

# S-5813A/5814A Series

#### **CMOS TEMPERATURE SENSOR IC**

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Rev.4.1 00

The S-5813A/5814A Series is a family of high-precision temperature sensor ICs on a single chip with a linear output voltage for temperature changes.

Each chip is composed of a temperature sensor, a constant current circuit, and an operational amplifier.

The operating ambient temperature is from  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+100^{\circ}$ C. These devices have much better linearity than other temperature sensors such as thermistors, and can be used for a wide range of temperature control applications.

#### ■ Features

• Temperature accuracy S-5813A Series : ±5.0°C (–30°C to +100°C)

S-5814A Series : ±2.5°C (-30°C to +100°C)

Linear output voltage -11.04 mV/°C typ.

Ta =  $-30^{\circ}$ C: 2.582 V typ. Ta =  $+30^{\circ}$ C: 1.940 V typ. Ta =  $+100^{\circ}$ C: 1.145 V typ.  $\pm 0.5\%$  typ. ( $-20^{\circ}$ C to  $+80^{\circ}$ C)

Nonlinearity
 Wide newer supply veltage energy

• Wide power supply voltage operation  $V_{DD}$  = 2.4 V to 10.0 V (+25°C)

Low current consumption
 4.0 μA typ. (+25°C)

• Built-in operational amplifier

Output voltage referred to V<sub>SS</sub>

• Lead-free (Sn 100%), halogen-free

#### Applications

- Compensation of high-frequency circuits such as cellular phones and radio equipment
- · Compensation of oscillation frequency in crystal oscillator
- LCD contrast compensation
- · Compensation of amplifier gain
- · Compensation of auto focus circuits
- · Temperature detection in battery management
- · Overheating prevention for charged batteries or halogen lights

#### ■ Package

SNT-4A

# ■ Block Diagram

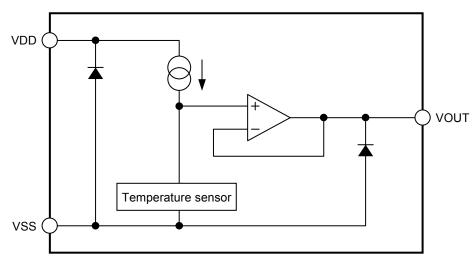
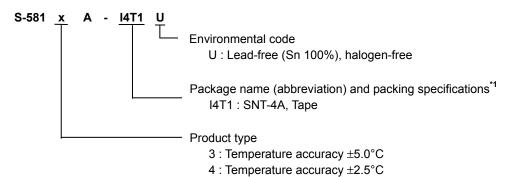


Figure 1

#### **■ Product Name Structure**

Users can select the product type for the S-5813A/5814A Series. Refer to "1. **Product name**" regarding the contents of product name, "2. **Package**" regarding the package drawings, "3. **Product name list**" regarding details of the product name.

#### 1. Product name



**<sup>\*1.</sup>** Refer to the tape drawing.

#### 2. Package

Deelsone Name	Drawing Code					
Package Name	Package	Tape	Reel	Land		
SNT-4A	PF004-A-P-SD	PF004-A-C-SD	PF004-A-R-SD	PF004-A-L-SD		

#### 3. Product name list

Table 1

Product Name	Temperature Accuracy
S-5813A-I4T1U	±5.0°C
S-5814A-I4T1U	±2.5°C

# **■** Pin Configuration

SNT-4A Top view

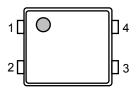


Figure 2

Table 2

Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Description
1	VSS	GND pin
2	VDD	Power supply pin
3	VOUT	Output voltage pin
4	NC <sup>*1</sup>	No connection

<sup>\*1.</sup> The NC pin is electrically open.

The NC pin can be connected to the VDD pin or the VSS pin.

### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 3

(Ta = +25°C unless otherwise specified)

Item	Symbol Absolute Maximum Rating		Unit
Power supply voltage	$V_{DD}$ $V_{SS} - 0.3 \text{ to } V_{SS} + 12.0$		V
Output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	$V_{SS} - 0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Power dissipation	D	140 (When not mounted on board)	mW
Fower dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	300 <sup>*1</sup>	mW
Operating ambient temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to +100	°C
Storage temperature T <sub>stg</sub>		-40 to +125	°C

<sup>\*1.</sup> When mounted on board

[Mounted board]

(1) Board size : 114.3 mm  $\times$  76.2 mm  $\times$  t1.6 mm (2) Board name : JEDEC STANDARD51-7

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

#### **■** Electrical Characteristics

#### 1. S-5813A Series

**Table 4** (Ta =  $+25^{\circ}$ C.  $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ .  $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ A unless otherwise specified}$ )

		(1a - +25 C, V	DD - 3.0	v, 1001 - t	J A unics	3 Offici Wisc	3pccilicu,
Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Power supply voltage	$V_{DD}$	-	2.40	_	10.00	V	1
		Ta = -20°C to +100°C	2.65	_	10.00	V	1
		Ta = $-30^{\circ}$ C to $+100^{\circ}$ C	2.90	_	10.00	V	1
Output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Ta = −30°C	2.528	2.582	2.636	V	1
		Ta = +30°C	1.886	1.940	1.994	V	1
		Ta = +100°C	1.091	1.145	1.199	V	1
Temperature sensitivity	$V_{SE}$	Ta = $-30^{\circ}$ C to $+100^{\circ}$ C	-11.31	-11.04	-10.77	mV/°C	_
Nonlinearity	$\Delta N_L$	Ta = -20°C to +80°C	_	±0.5	1	%	_
Operating temperature range	$T_{opr}$	_	<del>-4</del> 0	_	100	°C	_
Current consumption	I <sub>DD</sub>	_	_	4.0	8.0	μΑ	1
Line regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT1}$	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.4 V to 10.0 V	_	_	0.05	%/V	2
Load regulation*1	$\Delta V_{OUT2}$	$I_{OUT} = 0 \mu A \text{ to } 200 \mu A$	_	_	1.0	mV	2

<sup>\*1.</sup> Do not flow current into the output voltage pin.

#### 2. S-5814A Series

**Table 5** (Ta =  $+25^{\circ}$ C,  $V_{DD}$  = 5.0 V,  $I_{OUT}$  = 0 A unless otherwise specified)

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Circuit
Power supply voltage	$V_{DD}$	_	2.40	-	10.00	V	1
		Ta = $-20^{\circ}$ C to $+100^{\circ}$ C	2.65	-	10.00	٧	1
		Ta = $-30^{\circ}$ C to $+100^{\circ}$ C	2.90	-	10.00	٧	1
Output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	Ta = −30°C	2.555	2.582	2.609	٧	1
		Ta = +30°C	1.913	1.940	1.967	٧	1
		Ta = +100°C	1.118	1.145	1.172	٧	1
Temperature sensitivity	$V_{SE}$	Ta = $-30^{\circ}$ C to $+100^{\circ}$ C	-11.31	-11.04	-10.77	mV/°C	_
Nonlinearity	$\Delta N_L$	Ta = -20°C to +80°C	_	±0.5	_	%	_
Operating temperature range	T <sub>opr</sub>	_	-40	_	100	°C	_
Current consumption	I <sub>DD</sub>	_	_	4.0	8.0	μΑ	1
Line regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT1}$	$V_{DD}$ = 2.4 V to 10.0 V	_		0.05	%/V	2
Load regulation*1	$\Delta V_{OUT2}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 μA to 200 μA	_	_	1.0	mV	2

**<sup>\*1.</sup>** Do not flow current into the output voltage pin.

#### **■** Test Circuits

1.

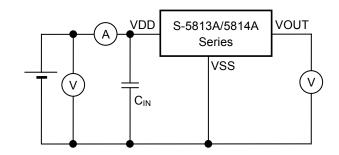


Figure 3



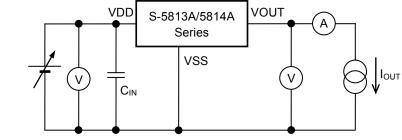


Figure 4

7

# **■** Explanation of Terms

# 1. Output voltage (V<sub>OUT</sub>)

 $V_{OUT}$  indicates the output voltage at Ta = -30°C, Ta = +30°C, and Ta = +100°C.

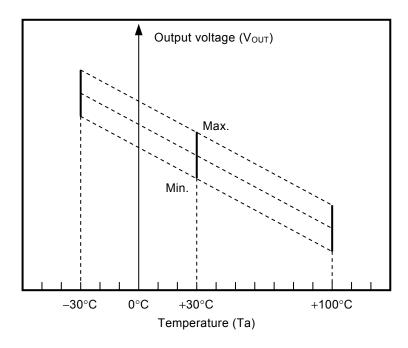


Figure 5

#### 2. Temperature sensitivity (V<sub>SE</sub>)

 $V_{SE}$  indicates the temperature coefficient of the output voltage calculated using the output voltage at Ta =  $-30^{\circ}$ C and Ta =  $+100^{\circ}$ C.

 $\ensuremath{V_{\text{SE}}}$  is calculated using the following formula.

$$V_{SE} = \frac{\left[V_{OUT}^{*1} - V_{OUT}^{*2}\right]}{130^{*3}}$$

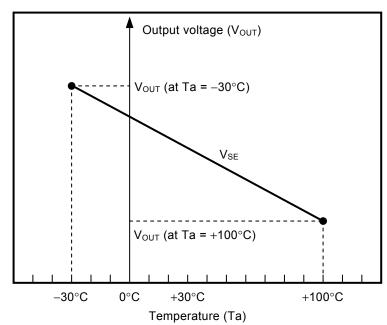


Figure 6

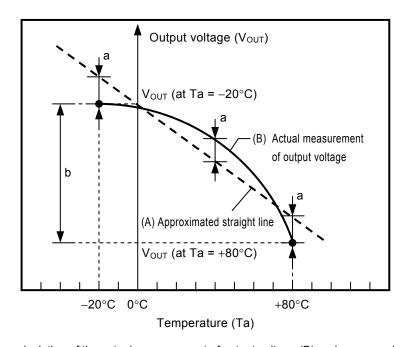
- \*1.  $V_{OUT}$  value [V] at Ta = +100°C.
- **\*2.**  $V_{OUT}$  value [V] at Ta =  $-30^{\circ}$ C.
- \*3. The difference of the temperature [°C] from Ta = +100°C to Ta = -30°C.

#### 3. Nonlinearity (△N<sub>L</sub>)

 $\Delta N_L$  indicates the nonlinearity of the output voltage and is defined as the difference of the characteristic curve of the output voltage and the approximated straight line shown below.

 $\Delta N_L$  is calculated using the following formula.

$$\Delta N_L = \frac{a^{\star 1}}{b^{\star 2}} \times 100$$



- \*1. The maximum deviation of the actual measurement of output voltage (B) and an approximated straight line (A) in temperature within –20°C to +80°C. (An approximated straight line is taken as the straight line when the "a" becomes the minimum.)
- \*2. The difference of the output voltage within -20°C to +80°C.

Figure 7

#### 4. Line regulation (ΔV<sub>OUT1</sub>)

 $\Delta V_{\text{OUT1}}$  indicates the output voltage dependency of the input voltage. That is, the values express how the output voltage changes, when input voltage is changed under the condition that output current is fixed.

#### 5. Load regulation (ΔV<sub>OUT2</sub>)

 $\Delta V_{OUT2}$  indicates the output voltage dependency of the output current. That is, the values express how the output voltage changes, when output current is changed under the condition that input voltage is fixed.

#### ■ Precautions

- Wiring patterns for the VDD pin, VSS pin, and VOUT pin should be designed to hold low impedance.
- In this IC, if load capacitance of the VOUT pin is large, VOUT pin voltage may oscillate. It is recommended not to use the external capacitor between the VOUT and VSS pin. When using an external capacitor, mount it near the VOUT pin. When connecting an A/D converter etc. to the VOUT pin, the input pin capacitance of the A/D converter and the parasitic capacitance component between wires are included as load capacitance.

To prevent oscillation, it is recommended to use the following output load condition.

Load capacitance of VOUT pin ( $C_L$ ): 2.2  $\mu F$  or less

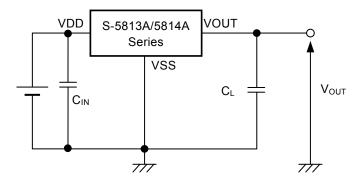


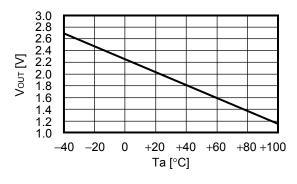
Figure 8

Caution The above connection diagram and constant will not guarantee successful operation. Perform through evaluation using the actual application to set the constant.

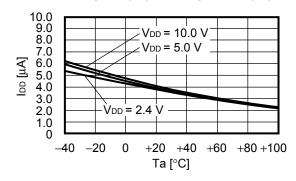
- Please do not connect a pull-up resistor to the output voltage pin.
- The application condition for input voltage, output voltage and load voltage must not exceed the package power dissipation.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
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#### ■ Characteristics (Typical Data)

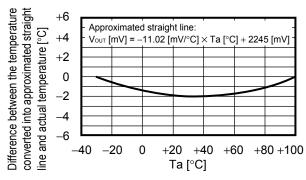
#### 1. Output voltage (V<sub>OUT</sub>) vs. Temperature (Ta)



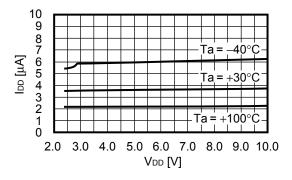
#### 2. Current consumption (I<sub>DD</sub>) vs. Temperature (Ta)



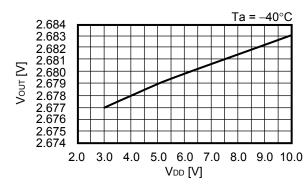
#### 3. Error range of each temperature

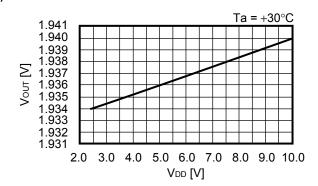


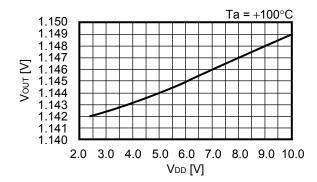
#### 4. Current consumption (I<sub>DD</sub>) vs. Power supply voltage (V<sub>DD</sub>)



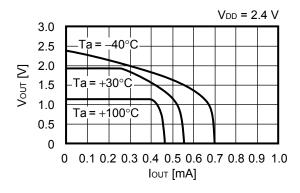
#### 5. Output voltage (V<sub>DUT</sub>) vs. Power supply voltage (V<sub>DD</sub>)

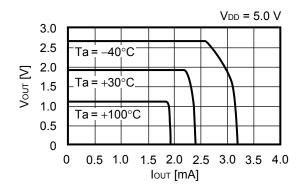


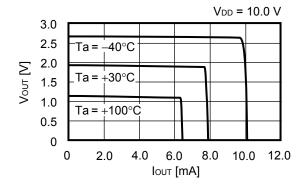




#### 6. Output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ) vs. Load current ( $I_{OUT}$ )

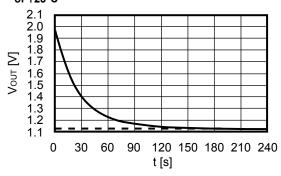




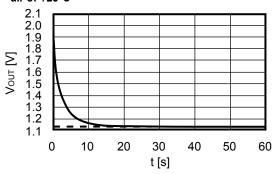


#### 7. Heat response Output voltage (V<sub>OUT</sub>) vs. Time (t)

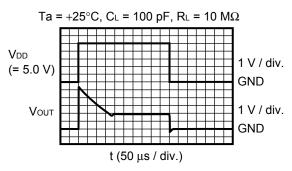
When package is put into the air of  $+100^{\circ}$ C from the air of  $+25^{\circ}$ C

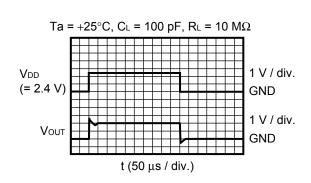


# When package is put into the liquid of +100°C from the air of +25°C



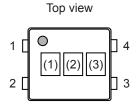
#### 8. Start up response





# ■ Marking Specification

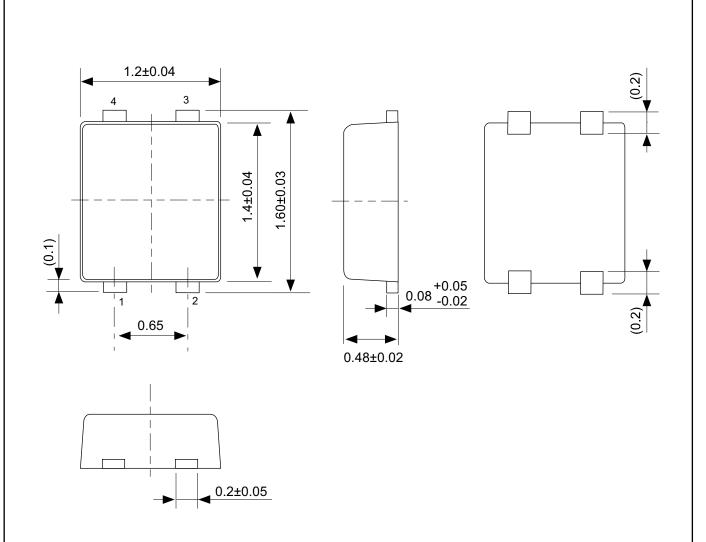
#### 1. SNT-4A



(1) to (3): Product code (refer to **Product name vs. Product code**)

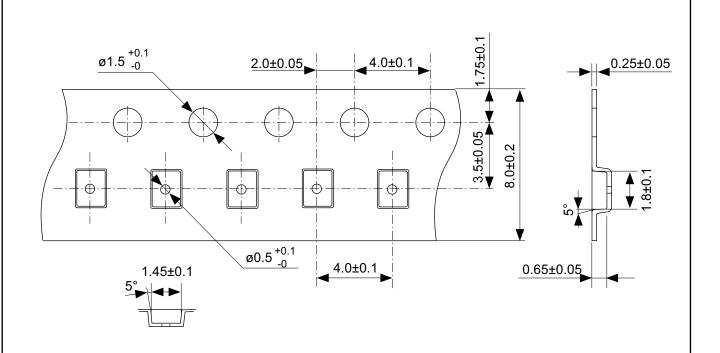
#### Product name vs. Product code

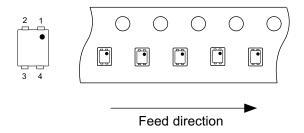
Product Name	Product Code			
Product Name	(1)	(2)	(3)	
S-5813A-I4T1U	D	R	С	
S-5814A-I4T1U	D	R	D	



# No. PF004-A-P-SD-4.0

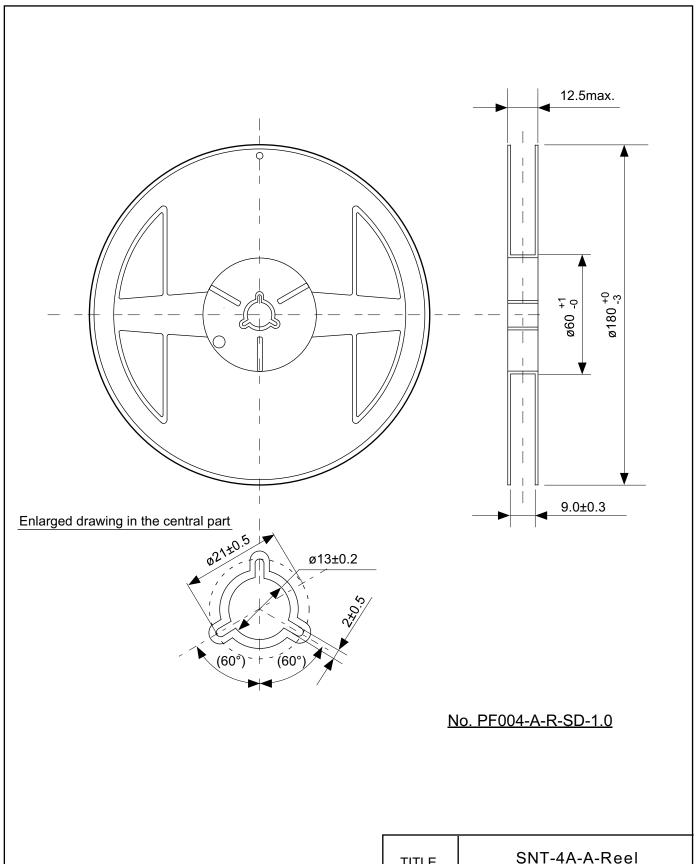
TITLE	SNT-4A-A-PKG Dimensions	
No.	PF004-A-P-SD-4.0	
SCALE		
UNIT	mm	
Seiko Instruments Inc.		



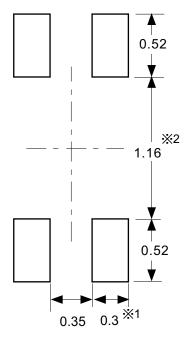


# No. PF004-A-C-SD-1.0

TITLE	SNT-4A-A-Carrier Tape	
No.	PF004-A-C-SD-1.0	
SCALE		
UNIT	mm	
Seiko Instruments Inc.		
Seiko Instruments Inc.		



TITLE	SNT-4A-A-Reel		
No.	PF004-	A-R-SD-1	.0
SCALE		QTY.	5,000
UNIT	mm		
Seiko Instruments Inc.			



- ※1. ランドパターンの幅に注意してください (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.)。 ※2. パッケージ中央にランドパターンを広げないでください (1.10 mm ~ 1.20 mm)。
- 注意 1. パッケージのモールド樹脂下にシルク印刷やハンダ印刷などしないでください。
  - 2. パッケージ下の配線上のソルダーレジストなどの厚みをランドパターン表面から0.03 mm 以下にしてください。
  - 3. マスク開口サイズと開口位置はランドパターンと合わせてください。
  - 4. 詳細は "SNTパッケージ活用の手引き"を参照してください。
- ※1. Pay attention to the land pattern width (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.).
- ※2. Do not widen the land pattern to the center of the package (1.10 mm to 1.20 mm).
- Caution 1. Do not do silkscreen printing and solder printing under the mold resin of the package.
  - 2. The thickness of the solder resist on the wire pattern under the package should be 0.03 mm or less from the land pattern surface.
  - 3. Match the mask aperture size and aperture position with the land pattern.
  - 4. Refer to "SNT Package User's Guide" for details.
- ※1. 请注意焊盘模式的宽度 (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.)。
- ※2. 请勿向封装中间扩展焊盘模式 (1.10 mm~1.20 mm)。
- 注意 1. 请勿在树脂型封装的下面印刷丝网、焊锡。
  - 2. 在封装下、布线上的阻焊膜厚度 (从焊盘模式表面起) 请控制在 0.03 mm 以下。
  - 3. 钢网的开口尺寸和开口位置请与焊盘模式对齐。
  - 4. 详细内容请参阅 "SNT 封装的应用指南"。

No. PF004-A-L-SD-4.1

TITLE	SNT-4A-A-Land Recommendation		
No.	PF004-A-L-SD-4.1		
SCALE			
UNIT	mm		
1 5	Seiko Instruments Inc.		

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