

## 24-Bit Dual-Supply Bus Transceiver with Configurable Voltage Translation And 3-State Outputs

## 1 Features

- Control Inputs  $V_{\text{IH}}/V_{\text{IL}}$  Levels Are Referenced to  $V_{\text{CCA}}$  Voltage
- V<sub>CC</sub> Isolation Feature If Either V<sub>CC</sub> Input Is at GND, All Outputs Are in the High-Impedance State
- Overvoltage-Tolerant Inputs/Outputs Allow Mixed-Voltage-Mode Data Communications
- Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over Full 1.2-V to 3.6-V Power-Supply Range
- Ioff Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- I/Os Are 4.6-V Tolerant
- Max Data Rates
  - 380 Mbps (1.8-V to 3.3-V Translation)
  - 200 Mbps (<1.8-V to 3.3-V Translation)
  - 200 Mbps (Translate to 2.5 V or 1.8 V)
  - 150 Mbps (Translate to 1.5 V)
  - 100 Mbps (Translate to 1.2 V)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
  - 8000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
  - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

## 2 Applications

- Personal Electronics
- Industrial
- Enterprise
- Telecom

## **3 Description**

This 24-bit noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The SN74AVC24T245 is optimized to operate with V<sub>CCA</sub>/V<sub>CCB</sub> set at 1.4 V to 3.6 V. It is operational with V<sub>CCA</sub>/V<sub>CCB</sub> as low as 1.2 V. The A port is designed to track V<sub>CCA</sub>. V<sub>CCA</sub> accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. The B port is designed to track V<sub>CCB</sub>. V<sub>CCB</sub> accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. This allows for universal low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, and 3.3-V voltage nodes.

The SN74AVC24T245 is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the

direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) input can be used to disable the outputs so the buses are effectively isolated.

The SN74AVC24T245 is designed so that the control pins (1DIR, 2DIR, 3DIR, 4DIR, 5DIR, 6DIR, 1 $\overline{OE}$ , 2 $\overline{OE}$ , 3 $\overline{OE}$ , 4 $\overline{OE}$ , 5 $\overline{OE}$ , and 6 $\overline{OE}$ ) are supplied by V<sub>CCA</sub>.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{off}$ . The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

The  $V_{CC}$  isolation feature ensures that if either  $V_{CC}$  input is at GND, then both ports are in the high-impedance state.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to V<sub>CCA</sub> through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	BODY SIZE (NOM)
SN74AVC24T245GRG/ZRG	LFBGA	10.00 mm × 4.50 mm
SN74AVC24T245NMU	nFBGA	10.00 mm × 4.50 mm

#### **Device Information**

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

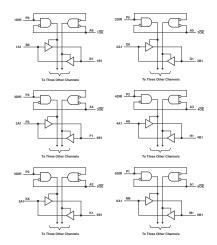


Figure 3-1. Logic Diagram

An IMPORTANT NOTICE at the end of this data sheet addresses availability, warranty, changes, use in safety-critical applications, intellectual property matters and other important disclaimers. PRODUCTION DATA.



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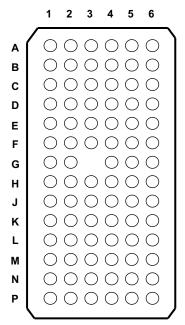
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**4 Revision History** NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

С	hanges from Revision D (August 2005) to Revision E (August 2020)	Page
•	Updated document to current TI data sheet format	1
•	Removed Ordering Information table	1
•	Added Applications list, Device Information table	1
•	Added NMU package option to Device Information table	1
•	Added NMU package to pinout drawing	3
•	Added ESD Ratings table	6
•	Added Thermal Information table	8
•	Added NMU package to Thermal Information table	8
	Added Typical Characteristics section	
	Added Detailed Description section	
•	Added Application and Implementation section	18
•	Added Power Supply Recommendations section	21
•	Added Layout section	
•	Added Device and Documentation Support section	
•	Added Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section	



#### **5** Pin Configuration and Functions



#### Figure 5-1. GRG/ZRG, NMU Package 83-Pin LFBGA, nFBGA Top View

Table 5	5-1. Pin	Assignments

	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Α	6 OE	5 OE	4 OE	3 OE	2 OE	1 OE		
В	1B1	1B2	V <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	1A2	1A1		
С	1B3	1B4	GND	GND	1A4	1A3		
D	2B1	2B2	V <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	2A2	2A1		
E	2B3	2B4	GND	GND	2A4	2A3		
F	3B1	3B2	GND	GND	3A2	3A1		
G	3B3	3B4		GND	3A4	3A3		
н	4B1	4B2	V <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	4A2	4A1		
J	4B3	4B4	GND	GND	4A4	4A3		
К	5B1	5B2	GND	GND	5A2	5A1		
L	5B3	5B4	V <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	5A4	5A3		
м	6B1	6B2	GND	GND	6A2	6A1		
N	6B3	6B4	V <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub>	6A4	6A3		
Р	6DIR	5DIR	4DIR	3DIR	2DIR	1DIR		

#### Table 5-2. Pin Functions

PIN NO. NAME		I/O	DESCRIPTION		
A1	6 OE	Input	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{OE}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to $V_{CCA}.$		
A2	5 OE	Input	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{OE}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to $V_{CCA}.$		
A3	4 OE	Input	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{OE}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to $V_{CCA}.$		
A4	3 OE	Input	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{OE}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to $V_{CCA}.$		



#### Table 5-2. Pin Functions (continued)

	PIN		
NO.	NAME	I/O	DESCRIPTION
A5	2 <del>0E</del>	Input	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{OE}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to $V_{CCA}.$
A6	1 OE	Input	Tri-State output-mode enables. Pull $\overline{OE}$ high to place all outputs in Tri-State mode. Referenced to $V_{CCA}$
B1	1B1	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
B2	1B2	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
B3	V <sub>CCB</sub>	_	B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V $\leq$ V <sub>CCB</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V.
B4	V <sub>CCA</sub>	_	A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V $\leq$ V <sub>CCA</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V.
B5	1A2	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
B6	1A1	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
C1	1B3	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
C2	1B4	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
C3	GND	_	Ground.
C4	GND	_	Ground.
C5	1A4	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
C6	1A3	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
D1	2B1	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
D2	2B2	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub>
D3	V <sub>CCB</sub>	_	B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V $\leq$ V <sub>CCB</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V.
D4	V <sub>CCA</sub>	_	A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V $\leq$ V <sub>CCA</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V.
D5	2A2	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
D6	2A1	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
E1	2B3	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
E2	2B4	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
E3	GND	_	Ground.
E4	GND	—	Ground.
E5	2A4	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
E6	2A3	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
F1	3B1	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
F2	3B2	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub>
F3	GND	_	Ground.
F4	GND	_	Ground.
F5	3A2	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
F6	3A1	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
G1	3B3	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
G2	3B4	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
G4	GND	_	Ground.
G5	3A4	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
G6	3A3	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
H1	4B1	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
H2	4B2	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
H3	V <sub>CCB</sub>	—	B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V $\leq$ V <sub>CCB</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V.
H4	V <sub>CCA</sub>	_	A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V $\leq$ V <sub>CCA</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V.
H5	4A2	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
H6	4A1	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .



#### Table 5-2. Pin Functions (continued)

PIN			
NO.	NAME	– I/O	DESCRIPTION
J1	4B3	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
J2	4B4	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
J3	GND	_	Ground.
J4	GND	_	Ground.
J5	4A4	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
J6	4A3	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
K1	5B1	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
K2	5B2	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
K3	GND	_	Ground.
K4	GND	_	Ground.
K5	5A2	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
K6	5A1	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
L1	5B3	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
L2	5B4	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
L3	V <sub>CCB</sub>	_	B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V $\leq$ V <sub>CCB</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V.
L4	V <sub>CCA</sub>	_	A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V $\leq$ V <sub>CCA</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V.
L5	5A4	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
L6	5A3	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
M1	6B1	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
M2	6B2	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
M3	GND	_	Ground.
M4	GND	—	Ground.
M5	6A2	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
M6	6A1	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
N1	6B3	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
N2	6B4	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .
N3	V <sub>CCB</sub>	_	B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V $\leq$ V <sub>CCB</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V.
N4	V <sub>CCA</sub>	_	A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V $\leq$ V <sub>CCA</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V.
N5	6A4	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
N6	6A3	Input/Output	Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
P1	6DIR	Input	Direction-control signal. Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
P2	5DIR	Input	Direction-control signal. Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
P3	4DIR	Input	Direction-control signal. Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
P4	3DIR	Input	Direction-control signal. Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
P5	2DIR	Input	Direction-control signal. Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .
P6	1DIR	Input	Direction-control signal. Referenced to V <sub>CCA.</sub>



## 6 Specifications

#### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CCA</sub> V <sub>CCB</sub>	√ <sub>CCA</sub> Supply voltage range √ <sub>CCB</sub>				V
		I/O ports (A port)	-0.5	4.6	
VI	Input voltge range <sup>(2)</sup>	I/O ports (B port)	-0.5	4.6	V
		Control inputs	-0.5	4.6	
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output	A port	-0.5	4.6	V
	in the high-impedance or power-off state <sup>(2)</sup>	B port	-0.5	4.6	v
V	Voltana manage combined to environt in the binds on low state $(2)$ $(3)$	A port	-0.5	V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.5	V
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state <sup>(2) (3)</sup>	B port	-0.5	V <sub>CCB</sub> + 0.5	v
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>1</sub> < 0		-50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>0</sub> < 0		-50	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	Continuous output current			±50	mA
	Continuous current through each $V_{CCA}, V_{CCB}, and GND$			±100	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The input voltage and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

(3) The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 4.6-V maximum if the output current rating is observed.

#### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>1</sup>	±8000	V
V (ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>2</sup>	±1000	v	



#### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		(1) (2) (3)	V <sub>CCI</sub>	V <sub>cco</sub>	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CCA</sub>	Supply voltage				1.2	3.6	V
V <sub>CCB</sub>	Supply voltage				1.2	3.6	V
			1.2 V to 1.95 V		V <sub>CCI</sub> × 0.65		
VIH	High-level input voltage	Data inputs <sup>(4)</sup>	1.95 V to 2.7 V		1.6		V
	input voltage		2.7 V to 3.6 V		2		
			1.2 V to 1.95 V			V <sub>CCI</sub> × 0.35	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	Data inputs <sup>(4)</sup>	1.95 V to 2.7 V			0.7	V
	input voltage		2.7 V to 3.6 V			0.8	
V <sub>IH</sub>			1.2 V to 1.95 V		V <sub>CCA</sub> × 0.65		
	High-level input voltage	DIR (referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> ) <sup>(5)</sup>	1.95 V to 2.7 V		1.6		V
	input voltage		2.7 V to 3.6 V		2		
	Low-level input voltage		1.2 V to 1.95 V			$V_{CCA} \times 0.35$	V
VIL		DIR (referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> ) <sup>(5)</sup>	1.95 V to 2.7 V			0.7	
	input voltage		2.7 V to 3.6 V			0.8	
VI	Input voltage				0	3.6	V
V	0 1 1 1	Active state			0	V <sub>CCO</sub>	V
Vo	Output voltage	3-state			0	3.6	
				1.2 V		-3	
				1.4 V to 1.6 V		-6	
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output cu	rrent		1.65 V to 1.95 V		-8	mA
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		-9	
				3 V to 3.6 V		–12	
				1.2 V		3	
				1.4 V to 1.6 V		6	
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output cur	rent		1.65 V to 1.95 V		8	mA
				2.3 V to 2.7 V		9	
				3 V to 3.6 V		12	
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise	or fall rate				5	ns/V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air te	mperature			-40	85	°C

(1)  $V_{CCI}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the data input port.

(2)  $V_{CCO}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the output port.

(3) All unused data inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CCI</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

(4) For V<sub>CCI</sub> values not specified in the data sheet, V<sub>IH</sub> min = V<sub>CCI</sub> × 0.7 V, V<sub>IL</sub> max = V<sub>CCI</sub> × 0.3 V.

(5) For  $V_{CCI}$  values not specified in the data sheet,  $V_{IH}$  min =  $V_{CCA} \times 0.7$  V,  $V_{IL}$  max =  $V_{CCA} \times 0.3$  V.



#### 6.4 Thermal Information

			SN74AVC24T245		
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	GRG	ZRG	NMU	UNIT
		83	83	83	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	38.1	38.1	44.3	°C/W
R <sub>0JC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	22.8	22.8	24.5	°C/W
R <sub>θJB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	17.0	17.0	29.1	°C/W
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.44	0.44	0.5	°C/W
Ψјв	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	16.9	16.9	29.2	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC package thermal metrics* application report.



#### **6.5 Electrical Characteristics**

	METER	TEST COND		V	V		Γ <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	; [	–40°C to 8	5°C	UNIT
PARA	METER	TEST COND	TIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCB</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNI
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –100 μA		1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V				V <sub>CCO</sub> – 0.2		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -3 mA	-	1.2 V	1.2 V		0.95				
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub>	1.4 V	1.4 V				1.05		v
V <sub>ОН</sub>		I <sub>OH</sub> =8 mA	vi – vih	1.65 V	1.65 V				1.2		v
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -9 mA	-	2.3 V	2.3 V				1.75		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 m	-	3 V	3 V				2.3		
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA		1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					0.2	
V <sub>OL</sub>		I <sub>OL</sub> = 3 mA		1.2 V	1.2 V		0.15				
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	$V_{I} = V_{IL}$	1.4 V	1.4 V					0.35	v
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA		1.65 V	1.65 V					0.45	v
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 9 mA		2.3 V	2.3 V					0.55	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	-	3 V	3 V					0.7	
lı	Control inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCA</sub> or GNE	$V_1 = V_{CCA}$ or GND		1.2 V to 3.6 V		±0.025	±0.25		±1	μA
1	A or B port	V <sub>1</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0 V	0 to 3.6 V		±0.1	±2.5		±5	μA
off	A or B port	$v_1 \text{ or } v_0 = 0 \text{ to } 3.6$	J V	0 to 3.6 V	0 V		±0.1	±2.5		±5	μΑ
oz <sup>(1)</sup>	A or B port	$V_0 = V_{CC0}$ or GN $V_1 = V_{CC1}$ or GND $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$	D, ,	3.6 V	3.6 V		±0.5	±2.5		±5	μA
				1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					40	
CCA		$V_1 = V_{CC1}$ or GND $I_0 = 0$	,	0 V	3.6 V					-5	μA
				3.6 V	0 V					40	
				1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					40	
ССВ		$V_1 = V_{CC1}$ or GND $I_0 = 0$	3	0 V	3.6 V					40	μA
				3.6 V	0 V					-5	
CCA +	I <sub>CCB</sub>	$V_{I} = V_{CCI}$ or GND $I_{O} = 0$	,	1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.2 V to 3.6 V					75	μA
Ci	Control inputs			3.3 V	3.3 V		3.5				pF
C <sub>io</sub>	A or B port	V <sub>O</sub> = 3.3 V or GN	<sub>0</sub> = 3.3 V or GND		3.3 V		7				pF

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(2) (3)</sup>

(1) For I/O ports, the parameter  $I_{\text{OZ}}$  includes the input leakage current.

(2)  $$V_{CCO}$ is the <math display="inline">V_{CC}$ associated with the output port.$ 

(3)  $V_{CCI}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the input port.

#### 6.6 Switching Characteristics

#### over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ (see Figure 7-1)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.5 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.8 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3 V	UNIT																		
PARAIVIETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	ТҮР	ТҮР	ТҮР	TYP	ТҮР	UNIT																		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	А	В	4.1	3.3	3	2.8	3.2	ns																		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	~	В	4.1	3.3	3	2.8	3.2	115																		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	А	4.4	4	3.8	3.6	3.5	ns																		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	D	A	4.4	4	3.8	3.6	3.5	115																		
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	А	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	20																		
t <sub>PZL</sub>	UE	A	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	ns																		
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	В	6	4.6	4	3.4	3.2	2																		
t <sub>PZL</sub>	UE	D	6	4.6	4	3.4	3.2	ns																		
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌĒ	٨	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.8	5																		
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	UE	A	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.8	ns																		
t <sub>PHZ</sub>		P	6	4.9	4.9	4.2	5.3	20																		
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	ŌĒ	В —	В —	В —	В —	В —	B –	В —	В —	В —	В —	В	В	B	В —	В —	В –	B	В —	В —	6	4.9	4.9	4.2	5.3	ns

#### 6.7 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$  (see Figure 7-1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.1	1.5 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.1		V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.2		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT
	(INFOT)	(001701)	ТҮР	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	А	В	3.6	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	~	D	3.6	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	115
t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	А	3.3	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.6	0.5	5.5	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	В	~	3.3	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.6	0.5	5.5	115
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	А	4.3	1	10.1	1	10.1	1	10.1	1	10.1	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OL	~	4.3	1	10.1	1	10.1	1	10.1	1	10.1	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	В	5.6	1	10.1	0.5	8.1	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.2	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OL	В	5.6	1	10.1	0.5	8.1	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.2	115
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌĒ	А	4.5	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	0E	~	4.5	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	115
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	OF	В	5.5	1.5	8.7	1.5	7.5	1	6.5	1	6.3	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	ŌĒ	6	5.5	1.5	8.7	1.5	7.5	1	6.5	1	6.3	115



#### 6.8 Switching Characteristics

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT	
	(INFOT)		ТҮР	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	А	В	3.4	0.5	5.9	0.5	4.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	A		3.4	0.5	5.9	0.5	4.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	115	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	А	3	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.5	0.5	4.4	ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Б		3	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.5	0.5	4.4	115	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	А	3.4	1	7.8	1	7.8	1	7.8	1	7.8		
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE		3.4	1	7.8	1	7.8	1	7.8	1	7.8	7.8 ns	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	В	5.4	1	9.2	0.5	7.4	0.5	5.3	0.5	4.5	ns	
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE		5.4	1	9.2	0.5	7.4	0.5	5.3	0.5	4.5	115	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌĒ	٨	4.2	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	no	
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	UE	A	4.2	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	ns	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌĒ	R	5.2	1.5	8.4	1.5	7.1	1	5.9	1	5.7	ns	
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	0E	B –	В	5.2	1.5	8.4	1.5	7.1	1	5.9	1	5.7	115

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$  (see Figure 7-1)

#### 6.9 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$  (see Figure 7-1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V		1.5 V I V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.1		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT		
			ТҮР	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX			
t <sub>PLH</sub>	А	В	3.2	0.5	5.6	0.5	4.5	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	ns		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	~		3.2	0.5	5.6	0.5	4.5	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	115		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	А	2.6	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	3.2	ns		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	В		2.6	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	3.2	115		
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	А	2.5	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	ns		
t <sub>PZL</sub>	UE	A	2.5	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	115		
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	В	5.2	0.5	9.4	0.5	7.3	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.5	ns		
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OL		5.2	0.5	9.4	0.5	7.3	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.5	115		
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌĒ	А	3	1	6.1	1	6.1	1	6.1	1	6.1	20		
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	0E		3	1	6.1	1	6.1	1	6.1	1	6.1	ns		
t <sub>PHZ</sub>		P	5	1	7.9	1	6.6	1	6.1	1	5.2	ns		
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	OE	OE	ŌĒ	B 5	5	1	7.9	1	6.6	1	6.1	1	5.2	115

#### 6.10 Switching Charactertistics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$  (see Figure 7-1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)			V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V 2 V	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT	
	(INFOT)		ТҮР	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	A	В	3.2	0.5	5.5	0.5	4.4	0.5	3.2	0.5	2.7	ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	A		3.2	0.5	5.5	0.5	4.4	0.5	3.2	0.5	2.7	115	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	А	2.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	0.5	2.7	ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	В		2.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	0.5	2.7	115	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	А	2.2	0.5	4.3	0.5	4.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	4	ns	
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE		2.2	0.5	4.3	0.5	4.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	4	4	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	ŌĒ	В	5.1	0.5	9.3	0.5	7.2	0.5	4.9	0.5	4	ns	
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE		5.1	0.5	9.3	0.5	7.2	0.5	4.9	0.5	4	115	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌĒ	А	3.4	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	na	
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	0E		3.4	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	0.5	5	ns	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	ŌĒ	R	4.9	1	7.7	1	6.5	1	5.2	0.5	5	ns	
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	0E	В	B	4.9	1	7.7	1	6.5	1	5.2	0.5	5	115

#### 6.11 Operating Characteristics

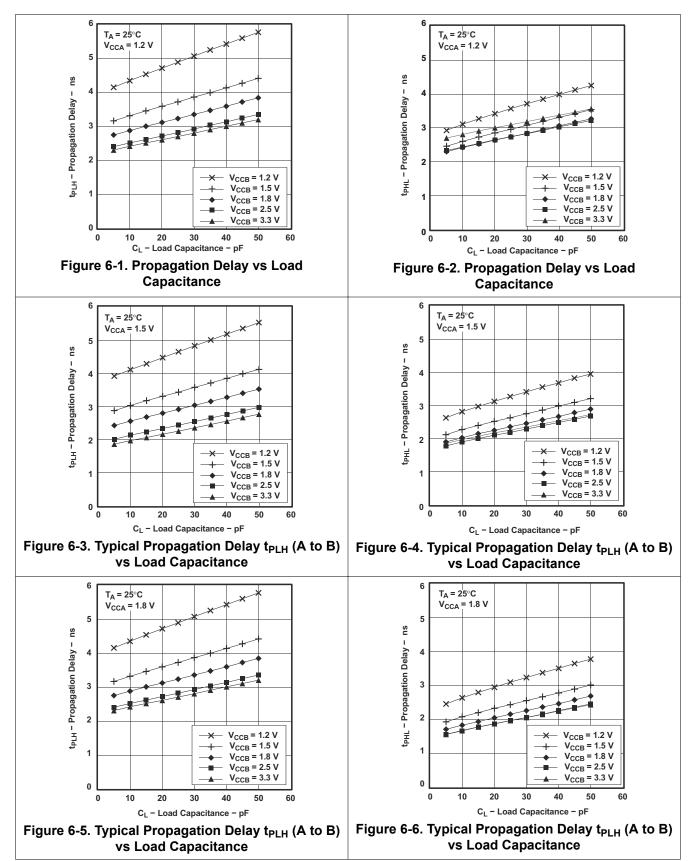
 $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$  = 3.3 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C

	PARAMET	ER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.5 V	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.8 V	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5 V	V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3 V	UNIT	
			CONDITIONS	TYP	TYP	ТҮР	ТҮР	ТҮР		
	A to B	Outputs enabled		1	1	1	2	2		
C <sub>pdA</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	AIOB	Outputs disabled	C <sub>L</sub> = 0, f = 10 MHz,	1	1	1	1	2	pF	
	B to A	Outputs enabled	$t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	19	19	20	21	22	pr	
		Outputs disabled		1	1	1	1	1		
	A to B	Outputs enabled		19	19	20	21	22		
C <sub>pdB</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	AIOB	Outputs disabled	$C_{L} = 0,$	1	1	1	1	1		
CpdB (1)	B to A	Outputs enabled	f = 10 MHz, t <sub>r</sub> = t <sub>f</sub> = 1 ns		1	1	1	2	2	pF
	BUA	Outputs disabled		1	1	1	1	2		

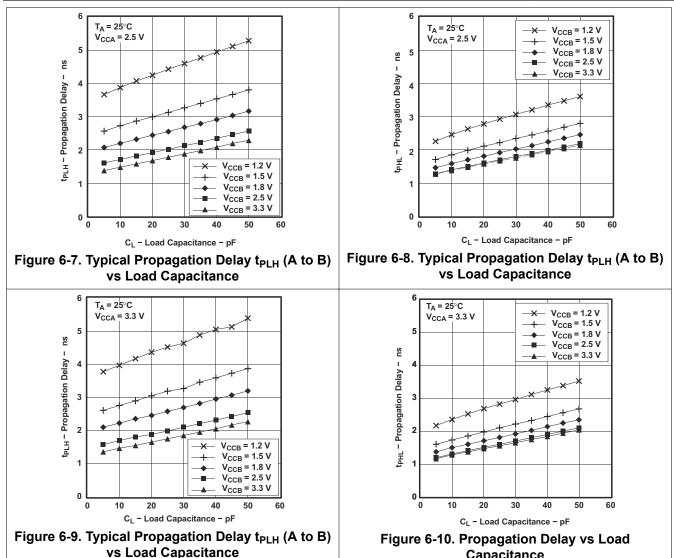
(1) Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver



#### 6.12 Typical Characteristics



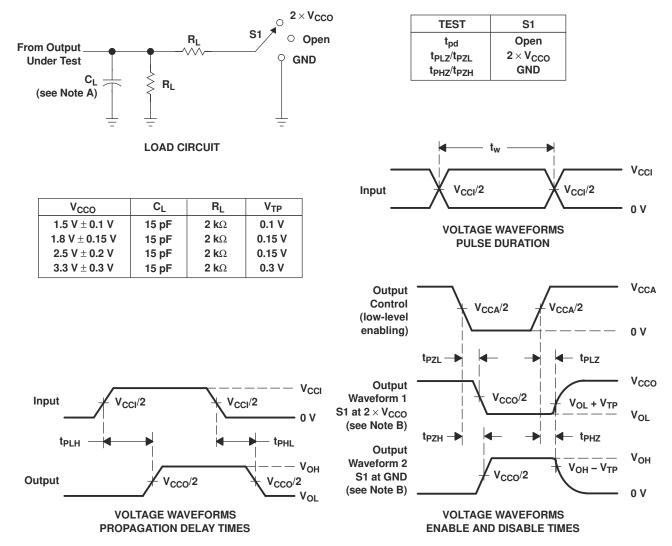




Capacitance



#### 7 Parameter Measurement Information



NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \le 10$  MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $dv/dt \ge 1$  V/ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
- F. t<sub>PZL</sub> and t<sub>PZH</sub> are the same as t<sub>en</sub>.
- G. t<sub>PLH</sub> and t<sub>PHL</sub> are the same as t<sub>pd</sub>.
- H.  $V_{CCI}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the input port.
- I.  $V_{CCO}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the output port.

#### Figure 7-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



#### 8 Detailed Description

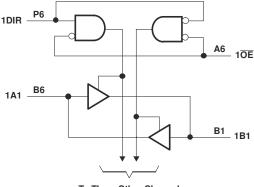
#### 8.1 Overview

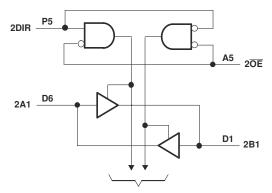
The SN74AVC24T245 is a 16-bit, dual-supply noninverting bidirectional voltage level translation. Pins A and control pins (DIR and  $\overline{OE}$ ) are supported by V<sub>CCA</sub> and pins B are supported by V<sub>CCB</sub>. The A port can accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.2 V to 3.6 V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. A high on DIR allows data transmission from A to B and a low on DIR allows data transmission from B to A when  $\overline{OE}$  is set to low. When  $\overline{OE}$  is set to high, both A and B are in the high-impedance state.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using off output current (Ioff).

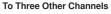
The  $V_{CC}$  isolation feature ensures that if either  $V_{CC}$  input is at GND, both ports are put in a high-impedance state.

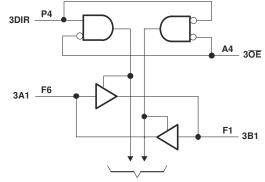
#### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



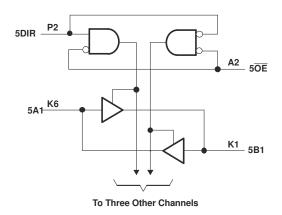


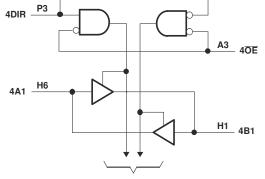
To Three Other Channels



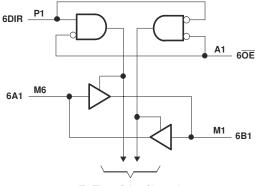








To Three Other Channels





#### 8.3 Feature Description

#### 8.3.1 Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over the Full 1.2-V to 3.6-V Power-Supply Range

Both  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$  can be supplied at any voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V which makes the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (1.2 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V).

#### 8.3.2 Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using off output current ( $I_{off}$ ). The  $I_{off}$  circuitry will prevent backflow current by disabling I/O output circuits when device is in partial power-down mode.

#### 8.3.3 V<sub>CC</sub> Isolation

The  $V_{CC}$  isolation feature ensures that if either  $V_{CCA}$  or  $V_{CCB}$  are at GND, both ports will be in a high-impedance state ( $I_{OZ}$ ). This prevents false logic levels from being presented to either bus.

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

The SN74AVC24T245 is a voltage level translator that can operate from 1.2 V to 3.6 V ( $V_{CCA}$ ) and 1.2 V to 3.6 V ( $V_{CCB}$ ). The signal translation between 1.2 V and 3.6 V requires direction control and output enable control. When  $\overline{OE}$  is low and DIR is high, data transmission is from A to B. When  $\overline{OE}$  is low and DIR is low, data transmission is from B to A. When  $\overline{OE}$  is high, both output ports will be high-impedance.

		00001011
INP	UTS	OPERATION
ŌĒ	DIR	OPERATION
L	L	B data to A bus
L	Н	A data to B bus
Н	Х	Isolation

#### Table 8-1. Function Table (Each 4-Bit Section)



#### 9 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

#### **9.1 Application Information**

The SN74AVC24T245 device can be used in level-shifting applications for interfacing devices and addressing mixed voltage incompatibility. The SN74AVC24T245 device is ideal for data transmission where direction is different for each channel.

#### 9.2 EnableTimes

Calculate the enable times for the SN74AVC24T245 using the following formulas:

$t_{PZH}$ (DIR to A) = $t_{PLZ}$ (DIR to B) + $t_{PLH}$ (B to A)	(1)
$t_{PZL}$ (DIR to A) = $t_{PHZ}$ (DIR to B) + $t_{PHL}$ (B to A)	(2)
$t_{PZH}$ (DIR to B) = $t_{PLZ}$ (DIR to A) + $t_{PLH}$ (A to B)	(3)
$t_{PZL}$ (DIR to B) = $t_{PHZ}$ (DIR to A) + $t_{PHL}$ (A to B)	(4)

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the SN74AVC24T245 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched; the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.



#### 9.3 Typical Application

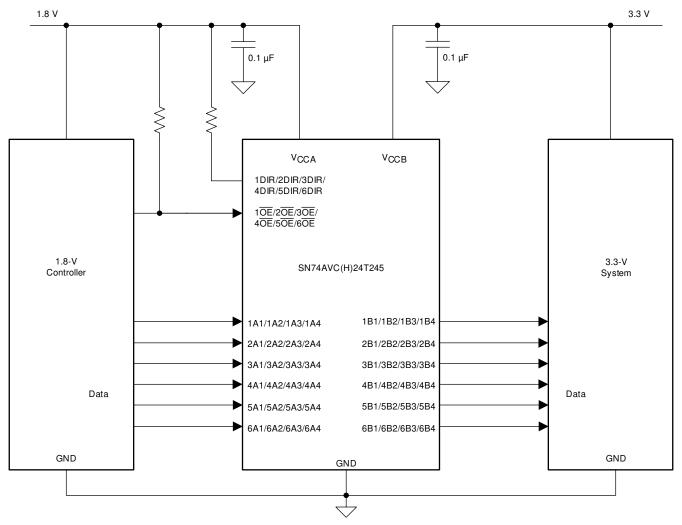


Figure 9-1. Application Schematic

#### 9.3.1 Design Requirements

This device uses drivers which are enabled depending on the state of the DIR pin. The designer must know the intended flow of data and take care not to violate any of the high or low logic levels. Unused data inputs must not be floating, as this can cause excessive internal leakage on the input CMOS structure. Tie any unused input and output ports directly to ground.

For this design example, use the parameters listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

Table 9-1. Design Parameters									
DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE								
Input voltage range	1.2 V to 3.6 V								
Output voltage range	1.2 V to 3.6 V								



#### 9.3.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

#### 9.3.2.1 Input Voltage Ranges

Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the SN74AVC24T245 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high the value must exceed the  $V_{IH}$  of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the  $V_{IL}$  of the input port.

#### 9.3.2.2 Output Voltage Range

Use the supply voltage of the device that the SN74AVC24T245 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.

#### 9.3.3 Application Curve

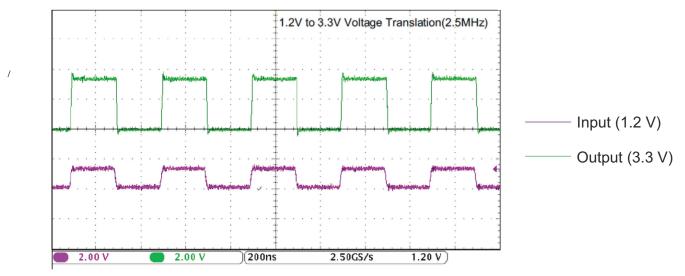


Figure 9-2. Translation Up (1.2 V to 3.3 V) at 2.5 MHz



#### **10 Power Supply Recommendations**

The SN74AVC24T245 device uses two separate configurable power-supply rails,  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$ . VCCA accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V and  $V_{CCB}$  accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. The A port and B port are designed to track  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$ , respectively, allowing for low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V and 3.3-V voltage nodes.

The output-enable  $\overline{OE}$  input circuit is designed so that it is supplied by V<sub>CCA</sub> and when the  $\overline{OE}$  input is high, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To ensure the high-impedance state of the outputs during power up or power down, the  $\overline{OE}$  input pin must be tied to V<sub>CCA</sub> through a pullup resistor and must not be enabled until V<sub>CCA</sub> and V<sub>CCB</sub> are fully ramped and stable. The minimum value of the pullup resistor to V<sub>CCA</sub> is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

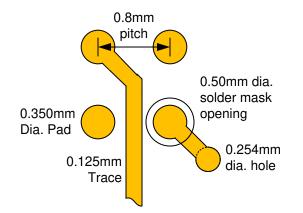
#### 11 Layout

#### **11.1 Layout Guidelines**

To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit-board layout guidelines is recommended.

- Bypass capacitors must be used on power supplies.
- · Short trace lengths must be used to avoid excessive loading.
- Place pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors or pullup resistors to help adjust rise and fall times of signals, depending on the system requirements.

#### 11.2 Layout Example







#### **12 Device and Documentation Support**

#### **12.1 Documentation Support**

#### **12.2 Related Documentation**

For related documentation, see the following:

http://www.ti.com/lit/an/scea014/scea014.pdf

#### 12.3 Trademarks

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### **12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution**



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

#### 12.5 Glossary

**TI Glossary** This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

#### 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



28-Aug-2020

### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
	(.)		Ū			(=)	(6)	(0)		(10)	
SN74AVC24T245GRGR	LIFEBUY	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	GRG	83	1000	TBD	SNPB	Level-1-240C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WH245	
SN74AVC24T245NMUR	ACTIVE	NFBGA	NMU	83	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	2CPW	Samples
SN74AVC24T245ZRGR	ACTIVE	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	ZRG	83	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	WH245	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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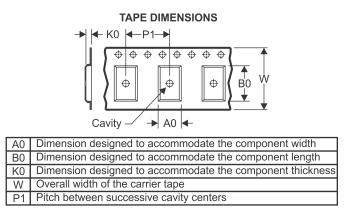
## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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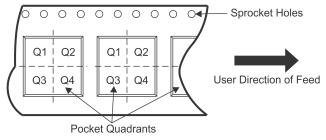
Texas Instruments

#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



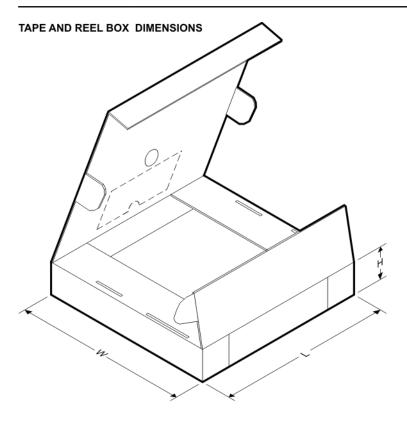
*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74AVC24T245GRGR	BGA MI CROSTA R JUNI OR	GRG	83	1000	330.0	24.4	4.8	10.3	1.8	8.0	24.0	Q1
SN74AVC24T245ZRGR	BGA MI CROSTA R JUNI OR	ZRG	83	1000	330.0	24.4	4.8	10.3	1.8	8.0	24.0	Q1

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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\*All dimensions are nominal

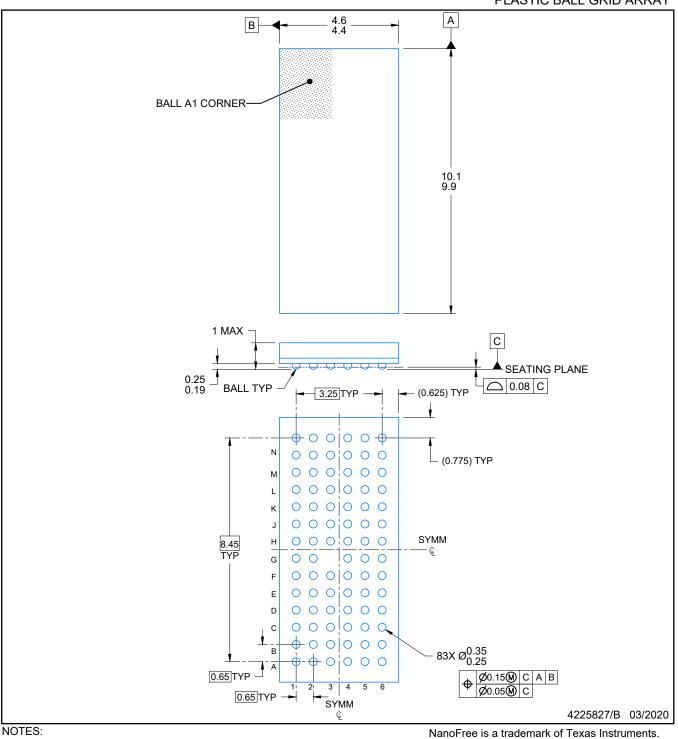
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74AVC24T245GRGR	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	GRG	83	1000	350.0	350.0	43.0
SN74AVC24T245ZRGR	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	ZRG	83	1000	350.0	350.0	43.0

## **NMU0083A**

# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

NFBGA - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing 1. per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

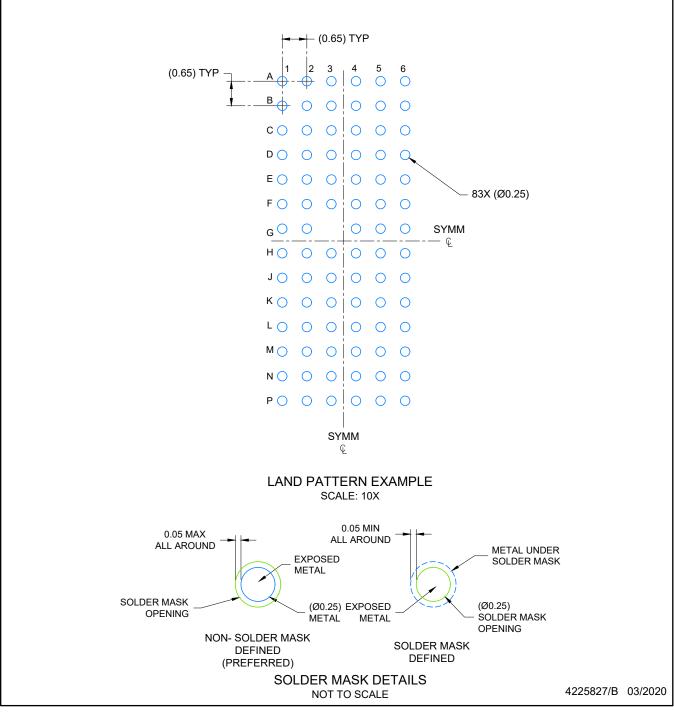


## NMU0083A

## **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## NFBGA - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. Refer to Texas Instruments Literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

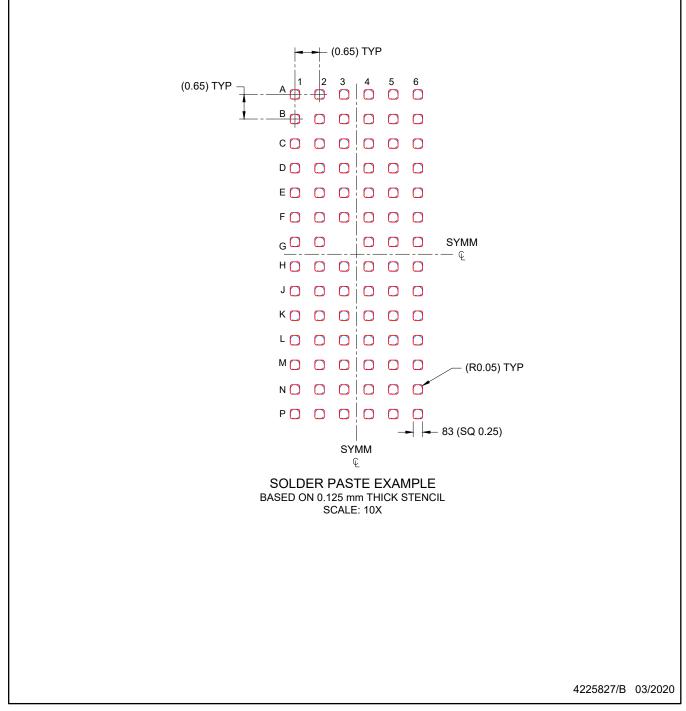


## NMU0083A

## **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

## NFBGA - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



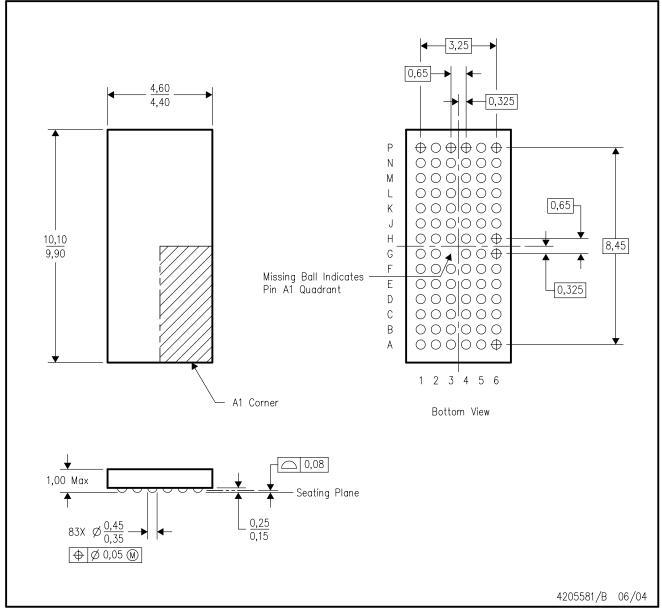
NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



GRG (R-PBGA-N83)

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



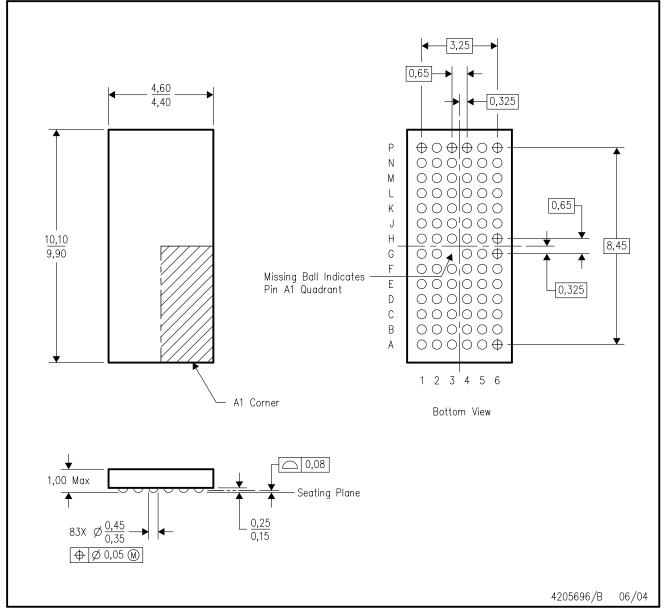
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. JEDEC MO-225 registration is pending.
- D. This package is tin-lead (SnPb). Refer to the 83 ZRG package (drawing 4205696) for lead-free.



ZRG (R-PBGA-N83)

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. JEDEC MO-225 registration is pending.
- D. This package is lead-free. Refer to the 83 GRG package (drawing 4205581) for tin-lead (SnPb).



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