

Model Name: T420HW09 V1

Issue Date : 2011/1/11

()Preliminary Specifications(*)Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date					
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Yen Ting Chiu <u>YT Min</u> 2010/11/28						
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen <u>Myene Chen</u> Reviewed By Project Leader Angus Liu <u>Harter IR</u> Prepared By PM Chris Huang <u>Chris Huang</u>	010 1/28					



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2010/11/26		First release
0.1	2010/11/30	4	D: front bezel to inverter cover
		22	Update Dmax value
		23,24	Update 2D drawing
0.2	2011/1/11	16	Update input current max =5.26Adc, Inrush current max =7.5Adc



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 42.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T420HW09 V1. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 42.0 inch. This module supports 1,920x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T420HW09 V1 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	42.02	inch	
Display Area	930.24(H) x 523.26(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	983.0(H) x 576.0(V) x 52.65(D)	mm	D: front bezel to inverter cover
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Bezel Opening	939 (H) x 531 (V)	mm	
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1,080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.4845 (H) x 0.4845 (W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=2%
Rotate Function	Unachievable		Note 1

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate.



- ✓ Touchscreens For LCD Panels
- ✓ Optical Bonding and Air Bonding

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✓ Sunlight Readable Enhancement



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

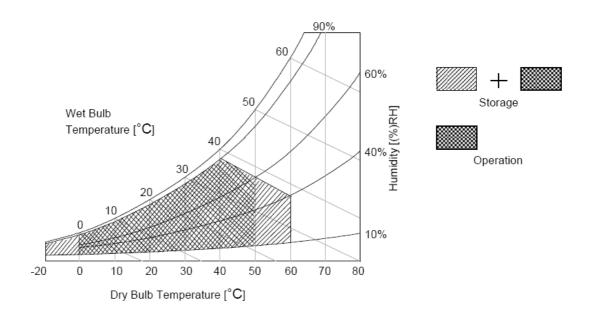
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be $39^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at $50\,^\circ\!\mathrm{C}\,$ Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

The T420HW09 V1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other is to power Back Light Unit.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
	Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	note
LCD							
Power Su	pply Input Voltage	V _{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V _{DC}	
Power Su	pply Input Current	I _{DD}		1	1.5	A	1
Power Co	nsumption	Pc		12	18	Watt	1
Inrush Cu	rrent	I _{RUSH}			3	А	2
	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	600	$\mathrm{mV}_{\mathrm{DC}}$	3
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	+100		+300	mV_{DC}	3
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V_{TL}	-300		-100	mV_{DC}	3
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.1	1.25	1.4	V _{DC}	3
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7		3.3	V_{DC}	4
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V_{DC}	4
Backlight	Power Consumption	P _{BL}	110	115	120	Watt	
Life time			50000			Hour	9,10

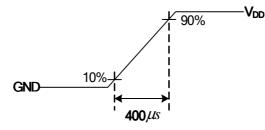


3.1.2: AC Characteristics

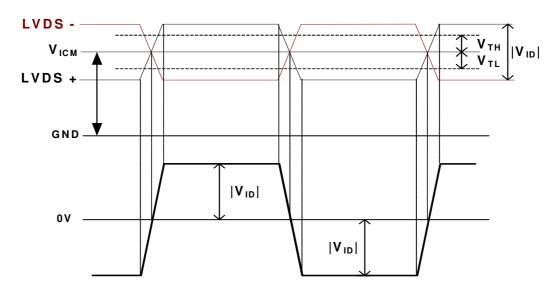
	Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
	i alametei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	t _{SKEW (CP)}	-500		+500	ps	5
LVDS	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	6
Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30		200	KHz	6
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	ns	7

Note :

- 1. V_{DD} = 12.0V, Fv = 60Hz, Fclk= 74.25MHz , 25 °C, Test Pattern : White Pattern
- 2. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us



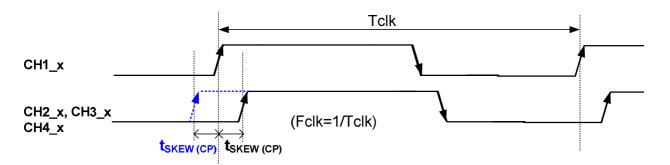
3.
$$V_{ICM} = 1.25V$$

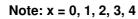


4. The measure points of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.

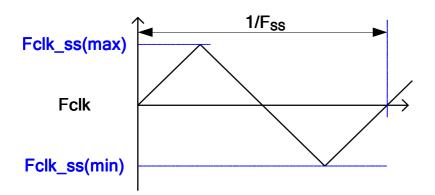


5. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin





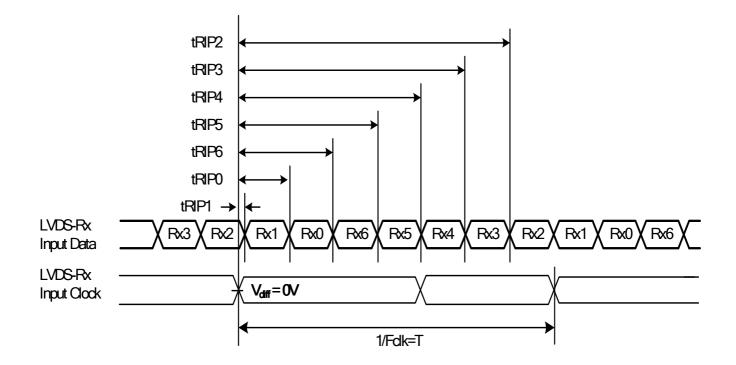
6. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures





7. Receiver Data Input Margin

Baramatar	Parameter Symbol Rating							
Falameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	Note		
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk		
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns			
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns			
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns			
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns			
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns			
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns			
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns			



- 8. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 9. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.
- 10. Specified values are for a single lamp only which is aligned horizontally. The lifetime is defined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to its original value.
 [Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = 25±2°C]



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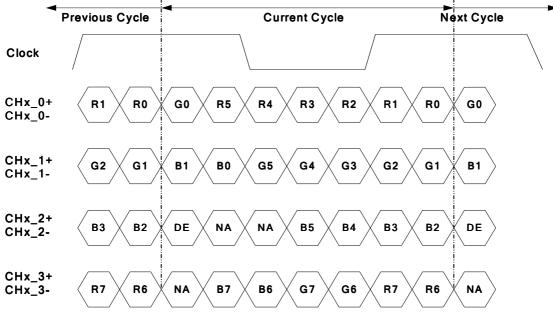
3.2 Interface Connections

- LCD connector: 187059-51221 (P-TWO, LVDS connector)
- Mating connector:

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	26	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
2	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	27	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
3	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
4	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
5	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
6	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
8	NC	No connection	33	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
9	NC	No connection	34	GND	Ground
10	NC	No connection	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
11	GND	Ground	36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	37	GND	Ground
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	40	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	41	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	42	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
18	GND	Ground	43	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	44	GND	Ground
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	45	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	47	NC	No connection
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	48	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
24	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	49	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
25	N.C.	AUO Internal Use Only	50	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
			51	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated

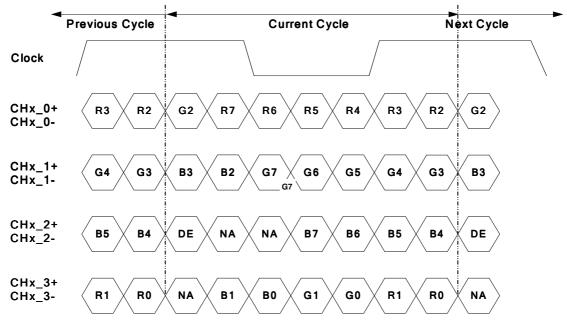


LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

LVDS Option = Low-JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Max	Unit				
	Period	Τv	1090	1125	1480	Th			
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080					
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	45	400	Th			
	Period	Th	1030	1100	1325	Tclk			
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		960		Tclk			
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk			
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	74.25	82	MHz			
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz			
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz			

Notes:

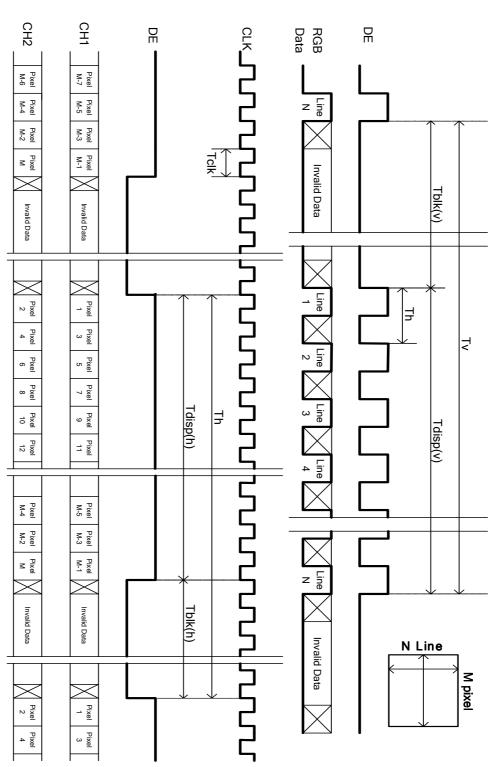
(1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

- (2)Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3.5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

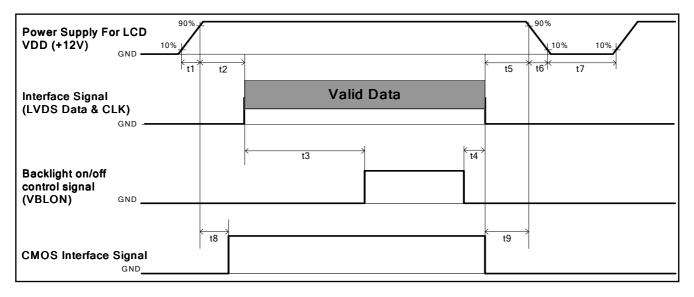
											I	npu	t Co	lor	Data	a									
	Color				R	ED							GRI	EEN	I			BLUE							
	00101	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	BB	MS	В					LS	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
В	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
														5											
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

COLOR DATA REFERENCE



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Power Sequence for LCD



Deremeter		Values									
Parameter	Min.	Туре.	Max.	Unit							
t1	0.4		30	ms							
t2	0.1		150	ms							
t3	450			ms							
t4	0 ^{*1}			ms							
t5	0			ms							
t6			*2	ms							
t7	500			ms							
t8	10		50	ms							
t9	0			ms							

Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

(3) When CMOS Interface is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, T8 timing spec can be negligible



3.7 Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 10-I type CCFLs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp)

3.7.1 Electrical specification

Item	Symbo	al	Condition		Spec		Unit	Note
nem	Symb	01	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Note
Input Voltage	V _{DDB}		-	21.6	24	26.4	VDC	-
Input Current	I _{DDB}		VDDB=24V	4.55	4.79	5.26	ADC	1
Input Power	P _{DDB}		VDDB=24V		115		W	1
Inrush Current	I _{RUSH}	I	VDDB=24V	-	-	7.5	ADC	2
Operating Frequency	FBL		VDDB=24V	53	55	57	KHz	
	M	ON		2	-	5.5		-
On/Off control voltage	V _{BLON}	OFF	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
On/Off control current	I _{BLON}		VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
Internal PWM	MAX		3.0	-	3.3	VDC	-	
Dimming Control Voltage	V_IPWM	MIN	VDDB=24V	-	0	-	VDC	-
Internal PWM Dimming Control Current	I_IPWM		VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
Internal PWM Dimming Ratio	R_IPWM		VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	
External PWM	V EPWM	MAX	VDDB=24V	2	-	3.3		-
Control Voltage	V_EPVVIVI	MIN	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
External PWM Control Current	I_EPWM		VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
External PWM Duty ratio	D_EPWM		VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
External PWM Frequency	F_EPW	/M	VDDB=24V	140	180	240	Hz	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) (Ta=25 \pm 5 $^\circ\!$ C , Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2 : Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

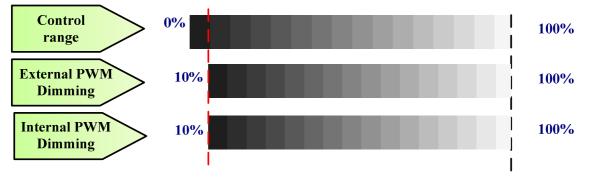
Note 3 : For External PWM application, \geq 5% dimming is function well and no backlight shutdown.



3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment

CN3: CI0114M1HRL-NH (Cvilux)

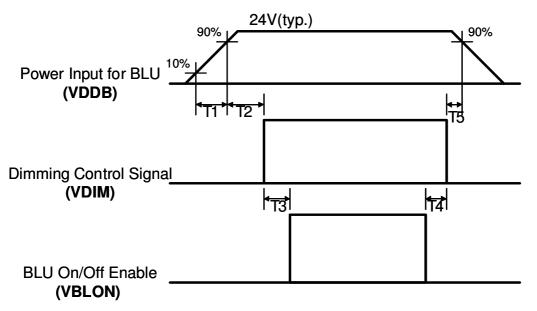
Pin	Symbol	Description	
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return	
11	DET	BLU status detection: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector	
12	VBLON	BLU On-Off control: BL On : High/Open (2V~5.5V); BL off : Low (0~0.8V/GND)	
13	VDIM	Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 10~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at External PWM mode>	
14	PDIM	External PWM (10%~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at Internal PWM mode>	



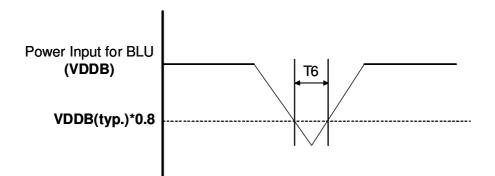
PWM Dimming : include Internal and External PWM Dimming



3.7.3 Power Sequence for Inverter



Dip condition for Inverter



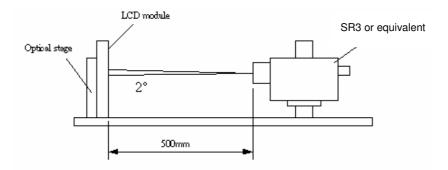
Deremeter		Unite		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Units
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
Т3	250	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	1	-	-	ms
Т6	-	-	10	ms



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



	Parameter			Values		Unit	Notes
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	NOLES
Contrast	Ratio	CR	3200	4000			1
Surface I	uminance (White)	L _{WH}	320	400		cd/m ²	2
Luminan	ce Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.33		3
Respons	e Time (G to G)	Тγ		6.5		Ms	4
Color Ga	mut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Co	ordinates						
	Red	R _X		0.640			
		R _Y		0.330	-		
	Green	G _X		0.281			
		G _Y	T . 0.00	0.590	T . 0.00		
	Blue	B _X	Тур0.03	0.144	Тур.+0.03		
		B _Y		0.060			
	White	W _X		0.280			
		W _Y		0.290			
Viewing A	Viewing Angle						5
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ _r		89		degree	
	x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
	y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ _u		89		degree	
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	θ _d		89		degree	

Note:



1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

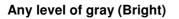
Contrast Ratio=

Surface Luminance of Loff5

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current $I_H = 11$ mA. L_{WH} =Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as: δ_{WHITE(9P)}= Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...,L_{on9})/ Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...L_{on9})
- 4. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_v=60Hz to optimize.

Measured				Target		
Response Time		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

 T_{γ} is determined by 10% to 90% brightness difference of rising or falling period. (As illustrated) The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".



Any level of gray (Dark)

Any level of gray (Bright)

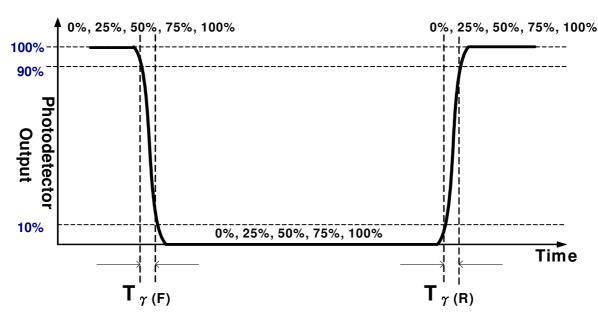
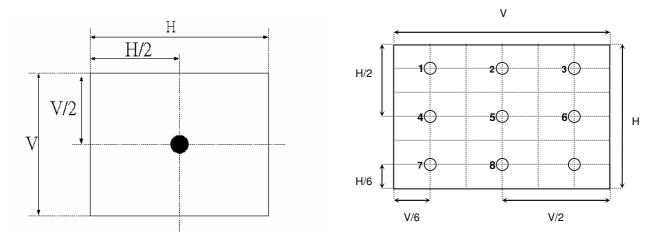


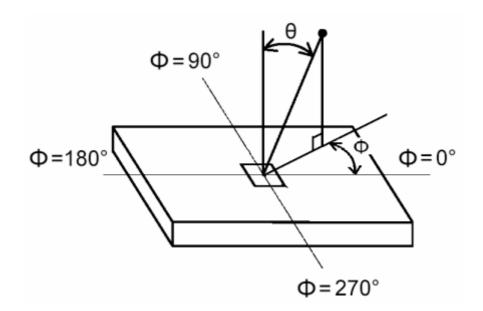


FIG. 2 Luminance



5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

FIG.3 Viewing Angle





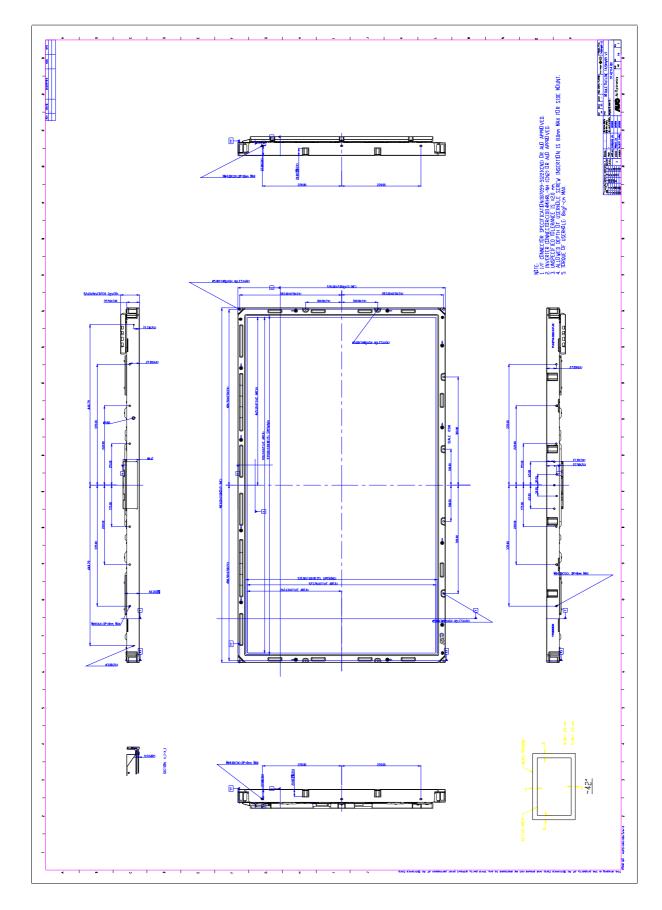
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T420HW09 V1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Item		Dimension	Unit	Note
Outline Dimension	Horizontal	983.0	mm	
	Vertical	576.0	mm	
	Depth (Dmin)	35.5	mm	to rear
	Depth (Dmax) 52.65		mm	to inverter cover
Weight	952	26	g	

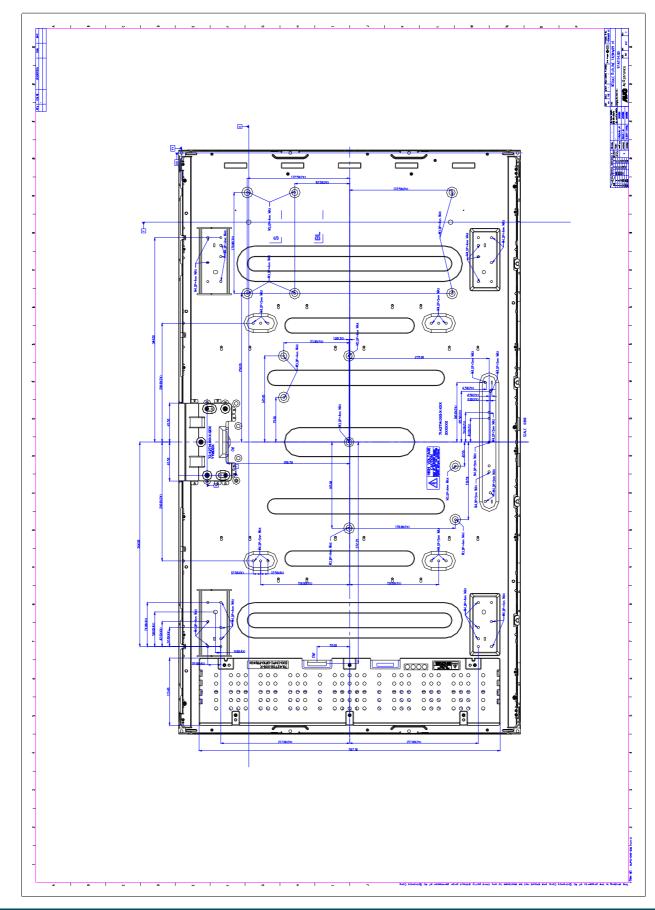


Front View





Back View





6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60℃, 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃ , 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs
			Wave form: random
			Vibration level: 1.5G RMS
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Bandwidth: 10-300Hz,
			Duration: X, Y, Z 30min
			One time each direction
			Shock level: 50G
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Waveform: half since wave, 11ms
			Direction: $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$, One time each direction
			Random wave (1.5G RMS, 10-200Hz)
7	Vibration test (With carton)	7	30mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes
			Height: 25.4cm (ASTMD4169-I)
			1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces
8	Drop test (With carton)	7	(refer ASTM D 5276)



7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001 ; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7.2 EMC

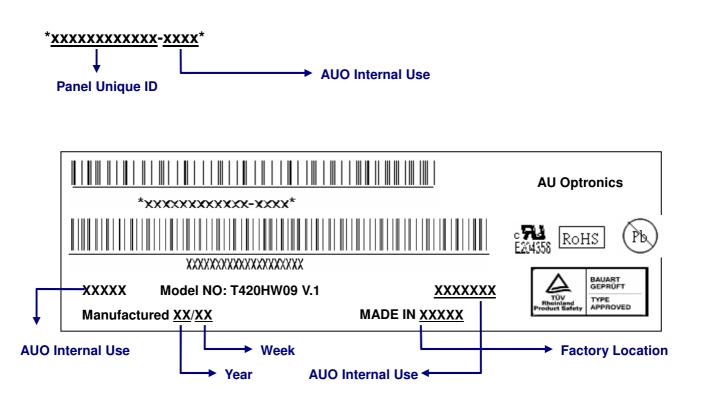
- ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



8. Packing

8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

A. Panel Label:



Green mark description

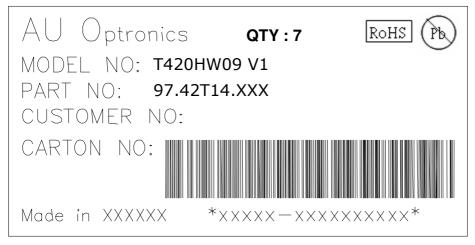
(1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification.

(2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green

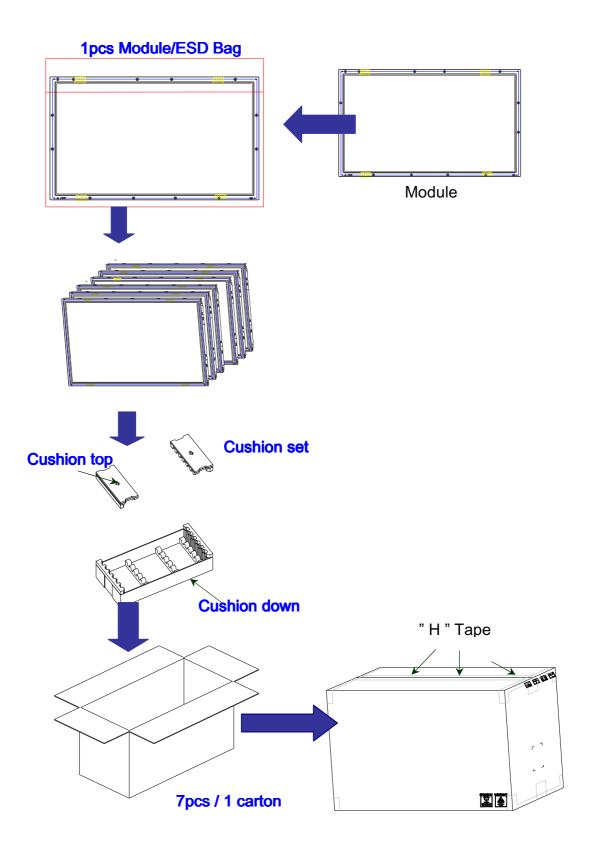
team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

B. Carton Label:





8-2 PACKING METHODS:

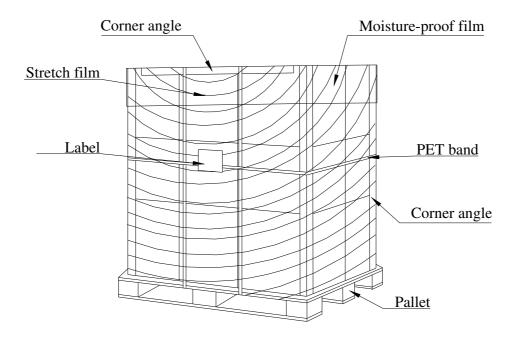




T420HW09 V1 Product Specification Rev.0 2

8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	ltem		Packing Remark		
	item	Qty. Dimension Weight (kg)		r acking riemark	
1	Packing BOX	7pcs/box	1050(L)*280(W)*650(H)	70	
'		7 pcs/box 1050(L) 280(W) 650(F	1030(L) 200(W) 030(H)	70	
2	Pallet	1	1140(L)*1060(W)*138(H)	16	
3	Boxes per Pallet				
4	Panels per Pallet				
	Pallet after packing	24	1140(L)*1060(W)*1438(H)	320	





11.PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: $V=\pm 200 mV(Over and under shoot voltage)$
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall



be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5° C and 35° C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.