



1-Bit Bidirectional Voltage-Level Translator for Open-Drain and Push-Pull Application

FEATURES

- No Direction-Control
- Data Rates
 24Mbps (Push-Pull)
 2Mbps (Open-Drain)
- 1.65V to 5.5V on A ports and 2.3V to 5.5V on B Ports (V_{CCA}≤V_{CCB})
- V_{CC} Isolation: If Either V_{CC} is at GND, Both Ports are in the High-Impedance State
- No Power-Supply Sequencing Required: Either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} can be Ramped First
- I_{OFF}: Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Extended Temperature: -40°C to +85°C

APPLICATIONS

- I²C/ SMBus
- UART
- GPIO

DESCRIPTION

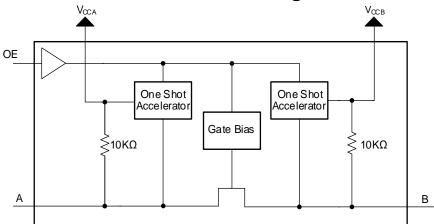
This 1-bit non-inverting translator is a bidirectional voltage-level translator and can be used to establish digital switching compatibility between mixed-voltage systems. It uses two separate configurable power-supply rails, with the A ports supporting operating voltages from 1.65V to 5.5V while it tracks the $V_{\rm CCA}$ supply, and the B ports supporting operating voltages from 2.3V to 5.5V while it tracks the $V_{\rm CCB}$ supply. This allows the support of both lower and higher logic signal levels while providing bidirectional translation capabilities between any of the 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V and 5V voltage nodes.

When the output-enable (OE) input is low, all I/Os are placed in the high-impedance state, which significantly reduces the power-supply quiescent current consumption. OE has an internal pull-down current source, as long as V_{CCA} is powered.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, OE should be tied to GND through a pull-down resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

The RS0101 is available in Green SOT23-6 SOT363(SC70-6) and DFN1.45x1.0-6L packages. It operates over an ambient temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

Functional Block Diagram





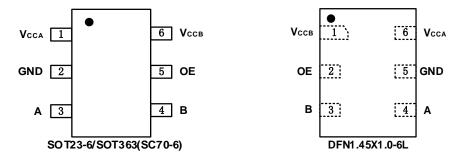
Revision History

Note: Page numbers for previous revisions may different from page numbers in the current version.

VERSION	Change Date	Change Item
A.1	2020/09/02	Initial version completed
A.2	2020/09/10	Fix mistake in PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION. Order number value from RS0101YUTDV8 to RS0101YUTDV6
A.3	2021/01/09	Add Moisture Sensitivity Level information
A.4	2021/11/01	1.Change Recommended Operating Conditions in Page 6 @ A.3 Version 2.Add TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION 3.Add Typical Characteristics



PIN CONFIGURATIONS



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN		NAME TYPE (1)		
SOT23-6/ SOT363(SC70-6)	DFN1.45x1.0-6L	NAME	TYPE (1)	FUNCTION
1	6	Vcca	Р	A Port Supply Voltage.1.65V \leq V _{CCA} \leq 5.5V and V _{CCA} \leq V _{CCB} .
2	5	GND	_	Ground.
3	4	Α	I/O	Input/output A. Reference to V _{CCA} .
4	3	В	I/O	Input/output B. Reference to V _{CCB} .
5	2	OE	I	Output Enable (Active High). Pull OE low to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to V _{CCA} .
6	1	Vccb	Р	B Ports Supply Voltage.2.3V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5V.

⁽¹⁾ I=input, O=output, I/O=input and output, P=power



SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V _{CCA}	Supply Voltage Range	-0.3	6.0	V	
Vccв	Supply Voltage Range		-0.3	6.0	V
V _I ⁽²⁾	Input Voltage Range	A port	-0.3	6.0	V
V \-/	input voltage Kange	B port	-0.3	6.0	V
Vo ⁽²⁾	Voltage range applied to any output in the high- impedance or power-off state	A port	-0.3	6.0	V
		B port	-0.3	6.0	V
Vo ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state	A port	-0.3	Vcca+0.3	V
V O(=)(5)		B port	-0.3	V _{CCB} +0.3	V
lıĸ	Input clamp current	Vı<0		-50	mA
lok	Output clamp current	Vo<0		-50	mA
lo	Continuous output current			±50	mA
	Continuous current through V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} or GND		±100	mA	
TJ	Junction Temperature		150	°C	
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	+150	

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
Vices	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM)	±5000	V
V _(ESD) Ele	Electrostatic discharge	Machine Model (MM)	±400	V

⁽²⁾ The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

⁽³⁾ The value of V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are provided in the recommended operating conditions table.



PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

PRODUCT	ORDERING NUMBER	TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE LEAD	PACKAGE MARKING	MSL ⁽²⁾	PACKAGE OPTION
	RS0101YH6	-40°C ~+85°C	SOT23-6	0101	MSL3	Tape and Reel,3000
RS0101	RS0101YC6	-40°C ~+85°C	SOT363(SC70-6)	0101 <u>X</u>	MSL3	Tape and Reel,3000
	RS0101YUTDV6	-40°C ~+85°C	DFN1.45x1.0-6L	101	MSL3	Tape and Reel,3000

NOTE:

⁽¹⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the lot trace code information(data code and vendor code), the logo or the environmental category on the device.

⁽²⁾ MSL, The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications.



Recommended Operating Conditions

V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port. V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Cumply voltage (1)	Vcca		1.65		5.5	V
Supply voltage (1)	V _{CCB}		2.3		5.5	V
	A port I/Os	V _{CCA} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V V _{CCB} = 2.3 V to 5.5 V	Vccı - 0.2		Vccı	V
High-level input voltage	A-port I/Os	V _{CCA} = 2.3 V to 5.5 V V _{CCB} = 2.3 V to 5.5 V	Vccı - 0.4		Vccı	V
(V _{IH})	B-port I/Os	$V_{CCA} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	V _{CCI} - 0.4		V _{CCI}	V
	OE input	$V_{CCA} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	V _{CCA} × 0.8		5.5	V
	A-port I/Os	$V_{CCA} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0		0.15	V
Low-level input voltage (V _{IL})	B-port I/Os	$V_{CCA} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	0		0.15	V
	OE input	V _{CCA} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V V _{CCB} = 2.3 V to 5.5 V	0		VCCA ×0.25	٧
		A-port I/Os push-pull driving			10	ns/V
Input transition rise or fall rate($\Delta t/\Delta v$)		B-port I/Os push-pull driving			10	ns/V
		Control input			10	ns/V
T _A Operating free-air temp	erature		-40		85	ŝ

⁽¹⁾ V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB}.
(2) The maximum V_{IL} value is provided to ensure that a valid V_{OL} is maintained. The V_{OL} value is V_{IL} plus the voltage drop across the pass gate transistor.



Electrical Characteristics

P/	ARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VCCA	V _{CCB}	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Voha	Port A output high voltage	$I_{OH} = -20 \mu A$ $V_{IB} \ge V_{CCB} - 0.4V$	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V	Full	V _{CCA} × 0.7		5.5	
V _{OLA}	Port A output low voltage	$I_{OL} = 1mA$ $V_{IB} \le 0.15 \text{ V}$	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V	Full			0.3	V
Vонв	Port B output high voltage	IoH = −20 μA VIA ≥ VCCA − 0.4 V	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V	Full	V _{ССВ} × 0.7			v
V _{OLB}	Port B output low voltage	$I_{OL} = 1mA$ $V_{IA} \le 0.15 \text{ V}$	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V	Full			0.3	
l ₁	Input leakage	OE	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V	+25°C			±0.5	μA
	current				Full			±1.5	_
	Doutiel mayou	A Ports	0V	0V to 5.5V	+25°C Full			±0.5 ±1	μΑ
loff	Partial power down current				+25°C			±0.5	
		B Ports	0V to 5.5V	0V	Full			±1	μΑ
	High-	igh-	+25°C			±0.5			
loz	impedance State output current	A or B port OE=0V	1.65V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V	Full			±1	μΑ
		ipply $V_1 = V_0 = open$	1.65V to V _{CCB}	2.3V to 5.5V	Full			2.5	
Icca	V _{CCA} supply current		5.5V	0V	Full			2.5	μA
	odiforit	10 = 0	0V	5.5V	Full			-1	μπ
			1.65V to V _{CCB}	2.3V to 5.5V	Full			10	
Іссв	V _{CCB} supply current	$V_1 = V_0 = open$ $I_0 = 0$	5.5V	0V	Full			-1	μΑ
	Carron	10 = 0	0V	5.5V	Full			1	
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}	Combined supply current	V _I = V _{CCI} or GND I _O = 0	1.65V to V _{CCB}	2.3V to 5.5V	Full			11	μΑ
I _{CCZA}	V _{CCA} supply current	V _I = V _{CCI} or 0V I _O = 0, OE=0V	1.65V to V _{CCB}	2.3V to 5.5V	Full			1	μA
Іссzв	V _{CCB} supply current	V _I = V _{CCI} or 0V I _O = 0, OE=0V	2.3V to 5.5V	2.3V to 5.5V	Full			1	μΑ
Cı	Input capacitance	OE	3.3V	3.3V	+25°C		2.5		pF
	Input-to-	A port	3.3V	3.3V	+25°C		5		
Сю	output internal capacitance	B port	3.3V	3.3V	+25°C		5		pF

⁽¹⁾ $V_{\rm CCI}$ is the $V_{\rm CC}$ associated with the input port. (2) $V_{\rm CCO}$ is the $V_{\rm CC}$ associated with the output port (3) $V_{\rm CCA}$ must be less than or equal to $V_{\rm CCB}$.



Timing Requirements

Vcca=1.8V±0.15 V

		V _{CCB} =2.5V ±0.2V	V _{CCB} =3.3V ±0.2V	V _{CCB} =5V ±0.2V	UNIT
		TYP	TYP	TYP	UNII
	Push-pull driving	21	22	24	Mhna
Data rate	Open-drain driving	2	2	2	Mbps
Pulse	Push-pull driving (data inputs)	47	45	41	20
duration(tw)	Open-drain driving (data inputs)	500	500	500	ns

V_{CCA}=2.5V±0.15 V

		V _{CCB} =2.5V ±0.2V	V _{CCB} =3.3V ±0.2V	V _{CCB} =5V ±0.2V	UNIT
		TYP	TYP	TYP	UNIT
Data rata	Push-pull driving	20	22	24	Mbpa
Data rate	Open-drain driving	2	2	2	Mbps
Pulse	Push-pull driving (data inputs)	50	45	41	20
duration(tw)	Open-drain driving (data inputs)	500	500	500	ns

Vcca=3.3V±0.15 V

VCCA-0:04 ±0:10 V								
		V _{CCB} =3.3V ±0.2V	V _{CCB} =5V ±0.2V	LINUT				
		TYP	TYP	UNIT				
Data rata	Push-pull driving	23	24	Mhna				
Data rate	Open-drain driving	2	2	Mbps				
Pulse	Push-pull driving (data inputs)	43	41	no				
duration(tw)	Open-drain driving (data inputs)	500	500	ns				

V_{CCA}=5V±0.15 V

		V _{CCB} =5V ±0.2V	UNIT
		ТҮР	UNIT
Data rata	Push-pull driving	24	Mhna
Data rate	Open-drain driving	2	Mbps
Pulse	Push-pull driving (data inputs)	41	20
duration(t _w)	Open-drain driving (data inputs)	500	ns



Switching Characteristics: V_{CCA}=1.8V ± 0.15V

DA	DAMETER		CANDITIONS	V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V	V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.2V	V _{CCB} =5V±0.2V	LINUT	
PA	RAMETER	CONDITIONS		TYP	TYP	TYP	UNIT	
tpHL	Propagation delay time	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	2.5	3.1	4.5	ns	
	high-to-low output		Open-drain driving	26.1	26.4	26.6		
tplh	Propagation delay time	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	4.2	3.7	3.6	ns	
	low-to-high output		Open-drain driving	221	183	143		
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay time	B-to-A	Push-pull driving	2.1	2.0	2.2	ns	
	high-to-low output		Open-drain driving	26.1	26.1	26.2		
	Propagation delay time	B-to-A	Push-pull driving	1.8	1.6	1.5		
t PLH	low-to-high output		Open-drain driving	173	89	66	ns	
t _{en}	Enable time	OE-to-A	r B	25	21	19	ns	
t _{dis}	Disable time	OE-to-A c	r B	1250	1250	1250	ns	
t _{rA}	Input rise	A port	Push-pull driving	6.9	6.1	5.6	ns	
UA	time	rise time	Open-drain driving	118	39	13	113	
t _{rB}	Input rise	B port	Push-pull driving	5.8	4.8	4.1	ns	
rib	time	rise time	Open-drain driving	166	127	75	115	
t _{fA}	Input fall	A port	Push-pull driving	3.0	2.8	2.7	ns	
ųА	time	fall time	Open-drain driving	1.9	1.7	1.6	113	
to	Input fall	B port	Push-pull driving	4.8	6.2	8.4	ns	
чв	t _{fB} time fall t		Open-drain driving	2.3	2.4	2.8	115	
tsk(o)	Skew(time), output	Channel-t	o-Channel Skew	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns	
Maxim	num data rata	Push-pull	driving	21	22	24	Mhne	
iviaxiff	iuiii uala lala	Open-dra	in driving	2	2	2	Mbps	



Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA}=2.5V \pm 0.15V$

PARAMETER		CONDITIONS V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V		V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V	V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.2V	V _{CCB} =5V±0.2V	UNIT	
PA	KAWEIEK		CONDITIONS	TYP	TYP	TYP 5.0 26.6 2.4 131 2.5 26.6 1.9 63 17 1250 2.7 13 2.7 81 5.0	UNII	
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay time	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	2.8	3.4	5.0	ns	
VENL	high-to-low output	7.10 B	Open-drain driving	26.3	26.5	26.6	113	
tplH	Propagation delay time	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	2.7	2.5	2.4	ns	
IPLH	low-to-high output	A-10-D	Open-drain driving	198	169	131	113	
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay time	R-to-Δ	Push-pull driving	2.5	2.4	2.5	ns	
YPHL	high-to-low output	Open-drain driving	26.6					
tplH	Propagation delay time	R-to-Λ	Push-pull driving	2.1	2.0	1.9	ns	
IPLH	low-to-high output	D-10-A	Open-drain driving	196	138	63	115	
ten	Enable time	OE-to-A or B		24	20	17	ns	
t _{dis}	Disable time	OE-to-A or B		1250	1250	1250	ns	
٠.	Input rise	A port	Push-pull driving	3.4	2.9	2.7	no	
t _{rA}	time	rise time	Open-drain driving	156	92	TYP 5.0 26.6 2.4 131 2.5 26.6 1.9 63 17 1250 2.7 13 2.7 81	ns	
+ -	Input rise	B port	Push-pull driving	4.7	3.5	TYP 5.0 26.6 2.4 131 2.5 26.6 1.9 63 17 1250 2.7 13 2.7 81 5.0 1.8 8.7 2.8 0.5 24	no	
t _{rB}	time	rise time	Open-drain driving	160	124		ns	
+	Input fall	A port	Push-pull driving	5.1	5.2	5.0	no	
t _{fA}	time	fall time	Open-drain driving	2.1	2.0	TYP 5.0 26.6 2.4 131 2.5 26.6 1.9 63 17 1250 2.7 13 2.7 81 5.0 1.8 8.7 2.8 0.5 24	ns	
+	Input fall	ut fall B port	Push-pull driving	5.0	6.4	8.7	ns	
t fB	time	fall time	Open-drain driving	2.0	2.2	2.8	115	
t _{SK(O)}	Skew(time), output	Channel-to-channel skew		0.5	0.5	0.5	ns	
Movies	num data rata	Push-pull	driving	20	22	24	Mhna	
ividXIII	iuiii uala fala	Open-dra	in driving	2	2	2	Mbps	



Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA}=3.3V \pm 0.3V$

PARAMETER			CONDITIONS	V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.2V	V _{CCB} =5V±0.2V	UNIT	
Ρ,	AKAMETEK		CONDITIONS	TYP	TYP	UNII	
	Propagation delay time		Push-pull driving	3.6	5.1		
tphl	high-to-low output	A-to-B	Open-drain driving	26.4	26.6	ns	
	Propagation		Push-pull driving	2.3	2.1		
tplh	delay time low-to-high output	A-to-B	Open-drain driving	155	109	ns	
	Propagation		Push-pull driving	3.1	3.3		
t _{PHL}	delay time high-to-low output	B-to-A	Open-drain driving	26.5	26.7	ns	
	Propagation		Push-pull driving	1.9	1.8		
t _{PLH}	delay time low-to-high output	B-to-A	Open-drain driving	158	87	ns	
t _{en}	Enable time	OE-to-A or B		19	15	ns	
t _{dis}	Disable time	OE-to-A or B		1250	1250	ns	
+ .	Input rise time	Input rise time	A port rise	Push-pull driving	2.3	2.1	ne
t _{rA}			time	Open-drain driving	117	48	ns
4 -	Input rice time	B port rise	Push-pull driving	3.0	2.4	200	
t _{rB}	Input rise time	time	Open-drain driving	117	75	ns	
t	Input fall time	nput fall time A port fall time	Push-pull driving	8.0	7.6	ne	
t _{fA}	input iaii tiine		Open-drain driving	2.2	2.1	ns	
t	Input fall time	B port fall	Push-pull driving	8.2	10.8	200	
t _{fB}	input iaii time	time	Open-drain driving	2.1	2.4	ns	
t _{SK(O)}	Skew(time), output	Channel-to-ch	annel skew	0.5	0.5	ns	
Maxim	um data rata	Push-pull drivi	ng	23	24	Mbps	
MANITI	ani dala iala	Open-drain dri	ving	2	2	IVIDPS	

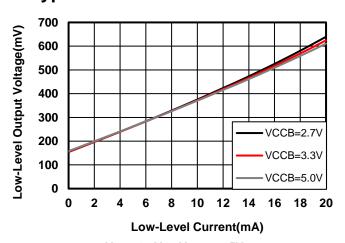


Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA}=5.0V \pm 0.35V$

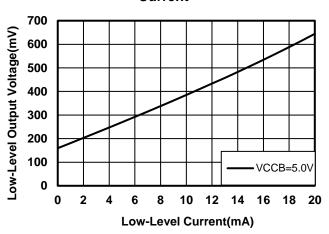
PARAMETER		CONDITIONS		V _{CCB} =5V±0.2V		
PA	ARAMETER		CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT	
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay time	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	5.6	ns	
VI III	high-to-low output	7.10 5	Open-drain driving	26.8		
t pLH	Propagation delay time	A-to-B	Push-pull driving	2.0	ns	
IPLH	low-to-high output	A-10-B	Open-drain driving	155	115	
t	Propagation delay time	B-to-A	Push-pull driving	5.8	ne	
t _{PHL}	high-to-low output	D-10-A	Open-drain driving	27.5	ns	
tour	Propagation delay time	B-to-A	Push-pull driving	1.8	ns	
t PLH	low-to-high output	D-10-A	Open-drain driving	160		
ten	Enable time	OE-to-A or B		17	ns	
t _{dis}	Disable time	OE-to-A or B		1250	ns	
t _{rA}	Input rise time	A port rise time	Push-pull driving	1.9	ns	
ιrΑ	input rise time	A port rise time	Open-drain driving	105	115	
t_{rB}	Input rise time	Input rise time	B port rise time	Push-pull driving	2.3	ns
rrB		b port rise time	Open-drain driving	95	115	
t_{fA}	Input fall time	A port fall time	Push-pull driving	9.0	ns	
цА	input fail time	Input fall time A port fall time	Open-drain driving	2.6	113	
t _{fB}	la accet fall time a	Input fall time P part fo	B port fall time	Push-pull driving	8.9	ne
чв	Input fall time B port fall time		Open-drain driving	2.5	ns	
tsk(O)	Skew(time), output	Channel-to-chan	nel skew	0.5	ns	
/laximum data rata		Push-pull driving		24	Mbps	
		Open-drain driving		2	ivibps	



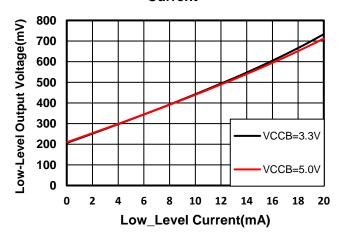
Typical Characteristics



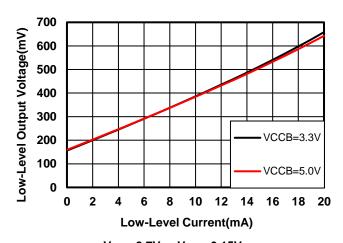
V_{CCA}=1.8V V_{IL(A)}=0.15V Figure1: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



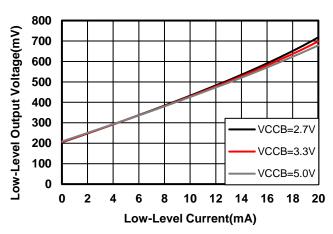
V_{CCA}=3.3V V_{IL(A)}=0.15V Figure3: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



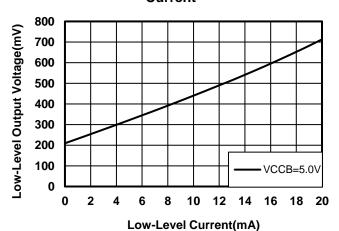
V_{CCA}=2.7V V_{IL(A)}=0.20V Figure5: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



V_{CCA}=2.7V V_{IL(A)}=0.15V Figure2: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



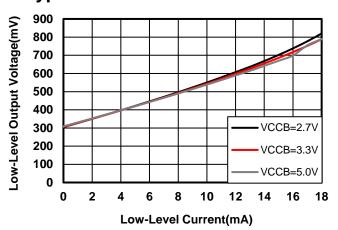
V_{CCA}=1.8V V_{IL(A)}=0.20V Figure4: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



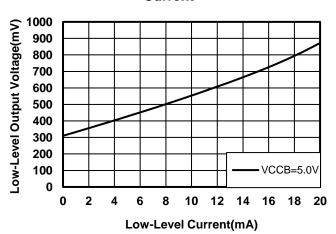
V_{CCA}=3.3V V_{IL(A)}=0.20V Figure6: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



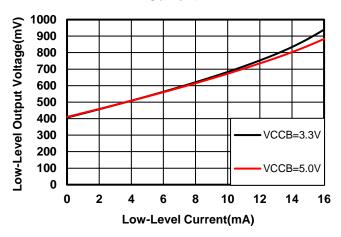
Typical Characteristics



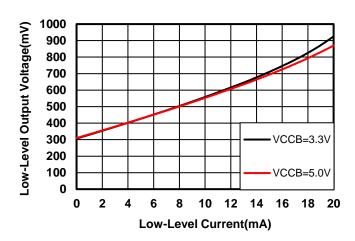
V_{CCA}=1.8V V_{IL(A)}=0.30V Figure7: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



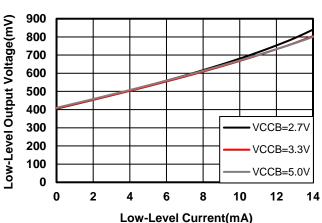
V_{CCA}=3.3V V_{IL(A)}=0.30V Figure9: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



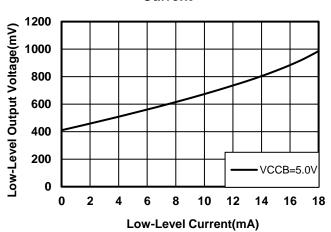
V_{CCA}=2.7V V_{IL(A)}=0.40V Figure11: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



V_{CCA}=2.7V V_{IL(A)}=0.30V Figure8: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



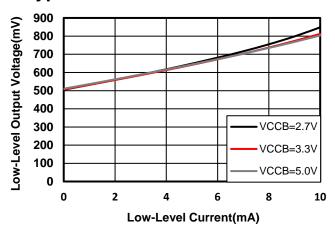
V_{CCA}=1.8V V_{IL(A)}=0.40V Figure10: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



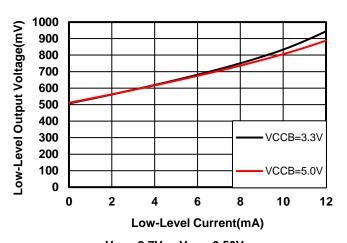
V_{CCA}=3.3V V_{IL(A)}=0.40V Figure12: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



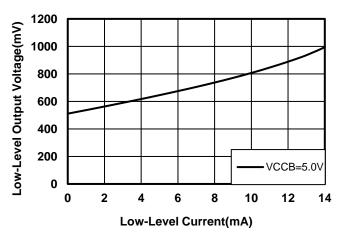
Typical Characteristics



V_{CCA}=1.8V V_{IL(A)}=0.50V Figure13: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



V_{CCA}=2.7V V_{IL(A)}=0.50V Figure14: Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



V_{CCA}=3.3V V_{IL(A)}=0.50V Figure15: Low-level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Current



Parameter Measurement Information

Unless otherwise noted, all input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:

- PRR 10 MHz
- $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$
- $dv/dt \ge 1 V/ns$

Note: All input pulses are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

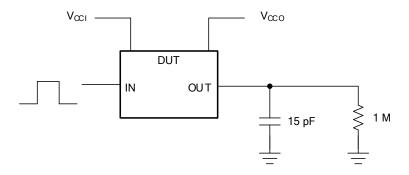


Figure 16. Data Rate, Pulse Duration, Propagation Delay, Output Rise And Fall Time Measurement Using A Push-Pull Driver

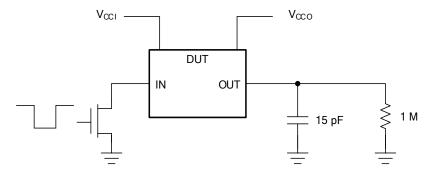


Figure 17. Data Rate, Pulse Duration, Propagation Delay, Output Rise And Fall Time Measurement Using An Open-Drain Driver

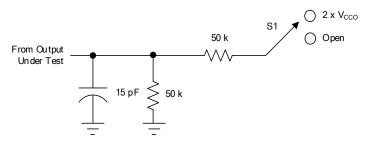


Figure 18. Load Circuit for Enable/Disable Time Measurement

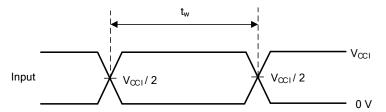
Table 1. Switch Configuration for Enable/Disable Timing

TEST	S 1
$t_{PZL}^{(1)}, t_{PLZ}^{(2)}$	2 × Vcco
t _{PHZL} ⁽¹⁾ , t _{PZH} ⁽²⁾	Open

⁽¹⁾ $t_{\mbox{\tiny PZL}}$ and $t_{\mbox{\tiny PZH}}$ are the same as $t_{\mbox{\tiny en}}.$

⁽²⁾ t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .





(1) All input pulses are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

Figure 19. Voltage Waveforms Pulse Duration

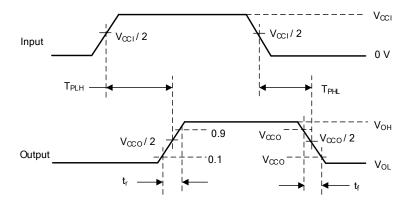


Figure 20. Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delay Times

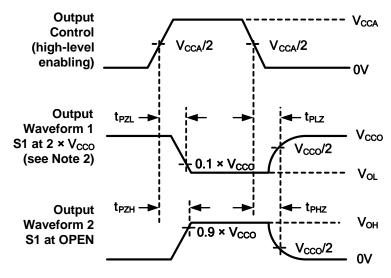


Figure 21. Voltage Waveforms Enable And Disable

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Feature Description

Overview

The RS0101 device is a directionless voltage-level translator specifically designed for translating logic voltage levels. The A port is able to accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.65 V to 5.5 V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 2.3 V to 5.5 V. The device is a pass-gate architecture with edge-rate accelerators (one-shots) to improve the overall data rate. 10-k Ω pullup resistors, commonly used in open-drain applications, have been conveniently integrated so that an external resistor is not needed. While this device is designed for open-drain applications, the device can also translate push-pull CMOS logic outputs.

Architecture

The RS0101 architecture (see Figure 22) is an auto-direction-sensing based translator that does not require a direction-control signal to control the direction of data flow from A to B or from B to A. These two bidirectional channels independently determine the direction of data flow without a direction-control signal. Each I/O pin can be automatically reconfigured as either an input or an output, which is how this auto-direction feature is realized.

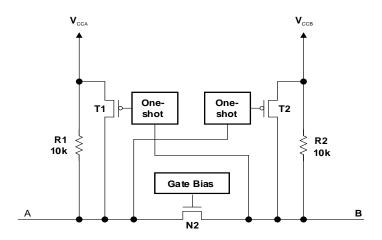


Figure 22. Architecture of a RS0101 Cell

The RS0101 employs two key circuits to enable this voltage translation:

- 1) An N-channel pass-gate transistor topology that ties the A-port to the B-port
- 2) Output one-shot (O.S.) edge-rate accelerator circuitry to detect and accelerate rising edges on the A or B Ports.

Input Driver Requirements

The continuous dc-current "sinking" capability is determined by the external system-level open-drain (or push-pull) drivers that are interfaced to the RS0101 I/O pins. Since the high bandwidth of these bidirectional I/O circuits is used to facilitate this fast change from an input to an output and an output to an input, they have a modest dc-current "sourcing" capability of hundreds of micro-Amps, as determined by the internal $10-k\Omega$ pullup resistors.

The fall time (t_{fA} , t_{fB}) of a signal depends on the edge-rate and output impedance of the external device driving RS0101 data I/Os, as well as the capacitive loading on the data lines.

Similarly, the t_{PHL} and max data rates also depend on the output impedance of the external driver. The values for t_{fA} , t_{fB} , t_{PHL} , and maximum data rates in the data sheet assume that the output impedance of the external driver is less than 50 Ω .



Feature Description

Output Load Considerations

We recommend careful PCB layout practices with short PCB trace lengths to avoid excessive capacitive loading and to ensure that proper O.S. triggering takes place. PCB signal trace-lengths should be kept short enough such that the round-trip delay of any reflection is less than the one-shot duration. This improves signal integrity by ensuring that any reflection sees a low impedance at the driver. The O.S. circuits have been designed to stay on for approximately 30 ns. The maximum capacitance of the lumped load that can be driven also depends directly on the one-shot duration. With very heavy capacitive loads, the one-shot can time-out before the signal is driven fully to the positive rail. The O.S. duration has been set to best optimize trade-offs between dynamic ICC, load driving capability, and maximum bit-rate considerations. Both PCB trace length and connectors add to the capacitance that the RS0101 device output sees, so it is recommended that this lumped-load capacitance be considered to avoid O.S. retriggering, bus contention, output signal oscillations, or other adverse system-level affects.

Enable and Disable

The RS0101 device has an OE input that is used to disable the device by setting OE low, which places all I/Os in the Hi-Z state. The disable time (tdis) indicates the delay between the time when OE goes low and when the outputs are disabled (Hi-Z). The enable time (ten) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for the one-shot circuitry to become operational after OE is taken high.

Pullup or Pulldown Resistors on I/O Lines

Each A-port I/O has an internal $10-k\Omega$ pullup resistor to V_{CCA} , and each B-port I/O has an internal $10-k\Omega$ pullup resistor to V_{CCB} . If a smaller value of pullup resistor is required, an external resistor must be added from the I/O to V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} (in parallel with the internal $10-k\Omega$ resistors). Adding lower value pull-up resistors will affect V_{OL} levels, however. The internal pull-ups of the RS0101 are disabled when the OE pin is low.



Application Information

The RS0101 device can be used to bridge the digital-switching compatibility gap between two voltage nodes to successfully interface logic threshold levels found in electronic systems. It should be used in a point-to-point topology for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. Its primary target application use is for interfacing with open-drain drivers on the data I/Os such as I₂C or 1-wire, where the data is bidirectional and no control signal is available. The device can also be used in applications where a push-pull driver is connected to the data I/Os, but the RS0101 might be a better option for such push-pull applications.

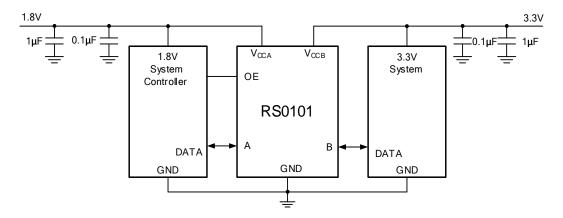
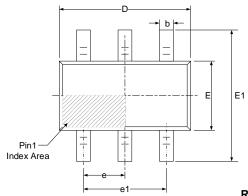
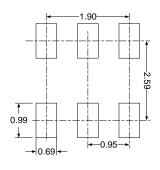


Figure 23. Typical Application Circuit

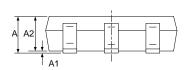


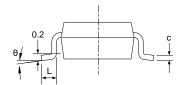
PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS SOT23-6





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)

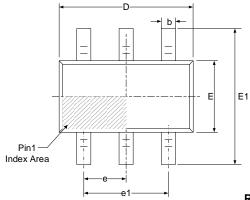


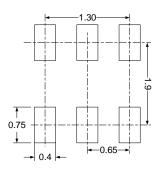


Cumbal	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Min Max 0.041 0.049 0.000 0.004				
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max			
А	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049			
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004			
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045			
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020			
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008			
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119			
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067			
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116			
е	0.950	(BSC)	0.037(BSC)				
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079			
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024			
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°			

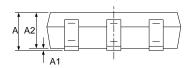


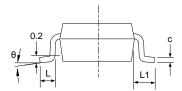
SOT363 (SC70-6)





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)

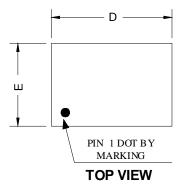


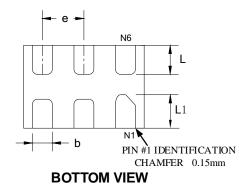


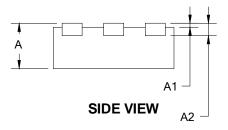
0	Dimensions	In Millimeters	Dimension	s In Inches	
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
А	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039	
b	0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014	
С	0.080	0.150	0.003	0.006	
D	2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087	
E	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053	
E1	2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096	
е	0.650	(BSC)	0.026	(BSC)	
e1	1.300	(BSC)	0.051(BSC)		
L	0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018	
L1	0.5	525	0.0)21	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	



DFN1.45x1.0-6L







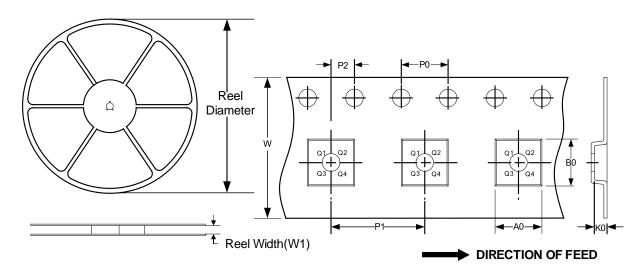
Symbol	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimension	Min Max 0.020 0.024 0.000 0.002 0.006 REF			
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max			
A	0.500 0.600		0.020	0.024			
A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002			
A2	0.150	REF	0.006 REF				
D	1.400	1.500	0.055	0.059			
E	0.950	1.050	0.037	0.041			
b	0.180	0.280	0.007	0.011			
е	0.500	BSC	0.020	BSC			
L	0.250	0.450	0.010	0.018			
L1	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020			



TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

TAPE DIMENSION



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SOT23-6	7"	9.5	3.17	3.23	1.37	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q3
SOT363 (SC70-6)	7"	9.5	2.40	2.50	1.20	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q3
DFN1.45*1.0-6L	7"	9.5	1.2	1.65	0.7	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q1