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Specification for  
TFT LCD Module  
Model No.  
QD15XL04 Rev. 02

**Customer's Approval**

**Date** \_\_\_\_\_

**By** \_\_\_\_\_

**Approved**

**By** \_\_\_\_\_



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## 1. Application

This specification applies to a color TFT-LCD module, QD15XL0402.

## 2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, and power supply circuit and a backlight unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1024 × 3 × 768 dots panel with 262,144 colors by using LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) to interface and supplying +3.3V DC supply voltage for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for backlight.

The TFT-LCD panel used for this module has very high aperture ratio. A low-reflection and higher-color-saturation type color filter is also used for this panel. Therefore, high-brightness and high-contrast image, which is suitable for the multimedia use, can be obtained by using this module.

Optimum viewing direction is 6 o'clock.

### [Features]

- 1) High aperture panel; high-brightness or low power consumption.
- 2) Brilliant and high contrast image.
- 3) Small footprint and thin shape.
- 4) Light weight.
- 5) 100% SPWG, style B

## 3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	15" Diagonal	inch
Active area	304.13 × 228.10	mm
Pixel format	1024 (H) × 768 (V)	Pixel
	(1 pixel = R+G+B dots)	
Pixel pitch	0.297(H) × 0.297 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R, G, B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally white	
Unit outline dimensions (typ.)*1	317.3(W) × 242.0 (H) × 5.9(D) 6.0 Max	mm
Mass	575 max. with inverter	g
Surface treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H Low reflection (~ 5%)	

\*1. Note: excluding backlight cables. Outline dimensions is shown in this specification



#### 4. Input Terminals

##### 4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 ( 1 channel, LVDS signals – NSC/Ti standard and +3.3V DC power supply)

Using connector: FI-XB30Sx-HFxx/FI-X30Sx-HFxx/equivalent (JAE)

##### Interface Cable Pin Assignments

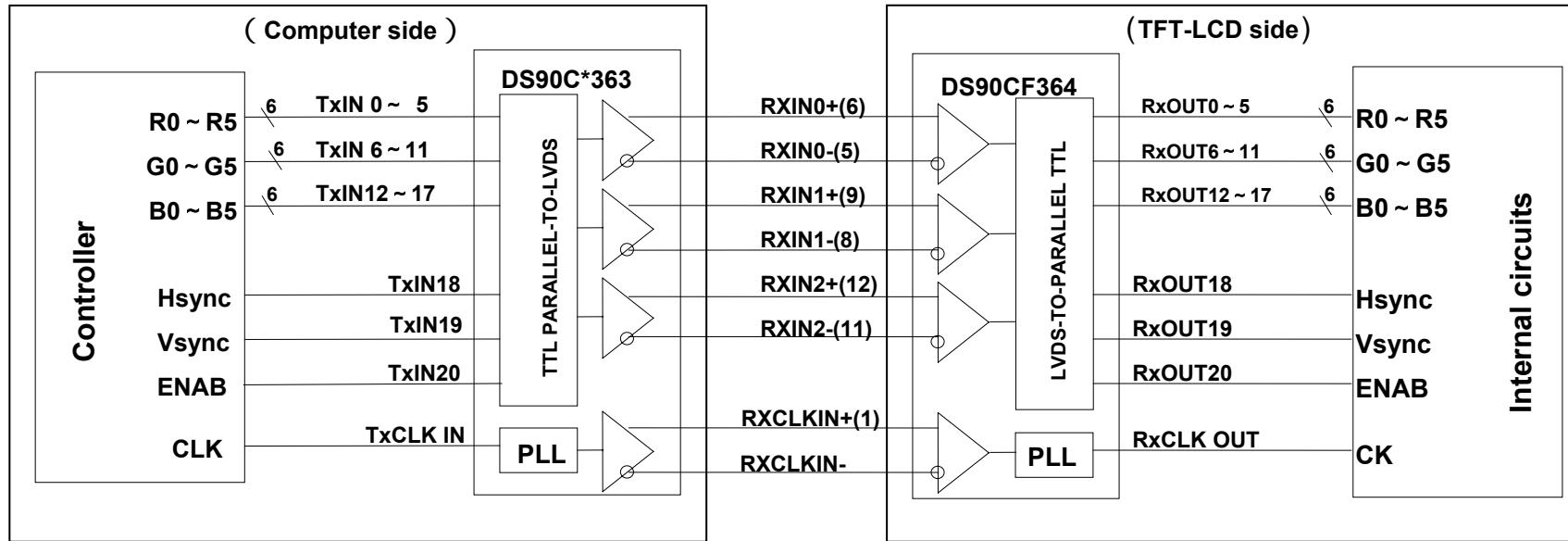
PIN NO	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	VSS	Ground
2	VDD	Power Supply, 3.3 V (typical)
3	VDD	Power Supply, 3.3 V (typical)
4	V EEDID	DDC 3.3V power
5	TEST	Panel BIST Enable
6	Clk EEDID	DDC Clock
7	DATA EEDID	DDC Data
8	Rin0-	- LVDS differential data input (R0-R5, G0) (odd pixels)
9	Rin0+	+ LVDS differential data input (R0-R5, G0) (odd pixels)
10	VSS	Ground
11	Rin1-	- LVDS differential data input (G1-G5, B0-B1) (odd pixels)
12	Rin1+	+ LVDS differential data input (G1-G5, B0-B1) (odd pixels)
13	VSS	Ground
14	Rin2-	- LVDS differential data input (B2-B5, HS, VS, DE) (odd pixels)
15	Rin2+	+ LVDS differential data input (B2-B5, HS, VS, DE) (odd pixels)
16	VSS	Ground
17	ClkIN-	- LVDS differential clock input (odd pixels)
18	ClkIN+	+ LVDS differential clock input (odd pixels)
19	VSS	Ground
20	NC	No connect
21	NC	No connect
22	NC	No connect
23	NC	No connect
24	NC	No connect
25	NC	No connect
26	NC	No connect
27	NC	No connect
28	NC	No connect
29	NC	No connect
30	NC	No connect

[Note 1] Relation between LVDS signals and actual data shows below section (4-2).

[Note 2] The shielding case is connected with signal GND.

#### 4-2 Interface block diagram

Using receiver : DS90CF364(National semiconductor) Corresponding Transmitter : DS90C363,DS90C383(National semiconductor)





#### 4-3. Inverter connector pin assign

CN3:(Inverter signals and Inverter Power Supply)

Using connector: LVC-D20SYFG (HONDA)

Corresponding connector: LVC-D20LVM-SG (HONDA)

Pin no.	Symbol	Function
1,2,3	INV SRC	Input voltage
4	N.C	No connect
5,8,11,13	GND	Ground
6	5VSUS	System +5V voltage (Inverter no use)
7	5VALW	Dallas IC VCC Voltage
9	SDA	Brightness control data signal (SMBUS DATA)
10	SCL	Brightness control clock signal (SMBUS CLOCK)
12	FPVEE	MPS IC Enable voltage
14	LAMP_STAT	Lamp Status
15	N.C.	No connect
16	N.C.	No connect
17	N.C.	No connect
18	N.C.	No connect
19	N.C.	No connect
20	N.C.	No connect

#### 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

##### 5-1 LCD module

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	T <sub>a</sub> =25	-0.3 ~ V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V	[Note1]
+3.3V supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	T <sub>a</sub> =25	0 ~ +4	V	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-	-25 ~ +60		[Note2]
Operating temperature (Ambient)	T <sub>opa</sub>	-	0 ~ +50		

[Note1] LVDS signals

[Note2] Humidity : 95%RH Max. at T<sub>a</sub> = 40 °C

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less at T<sub>a</sub>>40 °C

No condensation.

##### 5-2 Inverter driving

###### 5-2.1 Backlight lifetime

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with single CCFT (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The lifetime of the lamp are shown in the following table.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Lamp life time	LL	10000	15000	-	Hour	[Note]

**[Note]** Lamp life time is defined as the time when  $\diamond$  occurs in the continuous operation under the condition of  $T_a = 25$  and SDA data=00HEX  
 $\diamond$  Brightness becomes 50% of the original value under standard condition.

### 5-2.2 Recommended Operation Condition

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ	Max	Unit
Inverter power supply voltage	Vin	7.5	-	21	V
Base of Brightness control voltage	VBB	4.85	5.0	5.2	V
Brightness control IC supply voltage	VBC	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Logic signals	SDA, SCL FPVEE	0		5	V

### 5-2.3 DC Electrical Conditions

Ta=25

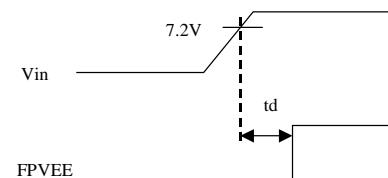
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ	Max	Unit	Remark
VIN supply current	IVin	VIN=7.5V,VBB=5V	-	450	585	mA	Note
		VIN=21V,VBB=5V	200	-	300		
Brightness control IC supply current	IVbc	VBC=4.5~5.5V	-	-	200	uA	
SDA	Input voltage low	Vil	VBC=4.5~5.5V	-	-	0.3 × VBC	V
	Input voltage high	Vih	VBC=4.5~5.5V	0.7 × VBC	-	-	V
FPVEE	Input voltage low	Vil	VIN=7.5~21V	0	-	0.6	V
	Input voltage high	Vih	VIN=7.5~21V	3.0	-	5.0	V

Note: Brightness control from minimum to maximum

### 5-2.4. Power ON/OFF sequence

7.5V Vin&lt;21V

10ms td



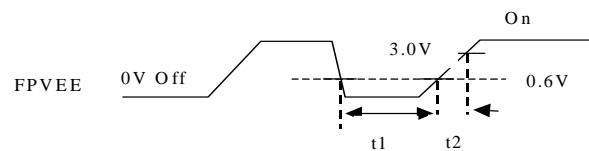
### 5-2.5 FPVEE ON sequence

**Backlight power on/off is possible with FPVEE.**

**Make sure to have more than 50-millisecond interval between each power-on.**

50ms t1

t2 20ms



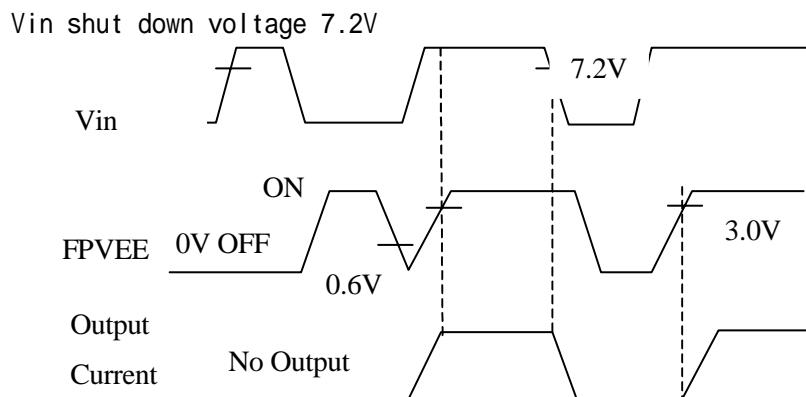
### 5-2.6 The Condition of Shut Down

Please refer to the figure below for the conditions that will cause the inverter shut down.

If the Vin voltage is higher than 8.0V but there is no enable signal, then the inverter will shut down.

If the Vin voltage is down less than 8.0V, it will cause the inverter shut down.

The enable signal has to be reset to get the inverter started again.



### 5-2.7 Brightness Control

SDA data	Brightness	Notes
00 <sub>HEX</sub>	Maximum Brightness	Set on power-up
01~FE <sub>HEX</sub>	↓	
FF <sub>HEX</sub>	Minimum Brightness	

## 6. Electrical Characteristics

### 6-1.TFT-LCD panel driving

T<sub>a</sub> = 25

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
VDD	Supply voltage	VDD	+3.0	+3.3	+3.6	V	[Note2]
	Current dissipation	IDD	-	350	485	mA	[Note3]
Permissive input ripple voltage		V <sub>RP</sub>	-	-	100	mV p-p	V <sub>CC</sub> =+3.3V
Differential input	High	V <sub>TH</sub>	-	-	+100	mV	V <sub>CM</sub> =+1.2V [Note1]
	Low	V <sub>TL</sub>	-100	-	-	mV	
Terminal resistor		R <sub>T</sub>	-	100	-		Differential input
Rush current		I <sub>RUSH</sub>			1.5	A	Rise time 470μS

[Note1] V<sub>CM</sub> : Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

[Note2]

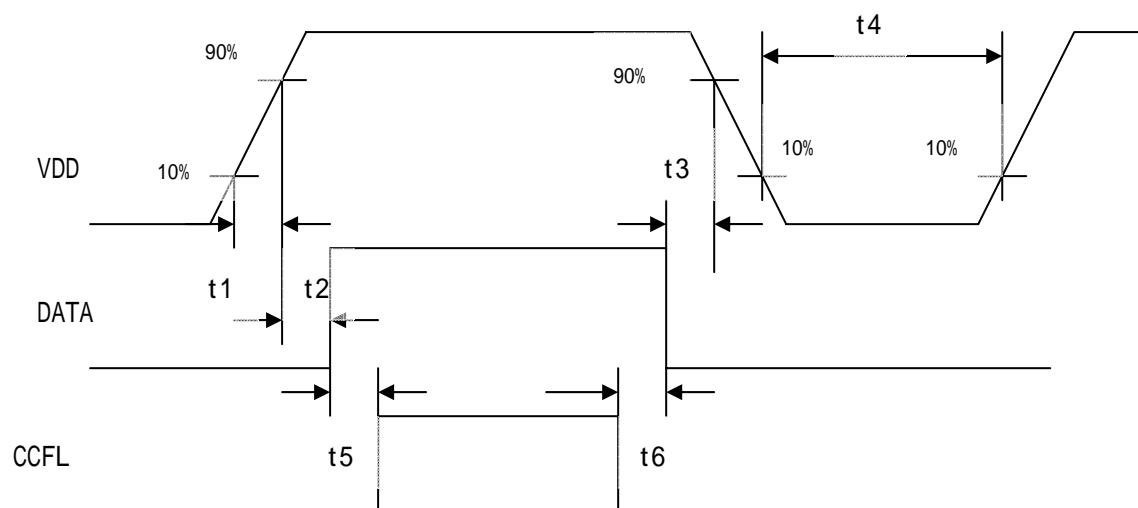
On-off conditions for supply voltage

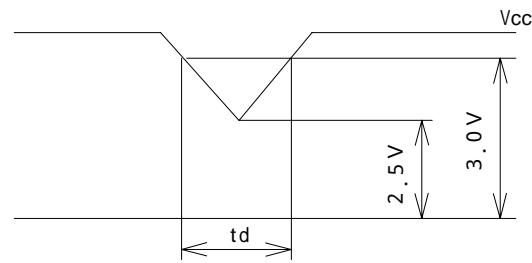
0 < t1 10 ms

0 < t2 50 ms

0 < t3 50 ms

400 ms t4 ; 200 ms t5 ; 200 ms t6



**VDD-dip conditions**

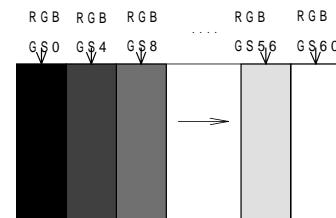
- 1) 2.5 V    $V_{DD} < 3.0$  V  
 $t_d$  10 ms

- 2)  $V_{DD} < 2.5$  V

**VDD-dip conditions should also follow the On-off conditions for supply voltage**

[Note3] Typical current situation: 16-gray-bar pattern.

$V_{DD}=+3.3V$

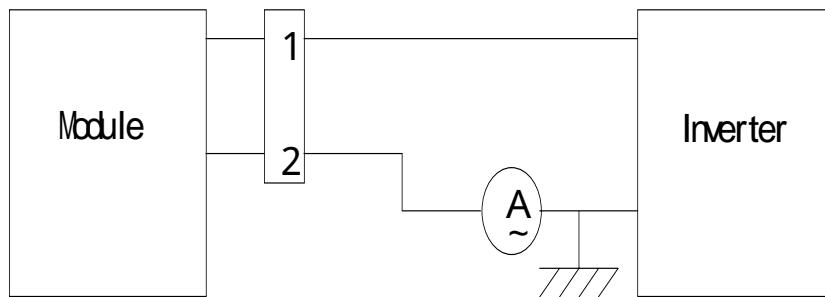


## 6-2. Backlight driving

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with single CCFT (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The characteristics of the lamp are shown in the following table.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Lamp current range	$I_L$	2.0	6.0	7.0	mArms	[Note1]
Lamp voltage	$V_L$		660		Vrms	
Lamp power consumption	$P_L$	-	3.96		W	$I_L=6.0\text{mA}$ [Note2]
Lamp frequency	$F_L$	50	55	60	kHz	[Note3]
Kick-off voltage	$V_s$	-	-	1350	Vrms	$T_a=25$
		-	-	1500	Vrms	$T_a=0$ [Note4]
Lamp life time	$L_L$	10000	15000	-	hour	[Note5]



\* Pin2 is  $V_{LOW}$

[Note1] Lamp current is measured with current meter for high frequency as shown below.

[Note2] Calculated Value for reference ( $I_L \times V_L$ )

[Note3] Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be detached as much as possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from the harmonics of horizontal synchronous to avoid interference.

[Note4] The voltage above this value should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second to start-up. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.

[Note5] Lamp life time is defined as the time when either or occurs in the continuous operation under the condition of  $T_a = 25$  and  $I_L = 6.0$  mArms.

Brightness becomes 50 % of the original value under standard condition.

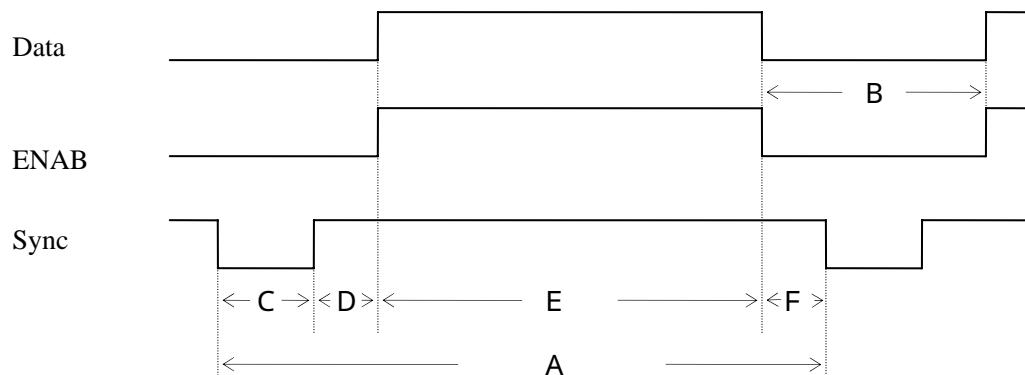
Kick-off voltage at  $T_a = 0$  exceeds maximum value.

Note) The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occur. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

## 7. Timing characteristics of LCD module input signals

### 7-1. Timing characteristics

(This is specified at digital outputs of LVDS driver.)



(Vertical)

Item ( symbol )	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
<b>Vsync cycle (T<sub>VA</sub>)</b>	-	<b>16.667</b>	-	ms	<b>Negative</b>
	<b>803</b>	<b>806</b>		line	
<b>Blanking period(T<sub>VB</sub>)</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>38</b>	-	line	
<b>Sync pulse width (T<sub>VC</sub>)</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>6</b>	-	line	
<b>Back porch (T<sub>VD</sub>)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>29</b>		line	
<b>Sync pulse width + Back porch (T<sub>VC</sub>+T<sub>VD</sub>)</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>35</b>	line	
<b>Active display area (T<sub>VE</sub>)</b>	<b>768</b>	<b>768</b>	<b>768</b>	line	
<b>Front porch (T<sub>VF</sub>)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	-	line	

(Horizontal)

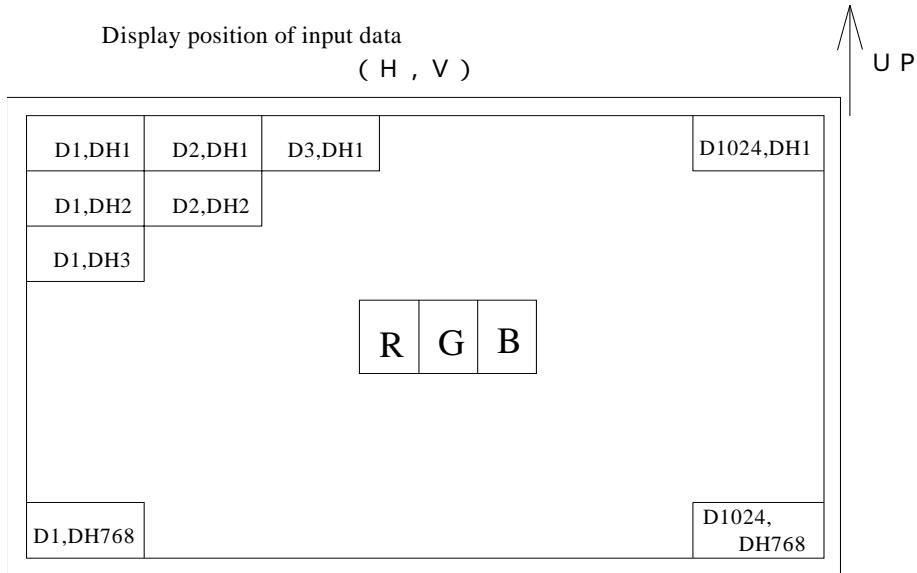
Item ( symbol )	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
<b>Hsync cycle (T<sub>HA</sub>)</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>20.677</b>	-	μ s	<b>Negative</b>
	<b>1260</b>	<b>1344</b>	<b>1408</b>	clock	
<b>Blanking period (T<sub>HB</sub>)</b>	<b>236</b>	<b>320</b>	-	clock	
<b>Sync pulse width (T<sub>HC</sub>)</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>136</b>	-	clock	
<b>Back porch (T<sub>HD</sub>)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>312</b>	clock	
<b>Sync pulse width + Back porch (T<sub>HC</sub> +T<sub>HD</sub>)</b>	<b>1500 - T<sub>HA</sub></b>	<b>296</b>	<b>T<sub>HA</sub> - 1024</b>	clock	
<b>Active display area (T<sub>HE</sub>)</b>	<b>1024</b>	<b>1024</b>	<b>1024</b>	clock	
<b>Front porch (T<sub>HF</sub>)</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>24</b>	-	clock	

( Clock )

Item	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
<b>Frequency</b>	-	<b>65.0</b>	<b>68.0</b>	MHz	[Note]

Note) In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc., may be occurred.

## 7-2. Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen





## 8. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color &amp; EDID Data Structure

Colors & Gray scale	Data signal																		
	Gray Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5
Basic Color	Black	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
	White	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale of Red	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Brighter	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
		GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Green	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Brighter	↑	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
		GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
		GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Blue	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
		GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
	Brighter	↑	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
		GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
	Blue	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
		GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1

0 : Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.



## 9. EDID data structure (TBD)

This is the EDID (Extended Display Identification Data) data format to support displays as defined in the VESA Plug & Display.

Byte (decimal)	Byte (hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (hex)	Value (binary)
0	00	Header	00	00000000
1	01	Header	FF	11111111
2	02	Header	FF	11111111
3	03	Header	FF	11111111
4	04	Header	FF	11111111
5	05	Header	FF	11111111
6	06	Header	FF	11111111
7	07	Header	00	00000000
8	08	EISA manufacture code = QDS	44	01000100
9	09	EISA manufacture code (Compressed ASCII)	93	10010011
10	0A	Product code: 0018 (N15B6)	12	00010010
11	0B	Product code	00	00000000
12	0C	LCD module Serial No (fixed "0")	00	00000000
13	0D	LCD module Serial No (fixed "0")	00	00000000
14	0E	LCD module Serial No (fixed "0")	00	00000000
15	0F	LCD module Serial No (fixed "0")	00	00000000
16	10	Week of manufacture	00	00000000
17	11	Year of manufacture – 1990 (ex2000-1990=10), 2004-1990=14=E (hex)	0E	00001110
18	12	EDID structure version # = 1	01	00000001
19	13	EDID revision # = 3	03	00000011
20	14	Video I/P definition = Digital I/P	80	10000000
21	15	Max H image size (cm) = 30cm	1E	00011110
22	16	Max V image size (cm) = 23cm	17	00010111
23	17	Display gamma ( 2.2 × 100 ) –100= 120	78	01111000
24	18	Feature support (no DMPS, Active off, RGB, timing BLK1)	0A	00001010
25	19	Red/Green Low bit	47	01000111
26	1A	Blue/White Low bit	A0	10100000
27	1B	Red X (Rx)(written value "0.580")	94	10010100
28	1C	Red Y (Ry)(written value "0.340")	57	01010111
29	1D	Green X (Gx)(written value "0.310")	4F	01001111
30	1E	Green Y (Gy)(written value "0.550")	8C	10001100
31	1F	Blue X (Bx)(written value "0.155")	27	00100111
32	20	Blue Y (By)(written value "0.155")	27	00100111
33	21	White X (Wx)(written value "0.313")	50	01010000
34	22	White Y (Wy)(written value "0.329")	54	01010100
35	23	Established timings 1	00	00000000
36	24	Established timings 2	00	00000000
37	25	Established timings 3 (Manufacture's reserved timing)	00	00000000
38	26	Standard timing ID1	01	00000001
39	27	Standard timing ID1	01	00000001
40	28	Standard timing ID2	01	00000001
41	29	Standard timing ID2	01	00000001
42	2A	Standard timing ID3	01	00000001
43	2B	Standard timing ID3	01	00000001
44	2C	Standard timing ID4	01	00000001
45	2D	Standard timing ID4	01	00000001
46	2E	Standard timing ID5	01	00000001
47	2F	Standard timing ID5	01	00000001
48	30	Standard timing ID6	01	00000001
49	31	Standard timing ID6	01	00000001



50	32	Standard timing ID7	01	00000001
51	33	Standard timing ID7	01	00000001
52	34	Standard timing ID8	01	00000001
53	35	Standard timing ID8	01	00000001
54	36	Pixel Clock/10,000 (LSB) 6500=1964h	64	01100100
55	37	Pixel Clock/10,000 (MSB)	19	00011001
56	38	Horizontal Active 1024=400h "00"	00	00000000
57	39	Horizontal Blanking (Thbp) 320=140h "40"	40	01000000
58	3A	Horizontal Active/Horizontal Blanking (Thbp) "41h"	41	01000001
59	3B	Vertical Active 768=300h "00"	00	00000000
60	3C	Vertical Blanking 38 (Tvbp)=26h "26"	26	00100110
61	3D	Vertical active/Vertical blanking (Tvbp) "30"	30	00110000
62	3E	Horizontal Sync, Offset (Thfp) 24=18h "18"	18	00011000
63	3F	Horizontal Sync, Pulse Width 136=88h "88"	88	10001000
64	40	Vertical Sync, Offset (Tvfp)/Sync Width	36	00110110
65	41	Horizontal Vertical Sync Offset/Width upper 2 bits	00	00000000
66	42	Horizontal Image Size 304mm=130h "30"	30	00110000
67	43	Vertical Image Size 228mm=E4h "E4"	E4	11100100
68	44	Horizontal Image Size / Vertical Image Size	10	00010000
69	45	Horizontal Border	00	00000000
70	46	Vertical Border	00	00000000
71	47	Non-interlaced, Normal, no stereo, Separate sync, H/V pol Negatives, DE only note: LSB is set to "1" if panel is DE-timing only. H/V can be ignored.	18	00011000
72	48	Detailed timing descriptor#2	00	00000000
73	49	Flag	00	00000000
74	4A	Reserved	00	00000000
75	4B	Dummy Descriptor	0F	00001111
76	4C	Flag	00	00000000
77	4D	Value=HSPW(Min) (pixel clks) 2=2h	02	00000010
78	4E	Value=HSPW(Max) (pixel clks) 250=FAh	FA	11111010
79	4F	Value=Thbp(Min) (pixel clks) DE mode	00	00000000
80	50	Value=Thbp(Max) (pixel clks) DE mode	00	00000000
81	51	Value=VSPW(Min) (line pulses) 1=1h	01	00000001
82	52	Value=VSPW(Max) (line pulses) 36=24h	24	00100100
83	53	Value=Tvbp(Min) (line pulses) 6=6h	06	00000110
84	54	Value=Tvbp(Max) (line pulses) 34=22h	22	00100010
85	55	Thp(Min)=Value*2+HA (pixel clks) 1032=408h =08h	08	00001000
86	56	Thp(Max)=Value*2+HA (pixel clks) 2047=7FFh=FFh	FF	11111111
87	57	Tvp(Min)=Value*2+VA (line pulses) 803=323h=23h	23	00100011
88	58	Tvp(Max)=Value*2+VA (line pulses) 2047=7FFh=FFh	FF	11111111
89	59	Module "A" Revision= 0	00	00000000
90	5A	Flag	00	00000000
91	5B	Flag	00	00000000
92	5C	Flag	00	00000000
93	5D	Dummy Descriptor	FE	11111110
94	5E	Flag	00	00000000
95	5F	Dell PN Character T	54	01010100
96	60	Dell PN Character 7	37	00110111
97	61	Dell PN Character 9	39	00111001
98	62	Dell PN Character 7	37	00110111
99	63	Dell PN Character 6	36	00110110
100	64	LCD Supplier EEDID Reversion # 00	00	00000000
101	65	Manufacturer PN	00	00000000
102	66	Manufacturer PN	00	00000000
103	67	Manufacturer PN	00	00000000
104	68	Manufacturer PN	00	00000000
105	69	Manufacturer PN	00	00000000
106	6A	Manufacturer PN	00	00000000



107	6B	Manufacturer P/N (if <13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char =20h)	00	00000000
108	6C	Flag	00	00000000
109	6D	Flag	00	00000000
110	6E	Flag	00	00000000
111	6F	Data Type Tag ASCII String	FE	11111110
112	70	Flag	00	00000000
113	71	SMBUS Value=10nits	F0	11110000
114	72	SMBUS Value=17nits	E0	11100000
115	73	SMBUS Value=24nits	D0	11010000
116	74	SMBUS Value=30nits	C0	11000000
117	75	SMBUS Value=60nits	A0	10100000
118	76	SMBUS Value=110nits	78	01111000
119	77	SMBUS Value=150nits	50	01010000
120	78	SMBUS Value=180 nits	38	00111000
121	79	Number of LVDS receiver chips	01	00000001
122	7A	Panel type- BIST Enable	01	00000001
123	7B	(If<13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char=20h)	0A	00001010
124	7C	(If<13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char=20h)	20	00100000
125	7D	(If<13 char, then terminate with ASCII code 0Ah, set remaining char=20h)	20	00100000
126	7E	Extension flag	00	00000000
127	7F	Checksum	C5	11000101



## 10. Optical Characteristics

Ta=25 , Vcc=+3.3V

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Viewing Angle Range	Horizontal	21, 22	CR>10	45	-	-	Deg.	[Note1,4]
Angle Range	Vertical	11		10	-	-	Deg.	
		12		30	-	-	Deg.	
Contrast ratio		C R n	=0 °	350	-	-		[Note2,4] [Note3,4]
Response Time	Rise	r		-	10	-	ms	
Time	Decay	d		-	15	-	ms	
Chromaticity of White		W x W y		0.293 0.309	0.313 0.329	0.333 0.349		[Note4]
Chromaticity of Red		R x R y		0.560 0.320	0.580 0.340	0.600 0.360		
Chromaticity of Green		G x G y		0.290 0.530	0.310 0.550	0.330 0.570		
Chromaticity of Blue		B x B y		0.135 0.135	0.155 0.155	0.175 0.175		
Luminance of white		Y L 2	5 Points	200	220	-	Cd/m <sup>2</sup>	I L = 6.0mArms F L = 55kHz
Color Gamut				45%				NTSC
White Uniformity		w	5 Points 13 Points	-	-	20% 35%		[Note4]

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.3.

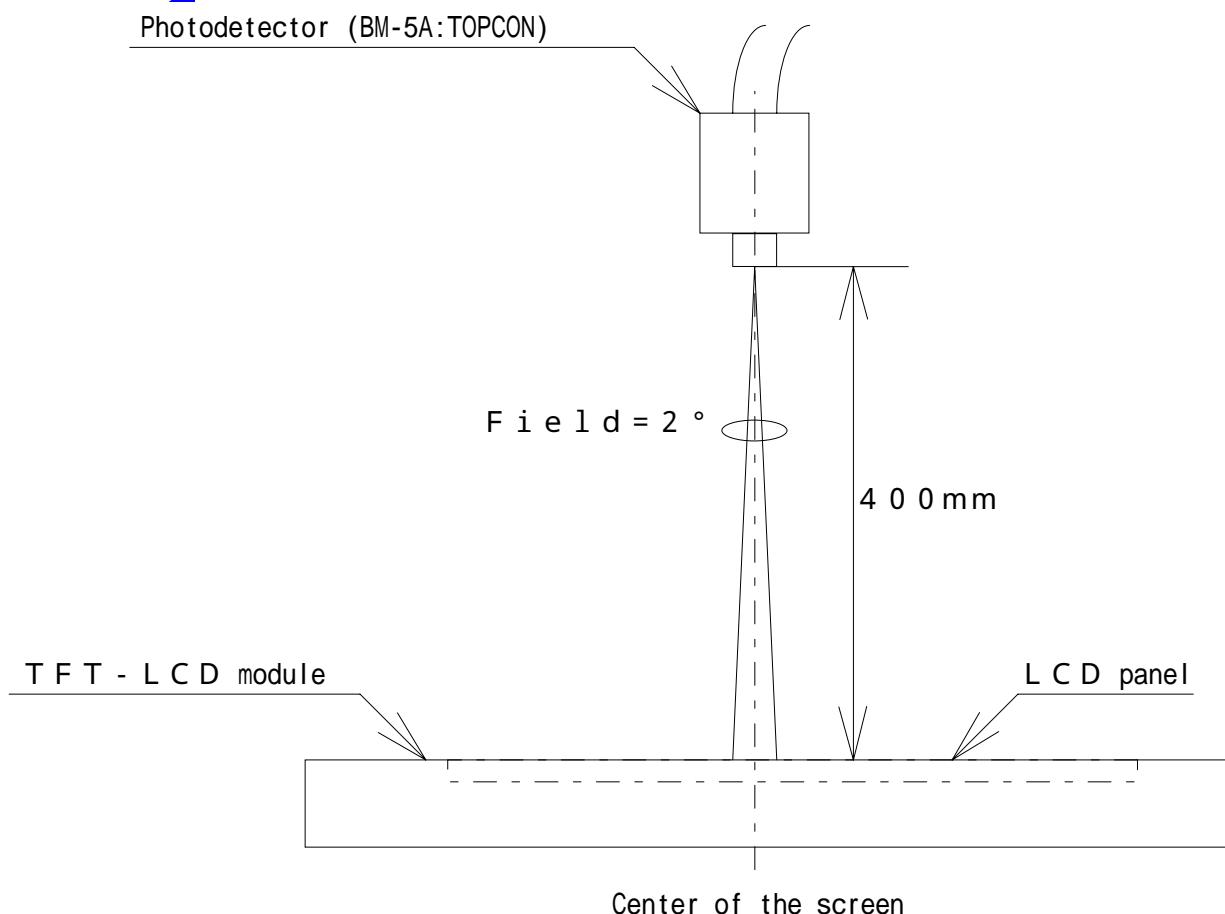
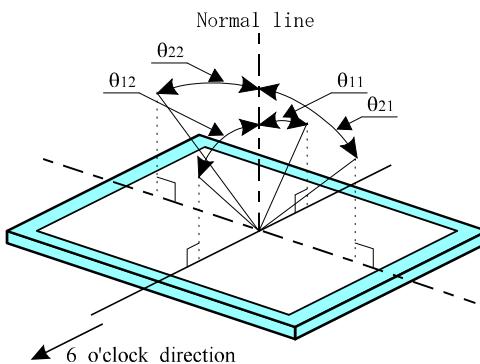


Fig.3 Optical characteristics measurement method

**[Note1] Definitions of viewing angle range:**



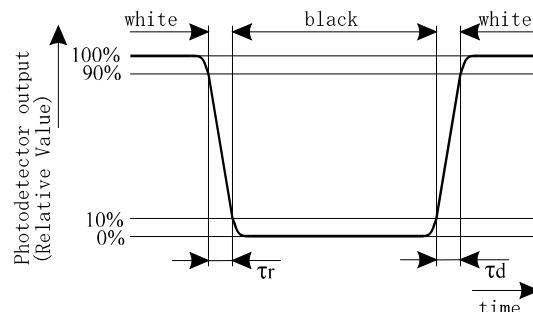
**[Note2] Definition of contrast ratio:**

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white}}{\text{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black}}$$

**[Note3] Definition of response time:**

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

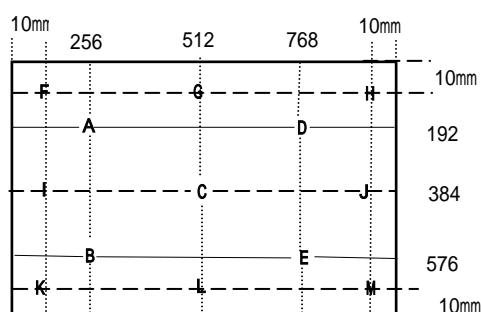


**[Note4] Definition of white uniformity:**

$$\delta w = \frac{\text{Maximum Lum (5p/13p)} - \text{Minimum Lum (5p/13p)}}{\text{Maximum Lum (5/13p)}}$$

(5 Points A,B,C,D,E)

13 Points A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I,J,K,L,M)





## 11. Display Quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standard.

## 12 . Handling Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- d) Wipe off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and injure the human earth when handling.
- h) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- i) This module has its circuitry PCBs on the rear side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.
- j) Laminated film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched.  
Peel the film off slowly just before the use with strict attention to electrostatic charges.  
Ionized air shall be blown over during the action. Blow off the 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen gun, etc.
- K) Mounting screw hole can stand torque 1.3~1.5 Kgf-cm.

### 13 . Reliability test items

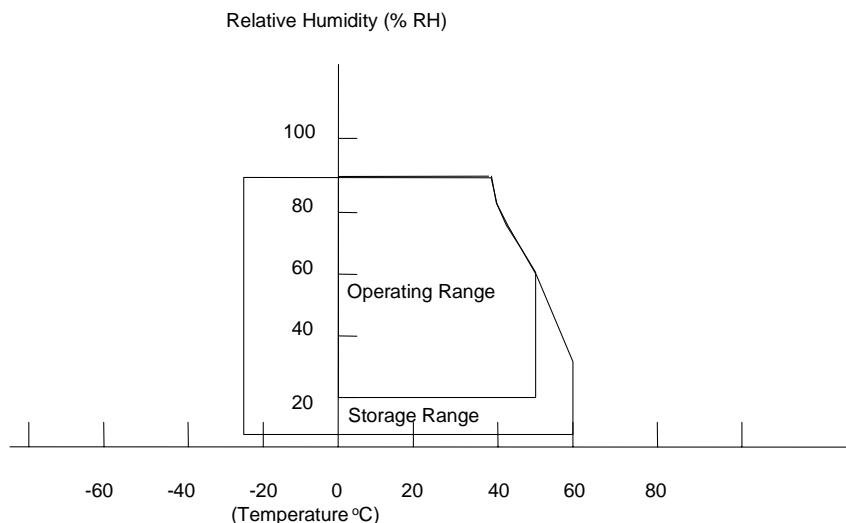
No.	Test item	Conditions
1	High temperature storage test	Ta = 60 250h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta = -25 250h
3	High temperature & high humidity operation test	Ta = 40 ; 90 %RH 240h ; (as remark 3) (No condensation)
4	High temperature operation test	Ta = 50 250h (The panel temp. must be less than 60 )
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta = 0 250h
6	Vibration test (non- operating)	Frequency: 10 ~ 500Hz, 1.5G, Test period : 3 hours (1 hour for each direction of X,Y,Z)
7	Shock test (non- operating)	Max. gravity : 220G Pulse width: 2 ms, Half sine wave Direction : ±X, ±Y, ±Z once for each direction.

#### Remark:

- (1) A failure is defined as the appearance of pixel failed on any color layer or the appearance of horizontal or vertical lines, bars etc.
- (2) Low temperature storage “ Panel must return to operating temperature range prior to activation.”
- (3) Hi temperature / Humidity test

Max. wet-bulb temperature is less than 39°C ; At glass temperature high than 40 °C.

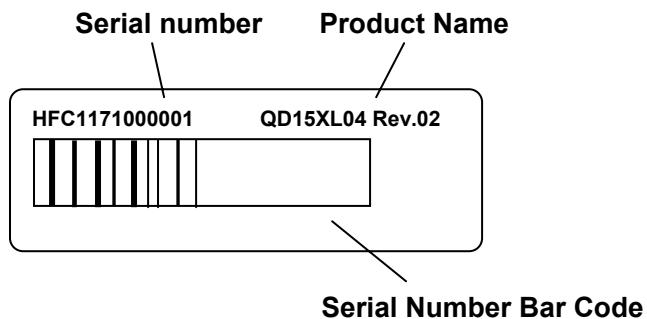
Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.





## 14 . Others

### 1) Lot No. Label:



- 2) Adjusting volume has been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- 3) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- 4) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.



## 15. Mechanical Outline dimension

