



Silicon PIN Photodiode

Description

S153P is a high speed and high sensitive PIN photodiode in a hermetically sealed short TO–5 package. Due to its flat, waterclear glass window the device is sensitive to visible and near infrared radiation. The large active area combined with a flat case gives a high sensitivity at a wide viewing angle.

Features

- High photo sensitivity
- Large radiant sensitive area A=7.5 mm²
- Fast response times
- Small junction capacitance
- For photodiode and photovoltaic operation
- Hermetically sealed case
- Wide angle of half sensitivity $\varphi = \pm 55^{\circ}$
- Suitable for visible and near infrared radiation
- Suitable to couple with glass fiber



Applications

Applications requiring high speed and high sensitive PIN photodiodes in hermetically sealed packages.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse Voltage		V_{R}	50	V
Power Dissipation	T _{amb} ≤ 50 °C	P_V	300	mW
Junction Temperature		T _i	125	°C
Operating Temperature Range		T _{amb}	<i>–</i> 55+125	°C
Soldering Temperature	t ≦ 5 s	T_{sd}	260	°C
Thermal Resistance Junction/Ambient		R _{thJA}	250	K/W



Basic Characteristics

 $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Breakdown Voltage	$I_R = 100 \mu A, E = 0$	V _(BR)	50			V
Reverse Dark Current	$V_R = 10 \text{ V, E} = 0$	Î _{ro}		2	30	nA
Diode Capacitance	$V_R = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, E = 0$	C_{D}		75		pF
	$V_R = 3 \text{ V, f} = 1 \text{ MHz, E} = 0$	C_{D}		25	40	pF
Open Circuit Voltage	E _A = 1 klx	V_{o}		350		mV
Temp. Coefficient of Vo	$E_A = 1 \text{ klx}$	TK_Vo		-2.6		mV/K
Short Circuit Current	$E_A = 1 \text{ klx}$	l _k		80		μΑ
	$E_e = 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2,$ $\lambda = 950 \text{ nm}$	I _k		47		μΑ
Temp. Coefficient of Ik	E _A = 1 klx	TK _{lk}		0.18		%/K
Reverse Light Current	$E_A = 1 \text{ klx}, V_R = 5 \text{ V}$	I _{ra}		85		μΑ
	$E_e = 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$, $\lambda = 950 \text{ nm}$, $V_R = 5 \text{ V}$	I _{ra}	40	50		μΑ
Absolute Spectral Sensitivity	$V_R = 5 \text{ V}, \lambda = 900 \text{ nm}$	s(λ)		0.6		A/W
Angle of Half Sensitivity		φ		±55		deg
Wavelength of Peak Sensitivity		λ_{p}		900		nm
Range of Spectral Bandwidth		λ _{0.5}		6001050		nm
Noise Equivalent Power	$V_R = 10 \text{ V}, \ \lambda = 950 \text{ nm}$	NEP		4.2x10 ⁻¹⁴		W/√ Hz
Rise Time	$V_R = 10 \text{ V}, R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega,$ $\lambda = 820 \text{ nm}$	t _r		100		ns
Fall Time	$V_R = 10 \text{ V}, R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega,$ $\lambda = 820 \text{ nm}$	t _f		100		ns

Typical Characteristics $(T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C \text{ unless otherwise specified})$

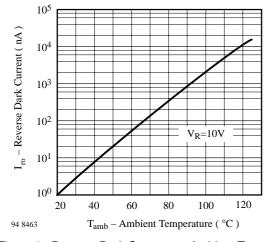


Figure 1. Reverse Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

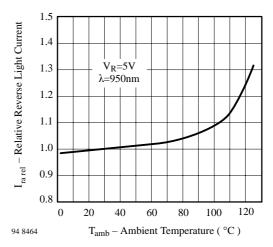


Figure 2. Relative Reverse Light Current vs.
Ambient Temperature



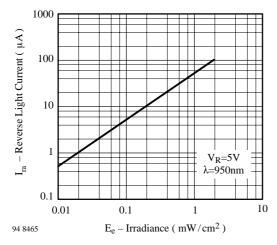


Figure 3. Reverse Light Current vs. Irradiance

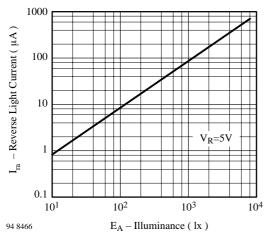


Figure 4. Reverse Light Current vs. Illuminance

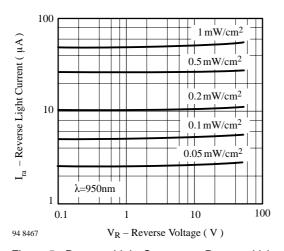


Figure 5. Reverse Light Current vs. Reverse Voltage

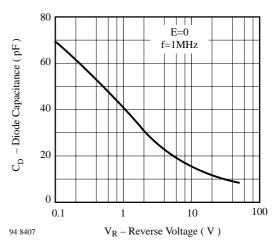


Figure 6. Diode Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

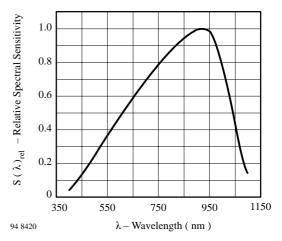


Figure 7. Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength

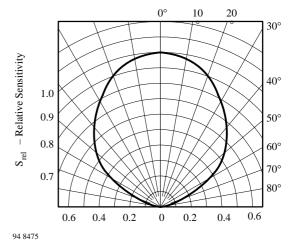
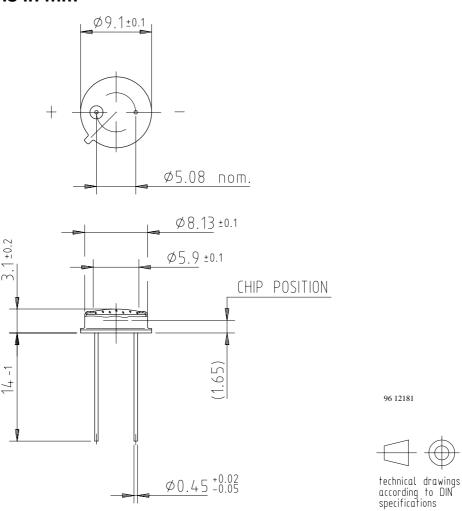


Figure 8. Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement



Dimensions in mm





Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

- 1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
- 2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

- 1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
- 2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
- 3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice. Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay-Telefunken products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay-Telefunken against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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