NR120E series

eneral Descriptions

The NR120E series is buck regulator ICs integrates High-side power MOSFET. With the current mode control, ultra low ESR capacitors such as ceramic capacitors can be used. The ICs have protection functions such as Over-Current Protection (OCP), Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) and Thermal Shutdown (TSD). An adjustable Soft-Start by an external capacitor prevents the excessive inrush current at turn-on. The ICs integrate phase compensation circuit which reduces the number of external components and simplifies the design of customer application. The ON/OFF pin (EN Pin) turns the regulator on or off and helps to achieve low power consumption requirements. The NR120E series is available in an 8-pin SOIC package with an exposed thermal pad on the back side.

Features & Benefits

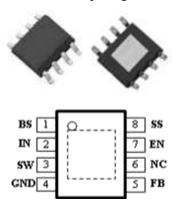
- Current mode PWM control
- Up to 94% efficiency
- Stable with low ESR ceramic output capacitors
- Built-in protection function Over Current Protection (OCP) Thermal Shutdown (TSD) Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)
- Built-in phase compensation
- Adjustable Soft-Start with an external capacitor

C10: 0.1µF

• Turn ON/OF the regulator function

Package

• Exposed SOIC 8
Thermally enhanced 8-Pin package



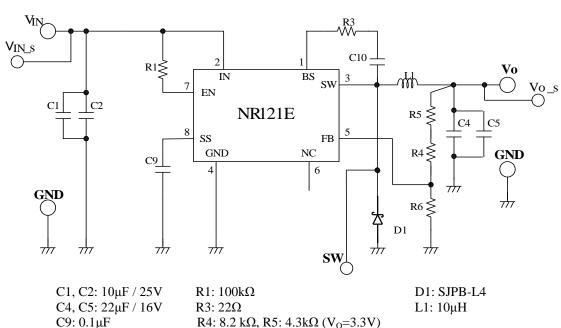
Electrical Characteristics

- 3A output current
- Operating input range $V_{IN} = 4.5 V \sim 18 V$
- Output adjustable $V_0 = 0.8V \sim 14V$
- Fixed 350kHz frequency

Applications

- LCD TV / Blu-Ray / Set top box
- Green Electronic products
- Other power supply

Typical Application Circuit



R6: 3.9kΩ

Series Lineup

Product No.	f_{SW}	V_{IN}	V_{O}		I_{O}	
NR121E	350kHz	4.5V to 18V	(1)	0.8V to 14V	(2)	3A

⁽¹⁾ The minimum input voltage shall be either of 4.5V or V_O+3V , whichever is higher. (2) The I/O condition limited by the Minimum on-time ($T_{ON(MIN)}$).

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	embol Ratings		Conditions	
DC input voltage		V _{IN}	20	V		
Power dissipation	(3)	P_{D}	1.76	W	Glass-epoxy board mounting in a 30×30mm. (copper area in a 25×25mm) Max T _J =150°C	
Junction temperature	(4)	T_{J}	-40 to 150	°C		
Storage temperature		T_S	-40 to 150	°C		
Thermal resistance (junction- Pin No. 4)		$\theta_{ m JP}$	26	°C /W		
Thermal resistance (junction-ambient air)		θ_{JA}	71	°C /W	Glass-epoxy board mounting in a 30×30mm. (copper area in a 25×25mm)	

⁽³⁾ Limited by thermal shutdown.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Ромототом	Crymb ol	Rati	ngs	Units	Conditions
Parameter	Symbol	MIN	MAX	Units	
DC input voltage	V _{IN}	Vo+3	18	V	
DC output current	Τ	0	3.0	A	
Output voltage	Vo	0.8	14	V	
Ambient operating temperature (5)	Тор	-40	85	°C	

⁽⁵⁾ The minimum value of input voltage is taken as the larger one of either 4.5V or $V_0 + 3V$.

⁽⁴⁾ The temperature detection of thermal shutdown is about 160°C

In the case of $V_{\rm IN}\!\!=\!\!V_O\!+\!1\!\sim\!V_O\!+\!3V$, it is set to $I_O\!=\!Max.~2A$ (6) Recommended circuit refers to Typical Application Circuit.

⁽⁷⁾To be used within the allowable package power dissipation characteristics

Electrical Characteristics

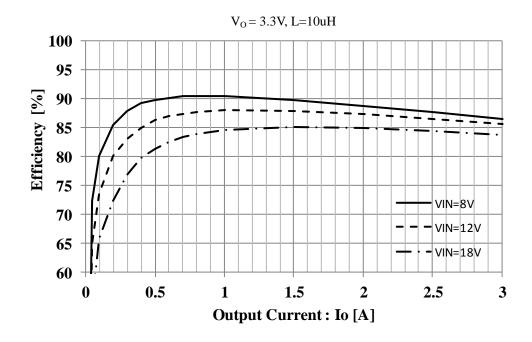
 $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

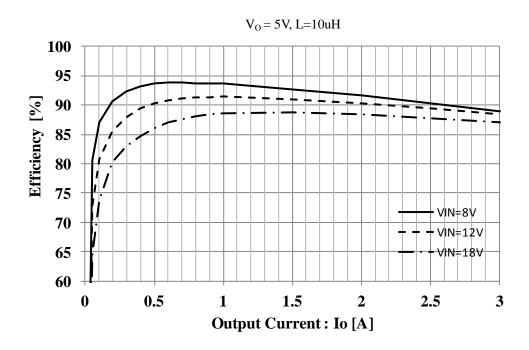
	<u> </u>	actoristics		1					1a = 25 C
Parameter				Symbol	Ratings			Units	Test conditions
				Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Units	Test conditions
Reference voltage			V_{REF}	0.784	0.800	0.816	V	$V_{IN} = 12V, I_{O} = 1.0A$	
Output voltage temperature coefficient			$\angle V_{REF}/\angle T$	_	±0.05	_	mV/°C	$V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_{O} = 1.0A$ -40°C to +85°C	
Switching frequency	Switching NR121E			f_{SW}	280	350	420	kHz	$V_{IN} = 12V, V_O = 3.3V,$ $I_O = 1A$
Line regulatio	n		(8)	V_{Line}	_	50		mV	$V_{IN} = 6.3V \sim 18V,$ $V_O = 3.3V, I_O = 1A$
Load regulation		(8)	V_{Load}	_	50	_	mV	$V_{IN} = 12V, V_O = 3.3V,$ $I_O = 0.1A \sim 3.0A$	
Over current pr threshold	otectio	on		I_S	3.1	_	6.0	A	$V_{IN} = 12V, V_o = 3.3V$
Supply Current			I_{IN}	_	6	_	mA	$V_{IN}=12V$ $V_{EN}=10k\Omega$ pull up to V_{IN}	
Shutdown Supply Current			$I_{ m IN(off)}$	0	_	10	μΑ	$V_{IN} = 12V, I_{O} = 0A, V_{EN} = 0V$	
Source current at low level SS Pin voltage			$I_{\rm EN/SS}$	6	10	14	μА	V _{SS} =0V, V _{IN} =12V	
		High level voltage		$V_{\rm SSH}$	_	3.0	_	V	V _{IN} =12V
Sink current		current		I_{EN}		50	100	μΑ	$V_{EN}=10V$
EN Pin	Thre	Threshold voltage		V _{C/EH}	0.7	1.4	2.1	V	$V_{IN} = 12V$
Max on-duty		(8)	D_{MAX}		90		%		
Minimum on-time NR121E		(8) (9)	T _{ON(MIN)}	_	150	_	nsec		
Thermal shutdown threshold temperature		(8)	TSD	151	165	_	°C		
Thermal shutdown restart hysteresis of temperature		(8)	TSD_hys	—	20	_	°C		

⁽⁸⁾ Guaranteed by design, not tested.
(9) The I/O characteristic are limited by the T_{ON(MIN)}.

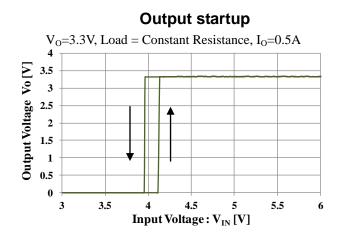
NR120E series

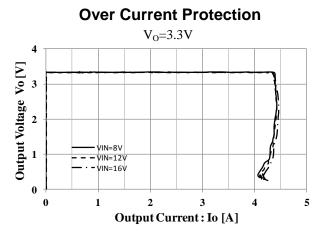
Typical Performance Characteristics NR121E Typical Performance Characteristics Efficiency



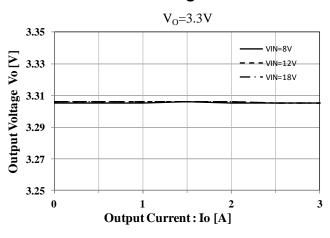


NR121E Typical Performance Characteristics

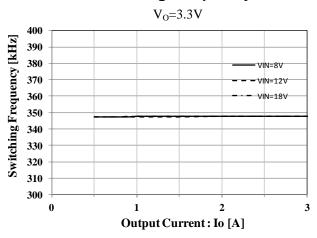




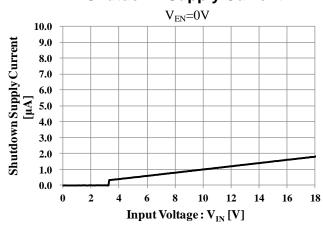
Load Regulation



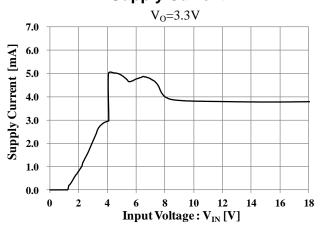
Switching Frequency



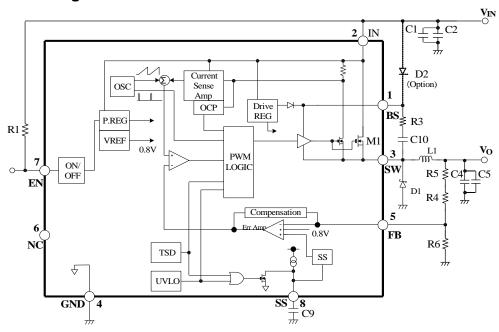
Shutdown Supply Current



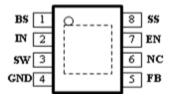
Supply Current



Functional Block Diagram



Pin Assignments & Functions

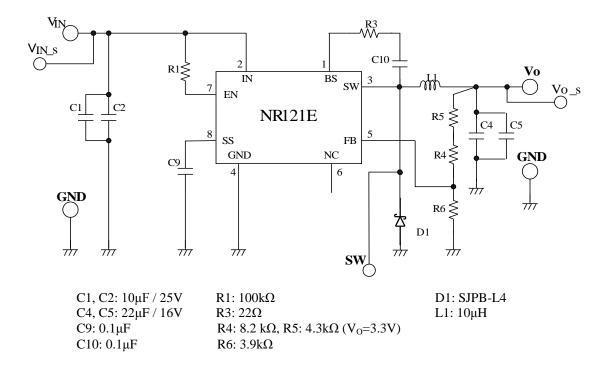


Pin Assignments

Pin Functions

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	BS	High-side Boost input. BS supplies the drive for High-side Nch-MOSFET switch. Connect a capacitor and a resistor between SW to BS.
2	IN	Power input. IN supplies the power to the IC.as well as the regulator switches
3	SW	Power switching output. SW supplies power to the output. Connect the LC filter from SW to the output. Note that a capacitor is required from SW to BS to supply the power the High-side switch
4	GND	Ground Connect the exposed pad to Pin No.4
5	FB	Feedback input Pin to compare Reference Voltage. The feedback threshold is 0.8V. To set the output voltage, FB Pin is required to connect between resistive voltage divider R1 and R2.
6	NC	No Connection.
7	EN	Enable input. Drive EN Pin high to turn on the regulator, low to turn it off.
8	SS	Soft-Start control input. To set the soft-start period, connect to a capacitor between GND.

Typical Application Circuit



External Components Design Guide

(1)Diode D1

• The schottky-barrier diode must be used for D1. If other diodes like fast recovery diodes are used, IC may be damaged because of the reverse voltage applied by the recovery voltage or ON voltage.

(2)Choke coil L1

- If the winding resistance of the choke coil is too high, the efficiency may go down to the extent that it is out of the rating.
- As the start current of the over current protection is approximately 4A, attention must be paid to the heating of the choke coil by the magnetic saturation due to overload or short-circulated load.

(3)Capacitor C1(C2), C4(C5), C9

- As large ripple currents across C1 (C2) and C4 (C5), capacitors with high frequency and low impedance for SMPS must be used. Especially when the impedance of C4 (C5) is high, the switching waveform may not be normal at low temperature.
- C9 is a capacitor for soft start. In case soft start function is not used, please keep No.2 Pin open.

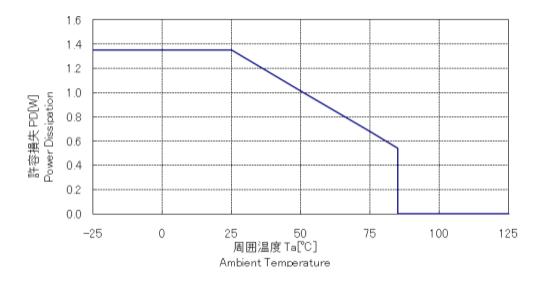
(4)Resistor R4, R5, R6

• R4, R5, R6 are resistor to the Output Voltage. I_{ADJ} is required to set to 0.2mA. R4, R5, R6 are calculated by the equation (1).

$$R4 + R5 = \frac{(V_O - V_{FB})}{I_{ADJ}} = \frac{(V_O - 0.8)}{0.2 \times 10^{-3}} (\Omega), \quad R6 = \frac{V_{FB}}{I_{ADJ}} = \frac{0.8}{0.2 \times 10^{-3}} \stackrel{\rightleftharpoons}{=} 4.0 \text{k}(\Omega) \qquad ----- (1)$$

In order to have optimum operating condition, each component must be connected with the minimum distance.

Allowable package power dissipation



NOTES

- 1) Glass-epoxy board mounting in a 30×30mm
- 2) copper area: 25×25mm
- 3) The power dissipation is calculated at the junction temperature 125 °C
- 4) Losses can be calculated by the following equation. As the efficiency is subject to the input voltage and output current, it shall be obtained from the efficiency curve and substituted in percent
- 5) Thermal design for D1 shall be made separately.

$$P_D = V_O \cdot I_O \left(\frac{100}{\eta x} - 1\right) - V_F \cdot I_O \left(1 - \frac{V_O}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

Vo: Output voltage

V_{IN}: Input voltage

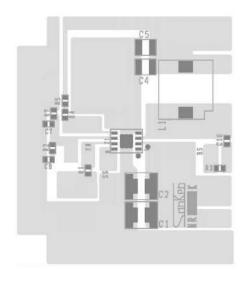
I_O: Output current

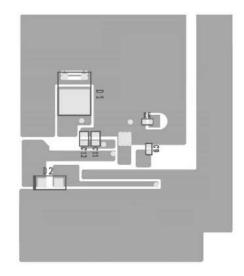
 η x: Efficiency(%)

V_F: Diode forward voltage SJPB-L4…0.55V(I_O=3A)

PCB Layout & Recommended Land Pattern

- (1)Each ground of all components is connected as close as possible to the Pin No.4 at one point.
- (2) To help heat dissipation, connect a large copper plane to exposed pad on the back side of the package. The copper plane is required for GND



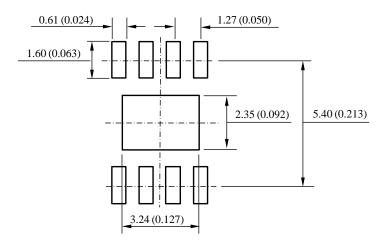


Front Side: Component Side (double sided board)

Back Side: GND Side (double sided board)

NOTES:

Real size of the PCB is 60mm×60mm



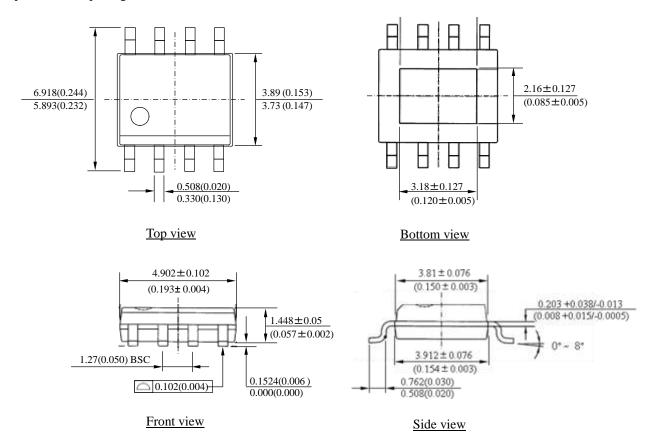
NOTES:

- 1) Dimension is in millimeters, dimension in bracket is in inches.
- 2) Drawing is not to scale.

Recommended land pattern

Package Outline

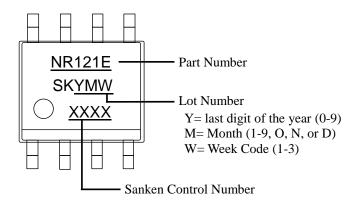
Exposed SOIC8 package



NOTES:

- 1) Dimension is in millimeters, dimension in bracket is in inches.
- 2) Drawing is not to scale.
- 3) Pb-free: Device composition comply with the RoHS directive.

Package Marking



May/16/2012

OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

Reliability can be affected adversely by improper storage environments and handling methods. Please observe the following cautions.

Cautions for Storage

- Ensure that storage conditions comply with the standard temperature (5 to 35°C) and the standard relative humidity (around 40 to 75%); avoid storage locations that experience extreme changes in temperature or humidity.
- Avoid locations where dust or harmful gases are present and avoid direct sunlight.
- Reinspect for rust on leads and solderability of products that have been stored for a long time.

Cautions for Testing and Handling

• When tests are carried out during inspection testing and other standard test periods, protect the products from power surges from the testing products, shorts between the product pins, and wrong connections. In addition, avoid tests exceeded ratings

Soldering

When soldering the products, please be sure to minimize the working time, within the following limits.

• Reflow Preheat; 180°C / 90±30s

Heat; 250°C / 10±1s (260°C peak, 2times)

• Soldering iron; $380\pm10^{\circ}$ C / 3.5 ± 0.5 s (1time)

Electrostatic Discharge

- When handling the products, the operator must be grounded. Grounded wrist straps worn should have at least $1M\Omega$ of resistance from the operator to ground to prevent shock hazard, and it should be placed near the operator.
- Workbenches where the products are handled should be grounded and be provided with conductive table and floor mats.
- When using measuring equipment such as a curve tracer, the equipment should be grounded.
- When soldering the products, the head of a soldering irons or the solder bath must be grounded in order to prevent leak voltages generated by them from being applied to the products.
- The products should always be stored and transported in Sanken shipping containers or conductive containers, or be wrapped in aluminum foil.

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