

# Spread Spectrum Clock Generator

## MB88162

### ■ DESCRIPTION

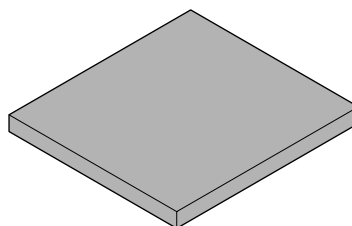
MB88162 is a clock generator for EMI (Electro Magnetic Interference) reduction. The peak of unnecessary radiation noise (EMI) can be attenuated by making the oscillation frequency slightly modulate periodically with the internal modulator.

### ■ FEATURES

- Input frequency : 12 MHz to 28 MHz (Multiplied by 1), 20 MHz to 42 MHz (Multiplied by 4)
- Multiplication rate : 1, 4
- Output frequency : 12 MHz to 28 MHz (Multiplied by 1), 80 MHz to 168 MHz (Multiplied by 4)
- Modulation rate : no modulation,  $\pm 0.5\%$ ,  $\pm 1.0\%$ ,  $\pm 2.0\%$ ,  $-1.0\%$ ,  $-2.0\%$ ,  $-4.0\%$  (The terminal can be selected.)
- Equipped with oscillation circuit : Range of oscillation 12 MHz to 42 MHz
- Built-in oscillation stabilization capacitance : 4 pF (Typ)
- Modulation clock output Duty : 40% to 60%
- Modulation clock Cycle-Cycle Jitter : Less than 100 ps
- Low power consumption by CMOS process : 7.0 mA (24 MHz : no load, Typ-sample, Typ-condition)
- Power supply voltage : 2.7 V to 3.6 V (Multiplied by 1), 3.0 V to 3.6 V (Multiplied by 4)
- Operating temperature :  $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Package : BCC 18-pin

### ■ PACKAGE

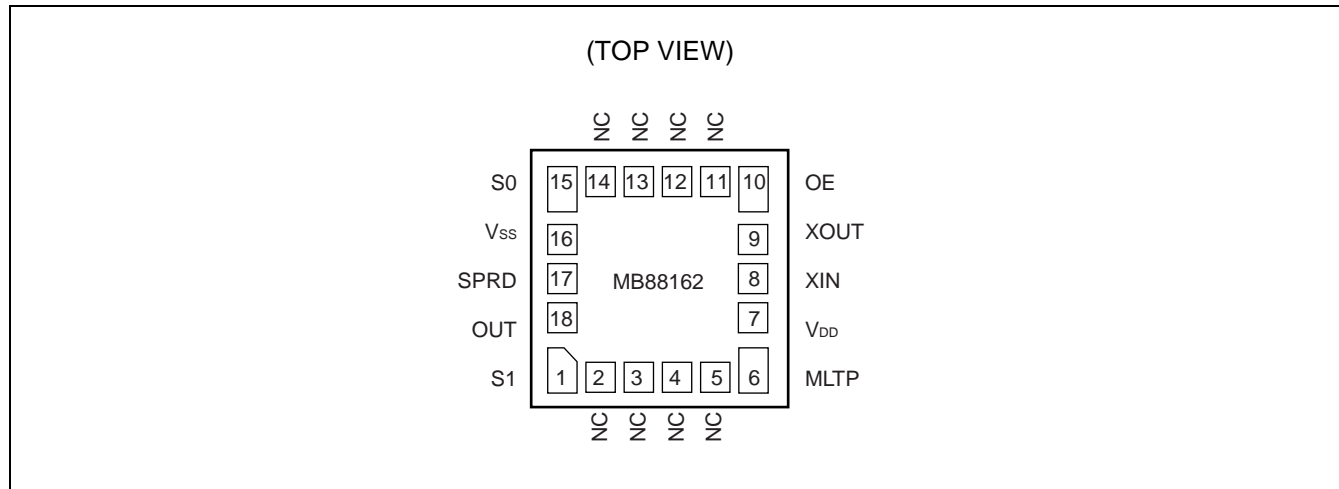
18-pin plastic BCC



(LCC-18P-M05)

# MB88162

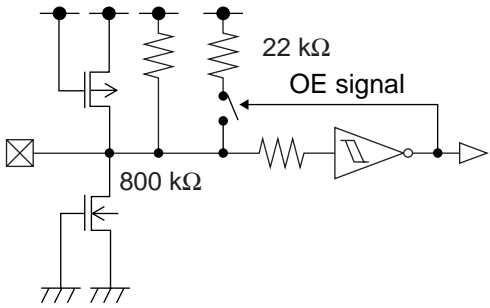
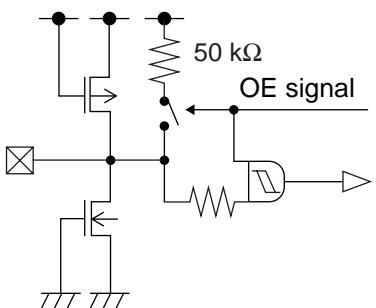
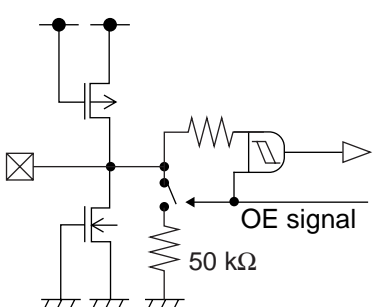
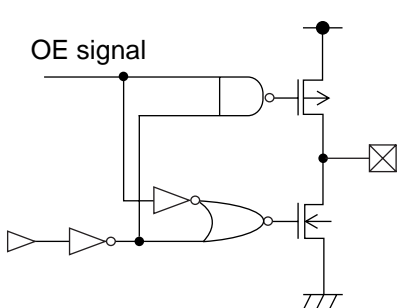
## ■ PIN ASSIGNMENT



## ■ PIN DESCRIPTION

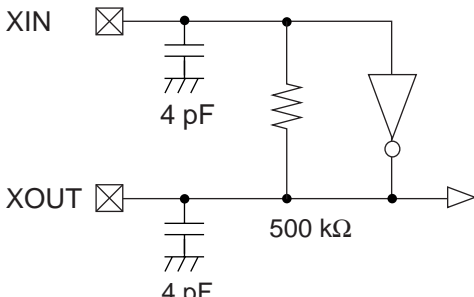
| Pin no. | Pin name        | I/O | Description   |
|---------|-----------------|-----|---|
| 1       | S1              | I   | Modulation rate setting pin (with pull-up resistance)       |
| 2       | NC              | —   | Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)                |
| 3       | NC              | —   | Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)                |
| 4       | NC              | —   | Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)                |
| 5       | NC              | —   | Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)                |
| 6       | MLTP            | I   | Multiplication rate setting pin (with pull-down resistance) |
| 7       | V <sub>DD</sub> | —   | Power supply voltage pin                                    |
| 8       | XIN             | I   | Resonator connection pin/clock input pin                    |
| 9       | XOUT            | O   | Resonator connection pin                                    |
| 10      | OE              | I   | Clock output enable pin (with pull-up resistance)           |
| 11      | NC              | —   | Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)                |
| 12      | NC              | —   | Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)                |
| 13      | NC              | —   | Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)                |
| 14      | NC              | —   | Non-connection pin (do not connect anything)                |
| 15      | S0              | I   | Modulation rate setting pin (with pull-up resistance)       |
| 16      | V <sub>SS</sub> | —   | GND pin   |
| 17      | SPRD            | I   | Modulation type setting pin (with pull-up resistance)       |
| 18      | OUT             | O   | Modulation clock output pin (OE= "L" Hi-Z output)           |

## I/O CIRCUIT TYPE

| Pin                | Circuit type   | Remarks   |
|--------------------|--|---|
| OE                 |  <p>Note : At OE="L"<br/>22kΩ Pull Up cut</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With pull-up resistor</li> <li>The value of pull-up resistor is switched by the input level of OE signal.</li> <li>800 kΩ at OE= "L" (Typ)</li> <li>22 kΩ at OE= "H" (Typ)</li> <li>CMOS hysteresis input</li> </ul> |
| S0,<br>S1,<br>SPRD |  <p>Note : At OE="L"<br/>Pull Up cut</p>     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With pull-up resistor 50 kΩ (Typ)</li> <li>CMOS hysteresis input</li> <li>Pull-up resistor is disconnected at OE= "L", and internal signal is fixed to "L".</li> </ul>   |
| MLTP               |  <p>Note : At OE="L"<br/>Pull Down cut</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>With pull-down resistor 50 kΩ (Typ)</li> <li>CMOS hysteresis input</li> <li>Pull-down resistor is disconnected at OE= "L", and internal signal is fixed to "L".</li> </ul>   |
| OUT                |  <p>Note : At OE="L"<br/>Hi-Z output</p>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CMOS output</li> <li><math>I_{OL} = 8.0 \text{ mA}</math></li> <li>Hi-Z output at OE = "L"</li> </ul>  |

(Continued)

(Continued)

| Pin       | Circuit type  | Remarks   |
|-----------|---|---|
| XIN, XOUT |  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Oscillation circuit</li> <li>• Built-in feedback resistance : 500 kΩ (Typ)</li> <li>• Built-in oscillation stabilization capacitance : 4 pF (Typ)</li> </ul> |

## ■ HANDLING DEVICES

### Preventing Latch-up

A latch-up can occur if, on this device, (a) a voltage higher than power supply voltage or a voltage lower than GND is applied to an input or output pin or (b) a voltage higher than the rating is applied between power supply and GND. The latch-up, if it occurs, significantly increases the power supply current and may cause thermal destruction of an element. When you use this device, be very careful not to exceed the maximum rating.

### Handling unused pins

Do not leave an unused input pin open, since it may cause a malfunction. Handle by, using a pull-up or pull-down resistor.

### Power supply pins

Please design connecting the power supply pin of this device by as low impedance as possible from the current supply source.

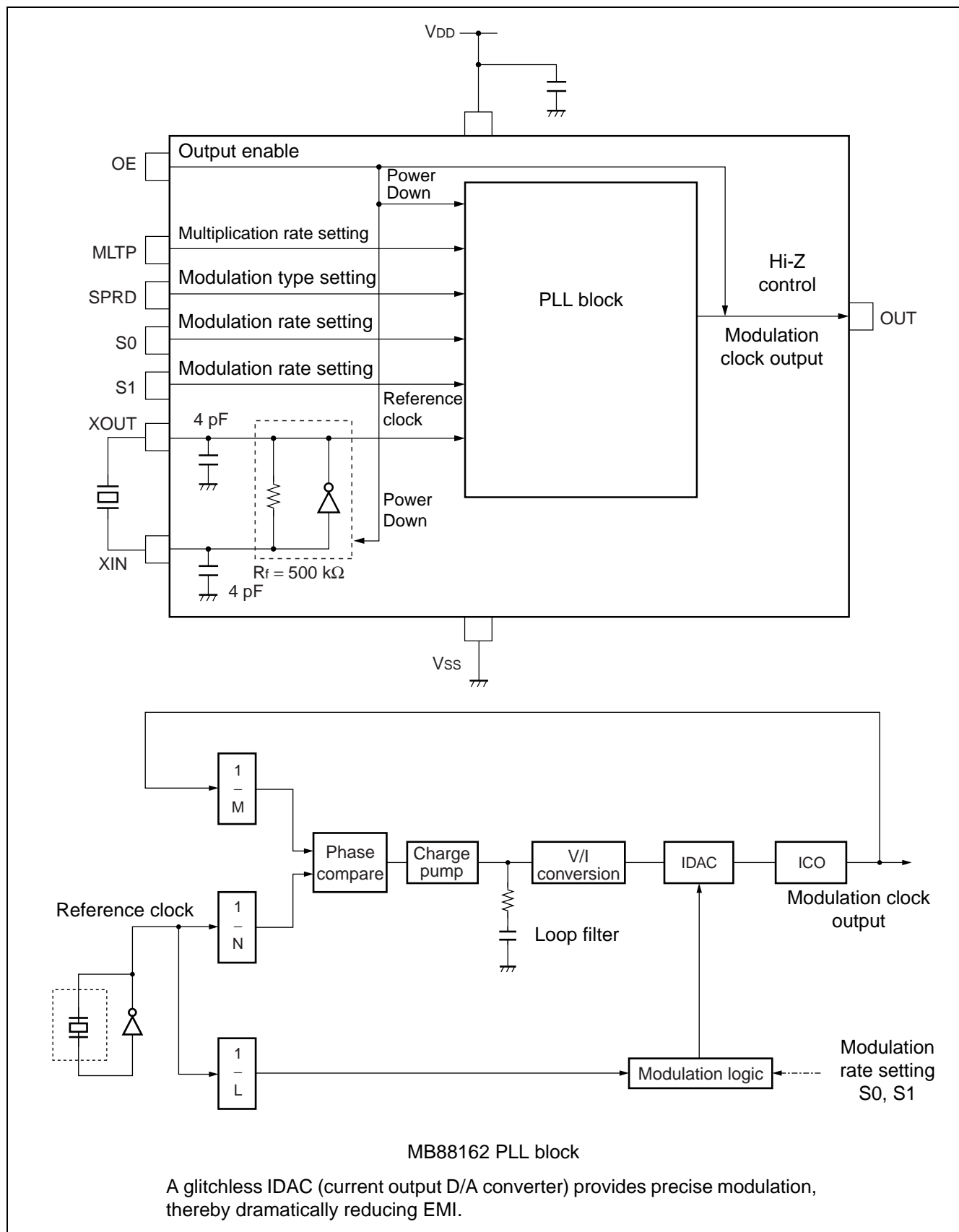
We recommend connecting electrolytic capacitor (about 10  $\mu$ F) and the ceramic capacitor (about 0.01  $\mu$ F) in parallel between power supply and GND near the device, as a bypass capacitor.

### Oscillation circuit

Noise near the XIN pin and XOUT pin may cause the device to malfunction. Design printed circuit boards so that electric wiring of XIN pin or XOUT pin and the resonator do not intersect other wiring.

Design the printed circuit board that surrounds the XIN pin and XOUT pin with ground.

## ■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



## ■ PIN SETTING

After the pin setting is changed, the stabilization wait time of the modulation clock is required. The stabilization wait time of the modulation clock takes the maximum value of Lock-Up time in “• AC Characteristics” in

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS.

Each setting pin contains the pull-up resistor or pull-down resistor. Therefore, these pins is set to default state for input opened.

### MLTP multiplication setting

| MLTP | Multiplication rate | Input Frequency  | Output Frequency  | Remarks |
|------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------|
| L    | Multiplied by 1     | 12 MHz to 28 MHz | 12 MHz to 28 MHz  | Default |
| H    | Multiplied by 4     | 20 MHz to 42 MHz | 80 MHz to 168 MHz | —       |

Note : Set MLTP pin to “L” for input opened because MLTP pin has the pull-down resistor.

### OE clock output enable

| OE | Status   | Remarks |
|----|--|---------|
| L  | Modulation clock output (OUT pin) Hi-Z/Power down status | —       |
| H  | Operation status   | Default |

Note : When OE pin is set to “L”, all oscillation circuits/PLL stop and enter power down mode, low-power consumption mode. Modulation clock output (OUT pin) becomes Hi-Z state during the power down. Set OE pin to “H” for input opened because OE pin has the pull-up resistor.

### SPRD modulation type setting

| SPRD | Modulation type | Remarks |
|------|-----------------|---------|
| L    | Center spread   | —       |
| H    | Down spread     | Default |

Note : Set SPRD pin to “H” for input opened because SPRD pin has the pull-up resistor.

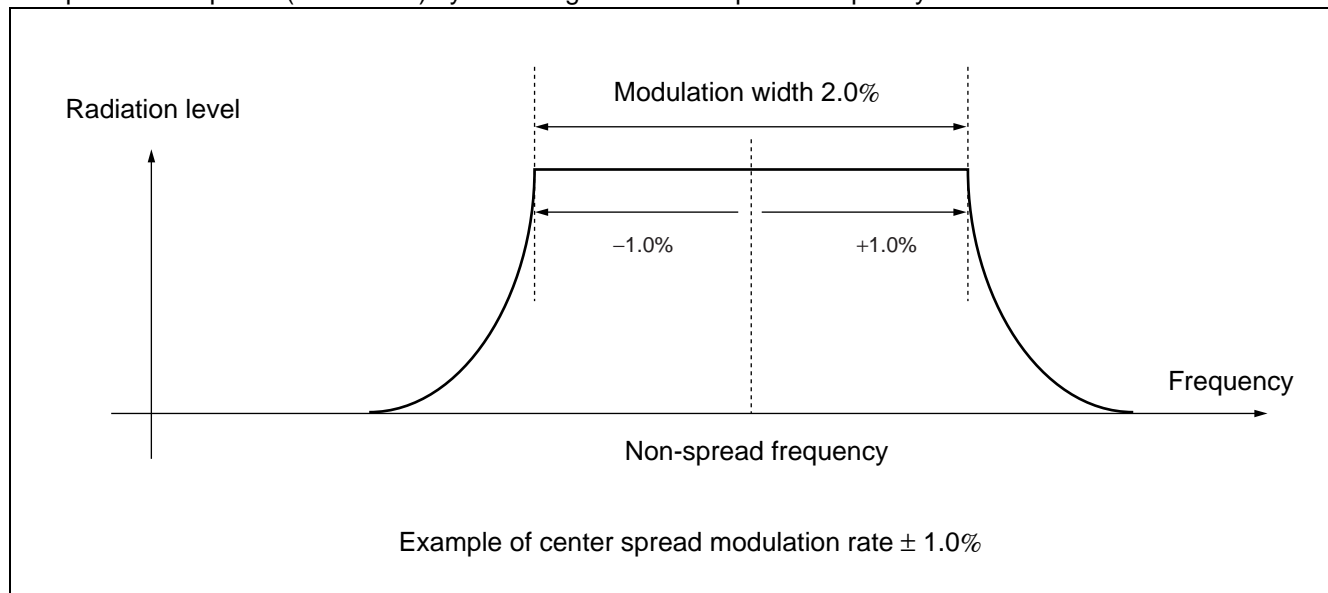
### S0/S1 modulation rate setting

| S1 | S0 | Modulation rate |                  | Remarks |
|----|----|-----------------|------------------|---------|
|    |    | At down spread  | At center spread |         |
| L  | L  | No modulation   | No modulation    | —       |
| L  | H  | – 1.0%          | ± 0.5%           | —       |
| H  | L  | – 2.0%          | ± 1.0%           | —       |
| H  | H  | – 4.0%          | ± 2.0%           | Default |

Note : Set S1 and S0 pins to “H” for input opened because the pins have the pull-up resistor.

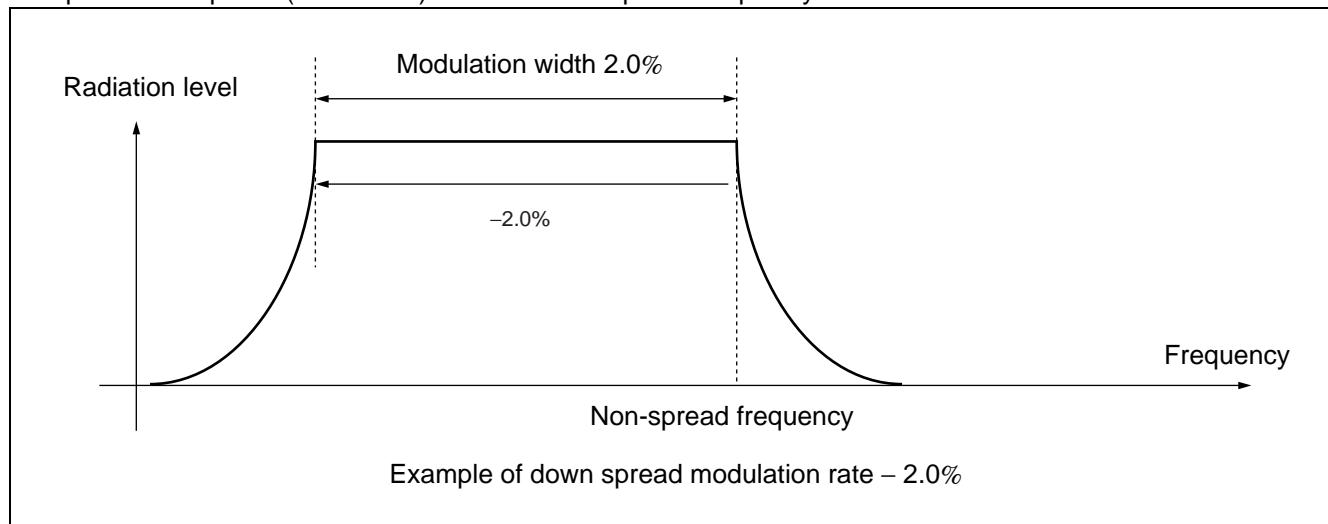
- Center spread

Spectrum is spread (modulated) by centering on the non-spread frequency.



- Down spread

Spectrum is spread (modulated) below the non-spread frequency.





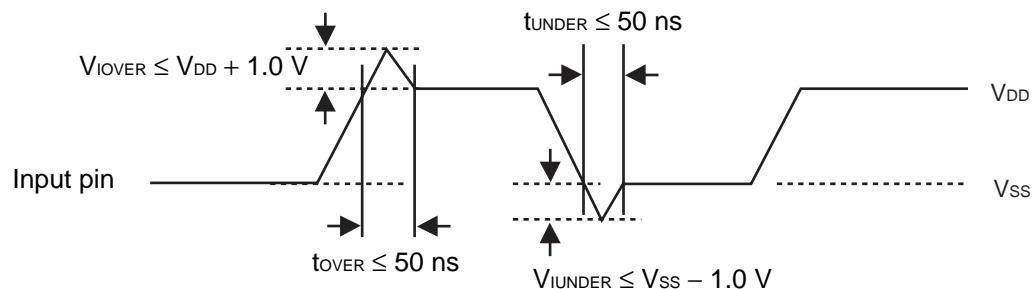
## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameter                      | Symbol       | Rating                                   |   | Unit |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--|---|------|
|                                |              | Min                                      | Max                                     |      |
| Power supply voltage*          | $V_{DD}$     | - 0.5                                    | + 4.0                                   | V    |
| Input voltage*                 | $V_I$        | $V_{SS} - 0.5$                           | $V_{DD} + 0.5$                          | V    |
| Output voltage*                | $V_O$        | $V_{SS} - 0.5$                           | $V_{DD} + 0.5$                          | V    |
| Storage temperature            | $T_{ST}$     | - 55                                     | + 125                                   | °C   |
| Operation junction temperature | $T_J$        | - 40                                     | + 125                                   | °C   |
| Output current                 | $I_O$        | - 14                                     | + 14                                    | mA   |
| Overshoot                      | $V_{IOVER}$  | —  | $V_{DD} + 1.0$ ( $t_{OVER} \leq 50$ ns) | V    |
| Undershoot                     | $V_{IUNDER}$ | $V_{SS} - 1.0$ ( $t_{UNDER} \leq 50$ ns) | —                                       | V    |

\* : The parameter is based on  $V_{SS} = 0.0$  V.

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

### Overshoot/Undershoot



## ■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

( $V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ )

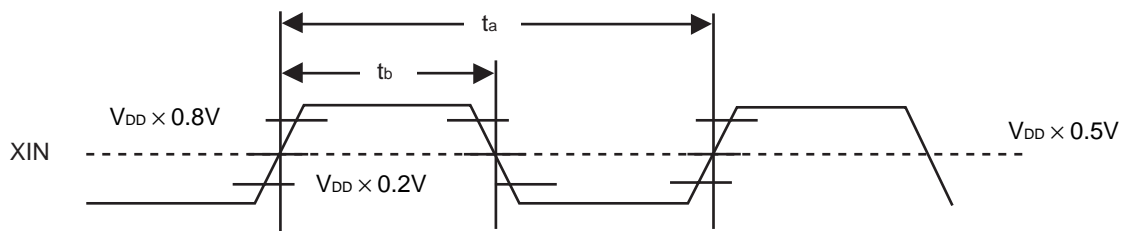
| Parameter               | Symbol    | Pin                         | Conditions                             | Value                |     |                      | Unit |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------|-----|----------------------|------|
|                         |           |                             |  | Min                  | Typ | Max                  |      |
| Power supply voltage    | $V_{DD}$  | $V_{DD}$                    | At MLTP = "L"                          | 2.7                  | 3.3 | 3.6                  | V    |
|                         |           |                             | At MLTP = "H"                          | 3.0                  | 3.3 | 3.6                  |      |
| "H" level input voltage | $V_{IH}$  | XIN, MLTP, OE, SPRD, S1, S0 | —                                      | $V_{DD} \times 0.80$ | —   | $V_{DD} + 0.3$       | V    |
| "L" level input voltage | $V_{IL}$  |                             | —                                      | $V_{SS}$             | —   | $V_{DD} \times 0.20$ | V    |
| Input clock duty cycle  | $t_{DCI}$ | XIN                         | Input frequency<br>12 MHz to<br>42 MHz | 40                   | 50  | 60                   | %    |
| Operating temperature   | $T_a$     | —                           | —                                      | - 40                 | —   | + 85                 | °C   |

**WARNING:** The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representatives beforehand.

Input clock duty cycle ( $t_{DCI} = t_b/t_a$ )



## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### • DC Characteristics

(Ta = -40 °C to +85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = 0.0 V)

| Parameter   | Symbol                        | Pin             | Conditions  | Value                 |     |                       | Unit |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|
|   |                               |                 |   | Min                   | Typ | Max                   |      |
| Power supply current                              | I <sub>CC</sub>               | V <sub>DD</sub> | 24 MHz output no load capacitance   | —                     | 7.0 | 11.0                  | mA   |
| Power down current                                | I <sub>PD</sub>               | V <sub>DD</sub> | At power down<br>(At OE="L")  | —                     | 5   | 20                    | μA   |
| Output voltage                                    | V <sub>OH</sub>               | OUT             | "H" level output,<br>I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA                                  | 0.8 × V <sub>DD</sub> | —   | V <sub>DD</sub>       | V    |
|   | V <sub>OL</sub>               |                 | "L" level output,<br>I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA                                   | V <sub>SS</sub>       | —   | 0.2 × V <sub>DD</sub> | V    |
| Output impedance                                  | Z <sub>OC</sub>               | OUT             | MLTP = L,<br>12 MHz to 28 MHz<br>output,<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V  | —                     | 30  | —                     | Ω    |
|   |                               |                 | MLTP = H,<br>80 MHz to 168 MHz<br>output,<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V | —                     | 20  | —                     | Ω    |
| Load capacitance                                  | C <sub>L</sub>                | OUT             | MLTP = L,<br>12 MHz to 28 MHz<br>output,<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V  | —                     | —   | 15                    | pF   |
|   |                               |                 | MLTP = H,<br>80 MHz to 168 MHz<br>output,<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V | —                     | —   | 15                    | pF   |
| Built-in oscillation<br>stabilization capacitance | C <sub>OSC</sub>              | XIN,<br>XOUT    | —   | —                     | 4   | —                     | pF   |
| Input pull-up resistance                          | R <sub>PUOE<sub>H</sub></sub> | OE              | V <sub>IH</sub> = 0.8 × V <sub>DD</sub>                                       | 10                    | 25  | 100                   | kΩ   |
|   | R <sub>PUOE<sub>L</sub></sub> | OE              | V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.0 V   | 500                   | 800 | 1200                  | kΩ   |
|   | R <sub>PU</sub>               | SPRD,<br>S1, S0 | V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.0 V   | 25                    | 50  | 200                   | kΩ   |
| Input pull-down resistance                        | R <sub>PD</sub>               | MLTP            | V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub>   | 25                    | 50  | 200                   | kΩ   |

Note : When OE pin is set to "L", the pull-up resistor connected to SPRD pin, S1 pin, and S0 pin and the pull-down resistor connected to MLTP pin are disconnected, and internal signal is fixed to "L".  
See "■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE" for details.

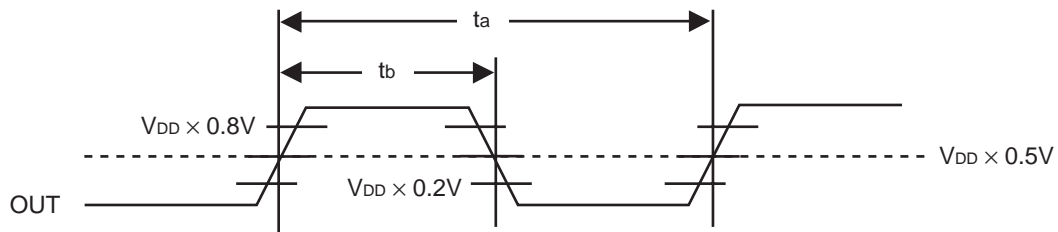
• AC Characteristics

(Ta = - 40 °C to + 85 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = 0.0 V)

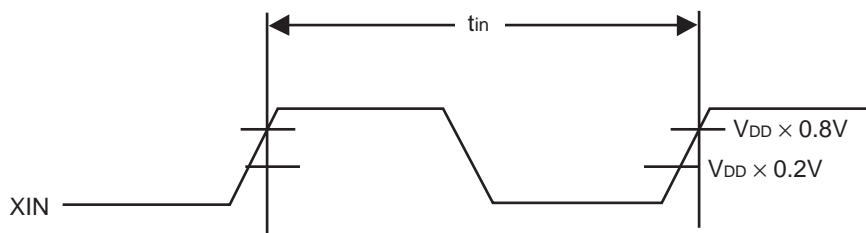
| Parameter                                      | Symbol            | Pin             | Conditions   | Value |      |     | Unit |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|--|-------|------|-----|------|
|  |                   |                 |  | Min   | Typ  | Max |      |
| Input frequency                                | f <sub>in</sub>   | XIN             | MLTP= "L",<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V,<br>Crystal oscillation input       | 12    | —    | 28  | MHz  |
|  |                   |                 | MLTP= "H",<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V,<br>Crystal oscillation input       | 20    | —    | 42  |      |
| Crystal oscillation frequency                  | f <sub>x</sub>    | XIN, XOUT       | Fundamental oscillation,<br>MLTP= "L",<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V         | 12    | —    | 28  | MHz  |
|  |                   |                 | Fundamental oscillation,<br>MLTP= "H",<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V         | 20    | —    | 42  |      |
| Output frequency                               | f <sub>OUT</sub>  | OUT             | MLTP= "L",<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V                                     | 12    | —    | 28  | MHz  |
|  |                   |                 | MLTP= "H",<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V                                     | 80    | —    | 168 |      |
| Output clock rise time                         | t <sub>r</sub>    | OUT             | 0.2 × V <sub>DD</sub> to 0.8 × V <sub>DD</sub><br>Load capacitance 15 pF           | 0.4   | —    | 4.0 | ns   |
| Output clock fall time                         | t <sub>f</sub>    | OUT             | 0.2 × V <sub>DD</sub> to 0.8 × V <sub>DD</sub><br>Load capacitance 15 pF           | 0.4   | —    | 4.0 | ns   |
| Output clock duty cycle                        | t <sub>DCC</sub>  | OUT             | 0.5 × V <sub>DD</sub>  | 40    | —    | 60  | %    |
| Modulation frequency                           | f <sub>MOD</sub>  | OUT             | Input frequency at 24MHz,<br>MLTP = "L"  | —     | 32.0 | —   | kHz  |
|  |                   |                 | Input frequency at 24MHz,<br>MLTP = "H"  | —     | 21.3 | —   |      |
| Lock-Up time                                   | t <sub>LK</sub>   | OUT             | —  | —     | 4    | 10  | ms   |
| Cycle-Cycle jitter                             | t <sub>JC</sub>   | OUT             | Ta= + 25°C, V <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V,<br>No load capacitance,<br>Standard deviation σ | —     | —    | 100 | ps   |
| Output enable "L" width                        | t <sub>OELW</sub> | OE              | —  | 1     | —    | —   | μs   |
| Power supply rise time                         | t <sub>VDR</sub>  | V <sub>DD</sub> | MLTP= L, 0.0 V to 2.7 V  | 100   | —    | —   | μs   |
|  |                   |                 | MLTP= H, 0.0 V to 3.0 V  | 100   | —    | —   |      |
| Output Hi-Z start time after power down entry  | t <sub>PEZ</sub>  | OUT             | Rise time or fall time of<br>"OE" at 5 ns  | —     | —    | 10  | ns   |
| Output Hi-Z release time after power down exit | t <sub>PIZ</sub>  | OUT             | Rise time or fall time of<br>"OE" at 5 ns  | 0     | —    | —   | ns   |
| Output start time after power down exit        | t <sub>PIO</sub>  | OUT             | Rise time or fall time of<br>"OE" at 5 ns<br>Load capacitance 15 pF                | —     | —    | 10  | ns   |

Note : The stabilization wait time of the modulation clock is required after the power is turned on or when the clock output enable setting (OE pin), multiplication setting (MLTP pin) or modulation rate setting (S1 pin and S0 pin) is changed. The stabilization wait time of the modulation clock takes the maximum value of Lock-Up time.

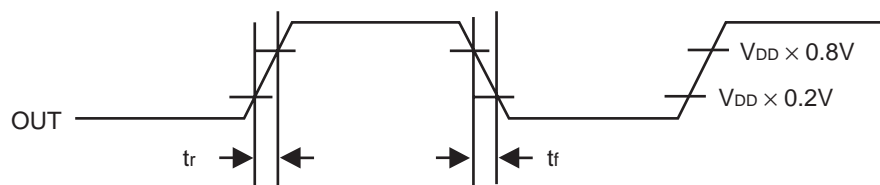
## ■ OUTPUT CLOCK DUTY CYCLE ( $t_{DCC} = t_b/t_a$ )



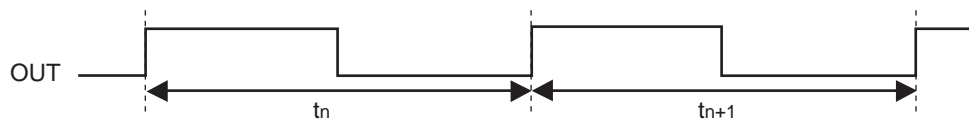
## ■ INPUT FREQUENCY ( $f_{in} = 1/t_{in}$ )



## ■ OUTPUT CLOCK RISE TIME/OUTPUT CLOCK FALL TIME ( $t_r/t_f$ )

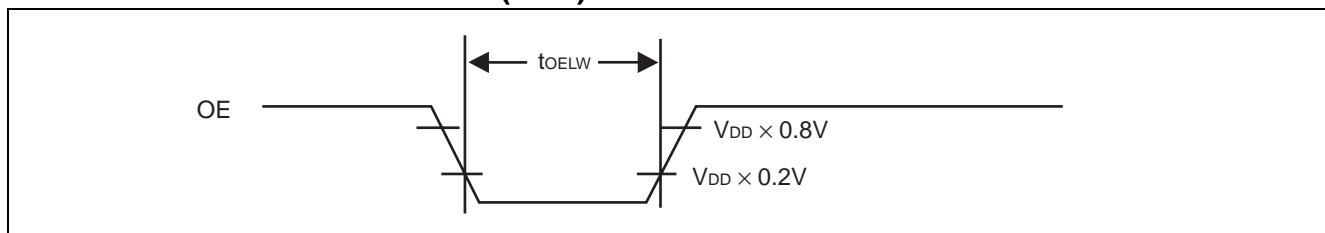


## ■ CYCLE-CYCLE JITTER ( $t_{JC} = |t_n - t_{n+1}|$ )

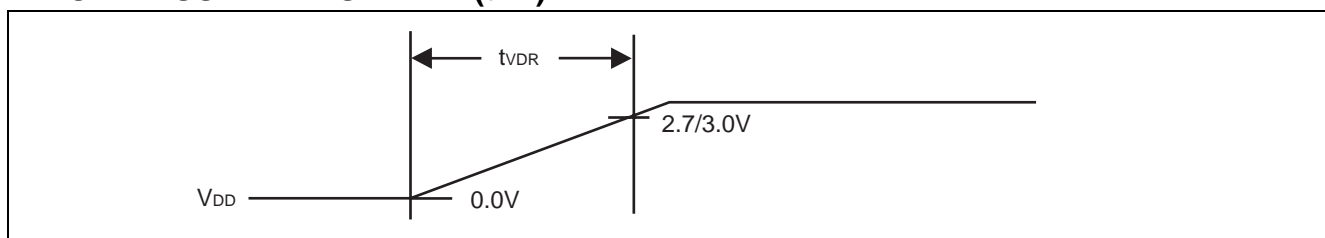


Note : Cycle-cycle jitter indicates the difference between a certain cycle and the immediately succeeding (or preceding) cycle.

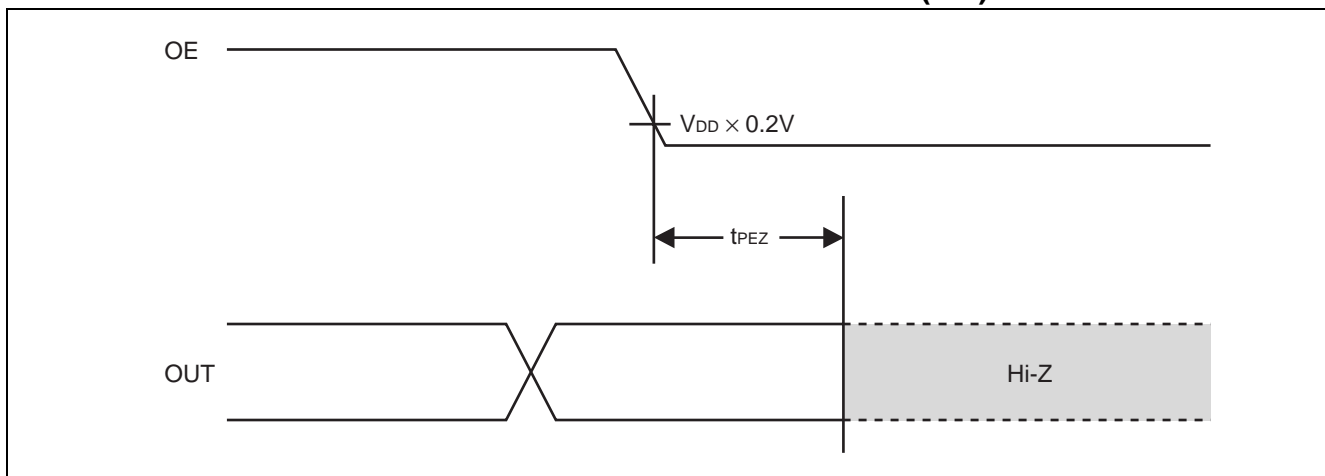
## ■ OUTPUT ENABLE “L” WIDTH ( $t_{OELW}$ )



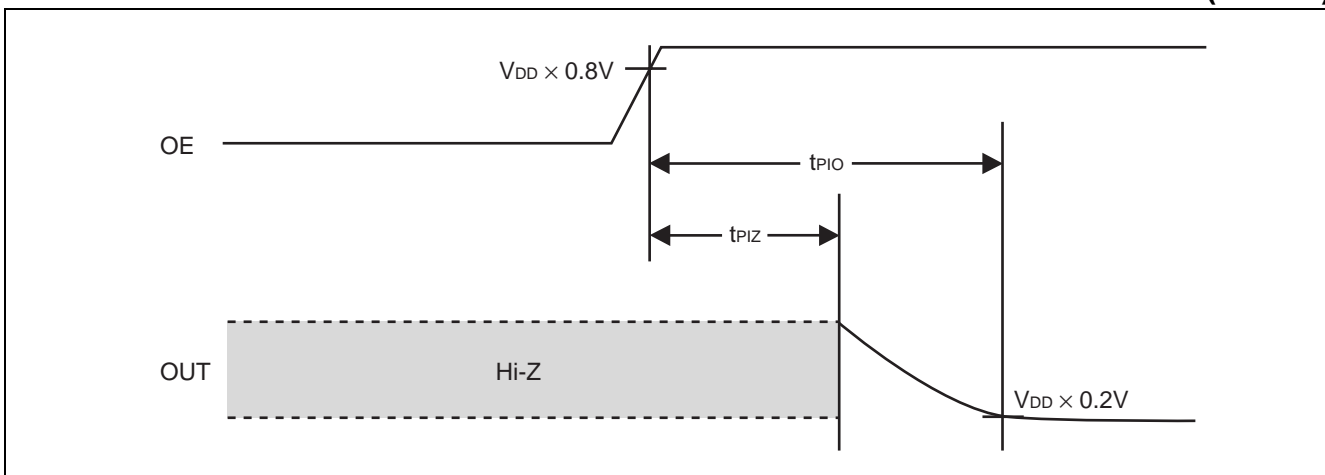
## ■ POWER SUPPLY RISE TIME ( $t_{VDR}$ )



## ■ OUTPUT Hi-Z START TIME AFTER POWER DOWN ENTRY ( $t_{PEZ}$ )

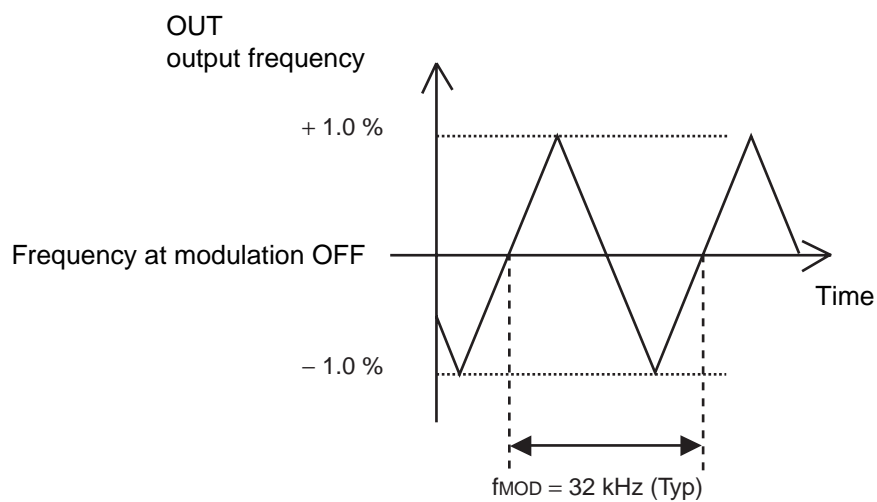


## ■ OUTPUT Hi-Z RELEASE TIME • OUTPUT START TIME AFTER POWER DOWN EXIT ( $t_{PIZ} \bullet t_{PIO}$ )

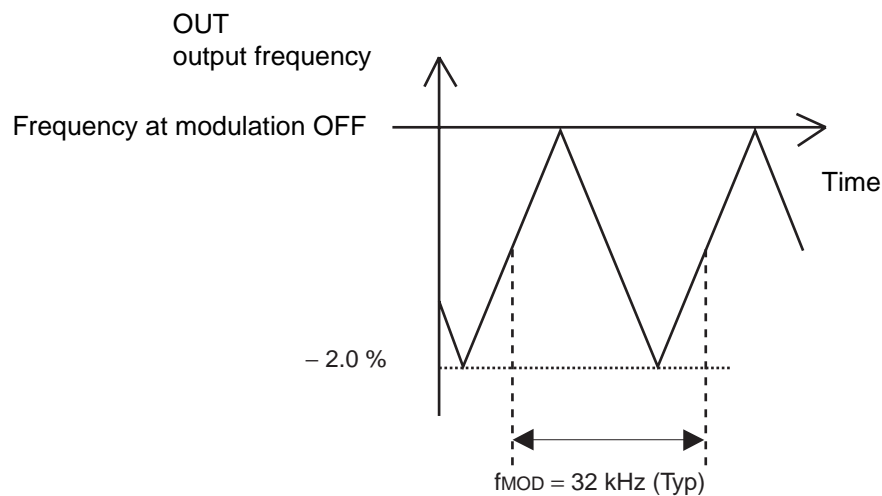


**MODULATION WAVEFORM**

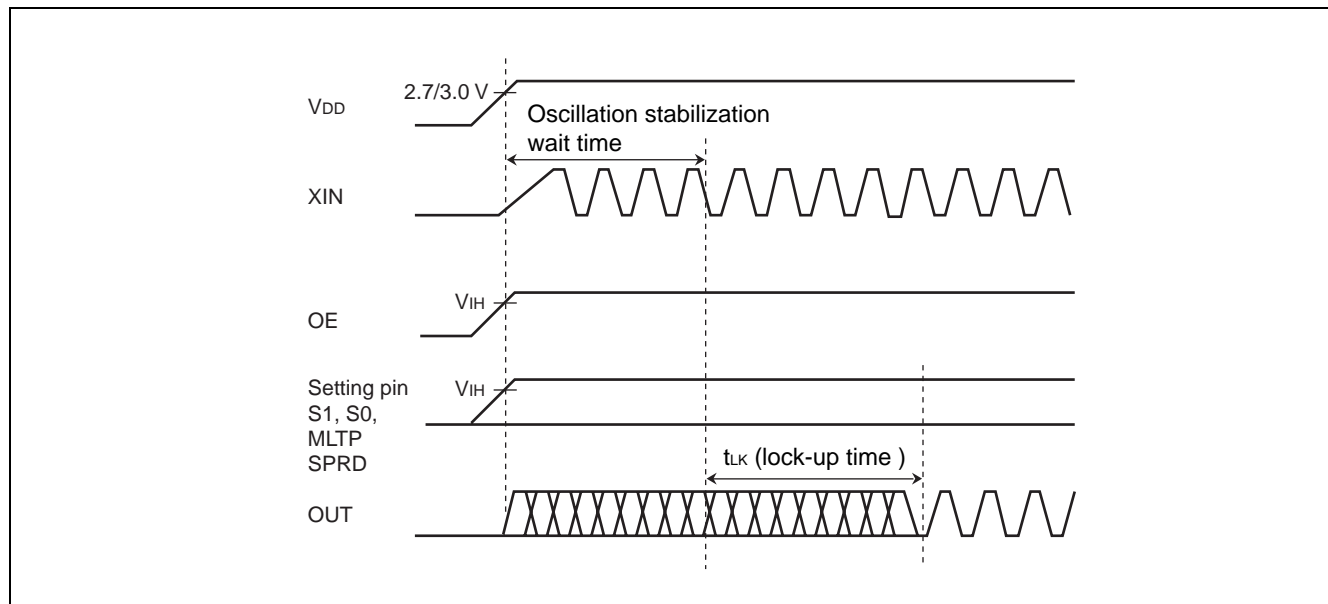
- Modulation rate  $\pm 1.0\%$ , example of center spread



- Modulation rate  $-2.0\%$ , example of down spread



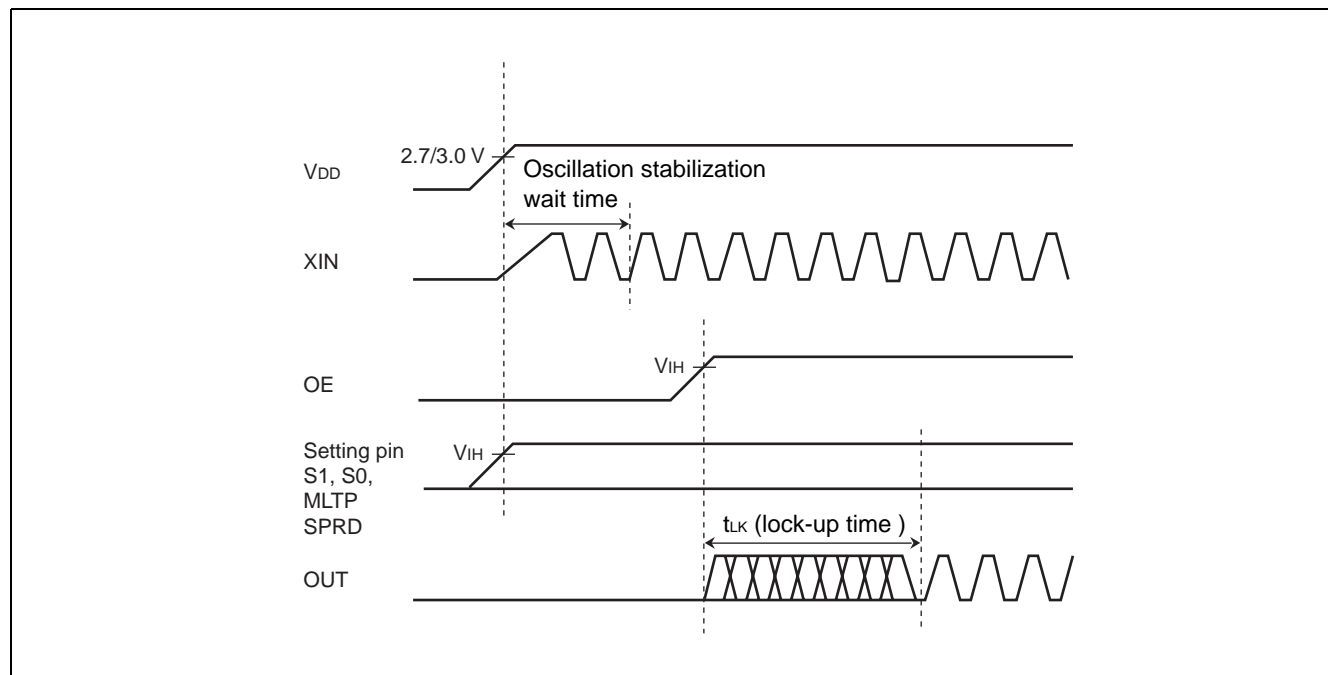
## ■ LOCK-UP TIME



The clock oscillation stabilization wait time is required when the power is turned on.

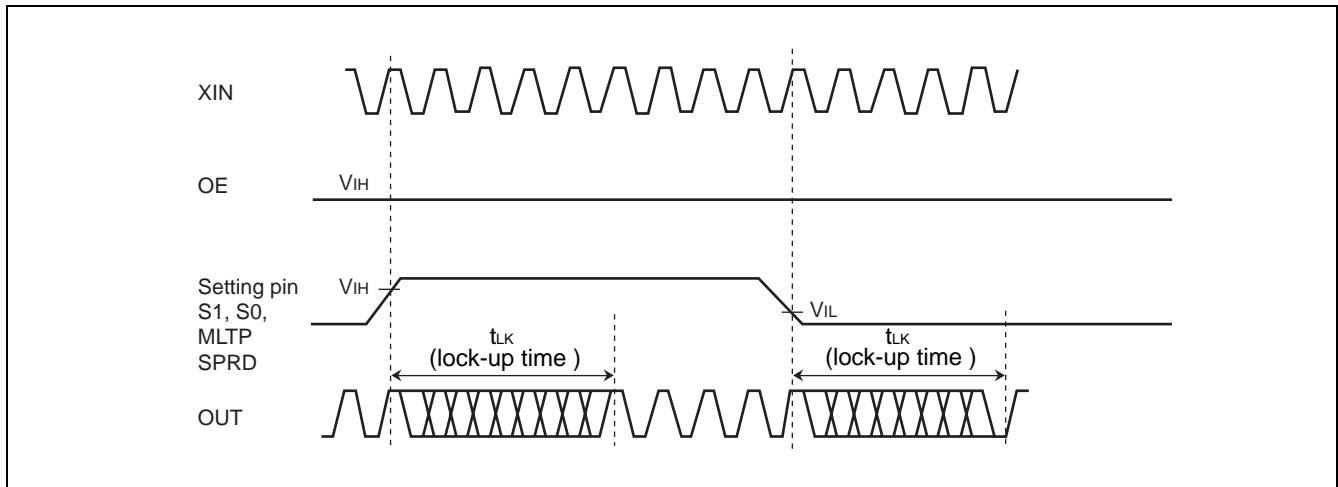
If the OE pin is fixed at "H" level, the maximum time after the power is turned on until the required clock is obtained is (the oscillation stabilization wait time of input clock to XIN pin) + (the lock-up time "tLK").

For the stabilization wait time of input clock to the XIN pin, check the characteristics of the resonator or oscillator used.



If the OE pin is used for power down control, the required clock is obtained at most the lock-up time "tLK" after the OE pin goes "H" level.



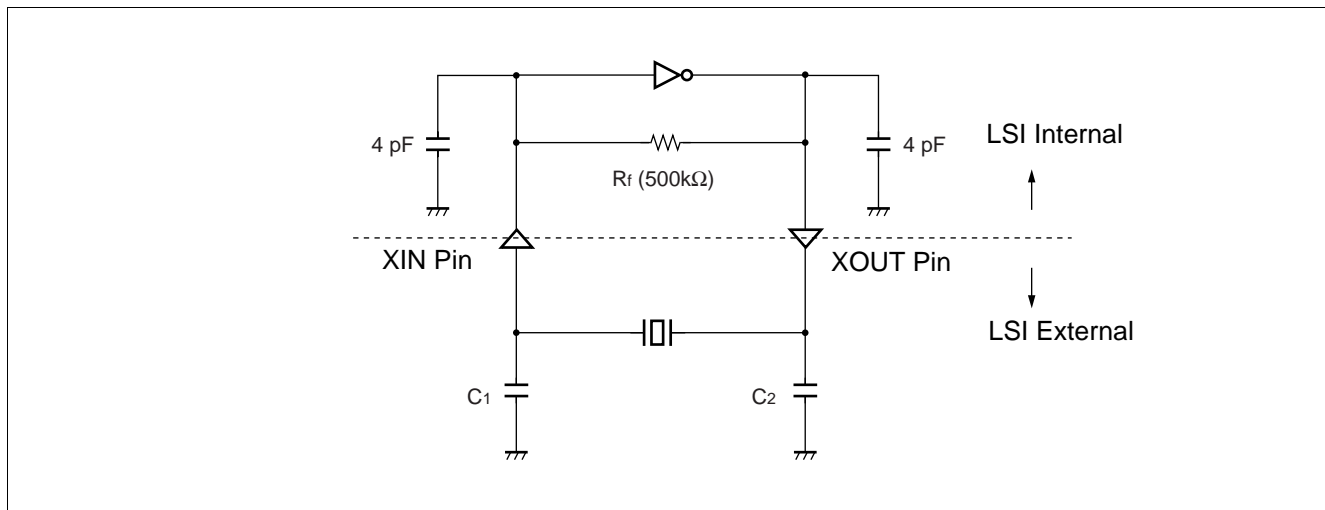


If the setting pin (S1, S0, MLTP, or SPRD) is used for control during normal operation, the required clock is obtained at most the lock-up time " $t_{LK}$ " after the level at the pin is determined.

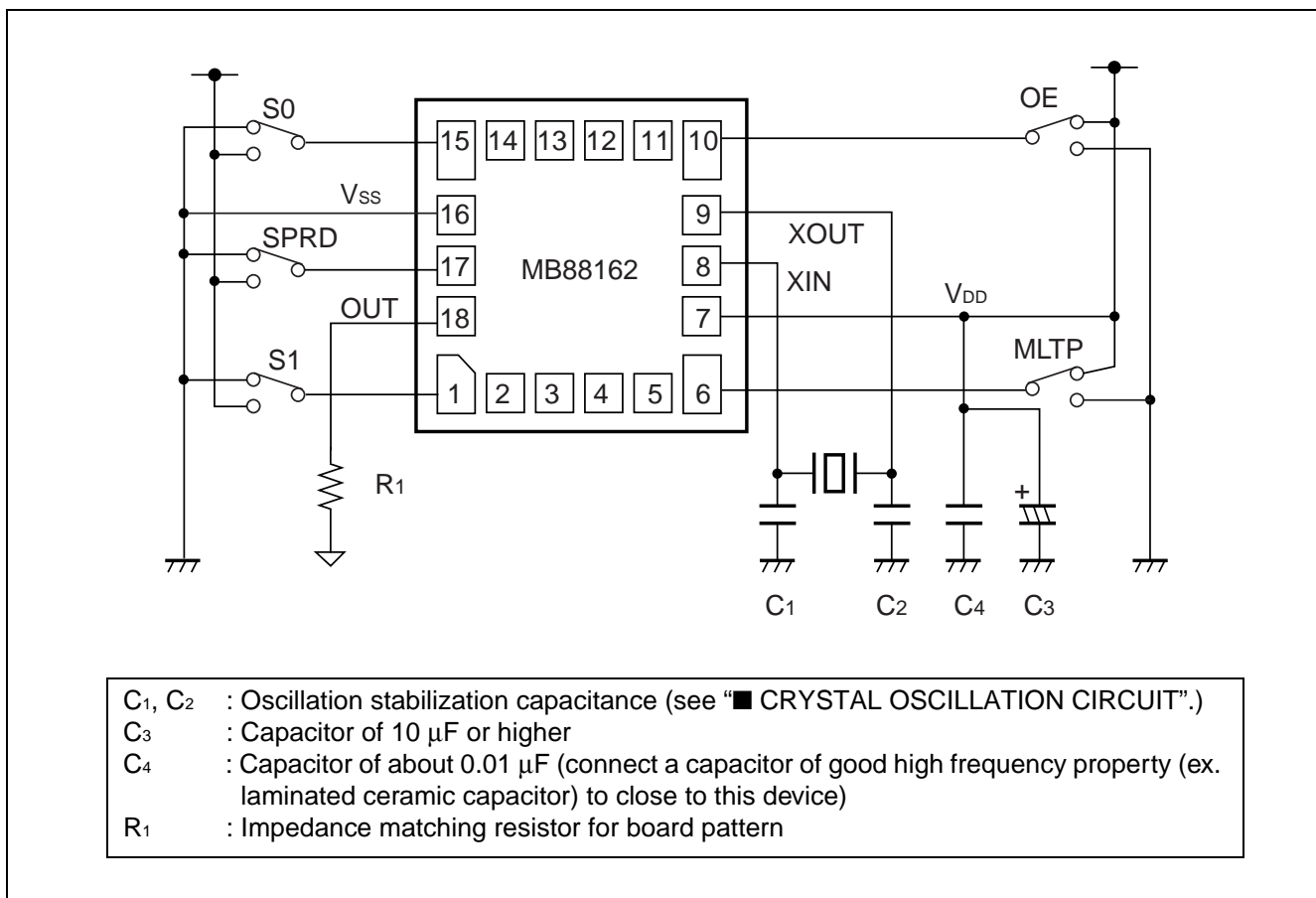
**Note :** The wait time for the clock signal output from the OUT pin to become stable is required after the IC is released from power-down mode by the OE pin or after another pin's setting is changed. During the period until the output clock signal becomes stable, the output frequency, output clock duty cycle, modulation period, and Cycle-Cycle jitter characteristic cannot be guaranteed. It is therefore advisable to perform processing such as cancelling a reset of the device at the succeeding stage after the lock-up time.

## ■ CRYSTAL OSCILLATION CIRCUIT

The figure below shows the connection example about general crystal resonator. The oscillation circuit has the built-in feedback resistor (500k $\Omega$ ) and oscillation stabilization capacitance (4 pF). Because the value of oscillation stabilization capacitance must be adjusted to the most suitable value of the individual oscillator, add the capacitance (C1 and C2) to LSI external if necessary.



## ■ INTERCONNECTION CIRCUIT EXAMPLE

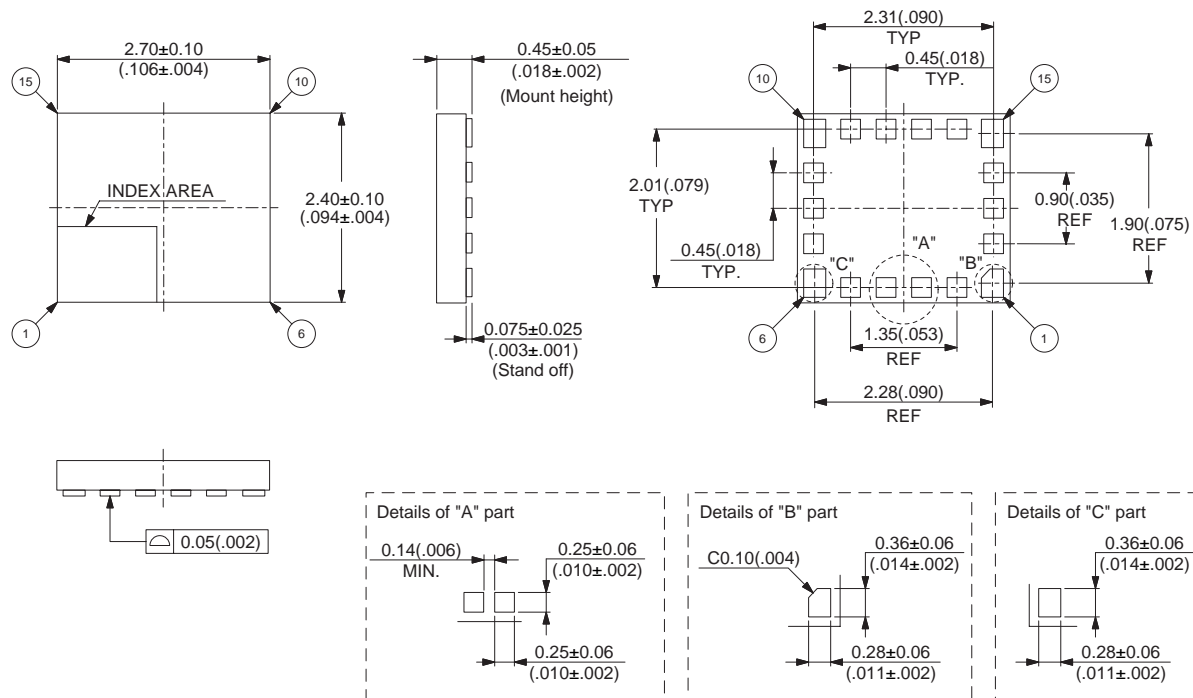


## ■ ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part no.          | Package                             | Emboss taping |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| MB88162PVB-G-EFE1 | 18-pin plastic BCC<br>(LCC-18P-M05) | EF type       |
| MB88162PVB-G-ERE1 |                                     | ER type       |

## ■ PACKAGE DIMENSION

18-pin plastic BCC  
(LCC-18P-M05)



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Dimensions in mm (inches)

Note: The values in parentheses are reference values.

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