



T460HW04 V4 Product Specification

Model Name: T460HW04 V4

Issue Date: 2010/07/06

)Preliminary Specifications (*)Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date				
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Yenting Chiu	()/a 10				
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen Grand Chen Reviewed By Project Leader Breeze Lin Breeze Lin Prepared By PM					
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Note 1: TST test fails to pass AUO internal qualification, so AUO cannot guarantee sub materials.

Note 2: Module MTBF test fails due to P-mura issue.

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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
1.0	2010/7/6		First release
		\	





1. General Description

This specification applies to the 46.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T460HW04 V4. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 46.0 inch. This module supports 1,920x1080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T460HW04 V4 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	46.00	inch	
Display Area	1018.08(H) x 572.67(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	1056.5(H) x 610.8(V) x 20.8(D)	mm	D : Front bezel to rib
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	10 bit, 1.07G	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.53025	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	HC, 3H		





2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

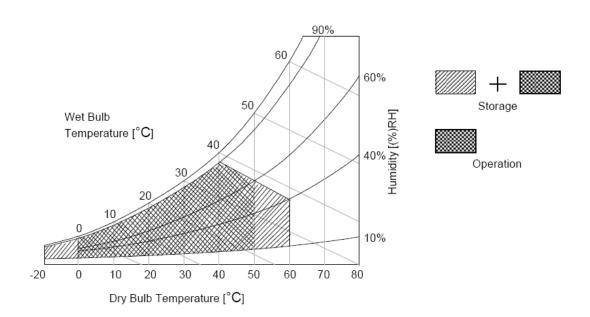
Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 $^{\circ}$ C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition

Note 4: Storage period should refer to RA criteria





3. Electrical Specification

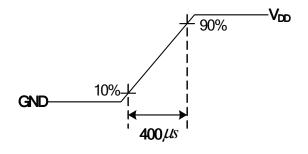
Below power input specification of T460HW04 V4 is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

	Devementer	Cumphal		Value		Llmit	Note
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Power Sup	pply Input Voltage	V _{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V _{DC}	1
Power Sup	oply Input Current	I _{DD}		0.74	1.5	Α	2
Power Cor	nsumption	Pc		8.88	18	Watt	2
Inrush Cur	rent	I _{RUSH}		(4	Α	3
	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	600	mV_{DC}	4
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}			+100	mV_{DC}	4
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-100			mV_{DC}	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.10	1.25	1.40	V_{DC}	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7		3.3	V _{DC}	
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V_{DC}	

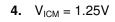
Note:

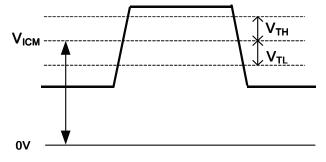
- 1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{CC}
- 2. Test Condition:
 - (1) $V_{DD} = 12.0V$
 - (2) Fv = 60Hz
 - (3) $F_{CLK} = 82MHz$
 - (4) Temperature = 25 $^{\circ}$ C
 - (5) Test Pattern : White Pattern
- 3. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us















3.2 Interface Connections

● LCD connector: 82pin LVDS connector(UJU, PF050-C82B-C35), Foosung TECH. Co.(FF05001-82)

DIV		· · ·		,	
PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	26	CH3_0+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0+
2	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	27	CH3_1-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1-
3	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	28	CH3_1+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 1+
4	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	29	CH3_2-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2-
5	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	30	CH3_2+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 2+
6	NC	No connection	31	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground	32	CH3_CLK-	LVDS Channel 3, Clock -
8	GND	Ground	33	CH3_CLK+	LVDS Channel 3, Clock +
9	GND	Ground	34	GND	Ground
10	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	35	CH3_3-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3-
11	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	36	CH3_3+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 3+
12	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	37	CH3_4-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4-
13	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	38	CH3_4+	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 4+
14	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	39	GND	Ground
15	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	40	SCL	EEPROM Serial Clock
16	GND	Ground	41	NC	No connection
17	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	42	NC	No connection
					EEPROM Write Protection
18	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	43	WP	High(3.3V) for Writable,
					Low(GND) for Protection
19	GND	Ground	44	SDA	EEPROM Serial Data
20	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	45	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA
21	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	46	NC	No connection
22	CH1_4-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4-	47	NC	No connection
23	CH1_4+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4+	48	NC	No connection
24	GND	Ground	49	NC	No connection
25	CH3_0-	LVDS Channel 3, Signal 0-	50	NC	No connection





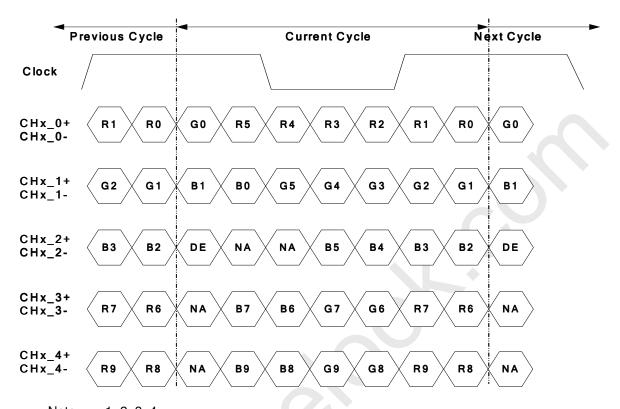
PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
51	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	76	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
52	GND	Ground	77	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
53	CH4_4+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4+	78	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
54	CH4_4-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4-	79	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
55	CH4_3+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3+	80	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
56	CH4_3-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3-	81	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
57	GND	Ground	82	GND	Ground
58	CH4_CLK+	LVDS Channel 4, Clock +			
59	CH4_CLK-	LVDS Channel 4, Clock -			
60	GND	Ground			
61	CH4_2+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2+			
62	CH4_2-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2-			
63	CH4_1+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1+			
64	CH4_1-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1-			
65	CH4_0+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0+			
66	CH4_0-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0-	4		
67	GND	Ground			
68	CH2_4+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4+			
69	CH2_4-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4-			
70	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+			
71	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-			
72	GND	Ground			
73	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +			
74	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -			
75	GND	Ground			





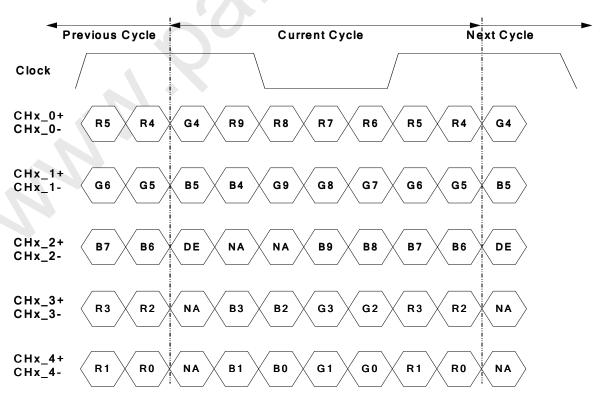
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LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

LVDS Option = Low/GND→JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...





3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

			7							
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit				
	Period	Tv	1090	1130	1392	Th				
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080		Th				
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	50	312	Th				
	Period	Th	540	570	580	Tclk				
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		480						
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	60	90	100	Tclk				
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	64.8	77.29	80.74	MHz				
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	94	120	122	Hz				
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	120	135.6	139.2	KHz				

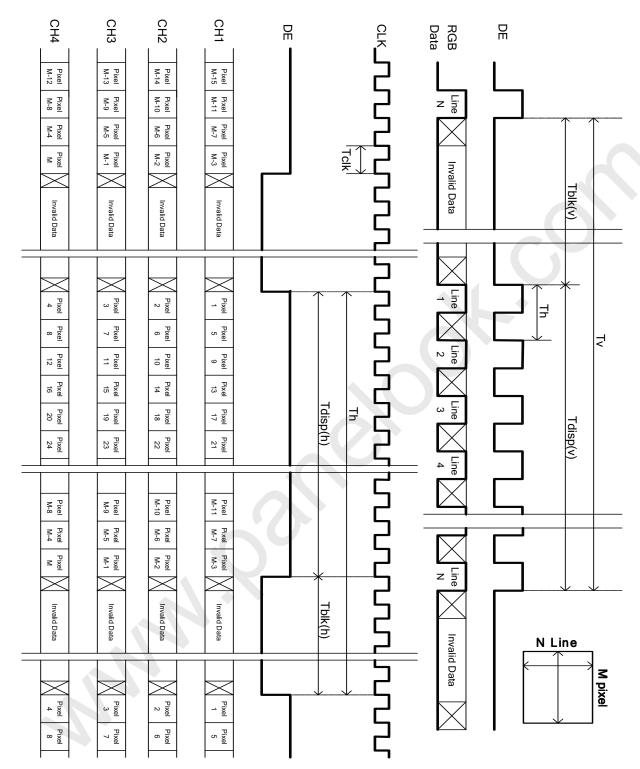
Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
 Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.





3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms







3.5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

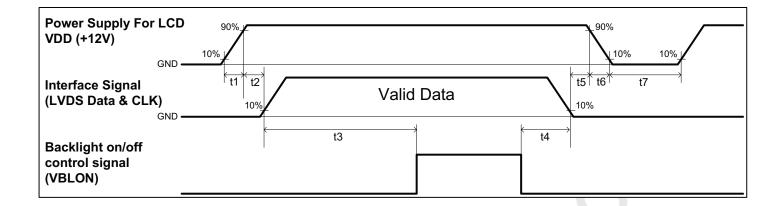
COLOR DATA REFERENCE

			Input Color Data																												
	Oalan					RE	ΞD								(GRE	EEN	1								BL	UE				
	Color	MS	SB							L	SB	MS	SB							LS	SB	MS	В							L:	SB
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В9	B8	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																															
	RED(1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																															
	GREEN(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																															
	BLUE(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1





3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



Donomotor		Values										
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit								
t1	0.4		30	ms								
t2	0.1		50	ms								
t3	300			ms								
t4	0 ^{*1}			ms								
t5	0			ms								
t6			*2 	ms								
t7	500			ms								

Note:

⁽¹⁾ T4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

⁽²⁾ T6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

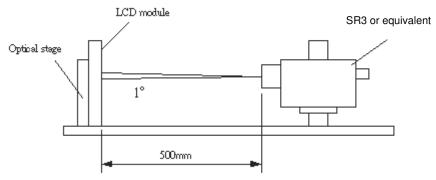




4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of φ and θ equal to 0 °.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Downston	Cumple		Values		l loit	Natas
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	4000	5000			1
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH}	-	*		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}	-	*	*		3
Response Time (G to G)	Тү		6.5		Ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		*		%	
Color Coordinates	1/0		*			
Red	R _X		*		1	
	R_{Y}		*			
Green	G _X		*			
	G _Y		*			
Blue	B _X	*	*	*		
	B _Y		*			
White	W _X		*			
	W _Y		*			
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(φ=0°)	$\theta_{\rm r}$		89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}		89		degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	

^{*} LED lightbar and LED Backlight structure is designed by customer, AUO could not guarantee the typical value of luminance, NTSC, R/G/B/W.

the typical value of luminance, NTSC, R/G/B/W.

** OPT spec. should refer to the ORT data gathered in the first 3 months after mass production.

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Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

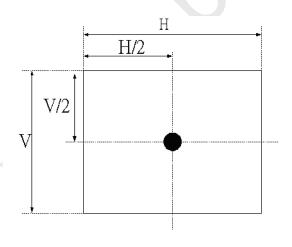
Contrast Ratio=
$$\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{off5}}}$$

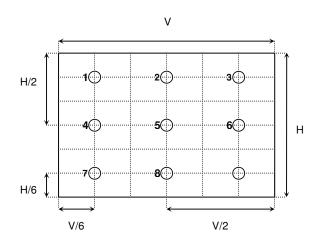
- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. L_{WH}=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δ WHITE is defined (center of Screen) as: $\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...,L_{on9}) / Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...L_{on9})$
- 4. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_v =60Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target				
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

FIG. 2 Luminance



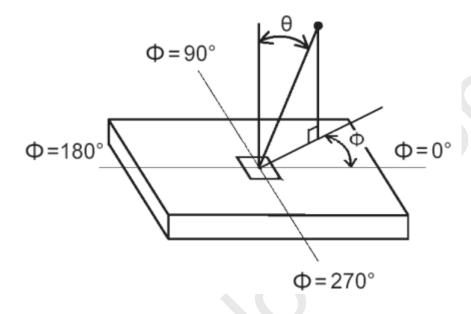






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FIG.3 Viewing Angle







5. Mechanical Characteristics

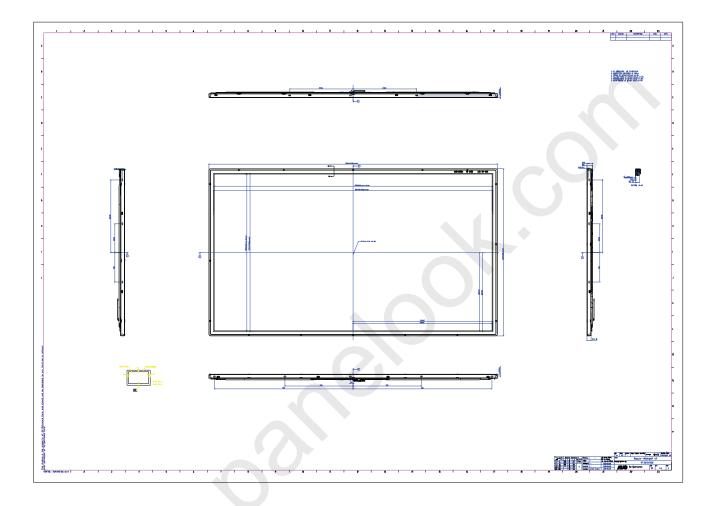
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T460HW04 V4. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	1056.5 mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	610.8 mm	
	Depth	20.8 mm (Front bezel to rib)	
Paral Oranina	Horizontal	1024.08 mm	
Bezel Opening	Vertical	579.27 mm	
Active Display Area	Horizontal	1018.08 mm	
Active Display Area	Vertical	572.67 mm	
Weight	9,400g (Typ.)		
Surface Treatment	НС, ЗН		





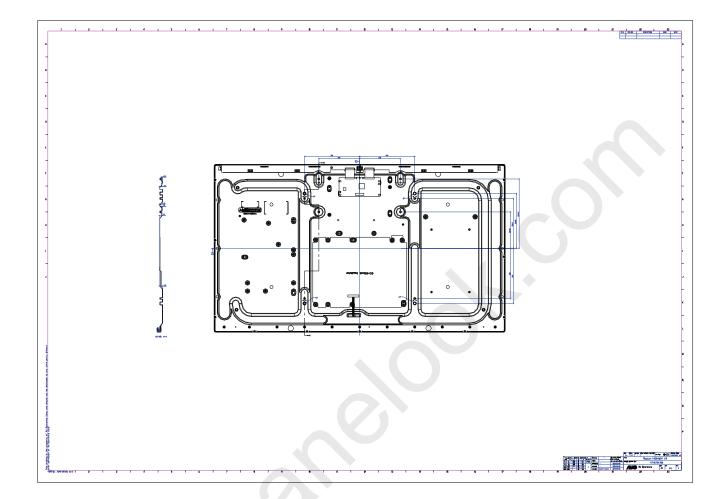
Front View







Back View







6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition	
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°C, 300hrs	
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃ , 300hrs	
3	High temperature operation test	3	50°C, 300hrs	
4	Low temperature operation test 3 -5°C, 300hrs		-5℃, 300hrs	
5		3	Wave form: random	
	Nile and in a death (and a second in a)		Vibration level: 1.0G RMS	
	Vibration test (non-operation)		Bandwidth: 10-300Hz,	
			Duration: X, Y, Z 30min	
		3	Shock level: 35G(±Z), 50G(±X, ±Y)	
6	Shock test (non-operation)		Waveform: half since wave, 11ms	
			Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction	
7	Vibration test (With carton)	1 (PKG)	Random wave (1.1G RMS, 10-200Hz) 30mins for X,Y,Z axes	
8	Drop test (With carton)	1 (PKG)	25.4cm, 6 flats (ASTMD4169)	





7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1: 2001, IEC 60065:2001; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7.2 EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998

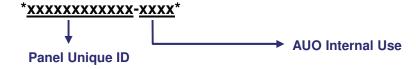


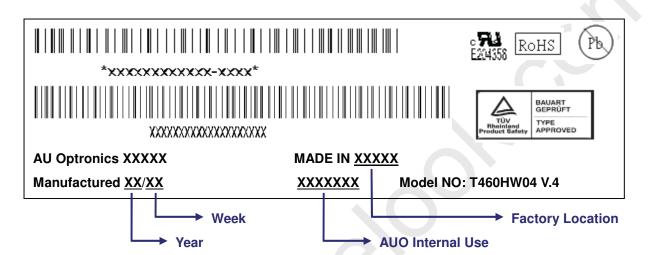


8. Packing

8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

A. Panel Label:



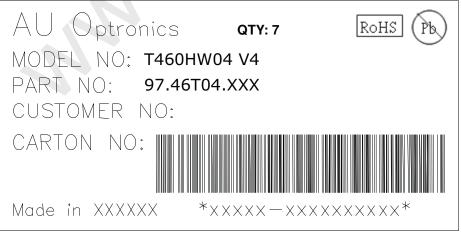


Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

B. Carton Label:

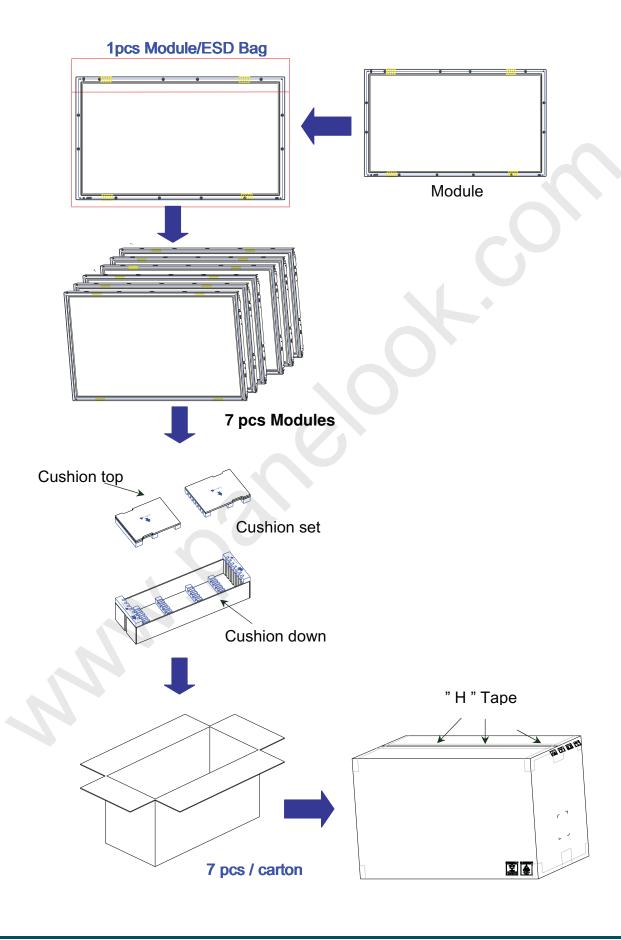






T460HW04 V4 Product Specification

8-2 PACKING METHODS:

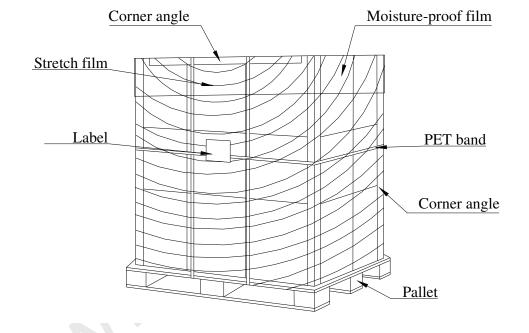






8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

			Packing		
	Item	Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	Remark
1	Packing Box	7pcs/box	1160(L)mm*375(W)mm*690(H)mm	85	
2	Pallet	1	1180(L)mm*1150(W)mm*132(H)mm	17.5	
3	Boxes per Pallet	2 boxes/Pal			
4	Panels per Pallet	14pcs/palle			
5	Pallet	14(by Air)	1180(L)mm*1150(W)mm*822(H)mm (by Air)	187.5 (by Air)	
	after packing	42(by Sea)	1180(L)mm*1150(W)mm*2466(H)mm (by Sea)	562.5 (by Sea)	40ft HQ







5. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of LED depends on the temperature. And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize





the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.