

MITSUBISHI DIODE MODULES

RM15TC-40

HIGH VOLTAGE MEDIUM POWER GENERAL USE
INSULATED TYPE

RM15TC-40



- **Io** DC output current **30A**
- **V_{RRM}** Repetitive peak reverse voltage **2000V**
- **3 phase bridge**
- **Insulated Type**
- **UL Recognized**

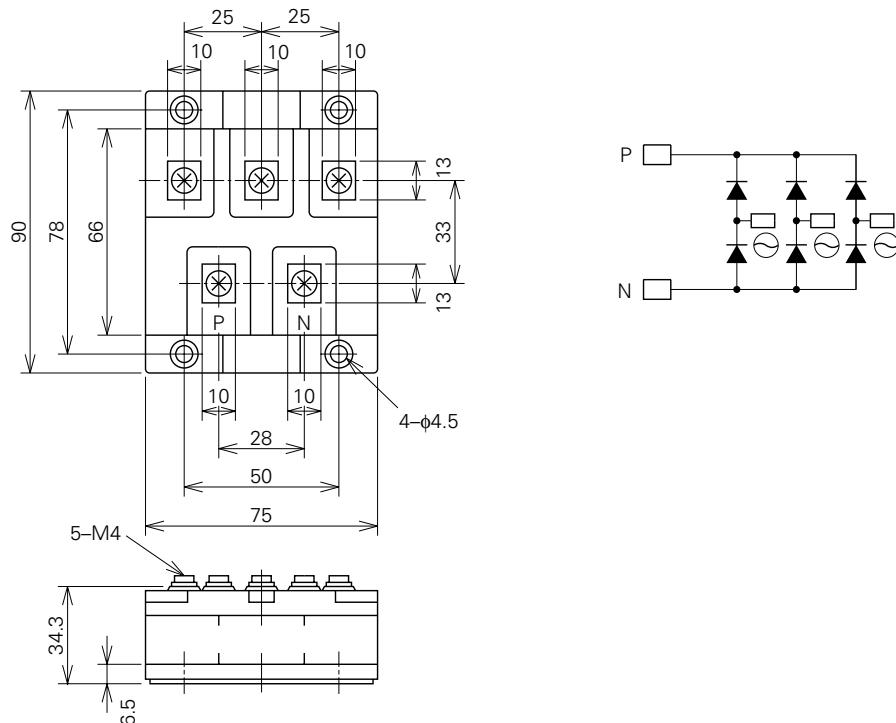
Yellow Card No. E80276 (N)
File No. E80271

APPLICATION

AC motor controllers, DC motor controllers, Battery DC power supplies,
DC power supplies for control panels, and other general DC power equipment

OUTLINE DRAWING & CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Dimensions in mm



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Voltage class	Unit
		40	
VRMM	Repetitive peak reverse voltage	2000	V
VRSM	Non-repetitive peak reverse voltage	2100	V
Ea	Recommended AC input voltage	575	V

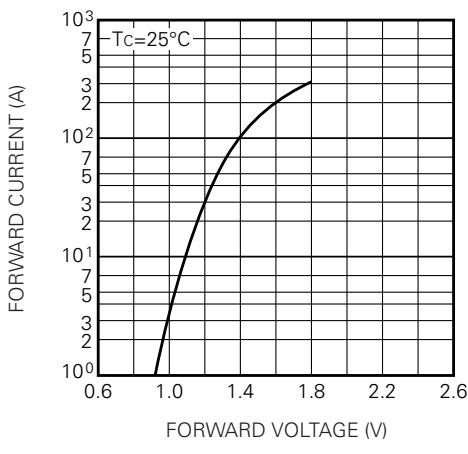
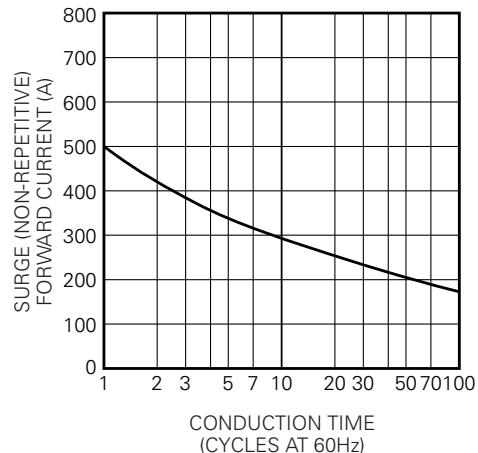
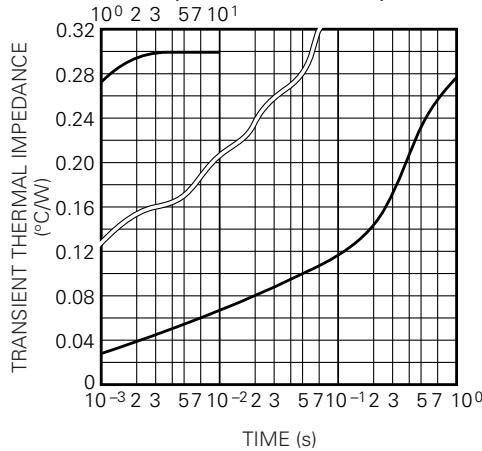
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Io	DC output current	Three-phase full wave rectifying circuit, Tc=103°C	30	A
Ifsm	Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	One half cycle at 60Hz, peak value	500	A
I ² t	I ² t for fusing	Value for one cycle of surge current	1.0 × 10 ³	A ² s
f	Maximum operating frequency		1000	Hz
Tj	Junction temperature		-40~+125	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature		-40~+125	°C
Viso	Isolation voltage	Charged part to case	3000	V
—	Mounting torque	Main terminal screw M4	0.98~1.47	N·m
			10~15	kg·cm
		Mounting screw M6	0.98~1.47	N·m
			10~15	kg·cm
—	Weight	Typical value	405	g

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

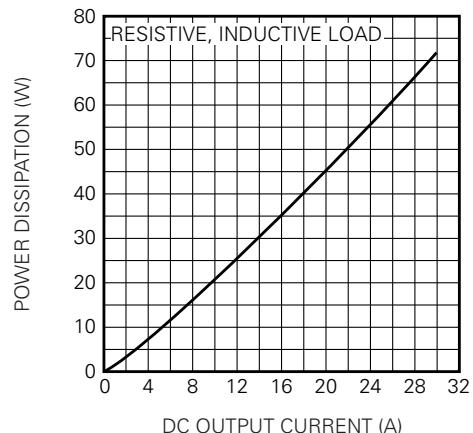
Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
IRRM	Repetitive reverse current	T _j =125°C, VRMM applied	—	—	1.0	mA
VFM	Forward voltage	T _j =25°C, Ifm=30A, instantaneous meas.	—	—	1.2	V
Rth (j-o)	Thermal resistance	Junction to case	—	—	0.3	°C/W
Rth (c-f)	Contact thermal resistance	Case to fin, conductive grease applied	—	—	0.1	°C/W
—	Insulation resistance	Measured with a 500V megohmmeter between main terminal and case	10	—	—	MΩ

PERFORMANCE CURVES

MAXIMUM FORWARD CHARACTERISTIC

ALLOWABLE SURGE (NON-REPETITIVE)
FORWARD CURRENTMAXIMUM TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE
(JUNCTION TO CASE)

MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION

ALLOWABLE CASE TEMPERATURE
VS. DC OUTPUT CURRENT