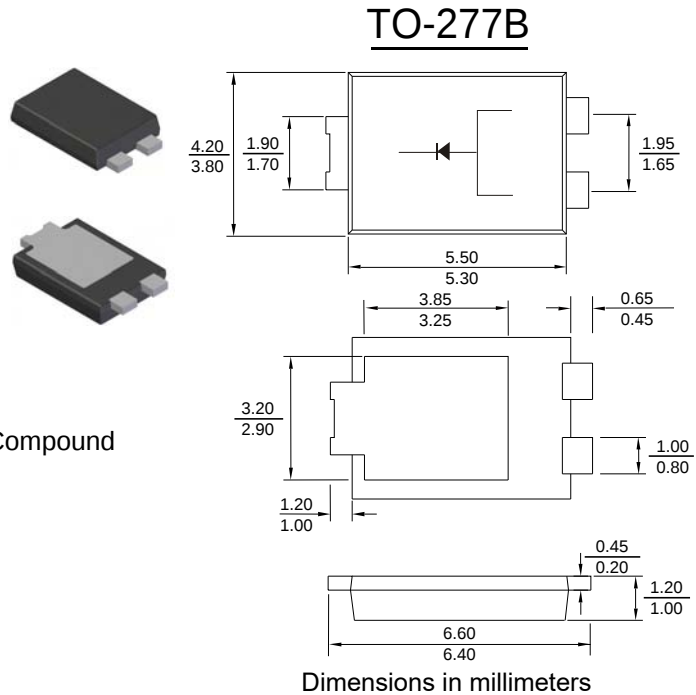


Features

- Schottky Barrier Chip
- Bypass Diodes for Solar Panels
- High Junction Temperture
- High Thermal Reliability
- Patented Super Barrier Rectifier Technology
- High Foward Surge Capability
- Ultra Low Power Loss, High Efficiency
- Excellent High Temperature Stability

Mechanical Data

- Case: TO-277B Molded Plastic "Green" Molding Compound
- Terminals: Plated Leads Solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
- Polarity: Cathode Band
- Weight: 0.093 grams (approx.)
- Mounting Position: Any
- Marking: Type Number
- Lead Free: For RoHS/Lead Free Version



Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics @T_A=25°C unless otherwise specified

Single Phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

Characteristic	Symbol	SB1045L	SB1050L	SB1060L	SB1080L	SB10100L	SB10150L	SB10200L	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	45	50	60	80	100	150	200	V
Working Peak Reverse Voltage	V _{RWM}								
DC Blocking Voltage	V _R								
RMS Reverse Voltage	V _{R(RMS)}	31.5	35	42	56	70	105	140	V
Average Rectified Output Current @T _L = 100°C (Note 1)	I _O	10							A
Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	I _{FSM}	150							A
I ² t Rating for Fusing (t<8.3ms)	I ² t	93.4							A ² s
Forward Voltage Drop T _A = 25°C @I _F = 10 A	V _{FM}	0.50	0.55	0.75	0.90				V
Peak Reverse Current @T _A = 25°C At Rated DC Blocking Voltage @T _A = 100°C	I _{RM}	0.3 15							mA
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 1)	R _{θJA}	80							°C/W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{STG}	-55 to +150							°C

Note: 1. Valid provided that leads are kept at ambient temperature at a distance of 9.5mm from the case.
2. FR-4 PCB, 2oz. Copper, minimum recommended pad layout .
3. Polyimide PCB, 2oz. Copper. Cathode pad dimensions 18.8mm x 14.4mm. Anode pad dimensions 5.6mm x 14.4mm.

FIG.1 - FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

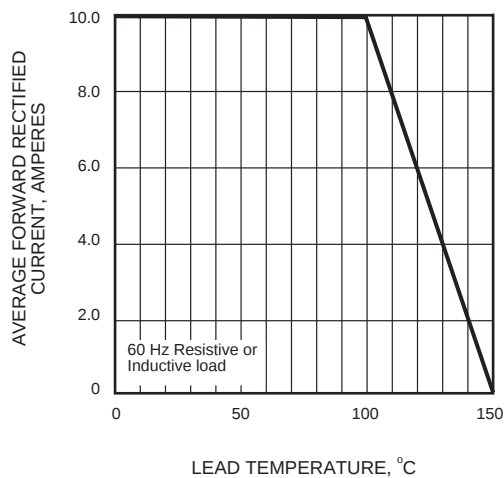


FIG.2 - TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

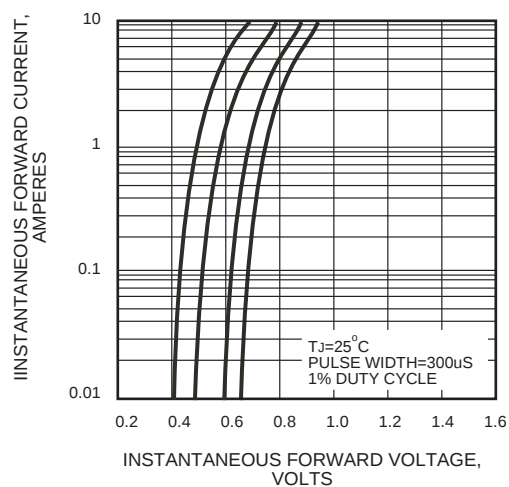


FIG.3 - MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

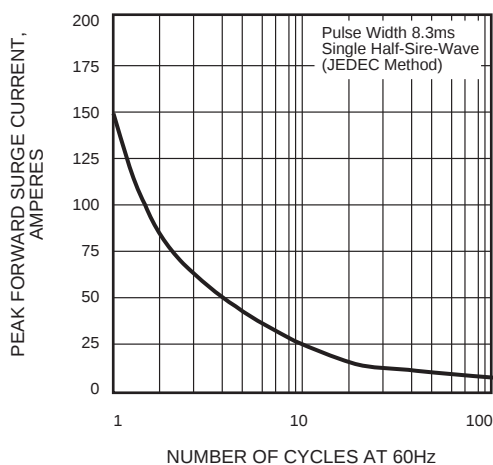


FIG.4 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

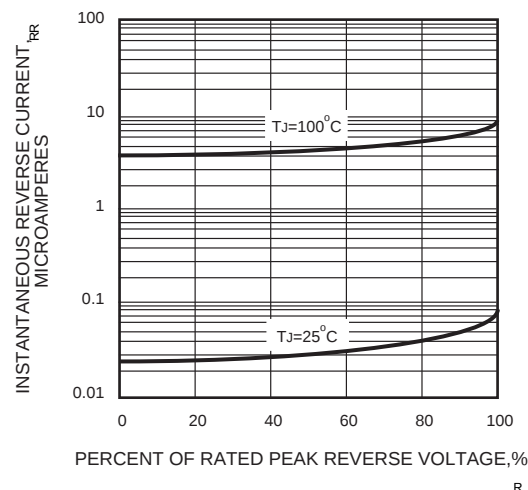


FIG.5 - TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

