

Si4356 STANDALONE SUB-GHZ RECEIVER

Features

- Pin configurable
- Frequency range = 315–917 MHz Low standby current = 50 nA
- Supply Voltage = 1.8–3.6 V
- Receive sensitivity = Up to -113 dBm
- Modulation
- (G)FSK
 - OOK

Applications

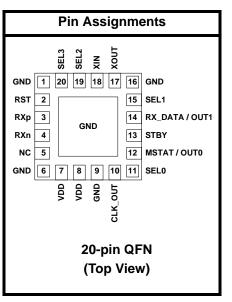
- Remote control
- Home security and alarm
- Garage and gate openers
- Remote keyless entry

- Low RX Current = 12 mA
- Max data rate = 120 kbps
- Automatic gain control (AGC)
- System clock output
- Low BOM
- 20-pin 3x3 mm QFN package
- Home automation
- Industrial control
- Sensor networks
- Health monitors



Silicon Laboratories' Si4356 is a pin-strap configurable, low current, sub-GHz EZRadio® receiver. With no external MCU control needed, the Si4356 provides a true plug-and-play receive option. Excellent sensitivity up to -113 dBm allows for a longer operating range, while the low current consumption of 12 mA active and 50 nA standby provides for superior battery life. The Si4356 provides receive data as well as a system clock output for use by an external microcontroller or decoder.





Patents pending

Functional Block Diagram

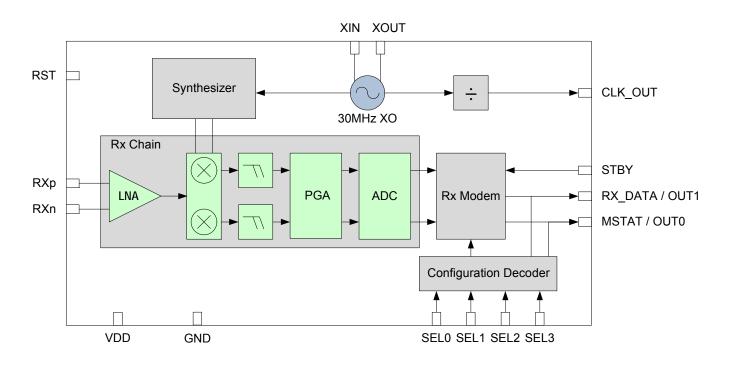




TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section

<u>Page</u>

1. Electrical Specifications	
1.1. Definition of Test Conditions	
2. Typical Applications Circuit	9
3. Device Configuration	1
4. Functional Description	
5. Modes and Timing1	4
5.1. Power on Reset (POR)	
6. Additional Features	
6.1. System Clock Output	7
7. Pin Descriptions	8
8. Ordering Information	0
9. Package Outline	1
10. PCB Land Pattern	3
11. Top Marking	4
11.1. Si4356 Top Marking	4
11.2. Top Marking Explanation	4
Document Change List	5
Contact Information	6



1. Electrical Specifications

Table 1. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Τ _Α	_	-40	25	85	°C
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	_	1.8		3.6	V
I/O Drive Voltage	V _{GPIO}		1.8	_	3.6	V

Table 2. DC Characteristics^{*}

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Standby Mode Current	I _{Standby}	Configuration retained, all other functions OFF		50	_	nA
RX Mode Current	I _{RX}	_		12		mA
*Note: All specifications guaranteed by production test unless otherwise noted. Production test conditions and max limits are listed in the "Production Test Conditions" section of "1.1. Definition of Test Conditions" on page 8.						

Table 3. Receiver Electrical Characteristics¹

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Frequency Range	F _{RANGE}	Only frequencies listed in Table 9 supported	315		917	MHz
Sensitivity ²	P _{FSK}	BER < 0.1%, 2.4 kbps, (G)FSK, Configuration = FSK1 (See Section 3.)	_	-113	_	dBm
	P _{FSK}	BER < 0.1%, 2.4 kbps, (G)FSK, Configuration = FSK6 (See Section 3.)		-104		dBm
	P _{OOK}	BER < 0.1%, 2.4 kbps, OOK, Configuration = OOK6 (See Section 3.)	_	-111	_	dBm
RX Channel Bandwidth ³	BW	_	100	_	535	kHz
BER Variation vs Power Level ³	P _{RX_RES}	Up to +5 dBm Input Level		0	0.1	ppm

Notes:

1. Test conditions and max limits are listed in section "1.1. Definition of Test Conditions".

2. Sensitivity measured at 434 MHz using a PN9 modulated input signal. Received signal is filtered, deglitched, and retimed using an external RC filter (R = 1 k Ω , C = 47 nF) and MCU.

3. Guaranteed by qualification. Qualification test conditions are listed in section "1.1. Definition of Test Conditions".



Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
±200 kHz Selectivity ³	C/I _{1-CH}	Desired Ref Signal 3 dB above sensitiv-	_	-42		dB
±400 kHz Selectivity ³	C/I _{2-CH}	ity, BER < 0.1%. Interferer is CW and desired modulated with 2.4 kbps ∆F = 30 kHz (G)FSK, BT = 0.5, Rx BW = 155 kHz,		-50		dB
Blocking 1 MHz Offset ³		Desired Ref Signal 3 dB above sensitiv- ity, BER < 0.1% Interferer is CW and desired modulated with 2.4 kbps ΔF = 30 kHz (G)FSK, BT = 0.5, RX BW = 155 kHz		-57		dB
Blocking 8 MHz Offset ³	_			-68		dB
Image Rejection ³	Im _{REJ}	IF = 468 kHz		-35		dB
Spurious Emissions ³	P _{OB_RX1}	Measured at RX pins	_		-54	dBm
Netaa						

Table 3. Receiver Electrical Characteristics¹ (Continued)

Notes:

1. Test conditions and max limits are listed in section "1.1. Definition of Test Conditions".

2. Sensitivity measured at 434 MHz using a PN9 modulated input signal. Received signal is filtered, deglitched, and retimed using an external RC filter (R = 1 k Ω , C = 47 nF) and MCU.

3. Guaranteed by qualification. Qualification test conditions are listed in section "1.1. Definition of Test Conditions".

Table 4. Auxiliary Block Specifications¹

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
XTAL Nominal Cap ³	—	—	—	10	_	pF
XTAL Frequency	—	_	—	30		MHz
XTAL Series Resistance	_			_	50	Ω
XTAL Stability	_	_		±50	_	ppm
Reset to RX Time ²	t _{RST}				20	ms

Notes:

1. Test conditions and max limits are listed in section in "1.1. Definition of Test Conditions".

2. Guaranteed by qualification. Qualification test conditions are listed in the "Qualification Test Conditions" subsection of section "1.1. Definition of Test Conditions".

3. Targeted nominal capacitive load for both XIN and XOUT pins.



Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Rise Time	T _{RISE}	0.1xV _{DD} to 0.9xV _{DD} , C _L =10pF, DRV<1:0≥HH	—	2.3	—	ns
Fall Time	T _{FALL}	0.9xV _{DD} to 0.1xV _{DD} , C _L =10pF, DRV<1:0≥HH	—	2.0	—	ns
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}	—	-	2	—	pF
Logic High Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}	—	V _{DD} x0.7	_	—	V
Logic Low Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}	—	—	—	V _{DD} x0.3	V
Input Current (STBY) ²	I _{IN}	0 <v<sub>IN<v<sub>DD</v<sub></v<sub>	-10		10	μA
Input Current (STBY) ²	I _{INP}	V _{IL} = 0 V	1	—	10	μA
Drive Strength for Out- put Low Level ^{2, 3}	I _{OL}	RX_DATA, MSTAT, CLK_OUT	—	1.13	_	mA
Drive Strength for Out- put High Level ^{2, 3}	I _{OH}	RX_DATA, MSTAT	—	0.96	_	mA
Drive Strength for Out- put High Level ^{2, 3}	I _{OH}	CLK_OUT	—	0.80	_	mA
Logic High Level Out- put Voltage	V _{OH}	l _{OUT} = 500 μA	V _{DD} x0.8	-	—	V
Logic Low Level Out- put Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OUT} = 500 μA	—	_	V _{DD} x0.2	V
CLK_OUT Frequency	F _{CLK}	Rx Freq = 315 MHZ	—	10	—	MHz
		All other frequencies	—	15	—	MHz
CLK_OUT Duty Cycle	_	_	_	50		%

Notes:

1. Guaranteed by qualification. Qualification test conditions are listed in Section "1.1. Definition of Test Conditions".

2. Currents listed are during normal operation after power up sequence is complete. 3. Output currents measured at 3.3 VDC V_{DD} with V_{OH} = 2.64 VDC and V_{OL} = 0.66 VDC.

Table 6. Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Value	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	Θ_{JA}	Still Air	30	°C/W



Table 7. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{DD} to GND	-0.3 to +3.6	V
Voltage on Digital Control Inputs	–0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Voltage on Analog Inputs	–0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
RX Input Power	+10	dBm
Operating Ambient Temperature Range T _A	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range T _{STG}	–55 to +125	°C
Note: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may c	auro permanent demage to the de	ovice These

Note: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at or beyond these ratings in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Caution: ESD sensitive device.



1.1. Definition of Test Conditions

Production Test Conditions:

- T_A = +25 °C
- V_{DD} = +3.3 VDC
- External reference signal (XIN) = 1.0 V_{PP} at 30 MHz, centered around 0.8 VDC
- Production test schematic (unless noted otherwise)
- All RF input levels referred to the pins of the Si4356 (not the RF module)

Qualification Test Conditions:

- T_A = -40 to +85 °C (typical = 25 °C)
- V_{DD} = +1.8 to +3.6 VDC (typical = 3.3 VDC)
- Using reference design or production test schematic
- All RF input levels are referred to the antenna port of Si4356 reference design or to the pins of the Si4356 when the production test setup is used.



2. Typical Applications Circuit

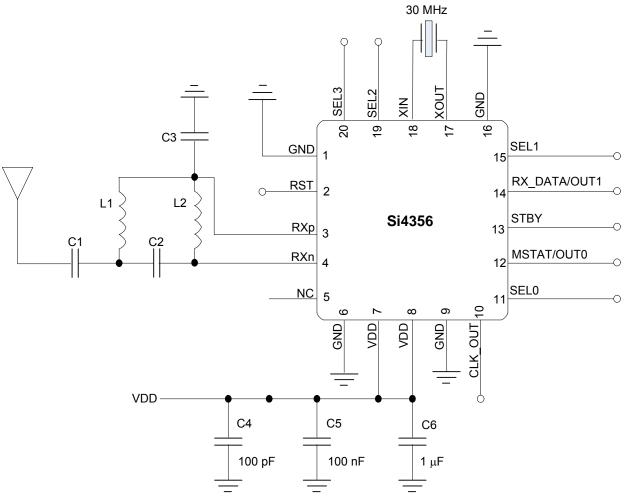


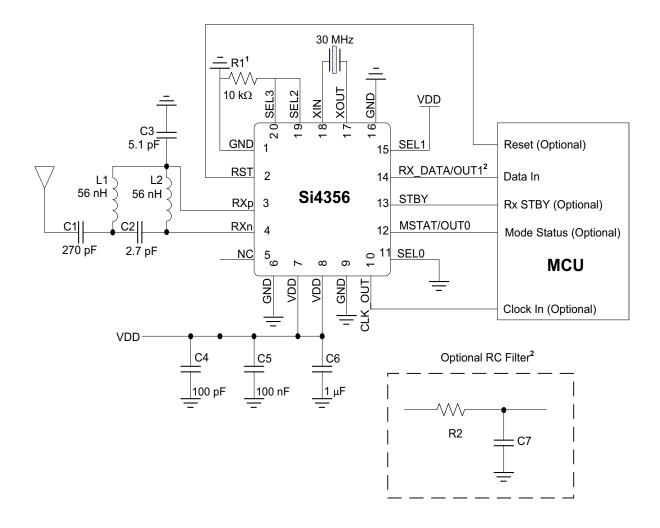
Figure 1. Si4356 Applications Circuit

Table 8. Si4356 Recommended Matching Values

Frequency (MHz)	C1 (pF)	C2 (pF)	C3 (pF)	L1 (nH)	L2 (nH)
433.92	270	2.7	5.1	56	56
315.00	470	3.0	6.2	82	100
434.15	270	2.7	5.1	56	56
867.84	68	1.2	3.0	22	18
868.30	56	1.2	3.0	22	18
917.00	56	1.0	3.0	22	18



Figure 2 shows the application circuit for a particular radio configuration (433.92 MHz, OOK, 2 kbps, 206 kHz RxBW) with all optional connections. See Sections 5 and 7 for Si4356 pin functionality.



Note:

- 1. R1 is required to minimize power up current. R1 is only necessary for pin configurations where SEL2 or SEL3 is mapped to GND.
- 2. An optional external low-pass RC filter may be connected to RX_DATA to filter the output and improve sensitivity. R2 and C7 should be selected to realize a cut-off frequency that is ~40% larger than that targeted data rate according to $f_c = 1/(2\pi RC)$.

Figure 2. Si4356 Application Circuit Example



3. Device Configuration

The Si4356 is configured for operation using the four configuration selector pins (SEL0 – SEL3). These pins will be connected to one of four possible inputs: GND, VDD, RX DATA/OUT1 (pin 14), or OUT0 (pin 12). Refer to the tables below for how these pins should be connected for the desired configuration.

SEL0 and SEL1 may be connected to VDD, GND, or OUT1 to choose desired frequency. Note that a 10 k Ω resistor should be inserted between SEL1 and OUT1 when SEL1 is mapped to OUT1. See Table 9 for frequency settings.

SEL0	SEL1	Frequency (MHz)
GND	VDD	433.92
VDD	VDD	315.00
OUT1	VDD	434.15
GND	OUT1	867.84
VDD	OUT1	868.30
OUT1	OUT1	917.00

Table 9. Frequency Selection

SEL2 and SEL3 may be connected to VDD, GND, or OUT1 to choose desired modem configuration. See Table 10 for basic configurations. Note that a 10 k Ω resistor should inserted between SEL2 and/or SEL3 and GND when SEL2 and/or SEL3 are mapped to GND.

Config. Name	SEL2	SEL3	Mod	Data Rate (kbps)	RxBW (kHz)	Squelch	Recommended F _{DEV} (kHz)
OOK1	GND	GND	OOK	0.5–5	206	Disabled	—
OOK2	VDD	GND	OOK	1–10	370	Disabled	—
OOK3	OUT1	GND	OOK	10–50	370	Disabled	—
OOK4	OUT0	GND	OOK	50–120	370	Disabled	—
OOK5	GND	VDD	OOK	50–120	535	Disabled	—
OOK6	VDD	VDD	OOK	0.5–2.4	100	Disabled	—
FSK1	GND	OUT1	(G)FSK	0.5–30	155	Disabled	30
FSK2	VDD	OUT1	(G)FSK	0.5–30	185	Disabled	70
FSK3	OUT1	OUT1	(G)FSK	0.5–30	275	Disabled	30
FSK4	OUT0	OUT1	(G)FSK	10–120	275	Disabled	70
FSK5	GND	OUT0	(G)FSK	10–120	535	Disabled	70
FSK6	VDD	OUT0	(G)FSK	0.5–2.4	155	Enabled	30
FSK7	OUT1	OUT0	(G)FSK	0.5–2.4	275	Enabled	30

Table 10. Basic Configuration



To disable the system clock, connect CLK_OUT to OUT0. Otherwise, CLK_OUT is enabled. See Table 11 settings.

CLK_OUT (Pin 10)	Clock Output	
OUT0	OFF	
X	ON	

Table 11. System Clock



4. Functional Description

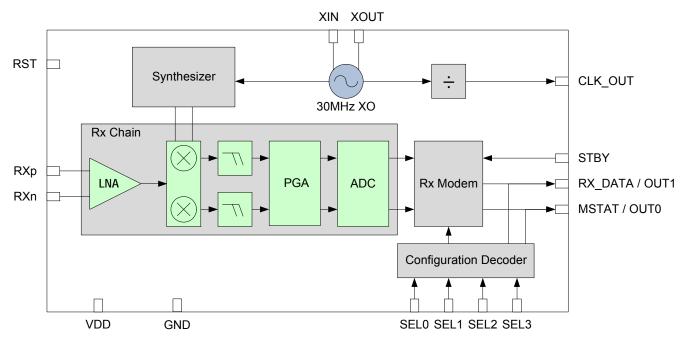


Figure 3. Si4356 Functional Block Diagram

The Si4356 is an easy-to-use, size efficient, low current wireless receiver that covers the sub-GHz bands. The wide operating voltage range of 1.8–3.6 V and low current consumption make the Si4356 an ideal solution for battery powered applications. The Si4356 uses a single-conversion mixer to downconvert the (G)FSK or OOK modulated receive signal to a low IF frequency. Following a programmable gain amplifier (PGA), the signal is converted to the digital domain by a high performance $\Delta\Sigma$ ADC, thus allowing filtering and demodulation to be performed in the built-in DSP and increasing the receiver's performance and flexibility versus analog based architectures. The receiver demodulates the incoming data asynchronously by oversampling the incoming transmission. The resulting demodulated signal is output to the system MCU through data output pin RX_DATA.

Integrated configuration tables allow the Si4356 to be completely configured using the four selector pins. The state of each of these pins is read internally at startup and used to determine which pre-loaded configuration should be used. The Si4356 then loads this configuration without the need for any external MCU control.

The Si4356 includes an integrated crystal oscillator. The design is differential with the typical crystal load capacitance integrated on-chip to accommodate a 30 MHz off-chip crystal.



5. Modes and Timing

At initial startup, the Si4356 reads the selector pins and loads all registers with the appropriate values for the selected configuration, as shown in the Figure 4.

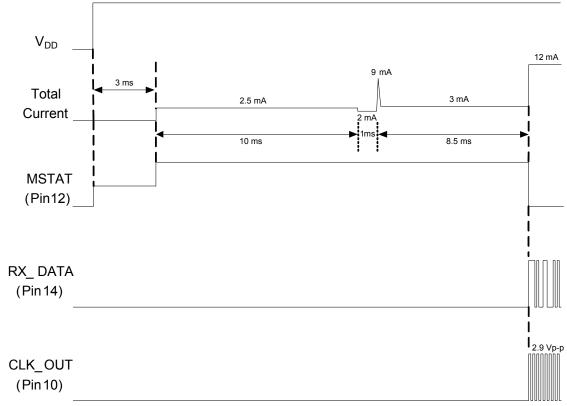


Figure 4. Power Up Timing

5.1. Power on Reset (POR)

A Power On Reset (POR) sequence is used to boot the device up from a fully off or shutdown state. To execute this process, VDD must ramp within 1ms and must remain applied to the device for at least 10 ms. If VDD is removed, then it must stay below 0.15 V for at least 10 ms before being applied again. See Figure 5 and Table 12 for details.



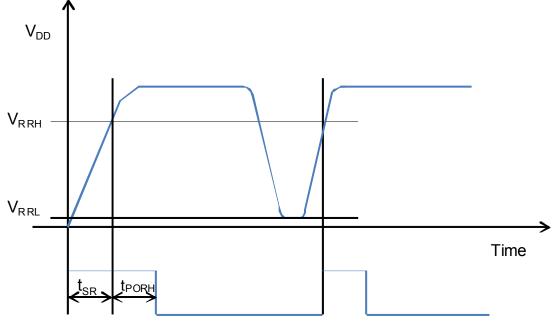


Figure 5. POR Timing Diagram

Variable	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units
t _{PORH}	High time for VDD to fully settle POR circuit	10			ms
t _{PORL}	Low time for VDD to enable POR	10			ms
V _{RRH}	Voltage for successful POR	90% x Vdd			V
V _{RRL}	Starting Voltage for successful POR	0		150	mV
t _{SR}	Slew rate of VDD for successful POR			1	ms

The Si4356 provides two operating modes, a receive mode and a standby mode. The operating mode can be changed by toggling STBY (pin 13) as described in Figure 6. Care should be taken to minimize the trace connected to STBY to avoid external noise coupling that could result in unintended mode changes. The MSTAT signal (pin 12) indicates the current operating mode of the device as defined in Table 13 and illustrated in Figure 6.

Table 13.	Operating	Mode Status
-----------	-----------	-------------

Pin 12 (MSTAT)	Mode
LOW	Receive
HIGH	Standby



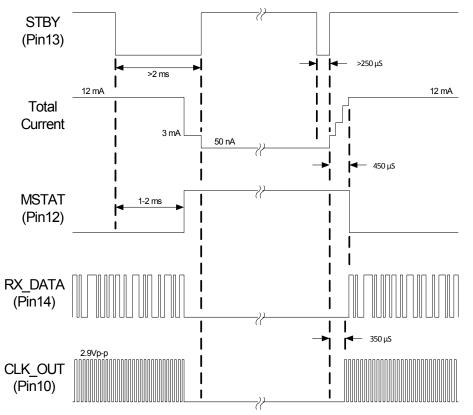


Figure 6. Standby Control and Timing

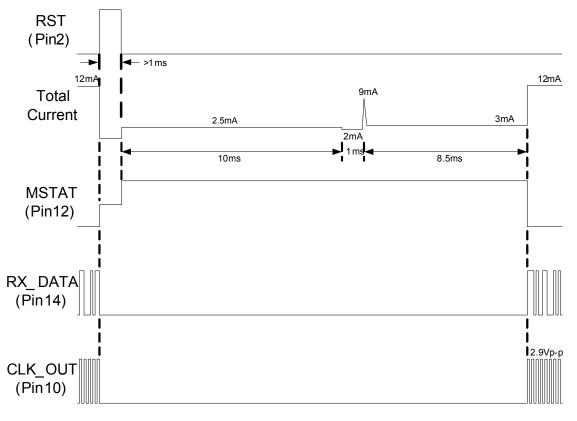
Once in standby mode, the device shuts down most functions, allowing for very low current consumption, but it still maintains all register settings for a fast transition back to the receive operating mode, as shown in Table 14.

State / Mode	Response Time to Rx	Current in State/Mode
Standby	0.5 ms	50 nA
Receive	N/A	12 mA

 Table 14. Operating State Response Time and Current Consumption

It is also possible to reset the device by using RST (pin 2). This mode briefly cycles power on the device, before retuning the device to the receive operating mode as shown in Figure 7. The device takes approximately 20 ms to transition from reset to Receive mode.







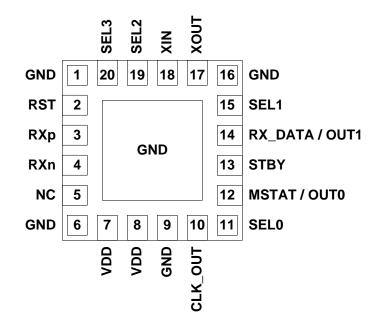
6. Additional Features

6.1. System Clock Output

A clock output is available on CLK_OUT (pin 10) of the Si4356, which can be used to drive an external MCU and avoid the need for additional oscillators in the application. The clock signal is valid when MSTAT is low. The clock frequency is set to 10 MHz for 315 MHz RX frequency selection and 15 MHz for all other frequencies. If this clock signal is not needed, then it can be turned off by connecting CLK_OUT (pin 10) to MSTAT/OUT0 (pin 12). The clock signal is turned off during Standby and Device Reset modes.



7. Pin Descriptions



Pin	Pin Name	I/O	Description	
1	GND	GND	Ground	
2	RST	I	Device reset	
3	RXp	I	Differential RF receiver input pin	
4	RXn	I	Differential RF receiver input pin	
5	NC		No Connect	
6	GND	GND	Ground	
7	VDD	V _{DD}	Supply Voltage	
8	VDD	V _{DD}	Supply Voltage	
9	GND	GND	Ground	
10	CLK_OUT	0	System reference clock output	
11	SEL0	Ι	Configuration selector pin	
12	MSTAT OUT0	0 0	Mode status (Rx = 0, STBY = 1) Configuration output pin	
13	STBY	I	Standby mode toggle	
14	RX_DATA OUT1	0 0	Receiver raw data output Configuration output pin	
15	SEL1	I	Configuration selector pin	



Pin	Pin Name	I/O	Description	
16	GND	GND	GND	
17	XOUT	0	Crystal oscillator output	
18	XIN	I	Crystal oscillator input	
19	SEL2	I	Configuration selector pin	
20	SEL3	I	Configuration selector pin	

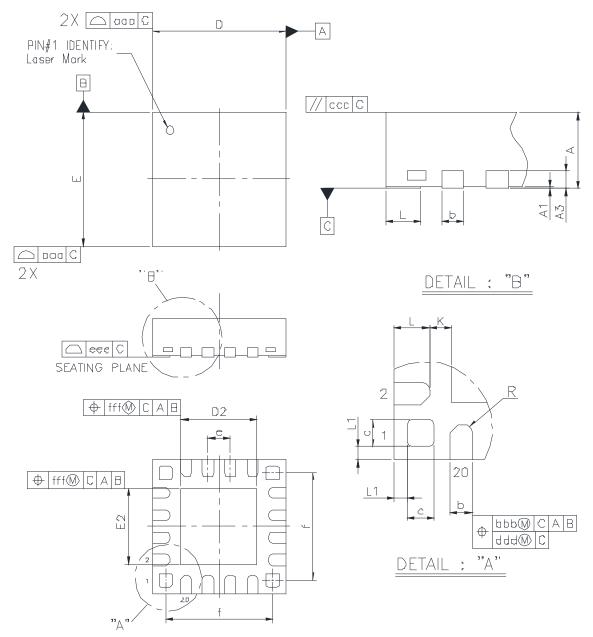


8. Ordering Information

Part Number [*]	Description	Package Type	Operating Temperature			
Si4356-B1A-FM	Si4356 EZRadio Standalone Receiver	3x3 QFN-20 Pb-free	–40 to 85 °C			
*Note: Add an "R" at the end of the device part number to denote tape and reel option.						



9. Package Outline





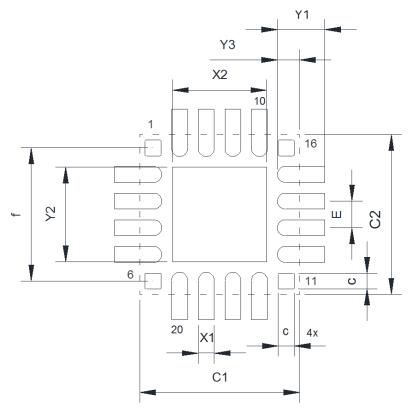


imension	Min	Nom	Max
A	0.80	0.85	0.90
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
A3		0.20 REF	
b	0.18	0.25	0.30
с	0.25	0.30	0.35
D		3.00 BSC.	
D2	1.55	1.70	1.85
е		0.50 BSC.	
E		3.00 BSC.	
E2	1.55 1.70 1.85		
f		2.40 BSC.	
L	0.30	0.40	0.50
aaa		0.15	
bbb		0.10	
ссс	0.10		
ddd	0.05		
eee	0.08		
fff	0.10		

Table 15. Package Diagram Dimensions



10. PCB Land Pattern





Dimension	Min	Мах		
C1	3.00			
C2	;	3.00		
E	0.5	0 REF		
X1	0.25	0.35		
X2	1.65	1.75		
Y1	0.85	0.95		
Y2	1.65	1.75		
Y3	0.37	0.47		
f	f 2.40 REF			
С	0.25	0.35		
Note: : All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.				

Table 16. PCB Land Pattern Dimensions



11. Top Marking

11.1. Si4356 Top Marking

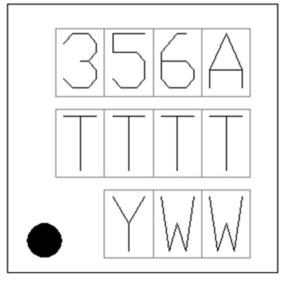


Figure 10. Si4356 Top Marking

11.2. Top Marking Explanation

Mark Method:	Laser	
Pin 1 Mark	Circle = 0.5 mm Diameter	
Font Size	0.6 mm Right Justified	
Line 1 Marking:	Product ID	356A
Line 2 Marking:	TTTT = Trace Code	Internal tracking number
Line 3 Marking:	YWW = Date Code	Corresponds to the last digit of the current year (Y) and the work week (WW) of the assembly date.



DOCUMENT CHANGE LIST

Revision 1.1 to Revision 1.2

January 18, 2016

• Added POR Information to Section 5.



CONTACT INFORMATION

Silicon Laboratories Inc.

400 West Cesar Chavez Austin, TX 78701 Tel: 1+(512) 416-8500 Fax: 1+(512) 416-9669 Toll Free: 1+(877) 444-3032

Please visit the Silicon Labs Technical Support web page: https://www.silabs.com/support/pages/contacttechnicalsupport.aspx and register to submit a technical support request.

Patent Notice

Silicon Labs invests in research and development to help our customers differentiate in the market with innovative low-power, small size, analog-intensive mixed-signal solutions. Silicon Labs' extensive patent portfolio is a testament to our unique approach and world-class engineering team.

The information in this document is believed to be accurate in all respects at the time of publication but is subject to change without notice. Silicon Laboratories assumes no responsibility for errors and omissions, and disclaims responsibility for any consequences resulting from the use of information included herein. Additionally, Silicon Laboratories assumes no responsibility for the functioning of undescribed features or parameters. Silicon Laboratories reserves the right to make changes without further notice. Silicon Laboratories makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Silicon Laboratories assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. Silicon Laboratories products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use in applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Silicon Laboratories product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Silicon Laboratories products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Silicon Laboratories harmless against all claims and damages.

Silicon Laboratories and Silicon Labs are trademarks of Silicon Laboratories Inc. Other products or brandnames mentioned herein are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

