



Global LCD Panel Exchange Center



Model Name: T315HW04 VE

Issue Date: 2012/03/16

()Preliminary Specifications (*)Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date
Approved By		Approval By PM Director	
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Reviewed By Project Leader Prepared By PM	Rao



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2011/8/02		First release
0.1	2011/12/21	4	Surface treatment typo was fixed.
0.2	2011/12/27	10	Pin assignment was revised.
0.3	2012/03/16	19	Optical Specification was revised.
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1. General Description

This specification applies to the 31.5 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T315HW04 VE. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.5 inch. This module supports 1,920x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T315HW04 VE has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.55	inch	
Display Area	698.4 (H) x 392.85 (V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	760.0 (H) x 450.0 (V) x 46.9 (D)	mm	D: front bezel to T-con cover
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Bezel Opening	703.8(H) x 398.4 (V)	mm	
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1,080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.36375 (H) x 0.36375 (W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	S/C		
Rotate Function	Unachievable		Note 1

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate.



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

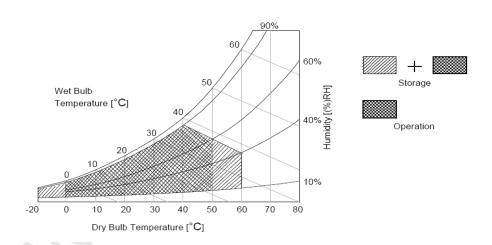
The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

		1			1			
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions			
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage (for	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1			
12V input)								
Input Voltage of Signal (for 12V	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1			
input)								
BLU Input Voltage	VDDB	-0.3	28	V_{DC}	Note 1			
BLU on/off Control Voltage	V_{BLON}	-0.3	7	V_{DC}	Note 1			
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	Vdim	-0.3	7	V_{DC}	Note 1			
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2			
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2			
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2			
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2			
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3			

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be $39\,^\circ\!\mathbb{C}$ and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.







3. Electrical Specification

The T315HW04 VE requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other is to power Back Light Unit.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Parameter	Cymbol		Value		Unit	Note
	Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	note
LCD							
Power Su	pply Input Voltage	V_{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V _{DC}	
Power Su	pply Input Current	I _{DD}		0.39	0.56	Α	1
Power Co	nsumption	Pc		4.68	7.392	Watt	
Inrush Cu	rrent	I _{RUSH}			4	Α	2
Permissib	le Ripple of Power Supply Input Voltage	V_{RP}			660	mV_{pk-pk}	3
	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	600	mV_{DC}	4
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V_{TH}	+100		+300	mV_{DC}	4
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-300	-	-100	mV_{DC}	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.1	1.25	1.4	V_{DC}	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _⊪ (High)	2.7	1	3.3	V_{DC}	6
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0	1	0.6	V_{DC}	6
Backlight	Power Consumption	P _{BL}		69		Watt	



3.1.2: AC Characteristics

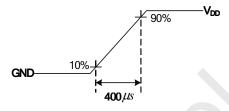
Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note		
raiametei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	14010	
Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	8	
Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30		200	KHz	8	
Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	ns	9	

Note:

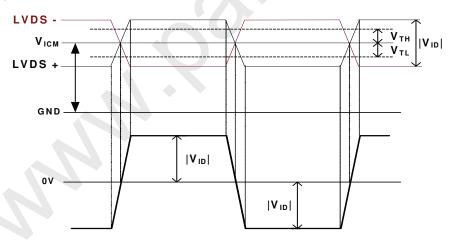
- 1. Test Condition:
 - (1) $V_{DD} = 12.0V$
 - (2) Fv = 60Hz
 - (3) Fclk=82MHz
 - (4) Temperature = 25 °C
 - (5) Typ. Input current : White Pattern

Max. Input current: Heavy loading pattern defined by AUO

2. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us



- 3. Test Condition:
 - (1) The measure point of V_{RP} is in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
 - $\ensuremath{\text{(2)}}\ Under\ Max.\ Input\ current\ spec.\ condition.$
- **4.** $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



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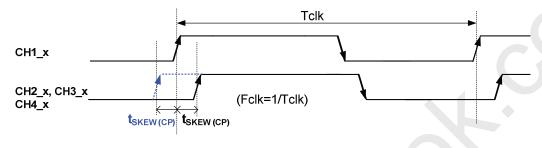
5. DCR Interface: Function Table

Ir	put	Output
DCR_Enable	DIM_IN	DIM_OUT
High	PWM Input	DCR Dimming Out
Low	PWM Input	PWM Input
NC	NC	Keep High

Note.(5-1): During the deep duty control, partial darkness or center darkness might happen due to insufficient lamp current.

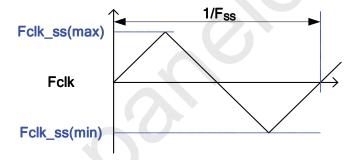
Note.(5-2): At low temperature, more warm up time may be needed.

- 6. The measure points of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
- 7. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin.



Note: x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

 $\textbf{8.} \ \, \text{LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.}$

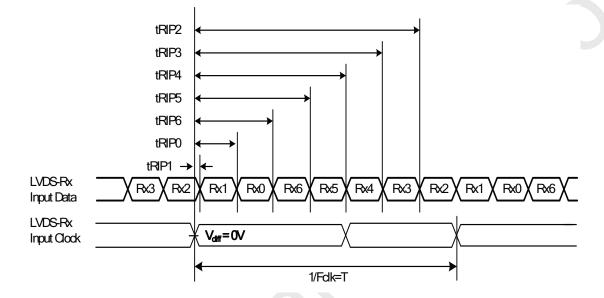






9. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol		Rating								
raiailletei	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	Note					
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk					
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns						
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns						







3.2 Interface Connections

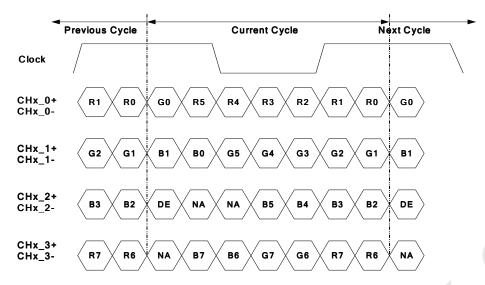
● LCD connector: 187059-51221 (P-TWO, LVDS connector)

PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	26	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
2	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	27	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
3	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	28	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
4	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	29	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
5	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated	30	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
6	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only	31	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground	32	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
8	GND	Ground	33	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
9	GND	Ground	34	GND	Ground
10	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	35	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
11	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	36	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
12	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	37	NC	No connection
13	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	38	NC	No connection
14	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	39	GND	Ground
15	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	40	SCL	LVDS_SCL
16	GND	Ground	41	SDA	LVDS_SDA
17	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	42	NC	No connection
18	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	43	NC	No connection
19	GND	Ground	44	NC	No connection
20	CH1 3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	45	LVDS SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS,
20	0111_0	Evel charmon, orginare	45	LVDO_GEL	Low(GND) for JEIDA
21	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	46	NC	No connection
22	NC	No connection	47	NC	No connection
23	NC	No connection	48	NC	No connection
24	GND	Ground	49	NC	No connection
25	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-	50	NC	No connection
			51	NC	No connection



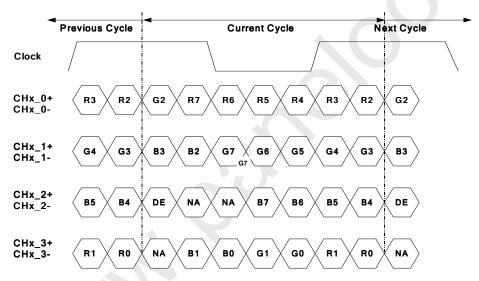


LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...





3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit			
	Period	Tv	1090	1125	1480	Th			
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080					
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	45	400	Th			
	Period	Th	1030	1100	1325	Tclk			
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		960					
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk			
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	74.25	82	MHz			
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz			
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60 67.5		73	KHz			

Notes:

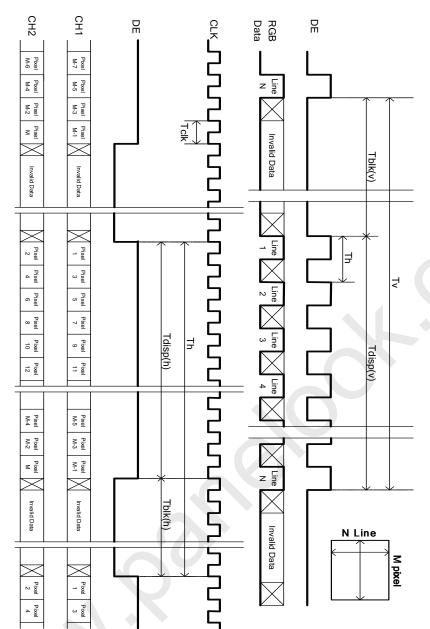
- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
 Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3)If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.





3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms

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3.5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

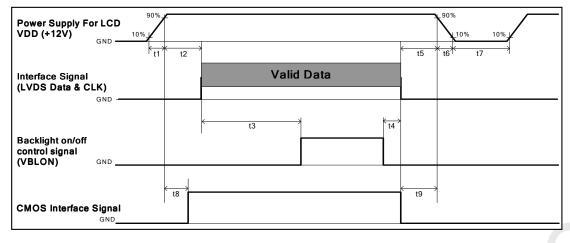
											ı	npu	t Co	olor	Data	a									
	Color				RI	ΞD							GRI	EEN	l						BL	UE			
	00101	MS	MSB					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	MSB LSB						3B
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R																									
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G															7										
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В				i																					
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



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T315HW04 VE Product Specification

Power Sequence for LCD



Parameter		1.1		
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		50	ms
t3	450			ms
t4	0*1			ms
t5	0			ms
t6			*2	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	10 ^{*3}		50	ms
t9	0			ms

Note:

- (1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.
- (2) t6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)
- (3) When CMOS Interface signal is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, t8 timing spec can be negligible.





3.7 Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 4-U type CCFLs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp)

3.7.1 Electrical specification

Item	Cumbal		Condition	Spec			Unit	Note
item		Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Input Voltage	VD	DB	-	21.6	24	26.4	VDC	-
Input Current	I _D	DB	VDDB=24V	2.65	2.79	2.93	ADC	1
Input Power	Pc	DDB	VDDB=24V	62	67	72	W	1
Inrush Current	I _{RL}	JSH	VDDB=24V	-	-	5.25	ADC	2
Operating Frequency	FE	3L	VDDB=24V	53	55	57	KHz	
On/Off control voltage	.,,	ON	VDDB=24V	2	-	5.5	VDC _	-
	V_{BLON}	OFF		0	-	0.8		-
On/Off control current	I _{BL}	ON	VDDB=24V	1	-	1.5	mA	-
Internal PWM	V DIM	MAX	VDDD 04V	3.0	-	3.3	VDC	-
Dimming Control Voltage	V_DIM MIN	MIN	VDDB=24V	-	0	-	VDC	_
Internal PWM Dimming Control Current	I_C	DIM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
Internal PWM Dimming Ratio	DIM	1_R	VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
External PWM	\	MAX	VDDB=24V	2	-	3.3	1/00	-
Control Voltage	V_EPWM MIN	MIN	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
External PWM Control Current	I_EPWM		VDDB=24V) -	2	mADC	-
External PWM Duty ratio	D_E	PWM	VDDB=24V	10	-	100	%	3
External PWM Frequency	F_EF	F_EPWM		140	180	240	Hz	-

Note 2 : Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

Note 3 : For External PWM application, $\,\geq\!5\%$ dimming is function well and no backlight shutdown



3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment

CN3: CI0114M1HRL-NH (Cvilux)

Pin	Symbol	Description			
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated			
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return			
11	DET	BLU status detection: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector			
12	VBLON	BLU On-Off control: BL On : High/Open (2V~5.5V); BL off : Low (0~0.8V/GND)			
13	VDIM	Internal PWM (0~3.3V for 10~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC; at External PWM mode>			
14	PDIM	External PWM (10%~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC; at Internal PWM mode>			

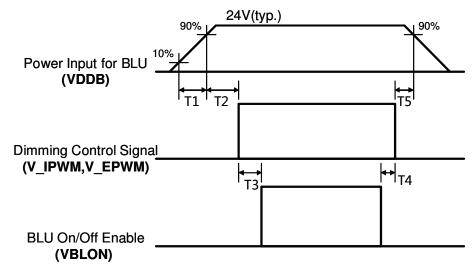


PWM Dimming : include Internal and External PWM Dimming

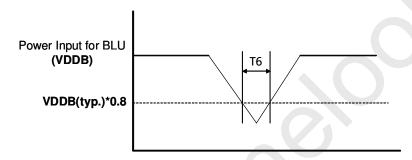


3.7.3 Power Sequence for Inverter

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Dip condition for Inverter



Parameter		Units		
raiailletei	Min	Тур	Max	Omis
T1	20	-	=	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
Т3	250	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	1	-	-	ms
T6		-	10	ms

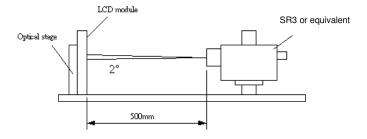




4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



D	Oh - l	Values			1.114	NI-t
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	3200	4000	/		1
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH}	280	350		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}			1.33		3
Response Time (G to G)	Тү		6.5		Ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates						
Red	R _X		0.640			
	R_{Y}		0.330			
Green	G _X		0.281			
	G _Y	Tun 0.00	0.590	Turn . 0.00		
Blue	Вх	Тур0.03	0.144	Typ.+0.03		
	B _Y		0.060			
White	W _X		0.280			
	W _Y	>	0.290			
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(φ=0°)	θ_{r}		89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}		89		degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	θ_{d}		89		degree	

Note:

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1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio=
$$\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{off5}}}$$

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current I_H = 11mA. L_{WH}=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as: $\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ..., L_{on9}) / Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ... L_{on9})$
- Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_v =60Hz to optimize.

Ме	asured			Target		
Respo	onse Time	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

T $_{\gamma}$ is determined by 10% to 90% brightness difference of rising or falling period. (As illustrated)

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".

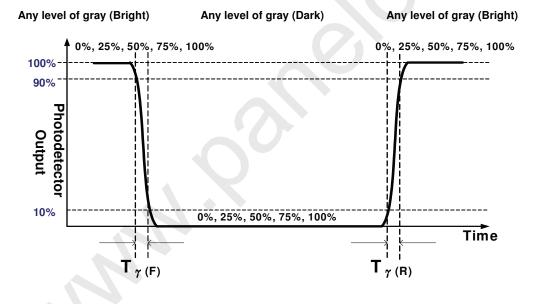
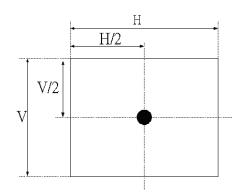


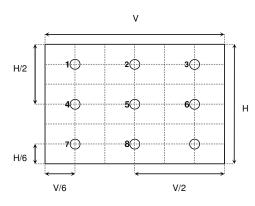






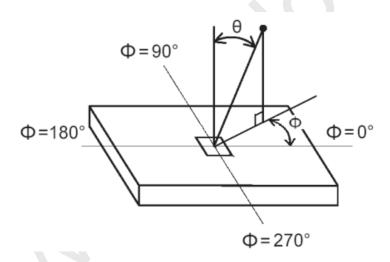
FIG. 2 Luminance





5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

FIG.3 Viewing Angle





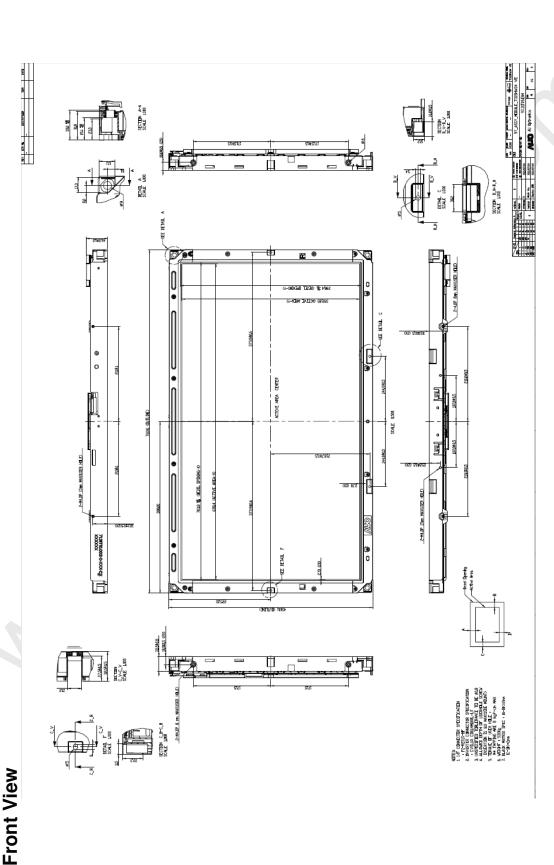


5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T315HW04 VE. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

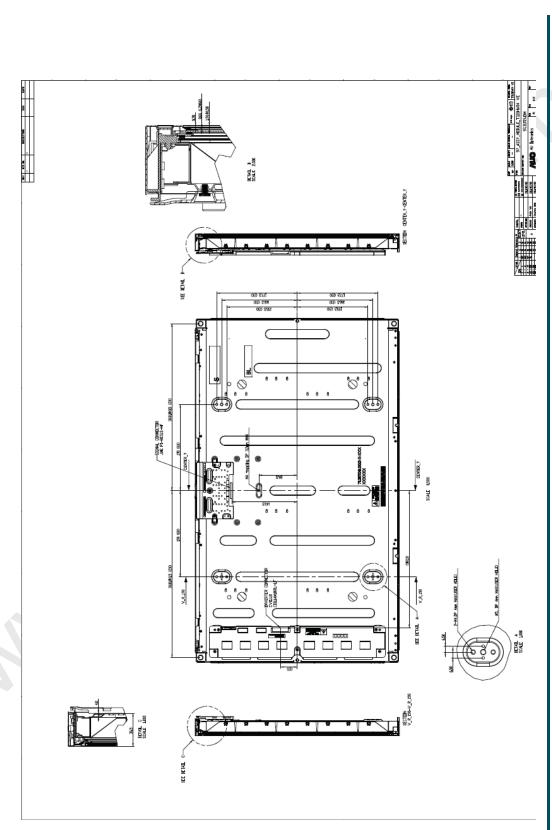
ltem		Dimension	Unit	Note
Outline Dimension	Horizontal	760.0	mm	
	Vertical	450.0	mm	
	Depth (Dmin)	32.5	mm	to rear
	Depth (Dmax)	46.9	mm	to inverter cover
Weight	530	00	g	

②



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②



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6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60℃, 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20°C, 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5°C , 300hrs
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.5G RMS Bandwidth: 10-300Hz, Duration: X, Y, Z 30min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Shock level: 50G Waveform: half since wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction
7	Vibration test (With carton)	4	Random wave (1.5G RMS, 10-200Hz) 30mins/ Per each X,Y,Z axes
8	Drop test (With carton)	4	Height: 45.7cm (ASTMD4169-I) 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (refer ASTM D 5276)





7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001 ; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7.2 EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



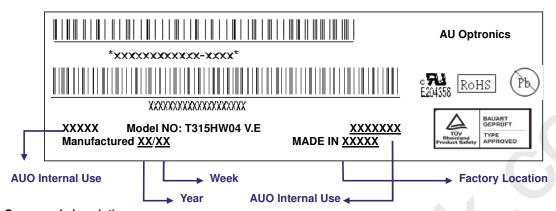


8. Packing

8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

A. Panel Label:





Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add for identification.
 (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

B. Carton Label:



格式化: 字型: 粗體, 中東文 字字型: Arial

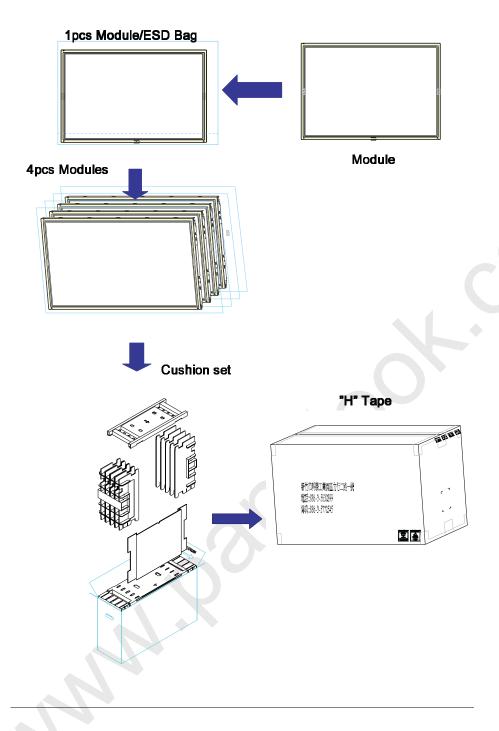
格式化: 字型: (英文)Verdana, 中東文字字型: Arial

格式化: 字型: (英文)Verdana, 中東文字字型: Arial





8-2 PACKING METHODS:





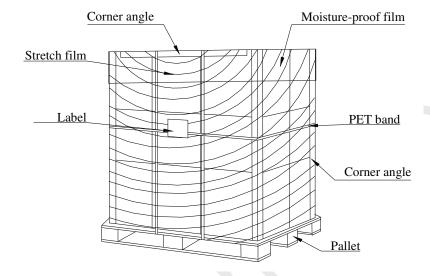


Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

T315HW04 VE Product Specification

8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	Item		Packing Remark					
	цеш	Qty.	Dimension	Dimension Weight (kg)				
s1	Packing BOX	4pcs/box	832(L)*283(W)*545(H)	25.3	Box = 1.8 kg			
31	Tacking Box	+pc3/box	002(L) 200(VV) 043(II)	20.0	Cushion = 2.3kg			
2	Pallet	1	1150(L)*840(W)*132(H)	13				
3	Boxes per Pallet							
4	Panels per Pallet		B. 4 boxes/pallet A. 32pcs/pallet					
	i alleis pei i allet							
	Pallet after packing	A. 32 A. 1150(L)*840(W)*1222(H) A. 215.4						
		B. 16						





10. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5℃ and 35℃ at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM







- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.