

Distributed Gate Thyristor Type R2620ZC22# to R2620ZC25# (Old Type Number: R610CH18-25)

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| | VOLTAGE RATINGS | MAXIMUM LIMITS | UNITS |
|------------------|---|-------------------|-------|
| V_{DRM} | Repetitive peak off-state voltage, (note 1) | 2200-2500 | V |
| V _{DSM} | Non-repetitive peak off-state voltage, (note 1) | 2200-2500 | V |
| V _{RRM} | Repetitive peak reverse voltage, (note 1) | 2200-2500 | V |
| V_{RSM} | Non-repetitive peak reverse voltage, (note 1) | 2300-2600 | V |

| | OTHER RATINGS | MAXIMUM LIMITS | UNITS |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|------------------|
| I _{T(AV)M} | Maximum average on-state current, T _{sink} =55°C, (note 2) | 2620 | А |
| I _{T(AV)M} | Maximum average on-state current. T _{sink} =85°C, (note 2) | 1722 | А |
| I _{T(AV)M} | Maximum average on-state current. T _{sink} =85°C, (note 3) | 983 | А |
| I _{T(RMS)} | Nominal RMS on-state current, T _{sink} =25°C, (note 2) | 5300 | А |
| I _{T(d.c.)} | D.C. on-state current, T _{sink} =25°C, (note 4) | 4299 | А |
| I _{TSM} | Peak non-repetitive surge t_p =10ms, V_{rm} =0.6 V_{RRM} , (note 5) | 33800 | A |
| I _{TSM2} | Peak non-repetitive surge t _p =10ms, V _{rm} ≤10V, (note 5) | 37200 | А |
| l ² t | $I^{2}t$ capacity for fusing t _p =10ms, V _m =0.6V _{RRM} , (note 5) | 5.71×10 ⁶ | A ² s |
| l ² t | $I^{2}t$ capacity for fusing t _p =10ms, V _{rm} ≤10V, (note 5) | 6.92×10 ⁶ | A ² s |
| (-1: (-14) | Critical rate of rise of on-state current (repetitive), (Note 6) | 1000 | A/µs |
| (di/dt) _{cr} | Critical rate of rise of on-state current (non-repetitive), (Note 6) | 1500 | A/µs |
| V _{RGM} | Peak reverse gate voltage | 5 | V |
| P _{G(AV)} | Mean forward gate power | 5 | W |
| P_{GM} | Peak forward gate power | 30 | W |
| T _{j op} | Operating temperature range | -40 to +125 | °C |
| T _{stg} | Storage temperature range | -40 to +150 | °C |

Notes:-

- 1) De-rating factor of 0.13% per °C is applicable for T_j below 25°C.
- 2) Double side cooled, single phase; 50Hz, 180° half-sinewave.
- 3) Single side cooled, single phase; 50Hz, 180° half-sinewave.
- 4) Double side cooled.
- 5) Half-sinewave, 125°C T_j initial.
- 6) V_D =67% V_{DRM} , I_{FG}=2A, t_r≤0.5µs, T_{case}=125°C.
- 7) Rated V_{DRM}.

Characteristics

| | PARAMETER | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | TEST CONDITIONS (Note 1) | UNITS |
|-----------------------|--|------|------|-------|---|-------|
| V _{TM} | Maximum peak on-state voltage | - | - | 2.0 | I _{TM} =4000A | V |
| V _{TM} | Maximum peak on-state voltage | - | - | 2.55 | I _{TM} =7850A | V |
| V _{T0} | Threshold voltage | - | - | 1.5 | | V |
| r _T | Slope resistance | - | - | 0.143 | | mΩ |
| (dv/dt) _{cr} | Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage | 200 | - | - | V _D =80% V _{DRM} , Linear ramp, Gate o/c | V/µs |
| I _{DRM} | Peak off-state current | - | - | 300 | Rated V _{DRM} | mA |
| I _{RRM} | Peak reverse current | - | - | 300 | Rated V _{RRM} | mA |
| V _{GT} | Gate trigger voltage | - | - | 3.0 | | V |
| I _{GT} | Gate trigger current | - | - | 300 | Tj=25°C VD=10V, IT=3A | mA |
| V_{GD} | Gate non-trigger voltage | - | - | 0.25 | Rated V _{DRM} | V |
| Iн | Holding current | - | - | 1000 | Tj=25°C | mA |
| t _{gd} | Gate controlled turn-on delay time | - | 0.8 | 1.5 | V _D =67% V _{DRM} , I _{TM} =1500A, di/dt=60A/µs, | μs |
| t _{gt} | Turn-on time | - | 1.5 | 2 | I _{FG} =2A, t _r =0.5μs, T _j =25°C | |
| Q _{rr} | Recovered charge | - | 2100 | - | | μC |
| Q _{ra} | Recovered charge, 50% Chord | - | 1200 | 1460 | I _{TM} =4000A, t _p =1000μs, di/dt=60A/μs, | μC |
| I _{rm} | Reverse recovery current | - | 280 | - | V _r =50V | А |
| t _{rr} | Reverse recovery time | - | 8.0 | - | | μs |
| + | Turn-off time (note 2) | 45 | - | 55 | I _{TM} =4000A, t _p =1000μs, di/dt=60A/μs, V _r =50V, V _{dr} =33%V _{DRM} , dV _{dr} /dt=20V/μs | – μs |
| t _q | | 50 | - | 65 | I _{TM} =4000A, t _p =1000μs, di/dt=60A/μs, V _r =50V, V _{dr} =33%V _{DRM} , dV _{dr} /dt=200V/μs | |
| R _{thJK} | Thermal resistance, junction to heatsink | - | - | 0.011 | Double side cooled | K/W |
| • ∖ tnJK | | - | - | 0.022 | Single side cooled | K/W |
| F | Mounting force | 26 | - | 46 | | kN |
| Wt | Weight | - | 1.7 | - | | g |

Notes:-

1) Unless otherwise indicated $T_j=125^{\circ}C$.

2) The required t_q (specified with $dV_{dr}/dt=200V/\mu s$) is represented by a '#' in the device part number. See ordering information for details of t_q codes.

Notes on Ratings and Characteristics

1.0 Voltage Grade Table

| Voltage Grade | V _{DRM} V _{DSM} V _{RRM} V | V _{RSM} V | V _D V _R DC V |
|---------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 22 | 2200 | 2300 | 1350 |
| 23 | 2300 | 2400 | 1400 |
| 24 | 2400 | 2500 | 1450 |
| 25 | 2500 | 2600 | 1500 |

2.0 Extension of Voltage Grades

This report is applicable to other and higher voltage grades when supply has been agreed by Sales/Production.

3.0 Extension of Turn-off Time

This Report is applicable to other $t_{\mbox{\tiny q}}/\mbox{\rm re-applied}$ dv/dt combinations when supply has been agreed by Sales/Production.

4.0 Repetitive dv/dt

Higher dv/dt selections are available up to 1000V/µs on request.

5.0 De-rating Factor

A blocking voltage de-rating factor of 0.13%/°C is applicable to this device for T_i below 25°C.

6.0 Rate of rise of on-state current

The maximum un-primed rate of rise of on-state current must not exceed 1500A/µs at any time during turn-on on a non-repetitive basis. For repetitive performance, the on-state rate of rise of current must not exceed 1000A/µs at any time during turn-on. Note that these values of rate of rise of current apply to the total device current including that from any local snubber network.

7.0 Square wave ratings

These ratings are given for load component rate of rise of forward current of 100 and 500 A/µs.

8.0 Duty cycle lines

The 100% duty cycle is represented on all the ratings by a straight line. Other duties can be included as parallel to the first.

9.0 Maximum Operating Frequency

The maximum operating frequency is set by the on-state duty, the time required for the thyristor to turn off (t_q) and for the off-state voltage to reach full value (t_v) , i.e.

$$f_{\max} = \frac{1}{t_{pulse} + t_q + t_v}$$

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10.0 On-State Energy per Pulse Characteristics

These curves enable rapid estimation of device dissipation to be obtained for conditions not covered by the frequency ratings.

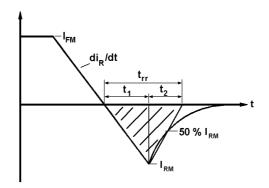
Let E_p be the Energy per pulse for a given current and pulse width, in joules Let $R_{th(J-Hs)}$ be the steady-state d.c. thermal resistance (junction to sink) and T_{SINK} be the heat sink temperature.

Then the average dissipation will be:

$$W_{AV} = E_P \cdot f \text{ and } T_{SINK(\max)} = 125 - \left(W_{AV} \cdot R_{th(J-Hs)}\right)$$

11.0 Reverse recovery ratings

(i) Q_{ra} is based on 50% I_{rm} chord as shown in Fig. 1 below.



150 µs

 $Q_{rr} = \int i_{rr} dt$

(ii) Q_{rr} is based on a 150µs integration time.

i.e.

(iii)
$$K Factor = \frac{t1}{t2}$$

12.0 Reverse Recovery Loss

12.1 Determination by Measurement

From waveforms of recovery current obtained from a high frequency shunt (see Note 1, Page 5) and reverse voltage present during recovery, an instantaneous reverse recovery loss waveform must be constructed. Let the area under this waveform be E joules per pulse. A new heat sink temperature can then be evaluated from the following:

$$T_{SINK(new)} = T_{SINK(original)} - E \cdot \left(k + f \cdot R_{th(J-Hs)}\right)$$

Where k=0.227 (°C/W)/s

E = Area under reverse loss waveform per pulse in joules (W.s.) f = rated frequency Hz at the original heat sink temperature. $R_{th(J-Hs)} = d.c.$ thermal resistance (°C/W). The total dissipation is now given by:

$$W_{(TOT)} = W_{(original)} + E \cdot f$$

12.2 Determination without Measurement

In circumstances where it is not possible to measure voltage and current conditions, or for design purposes, the additional losses E in joules may be estimated as follows.

Let E be the value of energy per reverse cycle in joules (curves in Figure 9). Let f be the operating frequency in Hz

$$T_{SINK(new)} = T_{SINK(original)} - (E \cdot R_{th} \cdot f)$$

Where $T_{SINK (new)}$ is the required maximum heat sink temperature and $T_{SINK (original)}$ is the heat sink temperature given with the frequency ratings.

A suitable R-C snubber network is connected across the thyristor to restrict the transient reverse voltage to a peak value (V_{rm}) of 67% of the maximum grade. If a different grade is being used or V_{rm} is other than 67% of Grade, the reverse loss may be approximated by a pro rata adjustment of the maximum value obtained from the curves.

NOTE 1- Reverse Recovery Loss by Measurement

This thyristor has a low reverse recovered charge and peak reverse recovery current. When measuring the charge care must be taken to ensure that:

- (a) a.c. coupled devices such as current transformers are not affected by prior passage of high amplitude forward current.
- (b) A suitable, polarised, clipping circuit must be connected to the input of the measuring oscilloscope to avoid overloading the internal amplifiers by the relatively high amplitude forward current signal
- (c) Measurement of reverse recovery waveform should be carried out with an appropriate critically damped snubber, connected across diode anode to cathode. The formula used for the calculation of this snubber is shown below:

$$R^2 = 4 \cdot \frac{V_r}{C_s \cdot \frac{di}{dt}}$$

Where: V_r = Commutating source voltage

- C_{s} = Snubber capacitance
- R = Snubber resistance

13.0 Gate Drive

The recommended pulse gate drive is 30V, 15Ω with a short-circuit current rise time of not more than 0.5µs. This gate drive must be applied when using the full di/dt capability of the device.

The duration of pulse may need to be configured with respect to the application but should be no shorter than $20\mu s$, otherwise an increase in pulse current could be needed to supply the resulting increase in charge to trigger.

14.0 Computer Modelling Parameters

14.1 Calculating V_T using ABCD Coefficients

The on-state characteristic I_T vs V_T , on page 7 is represented in two ways;

- the well established V_{T0} and r_T tangent used for rating purposes and (i)
- a set of constants A, B, C, D, forming the coefficients of the representative equation for V_T in (ii) terms of I_T given below:

$$V_T = A + B \cdot \ln(I_T) + C \cdot I_T + D \cdot \sqrt{I_T}$$

The constants, derived by curve fitting software, are given in this report for hot and cold characteristics where possible. The resulting values for V_T agree with the true device characteristic over a current range, which is limited to that plotted.

| | 125°C Coefficients | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| A 1.185626 | | | | | | | |
| В | 0.1714742 | | | | | | |
| С | 3.066×10 ⁻⁴ | | | | | | |
| D | -0.02892827 | | | | | | |

14.2 D.C. Thermal Impedance Calculation

$$r_t = \sum_{p=1}^{p=n} r_p \cdot \left(1 - e^{\frac{-t}{\tau_p}}\right)$$

Where p = 1 to *n*, *n* is the number of terms in the series.

- t = Duration of heating pulse in seconds.
- r_t = Thermal resistance at time t.
- r_p = Amplitude of p_{th} term.
- τ_{p} = Time Constant of r_{th} term.

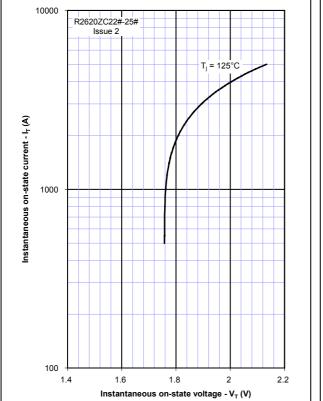
| D.C. Single Side Cooled | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Term 1 2 3 4 5 6 | | | | | | | |
| rp | 1.42×10 ⁻² | 2.34×10⁻³ | 3.39×10⁻³ | 8.87×10 ⁻⁴ | 6.00×10 ⁻⁴ | 4.66×10 ⁻⁴ | |
| τρ | 9.25 | 2.07957 | 0.23675 | 0.07935 | 1.07×10 ⁻² | 2.89×10 ⁻³ | |

| D.C. Double Side Cooled | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Term | Term 1 2 3 4 | | | | | | | |
| rp | 5.60×10 ⁻³ | 2.81×10 ⁻³ | 1.42×10⁻³ | 9.34×10 ⁻⁴ | | | | |
| τρ | 1.593884 | 0.28583 | 0.07721 | 4.84×10 ⁻³ | | | | |

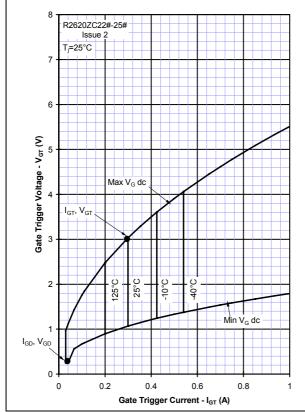
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Figure 1 - On-state characteristics of Limit device

Curves







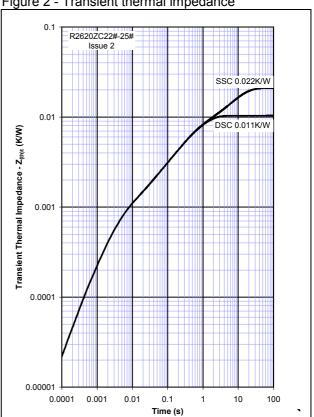


Figure 2 - Transient thermal impedance

Figure 4 - Gate characteristics - Power curves

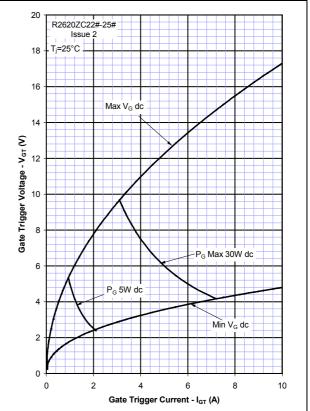
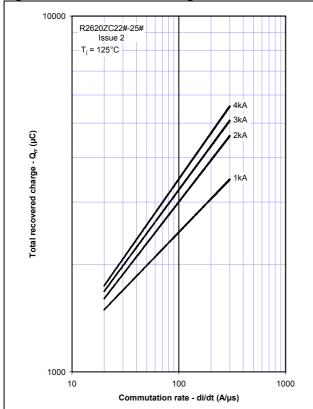
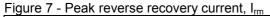
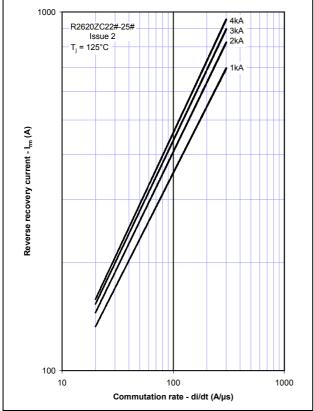
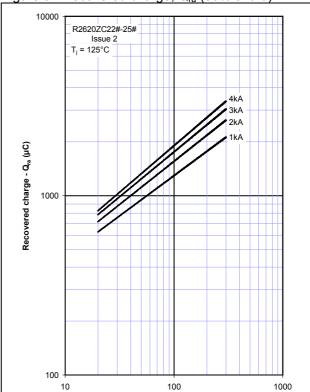


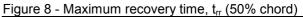
Figure 5 - Total recovered charge, Q_{rr}











Commutation rate - di/dt (A/µs)

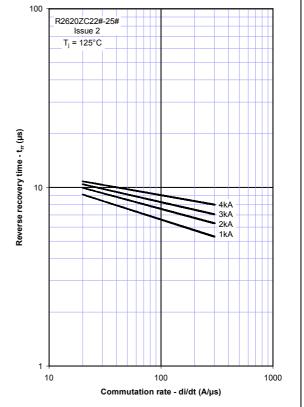
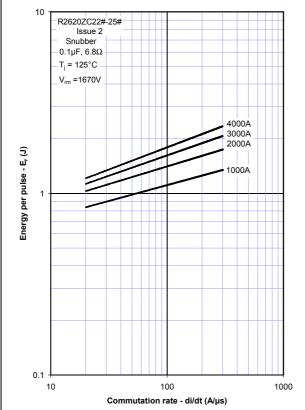
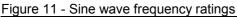


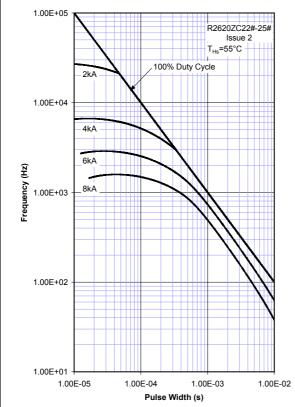
Figure 6 - Recovered charge, Q_{ra} (50% chord)

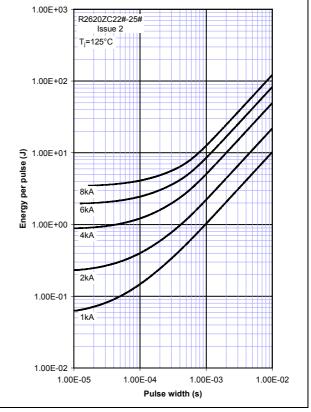
Figure 10 - Sine wave energy per pulse

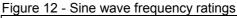
Figure 9 - Reverse recovery energy per pulse

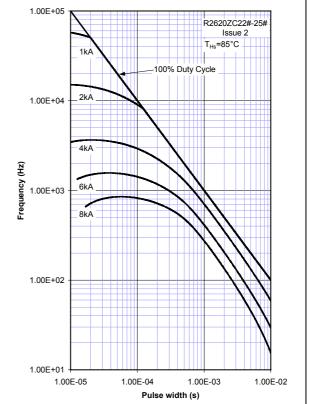












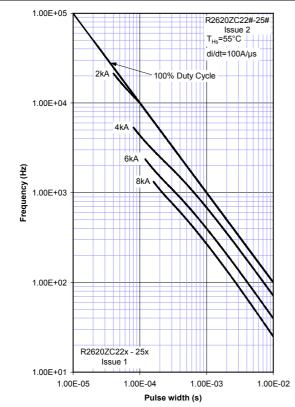
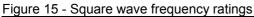
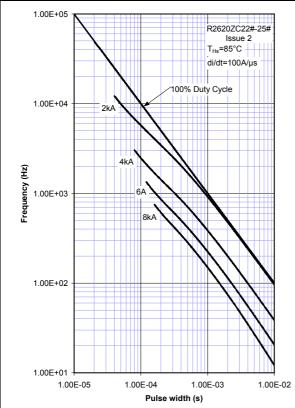


Figure 13 - Square wave frequency ratings





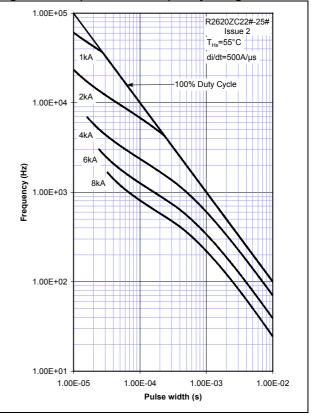
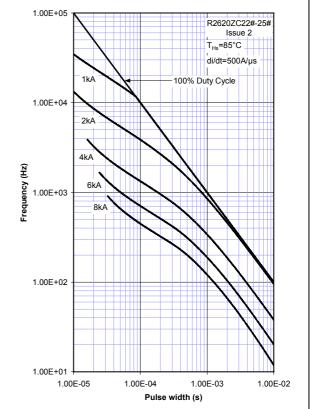


Figure 14 - Square wave frequency ratings





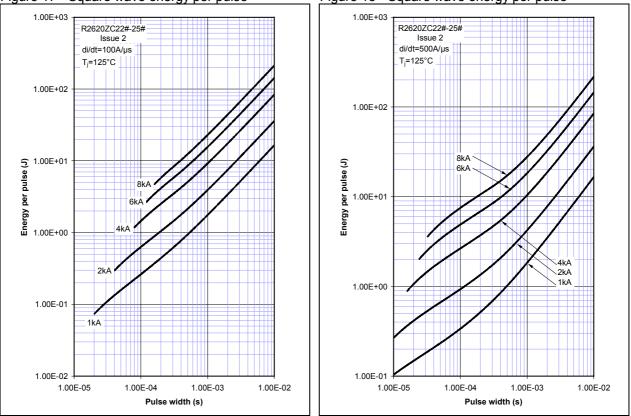
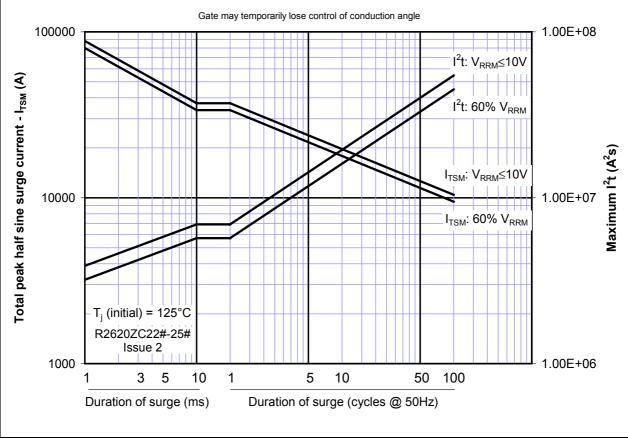


Figure 17 - Square wave energy per pulse

Figure 18 - Square wave energy per pulse

Figure 19 - Maximum surge and I²t Ratings



Data Sheet. Type R2620ZC22# to R2620ZC25# Issue 2

Outline Drawing & Ordering Information

