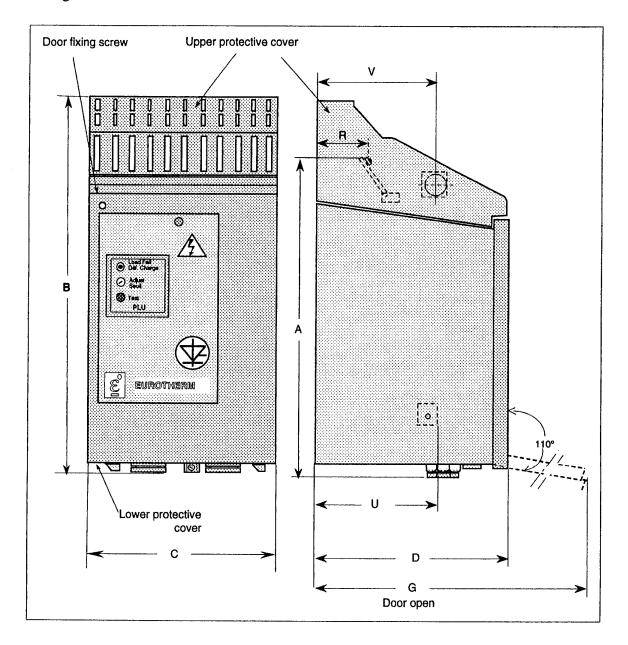


Figure 2-1 Overall dimensions with and without upper protective cover

TC2000 User Manual 2-3

	Nominal current				
Values	60 to 150 A	250 A	300 to 500 A	Description	
Α	415 mm	415 mm	425 mm	Height without protective cover	
В	480 mm	480 mm	570 mm	Height with cover	
С	133 mm	248 mm	248 mm	Width	
D	268 mm	268 mm	268 mm	Depth	
Е	88 mm	203 mm	203 mm	Width between the fixing holes	
F	328 mm	328 mm	328 mm	Height between the fixing holes	
G	557 mm	557 mm	557 mm	Depth with the door open	
K	350 mm	350 mm	350 mm	Height of lateral fascias	
R	30 mm	50 mm	20 mm	Distance between "Earth" busbar and panel	
Ŭ	138 mm	147 mm	150 mm	Depth between "LOAD" terminal and panel	
V	125 mm	148 mm	170 mm	Depth between "LINE" terminal and panel	
Poids	10 kg	16 kg	16.5 kg	-	

Table 2-1 Dimensions, fixing values and weights of TC2000 series units

MECHANICAL MOUNTING

TC2000 units have two protective covers (upper and lower).

The units can be fixed with the protective covers in place. However, for the connection, the upper protective cover must be removed.

After drilling the support panel at the dimensions and values given above, insert the fixing screws half-way in the partition holes or mounting plate.

Position the thyristor unit by first inserting the upper screw heads in the respective holes of the upper section.

Lower the unit making sure that the lower screws planned can be inserted correctly.

Then lower the unit completely until it is in position.

Fasten the 4 screws correctly.

TC2000 User Manual 2-5

INSTALLATION DETAILS

TC2000 series units are designed to be mounted directly on panels at the fixing points located on the rear of the unit.

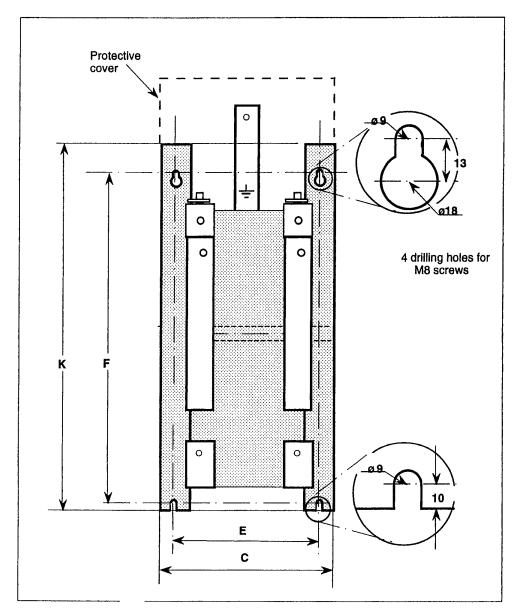


Figure 2-2 Fixing details

2-6 TC2000 User Manual

Chapter 3

CABLING

Contents	page
Safety during cabling	3-2
Fixing power cables	3-3
Power wiring diagrams	3-6
Three-phase configuration	3-6
Single-phase configuration	3-7
Auxiliary power supply	3-9
Control cables	3-10
Fixing	
Shield connecting to the ground	
Driver terminal block	3-12
Input signal connection	3-13
Solid state contactors	3-13
Power thyristor units	
Analogue inputs	
Manual inputs	3-16
PLU alarm signalling (optional)	
User terminal block	
PLU board	

TC2000 User Manual 3-1

Chapter 3 CABLING

SAFETY DURING CABLING

Danger!



Cabling must be performed by personnel who are qualified to work with low voltage electrical equipment.

It is the user's responsibility to cable and protect the installation in accordance with current professional standards.

A suitable device guaranteeing electrical separation of the equipment and the supply must be installed in order to perform the operation in complete safety.

TC2000 series units possess two protective covers: upper and lower.

The upper cover should be raised to facilitate cabling.

After connection and before power-up, put the upper protective cover back in place to ensure the specified degree of protection.

Danger!

Before any connection or disconnection, make sure that the power and control cables and wires are insulated from the voltage sources.

For safety reasons, the safety earth cable must be connected before any other connection during cabling and the last cable to be disconnected.

The safety earth is connected to the screw located on the strip provided for this purpose in the top part of the unit, behind the phase terminal and labelled as follows:





Attention!

To ensure that the TC2000 unit is grounded correctly, make sure that it is attached to the reference ground plane (panel or bulkhead). If this is not the case it is necessary to add a ground connection no more than 10 cm long between the ground connection and the reference ground plane.



Danger!

The purpose of this connection is to guarantee correct ground continuity. It is not, in any circumstances, a substitute for the safety earth connection.

FIXING POWER CABLES

The **supply side** power cables pass through the opening of the upper protective cover of the TC2000 unit. The upper covers of the units are raised in order to facilitate the connection of these cables.

For connection, this cover, which is fixed to the unit, must be raised. In order to do this:

- open the door by unfastening the front screw on the top left-hand corner of the door
- raise the door in order to release it from its notches
- open the door completely by pulling it towards you
- remove the upper cover by unfastening its two fixing nuts by sliding it one cm forwards to release the two catches located at the rear and raising it.

The supply side connection is performed on the terminals of each fuse at the upper part of the unit, labelled **LINE** (see figures 3-2 and 3-3).

The **load side** power cables are placed inside the unit through cable sheaths below the unit. The loads are cabled on screws located in the bottom part of the unit and labelled **LOAD** (see figures 3-2).

The capacities of the power terminals and cabling screws are given in table 3-1.

Tightening must not exceed the limit values according to the same table.

Nominal current	60 to 150 A	250 A	300 to 500 A
Supply and load	4 to 70 mm ²	120 mm ²	185 to 2x150 mm ²
Earth cable	16 to 35 mm ²	70 mm ²	95 to 185 mm ²
Fuse terminals Tightening torque	M8	M8	M10
	13.5 N.m	13.5 N.m	26 N.m
Load screw Tightening torque	M8	M10	M12
	12.5 N.m	16.4 N.m	28.8 N.m
Earth screw Tightening torque	M10	M10	M12
	16.4 N.m	16.4 N.m	28.8 N.m

Table 3-1 Details of power cabling for TC2000 thyristor units

The cross-section of the connection wires to be used must correspond to the Standard IEC 943

TC2000 User Manual 3-3

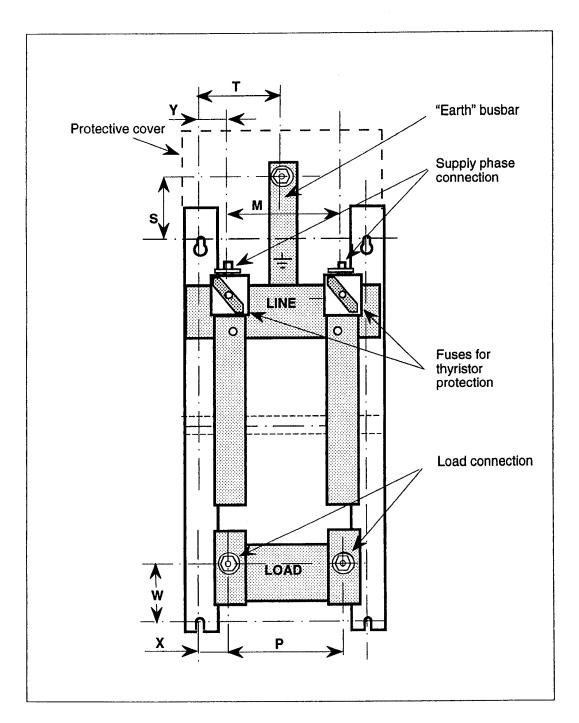


Figure 3-1 Power cable fixing points (60 to 250 A units)

3-4 TC2000 User Manual

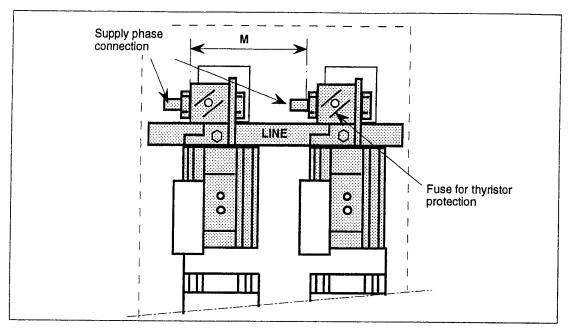


Figure 3-2 Specific power cable connection for 300 to 500 A units

Nominal current					
Values	60 to 150 A	250 A	300 to 500 A	Description of distance	
M P S T W X	58 mm 44 mm 50 mm 45 mm 68 mm 20 mm	135 mm 150 mm 60 mm 65 mm 70 mm 25 mm	110 mm 110 mm 30 mm 96 mm 70 mm 20 mm	"LINE" terminals 1 and 2 "LOAD" terminals 1 and 2 "Earth" busbar and upper fixing hole "Earth" busbar and left fixing hole "LOAD" terminal and lower fixing hole "LOAD" terminal and left fixing hole "LOAD" terminal and left fixing hole "LOAD" terminal and left	
				upper fixing hole	

Table 3-2 Power cabling details



The power cables to a load pass through **cable sheaths** which must be tightened correctly after cabling.

TC2000 User Manual 3-5

POWER WIRING DIAGRAMS

If there are several TC2000 units on the same power supply, cable the units by producing a circular permutation of the supply phases.

The TC2000 thyristor units have **internal EMC filters** to reduce the conducted emissions to comply with the EN 50081-2.

These filters are the **standard** for the **60 A** and **75 A** units and **optional** for the **100 A** and **150 A** units. The one wire filter connection is made on the user terminal block under the unit.

Three-phase configuration (two-phase control)

The order of the phases must be observed if the unit includ the PLU option.

In two-phase control of a three-phase 3 wires load (star without neutral or a closed delta) the filter connection terminal (marked L3/36) must be connected to the non-controlled phase.

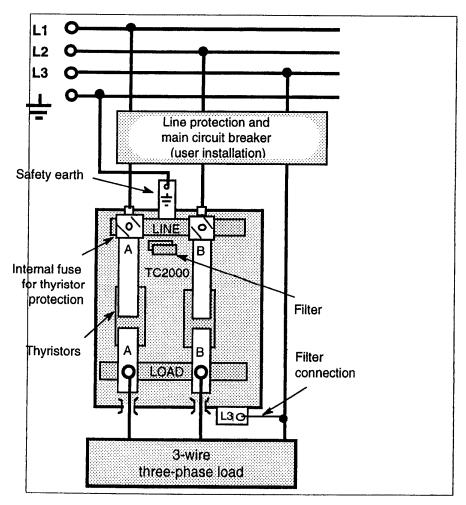


Figure 3-3 Example of TC2000 series unit three-phase wiring

Single-phase configuration (two independent single-phase loads)

The single-phase configuration of the TC2000 series unit can be performed:

- between one of the phases of the supply and neutral (in parallel)
- between two phases of the supply (in parallel)
- between two phases of the supply and neutral
- distributed between three supply phases.

Single-phase supply

In single-phase configuration the filter connection terminal (marked L3/36) must be connected to neutral. Filtering can only be used if loads supplied from a same single supply network.

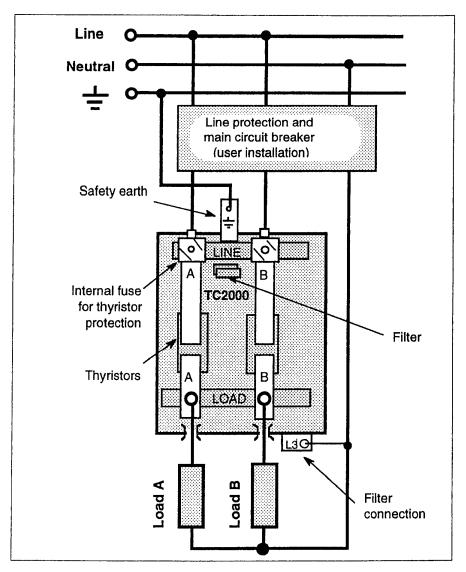


Figure 3-4 Example of power cabling of the TC2000 series unit
Single-phase configuration between one supply phase and the neutral

TC2000 User Manual 3-7

Three-phase supply

Filtering can only be used if one phase is common to two channels.

In single-phase configuration (three-phase supply) the filter connection terminal (marked L3/36) must be connected to commun phase

- for the 60 A and 75 A units (standard)
- for 100 A and 150 A units with FILT option,

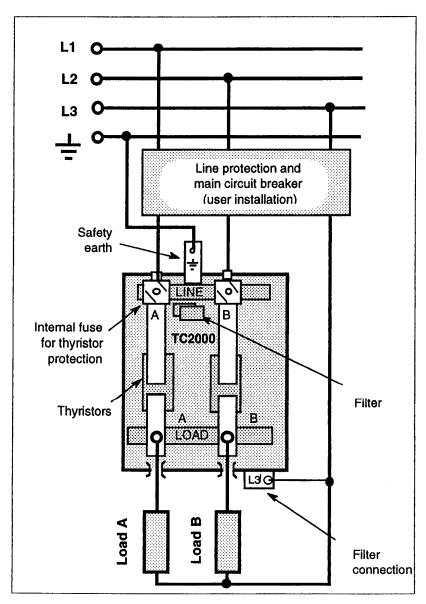


Figure 3-5 Example of power cabling of the TC2000 series unit Single-phase configuration between 3 phases of the three-phase supply

3-8 TC2000 User Manual

AUXILIARY POWER SUPPLY

The auxiliary power supply is connected to a 2 terminal pluggable user terminal block, located to the right below the unit.

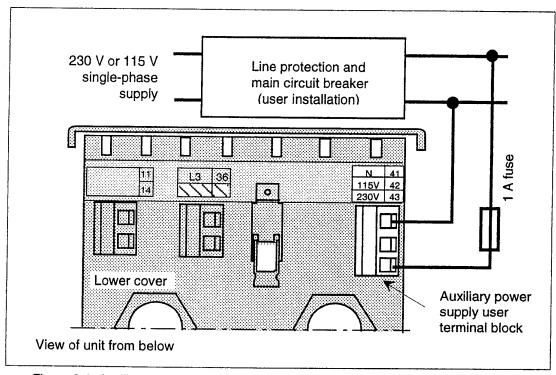


Figure 3-6 Auxiliary power supply configuration (230 V supply)

The auxiliary power supply is required in the following cases:

- permanent fan-cooling units (100 A to 500 A nominal current)
- power thyristor units (analogue control)
- static contactors with the PLU / IPU option (dc logic control in three-phase configuration).

Attention!



The auxiliary voltage is set at 100-110-115 -120 Vac or 200-220-230-240 Vac and must be connected to a 115 V or 230 V single-phase supply.

The auxiliary power supply voltage is configured in the factory according to the unit code. It is indicated on the user terminal block label.

An external 1 A fuse must be connected on the auxiliary power supply.

TC2000 User Manual 3-9

CONTROL CABLES

Attention!



The control connections must be made with shielded cables connected to the earth (or ground) at both ends in order to ensure maximum immunity against interference.

Insulate the control cables from the power cables in the cable tray.

Fixing

The control wires must be grouped together in a shielded cable passing through the cable clamp under the unit (second cable clamp supplied for the PLU option).

Important!

To facilitate the earthing of the cable shield and to ensure maximum immunity to electromagnetic interference, the **metal** cable clamp is **fixed directly to the ground** of the unit.

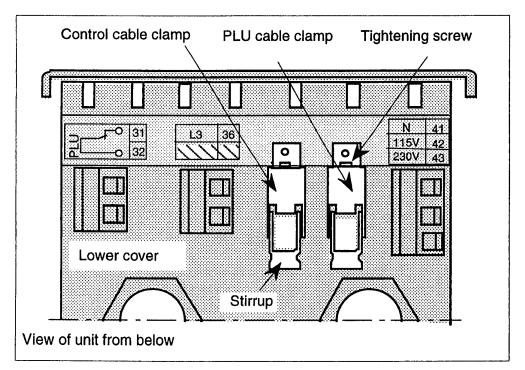


Figure 3-7 Control cable clamp layout

3-10 TC2000 User Manual

Shield connecting to the ground

To insert the control cable and earth its shield:

• Strip the shielded cable as shown in figure 3-8,a.

The length of the wires (control, PLU relay acknowledge, measurement retransmission) must ensure the connection between the metal cable clamp and the board user terminal blocks, with the door open. The cabling inside the unit must be as short as possible.

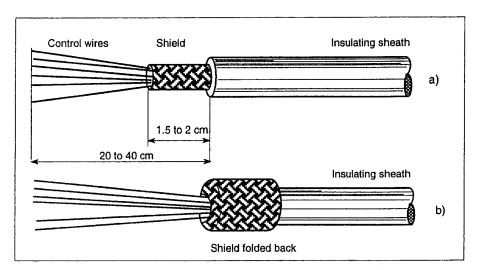


Figure 3-8 Control cable stripping

- Fold back the shield on the insulating sheath (figure 3-8,b)
- **Insert** the cable in the metal cable clamp so that the shield is located in the stirrup and does not enter the unit (it must not pass the lower cover).

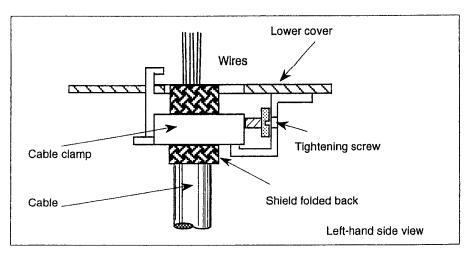


Figure 3-9 Cable tightening and shield grounding

• Tighten the stirrup (4×1 flat screwdriver; tightening torque: 0.7 N.m.)
The possible diameters of the cables with the shield folded back are 5 to 10 mm per cable clamp.

TC2000 User Manual 3-11

DRIVER TERMINAL BLOCK

The following connections are made on the driver board user terminal block:

- the analogue or logic input signals
- the manual input potentiometers.

The terminal block can be accessed by opening the front door.

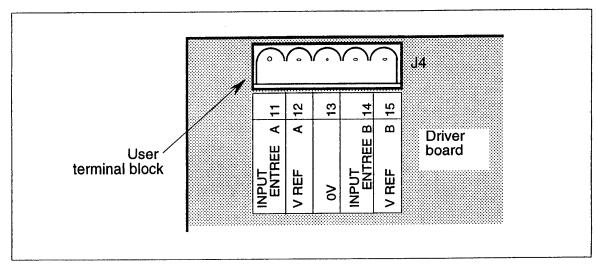


Figure 3-10 Driver terminal marking

Term.	Name on label	Destination
11	INPUT/ENTREE A	Input in three-phase configuration Input of channel A in single-phase configuration
12	V REF A	+15 V voltage output of channel A
13	0V	0 V common to the inputs of two channels
14	INPUT/ENTREE B	Input of channel B in single-phase configuration. Not used in three-phase configuration
15	V REF B	+ 15 V output of channel B

Table 3-3 Destination of the driver terminal block terminals

3-12 TC2000 User Manual

INPUT SIGNAL CONNECTION

The control wires are connected on the pluggable user terminal block, located on the **driver board**.

Driver terminal block terminal capacity: 0.22 mm² to 1.5 mm².

Driver terminal tightening torque: 0.7 N.m.

The inputs are insulated from the power supply and the load circuit.

In the single-phase configuration, inputs A and B are independent (0 V is common). In the three-phase configuration, only one input A is used for the 2 controlled phases.

The driver terminal block is accessible with the front door open.

To open the door, unfasten the front **screw**, release the door from its notches by raising it and pull it towards you.

Danger!



Dangerous live parts may be accessible when the door is open (if the TC2000 unit power is on)

Solid state contactors

Two types of signal are available:

- dc logic signals (three-phase or single-phase configuration)
- ac logic signals (three-phase configuration only).

Signal type		ON state	OFF state	Maximum	Impedance	
dc Basic version	Voltage	> 5 V	< 1 V	25 V	390 Ω	
dc PLU/IPU option	Voltage	> 1.5 V	< 0.5 V	12 V	100 kΩ	
	Current	> 4 mA	< 0.2 mA	40 mA	250 Ω	
ac (PLU/IPU not available)	Voltage	> 85 V	< 10 V	264 V	10 kΩ (50 Hz)	

Table 3-4 Solid state contactor input parameters Each dc input is in series with 2 opto-diodes; voltage drop 4 V.

TC2000 User Manual 3-13

Two independent dc logic signals in the single-phase configuration are applied to terminals 11 and 13 (input A) and terminals 14 and 13 (input B).

In the three-phase static contactor configuration, terminals 11 and 13 are used.

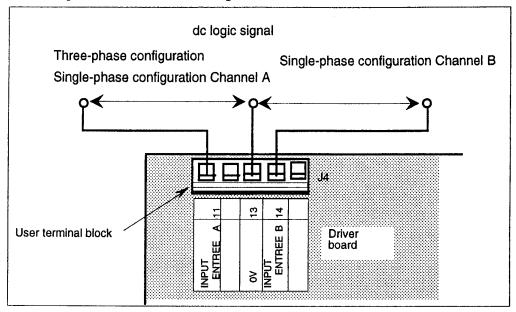


Figure 3-11 Configuration of the two solid state contactor dc inputs

An ac static contactor input (terminals 11 and 14 of the driver terminal block) is only available for the three-phase configuration without the PLU option.

The input is insulated from the power supply and from the load.

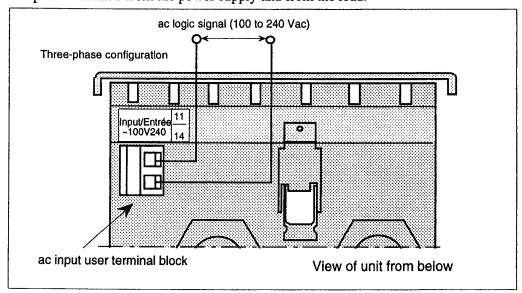


Figure 3-12 Configuration of the solid state contactor ac input

3-14 TC2000 User Manual

Power thyristor units

Analogue inputs

The TC2000 series power thyristor units are controlled by analogue signals.

In the single-phase configuration, two independent dc analogue signals are applied to terminals 11 and 13 (input A) and terminals 14 and 13 (input B).

In the three-phase configuration, an analogue signal is applied between terminals 11 and 13 of the power thyristor unit user terminal block.

The signal type and level can be configured using suitable jumpers.

Signal type	Signal level	Input impedance
Voltage	0 - 5 V 1 - 5 V 0 - 10 V 2 - 10 V	68 kΩ
Current	0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA	250 Ω

Table 3-5 Power thyristor unit analogue input parameters

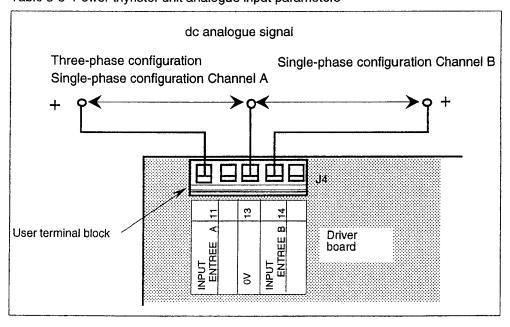


Figure 3-13 Power thyristor unit analogue input configuration

TC2000 User Manual 3-15

Manual inputs

The TC2000 series thyristor units (analogue operation) can be driven by external potentiometers when they are configured with a 0-5 V or 0-10 V input.

In the three-phase configuration, only one potentiometer connected to input A is used.

In the single-phase configuration, two potentiometers are independent.

For the connection of these potentiometers, two +15 V dc voltage outputs are provided on the driver terminal block (terminals 12 for channel A and 15 for channel B). The +15 V internal voltage is available via a 10 k Ω resistance of the driver board.

The potentiometers (5 $k\Omega$ for the 0-5 V input or 20 $k\Omega$ for the 0-10 V input) are connected between terminals 12 and 13 for channel A and between terminals 15 and 13 for channel B.

The cursors are connected to terminal 11 (channel A) and to terminal 14 (channel B).

The auxiliary power supply must be connected.

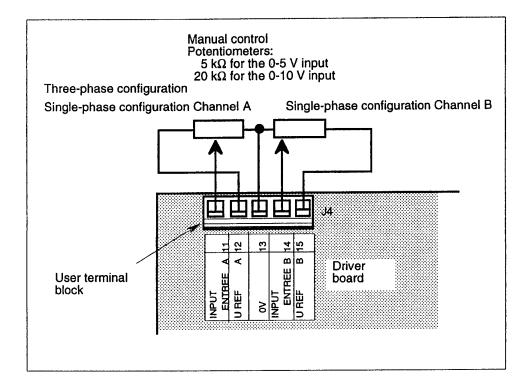


Figure 3-14 Power thyristor unit manual input configuration

3-16 TC2000 User Manual

PLU ALARM SIGNALLING (optional)

User terminal block

The connection of the PLU alarm relay switch, which signals the active status of the alarm, is made on the user terminal block under the unit, on the left.

The switch output terminals are marked 31 and 32 on the terminal block label.

The PLU alarm relay is de-energised in alarm status. Its switch is 0.25 A at 250 Vac or 30 Vdc

The type of alarm relay switch, configured in the factory (normally open N/O or normally closed N/C), is determined on the order by the PLU option code.

Code PLU: switch N/O (open in alarm status)
Code IPU: switch N/C (closed in alarm status).

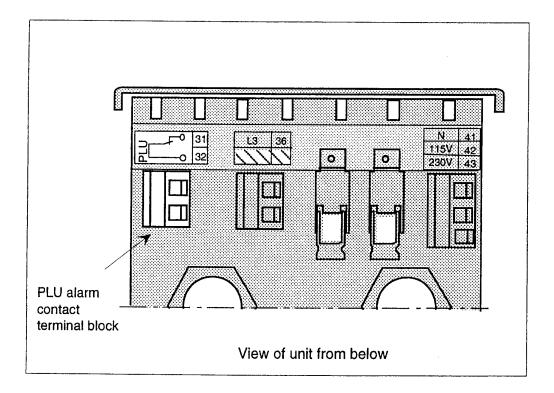


Figure 3-15 PLU relay switch user terminal block

TC2000 User Manual 3-17

PLU board

The PLU alarm status is acknowledged or memorised using an external switch connected on the PLU board (terminals 21 and 22).

- Terminals 21 and 22 are short-circuited: the alarm is memorised; the opening of the shunt cancels the PLU relay alarm status if the fault disappears.
- Terminals 21 and 22 are not short-circuited: the PLU alarm is not memorised.

An external contact is connected on **one** plug-in terminal block located in the top right-hand corner of the PLU board. The external memorisation / acknowledge switch wires pass through a cable clamp, like that for control (see figures 3-7 to 3-9).

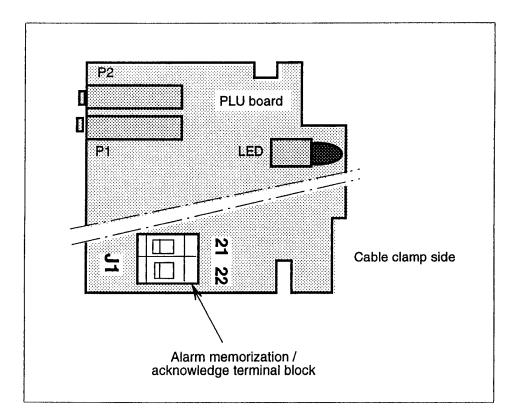


Figure 3-16 PLU alarm status memorisation / acknowledge terminal block

3-18 TC2000 User Manual

Chapter 4

CONFIGURATION

Contents	page
Safety during configuration	4-2
Driver board	
Possible configurations	4-3
Operation type	
Configuration type	
Input type and level	
Solid state contactors	
Power thyristor units	4-8
PLU board (optional)	
Supply frequency	
Test	
Alarm contact type	

TC2000 User Manual 4-1

Chapitre 4 CONFIGURATION

SAFETY DURING CONFIGURATION

The thyristor unit is configured using moveable **jumpers** on the driver board.



Important

The unit is supplied fully configured in accordance with the code on the identification label.

This chapter is included in order to

- check that the configuration is compatible with the application
- modify, if necessary, certain characteristics of the unit on-site.

Danger!



For safety reasons, the reconfiguration of the unit using jumpers must be performed with the unit **switched off** and by qualified personnel only.

Before starting the reconfiguration procedure, check that the thyristor unit is insulated and that an occasional power-up is impossible.

After the reconfiguration of the unit, correct the codes on the identification label.

DRIVER BOARD

Possible configurations

The type and configuration of the driver board of TC2000 series units determines

- the operation type
 - solid state contactor (SSC) with ON/OFF firing mode
 - power thyristor unit with Burst firing mode
- the configuration type
 - three-phase
 - single-phase
- the input signal level.

The thyristor firing mode (ON/OFF or Burst mode) is determined by the coding. The inputs can only be configured for power thyristor units and for SSC with the PLU option.

Operation	Control signal	Configuration	PLU option	Input configuration jumpers	Thyristor firing mode
Solid state	dc	Single-phase	Not applicable	Absent	ON/OFF
contactor (SSC)	logic	Three-phase	No option		
	(code LGC)	Three-phase	With option	Present	
	ac logic (code ALC)	Three-phase	Not available	Absent	
Power thyristor units	dc analogue	Single-phase	Not applicable	Present	Burst mode
unio	(codes from 0V5 to 4mA20)	Three-phase	With or with- out option		
Reconfigurated power thyristor	de logie or manual	Single-phase	Not applicable	Present	ON/OFF
units to SSC	or manual (order code not avail.)	Three-phase	With or with- out option		

Table 4-1 Possible configurations of TC2000 series units

The manual control of the units requires the configuration of the inputs to 0-5 V or 0-10 V.

TC2000 User Manual 4-3

Operation type

The type of operation of the TC2000 unit (power thyristor unit and static contactor) is configured in the factory according to the unit order code.

- The codes LGC or ACL correspond to the operation of the unit as a solid state contactor with the "ON/OFF" thyristor firing mode.
- The codes **0V5** to **4mA20** correspond to the operation of the unit as a **power thyristor unit** with the "Burst mode" thyristor firing mode.

The type of operation can be reconfigured for the power thyristor units on the driver board using the following jumpers:

- K16 and K17 (for channel A in single-phase configuration and in three-phase configuration)
- K26 and K27 (for channel B in single-phase configuration).

 In the three-phase configuration, the positions of jumpers K26 and K27 are insensitive.

Operation	Position of jumpers							
	Three-phase configuration Single-phase configuration Ch.A			Single-phase configurati Channel B				
	K16	K18	K26	K27	K28			
ON/OFF firing mode (logic signal)	0	0	Indifferent position	0	0	Indifferent position		
Burst firing mode (analogue signal)	1	1	0 (standard)	1	1	0 (standard)		

Table 4-2 Operation type configuration

Notes:

- Units configured as solid state contactors in the factory (operation with logic signals) cannot be reconfigured for operation with analogue signals (except with the PLU option).
- The operation of power thyristor units configured in the factory according to the order code, can be reconfigured on-site with a logic signal in "ON/OFF" mode according to table 4-2.
- For power thyristor units the position of jumpers **K18** and **K28** is **0** (standard). The **1** position can be used for special applications (6 s Burst mode, C23 and C24 fitted).

4-4 TC2000 User Manual

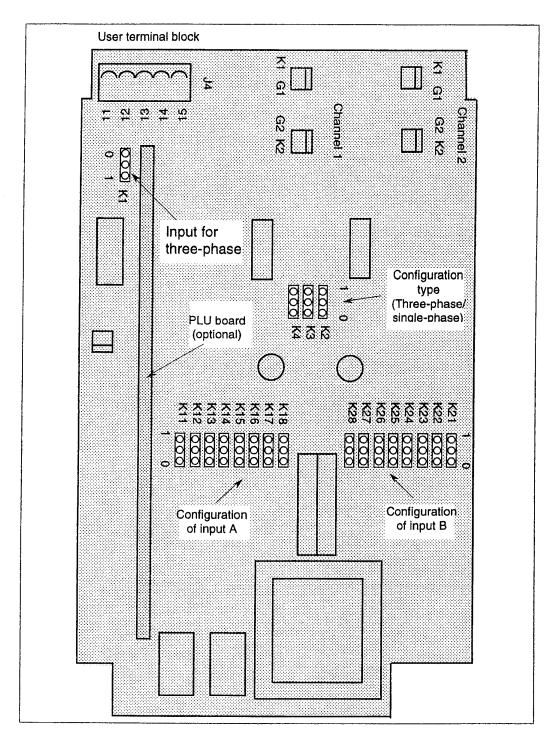


Figure 4-1 Location of the configuration jumpers on the driver board

Note: For static contactors with an ac input or a dc input without the PLU option, the driver board does not contain jumpers K11 to K28.

TC2000 User Manual 4-5

Configuration type

TC2000 series power thyristor units have been designed to operate in 2 types of configuration:

- three-phase in 2 phase control (3-wire load configuration)
- single-phase (the unit acts as 2 single-phase units built into the same unit with 2 different control signals); single-phase operation is impossible with the ac signal.

The configuration type is configured using jumpers **K1** to **K4** located on the driver board.

Confi	Configuration		f jumpers		
		K1	K2	К3	K4
Solid state contactor	Three-phase (only one control signal is used)	1	0	0	Absent
	Single-phase Two independent thyristor channels (two different control signals)	1	1	1	Absent
Power thyristor unit	Three-phase (only one control signal is used)	Absent	0	0	0
	Single-phase Two independent thyristor channels (two different control signals)	Absent	1	1	0

Table 4-3 Configuration type

Note: • For solid state contactors, K1 = 1 indicates that input A drives the unit in the three-phase configuration

• For **power thyristor units**, K4 = 0 indicates that input A drives the unit in the three-phase configuration.

4-6 TC2000 User Manual

Input type and level

Solid state contactors

The static contactors are driven by **logic** signals ("ON/OFF" firing). The power is switched to zero voltage when the signal is present.

There are two possible types of input signal to control the static contactors:

- an ac signal (only in the three-phase configuration without the PLU / IPU option)
- a dc signal (three-phase configuration with or without the PLU/ IPU option or single-phase configuration).

The ac signal (100 Vac to 240 Vac) corresponds the code ACL. The input is configured in the factory with soldered bridges and specific components. It is impossible to reconfigure it.

The dc signal corresponds to the code LGC. The possibility of reconfiguring the dc input depends on the type of configuration and whether the PLU / IPU option is present:

- In the three-phase configuration without the PLU/IPU option and in the single-phase configuration, it is impossible to reconfigure the logic dc inputs of the static contactor. The driver board **does not contain** configuration jumpers.
- In the three-phase configuration with the PLU / IPU option, the dc inputs can be (if necessary) reconfigured (to adapt the signal source) in terms of voltage and current. In this case, jumpers K11 to K15 are used for this configuration.
 In the standard version, the static contactor is supplied with the input configured to 0-5 V.

The position of jumpers K16 and K17 must be 0 (logic control).

Control	Input	Position of jumpers						
	rating	K11	K12	K13	K14	K15	K16	K17
dc	10 V	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
logic	5 V	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
	20 mA	1	0	1	1	0	0	0

Table 4-4 Configuration of static contactor dc inputs in the three-phase configuration with the PLU/IPU option

TC2000 User Manual 4-7

Power thyristor units

The power thyristor units are driven by analogue input signals.

The power in the load is switched to zero voltage with a cyclic ratio **proportional** to the input signal.

In the three-phase configuration and in the single-phase configuration with or without the PLU / IPU option, the input signals can be configured with a choice of four voltage levels and two current levels.

Jumpers K11 to K17 are used to configure

- the three-phase input
- input A in the unit three-phase configuration.

Jumpers K21 to K27 are used to configure input B only in the single-phase configuration.

For operation with an analogue signal or in manual mode, jumpers K16 and K17 for channel A and jumpers K26 and K27 for channel B must be in position 1.

Control	Input	Position of jumpers						
	level	K11	K12	K13	K14	K15	K16	K17
		K21	K22	K23	K24	K25	K26	K27
• Analogue	0-5V	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
	1-5V	0	0	1 1	1	0	1	1
	0-10V	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
	2-10V	0	1	0	1	0	1	1
	0-20 mA	1	0	1	0	1	1	1
	4-20 mA	1	0	1	1	0	1	1
:								
Manual	5 kΩ	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
(potentiometer)	20 kΩ	0	1	0	0	1	1	1

Table 4-5 Configuration of inputs for power thyristor units

4-8 TC2000 User Manual

PLU BOARD (OPTIONAL)

The PLU board is supplied fully configured in accordance with the ordering code. This paragraph is included in order to check that the configuration is compatible with the application or to modify, if necessary, certain characteristics of the unit on-site.

The jumpers of the partial load unbalance board (PLU board) are used to reconfigure:

- · calibration or normal operation
- the supply frequency (50 or 60 Hz)
- the PLU detection test type.

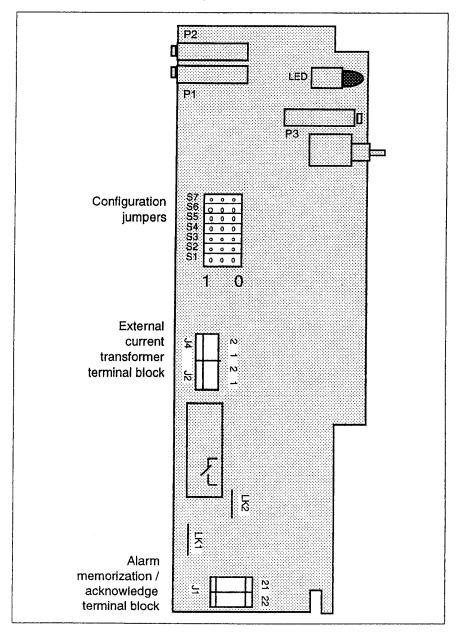


Figure 4-2 Position of configuration jumpers on the PLU board

TC2000 User Manual 4-9

For normal operation of the PLU circuitry jumper S3 must be in position 0.

The jumper S7 must always be in position 1.

For external measurements, two current transformers can be connected to the PLU board, in order to provide the information required for PLU detection (terminal blocks **J2** for phase **A** and **J4** for phase **B**, see figure 4-2). The jumper **S1** et **S2** must always be in position **1**.

Supply frequency

Frequency	Position of jumper
	S4
50 Hz (±2 Hz)	0
60 Hz (±2 Hz)	1

Table 4-6 Configuration of the frequency

Test

Operation	Position of jumper	
	S5	
Normal position for Test	0	
Inversion of PLU for Test (PLU setting, if necessary)	1	

Table 4-7 Configuration of the "Test" position

Alarm contact type

Contact type	Link soldered			
	LK1	LK2		
Contact open in alarm state (PLU code)	Yes	No		
Contact closed in alarm state (IPU code)	No	Yes		

Table 4-8 Configuration of alarm contact type

Chapter 5

OPERATION

Contents	Page
Thyristor firing mode	. 5-2
General	
Supply variation compensation	.5-2
Logic mode	
Burst firing mode	
PLU detection	

TC2000 User Manual 5-1

Chapter 5 OPERATION

THYRISTOR FIRING MODE

General



TC2000 series unit thyristors switch on and off at the zero supply voltage for each phase. This firing mode eliminates the steep fronts of the supply voltage applied to the load, does not apply disturbances on the supply and, above all, prevents the generation of interference.

The synchronisation of firing at zero voltage also means it is no longer necessary to detect the order of the phases beforehand when wiring the unit on a three-phase supply (except when the unit has the PLU/IPU option).

The thyristor firing mode of the TC2000 series units is determined by the type of operation of the unit (static contactor or power thyristor unit):

- the solid state contactors possess the Logic firing mode
- the power thyristor units possess the Burst firing mode.

For both these modes, the thyristor firing includes a whole number of alternations.

The modulation of the supply voltage applied to the load is performed:

- for the solid state contactors, by an external controller (e.g. temperature controller) with the use of a logic controller output;
- for the power thyristor units, by the internal modulator with an analogue input.

Supply variation compensation

TC2000 series power thyristor units with an analogue control are equipped with a compensation function for voltage variations within the range: + 10 % to - 15 %.

This voltage is measured on the power supply.

To benefit from the supply voltage variation compensation functions, the power supply must be connected to the **same voltage** as the **power** (use of an external step-down transformer, if necessary).

Without a compensation of the supply voltage variations, a decrease (or increase) of 10% in the supply voltage would lead to a decrease (or increase) of 20% in the power sent to the load. By compensating for the supply voltage variation simultaneously, the thyristor unit does not transmit a power variation to the load, thus preventing fluctuations of the controlled value and the intervention of the controller.

5-2 TC2000 User Manual

"Logic" mode

The "Logic" mode of thyristor firing (also known as the "ON/OFF" mode) con, trols power in the load as a proportion of the firing time specified by the logic control signal.

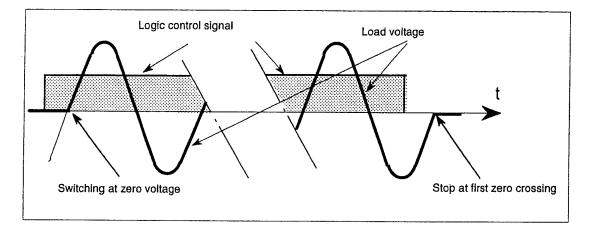


Figure 5-1 "Logic" firing mode

This firing mode is activated by a logic input signal greater than an "ON state" threshold (full thyristor firing), provided that the input signal is not less than an "OFF state" threshold.

Attention!



In logic firing mode (except specific application), use a control signal with an external modulation period less than 10 s to reduce aging due to thermal fatigue of various elements of the installation (heating elements, thyristors, thyristor protection high-speed fuses) as much as possible and thus increase their service life.

TC2000 User Manual 5-3

"Burst firing" mode

In Burst firing mode, the power dissipated in the load is defined by the ratio of the thyristor firing period (T_F) and the modulation period (T_M).

The power delivered by a thyristor unit in Burst firing mode is therefore set by the firing period T_F varying within the modulation period T_M .

The load power is proportional to the firing rate τ which depends on the firing period (T_F) and the non-firing period (T_{NF}) :

$$\tau = \frac{T_F}{T_F}$$

 $\tau = \frac{T_F}{T_F + T_{NF}}$ or, using the modulation period $(T_M = T_F + T_{NF})$, the firing rate (or cyclic ratio) can be expressed by:

$$\tau = \frac{T_F}{T_M} \qquad \text{which is inversely proportional to } T_M.$$
 The load power can be expressed by:

$$P = \tau \cdot P_{MAX}$$
 ,

where P_{MAX} represents the load power during the thyristor firing.

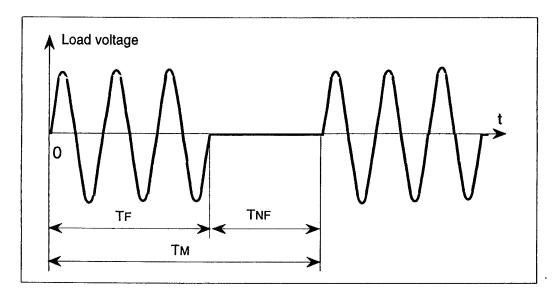


Figure 5-2 Burst firing periods

5-4 TC2000 User Manual Using a variable modulation period according to the output power, the adjustment precision of the TC2000 unit is adapted to each specific setpoint zone.

At 50 % power, the typical value of the modulation period is 0.6 s ($T_F = T_{NF} = 0.3$ s).

- For a zone less than 50 % of the maximum setpoint, the firing period is decreased and the modulation period is increased.
- In the power zone greater than 50%, the non-firing period is reduced with the increase in the modulation period.

E.g.:

• for 50% power : $T_F = 300 \text{ ms}$, $T_M = 600 \text{ ms}$ • for 5 % power : $T_F = 250 \text{ ms}$, $T_M = 5 \text{ s}$ • for 90 % power : $T_F = 2.25 \text{ s}$, $T_M = 2.5 \text{ s}$

The unit output power is thus perfectly linear between 0 and 100 % of maximum power for the analogue signal varying between 4 and 84% of the maximum scale. The control does not have an adjustment stage as in fixed modulation period units.

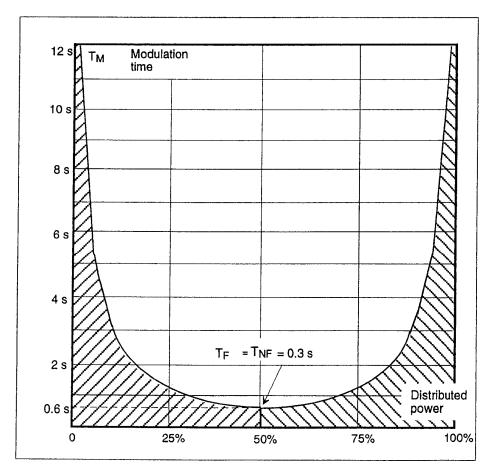


Figure 5-3 Modulation time as a function of power

TC2000 User Manual 5-5

PLU DETECTION

The partial load unbalance detection system (in three-phase operation only) provides an alarm for a current unbalance ΔI of

$$\Delta I = \pm 10\%$$
. I_{Load}

for a balanced three-phase load.

This partial load unbalance (PLU) detection is available as an option only for the three-phase configuration for:

- power thyristor units
- solid state contactors with the dc logic input.

The PLU option requires an auxiliary power supply irrespective of the type of unit cooling (fan-cooled or not fan-cooled) and the input type.

The PLU board is mounted perpendicularly on the driver board (see figure 4-1).

The PLU alarm relay, located on the PLU board, is deactivated in alarm status.

Depending on the code on the identification label, two types of alarm relay switch are available on the user terminal block (below the unit):

- switch N/O open in alarm status (code PLU)
- switch N/C closed in alarm status (code IPU).

The relay break-make contact cut-off capacity:

0.25 A at 250 Vac or 30 Vdc.

Chapter 6

COMMISSIONING PROCEDURE

Contents	Page
Commissioning procedure safety	6-2
Checking the characteristics	6-3
Load current	6-3
Supply voltage	6-3
Auxiliary power supply voltage	6-4
Input signals	
PLU detection (optional)	
PLU detection adjustment (optional)	
Adjustment equipment	
Initially balanced load	
Initially unbalanced load	

TC2000 User Manual 6-1

Chapter 6 COMMISSIONING PROCEDURE

Read this chapter carefully before commissioning the thyristor unit

COMMISSIONING PROCEDURE SAFETY

Important!



Eurotherm cannot be held responsible for any damage to persons or property or for any financial loss or costs resulting from the incorrect use of the product or the failure to observe the instructions contained in this manual.

It is therefore the user's responsibility to ensure that all the nominal values of the power unit are compatible with the conditions of use and installation before commissioning the unit.

\$\ .

Danger!

Dangerous live parts may be accessible when the front door is open.

Only personnel qualified and authorised to work in industrial low voltage electrical environments can access inside the unit, after it has been insulated (wait for at least 5 s before accessing inside the unit).

Access to internal components of the unit is prohibited to users who are not authorised to work in industrial low voltage electrical environments.

The temperature of the heatsink may exceed 100°C. Avoid all contact, even occasional, with the heatsink if unit it operational.

The heatsink remains hot for approximately 15 min after the unit has been switched off.

6-2 TC2000 User Manual

CHECKING THE CHARACTERISTICS

Attention!



Before connecting the unit to an electrical supply, make sure that the **identification code** of the thyristor power unit corresponds to the coding specified in the **order** and that the characteristics of the unit are **compatible** with the installation.

Load current

The maximum current in a load phase must be less than or equal to the value of the nominal current of the TC2000 series unit for operation at a specified temperature.

In three-phase operation, if the three identical loads are configured as closed delta, the line current of the thyristor unit is $\sqrt{3}$ times as high as the current of each arm of the delta.

If the three-phase load is presented by its power (P), the line current of the three-phase load for all configuration types can be calculated as follows:

$$I = \frac{P}{\sqrt{3} \times V_L}$$

(in this equation V_{r} represents the line to line voltage).

Supply voltage

For star configurations without neutral or closed delta, the nominal value of the TC2000 series unit voltage must be greater than or equal to the **line to line** voltage of the supply used.

Danger!



Never use a thyristor unit with a supply voltage greater than the nominal voltage specified on the serial number label code.

TC2000 User Manual 6-3

Auxiliary power supply voltage

The auxiliary power supply voltage is determined on the unit order.

It powers the actual electronics (for power thyristor units and for static contactors with the PLU / IPU option) and the fans of units with permanent fan-cooling (100 A to 500 A nominal current).

The auxiliary voltage is set to 100-110-115-120 Vac or 200-220-230-240 Vac according to the type of internal transformer. The auxiliary power supply transformers are selected in the factory, according to the coding.

The configured auxiliary voltage is marked on the label of the connection user terminal block of the auxiliary voltage (below the unit) and on the identification label.

Input signals

For power thyristor units and static contactors with the PLU / IPU option, the jumper configurations on the driver board must be compatible with the levels chosen for the signals used for control (see "Configuration").

PLU detection (optional)

- Check that the unit is configured for two phase control of the three-phase load (see page 4-6).
- Check that the auxiliary power supply is correctly connected.
- Check that the loads are correctly connected (closed delta or star without neutral configuration) and that the **phase rotation order** is **direct** (1, 2, 3) as in figure 3-3, for example.

6-4 TC2000 User Manual

PLU DETECTION ADJUSTMENT (optional)

Partial load unbalance (PLU) detection is possible as an option for power thyristor units and for static contactors with the dc signal.

The PLU detection circuit is adjusted in the factory for the nominal current and voltage in the three-phase configuration.

To retain the PLU detection performances with the real load which may be different to that defined in the order, the possibility of on-site adjustment is provided for.

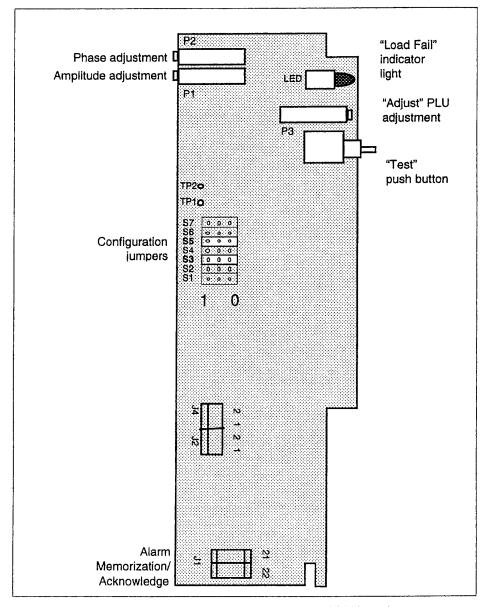


Figure 6-1 Location of adjustment equipment on the PLU board

TC2000 User Manual 6-5

Adjustment equipment

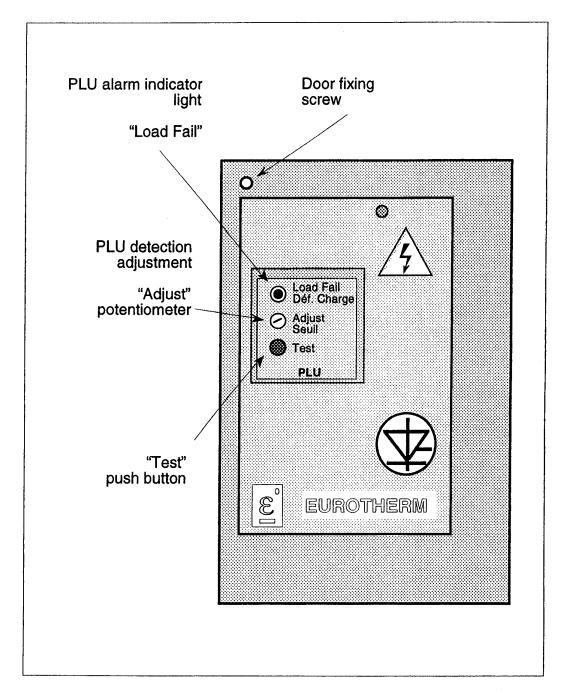


Figure 6-2 Location of adjustment equipment on the front fascia of the unit

6-6 TC2000 User Manual

Initially balanced load

- Set the thyristor unit to continuous firing (three-phase configuration)
- Turn the adjustment potentiometer (marked "Adjust" on the front fascia) to the limit anti-clockwise (minimum sensitivity).

If the "Load Fail" indicator light is lit, wait for a few seconds until it goes off.

- Press the "Test" push button and keep it in this position.
 Turn the adjustment potentiometer slowly clockwise until the indicator light comes on.
- Release the "Test" button and check that the "Load Fail" indicator light goes off after a few moments. Otherwise, repeat the adjustment.
- Press the "Test" button again, the "Load Fail" indicator light should light up; the PLU alarm relay then changes status.
 Release the button.
- Decrease the control signal (to approximately 50%) and check that the alarm is not triggered.

Press the button and check the triggering of the alarm (indicator light and relay).

Note: If abnormal operation is observed during the adjustment:



- switch off the thyristor unit and insulate it
- set jumper S5 on the PLU board to position 1 (see figure 6-1)
- resume the adjustment.

The last adjustment must only be made by personnel qualified and authorised to work in an industrial electrical low voltage environment.

TC2000 User Manual 6-7

Initially unbalanced load

If the load is initially unbalanced, to obtain optimum PLU detection sensitivity, the PLU board must be recalibrated with power on.



Danger!

This adjustment must only be made by personnel qualified and authorised to work in an industrial low voltage electrical environment

- Set jumper S3 on the PLU board to position 1 (see figure 6-1).
- Turn the "Adjust" potentiometer on the front fascia completely clockwise (see figure 6-2).
- Set the thyristor unit to full firing.
- Using the potentiometers **P1** (signal amplitude) and **P2** (signal phase) located on the PLU board, adjust in alternation to obtain the minimum of the error voltage.

This voltage is available between the test points TP1 and TP2 on the PLU board.

• Reset jumper S3 to position 0.

Follow the adjustment procedure described for the initially balanced load.

6-8 TC2000 User Manual

Chapter 7

MAINTENANCE

Contents	Page
Thyristor protection	7-2
Thyristor protection fuses	
Fuse blown indication micro-switch	7 - 5
Protection fuses for auxiliary power supply connection	7-6
Servicing	7-7
Tools	
Configuration recapitulatory tables	7-9
Driver board	
PLU board (optional)	7-10

TC2000 User Manual 7-1

Chapter 7 MAINTENANCE

Danger!



The unit must be maintained by qualified personnel only

THYRISTOR PROTECTION

The thyristors of the TC2000 series power units are protected as follows:

- internal high-speed fuses against over-currents;
- RC snubber and varistors against too fast voltage variations and transient over-voltages when the thyristors are not conductors.
- thermal switch (for units with permanent fan cooling, nominal current greater than or equal to 100 A); in the event of accidental overheating of the cooler (for 100 to 500 A units), the thermal switch opens, which causes the thyristor firing to be stopped.

7-2 TC2000 User Manual

THYRISTOR PROTECTION FUSES

The standard version of TC2000 series units is supplied with high-speed fuses mounted on the line busbars.

Attention



High-speed fuses are only used for the internal protection of thyristors against wide amplitude over-loads.

These high-speed fuses may under no circumstances be used to **protect the installation.**



The user's installation **must be protected** (non-high-speed fuses, thermal or electromagnetic circuit breaker, suitable fuse-isolator) and comply with current standards.



The use of any fuses other than those recommended for thyristor protection renders the thyristor unit guarantee null and void (see table 7-1).

TC2000 User Manual 7-3

Table 7-1 contains all the references of the original internal fuses (when the thyristor unit leaves the factory) and the fuse which can be used for replacements during maintenance.

Maximum line-to-line voltage: 500 V.

Nominal current		Reference					
Th. unit (A)	Fuse (A)	EUROTHERM	FERRAZ	BUSSMANN			
60	80	LA172468U080	S300051	170M3461			
75	100	LA172468U100	T300052	170M3462			
100	125	LA172468U125	V300053	170M3463			
150	200	LA172468U200	X300055	170M3465			
250	315	LA172468U315	Q300003	170 M 4460			
300	400	LA172468U400	H300065	170M5458			
400	500	LA172468U500	K300067	170M5460			
500	630	LA172468U630	M300069	170M5462			

Table 7-1 Recommended high-speed fuses for thyristor protection

7-4 TC2000 User Manual

FUSE BLOWN INDICATION MICRO-SWITCH

As an option, high-speed fuses may be equipped with a fuse blown indication microswitch (FUMS option) with the part No.:

for BUSSMANN fuses:

EUROTHERM DC172267 or FERRAZ P96015 or BUSSMANN 170H0069 for FERRAZ fuses:

EUROTHERM DC172997 or FERRAZ G310 000

To ensure improved insulation between the cabling of the micro-switches and the power and the cover, TC2000 models with a nominal current of 60 to 100 A are supplied with the "flags" type lugs and the insulating sleeves.

Each external terminal of the fuse blown indication micro-switch must be cabled with a "flag" lug and an insulating sleeve in compliance with figure 7-1.

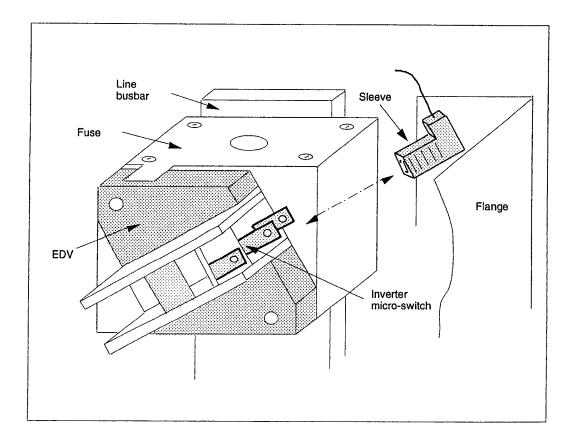


Figure 7-1 Use of "flag" lugs and insulating sleeves to observe insulating distances.

TC2000 User Manual 7-5

PROTECTION FUSES FOR AUXILIARY POWER SUPPLY CONNECTION

These fuses must be installed in each connection wire of the auxiliary power supply (see "Cabling") for the following units:

- power thyristor units
- static contactors with the PLU option
- all fan-cooled units (nominal current from 100 to 500 A).

Reference voltage (max)	1 A fuse 6.3 x 32 mm	Fuse- isolator support	Overall "Fuse- isolator" dimensions (mm)
500 V	CS174289U1A0	CP174293	63 x 15 x 52

Table 7-2 Recommended protection fuses for the auxiliary power supply connection

7-6 TC2000 User Manual

SERVICING

TC2000 thyristor units must be mounted with the heatsink positioned vertically and with no obstructions either above or below which could block the passage of the ventilation air.

Attention!



If multiple units are installed in the same cabinet, they should be arranged in such a way that the air expelled by one unit cannot be admitted into the unit located above it.

In order to ensure correct cooling of the unit, users are advised to clean the heatsink and the protective grill of the fans regularly according to the degree of environmental pollution.

Danger!



Every six months, check that the screws of the power cables and safety earth are tightened correctly (see "Cabling", page 3-3).

TC2000 User Manual 7-7

TOOLS

Operation	Flat screw- driver (mm)	Wrench	Electrical equipment
Fixing		Depending on M8 screw heads selected	
Opening (closing) of front door		CHc No. 4 for M5 screw	
Safety earth connection		HEX17 (M10) HEX19 (M12)	
Power connection (supply side) and fuse change		HEX13 (M8) (60 to 250 A) HEX17 (M10) (300 to 500 A)	
Load connection		HEX17 (M10) (25 to 250 A) HEX19 (M12) (250 to 500 A)	
Cable clamp tightening	0.5 x 3.5		
Control and auxiliary power supply connection	0.5 x 3.5		
Board fixing	0.8 x 5.5	For M4 nut	
Commissioning and calibration	0.4 x 2.5		Ammeter or RMS clip.

Table 7-3 Tools

7-8 TC2000 User Manual

CONFIGURATION RECAPITULATORY TABLES

Driver board

Burst	2 K23 K24 K25 K16/K17 K26/K27 K18/K28	<u>a</u>	NF NF Logic dc	NF NF NF Logic ac	NF NF Logic dc	P	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	d 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Input rating	A or 3Ph. K11 K12 K13 K14 K15 K21 K22	000	LV.	NF.	¥	0000	00000	00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Wiring	4 4	000	0	NF O NF	N	200000 000000	######################################	000	F F F 0 0
Signal	; ; ;	Logic 10V 5V	Logic 10V	Logic 100-240Vac	Logic 10V	Analog 0-5V 1-5V 0-10V 2-10V 0-20mA 4-20mA	Analog 0-5V 1-5V 0-10V 2-10V 0-20mA 4-20mA	Logic 10V 5V 20mA	Logic 10V 5V
=	-	Yes	S S		ė Ž	Yes or No	S S	Yes	2
Wiring	D)	Three-phase			2xSingle-phase	Three-phase	2xSingle-phase	Three-phase	2xSingle-phase
init tone	מוני נאמ	Solid State Contactor				Power unit (Burst mode)		Reconfigurated Power unit to SSC	(On/Off) Order code

불으

Jumper not fitted Indifferent jumper position

For power thyristor units the position of jumpers K18 and K28 is 0 (standard). The 1 position can be used for special applications (6 s Burst mode, C23 and C24 fitted). Note:

6-2

Maintenance

PLU board (optional)

Unit	Jumpers function	Current information	ent ation	Operation	Frequ- Test ency	Test	Phase ro	tation	PLU aları (soldere	Phase rotation PLU alarm contact (soldered links)
		S1	S 2	S3	S 4	S 5	9 S	S 7	LK1	LK2
TC2000	Current transformer secondary connected on PLU board directly		-							
	Normal operation			0						
	50 Hz 60 Hz (not standard, no ordering code)				0-					
	PLU test button unbalance action : • direct • reverse					0-				
	Phase rotation sensitive: three-phase wiring according to documentation						-			
	Phase rotation fixed							-		
	PLU alarm contact in alarm state or unit not supplied: • open (code PLU) • closed (code IPU)								10	0-

[0]: Factory set (selection possible but not codable)

INDEX

A		Connection	
		alarm relay switch	3-17
Adjustment		auxiliary power supply	y 3-9
adjustment safety	6-16	control cable	3-10
PLU detection	6-5 to 6-8	input	
Alarm acknowledge	3-18	power thyristor units	3-15, 3-16
Alarm memorisation	3-18	static contactors	3-13, 3-14
Auxiliary power supply	1-10, 3-9, 6-4	manual control	3-16
		power	3-3 to 3-8
		safety earth	3-4, 3-7 to 3-8
В		single-phase	1-2, 3-7, 3-8
		three-phase	1-2, 3-6
Burst firing mode	5-4	Consumption	1-9
		Control	1-8
		manual	3-16
C		Control signals	1-6
		Cooling	1-9
Cables (cross-section)	3-3		
Cabling	3-1		
Checking the characteristics	6-3	D	
Coding	1-10, 1-11		
Commissioning	6-1	Dimensions	2-3, 2-4
Configuration	4-1		
control signal	4-7		
operation type	4-4	E	v
possibilities	4-3		
safety during configura		Electronic boards	1-4
recapitulatory tables	7-9, 7-10	driver	4-5
Configuration jumpers		location	1-5
configuration type	4-6	PLU detection	3-18, 6-5
driver board	4-5		
inputs	4-7, 4-8		
location	4-5		
operation	4-4		
PLU board	4-9		

TC2000 User Manual Ind-1

F		M	
Feedback	5-5	Maintenance	7-1
Filter	1-5	Mechanical mounting	2-5, 2-6
Firing mode		· ·	
burst	5-4		
logic	5-3	O	
Fixing	3-4, 3-5		
Frequency	1-7	Operating temperature	1-9
Front fascia	6-6	Operation	5-1
Fuses		power thyristor units	1-2
auxiliary voltage	3-9	static contactors	1-2
blown indication micro	switch 7-5	Options	1-9, 1-11
power	7-3, 7-4	Overall view	1-5
G		P	
General introduction to the u	ınit 1-2	Partial load unbalance	5-6, 6-4
Grounding	3-10, 3-11	Permanent fan cooling	2-2
		PLU adjustment potentiomet	er 6-5 to 6-8
		PLU alarm	1-9, 3-17, 6-5
I		adjustment	6-5 to 6-8
		cabling	3-17
Identifying the unit	1-1	checking	6-4
Input impedance	1-8	configuration	4-9, 4-10
Installation	2-1, 2-6	relay	5-6
Insulation	1-8	PLU alarm relay	3-6
		PLU sensitivity	5-6
		Power thyristor units	1-2,1-6
L		Protective covers	1-3
Logic (firing mode)	5-3		

nd-2 TC2000 User Manual

S		U	
commissioning configuration fuses installation maintenance PLU adjustment	-2, 3-3, 3-13 6-2, 6-3, 6-8 4-2 7-3 3-2 7-2, 7-7 6-7, 6-8	User terminal block auxiliary power supply driver PLU relay switch terminal capacity	1-3 3-9 3-12 3-17 3-3, 3-13, 3-14
Safety earth Screw tightening cable clamp control power Serial number labels Servicing Shield Supply variation compensation	3-2, 3-4 3-11 3-13 3-3 1-12 7-7 3-10, 3-11 n 5-2	Weight	2-4
T Technical data Thermal switch Thyristor firing Time firing modulation Tools	1-7 to 1-9 1-7 5-2 5-4 5-5 7-8		

Ind-3

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