

## Advance Information

# Low-Voltage CMOS 16-Bit Transceiver/Registered Transceiver With Dual Enable With 5V-Tolerant Inputs and Outputs (3-State, Non-Inverting)

The MC74LCX16652 is a high performance, non-inverting 16-bit transceiver/registered transceiver operating from a 2.7 to 3.6V supply. The device is byte controlled. Each byte has separate control inputs which can be tied together for full 16-bit operation. High impedance TTL compatible inputs significantly reduce current loading to input drivers while TTL compatible outputs offer improved switching noise performance. A  $V_I$  specification of 5.5V allows MC74LCX16652 inputs to be safely driven from 5V devices. The MC74LCX16652 is suitable for memory address driving and all TTL level bus oriented transceiver applications.

Data on the A or B bus will be clocked into the registers as the appropriate clock pin goes from a LOW-to-HIGH logic level. Output Enable pins (OEBA<sub>n</sub>, OEAB<sub>n</sub>) are provided to control the transceiver outputs. In the transceiver mode, data present at the high impedance port may be stored in either the A or the B register or in both. The select controls (SBA<sub>n</sub>, SAB<sub>n</sub>) can multiplex stored and real-time (transparent mode) data. In the isolation mode (both outputs disabled), A data may be stored in the B register or B data may be stored in the A register. When in the real-time mode, it is possible to store data without using the internal registers by simultaneously enabling OEAB and OEBA. In this configuration, each output reinforces its input (data retention is not guaranteed in this mode).

- Designed for 2.7 to 3.6V  $V_{CC}$  Operation
- 5.7ns Maximum  $t_{pd}$
- 5V Tolerant — Interface Capability With 5V TTL Logic
- Supports Live Insertion and Withdrawal
- I<sub>OFF</sub> Specification Guarantees High Impedance When  $V_{CC} = 0V$
- LVTTTL Compatible
- LVCMOS Compatible
- 24mA Balanced Output Sink and Source Capability
- Near Zero Static Supply Current in All Three Logic States (20μA) Substantially Reduces System Power Requirements
- Latchup Performance Exceeds 500mA
- ESD Performance: Human Body Model >2000V; Machine Model >200V

**MC74LCX16652**

**LCX**

**LOW-VOLTAGE CMOS  
16-BIT TRANSCEIVER/  
REGISTERED TRANSCEIVER  
WITH DUAL ENABLE**



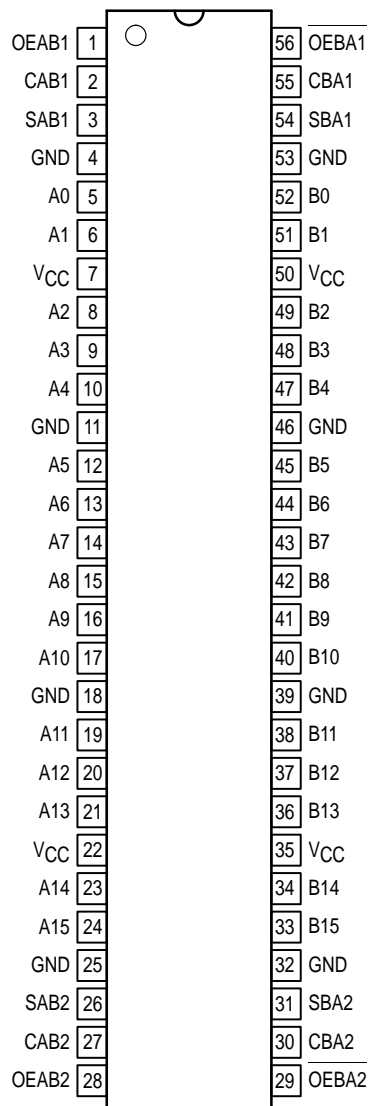
**DT SUFFIX**  
PLASTIC TSSOP PACKAGE  
CASE 1202-01

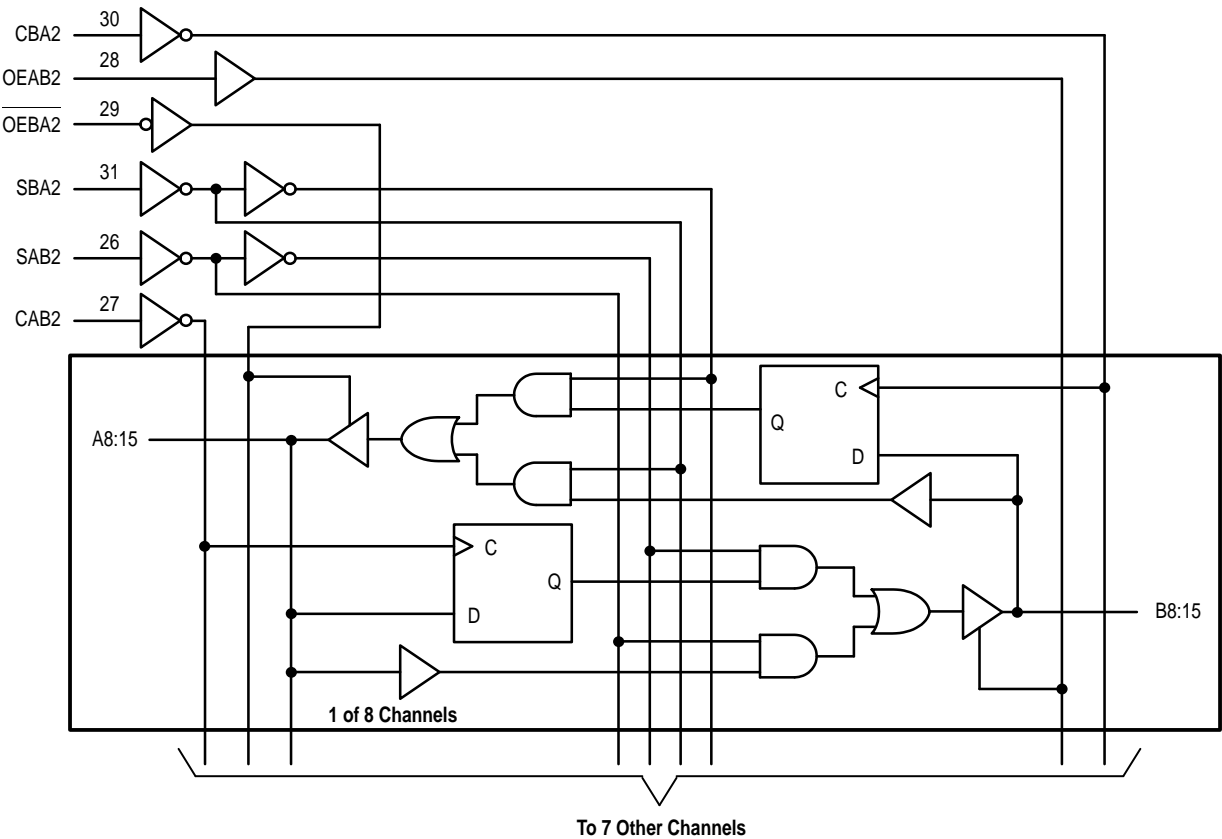
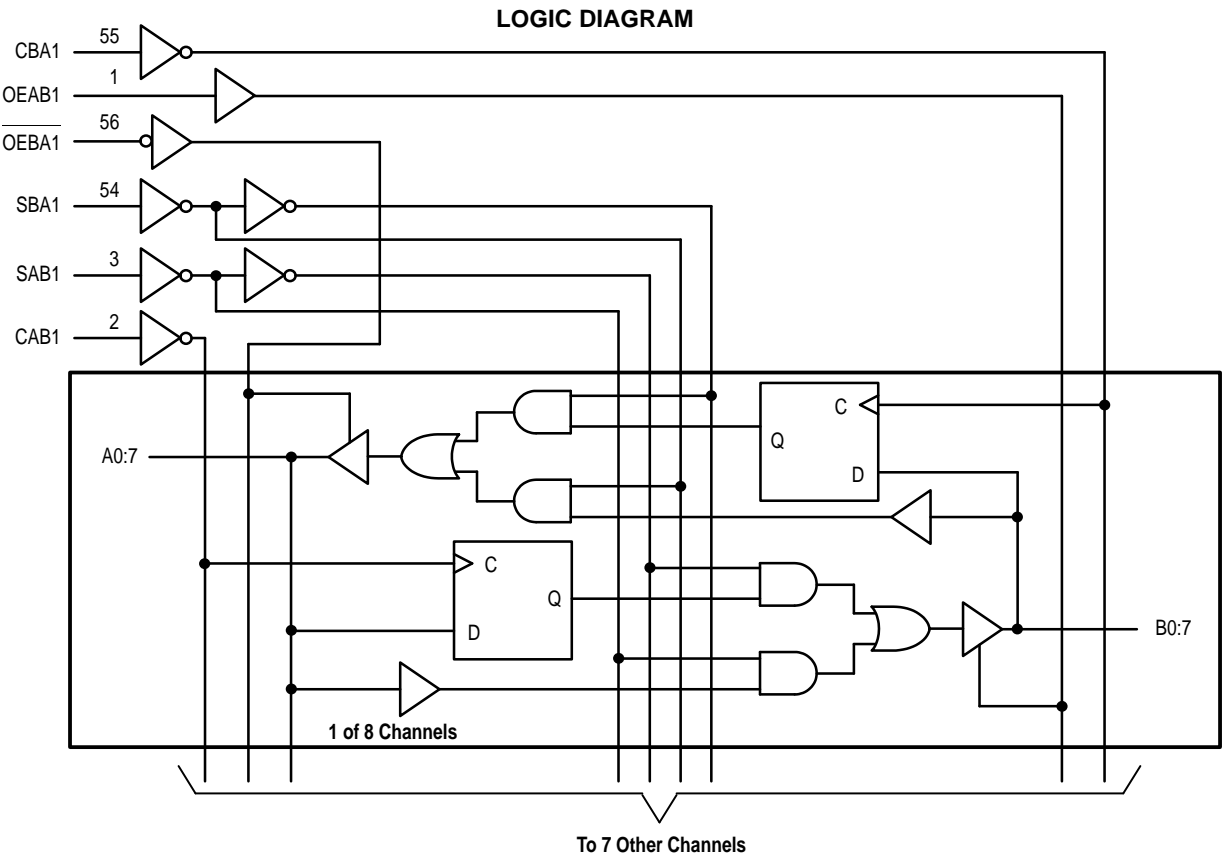
## PIN NAMES

Pins	Function
A0–A15	Side A Inputs/Outputs
B0–B15	Side B Inputs/Outputs
CAB <sub>n</sub> , CBA <sub>n</sub>	Clock Pulse Inputs
SAB <sub>n</sub> , SBA <sub>n</sub>	Select Control Inputs
OEBA <sub>n</sub> , OEAB <sub>n</sub>	Output Enable Inputs

This document contains information on a new product. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.

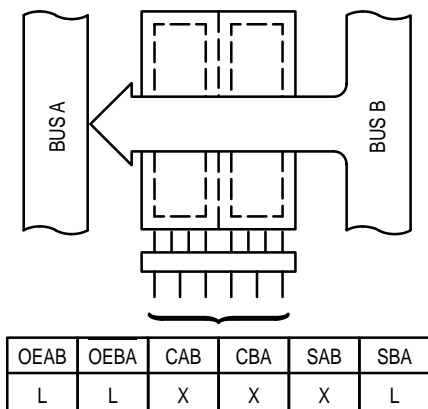




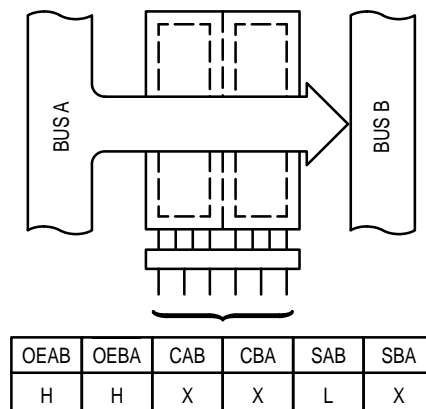


## BUS APPLICATIONS

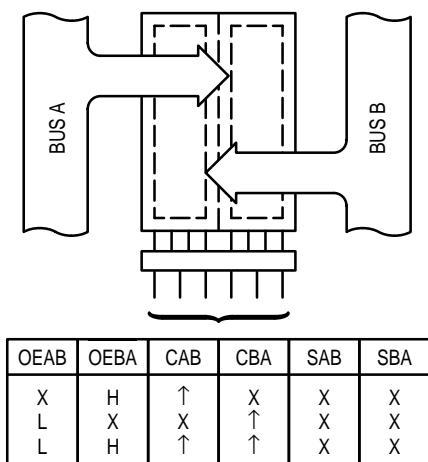
Real Time Transfer – Bus B to Bus A



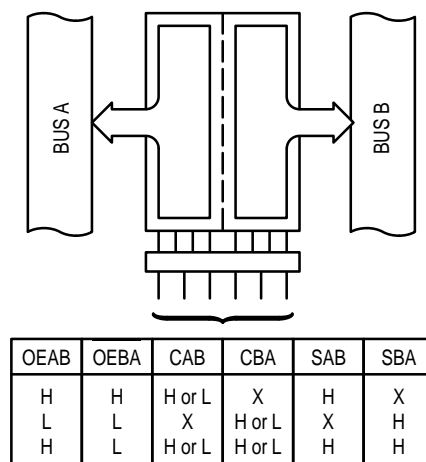
Real Time Transfer – Bus A to Bus B



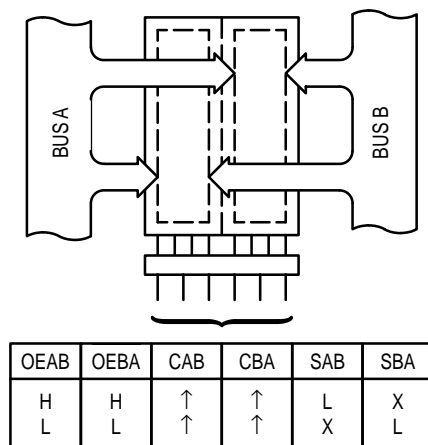
Store Data from Bus A, Bus B or Bus A and Bus B



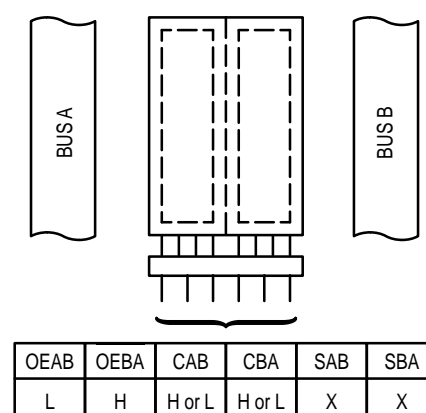
Transfer A Stored Data to Bus B or Stored Data Bus B to Bus A or Both at the Same Time



Store Bus A in Both Registers or Store Bus B in Both Registers



Isolation



## FUNCTION TABLE

Inputs						Data Ports		Operating Mode
OEABn	OEABn	CABn	CBAAn	SABn	SBAn	An	Bn	
L	H					Input	Input	
		$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	X	X	X	X	Isolation, Hold Storage
		$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	X	X	$I_h$	$I_h$	Store A and/or B Data
H	H					Input	Output	
		$\uparrow$	X*	L	X	$L_H$	$L_H$	Real Time A Data to B Bus
				H	X	X	QA	Stored A Data to B Bus
		$\uparrow$	X*	L	X	$I_h$	$L_H$	Real Time A Data to B Bus; Store A Data
				H	X	$L_H$	QA QA	Clock A Data to B Bus; Store A Data
L	L					Output	Input	
		X*	$\uparrow$	X	L	$L_H$	$L_H$	Real Time B Data to A Bus
				X	H	QB	X	Stored B Data to A Bus
		X*	$\uparrow$	X	L	$L_H$	$I_h$	Real Time B Data to A Bus; Store B Data
				X	H	QB QB	$L_H$	Clock B Data to A Bus; Store B Data
H	L					Output	Output	
		$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	H	H	QB	QA	Stored A Data to B Bus, Stored B Data to A Bus

H = High Voltage Level; h = High Voltage Level One Setup Time Prior to the Low-to-High Clock Transition; L = Low Voltage Level; I = Low Voltage Level One Setup Time Prior to the Low-to-High Clock Transition; X = Don't Care;  $\uparrow$  = Low-to-High Clock Transition;  $\uparrow$  = NOT Low-to-High Clock Transition; QA = A input storage register; QB = B input storage register; \* = The clocks are not internally gated with either the Output Enables or the Source Inputs. Therefore, data at the A or B ports may be clocked into the storage registers, at any time. For  $I_{CC}$  reasons, Do Not Float Inputs.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\*

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Condition	Unit
$V_{CC}$	DC Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +7.0		V
$V_I$	DC Input Voltage	$-0.5 \leq V_I \leq +7.0$		V
$V_O$	DC Output Voltage	$-0.5 \leq V_O \leq +7.0$	Output in 3-State	V
		$-0.5 \leq V_O \leq V_{CC} + 0.5$	Note 1.	V
$I_{IK}$	DC Input Diode Current	-50	$V_I < GND$	mA
$I_{OK}$	DC Output Diode Current	-50	$V_O < GND$	mA
		+50	$V_O > V_{CC}$	mA
$I_O$	DC Output Source/Sink Current	$\pm 50$		mA
$I_{CC}$	DC Supply Current Per Supply Pin	$\pm 100$		mA
$I_{GND}$	DC Ground Current Per Ground Pin	$\pm 100$		mA
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150		°C

\* Absolute maximum continuous ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation under absolute-maximum-rated conditions is not implied.

1. Output in HIGH or LOW State.  $I_O$  absolute maximum rating must be observed.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage Operating Data Retention Only	2.0 1.5	3.3 3.3	3.6 3.6	V
$V_I$	Input Voltage	0		5.5	V
$V_O$	Output Voltage (HIGH or LOW State) (3-State)	0 0		$V_{CC}$ 5.5	V
$I_{OH}$	HIGH Level Output Current, $V_{CC} = 3.0V - 3.6V$			-24	mA
$I_{OL}$	LOW Level Output Current, $V_{CC} = 3.0V - 3.6V$			24	mA
$I_{OH}$	HIGH Level Output Current, $V_{CC} = 2.7V - 3.0V$			-12	mA
$I_{OL}$	LOW Level Output Current, $V_{CC} = 2.7V - 3.0V$			12	mA
$T_A$	Operating Free-Air Temperature	-40		+85	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	Input Transition Rise or Fall Rate, $V_{IN}$ from 0.8V to 2.0V, $V_{CC} = 3.0V$	0		10	ns/V

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$		Unit
			Min	Max	
$V_{IH}$	HIGH Level Input Voltage (Note 2.)	$2.7V \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$	2.0		V
$V_{IL}$	LOW Level Input Voltage (Note 2.)	$2.7V \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$		0.8	V
$V_{OH}$	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$2.7V \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$ ; $I_{OH} = -100\mu A$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7V$ ; $I_{OH} = -12mA$	2.2		
		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$ ; $I_{OH} = -18mA$	2.4		
		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$ ; $I_{OH} = -24mA$	2.2		
$V_{OL}$	LOW Level Output Voltage	$2.7V \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$ ; $I_{OL} = 100\mu A$		0.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7V$ ; $I_{OL} = 12mA$		0.4	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$ ; $I_{OL} = 16mA$		0.4	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$ ; $I_{OL} = 24mA$		0.55	
$I_I$	Input Leakage Current	$2.7V \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$ ; $0V \leq V_I \leq 5.5V$		$\pm 5.0$	$\mu A$
$I_{OZ}$	3-State Output Current	$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$ ; $0V \leq V_O \leq 5.5V$ ; $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$		$\pm 5.0$	$\mu A$
$I_{OFF}$	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = 0V$ ; $V_I$ or $V_O = 5.5V$		10	$\mu A$
$I_{CC}$	Quiescent Supply Current	$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$ ; $V_I = GND$ or $V_{CC}$		20	$\mu A$
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$ ; $3.6 \leq V_I$ or $V_O \leq 5.5V$		$\pm 20$	$\mu A$
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Increase in $I_{CC}$ per Input	$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$ ; $V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$		500	$\mu A$

2. These values of  $V_I$  are used to test DC electrical characteristics only. Functional test should use  $V_{IH} \geq 2.4V$ ,  $V_{IL} \leq 0.5V$ .

**AC CHARACTERISTICS** (Note 3.;  $t_R = t_F = 2.5\text{ns}$ ;  $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ ;  $R_L = 500\Omega$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Waveform	Limits				Unit
			T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to +85°C				
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V to 3.6V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
f <sub>max</sub>	Clock Pulse Frequency	3	170				MHz
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Input to Output	1	1.5 1.5	5.7 5.7	1.5 1.5	6.2 6.2	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Clock to Output	3	1.5 1.5	6.2 6.2	1.5 1.5	7.0 7.0	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Select to Output	1	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.5	1.5 1.5	7.0 7.0	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub> t <sub>PZL</sub>	Output Enable Time to High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	7.0 7.0	1.5 1.5	8.0 8.0	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output Disable Time From High and Low Level	2	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.5	1.5 1.5	7.0 7.0	ns
t <sub>s</sub>	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW Data to Clock	3	2.5		2.5		ns
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW Data to Clock	3	1.5		1.5		ns
t <sub>w</sub>	Clock Pulse Width, HIGH or LOW	3	3.0		3.0		ns
t <sub>OSHL</sub> t <sub>OSLH</sub>	Output-to-Output Skew (Note 4.)			1.0 1.0			ns

3. These AC parameters are preliminary and may be modified prior to release.

4. Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW ( $t_{\text{OSHL}}$ ) or LOW-to-HIGH ( $t_{\text{OSLH}}$ ); parameter guaranteed by design.

**DYNAMIC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
$V_{\text{OLP}}$	Dynamic LOW Peak Voltage (Note 5.)	$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ , $V_{IH} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $V_{IL} = 0\text{V}$		0.8		V
$V_{\text{OLV}}$	Dynamic LOW Valley Voltage (Note 5.)	$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ , $V_{IH} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $V_{IL} = 0\text{V}$		0.8		V

5. Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n-1" outputs switching from HIGH-to-LOW or LOW-to-HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the LOW state. The LCX16652 is characterized with 15 outputs switching with 1 output held LOW.

**CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Typical	Unit
$C_{\text{IN}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $V_I = 0\text{V}$ or $V_{CC}$	7	pF
$C_{\text{I/O}}$	Input/Output Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $V_I = 0\text{V}$ or $V_{CC}$	8	pF
$C_{\text{PD}}$	Power Dissipation Capacitance	10MHz, $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $V_I = 0\text{V}$ or $V_{CC}$	20	pF

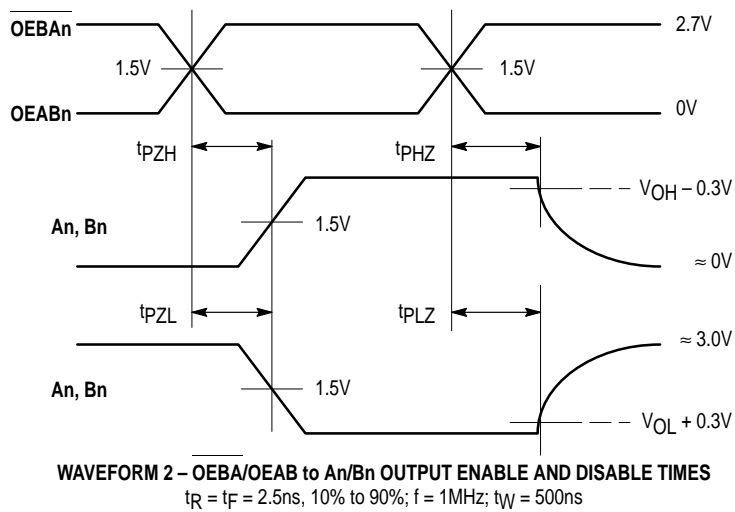
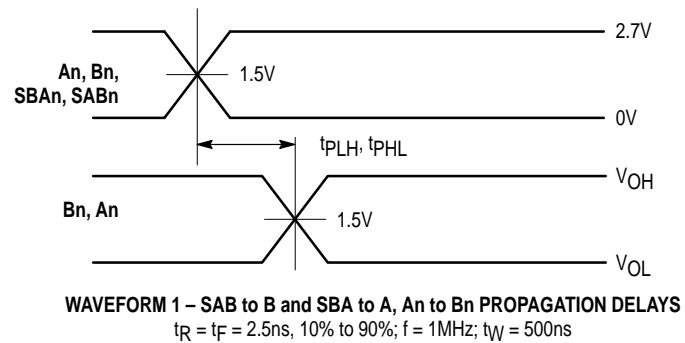
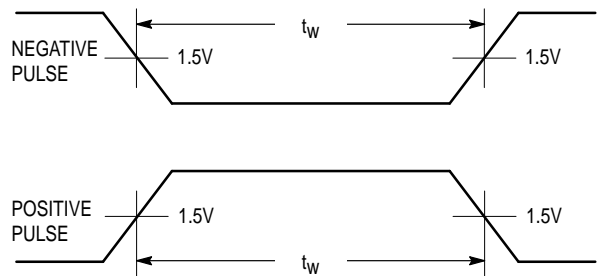
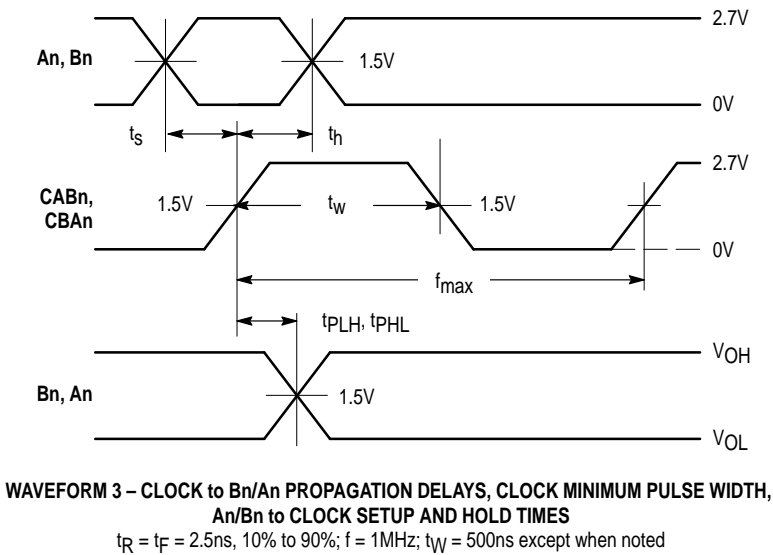


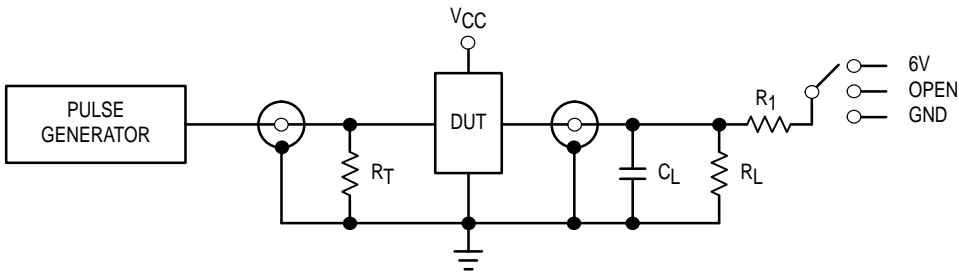
Figure 1. AC Waveforms





**WAVEFORM 4 – INPUT PULSE DEFINITION**  
 $t_R = t_F = 2.5\text{ns}$ , 10% to 90% of 0V to 2.7V

**Figure 1. AC Waveforms (continued)**



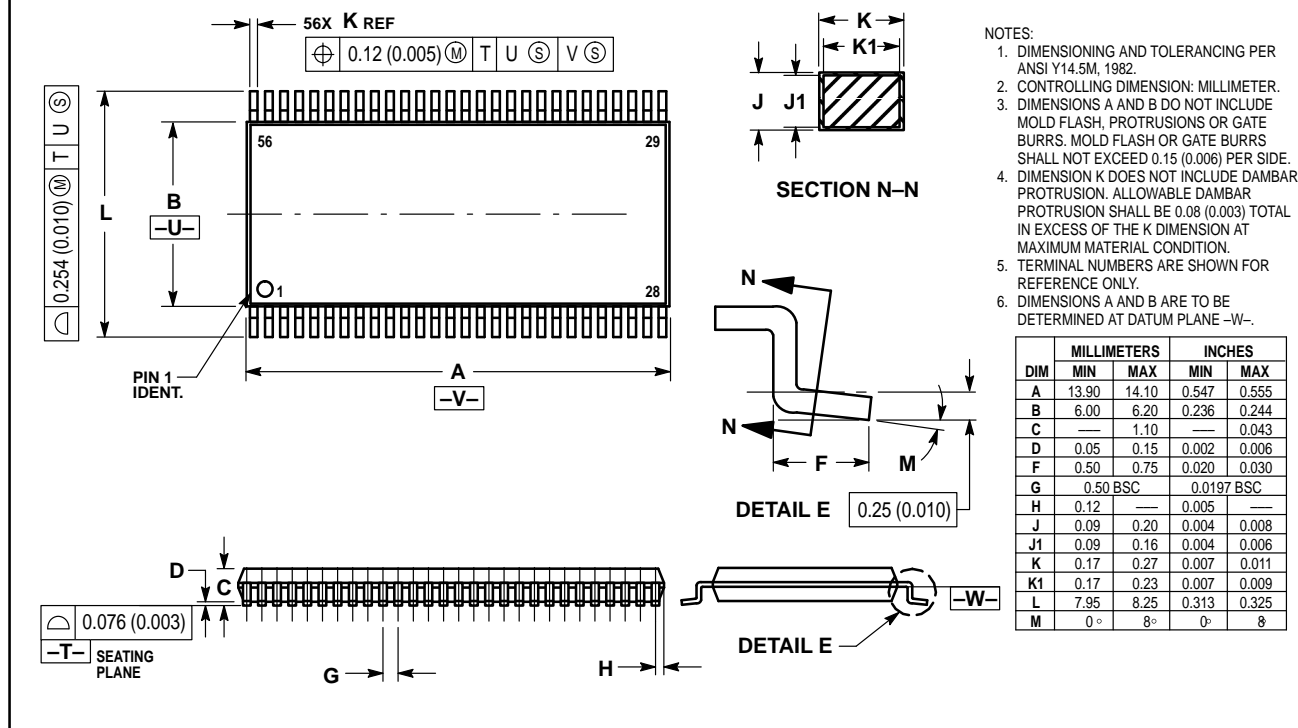
TEST	SWITCH
$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	Open
$t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}$	6V
Open Collector/Drain $t_{PLH}$ and $t_{PHL}$	6V
$t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$	GND


$C_L = 50\text{pF}$  or equivalent (Includes jig and probe capacitance)  
 $R_L = R_1 = 500\Omega$  or equivalent  
 $R_T = Z_{OUT}$  of pulse generator (typically  $50\Omega$ )

**Figure 2. Test Circuit**

## OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

DT SUFFIX  
PLASTIC TSSOP PACKAGE  
CASE 1202-01  
ISSUE A



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