General Description

Maxim's MX584 is a temperature compensated, bandgap voltage reference which provides pin-programmable output voltages of +10.00V, +7.50V, +5.00V, and +2.50V. External components are not required for these outputs, but if other voltages are desired, they can be programmed with external resistors.

Laser trimming minimizes output error as well as temperature drift, to as low as 10mV and 15ppm/°C with the MX584K.

The input voltage range of the MX584 is 4.5V to 30V. The reference also includes a STROBE input which shuts down the reference output. Typical current drain when ON is 750 μ A. This drops to about 100 μ A when the reference is strobed OFF.

The MX584 is designed for use with 8 to 14 bit A/D and D/A converters as well as data acquisition systems. It is available in 8-lead TO-99 metal cans, plastic DIPs, CERDIPs, and small outline packages.

Applications
CMOS DAC Reference
A/D Converter Reference
Measurement Instrumentation
Data Loggers
Precision Analog Systems
Programmable Offset for PGAs



Pin Configuration

MIXIM

_ Maxim Integrated Products 1

Features

- Programmable Outputs of: +10.0V, +7.5V, +5.0V, +2.5V
- ±10mV Tolerance at +10V (MX584K)
- Low Tempco: 15ppm/°C Max. (MX584K)
- No External Component or Trims
- Short Circuit Proof
- Output Sources and Sinks Current
- 10mA Output Current

_Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PACKAGE*	ERROR
MX584JH	0°C to +70°C	TO-99 Can	±30mV
MX584KH	0°C to +70°C	TO-99 Can	±10mV
MX584JN	0°C to +70°C	Plastic DIP	±30mV
MX584KN	0°C to +70°C	Plastic DIP	±10mV
MX584JCSA	0°C to +70°C	Small Outline	±30mV
MX584KCSA	0°C to +70°C	Small Outline	±10mV
MX584JESA	-40°C to +85°C	Small Outline	±30mV
MX584KESA	-40°C to +85°C	Small Outline	±10mV
MX584JC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice	±30mV
MX584SH	-55°C to +125°C	TO-99 Can	±30mV
MX584TH	-55°C to +125°C	TO-99 Can	±10mV
MX584SQ	-55°C to +125°C	CERDIP	±30mV
MX584TQ	-55°C to +125°C	CERDIP	±10mV

*All devices—8 lead packages

___ Typical Operating Circuit



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Input Voltage V _{IN} to Common
Metal Can (Derate 6.7mW/°C above +60°C) 600mW CERDIP (Derate 8mW/°C above +75°C)
Plastic DIP (Derate 6mW/°C above +75°C) 450mW
Small Outline (Derate 5.3mW/°C above +75°C) 400mW Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 1) Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range
Commercial (J, K)
Military (S, T, U)

Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10sec)	+300°C
Dice Junction Temperature (T _J)	55°C to +150°C
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	
Metal Can	150°CW
CERDIP.	
Plastic DIP	
Small Outline	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($V_{IN} = +15V$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PAR	AMETER	SYMBOL			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
	tput Voltage Tolerance		I _L = 0mA, At Pin 1	Vout = +10V, MX584J/S MX584K/T			±30 ±10	mV
O to the last				V _{OUT} = +7.5V, MX584J/S MX584K/T			±22 ±8	
Output voitag				V _{OUT} = +5.0V, MX584J/S MX584K/T			±15 ±6	
				V _{OUT} = +2.5V, MX584J/S MX584K/T			±7.5 ±3.5	
			MX584J/S, All C	Dutputs			30	
		MX584K, All Outputs		itputs		74.94	15	1
Output Voltag			MX584KE, All C	Outputs			20	-
Temperature	Coefficient		MX584JE, All Outputs				30	ppm/°C
			MX584T, +10V,	+7.5V, +5V Out +2.5V Out			15 20	
Differential Te Between Out			1	3 5		pp m/⁰ C		
Quiescent Supply Current IQ		la	IL = OmA			750	1000	μA
Quiescent Current Tempco						1.5		μA/ºC
Turn-On Setting Time		ton	To ±1%			200		μs
Noise		enp-p	0.1Hz to 10Hz			50		μV _{p-p}
Long-Term S			(Non-Cumulative	э)		25		ppm/kHrs
Short Circuit	Current	Isc				30		mA
Line Regulation			No Load, (V _{OUT} + 2.5V) < V _{IN} < +15V +15V < V _{IN} < +30V			0.005 0.002		%N
Load Regulation			IL = 0mA to 5mA			30		ppm/mA
Output	Source	- IL		T _A = +25°C T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}	10 5			mA
Current	Sink		Vin > Vout + 2.5V	T _{MIN} to T _{MAX} , MX581J/K MX584S/T -55°C to +85°C, MX584S/T	5 0.2 5			

Note 1: Absolute maximum power dissipation must not be exceeded.

MX584

_ Typical Operating Characteristics



OUTPUT VOLTAGE V5. SINK AND SOURCE CURRENT +14 +15V 14 12 OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) 10 8 6 4 2 n -20 -15 -10 -5 0 5 10 15 20 SOURCE SINK OUTPUT CURRENT (mA)

MX584

Table 1. Programming Pin Connections

OUTPUT VOLTAGE	PROGRAMMING (OUTPUT ON PIN 1)
10V	Pins 2 and 3 are unconnected.
7.5V	Connect pins 2 and 3 together.
5.0V	Connect pins 2 and 1 together.
2.5V	Connect pins 3 and 1 together.



Figure 1. Basic Connection for Positive Outputs

Detailed Description

As shown in Figure 1, most applications of the MX584 require no external components. Connections to $+V_S$, and COMMON (COMMON is also tied to the case in the TO-99 metal package) with all other pins unconnected result in a buffered +10.00V output at pin 1. The other pretrimmed voltages are obtained by strapping pins as shown in Table 1. If one or more external buffer amplifiers are connected to the programming pins (pin 2,3), multiple outputs can be obtained from one reference.

Other Output Voltages

The MX584 can be adjusted to a different output voltage by adding one or more resistors as in Figure 2. As the diagram shows, the reference can be thought of as a 1.215V band-gap followed by a noninverting amplifier. If R1 and R2 are used alone, the adjustment range is widest but the resolution of the trim may be too coarse, even when a muti-turn trim pot is used.

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When adding external resistors, output voltages well above 10V can be obtained. R2 should therefore be chosen carefully since it sets the maximum output voltage. R2's resistance should not be so low as to jeopardized other circuits if R1 is misadjusted.

The fixed output voltages can also be varied by connecting only one resistor, as in the dashed lines in Figure 2. Connecting R3 alone raises V_{OUT} while R4 alone lowers it. These resistors (or potentiometers) must have very low temperature coefficients if accuracy over temperature is to be unaffected by the adjustment.

If fine adjustment of the output is all that is required, the circuit of Figure 3 is recommended. It provides good stability and resolution for a trim range of ± 200 mV. If the 2.5V output is adjusted, R2 should be connected to V_{BG}, pin 6, and the trim range should be limited to ± 100 mV.



Figure 2. Variable Output Options





Voltage Temperature Coefficient

The temperature characteristic of the MX584 consistently follows an "S-curve" as shown in the Typical Charcteristics. A five-point 100% test guarantees compliance with -55°C to +125°C specifications and a three-point 100% test guarantees the 0°C to +70°C specifications.

The tolerance specifications in the Electrical Characteristics table state the maximum deviation from the reference's initial value at 25°C. By adding the maximum deviation for a given device to its initial tolerance, the total possible error is determined.

Output Current

The MX584 is capable of sinking as well as sourcing current. The circuit is also protected for output shorts to either +V_S or ground (COMMON). The output's voltage-versus-current characteristic is shown in the Typical Characteristics section.

Dynamic Performance

The turn-on settling performance of the MX584 is shown in the Typical Characteristics. Both coarse and fine transient response is shown. The reference typically settles to 1mV (10V output) within 180μ s after power is applied.

Noise Filtering

The bandwidth of the MX584's output amplifier can be limited by connecting a capacitor between the CAP and V_{BG} pins (see Figure 4). Typical values range from 0.01 μ F to 0.1 μ F. The reduction of wideband and feedthrough noise is plotted in a graph in the Typical Characteristics section.

Strobe Input

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The STROBE input, pin 5, zeroes the reference output when it is pulled LOW. If no current is pulled from STROBE, operation is normal. The threshold of the input is 200mV, so an open-drain N-channel FET or open-collector transistor driven from logic is re-



Figure 4. Additional Noise Filtering with an External Capacitor

Applications

Precision High Current Reference

A PNP power transistor, or Darlington, is easily connected to the MX584 to greatly increase its output current. The circuit in Figure 6 provides a +10V output at up to 4 Amps. If the load has a significant capacitive component, C1 should be added. If the load is purely resistive, high frequency supply rejection is improved without C1. An NPN output transistor or Darlinton can also be used to boost output current as shown in Figure 7.

Current Limiter

By adding a single resistor as shown in Figure 8, the MX584 is turned into a precision current limiter for applications where the driving voltage is 5V to 40V. The programmed current ranges from 0.75mA to 5mA.



Figure 8. Precision Current Limiter

Negative 10V Reference

In applications which require a -10V, -7.5V, -5.0V, or -2.5V reference, the MX584 can be connected as a twoterminal device and biased like a zener diode. The circuit is shown in Figure 9. $+V_S$ and V_{OUT} are connected to the analog ground bus, and the MX584's COMMON pin is connected, through a resistor, to the negative supply. With 1mA flowing in the reference, the output is typically 2mV greater than what is obtained with a conventional, positive, hook-up.

When using the 2-terminal connection, the load and the bias resistor must be selected so that the current flowing in the reference is maintained between 1mA and 5mA. The operating temperature range for this connection is limited to -55° to $+85^{\circ}$ C.

commended (see Figure 5). The current sinking ability should be at least 500μ A and the leakage current should be 5μ A or less. While shut down, the MX584 should not be required to source or sink current unless a 0.7V residual output is acceptable. If the reference is required to sink transient current while shut down, the current flowing out of STROBE should be limited with 100Ω as shown in the dashed connection in Figure 5.



Figure 5. Use of Strobe Terminal



Figure 6. High Current Precision Supply



Figure 7. NPN Output Current Booster







Figure 9. Two-Terminal -5 Volt Reference



Figure 10. Low Power 10 Bit CMOS DAC Connection



Chip Topography

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 72

SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO GND

Reference for DACs and ADCs

The MX584 is well suited for use with a wide variety of D-to-A converters, especially CMOS DACs. Figure 10 shows a circuit in which an MX7533 10 bit DAC outputs 0 to -5V when using a +5V reference. For a positive DAC output, the MX584 can be configured as a 2-terminal negative reference as well by using the connection of Figure 9.

In Figure 11, an MX7574 CMOS A/D converter uses an MX584, connected for -2.5V, as its reference input so that the system can operate from $\pm 5V$ power. The analog input range for the circuit is 0V to +2.5V.



Figure 11. MX584 as Negative 2.5 Volt Reference for a CMOS ADC

Package Information



MX584

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Package Information (continued)