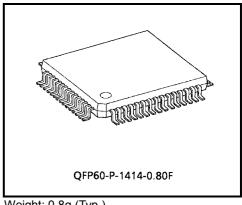
TENTATIVE TOSHIBA BIPOLAR LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

TA8795BF

VIDEO SIGNAL PROCESSOR IC FOR LCD TVs

Offered in a flat 60-pin plastic package, the TA8795BF is a multi-system IC integrating video, chroma, and sync signal processor circuits for PAL, NTSC, and SECAM systems with B, G, M, and N variations. Such automatic signal detection functions as PAL / NTSC / SECAM chroma system detection, 4.43 / 3.58MHz subcarrier detection, and 50 / 60Hz vertical sync frequency detection make this IC ideal for processing the signals of portable LCD televisions designed to be used anywhere in the world. (Uses M / N PAL external detection.)



Weight: 0.8g (Typ.)

FEATURES

Video circuit

- Brightness control, unicolor control
- Second-order differential sharpness control
- Black stretch circuit
- DC restoration adjustable circuit
- Demodulation output circuit
- YNR (coring)
- y correction (two-point approximation)

Chroma circuit

- Color control, tint control
- Automatic detection of PAL / NTSC / SECAM systems, system forced mode
- Automatic detection of 3.58 / 4.43MHz subcarrier frequency (M / N PAL detected externally)
- Direct PAL demodulation (without 1H delay line)

Sync circuit

- Auto slice sync separator circuit
- Countdown horizontal oscillator circuit
- Automatic detection of 50 / 60Hz vertical sync frequency
- Sync separation output

Demodulation output circuit

Selectable output between RGB and YUV

damage to property.

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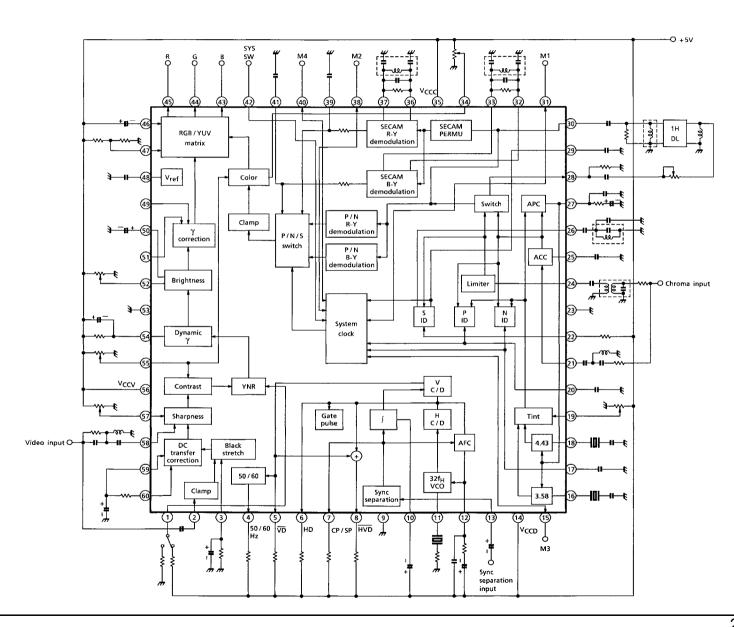
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BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN FUNCTIONS

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE	
1	YNR switch	YNR circuit switching pin. This pin also features a SECAM inhibit mode. For switching between the modes, see the Technical Data on P.13.	LEZOKA R R R	
2	Yin	Video signal input pin. The typical input level is 0.5V _{p-p} .	2 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	
3	Maximum black detection	Maximum black level detection filter pin.	3 88.0 3 88.0 3 25.0 3	
4	50 / 60Hz output	Detects 50 / 60Hz vertical sync frequency. 50Hz triggers low-level output; 60Hz triggers high-level output.	Φ [#] 0 0 S	
5	VD	VD output pin.	5 6 1κΩ ()	
6	HD output	HD output pin.	8 TOTAL Logic	
8	HD +VD output	HD +VD output pin.	☐ ST REF LOGIC	
7	CP / SP output	CP / SP output pin.	30kn Amos Amos Amos Bunda Bund	
9	Def. GND	Def. ground pin.	-	

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE
10	Vertical sync separation filter	Vertical sync signal separation filter pin.	(a) 15k0 mm (b) 15k0 mm (c) 2.5 kA
11	32f _H VCO	32f _H VCO connecting pin.	500 //A 1kΩ
12	AFC filter	AFC filter pin.	(2) 1kΩ (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)
13	Sync separation input	Sync signal separation input pin. The typical input level is 1V _{p-p} .	10kΩ \$\frac{\pi}{\pi}\$ \\ \frac{20kΩ}{\pi} \\ \frac{20kΩ}{\pi} \\ \frac{\pi}{\pi} \\ \fra
14	Def. V _{CC}	Def. V _{CC} pin.	_

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE
15	M3 (Mode switch 3)	Receive mode switching pin. For switching between the modes, see the Technical Data on P.12 and 13.	30kΩ
16	3.58 / M / N VCXO	Connects 3.58MHz / M / N subcarrier VCXO.	Phase shift circuit CW output
18	4.43MHz VCXO	Connects 4.43MHz subcarrier VCXO.	Pin 16: $R=2.5k\Omega$ Pin 18: $R=1.5k\Omega$
17	NTSC ID	NTSC signal identification pin.	G.P. Burst CW DET S G DET S G D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D
19	Tint	Tint adjustment pin.	50 AA 4 KU
20	PAL ID	PAL signal identification pin.	G.P. Burst CW DET G D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE
21	Chroma input	PAL / NTSC chroma signal input pin.	3kΩ 5kΩ 5kΩ 00000000000000000000000000000
22	SECAM ID. Switch	SECAM H-ID / V-ID switching pin. High level : H ID Low level : H+V ID	© 20kΩ 20kΩ 50kΩ
23	Chroma GND	Chroma ground pin.	_
24	SECAM input	SECAM chroma signal input pin.	24 3kΩ 4 007
25	ACC filter	ACC filter pin.	(3)
26	S-ID detector	SECAM ID detector pin.	80 AH 08 D 100b AH 000

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE	
27	APC filter	Chroma APC filter pin.	G.P. Burst APC ON DET ON STANDARD SOLO SOLO SOLO SOLO SOLO SOLO SOLO SOL	
28	1H delay line output	Outputs to the 1H delay line.	1H delay (28) line drive	
29	SECAM ID	SECAM ID filter pin.	G.P. Burst DET S9 ANS	
30	1H delay line input	Inputs to the 1H delay line.	2VF 10kΩ 10kΩ 10kΩ 10kΩ 10kΩ 10kΩ 10kΩ 10kΩ	
31	M1 (Mode switch 1)	Receive mode switching pin. For switching between the modes, see the Technical Data on P.12 and 13.	30KD 30KD	

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE
32 33	SECAM B-Y detection 1, 2	SECAM B-Y demodulation pins.	32, 36 Q X X X X X X X X X X X X X
36 37	SECAM R-Y detection 1, 2	SECAM R-Y demodulation pins.	33 37 500Ω 18pF 18pF
34	Color	Color adjustment pin.	34 40 K Ω V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V
35	Chroma V _{CC}	Chroma V _{CC} pin.	_
38	M2 (Mode switch 2)	Receive mode switching pin. For switching between the modes, see the Technical Data on P.12 and 13.	жа 35k0 35k0 7.5k0 (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8)
39 40	SECAM de-emphasis	SECAM de-emphasis pins.	39 12kΩ 41 P/N/S switch

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE	
40	M4 (Mode switch 4)	Receive mode switching pin. For witching between the modes, see the Technical Data on P.12 and 13.	30kn 30kn 5kn 15kn	
42	SYS SW (system switch)	Receiver system switch. For system switching, see the Technical Data on P.12.	(2) 40kΩ 10kΩ 10kΩ 10kΩ	
43 44 45	R, G, B output	R (R-Y), G (Y), and B (B-Y) output pins.	43 44 45 45 43 44 45 45 43 44 45 45 23	
46	Clamp filter	G output clamp filter.	(a) 40kΩ (b) 40kΩ (c) 4	
47	PIP switch	R G B, and R-Y, B-Y, and Y output switch. Also switches between clamp pulse output and sync pulse separation output of pin 7. For switching between the modes, see the Technical Data on P.13.	RGB/YUV SP CP	

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE
48	V _{ref.} filter	V _{ref.} filter pin.	200m4
50	Brightness filter	Brightness clamp filter.	(20kΩ 20kΩ 1V a mp
52	Brightness	Brightness control pin.	Y output B.G
49	γ correction 2	Sets the γ correction point.	γ correction
51	γ correction 1	Sets the γ correction point.	(s)
53	Video GND	Video signal ground pin.	32kΩ 32kΩ 32kΩ 8.2kΩ 8.2kΩ 8.2kΩ
54	Dynamic γ filter	Dynamic γ filter pin.	(5) (4k) (5) (4k) (5) (4k) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4
55	Contrast	Contrast control pin.	Control 1/2 VCC
57	Sharpness control pin.		35 S7
56	Video V _{CC}	Video V _{CC} pin.	_

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE
58	YH input	Second-order differential signal input pin for sharpness.	150 µA
59	Black stretch point	Determines the black stretch point.	50 #A
60	DC transfer correction filter	DC transfer correction filter pin.	Black stretch circuit 60 7.2k\(\Omega\) \(\Omega\) \(\O



O System switch specifications (Unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 4.5V, Ta = 25°C±3°C)

Pin 42 system switch

SYS SW (PIN 42)	MODE	RECEIVER SYSTEM	
V _{CC}	Normal mode		PAL (B / G, etc), NTSC (3.58 / 4.43), SECAM
1 / 2 V _{CC}	South American mode	M, N,	PAL (M / N / B / G, etc), NTSC (3.58 / 4.43), SECAM
GND (*)	Pseudo-PAL mode	M, N,	PAL (M / N / B / G, etc), NTSC (3.58 / 4.43)

^{*:} In Pseudo-PAL mode, PAL demodulation uses the NTSC demodulation circuit, CW tint adjustment is supported, and a 1H delay line is not required (direct PAL demodulation).

(1) Normal mode (pin 42-V_{CC})

Color system automatic detection output

RECEIVED	M1	M2	М3	M4
SIGNAL	PIN 31	PIN 38	PIN 15	PIN 40
PAL	Н	Н	M	L
SECAM	Н	М	M	L
4.43NTSC	L	Н	M	L
3.58NTSC	L	L	М	L
Black & white	L	M/L	L	L

H: 3V M: 1.5V L: 0V Color system forced mode

	CVCTEM				
M1	M2	M3 M4		SYSTEM	
Н	Н	H Open		PAL	
Н	(**)	Н	Open	SECAM	
(**)	Н	Н	Open	4.43NTSC	
(**)	(**)	Н	Open	3.58NTSC	

V_{th} = 2.3V **: High-impedance drive

Special system switches

 SW_2 : Input current switch (I_{th} = 0.6mA) ······ PAL / SECAM receive mode SW_3 : Input current switch (I_{th} = 0.6mA) ····· Forced black & white mode (in PAL / SECAM mode) YNR: Voltage switch (V_{th} = 1.5V) ···· PAL / NTSC receive mode

Vertical sync detection output
Pin 4 ······ High level = 60Hz

····· High level = 60Hz Low level = 50Hz

(2) South American mode / Pseudo-PAL mode (pin 42-1 / 2 VCC / GND)

Automatic color system detection output

RECEIVED	M1	M2	М3	M4
SIGNAL	PIN 31	PIN 38	PIN 15	PIN 40
PAL (M / N)	Н	L	M	М
PAL (B / G, etc)	Н	Н	М	L
SECAM	Н	М	M	L
4.43NTSC	L	Н	M	L
3.58NTSC	L	L	М	L
Black & white	L	M/L	L	L

H: 3V M: 1.5V L: 0V Forced color system mode

	INPUT	OVOTEM		
M1	M2	М3	M4	SYSTEM
(**)	(**)	(**)	H#	PAL (M / N)
Н	Н	Н	(**)	PAL (B / G, etc)
Н	(**)	Н	(**)	SECAM
(**)	Н	Н	(**)	4.43NTSC
(**)	(**)	Н	(**)	3.58NTSC

 $V_{th} = 2.3V$

**: High-impedance drive
#: In this mode, the pin is internally clamped to 3.75V.
Does not support switching driven by current to the pin.

Note: Because a 1H delay line is not used, SECAM cannot be demodulated in Pseudo-PAL mode. (Same as SECAM non-supported mode.)

O Switches

YNR switch

PIN 1 VOLTAGE	YNR	RECEIVER SYSTEM				
V _{CC}	OFF	P/N/S				
2 / 3 V _{CC}	011	P/N				
1 / 3 V _{CC}	ON	1 7 1				
GND	ON	P/N/S				

SECAM ID switch

Pin 22 Voltage: High level = H ID

Low level = H+ V ID (V_{th} = 1 / 2 V_{CC})

Output signal mode switches

PIN 47 VOLTAGE	OUTPUT SIGNAL	CP / SP		
V _{CC}	RGB	СР		
1 / 2 V _{CC}	NGB	SP		
GND	YUV	5 SP		

CP: Clamp pulse

SP: Sync separation output RGB: Primary color output

(pins 45 / 44 / 43 : R / G / B output)

YUV: Color difference output

(pins 45 / 44 / 43 : R-Y / Y / B-Y

output)

y correction switch

Pin 51 voltage: 2V_F or higher: Off

 $2V_F$ or lower : On $(V_{th} = 2V_F)$

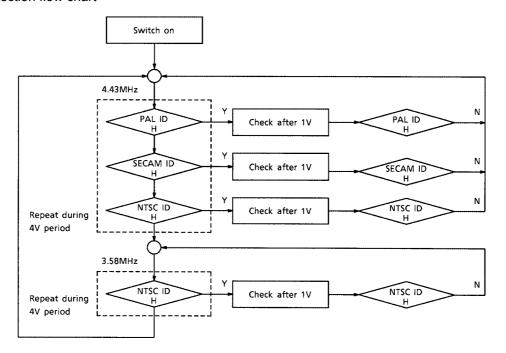
O Flow Chart for Color System Detection

(1) Normal mode (pin 42-V_{CC})

Receiver system priority

AT PIN 18 X'tal OSCILLATION	AT PIN 16 X'tal OSCILLATION
4.43PAL	_
_	3.38NTSC
SECAM	SECAM
4.43NTSC	_

Detection flow chart



O Flow Chart for Color System Identification

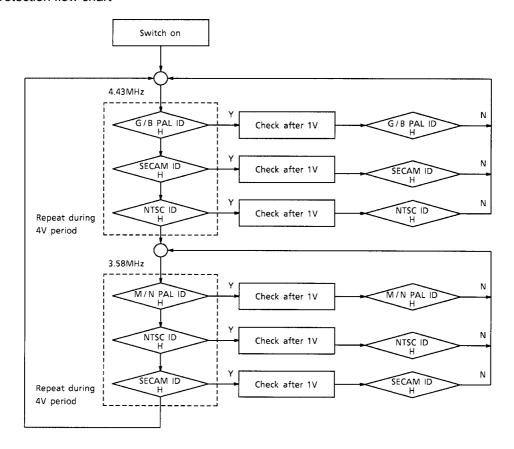
(2) South American mode / Pseudo-PAL mode (pin 42-1 / 2 V_{CC} / GND)

Receiver system priority

AT PIN 18 X'tal OSCILLATION	AT PIN 16 X'tal OSCILLATION
4.43PAL	_
_	N / M PAL
_	3.58NTSC
(SECAM)	(SECAM)
4.43NTSC	_

SECAM signals are not received in Pseudo-PAL mode.

Detection flow chart





MAXIMUM RATINGS (Unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 5V, Ta = 25°C)

ITEM	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	7	V
Power Dissipation	P _{D max} (Note 1)	800	mV
Input Signal Voltage	e _{in}	2	V _{p-p}
Pin Voltage	V _{in}	GND - 0.2~V _{CC} + 0.2	V
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-10~65	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-55~150	°C

Note 1: When the IC is mounted on the PCB. If the IC is operated at 25°C or higher, reduce power dissipation by 6.4mW per degree.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT	REMARKS
Video Block Supply Voltage	V _{CC56}	4.0	5.0	5.5	V	
Chroma Block Supply Voltage	V _{CC53}	4.0	5.0	5.5	V	In Multi mode
Sync Supply Voltage	V _{CC14}	V _{CC14} 4.0 5.0 5.5 V				
Video Input Signal	Y _{in}	_	0.5	_	V _{p-p}	_
Second-order Differential Input	YH _{in}	_	75	_	mV _{p-p}	_
Chroma Input Signal	C _{in P / N}	_	100	_	m\/	_
Chroma input Signal	C _{inS}	_	300	_	mV _{p-p}	_
Sync Separation Input Signal	S _{in}	_	1.0	_	V _{p-p}	_
Control Pin Voltage	V _{19, 34, 55, 57}	0	2.5	5.0	V	Pins 19, 34, 55, 57
SECAM ID Switch	V ₂₂	4.7	5.0	5.0	V	When H-ID selected
PIP Switch	V ₄₇	2.2	2.5	5.0	V	In RGB output mode

Note 2: In some areas, depending on the input signal state, automatic identification function or killer function may malfunction.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Power consumption (Unless otherwise specified, $V_{CC} = 5V$, $Ta = 25^{\circ}C \pm 3^{\circ}C$)

BLOCK NAME	TYPICAL IC INTERNAL CURRENT (mA)	V _{CC} (V)	P _C (mW)
Video	8.1	5	40.5
Chroma	33.83	5	169.15
Sync	14.33	5	71.65
Total	56.26	5	281.3

DC CharacteristicsPin DC voltage (Unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 5V, Ta = 25°C±3°C)

CIRCUIT TYPE	PIN No.	PIN NAME	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT	REMARKS
	1	YNR switch	V ₁	_	_	_		NR off (multi on)
Video	2	Yin	V ₂	1.10	1.30	1.50		_
	3	Maximum black detection	V ₃	_	_	_		_
	4	50 / 60Hz output	V ₄	0	0.02	0.10		Low level
	5	VD output	V ₅	0.45	4.95	5.00		High level
	6	HD output	V ₆	0	0.15	0.30		Low level
	7	CP / SP output	V ₇	0	0.17	0.30		Low level
	8	HVD output	V ₈	4.00	4.24	4.50		High level
Sync	9	Def. GND	V ₉	_	_	_		_
	10	Vertical sync separation filter	V ₁₀	_	_	_		_
	11	32f _H VCO	V ₁₁	2.80	3.10	3.40		_
	12	AFC filter	V ₁₂	_	_	_		_
	13	Sync separation input	V ₁₃	1.50	1.77	2.10	V	_
	14	Def V _{CC}	V ₁₄	_	5.00	_		_
	15	M3 (mode switch 3)	V ₁₅	_	_	_		_
	16	3.58 / M / N VCXO	V ₁₆	3.70	4.04	4.30		Forced 3.58 mode
	17	NTSC ID	V ₁₇	_	_	_		Forced NTSC mode
	18	4.43MHz VCXO	V ₁₈	3.70	4.03	4.30		Forced 4.43 mode
	19	Tint	V ₁₉	_	2.50	_		_
	20	PAL ID	V ₂₀	_	_	_		Forced PAL mode
	21	Chroma input	V ₂₁	4.10	4.30	4.50		_
Chroma	22	SECAM ID switch	V ₂₂	_	5.00	_		_
	23	Chroma GND	V ₂₃	_	_	_		_
	24	SECAM input	V ₂₄	4.10	4.32	4.50		_
	25	ACC filter	V ₂₅	_	_	_		_
	26	SECAM ID detector	V ₂₆	_	_	_		_
	27	APC filter	V ₂₇	_	_	_		_
	28	1H delay line output	V ₂₈	3.20	3.50	3.80		_
	29	SECAM ID	V ₂₉	_	_	_		Forced SECAM mode

CIRCUIT TYPE	PIN No.	PIN NAME	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT	REMARKS
	30	1H delay line input	V ₃₀	1.80	2.09	2.40		_
	31	M1 (mode switch 1)	V ₃₁	_	_	-		_
	32	B-Y detection 1	V ₃₂	0.90	1.22	1.50		_
	33	B-Y detection 2	V ₃₃	0.90	1.22	1.50		_
	34	Color	V ₃₄	_	2.50	-		_
	35	Chroma V _{CC}	V ₃₅	_	5.00	_		_
	36	R-Y detection 1	V ₃₆	0.90	1.22	1.50		_
	37	R-Y detection 2	V ₃₇	0.90	1.22	1.50		_
Chroma	38	M2 (mode switch 2)	V ₃₈	_	_	-		_
	39	B-Y de-emphasis	V ₃₉	1.70	1.95	2.20		S-ID high level
	40	M4 (mode switch 4)	V ₄₀	_	_	-		_
	41	R-Y de-emphasis	V ₄₁	1.70	1.95	2.20		S-ID high level
	42	SYS SW (system switch)	V ₄₂	_	_	-		_
	43	B output	V ₄₃	0.80	0.95	1.20		_
	44	G output	V ₄₄	0.80	0.99	1.20		_
	45	R output	V ₄₅	0.80	0.96	1.20	V	_
	46	Clamp filter	V ₄₆	_	_	-		_
	47	PIP switch	V ₄₇	_	5.00	_		_
	48	V _{ref} filter	V ₄₈	1.70	1.88	2.10		_
	49	γ correction 1	V ₄₉	0.80	0.95	1.10		_
	50	Brightness filter	V ₅₀	3.60	3.79	4.00		_
	51	γ correction 2	V ₅₁	1.20	1.38	1.60		_
	52	Brightness	V ₅₂	0.80	0.95	1.10		_
Video	53	Video GND	V ₅₃	_	_	_		_
video	54	Dynamic γ filter	V ₅₄	4.50	4.97	5.00		_
	55	Contrast	V ₅₅		2.50	-		_
	56	Video V _{CC}	V ₅₆	_	5.00	_		_
	57	Sharpness	V ₅₇		2.50	-		_
	58	YH input	V ₅₈	1.10	1.28	1.50		_
	59	Black stretch point	V ₅₉	_	_	1		_
	60	DC transfer correction	V ₆₀		_	1		_

Note: Unless otherwise specified, Y and C are not input during DC measurement.

TA8795BF

AC Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 5V, Ta = 25°C) Video Block

													Ta = 25±3°(
No	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	S/W		SW ₅₁	· ·		CON-		SHARP-	TEST METHOD
								· · · · ·	51131	01134	37700	TRAST	NESS	NESS	 Adjust the bright VR so that the pin 44 DC voltage is 0.95V. Measure the DC voltage V50 of pin 50. Apply the DC voltage V50 to pin 50.
V	Second-order differential input	V _{dip}	V	0.13	0.18	0.35	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Center	Adjust	Center	4. Change the DC voltage V58 of pin 58. Measure V58 at 10% and 90% of the voltage variation range of pin 44 and calculate the balance (Vdip). Pin 44 voltage
	dynamic range	vaip	·		0.18										90% 10% Pin 51 voltage
٧	Minimum output	V _{do1}	V	0.55	0.75	0.95	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Center	Adjust	Center	 To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a three-level chroma signal with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p. Set the chroma amplitude of the three-level chroma signal to the minimum and adjust the bright VR so that the pin 44 pedestal is 0.95V. Gradually amplify the chroma amplitude of the three-level chroma signal. Measure the saturation voltage when the lower side of the chroma amplitude in the pin 44 output waveform is saturated.
٧	Maximum output	V _{do2}	V	1.60	1.75	2.25	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Center	Adjust	Center	 To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a sine wave (f = 100kHz) with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p. Adjust the bright VR so that the pin 44 pedestal is 0.95V. Gradually increase the video component amplitude. Measure the saturation voltage when the upper side of the video component amplitude in the pin 44 output waveform is saturated.

													Ta = 25±3°		
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	SW ₁		No. AN SW ₅₁	,		CON- TRAST	STOR) MC BRIGHT- NESS	SHARP- NESS	TEST METHOD
V ₄	AC gain	G _{v1}	% IRE	1.8	2.5	3.3	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Center	Center	Center	 To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a sine wave (f = 100kHz) with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p. Measure the output amplitude reflected at pin 44 and calculate the ratio of the amplitude to the input. Gv1 = output amplitude / input amplitude (←50mVp-p)
V ₅	Frequency characteristics	fs	MHz	2	3	_	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Center	Center	Center	 To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a sine wave (f = 100kHz) with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p. Connect a 1.6V power supply to pin 51. Measure the pin 44 output amplitude V44 (f = 100kHz). Gradually increase the input frequency and measure the frequency when the pin 44 output frequency reaches 70% of V44 (f = 100kHz).
V ₆	Sharpness Adjustment range	Gf _{ps1}	dB	10.0	14.0		OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Center	Adjust	Adjust	 To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a sine wave (f = 100kHz) with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p. Adjust the bright VR so that the pin 44 pedestal is 0.95V. Measure the pin 44 amplitude when the sharpness VR is at minimum (V44min) and measure the pin 44 amplitude when the sharpness VR is at maximum (V44max). Calculate the following equation using the result of V44min and V44max. Gfps1 = 20log (V44max / V44min) [dB]
V ₇	Sharpness Adjustment gain	Gf _{ps2}	dB	6.0	10.0	_	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Center	Adjust	Maximum	 To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a sine wave (f = 2.4MHz) with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p. Adjust the bright VR so that the pin 44 pedestal is 0.95V. Measure the pin 44 amplitude V44 (2.4MHz) and V44 (100kΩ) when a frequency of f = 2.4MHz and 100kHz are input respectively. Calculate the following equation using the result of V44 (2.4MHz) and V44 (100kHz). Gfps2 = 20fog (V44 (2.4MHz) / V44 (100kΩ)) [dB]

													Ta = 25±3°(STOR) MO		
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	SW ₁		SW ₅₁	,		CON- TRAST	BRIGHT-		TEST METHOD
V ₈	Contrast adjustment voltage adjustment	$\Delta V_{ extsf{ct}}$	V	2.1	3.0	-	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Adjust	Adjust	Center	 To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a sine wave (f = 100kHz) with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p. Adjust the bright VR so that the pin 44 pedestal is 0.95V. Measure the pin 44 amplitude and determine 100% and 0% of the pin 44 amplitude when the contrast VR is at maximum and minimum respectively. Adjust the contrast VR and measure the pin 55 voltage (V90%, V10%) when the pin 44 amplitude is at 90% and 10%. Calculate the following equation using the result of V90% and V10%. ΔVct = V90%-V10%
V ₉	Contrast adjustment gain variation range	$\Delta G_{ extsf{ct}}$	dB	12.0	15.0	_	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Adjust	Adjust	Center	 To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a sine wave (f = 100kHz) with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p. Adjust the bright VR so that the pin 44 pedestal is 0.95V. Measure the pin 44 amplitude when the contrast VR is at maximum and minimum respectively (V44max and V44min). Calculate the following equation using the result of V44max and V44min. ΔGct = 20log (V44max / V44min)
V ₁₀	Brightness voltage	V _{BR}	V	0.75	0.95	1.15	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Center	Adjust r	Center	 To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a sine wave (f = 100kHz) with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p. Adjust the bright VR so that the pin 44 pedestal is 0.95V. Measure the pin 52 DC voltage.
V ₁₁	Brightness control sensitivity	G _{BR}		0.4	0.5	0.6	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Center	Adjust	Center	 To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a sine wave (f = 100kHz) with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p. Adjust the bright VR so that the pin 44 pedestal is 0.95V. Adjust the bright VR so that the pin 52 DC voltage increases by just 0.1V, then measure the pin 44 pedestal level V44H. Calculate the following equation using the result. GBR = (V44H-0.95) / 0.1

													a = 25±3°(STOR) MOI		
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	SW ₁		SW ₅₁	,		CON- TRAST	BRIGHT- NESS		TEST METHOD
	Brightness	V_{pdH}	٧	1.2	1.5	1.7									To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a sine wave (f = 100kHz) with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p.
V ₁₂	Adjustment voltage range						OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Center	Adjust	Center	Measure the pin 44 pedestal when the bright VR is at maximum (VpdH).
		V_{pdL}	V	0.3	0.5	0.7									Measure the pin 44 pedestal when the bright VR is at minimum (VpdL).
	Three-axis output DC offset (B / G)	Δ V _{of} (B / G)	mV	- 200	0.0	200									To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a sine wave (f = 100kHz) with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p.
V ₁₃	, ,						OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Center	Adjust	Center	Adjust the bright VR so that the pin 44 pedestal is 0.95V (= V44).
* 13	Three-axis output DC offset (R / G)	Δ V _{of} (R / G)	mV	- 200	0.0	200		011	0	0	0	Conto	, rajaot	Como	 Measure the pin 43 pedestal V43 and the pin 45 pedestal V45, then calculate the following equations using the values of V43 and V45. Δ Vof (B / G) = V43 - V44 Δ Vof (R / G) = V45 - V44
	Three-axis output AC gain deflection (B / G)	Δ V _{dif} (B / G)	dB	- 1.0	0.0	1.0									To pin 2, input a signal with a video component amplitude of 50mVp-p and a sine wave (f = 100kHz) with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p. Adjust the bright VR so that the pin 44 pedestal is
V ₁₄	,						OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Center	Adjust	Center	0.95V.
* 14	Three-axis output AC gain deflection (R / G)	Δ V _{dif} (R / G)	dB	- 1.0	0.0	1.0	311	3.1	· · · ·	3		30.11.01	7.03001	36.11.01	3. Measure the pin 43 amplitude V_{43} , the pin 44 amplitude V_{44} , and the pin 45 amplitude V_{45} , then calculate the following equations using the values of V_{43} , V_{44} , and V_{45} . Δ V_{dif} (B / G) = 20 t 0g (t 043 / t 044) t 16 t 17 t 18 t 19 t 1

								TE	ST CON	NDITIO	NS : V _C	_{CC} = 5V, T	a = 25±3°(2	
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	SW ₁		SW ₅₁	,		CON	BRIGHT- NESS		TEST METHOD
V ₁₅	Black stretch start Voltage	V _{st}	% IRE	30	60	70	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	Center	Adjust	Center	 To pin 2, input a signal with a ramp wave amplitude of 500mV_{p-p}. The sync amplitude must be 143mVp-p and the setup amplitude, 100mVp-p. Monitor pins 2 and 60 with an oscilloscope. Set the pin 60 monitor channel to uncarrier and adjust pins 20 and 60 so that the pedestals and white peaks of both pins overlap. Compare the signals and read the voltage where the signal starts to move to the black side (= Vx) [mV]) using the pedestal voltage as reference. Calculate following equation to seek the start voltage Vst.Vst = Vx / (500 - 143) ×100 [% IRE]
V ₁₆	Black stretch gain	G _{blk}		1.1	1.3	1.5	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	Center	Adjust	Center	 To pin 2, input a sine wave (f = 100kHz) with an amplitude of 50mVp-p and a signal with a sync amplitude of 143mVp-p. Adjust the bright VR so that the pin 44 pedestal is 0.95V. Apply a voltage of 0.65V to pin 3. Apply a voltage of 1.6V to pin 59. Monitoring pin 44, adjust only the signal generator sine wave amplitude so that the sine wave amplitude is 25mVp-p. Turn SW3 off. Now read the pin 44 amplitude (= Voff [mVp-p]) Calculate the following equation to seek the black stretch gain. Gblk = Voff / 25 [times]

Ī	Na	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX							a = 25±3°(STOR) MOI		TEST METHOD
L	No.	PARAMETER	STIVIBOL	OINIT	IVIIIN	ITF.	IVIAX	SW ₁	SW ₃	SW ₅₁	SW ₅₄	SW ₆₀	CON- TRAST	BRIGHT- NESS	SHARP- NESS	TEST METHOD
	√ 17	DC transfer correction	V _{dct}	%	93	98	100	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	Center	Minimum		 To pin 2, input a ramp wave with an amplitude of 500mVp-p. The sync amplitude in the ramp wave must be 143mVp-p. Read the pin 44 output amplitude (= Vdct off). Turn SW60 on and read the voltage fluctuation (= ΔVdct) during the horizontal blanking period of the output amplitude of pin 44. Calculate the DC transfer correction using the following equation. Vdct = (Vdct off - ΔVdct)/Vdct off

Chroma Block

	DADAMETED	0)/44001			T) (D	1447			ΓEST						25±3°C			TEST METUOD
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	15	16	18	19	// No.		VR MO	34	38	47	55	TEST METHOD
	ACC	В-Үолт1		0.60	0.80	1.00				ON								1. Define as eB-Y the B-Y output amplitude of pin 43 when the burst and chroma signals, which have the same amplitude of 10mVp-p, are input to pin 21. Also define the B-Y output amplitude of pin 43 when the burst and chroma signals have the same amplitude of 100 and 300mVp-p (the 3N rainbow color-bar signal) and are input to pin 21 as B-Y OUT1 and B-Y OUT2 respectively. Also, define the ratio between B-Y OUT1 and B-Y OUT2 as A.
C ₁	characteristics (3N)	A3N	V _{p-p}	0.70	1.00	1.30	Open	A	A	Vary	A	В	Open	Open	Open	ON		2. Using tint control, set the B-Y output amplitude to the maximum. A = B-Y OUT1 / B-Y OUT2 B-Y output B-Y B-Y OUT1 OUT2 eB-Y 10 100 300 v ₂₁ burst, chroma (mV)
C ₂	Delay line output	e _{P28}	V _{p-p}	0.90	1.20	1.50	Open	Α	Α	ON Vary	А	В	Open	Open	Open	ON	_	Measure the pin 28 1H output amplitude when burst and chroma signals with the same amplitude of 100mVp-p (PAL rainbow color bar signal) are input to pin 21. 1H output pin 28 ep28
	(PAL)	V _{P28} V _{N28}	V V	2.30 3.30	2.60 3.60	2.90 3.90	А	Α	Α	_	С	В	A/B	_	Open	ON	l	100 v ₂₁ burst, chroma (mV) 2. Measure the pin 28 DC voltage when there is no input to pin 21 and Forced PAL or NTSC mode is set. Define these voltages as VP28 and VN28 respectively (PAL / NTSC switching operation check).

								-	TEST						25±3°C			
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	15	16	18	SV 19	V No	AND \ 24	/R MO 31	DE 34	38	47	55	TEST METHOD
C ₃	Tint control range (3N / 4N)	ΔV19 _{N3} ΔV19 _{N4}	V	_ _	4.00 4.00	_ _	Open	A	A	ON Vary	A	В	Open	ON Arbi- trary	Open	ON	_	To pin 21, input burst and chroma signals with the same amplitude of (100mVp-p). (3NTSC / 4NTSC)
C ₄	Tint control voltage (3N / 4N)	V19 _{N3} V19 _{N4}	V	_ _	2.50 2.50	_ _	Open	Α	A	ON Vary	Α	В	Open	ON Arbi- trary	Open	ON	_	Burst Blue
C ₅	Tint control variable range (3N / 4N)	θ _{3N} θ _{4N}	٥		90.0 90.0		Open	Α	Α	ON Vary	Α	В	Open	ON Arbi- trary	Open	ON	_	 Vary the pin 19 tint control, defining the point where the pin 43 B-Y output amplitude is at maximum as the tint center state. Vary the tint VR between maximum and minimum and plot the tint VR phase characteristics.
C ₆	Tint control discrimination	θ _{+3N} θ _{-3N} θ _{+4N} θ _{-4N}	۰		+45.0 -45.0 +45.0 -45.0	_	Open	Α	А	ON Vary	A	В	Open	ON Arbi- trary	Open	ON	_	θ_{B-Y} 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

								T	EST (COND	ITION	S:V _C	CC = 5V	Ta =	25±3°C			
N	o. PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	15	16	18	S\ 19		AND \	VR MOI	DE 34	38	47	55	TEST METHOD
C	Killer operating input level (P / 3N)	epk epc enk enc	mV _{p−p}	0.60 0.60 0.40 0.40	1.00 2.50 0.70 1.80	1.70 4.30 1.30 3.10	Open	Α	Α	_	Α	В	Open	_	Open	ON		 Measure the pin 28 1H output amplitude when burst and chroma signals with the same amplitude of 100mV_{p-p} (PAL rainbow color bar signal) are input to pin 21. Attenuate the signal to pin 21 with an attenuator and read the pin 21 burst level where the killer function turns on and off. Pin 21 O 100mV_{p-p} set NTSC PAL Killer threshold epK/epC V ₂₁ burst, chroma

Nie	DADAMETED	OVARDOL	LINUT	NAINI	TVD.	NAAN			TEST				C = 5V,		25±3°C			TEGT METHOD
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	15	16	18	19	// No.	24	/R MOI 31	34	38	47	55	TEST METHOD
																		No signal is input to pin 21.
																		Check the DC voltage of pin 20 (PAL ID) and pin 17 (NTSC ID). Define these as PI and NI respectively.
		PC	V	_	2.60	_												Externally vary the voltage applied to pins 20 and 17. Define the ID voltages for PAL color and NTSC color as PC and NC respectively.
	Killer operating	PI	V	_	2.08	_												4. Define the difference between the ID voltages in the
C ₈	voltage	ΔΡΙ	mV	_	520	_	Ope n	Α	Α	_	Α	В	Open	_	Open	ON	_	above no-signal state and the ID voltages in the forced color state as ΔPI and ΔNI respectively.
	(P / 3N / black &	NC	V	_	2.60	_	''											
	white mode)	NI ΔNI	MV	_	2.08 520	_												PC, NC PK, NK Color threshold Killer threshold Black & white received (Pl, NI)
																		PAL flip-flop invert threshold epc/epsc v ₂₁ bunst, chroma
		f _{3HH}		+400	+600	+1000												1. To pin 21, input a 3.58MHz / 4.4MHz continuous
		f _{3PH}		+400	+600	+1000												wave with an amplitude of 100mVp-p.
		f _{3HL}		-400	-600	-1000												3.58MHz / 4.4MHz continuous wave
C ₉	APC pull-in hold	f _{3PL}	Hz	-400	-600	-1000	Sele	Α	Α	_	Α	В	Sele	_	Sele	_	_	Vary the above input frequency. Using the held
	range (3N / 4N)	f _{4HH}		+400	+600	+1000	ct						ct		ct			pull-in frequency, compare to 3N and 4N and measure
		f _{4PH}		+400	+600	+1000												3N Ref 3579545Hz 4N Ref 4433618Hz
		f _{4HL}		-400 -400	-600 -600	-1000 -1000												3. Measure in 3N and 4N Forced modes.

	DADAMETED	OVANDOL	LINUT	NAINI	T)/D	MAN			TEST				CC = 5\		25±3°C)		TEOT METHOD
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	15	16	18	19	vv No.	. AND	VR MC	34	38	47	55	TEST METHOD
C ₁₀	VCXO adjustment sensitivity (3N / 4N)	β3N β4N	Hz / mV		1.00		Open	В	A / B	_	C	В	Open	_	B / A	_	_	 No signal is input to pin 21. Fix the 3N / 4N X'tal oscillation externally. Apply external DC voltage to pin 27 (APC filter) and check the free-running frequency. f₁₆ or f₁₈ f_{3C} 3.579545MHz f_{4C} 4.433618MHz ΔV27 = fc±25mV fo sensitivity
C ₁₁	Color difference output (PAL / 3N) Relative amplitude (PAL / 3N)	eP43 eP44 eP45 e3N43 e3N44 e3N45 PR / PB PG / PB NR / NB NG / NB	V _{p-p}	0.60 0.21 0.35 0.66 0.22 0.39 0.46 0.24 0.46	0.91 0.31 0.51 1.00 0.33 0.57 0.56 0.34 0.56	1.30 0.43 0.70 1.43 0.46 0.78 0.66 0.44 0.66	Open	Α	Α	ON Vary	Α	В	Open	Open	Open	OFF	Open	 Input burst and chroma signals with the same amplitude of 100mVp-p (rainbow color bar signal) to pin 21 (PAL / 3NTSC). Measure the B / G / R-Y color difference amplitudes for pins 43, 44, and 45. Check the color difference amplitudes of each pin. Calculate the R-Y / B-Y and G-Y / B-Y amplitude ratios. Note: In PAL mode, adjust the delay line using a Philips pattern signal. Measure the PAL color difference output using the PAL rainbow signal in the video input.

Ī,	No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX		Т	EST					5V, Ta	ı = 25±3	3°C		TEST METHOD
		. ,	0 : :::0	O				15	16	18			24	31	34	38	47	55	
C	≥13	Relative phase (PAL / 3N)	pr / pb pg / pb nr / nb ng / nb	o	83.0 232.0 87.0 225.0	90.0 237.0 94.0 240.0	97.0 247.0 101.1 255.0	Open	Α	Α	_	Α	В	Open	Open	Open	OFF	Open	 To pin 21, input burst and chroma signals with the same amplitude of 100mVp-p (monochromatic, blue). Burst Blue Blue Blue (NTSC) Vary the phase of the above monochromatic color and seek the monochromatic input phase where the B-Y output amplitude of pin 43 reaches 0 (θB-Y). Vary the phase of the above monochromatic color and seek the monochromatic input phase where the G-Y output amplitude of pin 44 reaches 0 (θG-Y). Vary the phase of the above monochromatic color and seek the monochromatic input phase where the R-Y output amplitude of pin 45 reaches 0 (θR-Y). Also, in PAL mode, adjust the delay line using a Philips pattern signal with the IC mounted in the set and check the phase in the video input using either a PAL or 3N rainbow signal. (θ_{G-Y}) - (θ_{B-Y}) = pg / pb, ng / nb (θ_{R-Y}) - (θ_{B-Y}) = pr / pb, nr / nb

No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX		Т	EST (CC = 5\ VR MC		25±3°0)		TEST METHOD
							15	16	18	19	21	24	31	34	38	47	55	
C ₁₄	SECAM limiter Characteristics	e ₂₄ A _s	mV _{p-p}	20.0 0.70	30.0 1.00	44.0 1.30	Open	Α	А	_	С	A 24A A Sig	Open	Open	Open	_	_	 To pin 24, input a 4.44MHz continuous wave with an amplitude of 10 to 500mVp-p. 44-MHz continuous wave Measure the input / output characteristics between the pin 28 1H output and the pin 24 input. Define as e24 the input amplitude where -3dB is subtracted from the pin 28 1H output amplitude and pin 24 inputs a continuous wave amplitude of 100mVp-p.Also, define the 100 / 300mVp-p output amplitude ratio. Measure the pin 28 output amplitude when pin 24 inputs a continuous wave amplitude of 100mVp-p. Define the amplitude as e28.
C ₁₅	Delay line output (SECAM)	e ₂₈	V _{p-p}	_	1.80	_						ON						(Pin 28) - 3dB e ₂₈ e ₂₄ v _{4.43MHz} continuous wave

Ţ.,	BABAMETER	0)44501			T) (D	14474		Т	EST				CC = 5\		25±3°0)		TEST METHOD
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	15	16	18	19	W No 21	. AND 24	VR MC	34	38	47	55	TEST METHOD
C ₁₆	Killer operation input level	esk esc	mV _{p-p}		2.80		0pen	16 A	18 A		<u>21</u>	A 24A A Sig ON	31 Open				55	 To pin 24, input a f_{OB} / f_{OR} signal with an amplitude of 100mVp-p. Attenuate the input signal with an attenuator and detect the achromatic level. Define the pin 24 input levels where the killer operation turns on and off. Pin 24 O 100mVp-p set
C ₁₇	Killer operation voltage	SC SI Δ SI	V V mV	_ _ _	2.60 2.08 520	-	Open	Α	A		С	В	Open	Open	Open	_	_	 Black & white (SI) Killer threshold No signal is input to pin 24. Measure the DC voltage of pin 29 (SECAM ID) and define as SI. Vary the external voltage applied to pin 29. Define the ID voltage for SECAM color as SC. Define the difference between the ID voltages in the above modes as Δ SI (SC-SI).
C ₁₈	SECAM ID switch (V-ID on)	V ₂₉	V	_	23.0	_	Open	А	Α		С	A 24A A Sig ON	Open	OFF	Open	_	_	 To pin 24, input a fOB / fOR signal with an amplitude of 100mVp-p. Attenuate the input signal with an attenuator and detect the achromatic level. Define the pin 24 input levels where the killer operation turns on and off. (Check the killer operation by turning the SECAM ID switch on and off.) Define the switching SECAM ID voltage as V29.

								1	EST				/ _{CC} = 5		: 25±3°	С		
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	15	16	18			o. ANI 24	31	ODE 34	38	47	55	TEST METHOD
C ₁₉	SECAM color difference output	e _{S43} e _{S44} e _{S45}	mV _{p-p}	1 1	2.80 2.80	1 1	Open	А	А	_	С	Α	Open	Open	Open	_	_	 To pin 24, input a 75% standard color bar signal with an amplitude of 300mVp-p. Measure the color difference levels of pins 43, 44, and 45.
C ₂₀	SECAM demodulation bandwidth	#43R BAND #45B BAND	MHz	0.80 0.80	1.15 1.15	1 1	А	А	А		С	С	А	OFF	Open	ON	OFF	 To pin 24, input FM 100kHz, 100dBµV, fm 1kHz / div signal. When measuring the R-Y and B-Y signals, vary the fOR = 4.406MHz and fOB = 4.25MHz signals respectively and measure the −3dB bandwidth in the color difference output.
C ₂₁	SECAM relative amplitude	SR / SB SG / SB										C / A 24A A Sig ON	A / Open	OFF	ON	OFF	_	Also measure the relative amplitudes of V45 and V43 when fOR is 4.406MHz and fOB is 4.25MHz. 3. No horizontal pulse. R-Y V43 4.406MHz f deviation 4.25MHz f deviation
C ₂₂	SECAM crosstalk	esr er RC esb eb	V _{p-p} mV _{p-p} dB V _{p-p} mV _{p-p} dB		1.00 20 34 1.40 30 33		Open	Α	Α	_	С	А	Open	Open	Open	ON	OFF	 To pin 24, input a 75% standard color bar signal with an amplitude of 300mVp-p. Measure the pin 43 B-Y and the pin 45 R-Y output color difference amplitudes. Also measure the f_{OR} and f_{OB} 160kHz beat frequency amplitudes. Show the SECAM crosstalk as follows. Attenuation = 20log (e_R / e_{SR}) = RC

No	. PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX			TEST				CC = 5V VR MC		25±3°C			TEST METHOD
1,40	. I AIVAWETER	OTWIDOL	OIVII	IVIII		Wir-OX	15	16	18	19	21	24	31	34	38	47	55	TEST WIETHOR
				_	3.00	_												Input to pin 21 (PAL / NTSC) the PAL, 3N, 4N signals and to pin 24 (SECAM) SECAM and black & white signals and measure the M1, M2, and M3 voltages at each signal input state. PAL & SECAM modes
C_2	M1 output voltage	V _{S1}	V				Open	Α	Α	Open	Α	Α	Open	Open	Open	OFF	Open	
	of interface pin 31			_	0	_												Input to pin 21 (PAL / NTSC) the PAL, 3N, 4N signals and to pin 24 (SECAM) SECAM and black & white signals and measure the M1, M2, and M3 voltages at each signal input state.
																		4.43MHz NTSC, 3.58MHz NTSC, black & white 1, black & white 2 modes
				_	3.00	_												Input to pin 21 (PAL / NTSC) the PAL, 3N, 4N signals and to pin 24 (SECAM) SECAM and black & white signals and measure the M1, M2, and M3 voltages at each signal input state.
																		PAL & 4.43MHz NTSC modes
C ₂	M2 output voltage of interface pin 38	V _{S2}	V	_	1.50	_	Open	А	Α	Open	А	Α	Open	Open	Open	OFF	Open	Input to pin 21 (PAL / NTSC) the PAL, 3N, 4N signals and to pin 24 (SECAM) SECAM and black & white signals and measure the M1, M2, and M3 voltages at each signal input state.
																		SECAM, black & white 1 modes
				_	0	_												Input to pin 21 (PAL / NTSC) the PAL, 3N, 4N signals and to pin 24 (SECAM) SECAM and black & white signals and measure the M1, M2, and M3 voltages at each signal input state.
																		3.58MHz NTSC, black & white 2 modes

No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX			TEST	COND			_C = 5V VR MO		25±3°C			TEST METHOD
110.	170 UNLTER	OTWIDOL	01111	171114		W OX	15	16	18	19	21	24	31	34	38	47	55	TEOTIMETHOS
				_	1.50	_												Input to pin 21 (PAL / NTSC) the PAL, 3N, 4N signals and to pin 24 (SECAM) SECAM and black & white signals and measure the M1, M2, and M3 voltages at each signal input state. PAL / SECAM, 4.43MHz NTSC, and 3.58MHz
																		NTSC modes
C ₂₅	M3 output voltage of interface pin 15	V _{S3}	V				Open	Α	Α	Open	Α	Α	Open	Open	Open	OFF	Open	Input to pin 21 (PAL / NTSC) the PAL, 3N, 4N signals and to pin 24 (SECAM) SECAM and black & white signals and measure the M1, M2, and M3 voltages at each signal input state.
				_	0	_												Black & white 1, black & white 2 modes
																		* Note that black & white 1 mode is 4.43MHz chroma VCO oscillation and black & white 2 mode is 3.58MHz chroma VCO oscillation.
																		Input either PAL or SECAM signal.
C ₂₆	Switch threshold current	I _{S1}	mA	_	0.55	_	Open	Α	Α	Open	С	В	Open	Open	Open	OFF	Open	Input external current to pin 15 and measure the current when mode changes to black & white.
																		1. Input SECAM signal.
C ₂₇	Switch threshold current	I _{S2}	mA	_	0.58	_	Open	Α	Α	Open	С	В	Open	Open	Open	OFF	Open	Input external current to pin 38 and measure the current when mode changes to black & white.
		107			4.50													To pin 24, input a 75% standard color bar signal with an amplitude of 100mV _{p-p} (PAL / NTSC).
C ₂₈	PIP switch check	UV SP	V	_ _	1.50 3.00	_	Open	Α	Α	Open	Α	Α	Open	Open	Open	_	Open	Apply external voltage to pin 47 (PIP switch) and measure the pin 47 voltage when pin 43 switches between primary color and color difference states.

	212115752	0) (1 15 0)			7.75				TES					/, Ta = :	25±3°C			
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	15	16	18	19	W No 21	. AND	VR M0	34	38	47	55	TEST METHOD
C ₂₉	PAL ID malfunction check	V20 _P V20 _{N3} V20 _{N4} V20 _S V20 _{BW}	V	_	4.20 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	_	Open	Α	Α	Open	Α	А	Open	Open	Open	OFF	Open	 Input the signals corresponding to each mode to pins 21 (PAL / NTSC) and 24 (SECAM) (75% standard color bar signal). Measure the N / P / S ID DC voltage on pins 17, 20, and 29. P : Philips pattern signal N3 : 3.58N 75% standard color bar signal
C ₃₀	NTSC ID malfunction check	V17 _P V17 _{N3} V17 _{N4} V17 _S V17 _{BW}	V	_	4.20 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	_	Open	Α	Α	Open	Α	А	Open	Open	Open	OFF	Open	N4 : 4.43N 75% standard color bar ignal S : SECAM 75% standard color bar signal Black & white: RETMA signal Note: When measuring the filtered voltage, measure at high impedance (at least 10MΩ or higher).
C ₃₁	SECAM ID malfunction check	V29 _P V29 _{N3} V29 _{N4} V29 _S V29 _{BW}	٧	-	2.25 2.10 2.10 3.90 2.15	_	Open	Α	Α	Open	A	А	Open	Open	Open	OFF	Open	
C ₃₂	Color control adjustment range	ΔV34	>	_	3.50	_	Open	A	А	Open	Α	В	Open	Adjust	Open	OFF	Open	 To pin 21, input burst and chroma signals with the same amplitude (100mVp-p) (rainbow color bar signal). While measuring the pin 43 B-Y, adjust so that the 6 bar reaches the peak using the tint control VR. Vary the color control VR under the above conditions and define the color control pin voltage as V34 where the B-Y output amplitude halves. Also, where the B-Y output amplitudes are 90% and 10%, define the color control pin voltages as V34A and V34B respectively. And define the voltage difference between V34A and V34B as
C ₃₃	Color control adjustment voltage	V ₃₄	٧	_	2.50	_	Open	Α	Α	Open	Α	В	Open	Adjust	Open	OFF	Open	Voltage difference between V_{34A} and V_{34B} as ΔV_{34} , the color control range. $\Delta V_{34} = V_{34A} - V_{34B}$ B-Y output 90 10 V_{34B} V_{34} V_{34A} Color pin 34

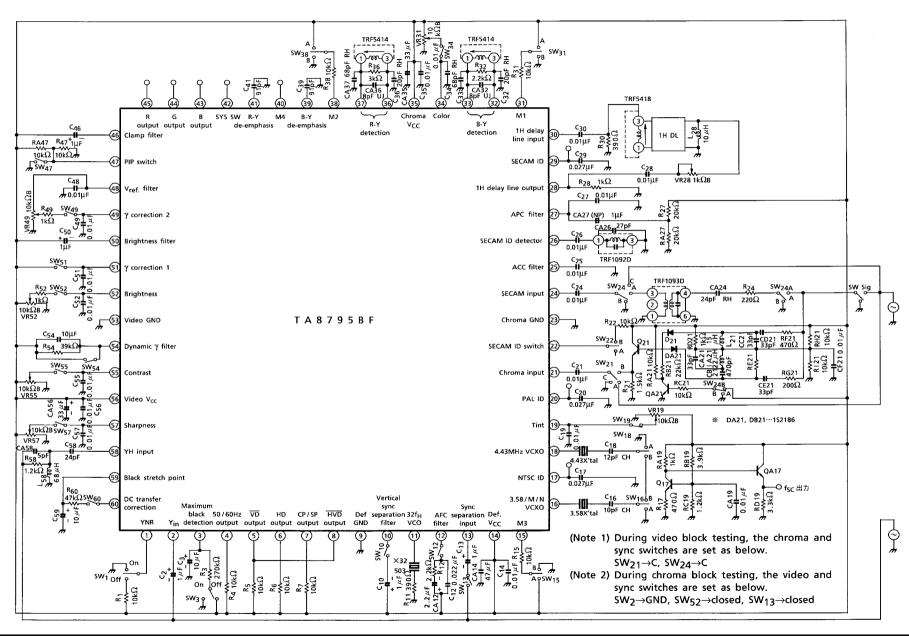
Sync Block

Na	DADAMETED	CVMDOL	LINIT	NAINI	TVD	MAX	TE	ST CON			C = 5V, Ta = 25±3°C	TEST METHOD
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	SW ₁₀	SW ₁₂	SW ₁₃		MODE	TEST METHOD
D ₁	Horizontal oscillation frequency	f _H	V	15.584	15.734	15.884	_	_	OFF	-	_	Measure the frequency of pin 6.
D-	Horizontal frequency variable	f _{Hmax}	kHz	16.384	16.484	1		ON	OFF	-		Connect a variable voltage supply VAFC to pin 12.
D ₂	range	f _{Hmin}	KIIZ	_	14.984	15.084		ON	OFF		_	Vary the VAFC between 2 and 5V and measure the maximum and minimum frequency of pin 6 during the variation.
D ₃	Horizontal oscillation control sensitivity	βн	Hz / mV	7.0	10.0	13.0	_	ON	OFF	_	_	 Connect a variable voltage supply VAFC to pin 12. Measure the pin 6 frequency f (3V) when VAFC is 3V and measure the pin 6 frequency f (4V) when VAFC is 4V. βH = (f (4V) - f (3V) / 1000) [Hz / mV]
D ₄	Horizontal oscillation start voltage	V _{ON1}	٧	_	2.8	3.3	_	_	_	_	Do not connect a 5V power supply (V _{CC}).	 To pin 14, connect a variable voltage supply VCC'. Increase the VCC' voltage and measure the pin 14 voltage when pin 11 generates an oscillation waveform.
D ₅	Horizontal output start voltage	V _{ON2}	٧	_	2.8	3.3	I	_		_	Do not connect a 5V power supply (V _{CC}).	 To pin 14, connect a variable voltage supply VCC'. Increase the VCC' voltage and measure the pin 14 voltage when pin 6 has horizontal output.
D ₆	Horizontal output pulse width	W _H	μs	4.7	5.0	5.3						 To pin 13, input a 300mVp-p horizontal sync signal via a 1μF capacitor.
D ₇	Horizontal output pulse delay	ТН	μs	0.30	0.45	0.65	ON	ON	ON	l	_	2. Observe the waveform on pin 6.
D ₈	Horizontal output saturation level	V _{HS}	V	_	0.2	0.4	_	_	_	_	_	Observe the pin 6 waveform and read the lowest voltage.

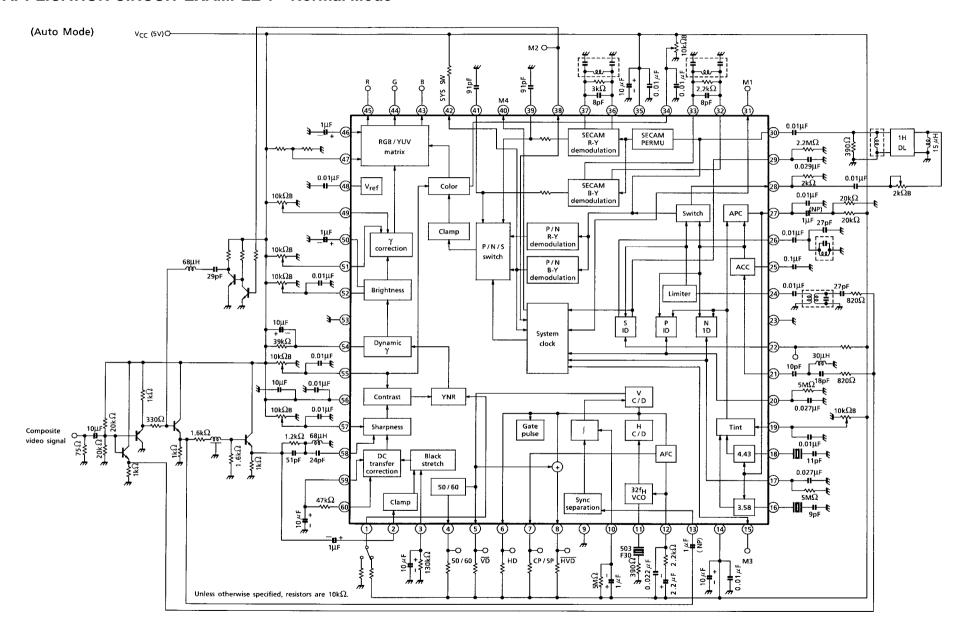
							TES	T COND	ITIONS	: V _{CC} =	5V, Ta = 25±3°C	
No.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX	SW ₁₀			VR MO SW ₄₇	DE	TEST METHOD
	PAL / NTSC gate	T _{PN1}	μs	_	0.6	_						 Connect an additional 20kΩ resistor between pin 17 and V_{CC}. To pin 13, input a 300mV_{p-p} composite sync signal via a 1µF capacitor. Observe the waveform on pin 17.
D ₉	pulse phase	T _{PN2}	μs	_	3.1	_	ON	ON	ON	_	_	T _{PN2}
	SECAM gate pulse	T _{S1}	μs	_	3.1	_	ON	ON	ON			 Connect an additional 20kΩ resistor between pin 29 and VCC. To pin 13, input a 300mVp-p composite sync signal via a 1µF capacitor. Observe the waveform on pin 29.
D ₁₀	phase	T _{S2}	μs	_	4.8		ON	ON	ON	_		T _{S2}
D	Vertical output	wv	Н	_	2.75	_	ON	ON	ON			 To pin 13, input a 300mVp-p composite sync signal via a 1μF capacitor. Observe the waveform on pin 5.
D ₁₁	pulse phase	τ _V	Н	0	_	1.5	ON	ON	OIN	_	_	τ _V w _V

٨	lo.	PARAMETER	SYMBOL	UNIT	MIN	TYP.	MAX		ST CO	SW A	AND VF	_C = 5V, Ta = 25±3°C R MODE	TEST METHOD
		Vertical sync lock-in	V _{PH}		_	345	_	ou.	011	011			1. To pin 13, input a 300mVp-p composite sync signal via a 1μF capacitor.
	149	range	V _{PL}	Н	_	228	_	ON	ON	ON	_	_	 Vary the vertical sync of the composite sync signal. Measure the vertical sync where the vertical sync input and the pin 5 output synchronize.
	6	60Hz vertical sync	V _{6H}		_	287	_						1. To pin 13, input a 300mVp-p composite sync signal via a 1μF capacitor.
	140	range	V _{6L}	Н	_	228	_	ON	ON	ON	_	_	 Vary the vertical sync of the composite sync signal. Measure the vertical sync where the vertical sync input and the pin 5 output synchronize and pin 4 output is high.

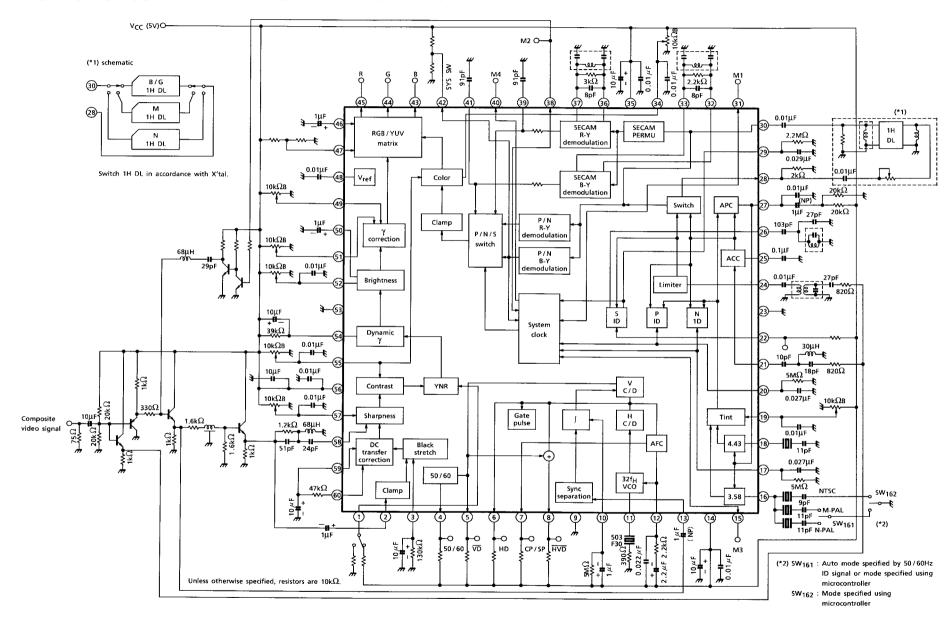
TEST CIRCUIT



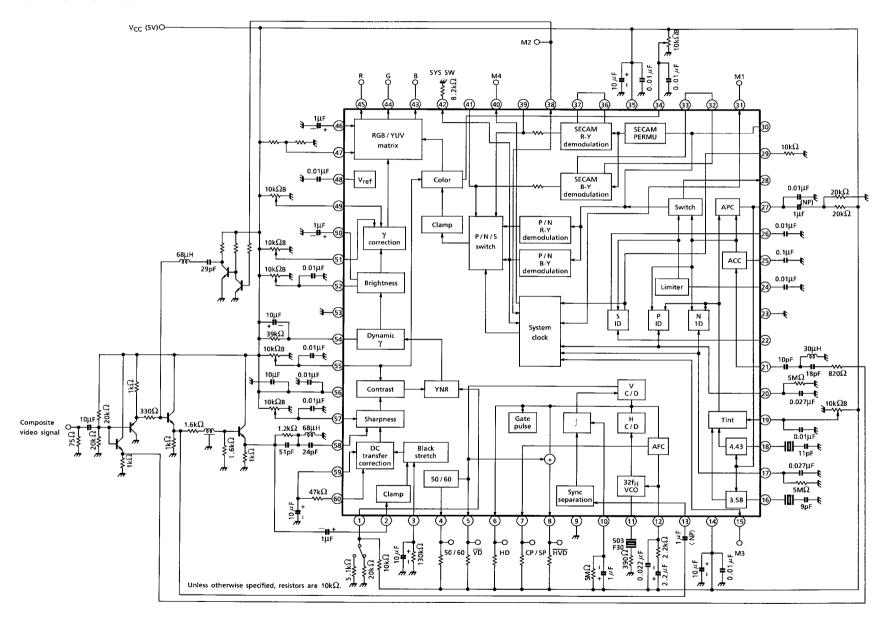
APPLICATION CIRCUIT EXAMPLE 1 Normal Mode



APPLICATION CIRCUIT EXAMPLE 1 South American Mode



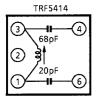
APPLICATION CIRCUIT EXAMPLE 1 Pseudo-PAL Mode



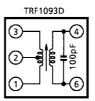


Peripheral Component Specifications

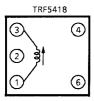
(1) Tank coil (bottom view)



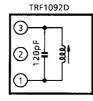
 $\begin{array}{lll} {\rm Lmin} & 20.0 \mu {\rm H} \\ {\rm Lmax} & 37.0 \mu {\rm H} \\ {\rm Q} & 26 \, ({\rm at \ Lmax}) \end{array}$



 $\begin{array}{l} f_{O}\;\text{max}\;\;(\text{at}\;\;4\text{-}6) = 4.9\text{MHz}\;\;(\text{min})\\ f_{O}\;\text{min}\;\;(\text{at}\;\;4\text{-}6) = 4.4\text{MHz}\;\;(\text{max})\\ Q2\;\;(\text{at}\;\;f_{O}\;\text{min}\;4\text{-}6) = 68\pm30\%\\ \text{L1}\;\;(\text{at}\;\;f_{O}\;\text{min}\;1\text{-}3) = 9.1\mu\text{H}\pm30\%\\ \text{Qu}\;\;(\text{at}\;\;f_{O}\;\text{min}\;1\text{-}3) = 36\pm30\%\\ \text{L2}\;\;(\text{at}\;\;f_{O}\;\text{min}\;2\text{-}3) = 0.36\mu\text{H}\pm15\%\\ \text{Qu}\;\;(\text{at}\;\;f_{O}\;\text{min}\;2\text{-}3) = 5.8\pm30\%\\ \end{array}$



Lmin 5.2 μ H Lmax 12.2 μ H Q 57 (at L = 8.6 μ H)



fmin 4.7MHz fmax 7.4MHz Q 75 (at fmin)

(2) X'tal

NTSC 3.579545MHz

Frequency accuracy : ±25ppm

Temperature coefficient ± 20 ppm ($-10 \sim 75$ °C)

Load capacitance : 16pF

PAL 4.433619MHz

Frequency accuracy : ±25ppm

Temperature coefficient : ±30ppm (-10~75°C)

Load capacitance : 16pF

Product recommended : NR-18 (Nippon Denpa Kogyo Corp.)

(3) 1H Delay line

Nominal frequency : 4.433619MHz (f₀)

Insertion loss : 10 ± 3 dB (at f_0), delay time 63.945 μ s

3dB bandwidth : $f_0\pm 1.0MHz$ or more Unwanted reflection : 32dB or more ($f_0\pm 1MHz$)

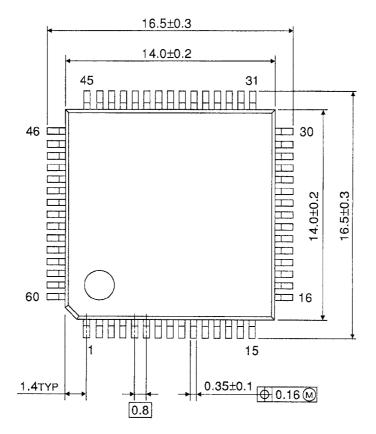
Product recommended : EFD-ED645A41T (Matsushita Electronics Corp.)

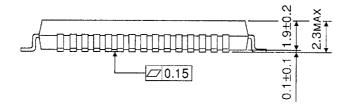
(4) 32fH ceramic oscillator

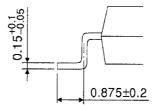
Product recommended : CSB503F30 (Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

QFP60-P-1414-0.80F Unit: mm







Weight: 0.8g (Typ.)