

SRAM

64K x 4 SRAM

LOW VOLTAGE

FEATURES

- All I/O pins are 5V tolerant
- High speed: 12, 15, 20, 25 and 35ns
- High-performance, low-power, CMOS double-metal process
- Single +3.3V $\pm 0.3V$ power supply
- Easy memory expansion with \overline{CE} option
- All inputs and outputs are TTL-compatible
- Complies to JEDEC low-voltage TTL standards

OPTIONS

MARKING

- | | |
|---|------|
| • Timing | |
| 12ns access | -12 |
| 15ns access | -15 |
| 20ns access | -20 |
| 25ns access | -25 |
| 35ns access | -35 |
| • Packages | |
| Plastic DIP (300 mil) | None |
| Plastic SOJ (300 mil) | DJ |
| • 2V data retention | L |
| • Low power | P |
| • Temperature | |
| Commercial (0°C to +70°C) | None |
| Industrial (-40°C to +85°C) | IT |
| Automotive (-40°C to +125°C) | AT |
| Extended (-55°C to +125°C) | XT |
| • Part Number Example: MT5LC2564DJ-25 P | |

NOTE: Not all combinations of operating temperature, speed, data retention and low power are necessarily available. Please contact the factory for availability of specific part number combinations.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

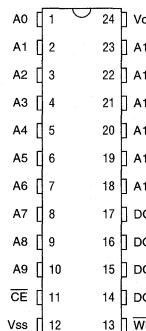
The MT5LC2564 is organized as a 65,536 x 4 SRAM using a four-transistor memory cell with a high-speed, low-power CMOS process. Micron SRAMs are fabricated using double-layer metal, double-layer polysilicon technology.

For flexibility in high-speed memory applications, Micron offers chip enable (\overline{CE}) with all organizations. This enhancement can place the outputs in High-Z for additional flexibility in system design.

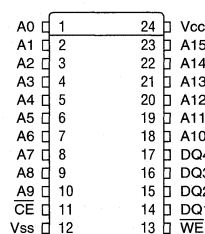
Writing to these devices is accomplished when write enable (\overline{WE}) and \overline{CE} inputs are both LOW. Reading is accomplished when \overline{WE} remains HIGH and \overline{CE} goes to LOW. The device offers a reduced power standby mode

PIN ASSIGNMENT (Top View)

24-Pin DIP (SA-3)



24-Pin SOJ (SD-1)



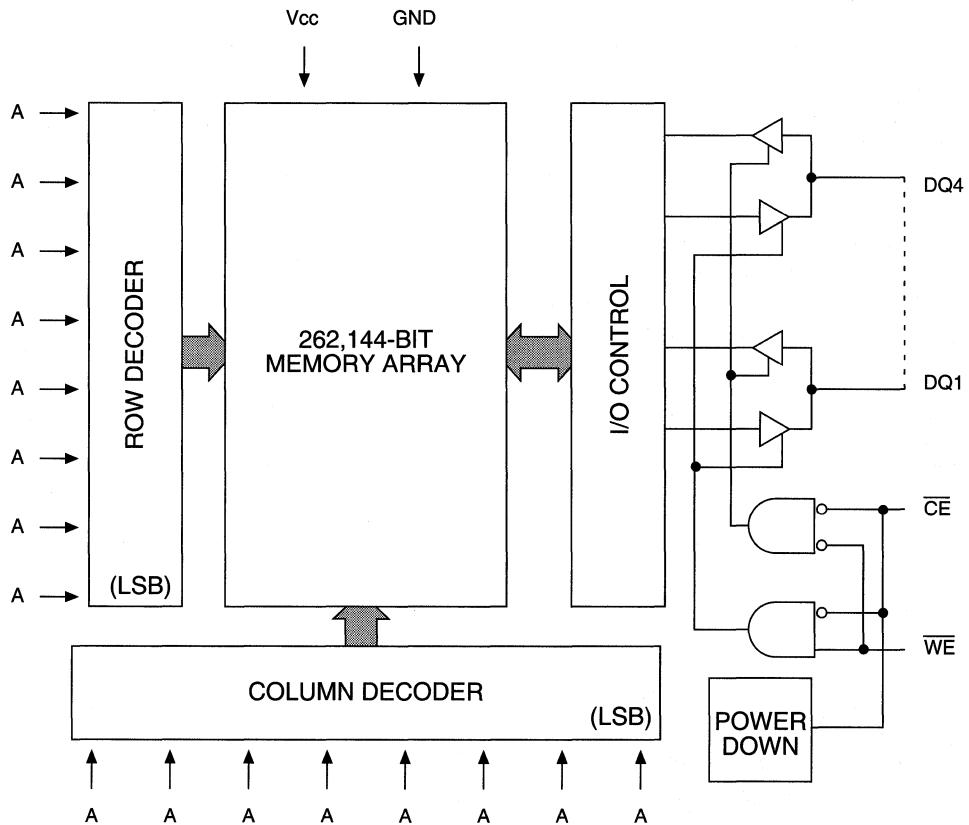
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when disabled. This allows system designers to meet low standby power requirements.

The "P" version provides a reduction in both operating current (I_{CC}) and TTL standby current (I_{SB1}). The latter is achieved through the use of gated inputs on the \overline{WE} and address lines, which also facilitates the design of battery-backed systems. That is, the gated inputs simplify the design effort and circuitry required to protect against inadvertent battery current drain during power-down, when inputs may be at undefined levels.

All devices operate from a single +3.3V power supply and all inputs and outputs are fully TTL-compatible and 5V tolerant. These low-voltage parts are ideal for mixed 3.3V and 5V systems.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



TRUTH TABLE

MODE	CE	WE	DQ	POWER
STANDBY	H	X	HIGH-Z	STANDBY
READ	L	H	Q	ACTIVE
WRITE	L	L	D	ACTIVE

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Voltage on V _{CC} Supply Relative to V _{SS}	-0.5V to +4.6V
V _{IN}	-0.5V to +6.0V
Storage Temperature (plastic)	-55°C to +150°C
Power Dissipation	1W
Short Circuit Output Current	50mA

*Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

(0°C ≤ T_A ≤ 70°C; V_{CC} = 3.3V ±0.3V)

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input High (Logic 1) Voltage		V _{IH}	2.0	5.5	V	1, 2
Input Low (Logic 0) Voltage		V _{IL}	-0.3	0.8	V	1, 2
Input Leakage Current	0V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ V _{CC}	I _{LI}	-1	1	μA	
Output Leakage Current	Output(s) disabled 0V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{CC}	I _{LO}	-1	1	μA	
Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -4.0mA	V _{OH}	2.4		V	1
Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 8.0mA	V _{OL}		0.4	V	1
Supply Voltage		V _{CC}	3.0	3.6	V	1

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	SYM	VER	TYP	MAX					UNITS	NOTES
					-12	-15	-20	-25	-35		
Power Supply Current: Operating	$\overline{CE} \leq V_{IL}$; V _{CC} = MAX outputs open f = MAX = 1/t _{RC}	I _{CC}	STD	73	125	110	95	90	85	mA	3, 14
			P	39	—	65	55	50	50	mA	
Power Supply Current: Standby	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{IH}$; V _{CC} = MAX outputs open f = MAX = 1/t _{RC}	I _{SB1}	STD	17	35	30	25	25	25	mA	14
			P	8	—	18	15	12	12	mA	14
	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$; V _{CC} = MAX V _{IN} ≥ V _{CC} - 0.2V or V _{IN} ≤ V _{SS} + 0.2V	I _{SB2}	STD	1.0	3	3	3	3	5	mA	14
			P	300	—	750	750	750	1,500	μA	14

CAPACITANCE

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input Capacitance	T _A = 25°C; f = 1 MHz V _{CC} = 3.3V	C _I	6	pF	4
Output Capacitance		C _O	6	pF	4

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RECOMMENDED AC OPERATING CONDITIONS

(Note 5, 13) (0°C ≤ T_A ≤ 70°C; V_{CC} = 3.3V ±0.3V)

DESCRIPTION		-12		-15		-20		-25		-35			
	SYM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
READ Cycle													
READ cycle time	^t RC	12		15		20		25		35		ns	
Address access time	^t AA		12		15		20		25		35	ns	
Chip Enable access time	^t ACE		12		15		20		25		35	ns	
Output hold from address change	^t OH	3		3		3		3		3		ns	
Output hold from address change	^t OH	—	—	4		4		4		4		ns	16
Chip Enable to output in Low-Z	^t LZCE	4		3		3		3		3		ns	7
Chip Enable to output in Low-Z	^t LZCE	—	—	4		4		4		4		ns	16
Chip disable to output in High-Z	^t HZCE		6		8		9		9		15	ns	6, 7
Chip Enable to power-up time	^t PU	0		0		0		0		0		ns	
Chip disable to power-down time	^t PD		12		15		20		25		35	ns	
WRITE Cycle													
WRITE cycle time	^t WC	12		15		20		25		35		ns	
Chip Enable to end of write	^t CW	8		10		12		15		20		ns	
Address valid to end of write	^t AW	8		10		12		15		20		ns	
Address setup time	^t AS	0		0		0		0		0		ns	
Address hold from end of write	^t AH	1		1		1		1		1		ns	
Address hold from end of write	^t AH	—	—	0		0		0		0		ns	16
WRITE pulse width	^t WP1	8		10		12		15		20		ns	
WRITE pulse width	^t WP2	12		12		15		15		20		ns	
Data setup time	^t DS	7		8		10		10		15		ns	
Data hold time	^t DH	0		0		0		0		0		ns	
Write disable to output in Low-Z	^t LZWE	3		3		3		3		3		ns	7
Write Enable to output in High-Z	^t HZWE		6		7		8		10		12	ns	6, 7

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AC TEST CONDITIONS

Input pulse levels	Vss to 3.0V
Input rise and fall times	3ns
Input timing reference levels	1.5V
Output reference levels	1.5V
Output load	See Figures 1 and 2

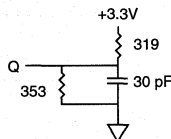


Fig. 1 OUTPUT LOAD EQUIVALENT

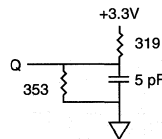


Fig. 2 OUTPUT LOAD EQUIVALENT

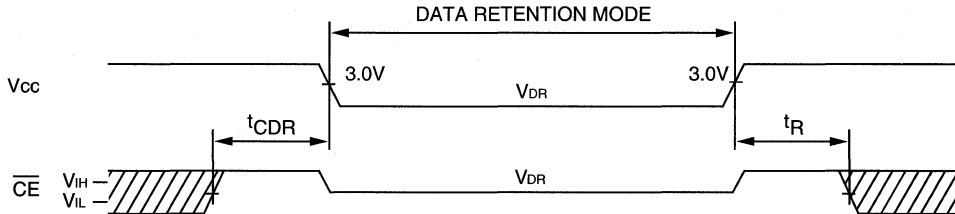
NOTES

- All voltages referenced to Vss (GND).
- Overshoot: $V_{IH} \leq +6.0V$ for $t \leq t_{RC}/2$
Undershoot: $V_{IL} \geq -2.0V$ for $t \leq t_{RC}/2$
Power-up: $V_{IH} \leq +6.0V$ and $V_{CC} \leq 3.1V$ for $t \leq 200msec$.
- ICC is dependent on output loading and cycle rates.
- This parameter is sampled.
- Test conditions as specified with the output loading as shown in Fig. 1 unless otherwise noted.
- t_{HZCE} and t_{HZWE} are specified with $C_L = 5pF$ as in Fig. 2. Transition is measured $\pm 200mV$ from steady state voltage.
- At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE} and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} .
- \overline{WE} is HIGH for READ cycle.
- Device is continuously selected. All chip enables are held in their active state.
- Address valid prior to, or coincident with, latest occurring chip enable.
- t_{RC} = Read Cycle Time.
- Chip enable and write enable can initiate and terminate a WRITE cycle.
- Contact Micron for IT/AT/XT timing and current specifications; they may differ from the commercial temperature range specifications shown in this data sheet.
- Typical values are measured at 3.3V, 25°C and 20ns cycle time for P, 15ns for STD.
- Typical currents are measured at 25°C.
- This timing specification is valid only for P (low power) parts.

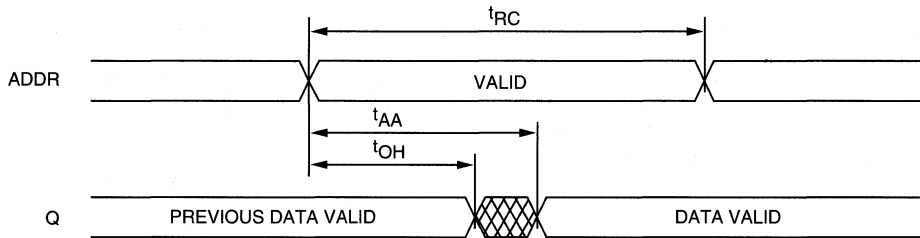
DATA RETENTION ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (L and LP versions only)

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Vcc for Retention Data		VDR	2			V	
Data Retention Current L version	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ Other inputs: $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \leq V_{SS} + 0.2V$ $V_{CC} = 2V$	I_{CCDR}		310	500	μA	15
Data Retention Current LP version	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ $V_{CC} = 2V$	I_{CCDR}		195	350	μA	15
Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		t_{CDR}	0			ns	4
Operation Recovery Time		t_R	t_{RC}			ns	4, 11

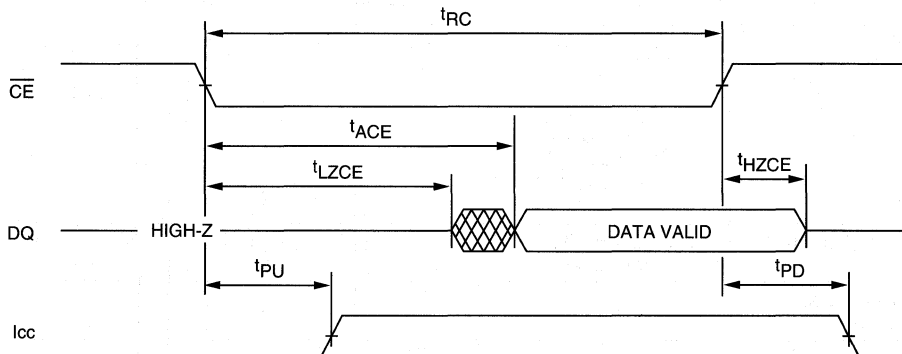
LOW V_{CC} DATA RETENTION WAVEFORM



READ CYCLE NO. 1 ^{8, 9}

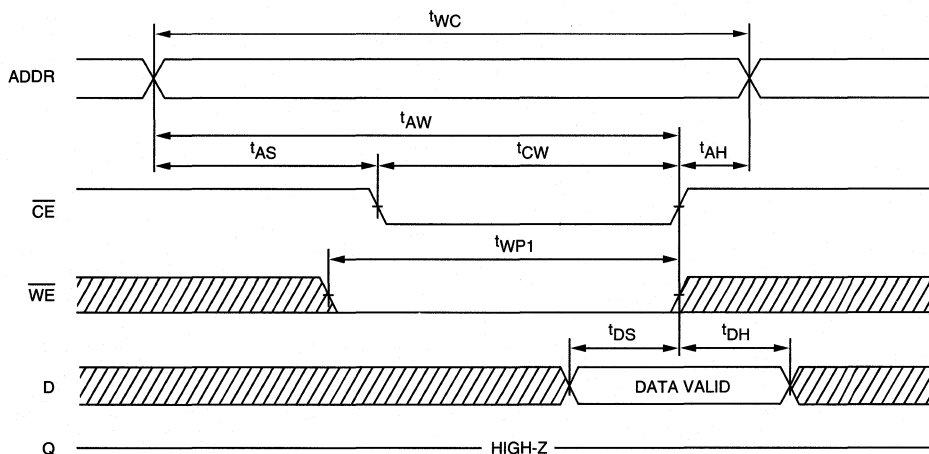


READ CYCLE NO. 2 ^{7, 8, 10}

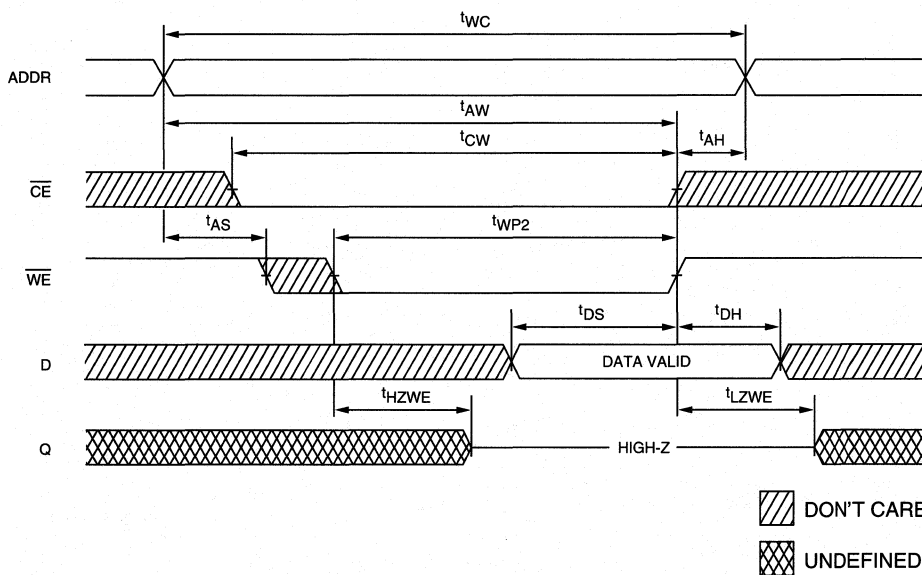


DON'T CARE
 UNDEFINED

WRITE CYCLE NO. 1 ¹²
(Chip Enable Controlled)



WRITE CYCLE NO. 2 ^{7, 12}
(Write Enable Controlled)



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