Osptek Display

OLED SPECIFICATION

Model No:

OED-82R001-C18



REVISION RECORD

REV.	REVISION DESCRIPTION	REV. DATE	REMARK
X01	■ INITIAL RELEASE	2022. 05. 18	



CONTENTS

ITEM	PAGE
1. SCOPE	4
2. WARRANTY	4
3. FEATURES	4
4. MECHANICAL DATA	5
5. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS	6
5.1 D.C ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	
5.2 PANEL ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
6. LIFE TIME SPECIFICATIONS	8
7. INTERFACE	9
7.1 FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM	
7.2 PIN ASSIGNMENTS	
7.3 INTERFACE TIMING CHART	
8. POWER ON / OFF SEQUENCE & APPLICATION CIRCUIT	12
8.1 POWER ON AND OFF SEQUENCE	
8.2 APPLICATION CIRCUIT	
8.3 COMMAND TABLE	
9. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS	14
10. EXTERNAL DIMENSION	15
11. PACKING SPECIFICATION	16
12. OUTGOING INSPECTION PROVISION	17
13. APPENDIXES	24



1. SCOPE

The purpose of this specification is to define the general provisions and quality requirements that apply to the supply of display cells manufactured by RiTdisplay. This document, together with the Module Assembly Drawing, is the highest-level specification for this product. It describes the product, identifies supporting documents and contains specifications.

2. WARRANTY

Osptek warrants that the products delivered pursuant to this specification (or order) will conform to the agreed specifications for twelve (12) months from the shipping date ("Warranty Period"). Osptek is obligated to repair or replace the products which are found to be defective or inconsistent with the specifications during the Warranty Period without charge, on condition that the products are stored in the original packages at 25 °C±5 °C, 55%±10%RH or used as the conditions specified in the specifications.

Nevertheless, Osptek is not obligated to repair or replace the products without charge if the defects or inconsistency are caused by the force majeure or the reckless behaviors of the customer.

After the Warranty Period, all repairs or replacements of the products are subject to charge.

3. FEATURES

Small molecular organic light emitting diode.

- Color: Red

Total panel resolution : 82+1 icon

Driver IC: PT6892Interface: IIC & SPI

4. MECHANICAL DATA

NO	ITEM	SPECIFICATION	UNIT
1	Dot Matrix	82+1	icon
2	Active Area	φ 14.72	mm
3	Panel Size	21.7 (W) x 27.95 (H)	mm ²
4*	Panel Thickness	1.42	mm
5	Module Size	21.7 (W) x 80.45 (H) x 1.42 (T)	mm ³
6	Diagonal A/A size	0.58	inch
7	Module Weight	TBD	gram

^{*} Panel thickness includes substrate glass, cover glass and UV glue thickness.



5. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5.1 D.C ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETERS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VHA	Supply voltage for display	16.5	-	17.5	V
VDD	Supply voltage for logic	1.65	-	3.6	V

5.2 PANEL ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

PARAMETER	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNITS	COMMENTS
Normal mode current		3.5	4.5	m A	All icons on
consumption(IHA)	-	3.5	4.5	mA	(Note 1)
Normal mode power		59.5	76.5	mW	All icons on
consumption	-	59.5	76.5	IIIVV	(Note 1)
Transmittance	60			%	550nm of Average
Transmittance	60	-	-	70	Transmittance
Luminance	1200	1500		cd/m ²	All icons on
Luminance	1300	1500	7	Cu/m-	(Note 5)
CIEx (Red)	0.60	0.64	0.68		CIE1931
CIEy (Red)	0.31	0.35	0.39		CIE1931

Note:

(1) Normal mode condition:

Driving Voltage(VHA): 17V

- Dimming PWM (0x81): 0x44

- Frame rate: 105Hz

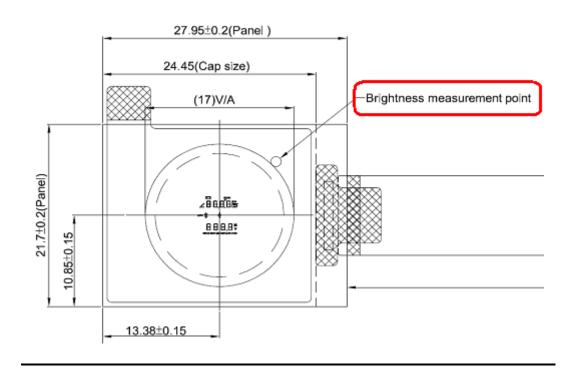
(2) Sleep mode condition:

When send 0xAE command OLED display off and memory data will be maintained.

(3) Wake up condition:

When send 0xAF command OLED will be turned on.

- (4) Please refer to the PT0101 application note for the complete settings value.
- (5) The measuring point of luminance is in the red mark.(See the picture below)





6. LIFE TIME SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM	MIN	UNIT	Condition	Remark
Life Time	7	Hrs	1500 cd/m ²	
Life Time	/	ПБ	All the icons are bright.	Note (1)
Life Time	14	Hrs	1500 cd/m ²	Note (2)
Life Tillie	14	ПБ	All the icons are bright.	Note (2)
Life Time	ime 28		1500 cd/m ²	Note (3)
Life Time	20	Hrs	All the icons are bright.	Note (3)
Life Time	100,000	Times	1500 cd/m², on/off, 1 sec dwell	Note (3)

Note:

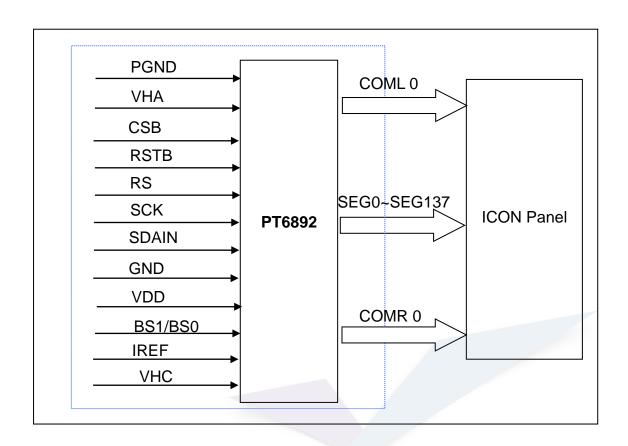
Under Ta = 25°C, 50% RH.

- (1) End of lifetime is specified as 85% of initial brightness reached.
- (2) End of lifetime is specified as 70% of initial brightness reached.
- (3) End of lifetime is specified as 50% of initial brightness reached.



7. INTERFACE

7.1 FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM





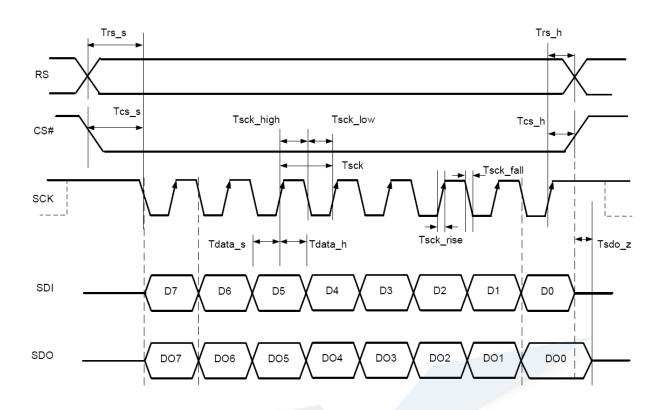
7.2 PIN ASSIGNMENTS

PIN NO PIN NAME		DECODIDATION	Setting at each interface				
PIN NO	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION	8080	SPI	IIC		
1	PGND	It is ground pin for power domain (VHA, VHC).					
2	NC	This is a reserved pin. It should be kept NC.					
3	VHA	This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip to drive anode (For OLED panel).					
4	NC	This is a reserved pin. It should be kept NC.					
5	CSB	This pin is the chip select input. (Active LOW).		CS#	Low		
6	RSTB	This pin is low-pulse reset input.		Reset	Reset		
7	RS	This pin is Data/Command control pin.		RS	SA0		
8	SCK	serial clock input		SCK	SCK		
9	SDAN	serial data input	NC	SDI	SDA		
10	GND	This is ground pin for power domain (VDD).	NC				
11	VDD	This is Logic power input.					
12	BS0	This pin is MCU interface selection input.		Low	Low		
13	BS1	This pin is MCU interface selection input.		Low	High		
14	IREF	This is reference current pin.					
15	NC	This is a reserved pin. It should be kept NC.					
16	VHC	This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip to drive cathode.					
17	NC	This is a reserved pin. It should be kept NC.)				
18	PGND	It is ground pin for power domain (VHA, VHC).					

Note

- (1) Low is connected to GND
- (2) High is connected to VDD
- (3) SA0 is slave address.

7.3 INTERFACE TIMING CHART OF SPI

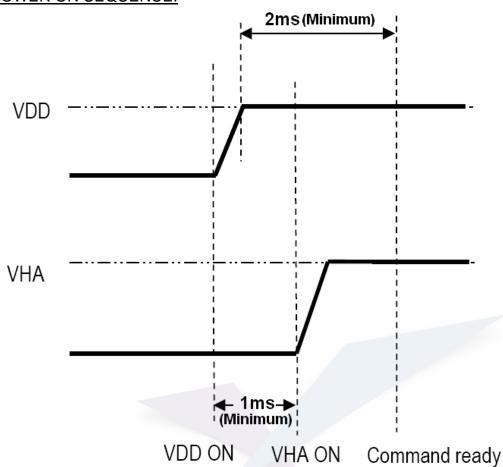


Item	Description	V _{DD} =3.0 ~ 3.3V			V _{DD} =1.65 ~ 3.0V			Units
iteiii	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Ullits
Tsck	Clock cycle time	40	50	-	140	175	-	ns
Trs_s / Trs_h	RS setup & hold time	20/20	-	-	70/70	-	-	ns
Tcs_s / Tcs_h	CS# setup & hold time	20/20		-	70/70	-	-	ns
Tdata_s / Tdata_h	Data setup & hold time	20/20	-	-	70/70	-	-	ns
Tsck_low / Tsck_high	-	20/20	-		70/70	-	-	ns
Tsck_rise / Tsck_fall				15/15	-	-	15/15	ns
Tsdo_z	SDO output hi-Z	-	-	40	-	-	140	ns

8. POWER ON / OFF SEQUENCE & APPLICATION CIRCUIT

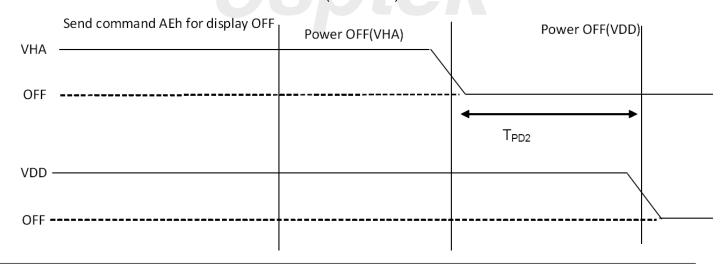
8.1 POWER ON AND OFF SEQUENCE

POWER ON SEQUENCE:

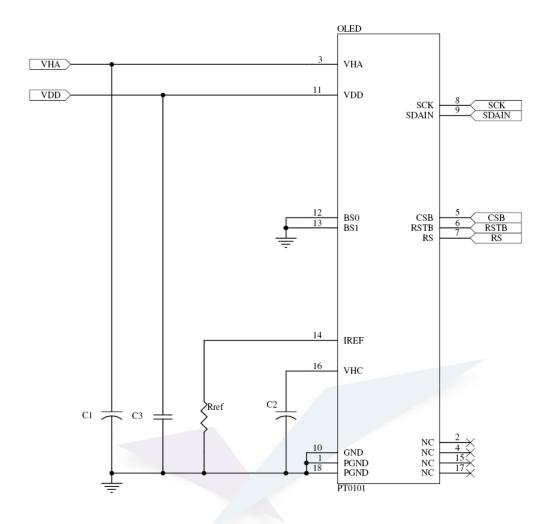


POWER OFF SEQUENCE:

- 1. Send command 0xAE for display OFF
- 2. Power OFF (VHA)
- 3. Power OFF VDD after T_{PD2}=0ms (Minimum)



8.2 APPLICATION CIRCUIT



Recommend components:

C1, C2: 2.2uF/25V

C3: 0.1uF/16V

Rref: 47K ohm / 1% (0603)

Note:

- 1. The circuit is for SPI interface.
- 2. Please refer to PT0101 application note for IIC circuit.

8.3 COMMAND TABLE

Refer to IC Spec.: PT6892

9. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS

No.	Items	Specification	Quantity
1	Room temp. (Operation)	25°C, 500hrs, turn on⇔turn off, 9sec dwell	5
2	High temp. / High humidity (Non-operation)	65°C, 90%RH, 240hrs	5
3	Vibration	Frequency: 5~50HZ, 0.5G Scan rate: 1 oct/min Time: 2 hrs/axis Test axis: X, Y, Z	1 Carton
4	Drop	Height: 120cm Sequence : 1 angle \ 3 edges and 6 faces Cycles: 1	1 Carton
5	ESD (Non-operation)	Air discharge model, ±8kV, 10 times	5

Test and measurement conditions

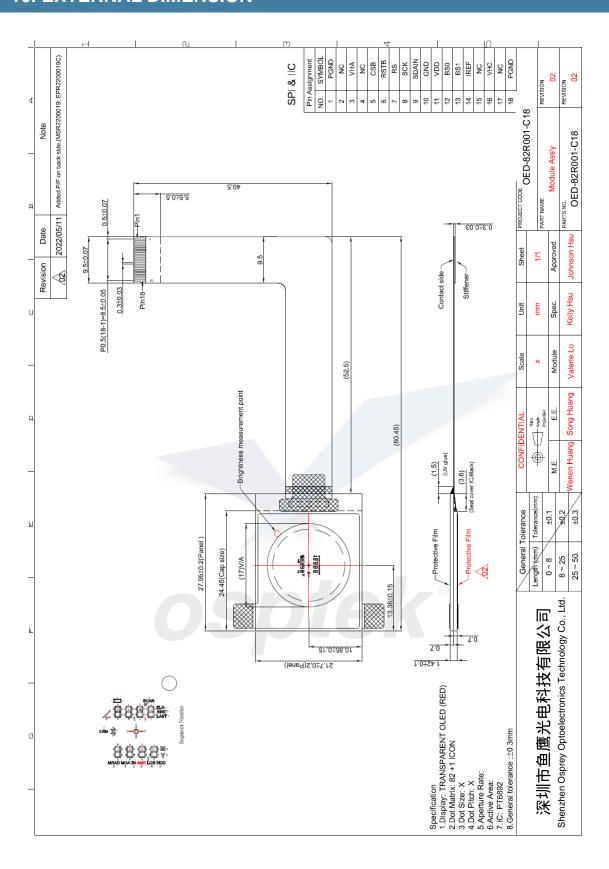
1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability.

Evaluation criteria

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.



10. EXTERNAL DIMENSION



11. PACKING SPECIFICATION

TBD



12. OUTGOING INSPECTION PROVISION

1. 抽樣方法 / SAMPLING METHOD

(1) MIL-STD-1916 / 驗證水準 level III / 正常檢驗 / 單次樣品檢驗 MIL-STD-1916 / inspection level III / normal inspection / single sample inspection

(2) 主要缺陷 Level III; 次要缺陷 Level II Major Level III; Minor Level II

		MIL-ST	TD-1916	樣本代字	型期限表				
批量	驗證水準(VL)								
加里	VII	VI	V	IV	III	II	I		
2 ~ 170	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		
171 ~ 288	A	Α	A	A	A	A	В		
289 ~ 544	A	A	A	A	A	В	С		
545 ~ 960	A	A	A	A	В	С	D		
961 ~ 1632	A	Α	A	В	С	D	Е		
$1633 \sim 3072$	A	Α	В	С	D	Е	Е		
3073 ~ 5440	A	В	C	D	Е	Е	Е		
5441 ~ 9216	В	С	D	Е	Е	Е	Е		
9217 ~ 17408	С	D	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е		
$17409 \sim 30720$	D	E	Е	Е	Е	Е	Е		
≥ 30721	Е	Е	Е	E	Е	E	Е		

achtal/®									
樣本				驗證水	準(VL)				
代字	Т	VII	VI	٧	IV	Ш	II	I	
(CL)		樣本大小							
Α	3072	1280	512	192	80	32	12	5	
В	4096	1536	640	256	96	40	16	6	
С	5120	2048	768	320	128	48	20	8	
D	6144	2560	1024	384	160	64	24	10	
E	8192	3072	1280	512	192	80	32	12	

2. 檢驗條件 / INSPECTION CONDITION

檢查和測量在下列條件下進行的,除非另有規定。

The inspection and meaurement are performed under the following conditions, unless otherwise specified.

溫度 / Temperature: 25±5°C 濕度 / Humidity: 50±10%R.H.

壓力 / Pressure: 860~1060hPa (mbar)

檢驗員拿的面板和眼睛之間的距離 / Distance between the panel and

eyes of the inspector \geq 30cm



3. 品質檢驗規格 / SPECIFICATION FOR QUALITY CHECK

3.1缺陷分類 / DEFECT CLASSIFICATION

器手座	おして日	/c.tr 17/7	注字十
嚴重度	檢驗項目	缺陷 Defeat	備註
Severity	Inspection Item	Defect // 何時二	Remark
主要缺陷	1. 面板	(1) 無顯示	
Major	Panel	Non-displaying	
Defect		(2) 線缺陷	
		Line defects	
		(3) 故障	
		Malfunction	
		(4) 玻璃破損	
		Glass cracked	
	2. 軟板	(1) 軟板尺寸超規	不能組裝
	Film	Film dimension out of	Can not be
		specification	assembled
	3. 尺寸	(1) 外形尺寸超規	
	Dimension	Outline dimension out	
		of specification	
次要缺陷	1. 面板	(1) 玻璃刮傷	
Minor	Panel	Glass scratch	
Defect		(2) 玻璃切割異常	
		Glass cutting NG	
		(3) 玻璃崩邊、崩角	
		Glass chip	
	2. 偏光板	(1) 偏光板刮傷	
	Polarizer	Polarizer scratch	
		(2) 表面汙漬	外觀缺陷
		Stains on surface	Appearance
		(3) 偏光板氣泡	defect
		Polarizer bubbles	
	3. 顯示	(1) 暗點、亮點、髒污	
	Displaying	Dim spot Bright spot dust	
	4. 軟板	(1) 損傷	
	Film	Damage	
		(2) 異物	
		Foreign material	

3.2 出貨規格 / OUTGOING SPECIFICATION

項目	養規格 / OUTGOING 描述	標準	允收 水準		
Item	Description	Criterion			
I. 面板	1.玻璃刮傷		AQL 次要		
Panel	Glass scratch	寬 / Width 長 / Length 容許個數 (mm) number of W L pieces permitted	Minor		
		W≦0.03 忽略 忽略 Ignore Ignore			
		0.03< W≦0.05 L≦1 1			
		0.05< W 無 None			
		顯示區外 2mm 2mm 2mm 2mm 2mm 2mm 2mm 2mm 2mm 2m			
	O T-1-1-27-1-1-1-1	(A) 711/2 / Out 1	- 		
	2. 玻璃破損 Glass crack	(1) 裂紋 / Crack 擴展裂紋是不能接受的。 Propagation crack is not acceptable.	主要 Major		
	3. 玻璃崩邊、崩角 Glass chip	(1) 崩角 / Chip on corner	次要 Minor		
	0.	S 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
		(2) 崩邊 / Chip on edge			

						41h
項目	描述	標準			ん 火 準	
Item	Description	Criterion				八年 AQL
 I. 面板	3. 玻璃崩邊、崩角					
Panel	Glass chip	崩角 Chip on corner	Size (mm)	崩邊 Chip on edge	Size (mm)	次要 Minor
		Х	≦1.5	X	≦3.0	
		Y	≦2.0	Υ	≦1.0	
		Z	≦t	Z	≦t	
			「能接受的。 nto the ITO			
	4. 尺寸	請參閱圖紙的規範。				主要
	Dimension	Refer to the drawing of the spec				Major
Ⅱ. 偏光板	1.刮傷	點狀按照"項目 II-3 偏光板氣泡"的標準。 Spot type in accordance with the criteria of "Item II-3. Polarizer bubble". 線狀按照"項目 I-1 玻璃刮傷"的標準。				次要
Polarizer	Scratch					Minor
	Line type in accordance with the criteria of "Item I-1. Glass scratch".					
	2. 表面汙漬 Stains on surface	表面汙漬無法用軟布或類似的清潔物輕輕擦拭 去除。 Stains cannot be removed even when wiped lightly with a soft cloth or similar cleaning.				次要 Minor
	3. 偏光板氣泡	(mm)				
	Polarizer bubble	S	ਰੋਜ਼ Size D≦0.2	容許個 number pieces per 忽略	of mitted	次要 Minor
				Ignor		
		0.2<0	⊅≦0.5	2		
		0.5<	Þ	0		
		顯	示區外	忽略		
		beyo	ond A.A.	Ignor	Э	

			允收	
項目	描述	標準		
Item	Description	Criterion	水準	
III ==================================	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AQL	
III. 顯示 Distal	1. 耗電	該模組的工作電流消耗不應超出產品規格書的	主要	
Displaying	Power	規範。	Major	
	consumption	The module operating current consumption		
		should not go beyond the standard indicated in Product Specification		
		顯示像素的尺寸的公差應規格的±25%之內。	次要	
	Pixel size	The tolerance of display pixel dimension	Minor	
		should be within ±25% of specification.		
		依據產品規格。	主要	
	Color	Refer to the product specification.	Major	
	4. 亮度	依據產品規格。	主要	
	Luminance	Refer to the product specification.	Major	
	5. 暗點、亮點 、	1.黑點-圓點	次要	
	髒污	平均直徑 容許個數	Minor	
	Dimming	Average diameter number of		
	spot · Lighting	D:(mm) pieces permitted		
	spot · Dust	忽略不計		
		D ≦0.010		
		>0.15mm 以上		
		0.010 < D 不可有		
		D (巨)自士/丽 、 村)自士/丽) /0		
		D=(長邊直徑 + 短邊直徑)/2		
		D=(long diameter + short diameter)/2 像素暗點是不允許。		
		Pixel off is not allowed.		
		2.黑點-橢圓長型	次要	
		平均直徑容許個數	Minor	
		Average diameter number of		
		D:(mm) pieces permitted		
		忽略不計		
		W ≦0.015 Ignore		
		H ≦0.005 但兩點距離需		
		>0.15mm 以上		
		0.015 < W 不可有		
		0.005 < H		

項目	描述	標準	允收
Item	Description	Criterion	水準
	-		AQL
	5. 暗點、亮點 、	3.其他	次要
	髒污	平均直徑 容許個數	Minor
	Dimming	Average diameter number of	
	spot Lighting	D:(mm) pieces permitted	
	spot · Dust	忽略不計	
		W ≦0.025 Ignore	
		H ≦0.010 但兩點距離需	
		>0.15mm 以上	
		0.025 < W 不可有	
		0.010 < H	
		1 × 2 × 2 × 2	
IV. 軟板	1. 尺寸	軟板尺寸超規。	主要
Film	Dimension	Film dimension out of Spec.	Major
	2. 損傷	破損;深刮傷;深摺痕;深壓痕或其他損害是	次要
	Damage	不能接受的。	Minor
	_ = ==================================	Crack; deep scratch; deep fold; deep	
		pressure mark or other damage is not	
		acceptable.	
	3. 異物	導電異物附著在導線,軟板和玻璃之間的異物	次要
	Foreign	是不能接受的。	Minor
	material	Conductive foreign material sticking to the	
		leads, foreign material between film and	
		glass are not acceptable.	
L		<u> </u>	l

APPENDIX 1: DEFINITIONS

A. DEFINITION OF CHROMATICITY COORDINATE

The chromaticity coordinate is defined as the coordinate value on the CIE 1931 color chart for R, G, B, W.

B. DEFINITION OF CONTRAST RATIO

The contrast ratio is defined as the following formula:

C. DEFINITION OF RESPONSE TIME

The definition of turn-on response time Tr is the time interval between a pixel reaching 10% of steady state luminance and 90% of steady state luminance. The definition of turn-off response time Tf is the time interval between a pixel reaching 90% of steady state luminance and 10% of steady state luminance. It is shown in Figure 2.

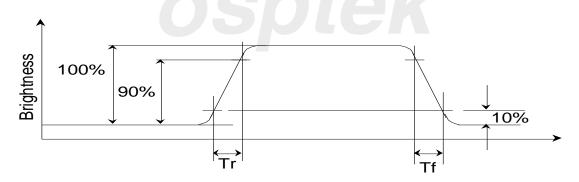


Figure 2 Response time

D. DEFINITION OF VIEWING ANGLE

The viewing angle is defined as Figure 3. Horizontal and vertical (H & V) angles are determined for viewing directions where luminance varies by 50% of the perpendicular value.

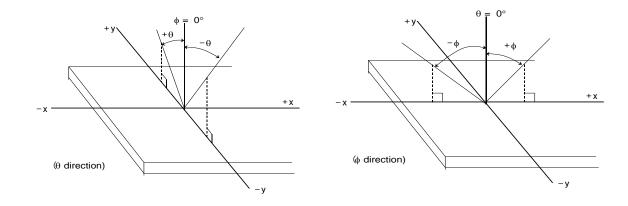


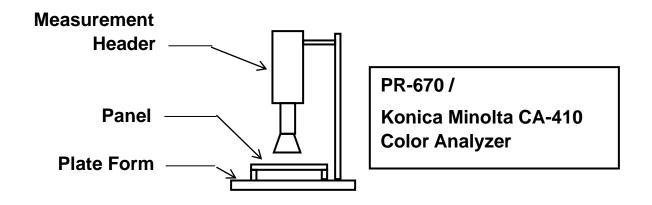
Figure 3 Viewing angle



APPENDIX 2: MEASUREMENT APPARATUS

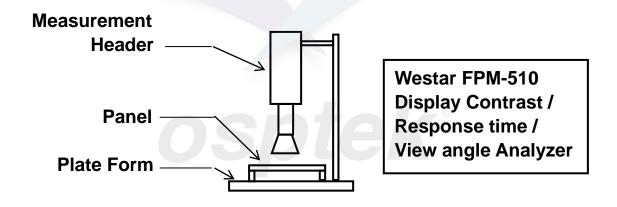
A. LUMINANCE/COLOR COORDINATE

PHOTO RESEARCH PR-670, Konica Minolta CA-410

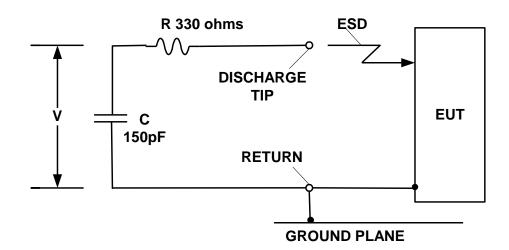


B. CONTRAST / RESPONSE TIME / VIEWING ANGLE

WESTAR CORPORATION FPM-510



C. ESD ON AIR DISCHARGE MODE





APPENDIX 3: PRECAUTIONS FOR USING THE OLED MODULE

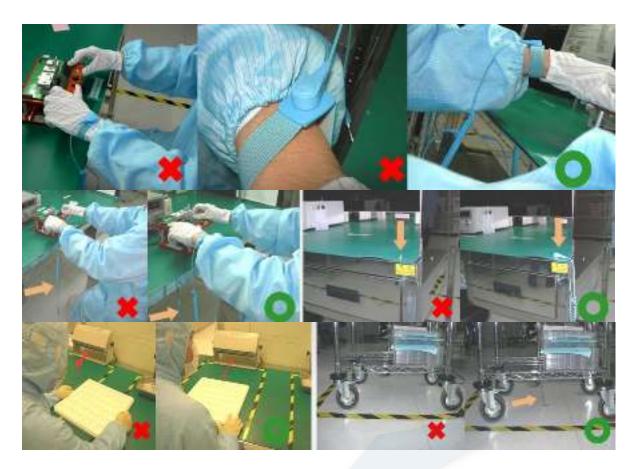
Precautions for Handling

1. When handling the module, wear powder-free anti static rubber finger cots/ anti-static clothing, anti-static gloves, antistatic wrist strap and anti-static shoes

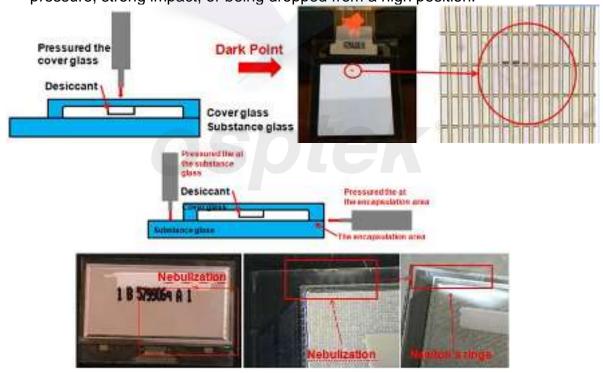
The environment should dispose the static elimination blower, anti-static pad, anti-static chair, and anti-static floor. The humidity maintains usually more than 40%



2. The OLED module is an electronic component and is subject to damage caused by Electro Static Discharge (ESD). And hence normal ESD precautions must be taken when handling it. Also, appropriate ESD protective environment must be administered and maintained in the production line. When handling and assembling the panel, wear an antistatic wrist strap with the alligator clip attached to the ground to prevent ESD damage on the panel. Antistatic wrist strap should touch human body directly instead of gloves. (See below photos).



3. The OLED module is consisted of glass and film, and it should avoid pressure, strong impact, or being dropped from a high position.



4. Take out the panel one by one from the holding trays for assembly, and never put the panel on top of another one to avoid the scratch.



- 5. Avoid jerk and excessive bend on TAB/FPC/COF, and be careful not to let foreign matter or bezel damage the film.
- 6. When handling and assembling the module (panel + IC), grab the panel, not the TAB/FPC/COF.



7. Use the tweezers to open the clicks on the connector of PCB before the insertion of FPC/COF, and click them back in. Once the FPC/COF sits properly in the connector, use the tweezers to avoid the damages.



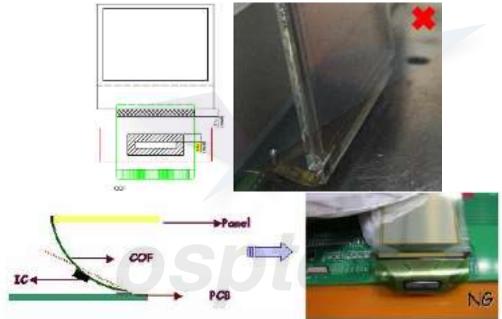




8. Please do not bend the film near the substrate glass. It could cause film peeling and TAB/FPC/COF damage. For TAB, It should bend the slit area as actual OLED it is. For FPC or COF, it is suggested to follow below pictures for instruction (distance between substrate glass and bending area >1.5mm; R>0.5mm).



9. Avoid bending the film at IC bonding area. It could damage the IC ILB bonding. It should avoid bending the IC seal area. Please keep the bending distance >1.5mm.



Use finger to insert COF /FPC into the connector when assembling the panel. Please refer to the photo.



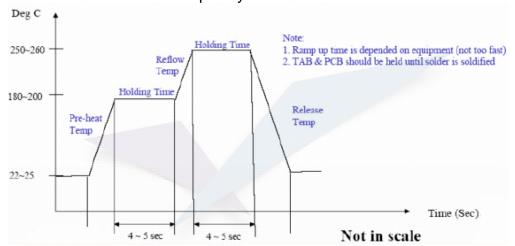
COF: Use both thumbs



- 10. Do not wipe the pin of film and polarizer with the dry or hard materials that will damage the surface. When cleaning the display surface, use the soft cloth with solvent, IPA or alcohol, to clean.
- 11. Protection film is applied to the surface of OLED panel to avoid the scratch. Please remove the protective film before assembling it. If the OLED panel has been stored for a long time, the residue adhesive material of the protective film may remain on the display surface after remove the protective film. Please use the soft cloth with solvent, IPA or alcohol, to clean.
- 12. When hand or hot-bar soldering TAB/FPC onto PCB, make sure the temperature and timing profiles to meet the requirements of soldering specification (the specification depends on the application or optimized by customer) to prevent the damage of IC pins by inappropriate soldering, and also avoid the high temperature to damage the Organic light-emitting materials.



- 13. Solder residues arise from soldering process have to be cleaned up thoroughly before the module assembly.
- 14. Use the voltage and current settings listed in the specification to do the function test after the module assembly.
- 15. Suggestion for soldering process:
 - i. TAB Lead- free soldering hot bar process
 - 1. Use pulse heated bonding tool equipment
 - 2. Material: Sn/Ag/Cu lead-free solder paste with typical 25um thickness on PCB pad. The TAB pin size and shape may be different, please base on the production line to adjust the thickness of PCB pad and temperature.S
 - 3. Bonding Force:--4kg per centimeter square as the starting point.
 - 4. Suggested bonding tool temperature & time profile is as below for reference. Since there are differences in TAB soldering pins, soldering technicians' skills, mechanism...etc., the soldering conditions must be adequately tuned.



- ii. TAB Lead- free soldering wire process
 In case of manual soldering (Lead- free solder wire)
 - 1. Solder wire contact iron directly: 280±5°C at 3-5secs
 - 2. Solder wire contact TAB lead directly (near iron but not contact): 380±5 °C, 3-5secs
 - 3. Since there are differences in TAB soldering pins, soldering technicians' skills, mechanism...etc., the soldering conditions must be adequately tuned.
- iii. High temperature will result in rapid heat conduction to IC and might cause damage to IC, so please keep the temperature below 380°C. Also, avoid damaging the polyimide and solder resist which might take place at high temperatures. Refold cycles base on the de-soldering status, if the plating of pin was damaged, it can not be used again.

Precautions for Electrical

1. Design using the settings in the specification

It is very important to design and operate the panel using the settings listed in the specification. It includes voltage, current, frame rate and duty cycle... etc. Operation the OLED outside the range of the specification should be entirely avoided to ensure proper operation of the OLED.

2. Maximum Ratings

To ensure the proper operation of the panel, never design the panel with parameters running over the maximum ratings listed in the specification. Also the logic voltages such as VIL and VIH have to be within the specified range in the specification to prevent any improper operation of the panel.

3. Power on/off procedure

To avoid any inadvertent effects resulting from inappropriate power on/off operations, please follow the directions of power on/off procedure in the section 8.1.

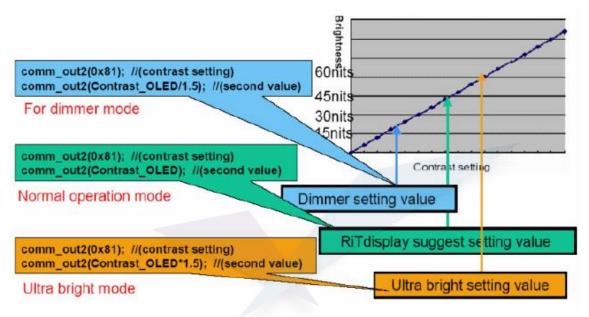
Any operation that does not comply with the procedure could cause permanent damage of the IC and should be avoided. When the logic power is not on, do not activate any input signal. Abrupt shutdown of power to the module, while the OLED panel is on, would cause OLED panel malfunction.



4. Power savings

To save power consumption of the OLED, please use partial display or sleep mode when the panel is not fully activated. Also, if possible, make the black background to save power.

The OLED is a self-luminous device and a particular pixel cluster or image can be lit on via software control. So power savings can be achieved by partial display or dimming down the luminance. Depending on the application, the user can choose among Ultra Bright Mode, Normal Operation Mode, and Sleeping Mode. The power consumption is almost in directly proportion to the brightness of the panel, and also in directly proportion to the number of pixels lit on the panel. The customer can save the power by the use of black background and sleeping mode. One benefit from using these design schemes is the extension of the OLED lifetime.



5. Adjusting the luminance of the panel

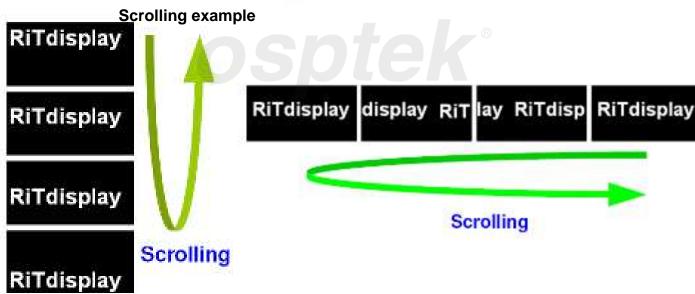
Although there are a couple of ways to adjust the luminance of the panel, it is strongly recommended that the customer change the contrast setting to adjust the luminance of the panel. Adjusting voltages to achieve desired luminance is not allowed. Be aware that the adjustment of luminance would accompany the change of lifetime of the panel and its power consumption as well.

6. Residual Image (Image Sticking)

The OLED is a self-emissive device. As with other self-emissive device or displays consisting of self-emissive pixels, when a static image frozen for a long period of time is changed to another one with all-pixels-on background, residual image or image sticking is noticed by the human eye. Image sticking is due to the luminance difference or contrast between the pixels that were previously turned on and the pixels that are newly turned on. Image sticking depends on the luminance decay curve of the display. The slower the decay, the less prominent the image sticking is. It is strongly recommended that the user employ the following four strategies to minimize image sticking.

- 1. <u>Employ image scrolling or animation</u> to even out the lit-on time of each and every pixel on the display, also could use sleeping mode for reduced the residual image and extend the power capacity.
- 2. <u>Minimize the use of all-pixels-on or full white background</u> in their application because when the panel is turned on full white, the image sticking from previously shown patterns is the most revealing. Black background is the best for power savings, greatest visibility, eye appealing, and dazzling displays.
- 3. Avoid displaying the characters or menu with high brightness level in a fix position for a long time or repeatedly. If necessary, using the auto fadeout technology.
- 4. If a static logo is used in the reliability test, change the pattern into its inverse (i.e., turn off the while pixels and turn on the previously unlit pixels) and freeze the inverse pattern as long as the original logo is used, so every pixel on the panel can be lit on for about the same time to minimize image sticking, caused by the differential turn-on time between the original and its reverse patterns.

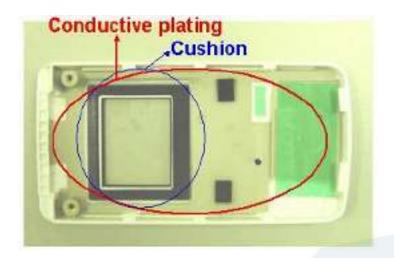




Precautions for Mechanical

1. Cushion or Buffer tape on the cover glass

It is strongly recommended to have a cushion or buffer tape to apply on the panel backside and front side when assembling OLED panel into module to protect it from damage due to excessive extraneous forces.



It is recommended that a plating conductive layer be used in the housing for EMI/EMC protection. And, the enough space should be reserved for the IC placement if the IC thickness is thicker than the TAB film when customer design the PCB.

2. Avoid excessive bending of film when handling or designing the panel into the product

The bending of TAB/COF/FPC has to follow the precautions indicated in the specification, extra bending or excessive extraneous forces should be avoided to minimize the chances of film damage. If bending the film is necessary, please bend the designated bending area only. Please refer to items 8 and 9 of Precautions for Handling for more information.

Precautions for Storage and Reliability Test

1. Storage

Store the packed cartons or packages at 25°C±5°C, 55%±10%RH. Do not store the OLED module under direct sunlight or UV light. For best panel performance, unpack the cartons and start the production of the panels within six months after the reception of them.

2. Reliability Test

OSPTEK only guarantees the reliability of the OLEDs under the test conditions and durations listed in the specification.

