

TOSHIBA BiCMOS Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

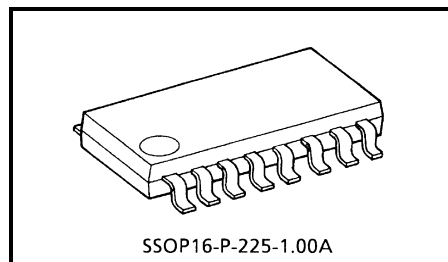
TB9000AFG

5 V Voltage Regulator with Watchdog Timer

The TB9000AFG is an IC specially designed for microcomputer systems in automobiles. It features low standby current and various system reset functions.

With an external pass Tr., the TB9000AFG can supply a high output current. A current limiter function is incorporated as a protective function.

System reset includes low-voltage reset, power-on reset, and watchdog timer functionality.



Weight: 0.14 g (typ.)

Features

- Accurate output: $5.0\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$
- Low current consumption: $120\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ ($V_{\text{IN}} = 12\text{ V}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$) at 5 V output + reset timer
- Reset functions: Low-voltage reset/power-on reset/watchdog timer
- Current limiter: Adjustable with external resistor
- Operating temperature: -40 to 125°C
- Small SMD package: SSOP-16-pin

About solderability, the following conditions were confirmed.

Solderability

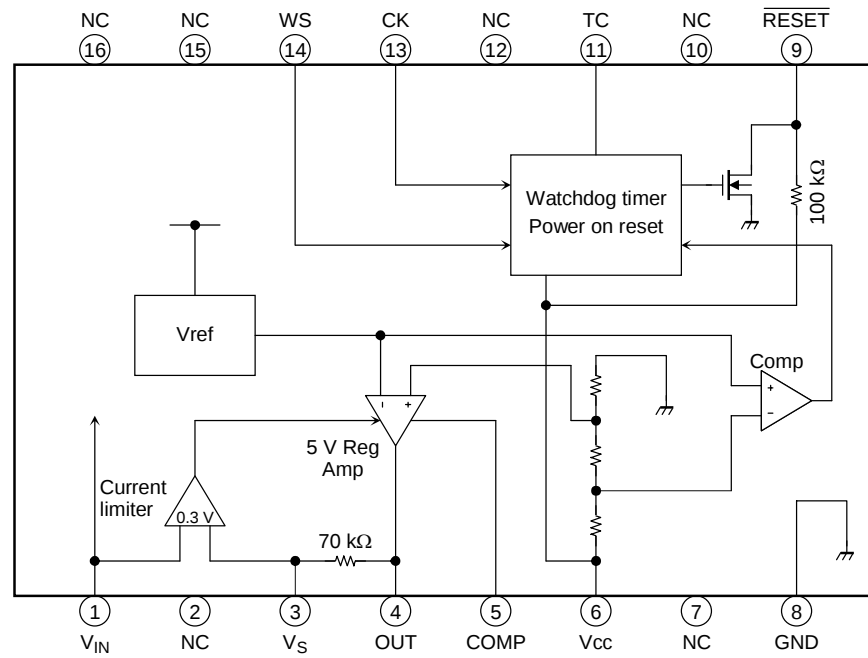
(1) Use of Sn-37Pb solder Bath

- solder bath temperature = 230°C
- dipping time = 5 seconds
- the number of times = once
- use of R-type flux

(2) Use of Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Bath

- solder bath temperature = 245°C
- dipping time = 5 seconds
- the number of times = once
- use of R-type flux

Block Diagram & Pin Layout



Note: Some functional blocks, circuits, or constants are omitted or simplified in the block diagram to clarify the descriptions of the relevant features.

Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	V _{IN}	Power supply input pin. It contains a current limiter and startup circuit.
3	V _S	Detection pin for the V _{CC} current limiter. Any voltage drop occurring in the external resistor R _S between pins V _{IN} and V _S is monitored. The current limiter is actuated when the voltage drop exceeds 0.3 V. Ex.) When the current limiter need to be actuated at a load current of 600 mA: $R_S = 0.3 \text{ V} / 600 \text{ mA} = 0.5 \Omega$.
4	OUT	This pin is used to connect the base of an external PNP transistor. The output voltage is controlled by an internal op-amp to maintain it stably at 5 V. Since the recommended I _{OUT} current is 8 mA, an output current of 600 mA can be run if H _{FE} of the external transistor is 80 or more.
5	COMP	Phase-compensating pin for V _{CC} . Connect a phase-compensating capacitor between pin V _{CC} and this pin.
6	V _{CC}	Voltage detection pin for the 5 V constant-voltage power supply, V _{CC} . It also supplies power to the reset timer circuit.
8	GND	Grounded
9	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Reset output pin for power-on reset and watchdog timer. Generates a reset signal that is determined by CT at the TC pin. If no clock is fed to the CK input, this pin generates a reset pulse intermittently. This is an N-MOS drain output with a 100 k Ω pull-up resistor to V _{CC} .
11	TC	Time setup pin for the reset and watchdog timers. Connect capacitor CT to GND. The time is set up by internal constant current.
13	CK	Clock input pin for the watchdog timer. This pin detects the rising edge of the input signal and does not require external coupling capacitor.
14	WS	Watchdog timer function ON/OFF control pin. Set to LOW for active mode and HIGH for inactive mode.
2, 7, 10, 12, 15, 16	NC	Not connected. (Electrically, this pin is completely open.)

Functional Description

The TB9000AFG incorporates a constant-voltage 5 V power supply function to feed stable power to the CPU, while the system reset and CPU monitor functions ensure stable operation of the CPU, etc. These functions are explained below.

(1) Constant-Voltage 5 V Power Supply Function

This constant-voltage function has a reference voltage V_{ref} in the IC that is insusceptible to temperature changes and input voltage fluctuations. The power supply circuit is designed in such a way that this voltage is stepped up to 5 V by using an OP amp and a voltage-dividing resistor. The OP amp, dividing resistor and an output transistor connected to the OP amp output together configure a closed loop.

An overcurrent protection function is incorporated as a protective measure in case a fault such as shorting to GND occurs in the 5 V output. A current detecting resistor is inserted between the VIN and the VS pins, and a voltage drop across this resistor is detected by a comparator, thereby suppressing the operation of the OP amp to ensure that the voltage drop will not exceed 0.3 V. In this way, a current limiter function is actuated to prevent any more current from flowing.

(2) System Reset Function (see Timing Charts)

- **Voltage monitoring function**

When powered on, the power-on reset timer starts counting the moment the voltage V_{CC} applied to the CPU exceeds V_{TH} . When powered off, this voltage monitoring function outputs a reset signal immediately when V_{CC} drops below V_{TH} . A reset signal is also output immediately when V_{CC} drops for some reason during normal operation. Then, when V_{CC} is restored to the normal voltage and exceeds V_{TH} , the power-on reset timer starts counting.

The reset signal is output from the $\overline{RESET}$ pin.

- **Power-on reset timer function**

To allow the 5 V constant voltage to stabilize at power-on, as well as provide sufficient time for the clock oscillation in the CPU to stabilize, the device remains reset for a predetermined time before being released from the reset state. The duration of this time can be set as desired by choosing appropriate values for the external capacitor connected to the TC pin.

The system starts charging the capacitor when the V_{CC} voltage exceeds V_{TH} . When this charge voltage exceeds 4 V, the capacitor is discharged by the IC's internal transistor. When the capacitor is discharged down to 2 V, the reset signal is inverted to deactivate the reset.

- **Watchdog timer function**

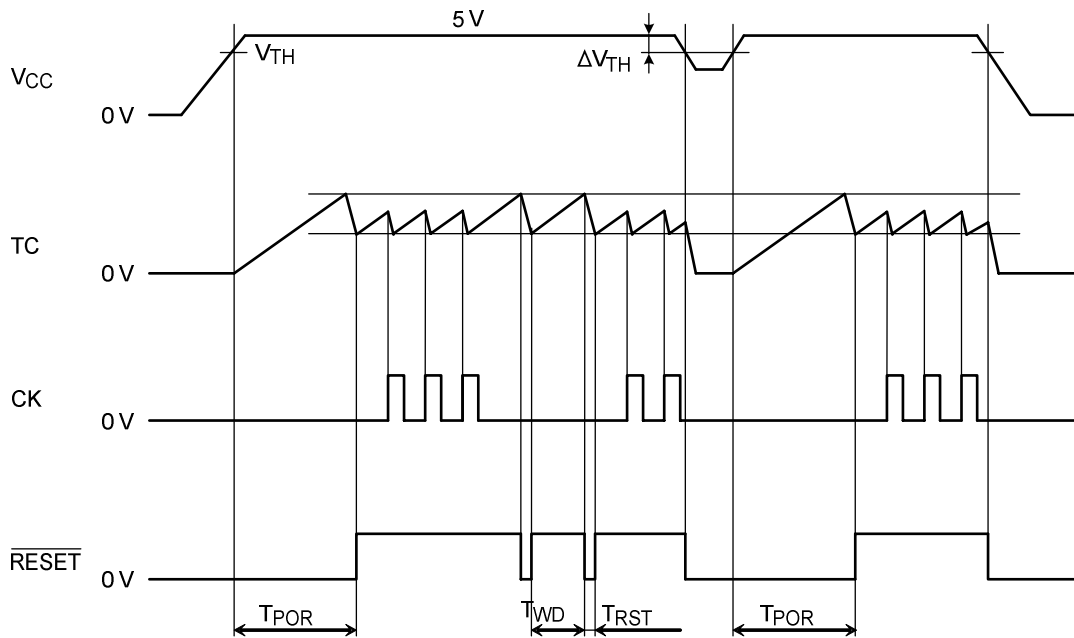
Program your system to output a clock each time one program routine is finished in the CPU system software, and input this clock to the CK pin of the IC. The IC's TC pin is repeatedly charged and discharged between 2 V and 4 V. However, when a clock is input, it switches over and starts discharging in the middle of charging and then starts charging from 2 V again. Since the clock is generated at predetermined intervals when the CPU system is operating normally, the TC pin switches over and starts discharging before the charge voltage reaches 4 V. However, if no clock is input while being charged from 2 V to 4 V, the clock is assumed to have stopped, i.e., the CPU system has gone wild, so that a reset signal is output to reset the CPU system.

- **Watchdog timer stop function**

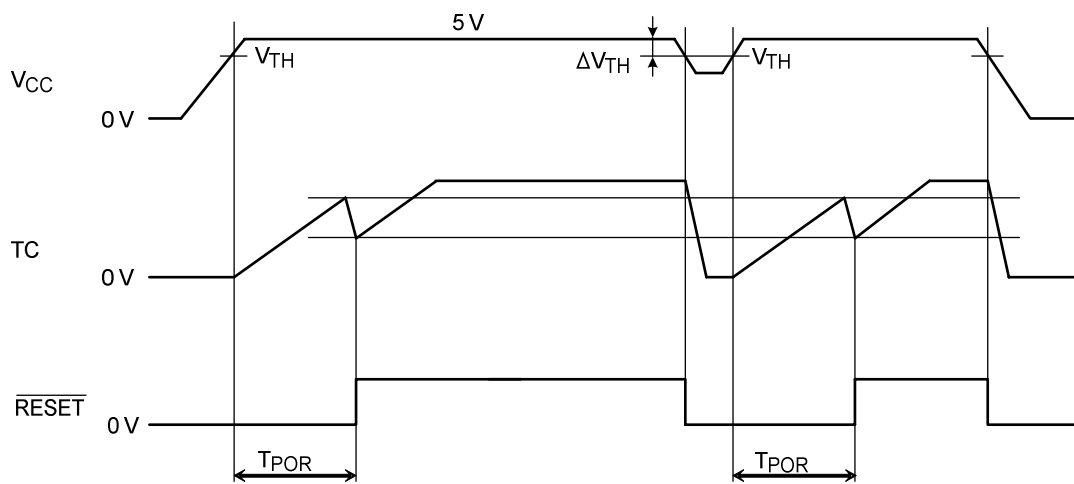
The watchdog timer can be switched ON or OFF by use of the WS pin. If the WS pin is fixed to LOW, the watchdog timer will be active. (See Timing Chart 1.) If the WS pin is fixed to HIGH, the watchdog timer will be inactive. (See Timing Chart 2.) When the WS pin is fixed to HIGH, no reset signal is output, in which case only the power-on reset timer is useful.

Note: The overcurrent protection feature is intended only to protect the IC from a temporary short circuit. A short circuit over an extended period of time may place excessive stress on the IC, possibly causing it to be damaged. The system must be configured so that any overcurrent condition will be eliminated as soon as possible.

Timing Chart 1: WS = LOW



Timing Chart 2: WS = HIGH



Note 1: Definitions of symbols used in this timing chart are provided in the Electrical Characteristics table.

Note 2: Timing charts may be simplified to clarify the descriptions of features and operations.

Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Pin	Rating	Unit
Input voltage	V _{IN1}	V _{IN} , V _S	45 (1 s)	V
	V _{IN2}	V _{CC}	6.0	
	V _{IN3}	CK, WS, TC	V _{CC}	
Output current	I _{OUT1}	OUT	10	mA
	I _{OUT2}	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	5	
Output voltage	V _{OUT1}	OUT	45 (1 s)	V
	V _{OUT2}	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	V _{CC}	
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	–	–40 to 125	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	–	–55 to 150	°C

Note: The absolute maximum ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of specified parameter values that must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant.

If any of these levels is exceeded during operation, the device's electrical characteristics may be irreparably altered and the reliability and lifetime of the device can no longer be guaranteed, possibly causing damage to any other equipment with which it is used. Applications using the device should be designed so that the absolute maximum ratings will never be exceeded in any operating conditions.

Ensuring that the parameter values remain within these specified ranges during device operation will help to ensure that the integrity of the device is not compromised.

Electrical Characteristics(Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 6$ to 16 V, $I_{LOAD} = 10$ mA, $T_a = -40$ to 125°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Pin	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Output voltage	VREG	V_{CC}	—	$T_a = -40$ to 105°C	4.85	5.0	5.15	V
				$T_a = -40$ to 125°C	4.82	5.0	5.15	
Line regulation	VLINE	V_{CC}	—	$V_{IN} = 6$ to 40 V	—	0.1	0.5	%
Load regulation	VLOAD	V_{CC}	—	$I_{LOAD} = 1$ to 300 mA	—	0.2	1.0	%
Temperature coefficient	—	V_{CC}	—		—	0.01	—	%/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Output voltage	VOL	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	—	$I_{OL} = 2$ mA	—	—	0.3	V
Output leakage current	ILEAK	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	—	$V_{IN}(\overline{\text{RESET}}) = V_{CC}$	—	—	5	μA
Input current	IIN	TC	—	$V_{IN}(\text{TC}) = \text{GND}$	—	-10	—	μA
Input current	IIN	CK	—	$V_{IN}(\text{CK}) = 0$ to V_{CC}	-5	—	5	μA
Input current	IIN	WS	—	$V_{IN}(\text{WS}) = 0$ to V_{CC}	-5	—	5	μA
Input voltage	V_{IH}	CK	—		$0.8 V_{CC}$	—	—	V
	V_{IL}				—	—	$0.2 V_{CC}$	
Input voltage	V_{IH}	WS	—		$0.8 V_{CC}$	—	—	V
	V_{IL}				—	—	$0.2 V_{CC}$	
Current limiter detection	VLIMIT	V_{IN}, V_S	—		0.225	0.3	0.375	V
Current consumption	I_{CC}	—	—	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}, V_{IN} = 12$ V	—	120	170	μA
				$T_a = -40$ to $125^\circ\text{C}, V_{IN} = 12$ V	—	120	190	
Reset detection voltage	V_{TH}	V_{CC}	—		4.0	4.2	4.4	V
	ΔV_{TH}			$V_{CC} - V_{TH}$	0.45	0.80	1.15	
Power-on reset	TPOR	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	—		$280 \times \text{CT}$	$400 \times \text{CT}$	$520 \times \text{CT}$	ms
Watchdog timer	TWD	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	—		$140 \times \text{CT}$	$200 \times \text{CT}$	$260 \times \text{CT}$	ms
Reset timer	TRST	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	—		$4.0 \times \text{CT}$	$8.0 \times \text{CT}$	$12.0 \times \text{CT}$	ms
Clock pulse width	T_w	CK	—		3	—	—	μs

Note 1: CT is measured in units of μF .

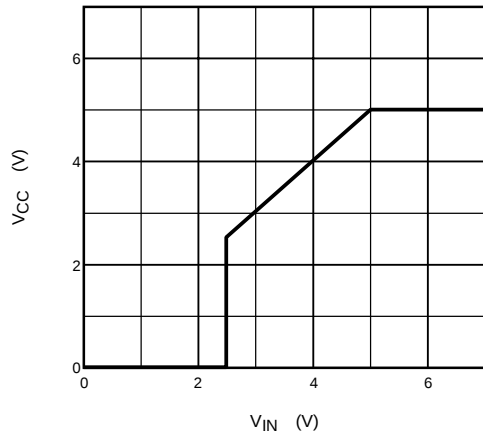
Note 2: The specification values for power-on reset, watchdog timer and reset timer above are guaranteed only for the IC itself. Any practical application of the IC should take into account fluctuations in the CT value.

Note 3: For the above current consumption I_{CC} , it is specified that $I_{LOAD} = 0$ mA.**Operating Conditions**

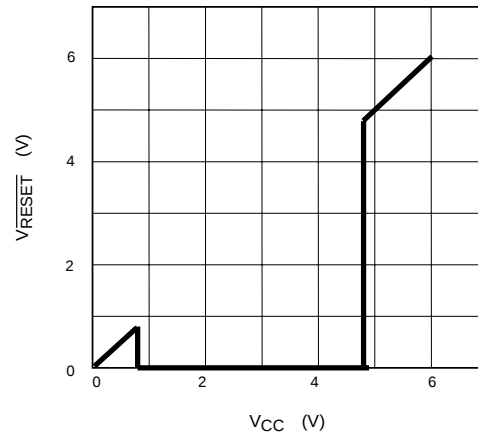
Part Name	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
CT	0.01	0.25	10	μF

Reference Characteristics

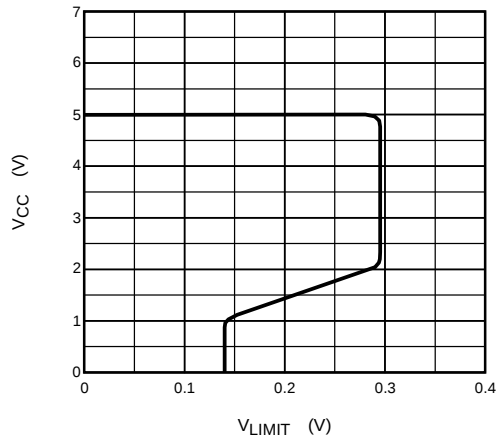
Input – Output Characteristics



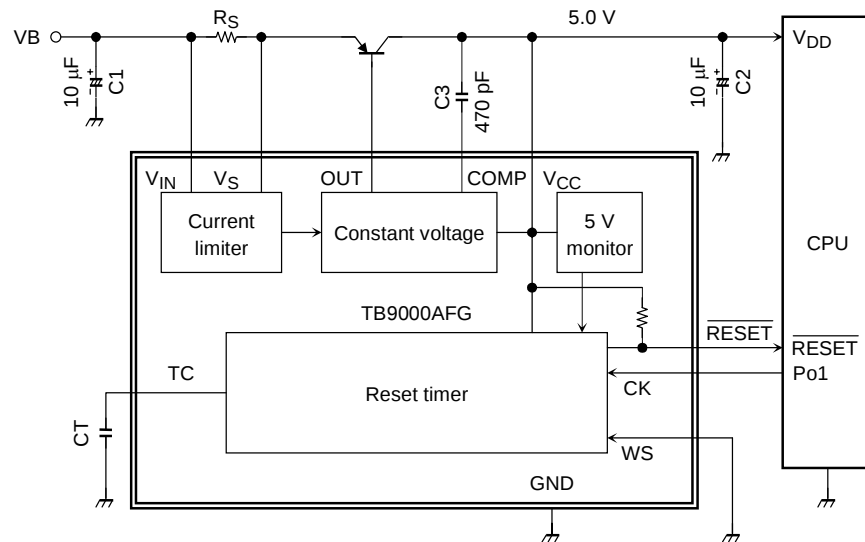
$\overline{RESET}$ Output Characteristics



Current Limiter Characteristics



Example of Application Circuit



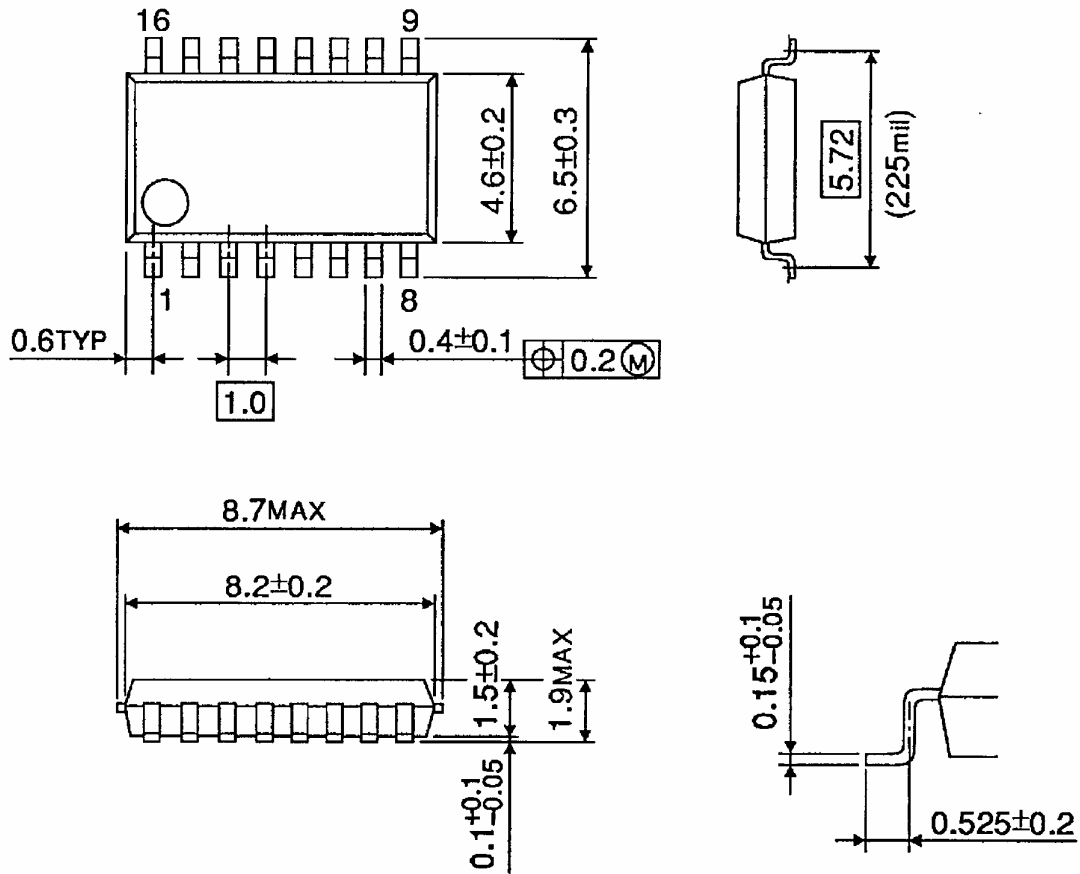
Caution for Wiring

- Note 1: C1 and C2 are for absorbing disturbances, noise, etc. C3 is for phase compensation. Connect each capacitor as close to the IC as possible.
- Note 2: Ensure that the IC is mounted correctly. Failure to do so may result in the IC or target equipment being damaged.
- Note 3: The application circuit shown above is not intended to guarantee mass production. A thorough evaluation is required when designing an application circuit for mass production.

Package Dimensions

SSOP16-P-225-1.00A

Unit : mm



Weight: 0.14 g (typ.)

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