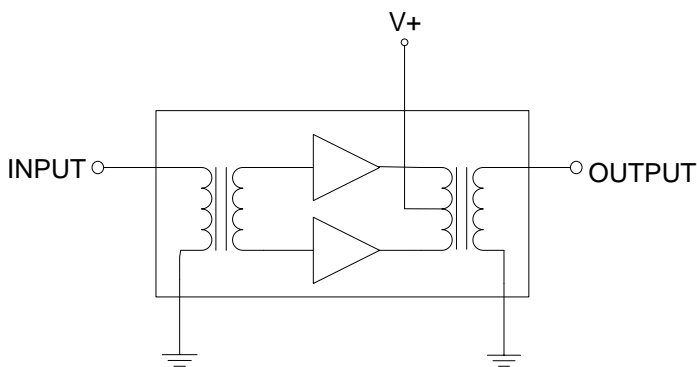


# RFPD3890

27dB Power Doubler Hybrid  
40MHz to 1003MHz

The RFPD3890 is a hybrid power doubler amplifier module. The part employs GaAs MESFET, GaAs pHEMT and GaN HEMT die, has high output capability, and is operated from 40MHz to 1003MHz. It provides excellent linearity and superior return loss performance with low noise and optimal reliability.



## Ordering Information

RFPD3890 Box with 50 Pieces

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Unit
RF Input Voltage (single tone)	70	dBmV
DC Supply Over-Voltage (5 minutes)	30	V
Storage Temperature	-40 to +100	°C
Operating Mounting Base Temperature	-30 to +100	°C



Package: SOT-115J

## Features

- Low Current
- Excellent Linearity
- Superior Return Loss Performance
- Extremely Low Distortion
- Optimal Reliability
- Low Noise
- Unconditionally Stable Under All Terminations
- High Output Capability
- 27.0dB Min. Gain at 1003MHz
- 385mA Max. at 24V<sub>DC</sub>

## Applications

- 40MHz to 1003MHz CATV Amplifier Systems



Caution! ESD sensitive device.



RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances): Compliant per EU Directive 2011/65/EU.

Exceeding any one or a combination of the Absolute Maximum Rating conditions may cause permanent damage to the device. Extended application of Absolute Maximum Rating conditions to the device may reduce device reliability. Specified typical performance or functional operation of the device under Absolute Maximum Rating conditions is not implied.

## Nominal Operating Parameters

Parameter	Specification			Unit	Condition
	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>General Performance</b>					<b>V+ = 24V; T<sub>MB</sub> = 30°C; Z<sub>S</sub> = Z<sub>L</sub> = 75Ω</b>
Power Gain	25.5	26.0	26.5	dB	f = 50MHz
	27.0	27.5	28.0	dB	f = 1003MHz
Slope <sup>[1]</sup>	0.5	1.5	2.0	dB	f = 40MHz to 1003MHz
Flatness of Frequency Response			0.8	dB	f = 40MHz to 1003MHz
Input Return Loss	20			dB	f = 40MHz to 320MHz
	18			dB	f = 320MHz to 640MHz
	17			dB	f = 640MHz to 870MHz
	15			dB	f = 870MHz to 1003MHz
Output Return Loss	20			dB	f = 40MHz to 320MHz
	19			dB	f = 320MHz to 640MHz
	18			dB	f = 640MHz to 870MHz
	16			dB	f = 870MHz to 1003MHz
Noise Figure		5.0	5.5	dB	f = 50MHz to 1003MHz
Total Current Consumption (DC)		370.0	385.0	mA	
<b>Distortion Data 40MHz to 550MHz</b>					<b>V+ = 24V; T<sub>MB</sub> = 30°C; Z<sub>S</sub> = Z<sub>L</sub> = 75Ω</b>
CTB		-73	-68	dBc	V <sub>O</sub> = 56.4dBmV at 1000MHz, 13.4dB extrapolated tilt, 79 analog channels plus 75 digital channels (-6dB offset) <sup>[2], [4]</sup>
XMOD		-67	-62	dBc	
CSO		-70	-65	dBc	
CIN	57	62		dB	
CTB		-69		dBc	V <sub>O</sub> = 52.0dBmV at 547.25MHz, 7dB tilt, 79 analog channels <sup>[3], [4]</sup>
XMOD		-63		dBc	
CSO		-75		dBc	

1. The slope is defined as the difference between the gain at the start frequency and the gain at the stop frequency.

2. 79 analog channels, NTSC frequency raster: 55.25MHz to 547.25MHz, +43dBmV to +50dBmV tilted output level, plus 75 digital channels, -6dB offset relative to the equivalent analog carrier.

3. 79 analog channels, NTSC frequency raster: 55.25MHz to 547.25MHz, +45dBmV to +52dBmV tilted output level

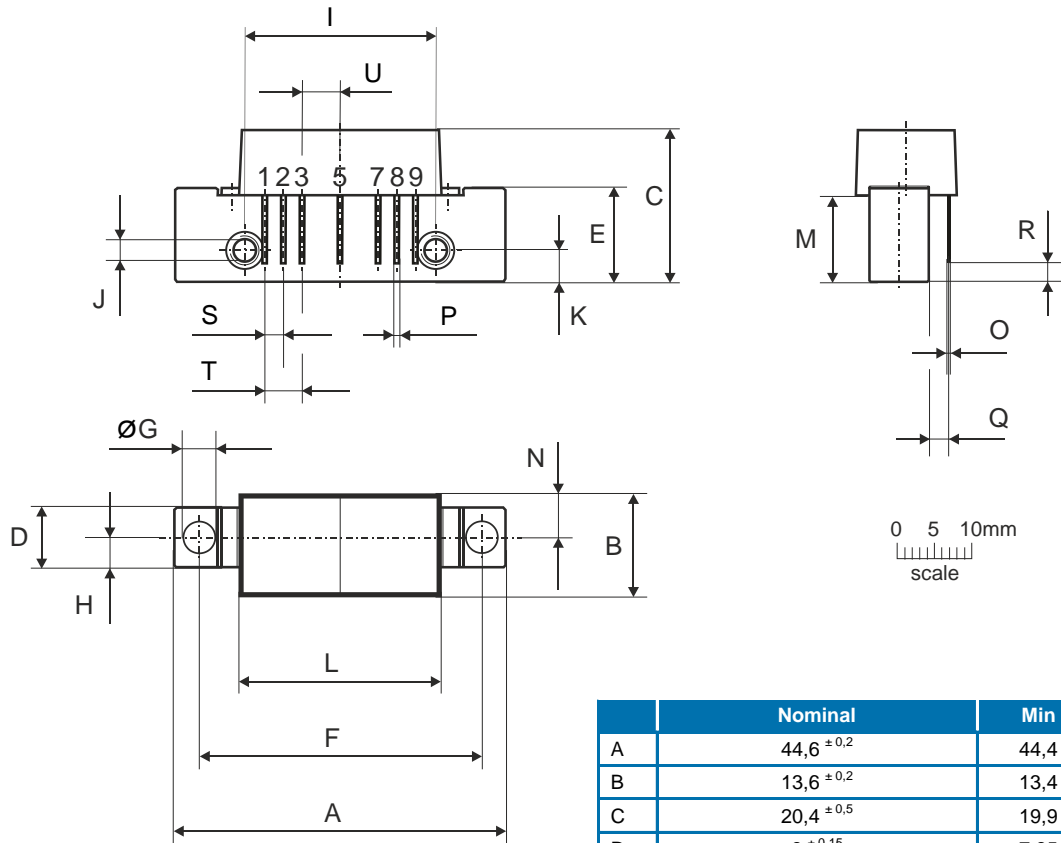
4. Composite Second Order (CSO) - The CSO parameter (both sum and difference products) is defined by the NCTA.

Composite Triple Beat (CTB) - The CTB parameter is defined by the NCTA.

Cross Modulation (XMOD) - Cross modulation (XMOD) is measured at baseband (selective voltmeter method), referenced to 100% modulation of the carrier being tested.

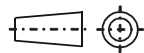
Carrier to Intermodulation Noise (CIN) - The CIN parameter is defined by ANSI/SCTE 17 (Test procedure for carrier to noise).

## Package Drawing (Dimensions in millimeters)



### Notes:

European  
Projection



### Pinning:

Pin	Name
1	Input
2-3	GND
4	
5	V+
6	
7-8	GND
9	Output

	Nominal	Min	Max
A	44,6 $\pm 0,2$	44,4	44,8
B	13,6 $\pm 0,2$	13,4	13,8
C	20,4 $\pm 0,5$	19,9	20,9
D	8 $\pm 0,15$	7,85	8,15
E	12,6 $\pm 0,15$	12,45	12,75
F	38,1 $\pm 0,2$	37,9	38,3
G	4 $+0,2 / -0,05$	3,95	4,2
H	4 $\pm 0,2$	3,8	4,2
I	25,4 $\pm 0,2$	25,2	25,6
J	UNC 6-32	-	-
K	4,2 $\pm 0,2$	4,0	4,4
L	27,2 $\pm 0,2$	27,0	27,4
M	11,6 $\pm 0,5$	11,1	12,1
N	5,8 $\pm 0,4$	5,4	6,2
O	0,25 $\pm 0,02$	0,23	0,27
P	0,45 $\pm 0,03$	0,42	0,48
Q	2,54 $\pm 0,3$	2,24	2,84
R	2,54 $\pm 0,5$	2,04	3,04
S	2,54 $\pm 0,25$	2,29	2,79
T	5,08 $\pm 0,25$	4,83	5,33
U	5,08 $\pm 0,25$	4,83	5,33