

Document Version: 1.3 Date:2006/3/15

Product Functional Specification

42" WXGA Color TFT-LCD Module Model Name: T420XW01 V0

> (*) Preliminary Specification () Final Specification

Note : This specification is subject to change without notice.



Contents

No	ITEM
	COVER
	CONTENTS
	RECORD OF REVISIONS
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS
 3-1	
 3-2	
 3-3	
 3-4	
 3-5	
 3-6	
4	
 5	
6	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS
 6-1	
 6-2	
7	
8	
-	



Record of Revision

Version	Date	No	Old Description	New Description	Remark
1.0	2005		First release		
	12/23				
1.1	2006		VddB	Vddb	p.5
	1/12				
			VICM	Vсім	p.6/p.7
			RIN1+/RIN1-:G6	RIN1+/RIN1-:G7	p.9
	Input current condition : Max. Brightness		Input current condition : Max. Brightness	Input current condition : DimmingMax.	p.10
			External PWM Control Min.	External PWM Control Min. Current condition :	p.10
			Current condition : PWM=100%	PWM=30%	
1.2	2006		BLU Brightness Control Voltage :	BLU Brightness Control Voltage : 5.5V (Max)	p. 6
	2/15		6.0V (Max)		
			Power Supply Input Voltage :	Power Supply Input Voltage : 11.4V (min),	p. 7
			10.8V (min), 13.2V (max)	12.6V (max)	
			Power Supply Input Current :	Power Supply Input Current : 0.75A	p. 7
			TBD		
			Power Consumption : TBD	Power Consumption : 9W	p. 7
			Backlight Power Consumption :	Backlight Power Consumption : (174W)	p. 7
			(170W)		
			Input Current : TBD	Input Current : 6.935(min), 7.3(typ), 7.66(max)	p. 11
			Input Power : TBD	Input Power : (174W)	p. 11
			ON/OFF Control Voltage : 0.7V	ON/OFF Control Voltage : 0.8V (max)	p. 11
			(max)		
			ON/OFF Control Current : TBD	ON/OFF Control Current : 150mA (min)	
			External PWM Control Voltage :	External PWM Control Voltage : 0.8V (max)	p. 11
			0.7V (max)		
			External PWM Control Current	External PWM Control Current (PWM 100%)	p. 11
			(PWM 100%) : TBD	: 150mA (min)	
			External PWM Control Current	External PWM Control Current (PWM 30%):	p. 11
			(PWM 30%) : TBD	150mA (min)	
			Pin 12:Vоім (Аоім):High	Pin 12 : VDIM (АDIM) : High (3.3V) 110%	p. 12
			(3.3V) 120%		



									Vertical Frequ	ency Ra	ange /	4				р.	14
		Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit		
			Period	Τv	789		822	Th		Period	Τv	789		822	Th		
		Vertical		Tdisp				_	Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)	_	768	_	Th		
		Section	Active	(v)	_	768	-	Th		Blanking	Tblk (v)	21		54	Th		
			Blanking	Tblk (v)	21		54	Th		Period	Th	1414		1722	Tclk		
			Period	Th	1414		1722	Tclk	Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)	_	1366	_	Tclk		
		Horizontal	Active	Tdisp	_	1366	_	Tclk		Blanking	Tblk (h)	48		356	Tclk		
		Section	, iouro	(h)						Period	CLK	11.36	_	15.38	ns		
			Blanking	Tblk	48		356	Tclk	Clock	Frequency	Freq	65		88	MHz		
			-	(h)					Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Vs	58	60	62	Hz		
		Clock	Period	CLK	-	-	18.18	ns	Horizntal Frequency	Frequency	Hs	45.76		50.96	KHz		
			Frequency	Freq	55		88	MHz	Vertical Frequ	ency Ra	ange E	3			·1		
		Vertical	Frequency	Hs	58	60	62	Hz	Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit		
		Frequency								Period	Τv	789		822	Th		
		Horizntal	Frequency	Hs	47.34		49.32	KHz	Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)	_	768	_	Th	1	
		Frequency								Blanking	Tblk (v)	21		54	Th		
		Vertical	Frequency	Vs	48	50	52	Hz		Period	Th	1414		1722	Tclk		
		Frequency Horizntal							Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)	_	1366	-	Tclk		
		Frequency	Frequency	Hs	39.45		41.1	KHz		Blanking	Tblk (h)	48		356	Tclk		
		i roquonoy							Clock	Period	CLK	13.51	_	18.52	ns		
									CIOCK	Frequency	Freq	54		74	MHz		
									Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Vs	48	50	52	Hz		
									Horizntal Frequency	Frequency	Hs	37.87		42.74	KHz		
		2D dra	wing :	Old	rea	ar n	nou	nt	2D drawing :	New re	ar mo	unt	dim	ensi	on	p.	23
		dimens	sion 44	.1mr	n				40.5mm							ļ	
									Add packing of							р.	25
1.3	2006/	Outline				983	.0(⊦	I)	Outline Dimer	nsion : S	983.0(I	H) x	570	6.0(\	√) x	p.	6
	3/15	x 576.							52.7(D)								
		Inrush					,		Inrush current							-	8
		Backlig	-	wer (Con	sun	nptio	on	Backlight Pow	ver Cons	sumpti	on :	17	5W(1	typ),	p. 8	8
		: (174	,						182W(max)								46
		Input F			-				Input Power (I				. ,			-	12
		Input ir	nrush c	urrer	nt (l	RUSH	ı) :	(1	Input inrush cu	urrent (I _F	RUSH) :	12/	۹(ma	ax)		р.	12



2)A(max)		
ON/OFF Control Current (I _{BLON})	ON/OFF Control Current (I _{BLON}) : 0mA(min),	р. 12
: 150mA(min)	2mA(max)	
External PWM Control Current	External PWM Control Current (EI_{PWM}) : 0m	р. 12
(EI _{PWM}) : 150mA(min)	A(min), 2mA(max)	
External PWM Frequency (EF _{PW}	External PWM Frequency (EF _{PWM}) : 150Hz	р. 12
_м) : 120Hz(min)	(min)	
Contrast Ratio : (1200)typ	Contrast Ratio : 1000(min), 1200(typ)	p. 20
Response Time (Tr) : (15)ms	Response Time (Tr): 15ms(typ)	p. 20
Response Time (Tf) : (5)ms	Response Time (Tf): 5ms(typ)	p. 20
Outline Dimension Depth : 54.	Outline Dimension Depth : 52.7mm (with i	p. 23
2mm (with inverter)	nverter)	
Bezel Area, Horizontal (typ.) :	Bezel Area, Horizontal (typ.) : 939.0mm	p. 23
938.3mm		
	Update 2D drawing	p. 24
	Add Shipping label green mark description	p. 26
	Add pallet information	p. 26



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 42 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T420XW01 V0. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 42 inch. This module supports 1366x768 WXGA mode (Non-interlace).

Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T420XW01 V0 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	42.02	inches	
Display Area	930.25(H) x 523.01(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	983.0(H) x 576.0(V) x 52.7(D)	mm	With inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1366 x 768	Pixel	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	AG, 3H		

* General Information



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

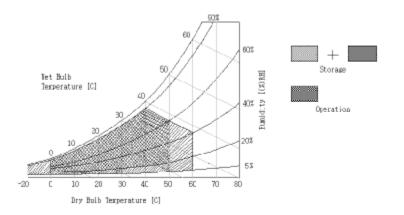
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vdd	-0.3	14.0	[Volt]	1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	3.6	[Volt]	1
BLU Input Voltage	Vddb	-0.3	27.0	[Volt]	1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	BLON	-0.3	5.5	[Volt]	1
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	+50	[°C]	2
Operating Humidity	Нор	10	90	[%RH]	2
Storage Temperature	Тѕт	-20	+60	[°C]	2
Storage Humidity	Hst	10	90	[%RH]	2
Shock (non-operation)		-	50	G	3
Vibration (non-operation)		-	1.5	G	4
Thermal shock		-20	60	С	5
Altitude test	50000feet (12	2Kpa)			

Note 1 : Duration = 50msec

- Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ $\,$ and No condensation.
- Note 3 : Half sine wave, shock level : 50G(11ms), direction : ±x, ±y, ±z (one time each direction)

Note 4 : Wave form : random, vibration level : 1.5G RMS, Bandwidth : 10--300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z 30min (one time each direction)

Note 5 : -20C/0.5hr ~ 60C/0.5hr, 10 cycles





3. Electrical Specification

The T420XW01 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input, which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter.

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Values		Unit	Notes
			Min	Тур	Max		
LCD:							
Power S	Supply Input Voltage	Vdd	11.4	12	12.6	Vdc	
Power S	Supply Input Current	Idd	-	0.75	-	А	1
Power (Consumption	Рс	-	9	-	Watt	1
Inrush C	Current	I _{RUSH}	-	-	5	А	5
LVDS	Differential Input	Vтн			+100	mV	
Interface	High Threshold						4
	Voltage						
	Differential Input	Vtl	-100			mV	
	Low Threshold						4
	Voltage						
	Common Input	VCIM	1.10	1.25	1.40	V	
	Voltage						
CMOS	Input High	Vін	2.4		3.3	Vdc	
Interface	Threshold Voltage	(High)					
	Input Low Threshold	VIL	0		0.7	Vdc	
	Voltage	(Low)					
Backlight	Power Consumption		-	174	182	Watt	2
Life Time			50000	60000		Hours	3

The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you



confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.

Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.

The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40 $^{\circ}$ C or less. At temperatures greater than 40 $^{\circ}$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39 $^{\circ}$ C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the lifetime of CCFL will be reduced.

Note :

- 1. Vdd=12.0V, fv=60Hz, fcLk=81.5 Mhz , 25℃, Vdd Duration time= 400 *ms* , Test pattern : white pattern
- 2. The Backlight power consumption shown above does include loss of external inverter at 25 $^{\circ}$ C. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current
- **3.** The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C.
- **4.** VCIM = 1.2V

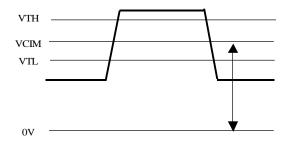
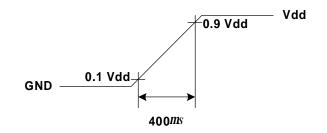


Figure : LVDS Differential Voltage

5. Measurement Condition: Rising time = 400 μ s





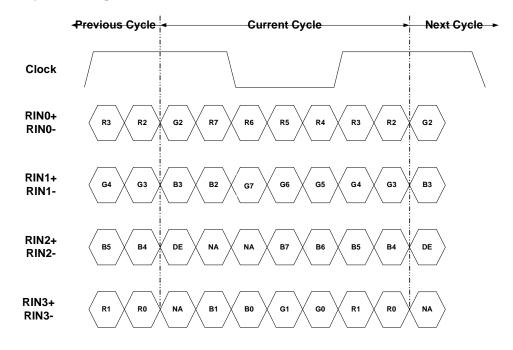
3-2 Interface Connections

- LCD connector: FI-X30SSL-HF (JAE) or equivalent
- Mating connector: FI-30C2L (JAE) or equivalent

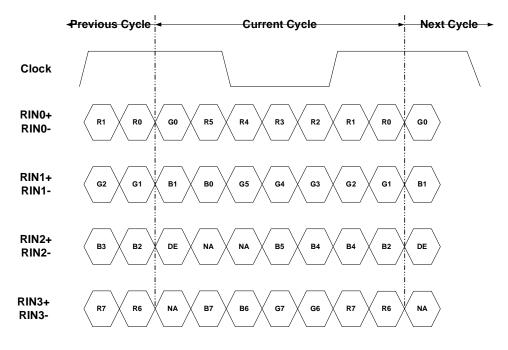
Pin No	Symbol	Description	Note
1	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
2	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
3	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
4	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	
5	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
6	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
7	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
8	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
9	LVDS Option	Low/Open for Normal (NS), High for JEIDA	Default : NS mode
10	Reserved	Open or High	AUO internal test
11	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
12	RXIN0-	LVDS Channel 0 negative	
13	RXIN0+	LVDS Channel 0 positive	
14	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
15	RXIN1-	LVDS Channel 1 negative	
16	RXIN1+	LVDS Channel 1 positive	
17	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
18	RXIN2-	LVDS Channel 2 negative	
19	RXIN2+	LVDS Channel 2 positive	
20	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
21	RXCLKIN-	LVDS Clock negative	
22	RXCLKIN+	LVDS Clock positive	
23	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
24	RXIN3-	LVDS Channel 3 negative	
25	RXIN3+	LVDS Channel 3 positive	
26	GND	Ground and Signal Return for LVDS	
27	Reserved	Open or High	AUO internal test
28	Reserved	Open or High	AUO internal test
29	GND	Ground and Signal Return	
30	GND	Ground and Signal Return	



LVDS Option = Highè JEIDA



LVDS Option = Low/OPENè NS





Backlight Connector Pin Configuration

1. Electrical specification

No	ITEM	SYME	BOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	Note
1	Input Voltage	V _{DD}	в		22.8	24.0	26.4	V_{DC}	
2	Input Current	I _{DDI}	В	V _{DDB} =24V 100% Brightness	6.935	7.3	7.66	A _{DC}	1
3	Input Power	P _{DD}	В	V _{DDB} =24V 100% Brightness		175		W	1
4	Input inrush current	I _{RUS}	Ή	V _{DDB} =24V 100% Brightness			12	A _{DC}	2
5	Output Frequency	F _{Βι}	-	$V_{DDB}=24V$		58		kHz	
6	ON/OFF Control	V _{BLON}	ON	$V_{DDB}=24V$	2.0		3.3	V _{DC}	
0	Voltage	V BLON	OFF	$V_{DDB}=24V$	0.0		0.8	V_{DC}	
7	ON/OFF Control Current	I _{BLO}	N	V _{DDB} =24V	0		2	mA _{DC}	
8	External PWM	EV _{PWM}	MAX		2.0		3.3	V_{DC}	
0	Control Voltage	E V PWM	MIN		0		0.8	V_{DC}	
9	External PWM	Elpwm	MAX	PWM=100%	0		2	mA _{DC}	
9	Control Current	LIPMW	MIN	PWM=30%	0		2	mA_{DC}	
10	External PWM Duty Ratio	ED _{PWM}			30		100	%	
11	External PWM Frequency	EF _{PV}	VM		150	180	300	Hz	

(Ta=25 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 1 : VDIM/Open = 1.6V; PDIM = Open/High

Note 2 : Duration = 20 ms



2. Input specification

Master Board:

Connector 1: S14B-PH-SM3-TB(JST) or equivalent

Pin No	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	Vddb	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	Vddb	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	Vddb	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	Vdim (Adim) ⁽¹⁾	GND: 80%; Open/1.6V: 100%; High (3.3V) 110%, Luminance
12	VBLON	BL On-Off: Open/High (3.3V) for BL On as default
13	Pdim ⁽²⁾	External PWM/Analog Dimming Control input; Open/High (3.3V, 100% Duty) for 100%
14	PDIM Selection ⁽³⁾	GND: External PWM dimming; Open/High: Analog dimming.

- Note (1) VDIM is control signal for Inverter's output Power to Back Light Lamp Bulb. Input Signal should be able to control Amplitude of Inverter Output voltage. From 0V to 3.3V, Inverter Output Voltage should be able to vary to control Brightness of Lamp from 80% to 110% Luminescence variation. Approx. 1.6V might be 100% Luminance control point.
- Note (2) PDIM is PWM duty control Input for +3.3V TTL Level Signal. This Input Signal is Continuous Pulse Signal with +3.3V, TTL Level Signal Spec. If this is Open or +3.3V, 100% Duty (i.e. +3.3V, DC level), Back Light should perform 100% Luminance. Duty Ratio of this Input signal should be proportional relationship in certain range of control without any kind of inherent side effect like Waterfall effect on Screen. Guaranteed Duty Range and Dimming Ratio should be specified with supplementary measurement result.
- Note (3) 14 Pin is selection pin for PWM control method; if this pin is connected to GND, P DIM input of 13th Pin should have Logic Level Duty Signal for PWM control. If this is set to High or Open, 13th Pin should have DC level signal therefore the Inverter should have Saw Tooth Wave Generator to generate internal PWM signal. Default setting is "Analog", means when it is "Not Connected", 13th pin of PWM control should be have DC Level signal for PWM.



Slave Board:

Connector 2: S12B-PH-SM3-TB(JST) or equivalent

Pin No	Symbol	Description
1	Vddb	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	Vddb	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	Vddb	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	Vddb	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	NC	
12	NC	



3-3 Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Vertical Frequency Range A (60Hz)

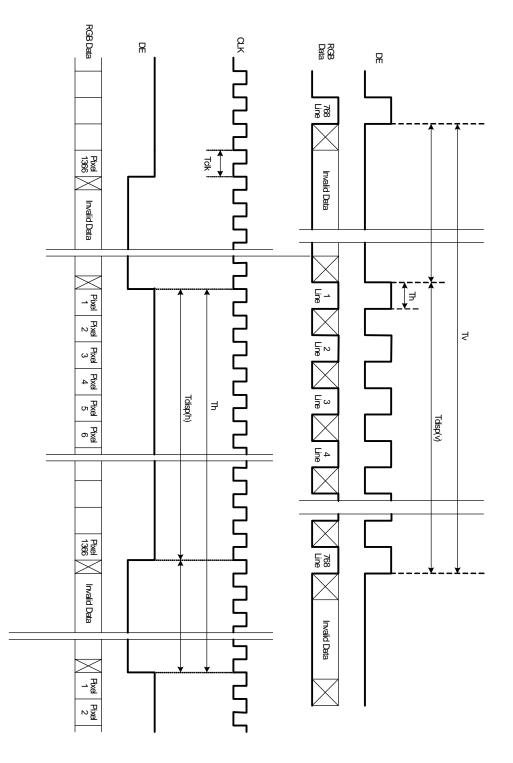
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	789		822	Th
	Active	Tdisp (v)	_	768	_	Th
Vertical Section	Blanking	Tblk (v)	21		54	Th
	Period	Th	1414		1722	Tclk
	Active	Tdisp (h)	—	1366	—	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Blanking	Tblk (h)	48		356	Tclk
Clock	Period	CLK	11.36	_	15.38	ns
CIUCK	Frequency	Freq	65		88	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Vs	58	60	62	Hz
Horizntal Frequency	Frequency	Hs	45.76		50.96	KHz

Vertical Frequency Range B (50Hz)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit
	Period	Τv	789		822	Th
	Active	Tdisp (v)	—	768	—	Th
Vertical Section	Blanking	Tblk (v)	21		54	Th
	Period	Th	1414		1722	Tclk
	Active	Tdisp (h)	—	1366	—	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Blanking	Tblk (h)	48		356	Tclk
Clock	Period	CLK	13.51	_	18.52	ns
CIUCK	Frequency	Freq	54		74	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Vs	48	50	52	Hz
Horizntal Frequency	Frequency	Hs	37.87		42.74	KHz



3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms



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3-5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

		Input Color Data																							
Color		RED						GREEN					BLUE												
		MS	В		I		1	L	SB	MS	В					L	SB	MS	В		1	r		L	SB
	1	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	Β4	В3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

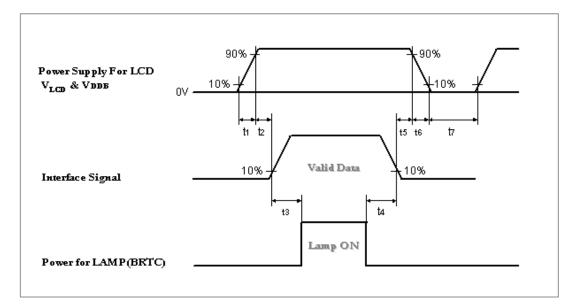
COLOR DATA REFERENCE

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3-6 Power Sequence

1. Power sequence of panel



		Units		
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
t1	400	-	1000	us
t2	20	-	50	ms
t3	700 or (200)*	-	-	ms
t4	200	-	-	ms
t5	50	-	-	ms
t6	0.47	-	30	ms
t7	1	-	-	S

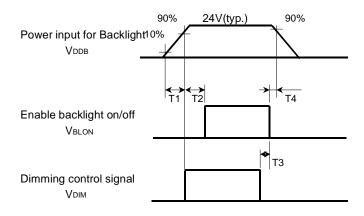
* : If t3=200ms, input black signal till 700ms from system is necessary. In case of t3<200ms, the abnormal display will be happened. But it will not damage timing controller.

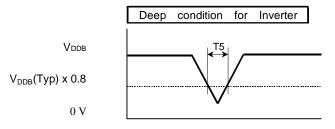
Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operating range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal.

Caution : The above on/off sequence should be applied to avoid abnormal function in the display. In case of handling, make sure to turn off the power when you plug the cable into the input connector or pull the cable out of the connector.



2. Power sequence of inverter





Parameter		Units		
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
Т3	0	-	-	ms
T4	1	-	-	ms
T5	-	-	10	ms



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0°.

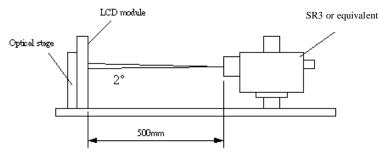


Fig.4-1 Optical measurement equipment and method

Parameter		Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
			Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Contrast Ratio		CR	1000	1200			1
Surface Luminance, v	white	LWH	400	500		cd/ mឺ	2
Luminance Variation		δ _{иніте} 9р			1.3		3
Response Time (Aver	age)	Тγ		8		ms	4,5 (Gray to Gray)
Rise	Time	Tr		15		ms	
Deca	ay Time	Tf		5		ms	
Color Coordinates							
RE	D	R _X		0.640			
		R _Y		0.330			
GR	REEN	G _X		0.270			
		G _Y	Typ0.03	0.600	Typ.+0.03		
BL	BLUE		Typ0.03	0.150	тур.+0.03		
		B _Y		0.060			
WE	HITE	W _X		0.280			
		W _Y		0.290			
Viewing Angle							Contrast Ratio>10
x axis, right($\varphi = 0^{\circ}$)		heta r		89		Degree	6
x axis, left($\varphi = 180^{\circ}$)		θ_1		89			
y axis, up(φ =	=90°)	$ heta_{ m u}$		89			
y axis, down ($\varphi = 0^{\circ}$)		$\theta_{\rm d}$		89			

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Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast ratio (CR)= <u>Brightness on the "white" state</u> <u>Brightness on the "black" state</u>

2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 1 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see Fig. 4-2. When V DDB = 24V, IDDB = TBD. $L_{WH}=L_{on1}$, Where L_{on1} is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 1 location.

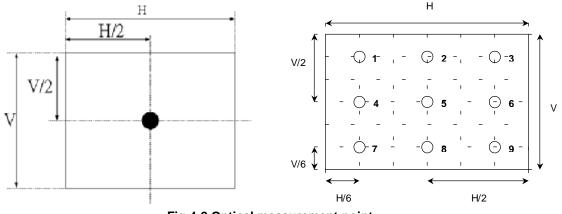


Fig.4-2 Optical measurement point

- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δ_{WHITE} is defined under 100% brightness as: $\delta_{\text{WHITE(9P)}}$ =Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...,L_{on9})/Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...L_{on9})
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white(L255) to black(L0) (Decay Time, $Tr_D=Tf$) and from black(L0) to white(L255) (Rise Time, $Tr_R=Tr$). For additional information see Fig. 4-3.

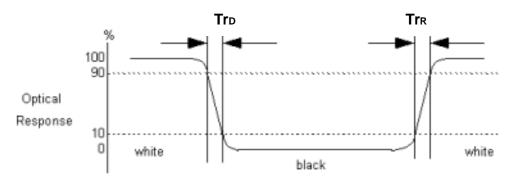


Fig.4-3 Response time

T420XW01 V0

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21/29



5. The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for 0, 63, 127, 191, 255 different gray level. For additional information see Fig. 4-4.

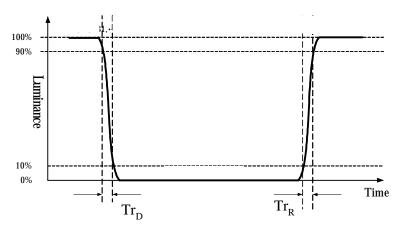


Fig.4-4 Response time

6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see Fig. 4-5.

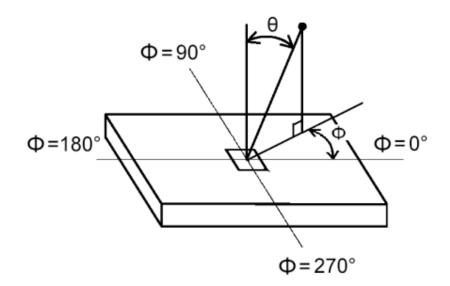


Fig.4-5 Viewing Angle Definition

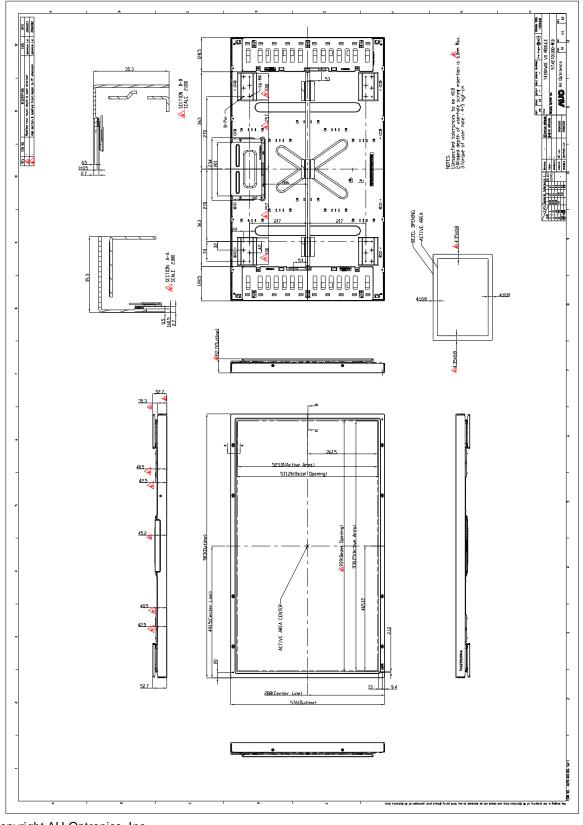


5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T420XW01. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal (typ.)	983.0mm				
Outline Dimension	Vertical (typ.)	576.0mm				
	Depth (typ.)	52.7mm (with inverter)				
Bezel Area	Horizontal (typ.)	939.0mm				
	Vertical (typ.)	531.3mm				
Activo Dicploy Aroo	Horizontal	930.25mm				
Active Display Area	Vertical	523.01mm				
Weight	15000	g (typ.)				
Surface Treatment	AG, 3H					





T420XW01 V0

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24/29



6. International Standard

6-1. Safety

- UL6500, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (AUO file number : E204356)
 Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995 Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- (3) EN60950 : 1992+A2: 1993+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997
 IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4:1996
 IEC 60065
 European Committee for Electro technical Standardization (CENELEC)
 EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

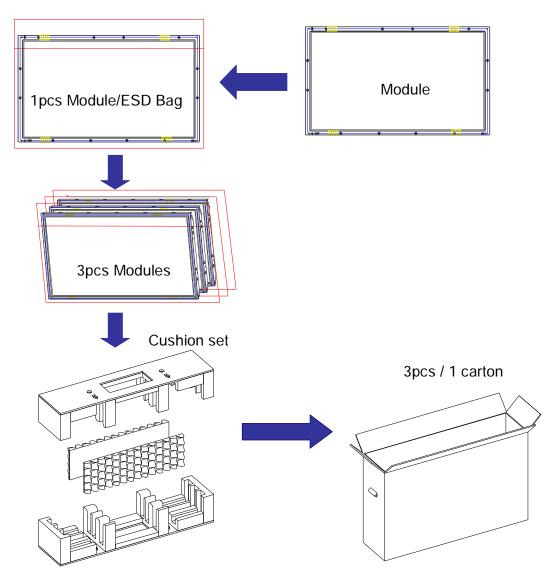
6-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



7. Packing

Packing Instruction





Shipping label



Green Mark Description:

For Pb Free products, AUO will add 🙆 for identification.

For RoHS compatible products, AUO will add **bulk** for identification.

Note. The Green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO

Internal Green Team. (The definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

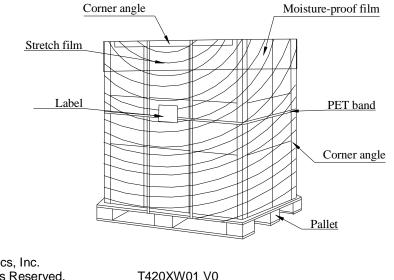
Carton label



Pallet information

By air cargo : : (4x1) x2 layers, one pallet put 8 boxes, total 24 pcs module.

By sea : (4x1) x3 layers, one pallet put 12 boxes, total 24 pcs module.



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8. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

8-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

(1) You must mount a module using holes arranged on back side of panel

(2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.

(3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.

(4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.

(5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.

(6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)

(7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.

(8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.

(9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

8-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.



- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

8-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

8-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

8-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5° C and 35° C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

8-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.