

## DIGITAL TV TUNER IC

Check for Samples: [SN761645](#)

### FEATURES

- Integrated Mixer/Oscillator/PLL and IF GCA
- VHF-L, VHF-H, UHF 3-Band Local Oscillator
- RF AGC Detector Circuit
- I2C Bus Protocol
- Seven-Step Charge Pump Current
- Four NPN Emitter-Follower Type Band Switch Drivers
- One Auxiliary Port/5-Level ADC
- Programmable Reference Divider Ratio
- Crystal Oscillator 4-MHz/16-MHz Support
- Selectable Digital IFOUT and Analog IFOUT
- Standby Mode
- 5-V Power Supply
- 38-Pin TSSOP Package

### APPLICATIONS

- Digital TV
- Digital CATV
- Set-Top Box

### DESCRIPTION

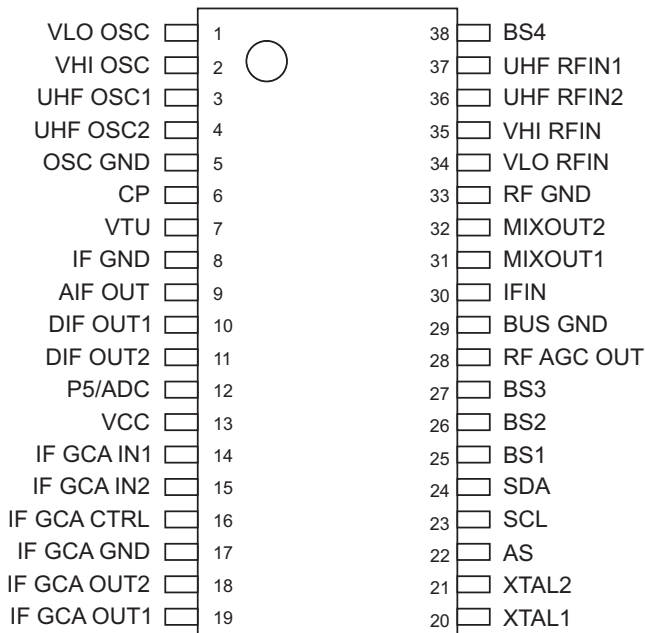
The SN761645 is a low-phase-noise synthesized tuner IC designed for digital TV tuning systems. The circuit consists of a PLL synthesizer, three-band local oscillator and mixer, RF AGC detector circuit, and IF gain controlled amplifier, and is available in a small outline package.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

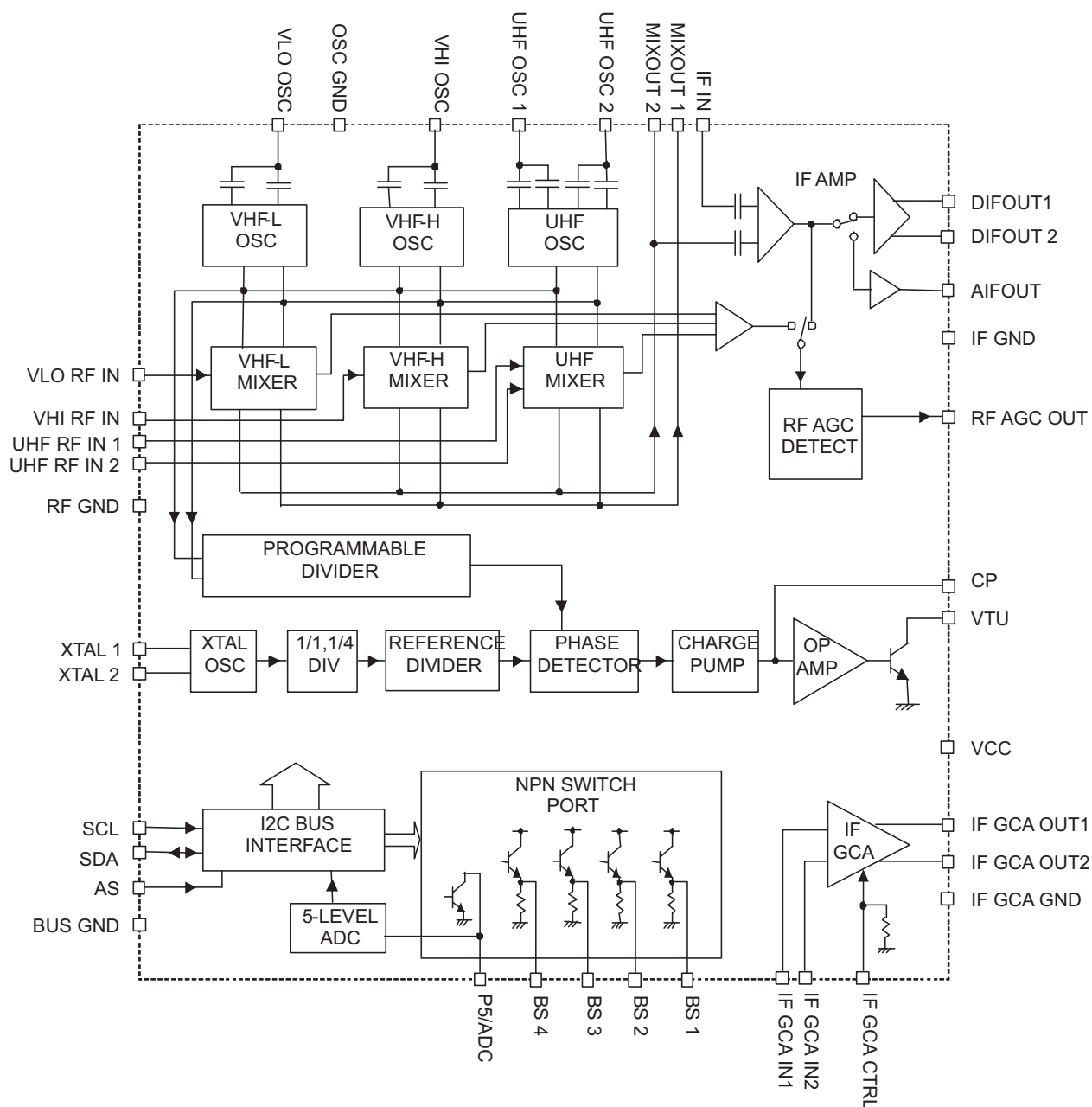
For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com).

Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at [www.ti.com/packaging](http://www.ti.com/packaging).

**DBT PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)**

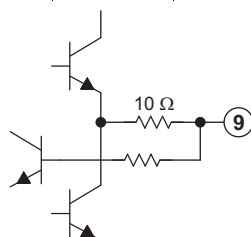
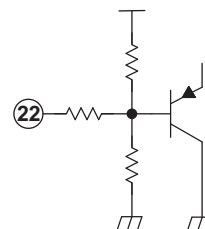


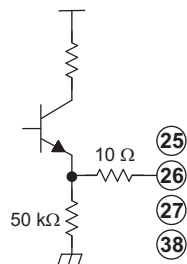
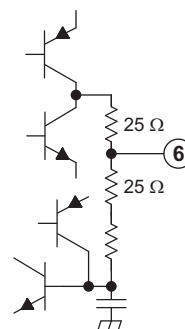
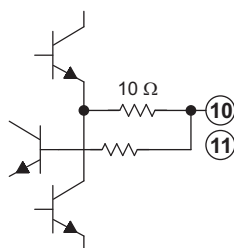
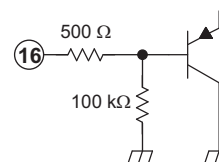
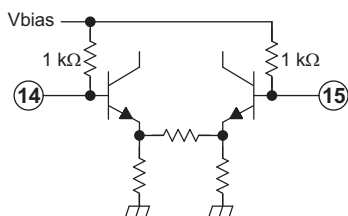
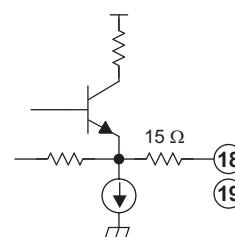
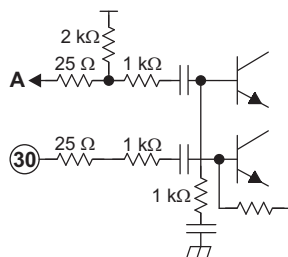
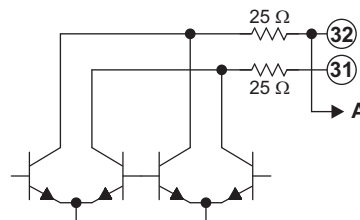
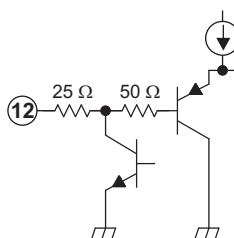
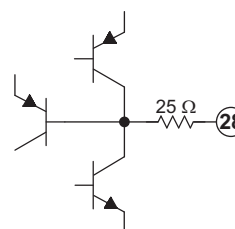
Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

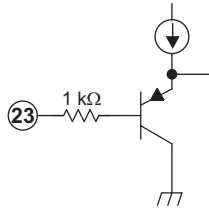
**FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**

**TERMINAL FUNCTIONS**

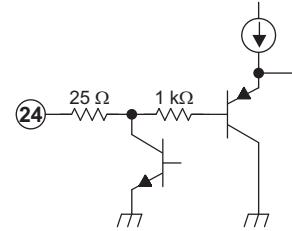
TERMINAL		DESCRIPTION	SCHEMATIC
NAME	NO.		
AIF OUT	9	IF amplifier output (unbalanced)	<a href="#">Figure 1</a>
AS	22	Address selection input (open or connection to GND)	<a href="#">Figure 2</a>
BS1	25	Band-switch 1 output (emitter follower)	<a href="#">Figure 3</a>
BS2	26	Band-switch 2 output (emitter follower)	<a href="#">Figure 3</a>
BS3	27	Band-switch 3 output (emitter follower)	<a href="#">Figure 3</a>
BS4	38	Band-switch 4 output (emitter follower)	<a href="#">Figure 3</a>
BUS GND	29	BUS ground	
CP	6	Charge pump output	<a href="#">Figure 4</a>
DIF OUT1	10	IF amplifier balance output 1	<a href="#">Figure 5</a>
DIF OUT2	11	IF amplifier balance output 2	<a href="#">Figure 5</a>
IF GCA CTRL	16	IF GCA control voltage input	<a href="#">Figure 6</a>
IF GCA GND	17	IF GCA ground	
IF GCA IN1	14	IF GCA input 1	<a href="#">Figure 7</a>
IF GCA IN2	15	IF GCA input 2	<a href="#">Figure 7</a>
IF GCA OUT1	19	IF GCA output 1	<a href="#">Figure 8</a>
IF GCA OUT2	18	IF GCA output 2	<a href="#">Figure 8</a>
IF GND	8	IF ground	
IF IN	30	IF amplifier input	<a href="#">Figure 9</a>
MIX OUT1	31	Mixer output 1	<a href="#">Figure 10</a>
MIX OUT2	32	Mixer output 2	<a href="#">Figure 10</a>
OSC GND	5	Oscillator ground	
P5/ADC	12	Port-5 output/ADC input	<a href="#">Figure 11</a>
RF AGC OUT	28	RF AGC output	<a href="#">Figure 12</a>
RF GND	33	RF ground	
SCL	23	Serial clock input	<a href="#">Figure 13</a>
SDA	24	Serial data input/output	<a href="#">Figure 14</a>
UHF OSC1	3	UHF oscillator 1	<a href="#">Figure 15</a>
UHF OSC2	4	UHF oscillator 2	<a href="#">Figure 15</a>
UHF RF IN1	37	UHF RF input 1	<a href="#">Figure 16</a>
UHF RF IN2	36	UHF RF input 2	<a href="#">Figure 16</a>
VCC	13	Supply voltage	
VHI OSC	2	VHF HIGH oscillator	<a href="#">Figure 17</a>
VHI RF IN	35	VHF HIGH RF input	<a href="#">Figure 18</a>
VLO OSC	1	VHF LOW oscillator	<a href="#">Figure 19</a>
VLO RF IN	34	VHF LOW RF input	<a href="#">Figure 20</a>
VTU	7	Tuning voltage amplifier output	<a href="#">Figure 21</a>
XTAL1	20	Crystal oscillator	<a href="#">Figure 22</a>
XTAL2	21	Crystal oscillator	<a href="#">Figure 22</a>


**Figure 1. AIF OUT**

**Figure 2. AS**

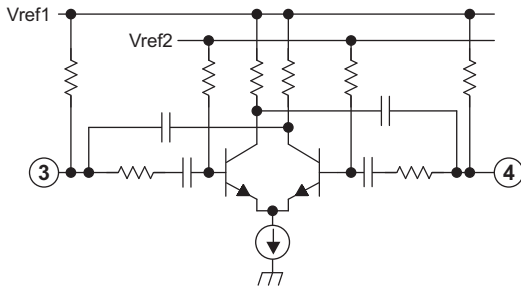
**Figure 3. BS1, BS2, BS3, BS4****Figure 4. CP****Figure 5. DIF OUT1, DIF OUT2****Figure 6. IF GCA CTRL****Figure 7. IF GCA IN1, IF GCA IN2****Figure 8. IF GCA OUT1, IF GCA OUT2****Figure 9. IF IN****Figure 10. MIXOUT1, MIXOUT2****Figure 11. P5/ADC****Figure 12. RF AGC OUT**



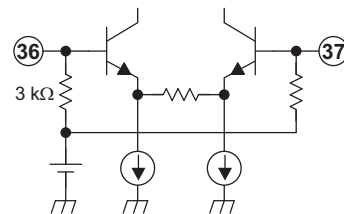
**Figure 13. SCL**



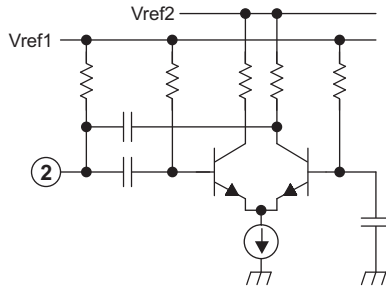
**Figure 14. SDA**



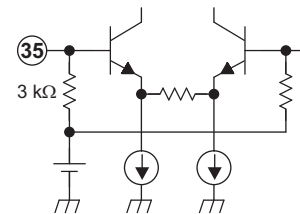
**Figure 15. UHF OSC 1, UHF OSC 2**



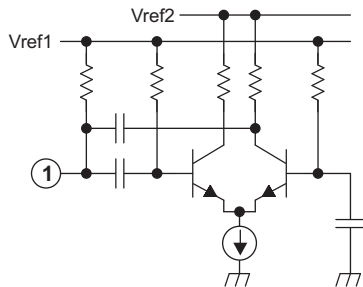
**Figure 16. UHF RF IN1, UHF RF IN2**



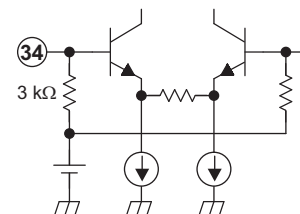
**Figure 17. VHI OSC**



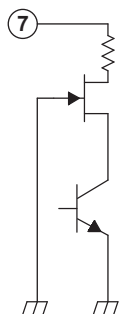
**Figure 18. VHI RF IN**



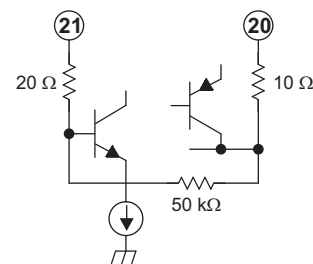
**Figure 19. VLO OSC**



**Figure 20. VLO RF IN**



**Figure 21. VTU**



**Figure 22. XTAL1, XTAL2**

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub>	–0.4	6.5	V
V <sub>GND</sub>	Input voltage range 1 <sup>(2)</sup>	RF GND, OSC GND, BUS GND	–0.4	0.4	V
VTU	Input voltage range 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	VTU	–0.4	35	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input voltage range 3 <sup>(2)</sup>	Other pins	–0.4	6.5	V
P <sub>D</sub>	Continuous total dissipation <sup>(3)</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C		1277	mW
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature range		–20	85	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		–65	150	°C
T <sub>J</sub>	Maximum junction temperature			150	°C
t <sub>SC(max)</sub>	Maximum short-circuit time	Each pin to V <sub>CC</sub> or to GND		10	s

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) Voltage values are with respect to the IF GND of the circuit.

(3) Derating factor is 10.2 mW/°C for T<sub>A</sub> > 25°C.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.5	5	5.3	V
VTU	Tuning supply voltage	VTU		30	33	V
I <sub>BS</sub>	Output current of band switch	BS1 to BS4, one band switch on			10	mA
I <sub>P5</sub>	Output current of port 5	P5			–5	mA
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		–20		85	°C



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

IF IN1, MIX OUT 1, and MIX OUT 2 (pins 30, 31, and 32, respectively) withstand 1.5 kV, and all other pins withstand 2 kV, according to the Human-Body Model (1.5 kΩ, 100 pF).

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### Total Device and Serial Interface

 $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -20^{\circ}\text{C to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{CC1}$	Supply current 1	BS[1:4] = 0100, IFGCA disabled		90		mA
$I_{CC2}$	Supply current 2	BS[1:4] = 0100, IFGCA enabled		110		mA
$I_{CC-STBY}$	Standby supply current	BS[1:4] = 1100		9		mA
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage (SCL, SDA)		2.3			V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage (SCL, SDA)				1.05	V
$I_{IH}$	High-level input current (SCL, SDA)				10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL}$	Low-level input current (SCL, SDA)		-10			$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{POR}$	Power-on-reset supply voltage (threshold of supply voltage between reset and operation mode)		2.1	2.8	3.5	V
<b>I<sup>2</sup>C Interface</b>						
$V_{ADC}$	ADC input voltage	See <a href="#">Table 11</a>	0		$V_{CC}$	V
$I_{ADH}$	ADC high-level input current	$V_{ADC} = V_{CC}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{ADL}$	ADC low-level input current	$V_{ADC} = 0\text{ V}$	-10			$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage (SDA)	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 3\text{ mA}$			0.4	V
$I_{SDAH}$	High-level output leakage current (SDA)	$V_{SDA} = 5.3\text{ V}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
$f_{SCL}$	Clock frequency (SCL)			100	400	kHz
$t_{HD-DAT}$	Data hold time	See <a href="#">Figure 23</a>	0		3.45	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{BUF}$	Bus free time		1.3			$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{HD-STA}$	Start hold time		0.6			$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{LOW}$	SCL-low hold time		1.3			$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{HIGH}$	SCL-high hold time		0.6			$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{SU-STA}$	Start setup time		0.6			$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{SU-DAT}$	Data setup time		0.1			$\mu\text{s}$
$t_r$	Rise time (SCL, SDA)				1	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_f$	Fall time (SCL, SDA)				0.3	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{SU-STO}$	Stop setup time		0.6			$\mu\text{s}$

## PLL and Band Switch

$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.3\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -20^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
N	Divider ratio	15-bit frequency word	512		32767	
$f_{XTAL}$	Crystal oscillator frequency	$R_{XTAL} = 25\ \Omega$ to $300\ \Omega$		4	16	MHz
$Z_{XTAL}$	Crystal oscillator input impedance	4-MHz crystal, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2		k $\Omega$
$V_{VTUL}$	Tuning amplifier low-level output voltage	$R_L = 20\text{ k}\Omega$ , $VTU = 33\text{ V}$	0.2	0.45	0.6	V
$I_{VTUOFF}$	Tuning amplifier leakage current	Tuning amplifier = off, $VTU = 33\text{ V}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CP000}$	Charge-pump current	CP[2:0] = 000		35		$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CP001}$		CP[2:0] = 001		70		
$I_{CP010}$		CP[2:0] = 010		140		
$I_{CP011}$		CP[2:0] = 011		210		
$I_{CP100}$		CP[2:0] = 100		280		
$I_{CP101}$		CP[2:0] = 101		350		
$I_{CP110}$		CP[2:0] = 110		420		
$V_{CP}$	Charge-pump output voltage	PLL locked		1.95		V
$I_{CPOFF}$	Charge-pump leakage current	$V_{CP} = 2\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-15		15	nA
$I_{BS}$	Band switch driver output current (BS1–BS4)				10	mA
$V_{BS1}$	Band switch driver output voltage (BS1–BS4)	$I_{BS} = 10\text{ mA}$	2.9			V
$V_{BS2}$		$I_{BS} = 10\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	3.4	3.6		
$I_{BSOFF}$	Band switch driver leakage current (BS1–BS4)	$V_{BS} = 0\text{ V}$			8	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{P5}$	Band switch port sink current (P5/ADC)		-5			mA
$V_{P5ON}$	Band switch port output voltage (P5/ADC)	$I_{P5} = -2\text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$			0.6	V

## RF AGC<sup>(1)</sup>

$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , measured in Figure 24 reference measurement circuit at 50- $\Omega$  system, IF = 36.15 MHz (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{OAGC0}$	RF AGC output source current	ATC = 0		300		nA
$I_{OAGC1}$		ATC = 1		9		$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OAGCSINK}$	RF AGC peak sink current	ATC = 0		100		$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{OAGCH}$	RFAGCOUT output high voltage (max level)	ATC = 1	3.7	4.2	4.7	V
$V_{OAGCL}$	RFAGCOUT output low voltage (min level)	ATC = 1		0.3		V
$V_{AGCSP00}$	Start-point IF output level	AISL = 0	ATP[2:0] = 000		114	dB $\mu\text{V}$
$V_{AGCSP01}$			ATP[2:0] = 001		112	
$V_{AGCSP02}$			ATP[2:0] = 010		110	
$V_{AGCSP03}$			ATP[2:0] = 011		108	
$V_{AGCSP04}$			ATP[2:0] = 100		106	
$V_{AGCSP05}$			ATP[2:0] = 101		104	
$V_{AGCSP06}$			ATP[2:0] = 110		102	

(1) When AISL = 1, RF AGC function is not available at VHF-L band.



## Mixer, Oscillator, IF Amplifier (DIF OUT)

$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , measured in [Figure 24](#) reference measurement circuit at 50- $\Omega$  system, IF = 36.15 MHz (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
GC <sub>1D</sub>	Conversion gain (mixer - IF amplifier), VHF-LOW	$f_{IN} = 50.85\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$		35		dB
GC <sub>3D</sub>		$f_{IN} = 149.85\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$		35		dB
GC <sub>4D</sub>	Conversion gain (mixer - IF amplifier), VHF-HIGH	$f_{IN} = 156.85\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$		35		dB
GC <sub>6D</sub>		$f_{IN} = 425.85\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$		35		dB
GC <sub>7D</sub>	Conversion gain (mixer - IF amplifier), UHF	$f_{IN} = 433.85\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$		35		dB
GC <sub>9D</sub>		$f_{IN} = 857.85\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$		35		dB
NF <sub>1D</sub>	Noise figure, VHF-LOW	$f_{IN} = 50.85\text{ MHz}$		9		dB
NF <sub>3D</sub>		$f_{IN} = 149.85\text{ MHz}$		9		dB
NF <sub>4D</sub>	Noise figure, VHF-HIGH	$f_{IN} = 156.85\text{ MHz}$		9		dB
NF <sub>6D</sub>		$f_{IN} = 425.85\text{ MHz}$		10		dB
NF <sub>7D</sub>	Noise figure, UHF	$f_{IN} = 433.85\text{ MHz}$		10		dB
NF <sub>9D</sub>		$f_{IN} = 857.85\text{ MHz}$		11		dB
CM <sub>1D</sub>	Input voltage causing 1% cross modulation distortion, VHF-LOW	$f_{IN} = 50.85\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$		92		dB $\mu\text{V}$
CM <sub>3D</sub>		$f_{IN} = 149.85\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$		92		dB $\mu\text{V}$
CM <sub>4D</sub>	Input voltage causing 1% cross modulation distortion, VHF-HIGH	$f_{IN} = 156.85\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$		92		dB $\mu\text{V}$
CM <sub>6D</sub>		$f_{IN} = 425.85\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$		92		dB $\mu\text{V}$
CM <sub>7D</sub>	Input voltage causing 1% cross modulation distortion, UHF	$f_{IN} = 433.85\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$		92		dB $\mu\text{V}$
CM <sub>9D</sub>		$f_{IN} = 857.85\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$		92		dB $\mu\text{V}$
V <sub>IFO1D</sub>	IF output voltage, VHF-LOW	$f_{IN} = 50.85\text{ MHz}$		117		dB $\mu\text{V}$
V <sub>IFO3D</sub>		$f_{IN} = 149.85\text{ MHz}$		117		dB $\mu\text{V}$
V <sub>IFO4D</sub>	IF output voltage, VHF-HIGH	$f_{IN} = 156.85\text{ MHz}$		117		dB $\mu\text{V}$
V <sub>IFO6D</sub>		$f_{IN} = 425.85\text{ MHz}$		117		dB $\mu\text{V}$
V <sub>IFO7D</sub>	IF output voltage, UHF	$f_{IN} = 433.85\text{ MHz}$		117		dB $\mu\text{V}$
V <sub>IFO9D</sub>		$f_{IN} = 857.85\text{ MHz}$		117		dB $\mu\text{V}$
$\Phi_{PLVL1D}$	Phase noise, VHF-LOW	$f_{IN} = 50.85\text{ MHz}^{(3)}$		-92		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_{PLVL3D}$		$f_{IN} = 149.85\text{ MHz}^{(4)}$		-91		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_{PLVL4D}$	Phase noise, VHF-HIGH	$f_{IN} = 156.85\text{ MHz}^{(3)}$		-86		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_{PLVL6D}$		$f_{IN} = 425.85\text{ MHz}^{(4)}$		-83		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_{PLVL7D}$	Phase noise, UHF	$f_{IN} = 433.85\text{ MHz}^{(3)}$		-79		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_{PLVL9D}$		$f_{IN} = 857.85\text{ MHz}^{(4)}$		-77		dBc/Hz

(1) RF input level = 70 dB $\mu\text{V}$ , differential output

(2)  $f_{undes} = f_{des} \pm 7\text{ MHz}$ , Pin = 70 dB $\mu\text{V}$ , AM 1 kHz, 30%, DES/CM = S/I = 46 dB

(3) Offset = 1 kHz, CP current = 70  $\mu\text{A}$ , reference divider = 24

(4) Offset = 1 kHz, CP current = 420  $\mu\text{A}$ , reference divider = 24

## Mixer, Oscillator, IF Amplifier (AIF OUT)

$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , measured in [Figure 24](#) reference measurement circuit at 50- $\Omega$  system, IF = 36.15 MHz (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
GC <sub>1A</sub>	Conversion gain (mixer - IF amplifier), VHF-LOW	$f_{IN} = 50.85\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$		29		dB
GC <sub>3A</sub>		$f_{IN} = 149.85\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$		29		dB
GC <sub>4A</sub>	Conversion gain (mixer - IF amplifier), VHF-HIGH	$f_{IN} = 156.85\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$		29		dB
GC <sub>6A</sub>		$f_{IN} = 425.85\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$		29		dB
GC <sub>7A</sub>	Conversion gain (mixer - IF amplifier), UHF	$f_{IN} = 433.85\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$		29		dB
GC <sub>9A</sub>		$f_{IN} = 857.85\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$		29		dB
NF <sub>1A</sub>	Noise figure, VHF-LOW	$f_{IN} = 50.85\text{ MHz}$		9		dB
NF <sub>3A</sub>		$f_{IN} = 149.85\text{ MHz}$		9		dB
NF <sub>4A</sub>	Noise figure, VHF-HIGH	$f_{IN} = 156.85\text{ MHz}$		9		dB
NF <sub>6A</sub>		$f_{IN} = 425.85\text{ MHz}$		10		dB
NF <sub>7A</sub>	Noise figure, UHF	$f_{IN} = 433.85\text{ MHz}$		10		dB
NF <sub>9A</sub>		$f_{IN} = 857.85\text{ MHz}$		11		dB
CM <sub>1A</sub>	Input voltage causing 1% cross modulation distortion, VHF-LOW	$f_{IN} = 50.85\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$		87		dB $\mu\text{V}$
CM <sub>3A</sub>		$f_{IN} = 149.85\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$		87		dB $\mu\text{V}$
CM <sub>4A</sub>	Input voltage causing 1% cross modulation distortion, VHF-HIGH	$f_{IN} = 156.85\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$		87		dB $\mu\text{V}$
CM <sub>6A</sub>		$f_{IN} = 425.85\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$		87		dB $\mu\text{V}$
CM <sub>7A</sub>	Input voltage causing 1% cross modulation distortion, UHF	$f_{IN} = 433.85\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$		87		dB $\mu\text{V}$
CM <sub>9A</sub>		$f_{IN} = 857.85\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$		87		dB $\mu\text{V}$
V <sub>IFO1A</sub>	IF output voltage, VHF-LOW	$f_{IN} = 50.85\text{ MHz}$		117		dB $\mu\text{V}$
V <sub>IFO3A</sub>		$f_{IN} = 149.85\text{ MHz}$		117		dB $\mu\text{V}$
V <sub>IFO4A</sub>	IF output voltage, VHF-HIGH	$f_{IN} = 156.85\text{ MHz}$		117		dB $\mu\text{V}$
V <sub>IFO6A</sub>		$f_{IN} = 425.85\text{ MHz}$		117		dB $\mu\text{V}$
V <sub>IFO7A</sub>	IF output voltage, UHF	$f_{IN} = 433.85\text{ MHz}$		117		dB $\mu\text{V}$
V <sub>IFO9A</sub>		$f_{IN} = 857.85\text{ MHz}$		117		dB $\mu\text{V}$
$\Phi_{PLVL1A}$	Phase noise, VHF-LOW	$f_{IN} = 50.85\text{ MHz}^{(3)}$		-92		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_{PLVL3A}$		$f_{IN} = 149.85\text{ MHz}^{(3)}$		-96		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_{PLVL4A}$	Phase noise, VHF-HIGH	$f_{IN} = 156.85\text{ MHz}^{(3)}$		-85		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_{PLVL6A}$		$f_{IN} = 425.85\text{ MHz}^{(3)}$		-88		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_{PLVL7A}$	Phase noise, UHF	$f_{IN} = 433.85\text{ MHz}^{(3)}$		-80		dBc/Hz
$\Phi_{PLVL9A}$		$f_{IN} = 857.85\text{ MHz}^{(3)}$		-85		dBc/Hz

(1) RF input level = 70 dB $\mu\text{V}$

(2)  $f_{undes} = f_{des} \pm 7\text{ MHz}$ , Pin = 70 dB $\mu\text{V}$ , AM 1 kHz, 30%, DES/CM = S/I = 46 dB

(3) Offset = 10 kHz, CP current = 35  $\mu\text{A}$ , reference divider = 64

## IF Gain Controlled Amplifier

$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , measured in [Figure 24](#) reference measurement circuit at 50- $\Omega$  system,  $IF = IF = 36.15\text{ MHz}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{IFGCA}$	Input current (IF GCA CTRL)	$V_{IFGCA} = 3\text{ V}$		60	90	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{IFGCAMAX}$	Maximum gain control voltage	Gain maximum	3		$V_{CC}$	V
$V_{IFGCAMIN}$	Minimum gain control voltage	Gain minimum	0		0.2	V
$G_{IFGCAMAX}$	Maximum gain	$V_{IFGCA} = 3\text{ V}$		67		dB
$G_{IFGCAMIN}$	Minimum gain	$V_{IFGCA} = 0\text{ V}$		3		dB
$GCR_{IFGCA}$	Gain control range	$V_{IFGCA} = 0\text{ V}$ to $3\text{ V}$		64		dB
$V_{IFGCAOUT}$	Output voltage	Single-ended output, $V_{IFGCA} = 3\text{ V}$		2.1		V <sub>pp</sub>
$NF_{IFGCA}$	Noise figure	$V_{IFGCA} = 3\text{ V}$		11		dB
$IM3_{IFGCA}$	Third order intermodulation distortion	$f_{IFGCAIN1} = 35.65\text{ MHz}$ , $f_{IFGCAIN2} = 36.65\text{ MHz}$ , $V_{IFGCAOUT} = -2\text{ dBm}$ , $V_{IFGCA} = 3\text{ V}$		-50		dBc
$IIP_{3IFGCA}$	Input intercept point	$V_{IFGCA} = 0\text{ V}$		11		dBm
$R_{IFGCAIN}$	Input resistance (IF GCA IN1, IF GCA IN2)			1		k $\Omega$
$R_{IFGCAOUT}$	Output resistance (IF GCA OUT1, IF GCA OUT2)			25		$\Omega$

## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Mode

#### I<sup>2</sup>C Write Mode ( $\overline{R/\overline{W}} = 0$ )

**Table 1. Write Data Format**

	MSB						LSB		
Address Byte (ADB)	1	1	0	0	0	0	MA	R/W = 0	A <sup>(1)</sup>
Divider Byte 1 (DB1)	0	N14	N13	N12	N11	N10	N9	N8	A <sup>(1)</sup>
Divider Byte 2 (DB2)	N7	N6	N5	N4	N3	N2	N1	N0	A <sup>(1)</sup>
Control Byte 1 (CB1)	1	0	ATP2	ATP1	ATP0	RS2	RS1	RS0	A <sup>(1)</sup>
Band Switch Byte (BB)	CP1	CP0	AISL	P5	BS4	BS3	BS2	BS1	A <sup>(1)</sup>
Control Byte 2 (CB2)	1	1	ATC	MODE	DISGCA	IFDA	CP2	IXD4	A <sup>(1)</sup>

(1) A = acknowledge

**Table 2. Write Data Symbol Description**

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT															
MA	Address set bit MA = 0 : AS pin = 0 V (connection to GND) MA = 1 : AS pin = Open																
N[14:0]	Programmable counter set bits $N = N14 \times 2^{14} + N13 \times 2^{13} + \dots + N1 \times 2 + N0$	N14 = N13 = N12 = ... = N0 = 0															
ATP[2:0]	RF AGC start-point control bits (see Table 3)	ATP[2:0] = 000															
RS[2:0]	Reference divider ratio-selection bits (see Table 4)	RS[2:0] = 000															
CP[2:0]	Charge-pump current set bits (see Table 5)	CP[2:0] = 000															
P5	Port output / ADC input control bit P5 = 0 : ADC input P5 = 1 : Tr = ON	P5 = 0															
BS[4:1]	Band-switch driver output control bits BSn = 0: Tr = OFF BSn = 1: Tr = ON  Band selection and standby function control bits <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>BS2</th><th>BS1</th><th></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>1</td><td>VHF-LO</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>0</td><td>VHF-HI</td></tr> <tr> <td>0</td><td>0</td><td>UHF</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>1</td><td>Standby mode / stop MOP function</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	BS2	BS1		0	1	VHF-LO	1	0	VHF-HI	0	0	UHF	1	1	Standby mode / stop MOP function	BS[4:1] = 0000
BS2	BS1																
0	1	VHF-LO															
1	0	VHF-HI															
0	0	UHF															
1	1	Standby mode / stop MOP function															
ATC	RFAGC output current-set bit ATC = 0: Source current = 300nA ATC = 1: Source current = 9uA	ATC = 0															
MODE	Device mode selection bit MODE = 0 : Test mode MODE = 1 : Normal operation	MODE = 0															
DISGCA	Other control bits DISGCA IF GCA control bit (see Table 6)	DISGCA = 0															
IFDA	IFDA AIF/DIF OUT selection bit (see Table 7)	IFDA = 0															
AISL	AISL RFAGC detector input selection bit (see Table 8)	AISL = 0															
IXD4	IXD4 Reference divider control bit (see Table 4)	IXD4 = 0															

**Table 3. RF AGC Start Point**

MODE	ATP2	ATP1	ATP0	IFOUT LEVEL	
				(dB $\mu$ V)	(mVp-p)
1	0	0	0	114	1417
1	0	0	1	112	1126
1	0	1	0	110	894
1	0	1	1	108	710
1	1	0	0	106	564
1	1	0	1	104	448
1	1	1	0	102	356
1	1	1	1	Disabled	

**Table 4. Reference Divider Ratio**

MODE	IXD4	RS2	RS1	RS0	REFERENCE DIVIDER RATIO
1	0	0	0	0	96
1	0	0	0	1	112
1	0	0	1	0	128
1	0	0	1	1	256
1	0	1	0	0	512
1	0	1	0	1	320
1	1	0	0	0	24
1	1	0	0	1	28
1	1	0	1	0	32
1	1	0	1	1	64
1	1	1	0	0	128
1	1	1	0	1	80
1	X	1	1	1	Forbidden

**Table 5. Charge-Pump Current**

MODE	CP2	CP1	CP0	CHARGE PUMP CURRENT ( $\mu$ A)
1	0	0	0	35
1	0	0	1	70
1	0	1	0	140
1	0	1	1	210
1	1	0	0	280
1	1	0	1	350
1	1	1	0	420
1	1	1	1	Forbidden

**Table 6. IF GCA Control**

MODE	DISGCA	IF GCA FUNCTION
1	0	IF GCA enabled
1	1	IF GCA disabled

**Table 7. AIF / DIF OUT Selection**

MODE	IFDA	IF OUT FUNCTION
1	0	DIF OUT 1,2 selected
1	1	AIF OUT selected

**Table 8. RF AGC Detector Input Selection**

MODE	AISL	RF AGC DETECTOR INPUT
1	0	IF amplifier selected
1	1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Mixer selected

- (1) When AISL = 1, RF AGC function is not available at VHF-L band (output level is undefined).

**I<sup>2</sup>C Read Mode (R/W = 1)****Table 9. Read Data Format**

	MSB							LSB	
Address byte (ADB)	1	1	0	0	0	0	MA	R/W = 1	A <sup>(1)</sup>
Status byte (SB)	POR	FL	1	1	1	A2	A1	A0	–

- (1) A = acknowledge

**Table 10. Read Data Symbol Description**

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
MA	Address set bit MA = 0 : VLO OSC/AS pin = 0 V (connection to GND) MA = 1 : VLO OSC/AS pin = Open	
POR	Power-on-reset flag POR set: power on POR reset: end-of-data transmission procedure	POR = 1
FL	In-lock flag <sup>(1)</sup> FL = 0 : PLL unlocked FL = 1 : PLL locked	
A[2:0]	Digital data of ADC (see <a href="#">Table 11</a> ) Bit P5 must be set to 0.	

- (1) Lock detector works by using phase error pulse at the phase detector. Lock flag (FL) is set or reset according to this pulse-width discriminator. Hence, instability of the PLL may cause the lock detection circuit to malfunction. To stabilize the PLL, it is required to evaluate application circuit in various condition of loop-gain (loop filter, CP current) and to verify under operation of the actual application.

**Table 11. ADC Level<sup>(1)</sup>**

A2	A1	A0	VOLTAGE APPLIED ON ADC INPUT
1	0	0	0.6 V <sub>CC</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub>
0	1	1	0.45 V <sub>CC</sub> to 0.6 V <sub>CC</sub>
0	1	0	0.3 V <sub>CC</sub> to 0.45 V <sub>CC</sub>
0	0	1	0.15 V <sub>CC</sub> to 0.3 V <sub>CC</sub>
0	0	0	0 V to 0.15 V <sub>CC</sub>

- (1) Accuracy is 0.03 × V<sub>CC</sub>.

## Example I<sup>2</sup>C Data Write Sequences

Telegram examples:

Start - ADB - DB1 - DB2 - CB1 – BB - CB2 - Stop

Start - ADB - DB1 - DB2 - Stop

Start - ADB - CB1 - BB - CB2 - Stop

Start - ADB - CB1 - BB - Stop

Start - ADB - CB2 - Stop

Abbreviations:

ADB: Address byte

BB: Band switch byte

CB1: Control byte 1

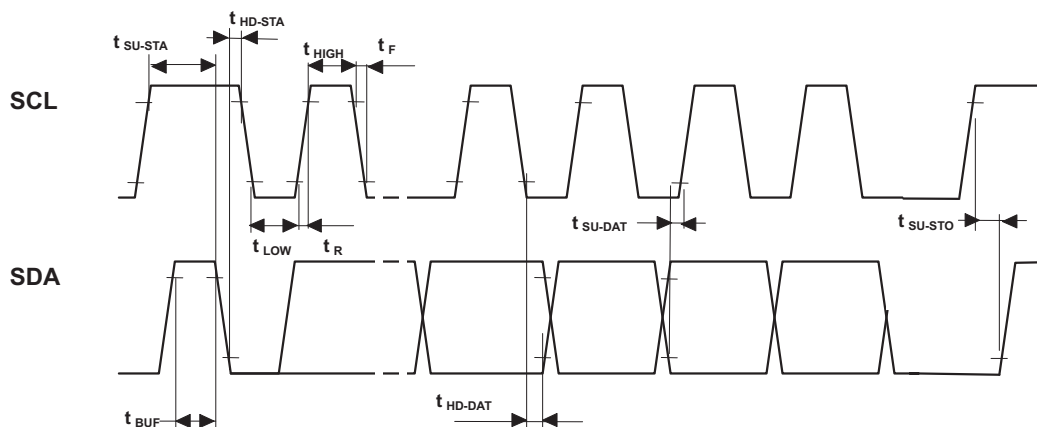
CB2: Control byte 2

DB1: Divider byte 1

DB2: Divider byte 2

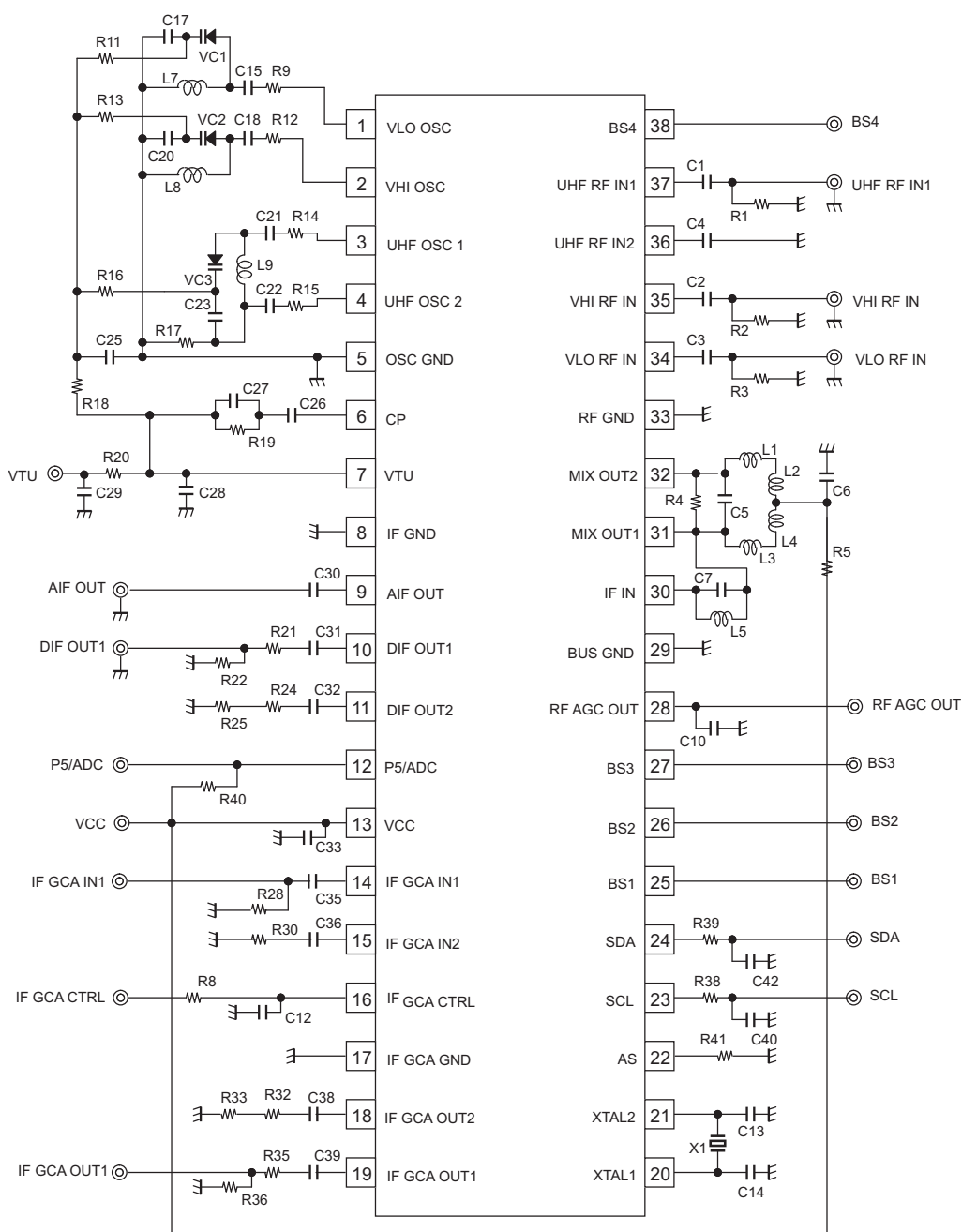
Start: Start condition

Stop: Stop condition



**Figure 23. I<sup>2</sup>C Timing**

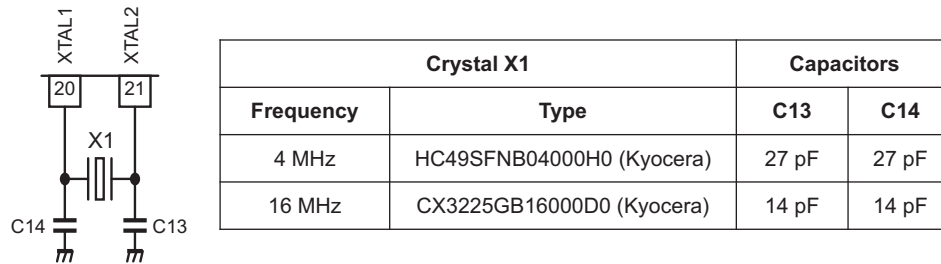
## APPLICATION INFORMATION



NOTE: This application information is advisory and performance-check is required at actual application circuits. TI assumes no responsibility for the consequences of use of this circuit, such as an infringement of intellectual property rights or other rights, including patents, of third parties.

**Figure 24. Reference Measurement Circuit**




**Figure 25. Reference Crystal Oscillation Circuit**
**Table 12. Component Values for Measurement Circuit**

PART NAME	VALUE	PART NAME	VALUE
C1 (UHF RFIN1)	2.2nF	R1 (UHF RFIN1)	Open (51Ω)
C2 (VHI RFIN)	2.2nF	R2 (VHI RFIN)	Open (51Ω)
C3 (VLO RFIN)	2.2nF	R3 (VLO RFIN)	Open (51Ω)
C4 (UHF RFIN)	2.2nF	R4 (MIXOUT)	Open
C5 (MIXOUT)	5.5pF	R5 (MIXOUT)	0Ω
C6 (MIXOUT)	2.2nF	R8 (IF GCA CTRL)	0Ω
C7 (IF IN)	0Ω	R9 (VLO OSC)	0Ω
C10 (RF AGC OUT)	0.15μF	R11 (VLO OSC)	3.3kΩ
C12 (IF GCA CTRL)	0.1μF	R12 (VHI OSC)	10Ω
C13 (XTAL2)	27pF	R13 (VHI OSC)	3.3kΩ
C14 (XTAL1)	27pF	R14 (UHF OSC)	4.7Ω
C15 (VLO OSC)	4pF	R15 (UHF OSC)	4.7Ω
C17 (VLO OSC)	68pF	R16 (UHF OSC)	1kΩ
C18 (VHI OSC)	10pF	R17 (UHF OSC)	2.2kΩ
C20 (VHI OSC)	130pF	R18 (VTU)	3.3kΩ
C21 (UHF OSC)	6pF	R19 (CP)	82kΩ
C22 (UHF OSC)	6pF	R20 (VTU)	22kΩ
C23 (UHF OSC)	20pF	R21 (DIF OUT1)	200Ω
C25 (VTU)	2.2nF/50V	R22 (DIF OUT1)	Open
C26 (CP)	3.9nF/50V	R24 (DIF OUT2)	200Ω
C27 (CP)	10pF/50V	R25 (DIF OUT2)	51Ω
C28 (VTU)	150pF/50V	R28 (IF GCA IN1)	(51Ω)
C29 (VTU)	2.2nF/50V	R30 (IF GCA IN2)	(0Ω)
C30 (AIF OUT)	2.2nF	R32 (IF GCA OUT2)	200Ω
C31 (DIF OUT1)	2.2nF	R33 (IF GCA OUT2)	51Ω
C32 (DIF OUT2)	2.2nF	R35 (IF GCA OUT1)	200Ω
C33 (VCC)	0.1μF	R36 (IF GCA OUT1)	Open
C35 (IF GCA IN1)	2.2nF	R38 (SCL)	330Ω
C36 (IF GCA IN2)	2.2nF	R39 (SDA)	330Ω
C38 (IF GCA OUT2)	2.2nF	R40 (P5)	Open
C39 (IF GCA OUT1)	2.2nF	R41 (AS)	Open
C40 (SCL)	Open		
C42 (SDA)	Open	VC1 (VLO OSC)	KDV270E
		VC2 (VHI OSC)	KDV270E
		VC3 (UHF OSC)	KDV216E
		X1	4MHz crystal

**Table 12. Component Values for Measurement Circuit (continued)**

PART NAME	VALUE	PART NAME	VALUE
L1 (MIXOUT)	470nH (LK1608R47KT Taiyo Yuden)		
L2 (MIXOUT)	560nH (LK1608R56KT Taiyo Yuden)		
L3 (MIXOUT)	470nH (LK1608R47KT Taiyo Yuden)		
L4 (MIXOUT)	560nH (LK1608R56KT Taiyo Yuden)		
L5 (IFIN)	Open		
L7 (VLO OSC)	φ3.0mm, 9T, wire0.32mm		
L8 (VHI OSC)	φ1.8mm, 4T, wire0.4mm		
L9 (UHF OSC)	φ1.8mm, 2T, wire0.4mm		

IF frequency: 36 MHz  
 Local frequency range: VHF-LOW: 87 to 186 MHz  
 VHF-HIGH: 193 to 462 MHz  
 UHF: 470 to 894 MHz

## Test Circuits

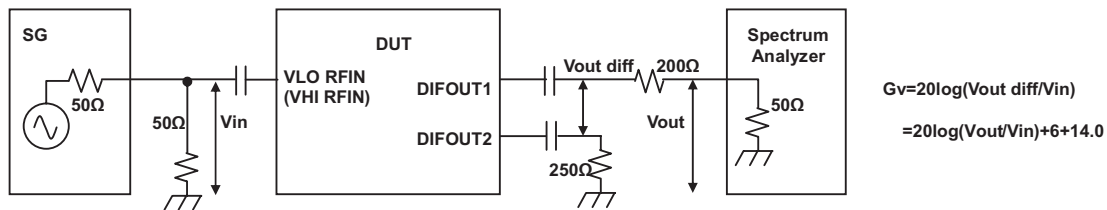


Figure 26. VHF Conversion Gain Measurement Circuit (at DIFOUT)

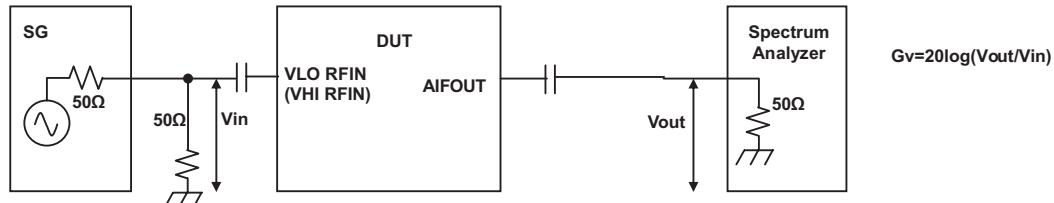


Figure 27. VHF Conversion Gain Measurement Circuit (at AIFOUT)

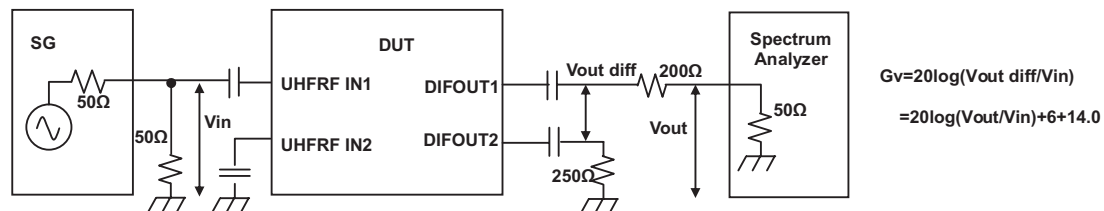


Figure 28. UHF Conversion Gain Measurement Circuit (at DIFOUT)

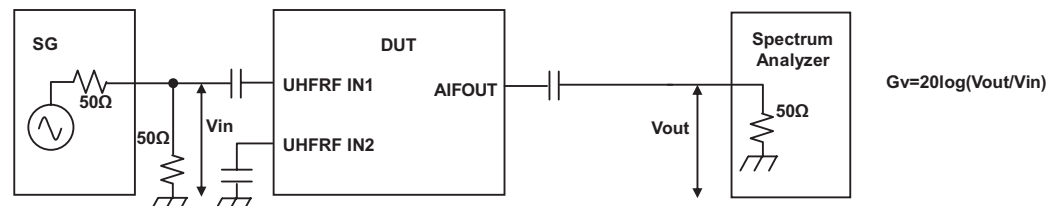


Figure 29. UHF Conversion Gain Measurement Circuit (at AIFOUT)

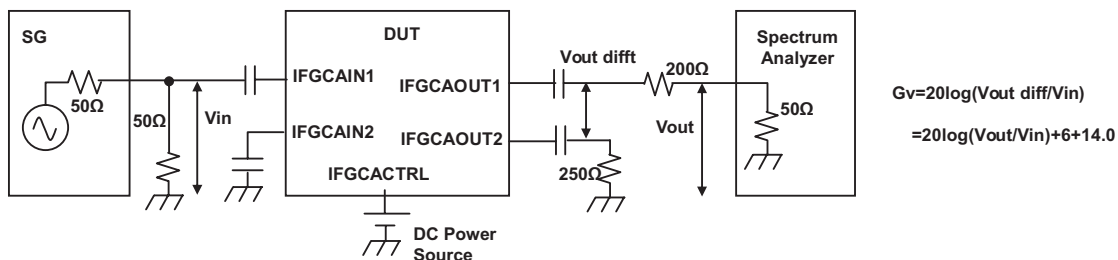
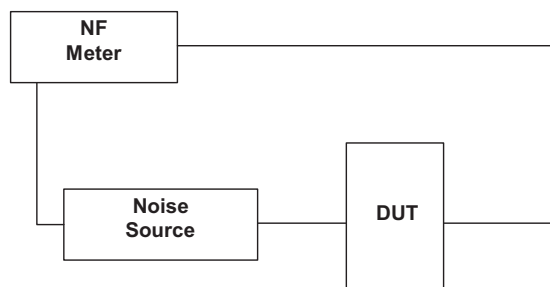
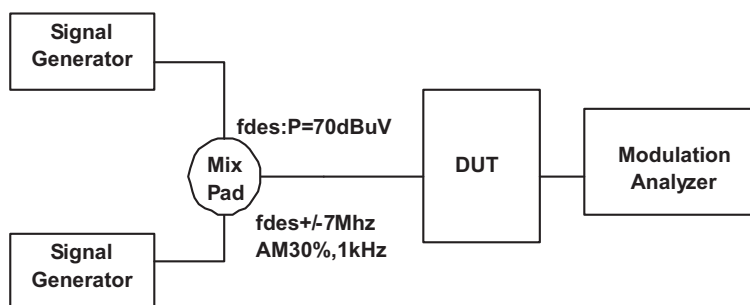


Figure 30. IF GCA Gain Measurement Circuit

**Figure 31. Noise Figure Measurement Circuit****Figure 32. 1% Cross Modulation Distortion Measurement Circuit**

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### Band Switch Driver Output Voltage (BS1-BS4)

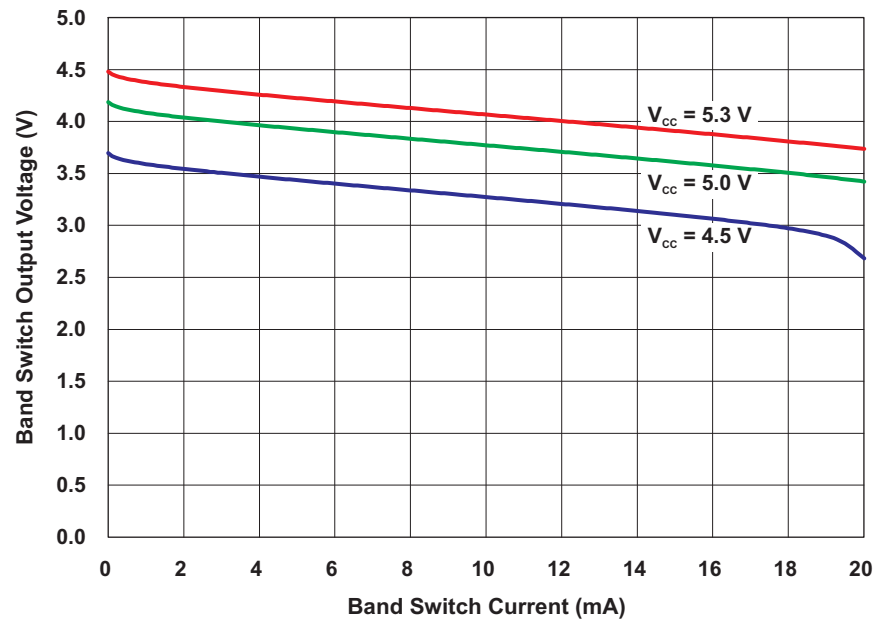


Figure 33. Band Switch Driver Output Voltage

### S-Parameter

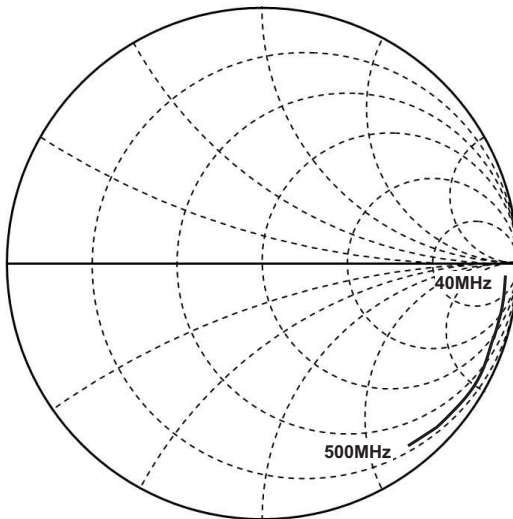


Figure 34. VLO, VHI RFIN

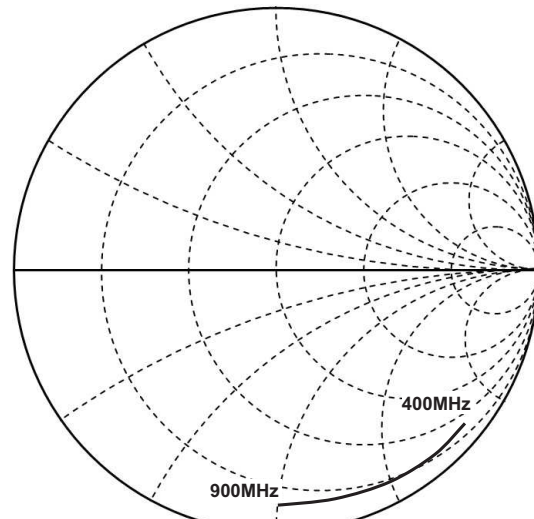


Figure 35. UHF RFIN

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

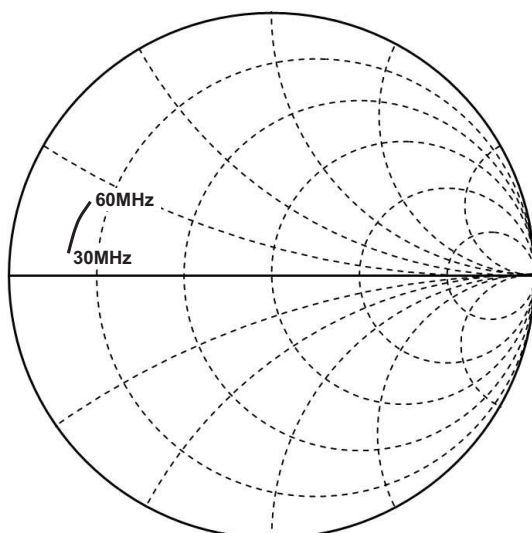


Figure 36. DIFOUT

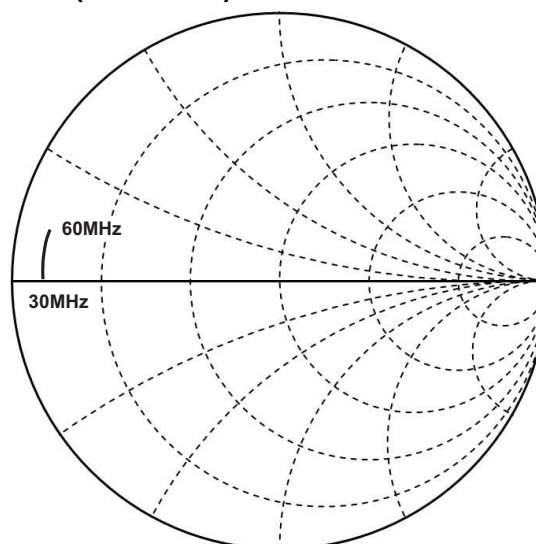


Figure 37. AIFOUT

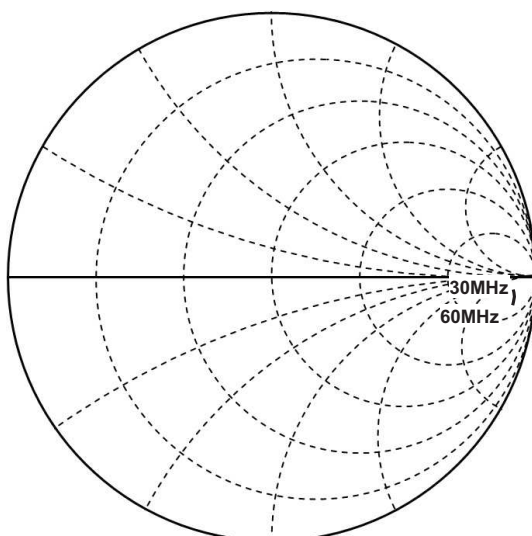


Figure 38. IF GCA IN

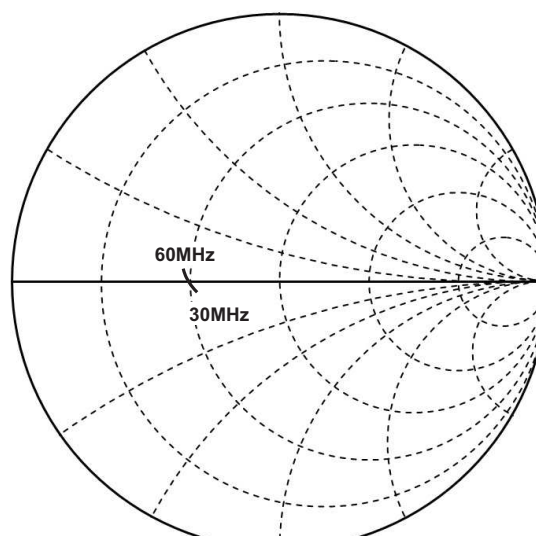


Figure 39. IF GCAOUT

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

### IF GCA Gain vs Control Voltage

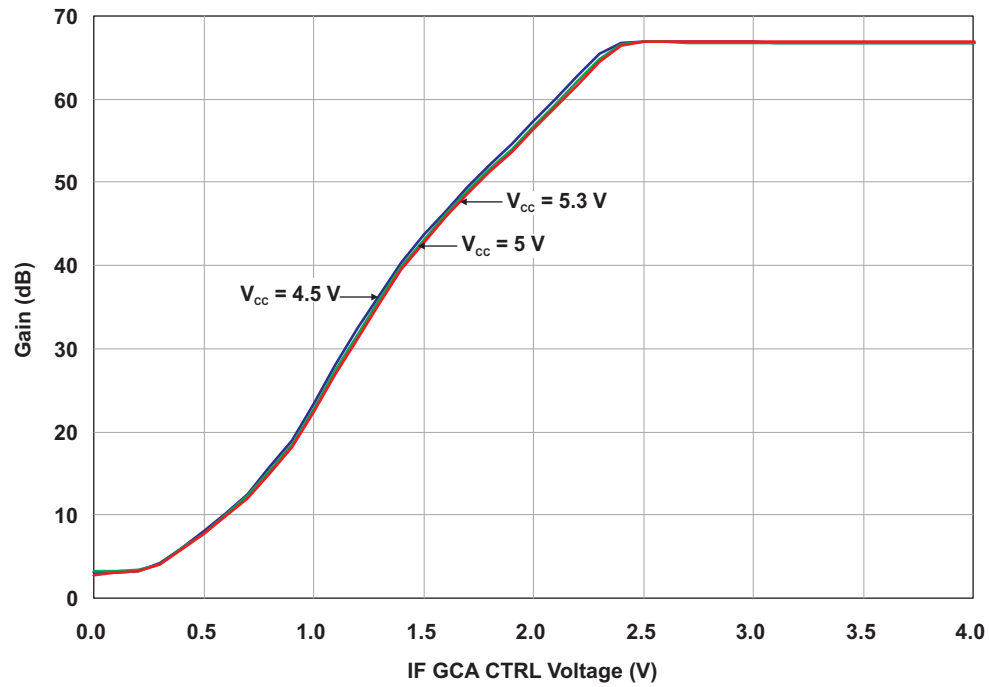


Figure 40. IF GCA Gain vs Control Voltage

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>	Samples (Requires Login)
SN761645DBTR	NRND	TSSOP	DBT	38	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**
**REEL DIMENSIONS**

**TAPE DIMENSIONS**


A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**

\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN761645DBTR	TSSOP	DBT	38	2000	330.0	16.4	6.9	10.2	1.8	12.0	16.0	Q1

## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

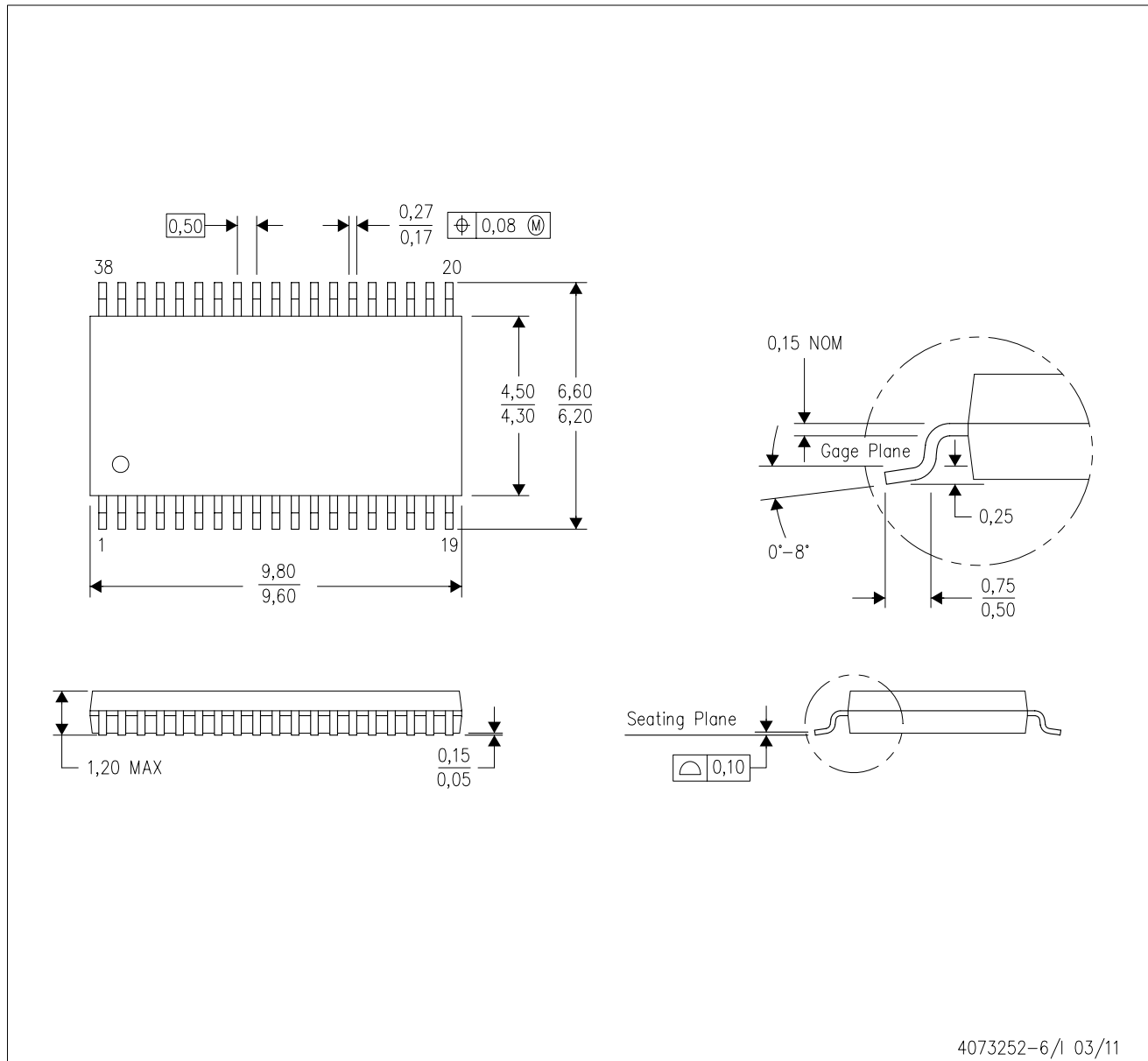


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN761645DBTR	TSSOP	DBT	38	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0

DBT (R-PDSO-G38)

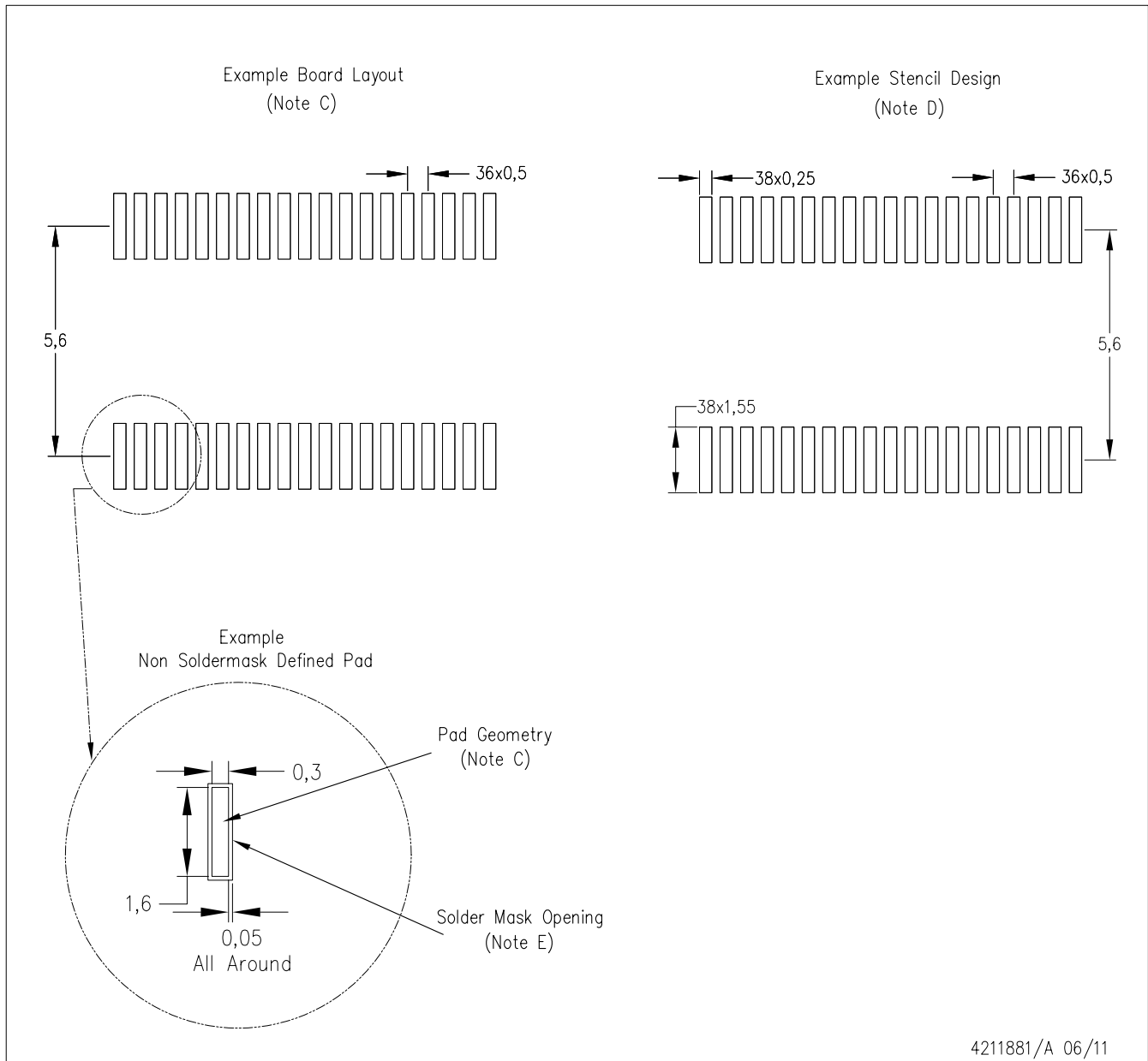
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
  - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153.

DBT (R-PDSO-G38)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
  - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525.
  - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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