

HIGH POWER LINEAR AMPLIFIER

Typical Applications

- PCS Communication Systems
- Digital Communication Systems
- DECT Cordless Applications

- Commercial and Consumer Systems
- Portable Battery Powered Equipment

Product Description

The RF2125 is a high power, high efficiency linear amplifier IC. The device is manufactured on an advanced Gallium Arsenide Heterojunction Bipolar Transistor (HBT) process, and has been designed for use as the final RF amplifier in digital PCS phone transmitters and base stations requiring linear amplification operating between 1500MHz and 2200MHz. It will also function as a high efficiency amplifier for constant envelope applications such as DECT. The device is packaged in an 8-lead ceramic package with a backside ground. The device is self-contained with the exception of the output matching network and power supply feed line. It produces a typical output power level of 1 W.

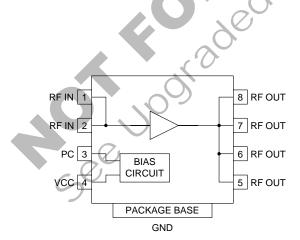
Optimum Technology Matching® Applied

☐ Si BJT

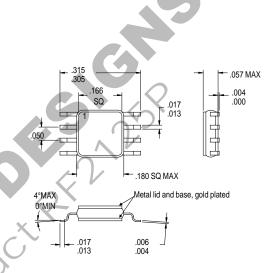
▼ GaAs HBT

☐ GaAs MESFET

☐ Si Bi-CMOS ☐ SiGe HBT ☐ Si CMOS



Functional Block Diagram



Package Style: SOP-8-C

Features

- Single 2.7V to 7.5V Supply
- 1W Output Power
- 14dB Gain
- 45% Efficiency
- Power Down Mode
- 1500MHz to 2200MHz Operation

Ordering Information

RF2125 High Power Linear Amplifier
RF2125 PCBA Fully Assembled Evaluation Board

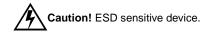
RF Micro Devices, Inc. 7625 Thorndike Road Greensboro, NC 27409, USA Tel (336) 664 1233 Fax (336) 664 0454 http://www.rfmd.com

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

<u> </u>					
Parameter	Rating	Unit			
Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	-0.5 to +7.5	V_{DC}			
Power Control Voltage (V _{PC})	-0.5 to +3.6V	V			
DC Supply Current	450	mA			
Input RF Power	+20	dBm			
Output Load	20:1				
Operating Case Temperature	-40 to +100	°C			
Operating Ambient Temperature	-40 to +85	°C			
Storage Temperature	-40 to +150	°C			



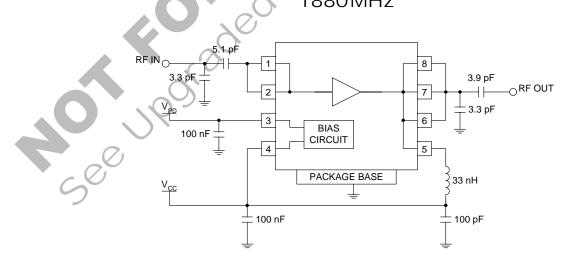
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Parameter	Specification		Unit	Condition		
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition	
Overall					T=25 °C, V_{CC} =6.0 V, V_{PC} =3.5 V, Z_{LOAD} =12 Ω , P_{IN} = 0 dBm, Freq=1885 MHz, Idle current=180 mA	
Frequency Range		1500 to 2200		MHz		
Maximum Output Power		+28.5		dBm	V _{CC} =3.6V, P _{IN} =+17dBm	
Maximum Output Power		+29.5		dBm	V _{CC} =4.8V, P _{IN} =+17dBm	
Maximum Output Power	+29.3	+30		dBm	V _{CC} =6.0V, P _{IN} =+17dBm	
Total Power Added Efficiency		45		%	Maximum output, V _{CC} =3.6V	
Total Power Added Efficiency		45		%	Maximum output, V _{CC} =4.8V	
Total Power Added Efficiency	42	45		%	Maximum output, V _{CC} =6.0V	
Small-signal Gain	12	14		dB		
Second Harmonic		-40		dBc		
Third Harmonic		-45		dBc		
Fourth Harmonic		-35		√ dBc		
Isolation		15	70	▶ dB	$V_{PC}=0.2V$	
Input VSWR		1.5:1	0		With external matching network; see application schematic	
Two-tone Specification		- (\cup			
IM ₃	-25	-30		dBc	P _{OUT} =+23.5dBm for each tone	
IM ₅		-35		dBc	P _{OUT} =+24dBm for each tone	
IM ₇		-45		dBc	P _{OUT} =+24dBm for each tone	
Power Control						
V _{PC}	1.5	3.3	3.5	V	To obtain 180mA idle current	
PC Current		1		mA	V _{PC} =2.0V	
	5.0	2		mA	$V_{PC}=3.5V$	
Power Control "OFF"	0.2	0.5		V	Threshold voltage at device input	
Power Supply	\sim					
Power Supply voltage	, –	2.7 to 7.5		V		
Supply Current	270	360	440	mA	P _{OUT} =+30dBm, V _{CC} =6.0V	
Power Down Current		0.5	10	μΑ	V _{PC} =0.2V	

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Pin	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	RF IN	RF input. This input is DC coupled, so an external blocking capacitor is required if this pin is connected to a DC path. An optimum match to 50Ω is obtained by providing an external series capacitor of 4.3pF and then a shunt capacitor of 3.3pF; see the application schematic. Those values are typical for 1880MHz; other values may be required for other frequencies.	
2	RF IN	Same as pin 1.	
3	PC	Power control pin. For obtaining maximum performance the voltage on this pin can be used to set correct bias level. In a typical application this is implemented by a feedback loop. The feedback can be based on the actual supply current of the device, i.e., maintaining a fixed current level, or it can be based on the RF output power level to maintain a fixed RF power level (Automatic Level Control loop). A voltage of 0.5V or lower brings the part into power down state.	S
4	VCC	Power supply pin for the bias circuits. External low frequency bypass capacitors should be connected if no other low frequency decoupling is nearby.	
5	RF OUT	RF output and bias for the output stage. The power supply for the output transistor needs to be supplied to this pin. This can be done through a quarter wave length microstrip line that is RF grounded at the other end, or through an RF inductor that supports the required DC currents. Optimum load impedance is achieved by providing a shunt capacitor of 3.0pF and a series capacitor of 3.9pF; see the application schematic. Those values are typical for 1880MHz; other values may be required for other frequencies. Since there are several output pins available, which are internally connected, one pin can be used for connecting the bias, another for connecting a (third) harmonic trap filter, and the other pins for the RF output.	
6	RF OUT	Same as pin 5.	
7	RF OUT	Same as pin 5.	
8	RF OUT	Same as pin 5.	
Pkg Base	GND	Ground connection. The backside of the package should be connected to the ground plane through a short path, i.e., vias under the device may be required.	

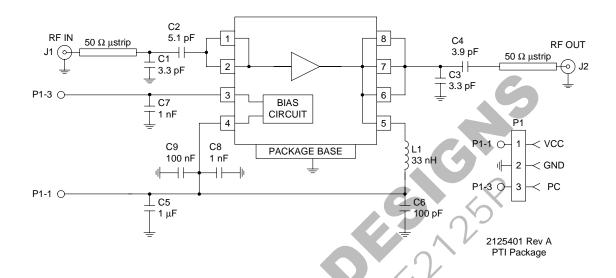
Application Schematic 1880MHz



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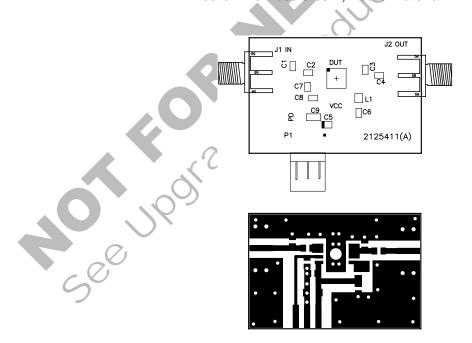
Evaluation Board Schematic 1880MHz

(Download Bill of Materials from www.rfmd.com.)



Evaluation Board Layout 1.5" x 1.0"

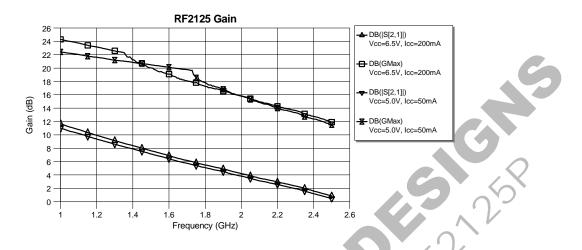
Board Thickness 0.031"; Board Material FR-4



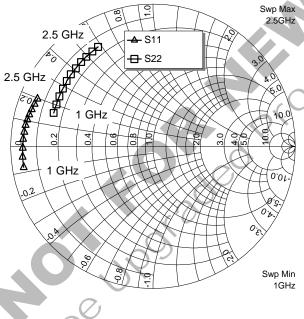
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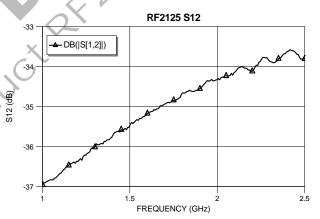
The data below is valid only under small-signal conditions. The device needs to be biased in Class A, with the output power below the 1-dB compression point. For large signal operation this data may be used as a starting point, but further tuning to optimize performance will be required.

Voltage and idle current have only very limited effect on the input and output impedances, hence only one plot is shown, valid for V_{CC} =5 to 7V, and I_{CC} =50 to 250mA.

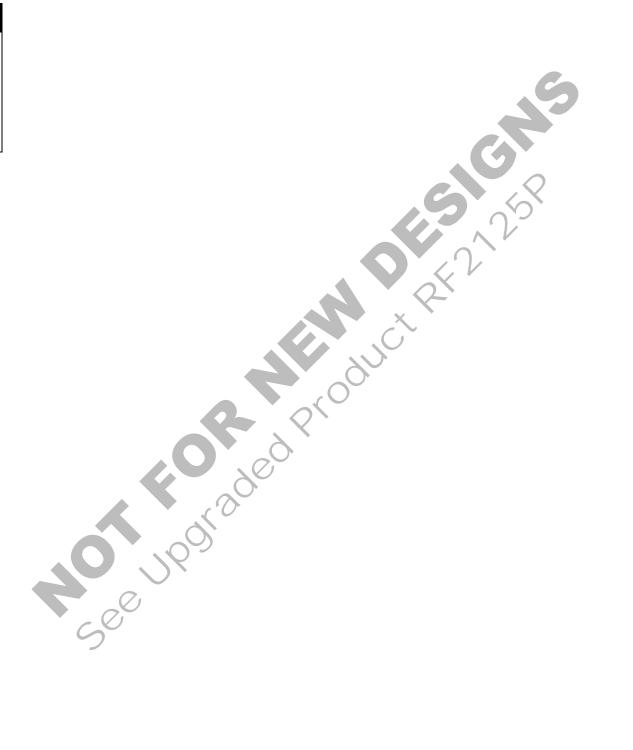


RF2125 Input / Output Impedance, Class A bias





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