PD - 94742

# International **ICR** Rectifier

# Ultra Low Dropout, 7.0 A Adjustable Positive Linear Regulator Surface-Mount (SMD-6)

# **Product Summary**

Part Number	Output Voltage	Current	Dropout
OM7580SM	+1.8V to +5.5V	7.0A	0.54V

# Description

The OM7580SM is a 7.0A, ultra low dropout, adjustable linear regulator specifically designed for low voltage, high current applications. Housed in a hermetic package, the dropout of this device is 540mV at full load and as low a 100mV at light loads. The low dropout is achieved by an additional low current input voltage. This unit is ideally suited for military/defense, commercial aircraft, industrial control and other harsh environments where a hermetically sealed package is required.

# OM7580SM 5962 - 0323701MXA



### Features:

- Dropout Voltage of 540mV at Full Load
- Dropout Voltage of 100mV at Light Loads
- Fast Transient Response
- Adjustable Output: 1.8 to 5.5V
- Remote Sense
- Hermetic SMD-6 Package ensures High Reliability

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units	
Output Currrent	Ι <sub>Ο</sub>	7.0	А	
Power Input Voltage	V <sub>PWR</sub>	6.0	V	
Control Input Voltage	V <sub>CTRL</sub>	13		
Power Dissipation @ Tc = 25°C	PD	20	W	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{ ext{ heta}JC}$	5.0	°C/W	
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-55 to +125		
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 to +150	°C	
Lead Temperature Soldering (10second maximum)	TL	300		

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## **OM7580SM**

# International **TOR** Rectifier

# Electrical Characteristics @T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Reference Voltage	$V_{CTRL} = 2.7V, V_{PWR} = 2.0V, I_{LOAD} = 10mA$	1.243	1.250	1.257		
V <sub>ADJ</sub> = 0V	$V_{CTRL} =$ 2.7 to 12V, $V_{PWR} =$ 1.75V to 5.5V, $I_{LOAD}$ =10mA to 6.0A $\odot$	1.237	1.250	1.263	V	
Line Regulation	$V_{CTRL}$ = 2.5 to 12V, $V_{PWR}$ = 3.0V to 5.5V, $I_{LOAD}$ = 1.0mA $\odot$		1.0	3.0	m\/	
Load Regulation	$V_{CTRL}$ = 2.75V, $V_{PWR}$ = 2.1V, $I_{LOAD}$ = 10mA to 6.0A $\odot$		1.0	5.0	mv	
Minimum Load Current	V <sub>CTRL</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>PWR</sub> = 3.3V, V <sub>ADJ</sub> = 0V		5.0	10		
Ground Pin Current	V <sub>CTRL</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>PWR</sub> = 3.3V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 0mA ①		6.0	10		
	V <sub>CTRL</sub> = 2.75V, V <sub>PWR</sub> = 2.05V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 7.0A, TJ = 25°C			120	mA	
Control Pin Current 3	V <sub>CTRL</sub> = 2.75V, V <sub>PWR</sub> = 2.05V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 7.0A, TJ = 125°C			120	1	
	V <sub>CTRL</sub> = 2.75V, V <sub>PWR</sub> = 2.05V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 6.0A, TJ = -55°C			130		
Adjust Pin Current	V <sub>CTRL</sub> = 2.75V, V <sub>PWR</sub> = 2.05V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 10mA		50	120	μΑ	
V <sub>ADJ</sub> = 0V						
Dinale Dejection	$V_{CTRL} = V_{PWR} = 5.0V (AVG), V_{RIPPLE} = 1.0V_{P-P}, f = 120Hz$	60	80		dB	
Ripple Rejection	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 4.0A TJ = 25°C					
Current Limit	$V_{CTRL}$ = 2.75V, $V_{PWR}$ = 2.05V, $\Delta V_{OUT}$ = 100mV, TJ = 25°C	7.1	8.0		٨	
Current Limit	V <sub>CTRL</sub> =2.75V, V <sub>PWR</sub> =2.05V, ∆V <sub>OUT</sub> =100mV, TJ=-55°C & TJ=+125°C	6.6			А	
	V <sub>PWR</sub> = 3.3V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 7.0A, TJ = 25°C			1.33		
Minimum V <sub>CONTROL</sub>	V <sub>PWR</sub> = 3.3V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 7.0A, TJ = 125°C		-	1.33	V	
	V <sub>PWR</sub> = 3.3V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 6.0A, TJ = -55°C		-	1.35		
	V <sub>CTRL</sub> = 2.75V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 7.0A, TJ = 25°C			0.62		
Minimum V <sub>PWR</sub>	V <sub>CTRL</sub> = 2.75V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 7.0A, TJ = 125°C			0.80	V	
	V <sub>CTRL</sub> = 2.75V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 6.0A, TJ = -55°C		-	0.80		
Thermal Regulation	$V_{PWR}$ = 5.0V, I <sub>O</sub> = 7.0A, P <sub>D</sub> $\ge$ 20W, pulse width = 30ms			0.02	%/W	
	Dropout is caused by either minimum control voltage or minimum power voltage. Both					
Dropout Voltage	parameters are specified with respect to the output voltage. The specifications represent the					
	minimum input/output voltage required to maintain 1% regulation.					

### **Footnotes**

O- Denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range.

- O- The minimum load current is minimum current required to maintain regulation. Normally the current in the resistor divider used to set the output voltage is selected to meet the minimum load current requirement.
- ③- The control pin current is the drive current required for the output transistor. The control pin current is approximately 0.01% output current. The minimum value is equal to quiescent current of the device.

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**TOR** Rectifier

# OM7580SM





Fig 1: Typical Power Voltage Vs Output Current





Fig 3: Typical Reference Voltage Vs Temperature

140 OINDICATES GUARANTEED TEST POINTS 120  $0^\circ C \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ C$  -CONTROL PINCURRENT (mA) 100 DATA SHEET LIMIT 80 TYPICAL DEVICE 60 40 20 0 0 3 6 7 2 4 5 1 OUTPUT CURRENT (A)

Fig 4: Typical Control Pin Current Vs Output Current

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Fig 5: Typical Application

#### Layout Consideration

It is recommended that output capacitors be located as close as possible to the  $V_{OUT}$  terminal of the device to prevent any high frequency oscillation that may result due to excessive stray inductance. Specifications for capacitors: 330µF Tantalum Low ESR, 220µF Electrolytic, 22µF Electrolytic

### Case Outline and Dimensions — SMD-6



Pin #	Pin Description	
1	ADJUST	
2	V <sub>OUT</sub>	
3	V <sub>CTRL</sub>	
4	V <sub>PWR</sub>	
5	N/C	
6	SENSE	

### Part Numbering Nomenclature

<u>OM</u>	<u>7580</u>	<u>S</u>	M	<u>X</u>
Omnirel	Device	S=Isolated	Package	Screening

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