



## NTE30120 Super Bright LED Indicator Super Purple, 3mm

## Features:

- Low Power Consumption
- High Efficiency
- Versatile Mounting on P.C. Board or Panel
- Low Current Requirement
- Reliable and Robust

## **Applications:**

- TV Sets
- Monitor
- Telephone

- Computer
- Circuit Board

<b>Absolute Maximum Ratings:</b> (T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C unless otherwise specified)	
Power Dissipation, P <sub>D</sub>	120mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10th Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width), I <sub>FM</sub>	100mA
Continuous Forward Current, I <sub>F</sub>	20mA
Reverse Voltage, V <sub>R</sub>	
Operating Temperature Range, Topr35	° to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range, T <sub>stq</sub> 40°	
Lead Temperature (During Soldering, 3mm from Body, 5sec Max), T <sub>L</sub>	

## **Electrical Optical Characteristics:** $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C \text{ unless otherwise specified})$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Luminous Intensity	I <sub>V</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	60	75	-	mcd
View Angle of Half Power	2 θ <sub>1/2</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	_	25	-	deg
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ <sub>P</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	_	400	-	nm
Dominant Emission Wavelength	$\lambda_{d}$	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	_	-	-	nm
Full Width at Half Max	Δλ	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	_	12.4	-	nm
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA	_	3.3	4.0	V
Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = 5V	_	-	10	μΑ

- Note 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
- Note 2.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- Note 3. The dominant wavelength ( $\lambda_d$ ) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength, which defines the color of the device.

