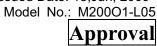


# **TFT LCD Approval Specification**

# MODEL NO.: M20001-L05

| Customer:    | TPV |
|--------------|-----|
| Approved by: |     |
| Note:        |     |
|              |     |

| 核准時間                   | 部門           | 審核                      | 角色       | 投票     |
|------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|----------|--------|
| 2009-07-03<br>17:41:12 | MTR<br>產品管理處 | <b>9 2009.07.03</b> 柏 勳 | Director | Accept |

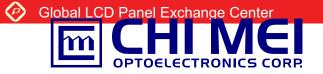


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# **REVISION HISTORY**

| Version | Date        | Section | Description  |
|---------|-------------|---------|--|
| Ver 3.0 | 18,Jun, 09' | -       | M20001 -L05 Approval specification was first issued. |
|         |             |         |  |

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#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 OVERVIEW

M200O1-L05 is a 20.0" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with 4 CCFL Backlight unit and 30 pins 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1600 x 900 HD+ mode and can display up to 16.7M colors. The inverter module for Backlight is not built in.

### 1.2 FEATURES

- Extra-wide viewing angle.
- High contrast ratio.
- Fast response time.
- High color saturation.
- HD+ (1600 x 900 pixels) resolution.
- DE (Data Enable) only mode.
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface.
- RoHS compliance.
- TCO03 compliance

#### 1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Monitor

## 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Item                     | Specification  | Unit  | Note |
|--------------------------|--|-------|------|
| Active Area              | 442.8(H) x 249.075(V) (20.0" diagonal)                                   | mm    | (1)  |
| Bezel Opening Area       | 446.8 (H) x 253.2 (V)  | mm    | (1)  |
| Driver Element           | a-Si TFT active matrix   | -     | -    |
| Pixel Number             | 1600 x R.G.B. x 900  | pixel | -    |
| Pixel Pitch              | 0.2768(H) x 0.2768 (V)   | mm    | -    |
| Pixel Arrangement        | RGB vertical stripe  | -     | -    |
| Display Colors           | 16.7M  | color | -    |
| Transmissive Mode        | Normally White   | -     | -    |
| Surface Treatment        | Hard coating (3H), Glare (4% <r<5%)< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td></r<5%)<> | -     | -    |
| Module Power Consumption | 26.28  | Watt  | (2)  |

## 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Item        |               | Min.  | Typ.  | Max.  | Unit | Note |
|-------------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|
|             | Horizontal(H) | 462.3 | 462.8 | 463.3 | mm   |      |
| Module Size | Vertical(V)   | 271.5 | 272.0 | 272.5 | mm   | (1)  |
|             | Depth(D)      | 16.5  | 17    | 17.5  | mm   |      |
| We          | ight          | -     | 2300  | 2350  | g    | -    |

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Please refer to sec.3.1 & 3.2 for more information of power consumption

Model No.: M20001-L05

# 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

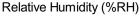
#### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

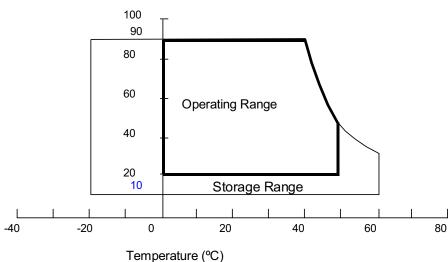
| Item                          | Symbol           | Va   | lue  | Unit  | Note     |  |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------|------|-------|----------|--|
| item                          | Symbol           | Min. | Max. | Offic | Note     |  |
| Storage Temperature           | T <sub>ST</sub>  | -20  | 60   | °C    | (1)      |  |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | T <sub>OP</sub>  | 0    | 50   | ပ္    | (1), (2) |  |
| Shock (Non-Operating)         | S <sub>NOP</sub> | ı    | 50   | G     | (3), (5) |  |
| Vibration (Non-Operating)     | $V_{NOP}$        | -    | 1.5  | G     | (4), (5) |  |

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta  $\leq$  40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.

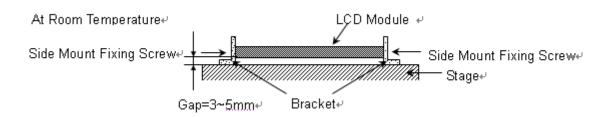
Note (2) The temperature of panel display surface area should be 0 °C Min. and 60 °C Max





- Note (3) 11ms, half sine wave, 1 time for  $\pm X$ ,  $\pm Y$ ,  $\pm Z$ .
- Note (4) 10 ~ 300 Hz, 10min/cycle, 3 cycles each X, Y, Z.
- Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

The fixing condition is shown as below:





#### 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

### 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

| Item                 | Symbol | Va   | lue  | Unit  | Note |  |
|----------------------|--------|------|------|-------|------|--|
|                      | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Offic | Note |  |
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc    | -0.3 | +6.0 | V     | (1)  |  |

### 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

| Item           | Symbol Val |      | lue  | Unit       | Note     |
|----------------|------------|------|------|------------|----------|
| item           | Symbol     | Min. | Max. | Offic      | Note     |
| Lamp Voltage   | $V_L$      | -    | 2.5K | $V_{RMS}$  | (1), (2) |
| Lamp Current   | ΙL         | 3.0  | 7.5  | $mA_{RMS}$ | (1), (2) |
| Lamp Frequency | $F_L$      | 40   | 80   | KHz        | (1), (2) |

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further information).

# 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

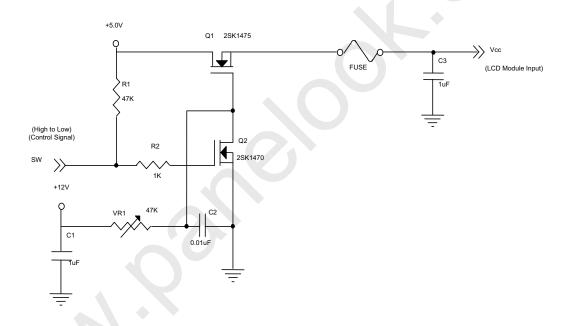
# 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

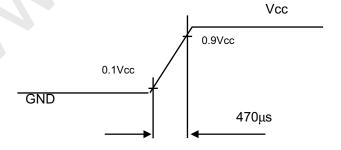
| Parameter                       |                 | Symbol            |      | Value | Unit | Note  |      |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------|
|                                 |                 | Syllibol          | Min. | Typ.  | Max. | Offic | Note |
| Power Supply                    | y Voltage       | Vcc               | 4.5  | 5.0   | 5.5  | V     | -    |
| Ripple Vo                       | ltage           | $V_{RP}$          | •    | -     | 200  | mV    | -    |
| Power on Rus                    | h Current       | I <sub>RUSH</sub> |      |       | 3.0  | Α     | (2)  |
|                                 | White           |                   |      | 0.5   | 0.6  | Α     | (3)a |
| Power Supply Current            | Black           |                   |      | 0.9   | 1.1  | Α     | (3)b |
|                                 | Vertical Stripe |                   |      | 0.94  | 1.15 | Α     | (3)c |
| Power Consumption               |                 | PLCD              |      | 4.7   | 5.75 | Watt  | (4)  |
| LVDS differential input voltage |                 | Vid               | 100  | ı     | 600  | mV    |      |
| LVDS common in                  | nput voltage    | Vic               | 1.0  | 1.2   | 1.4  | V     |      |

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

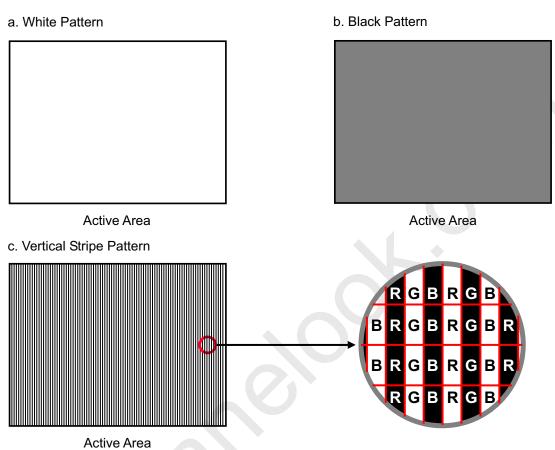
Note (2) Power on rush current measurement conditions:



# Vcc rising time is 470μs

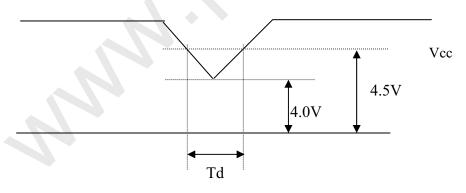


Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 5.0 V, Ta = 25  $\pm$  2 °C, f<sub>v</sub> = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



Note (4)The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current

# 3.1.2 Vcc Power Dip Condition:



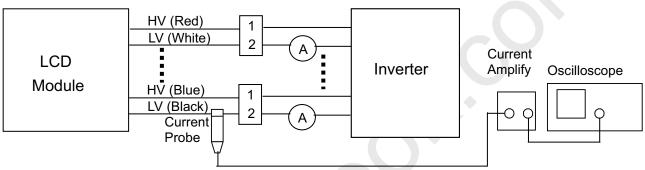
Dip condition: 4.0V : Vcc : 4.5V, Td : 20ms

#### 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

| Parameter            | Symbol  |        | Value  | Unit        | Note       |                               |
|----------------------|---------|--------|--------|-------------|------------|-------------------------------|
| i arameter           | Symbol  | Min.   | Тур.   | Max.        | Offic      | Note                          |
| Lamp Input Voltage   | $V_{L}$ | 747    | 830    | 913         | $V_{RMS}$  | $I_{L} = 6.5 \text{ mA}$      |
| Lamp Current         | L       | 3.0    | 6.5    | 7.5         | $mA_{RMS}$ | (1)                           |
| Lamp Turn On Voltage | Vs      |        |        | 1480(0°C)   | $V_{RMS}$  | (2)                           |
| Lamp rum On voltage  |         |        |        | 1230 (25°℃) | $V_{RMS}$  | (2)                           |
| Operating Frequency  | F       | 40     | 55     | 80          | KHz        | (3)                           |
| Lamp Life Time       | $L_BL$  | 40,000 | 50,000 |             | Hrs        | $(5)$ , $I_L = 6.5 \text{mA}$ |
| Power Consumption    | $P_{L}$ |        | 21.58  |             | W          | $(4), I_L = 6.5 \text{mA}$    |

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by current amplify & oscilloscope as shown below:



Measure equipment:

Current Amplify: Tektronix TCPA300 Current probe: Tektronix TCP312

Oscilloscope: TDS3054B

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

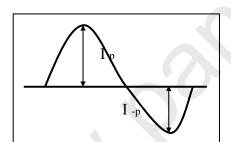
- Note (2) The voltage that must be larger than Vs should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise, the lamp may not be turned on normally. It is the value output voltage of NF circuit.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronization frequency from the display, which might cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronization frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4)  $P_L = I_L \times V_L \times 4$ (for 4lamps)
- Note (5) The lifetime of lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta = 25  $\pm 2$  °C and I<sub>L</sub> = 6.5 mArms until one of the following events occurs:
  - (a) When the brightness becomes  $\leq$  50% of its original value.
  - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes  $\leq$  80% of its original value. (The effective ignition length is a scope that luminance is over 80% of that at the center point.)
- Note (6) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for

the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid producing too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform. (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within  $\sqrt{2 \pm 10\%}$ ;
- c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities



\* Asymmetry rate:

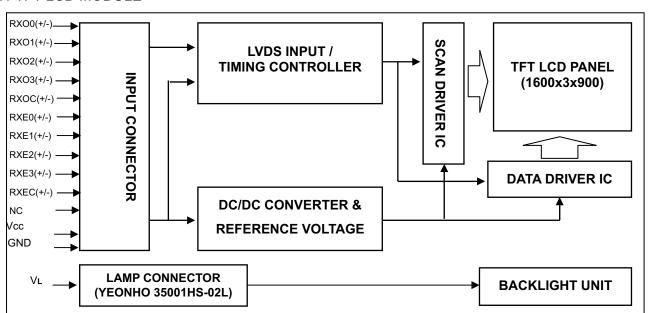
$$|I_{p} - I_{-p}| / I_{rms} * 100\%$$

\* Distortion rate

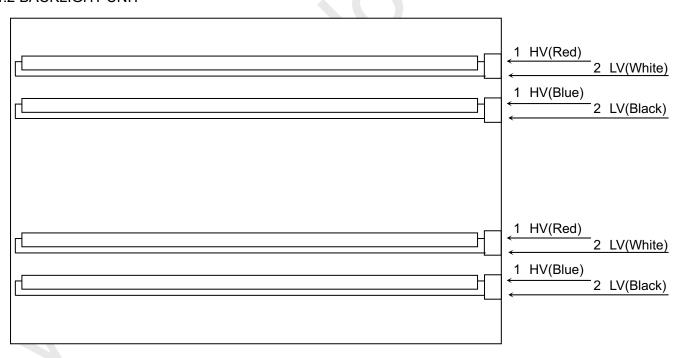
$$I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$$

## 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

# 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



### 4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT



Note:On the same side,the same polarity lamp voltage design for lamps is recommended.

# 5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

### 5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

| Pin | Name  | Description  |
|-----|-------|--|
| 1   | RXO0- | Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)  |
| 2   | RXO0+ | Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)  |
| 3   | RXO1- | Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)  |
| 4   | RXO1+ | Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)  |
| 5   | RXO2- | Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)  |
| 6   | RXO2+ | Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)  |
| 7   | GND   | Ground   |
| 8   | RXOC- | Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)            |
| 9   | RXOC+ | Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)            |
| 10  | RXO3- | Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)   |
| 11  | RXO3+ | Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)  |
| 12  | RXE0- | Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even) |
| 13  | RXE0+ | Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even) |
| 14  | GND   | Ground   |
| 15  | RXE1- | Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even) |
| 16  | RXE1+ | Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even) |
| 17  | GND   | Ground   |
| 18  | RXE2- | Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even) |
| 19  | RXE2+ | Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even) |
| 20  | RXEC- | Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)           |
| 21  | RXEC+ | Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)           |
| 22  | RXE3- | Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even) |
| 23  | RXE3+ | Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even) |
| 24  | GND   | Ground   |
| 25  | NC    | Not connection, this pin should be open.                 |
| 26  | NC    | Not connection, this pin should be open.                 |
| 27  | NC    | Not connection, this pin should be open.                 |
| 28  | Vcc   | +5.0V power supply                                       |
| 29  | Vcc   | +5.0V power supply                                       |
| 30  | Vcc   | +5.0V power supply                                       |

Note (1) Connector Part No.: STM MSAKT2407P30HA or Starconn 093G30-B0001A

Note (2) Mating Wire Cable Connector Part No.: FI-X30H(JAE) or FI-X30HL(JAE)

Note (3) Mating FFC Cable Connector Part No.: 217007-013001 (P-TWO) or JF05X030-1 (JAE)

Note (4) The first pixel is odd.

Note (5) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.



# 5.2 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE

| LVDS Channel O0  | LVDS output | D7  | D6  | D4  | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0  |
|------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| LVD3 Chamile O0  | Data order  | OG0 | OR5 | OR4 | OR3 | OR2 | OR1 | OR0 |
| LVDS Channel O1  | LVDS output | D18 | D15 | D14 | D13 | D12 | D9  | D8  |
| LVD3 Channel O1  | Data order  | OB1 | OB0 | OG5 | OG4 | OG3 | OG2 | OG1 |
| LVDS Channel O2  | LVDS output | D26 | D25 | D24 | D22 | D21 | D20 | D19 |
| LVD3 Channel 02  | Data order  | DE  | NA  | NA  | OB5 | OB4 | OB3 | OB2 |
| LVDS Channel O3  | LVDS output | D23 | D17 | D16 | D11 | D10 | D5  | D27 |
| LVD3 Channel O3  | Data order  | NA  | OB7 | OB6 | OG7 | OG6 | OR7 | OR6 |
| LVDS Channel E0  | LVDS output | D7  | D6  | D4  | D3  | D2  | D1  | D0  |
| LVD3 Channel Eu  | Data order  | EG0 | ER5 | ER4 | ER3 | ER2 | ER1 | ER0 |
| LVDS Channel E1  | LVDS output | D18 | D15 | D14 | D13 | D12 | D9  | D8  |
| LVD3 Channel E1  | Data order  | EB1 | EB0 | EG5 | EG4 | EG3 | EG2 | EG1 |
| LVDS Channel E2  | LVDS output | D26 | D25 | D24 | D22 | D21 | D20 | D19 |
| LVD3 Challie EZ  | Data order  | DE  | NA  | NA  | EB5 | EB4 | EB3 | EB2 |
| LVDS Channel E3  | LVDS output | D23 | D17 | D16 | D11 | D10 | D5  | D27 |
| LVD3 Challiel E3 | Data order  | NA  | EB7 | EB6 | EG7 | EG6 | ER7 | ER6 |

# 5.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT:

| Pin | Symbol | Description  | Remark |
|-----|--------|--------------|--------|
| 1-1 | HV     | High Voltage | Red    |
| 1-2 | LV     | Low Voltage  | White  |
| 2-3 | HV     | High Voltage | Blue   |
| 2-4 | LV     | Low Voltage  | Black  |

Note (1) Connector Part No.: YEONHO 35001HS-02L or equivalent

Approval

### 5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

|                 |                          |     |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |     | Di | ata | Sigr   | nal |        |        |    |    |    |     |    |    |    |    |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|--------|-----|--------|--------|----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|
|                 | Color                    |     |    |     | Re |    |    |    |    |    |     |    |     | reer   |     |        |        |    |    |    | Blu |    |    |    |    |
|                 |                          | R7  | R6 | R5  | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G7 | G6  | G5 | G4  | G3     | G2  | G1     | G0     | B7 | В6 | B5 | B4  | В3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
|                 | Black                    | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Red                      | 1   | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Dasia           | Green                    | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1   | 1      | 1   | 1      | 1      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Basic<br>Colors | Blue<br>Cyan             | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0<br>1 | 0   | 0<br>1 | 0<br>1 | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
| Colors          | Magenta                  | 1   | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
|                 | Yellow                   | 1   | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1   | 1      | 1   | 1      | 1      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|                 | White                    | 1   | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1   | 1      | 1   | 1      | 1      | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
|                 | Red(0) / Dark            | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Red(1)                   | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | Ö  | Ö  | 1  | ő  | ő   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0  | Ö  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Red(2)                   | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  | Ö  | Ö   | Ö  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Gray            | :                        | :   | :  | :   | :  |    |    | :  | :  | :  | :   | :  |     |        |     |        | :      | :  | :  | :  | :   | :  | :  | :  | :  |
| Scale           | :                        | :   | :  | :   | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :   | :  | :   |        | :   | :      | :      | :  | :  | :  | :   | :  | :  | :  | :  |
| Of              | Red(253)                 | 1   | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 1  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Red             | Red(254)                 | 1   | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Red(255)                 | 1   | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Green(0) / Dark          | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Green(1)                 | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 1      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Gray            | Green(2)                 | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 1      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Scale           | :                        | :   | :  | :   | :  |    |    |    |    | :  | :   | :  | :   | :      | :   | :      | :      | :  | :  | :  | :   | :  | :  | :  | :  |
| Of              |                          | :   | :  | : ( | :  | :  | :  |    | :  | ;  | :   | :  | :   | :      | :   | :      | :      | :  | :  | :  | :   | :  | :  | :  | :  |
| Green           | Green(253)<br>Green(254) | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1   | 1      | 1   | 0<br>1 | 1      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Green(255)               | 0   | 0  | 0 0 | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1   | 1<br>1 | 1   | 1      | 0<br>1 | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Blue(0) / Dark           | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|                 | Blue(1)                  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  |
|                 | Blue(2)                  | . 0 | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | ő  | ő   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  |
| Gray            | :                        |     | :  |     | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | ĭ  | l : | :  | :   | :      | :   | :      | :      | :  | :  | :  | :   | :  | :  | :  | :  |
| Scale           |                          |     |    |     |    |    |    | :  |    | :  | :   | :  | :   | :      | :   | :      | :      | :  |    | :  |     | :  | :  |    | :  |
| Of              | Blue(253)                | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 0  | 1  |
| Blue            | Blue(254)                | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  |
|                 | Blue(255)                | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0      | 0   | 0      | 0      | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1   | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

# 6. INTERFACE TIMING

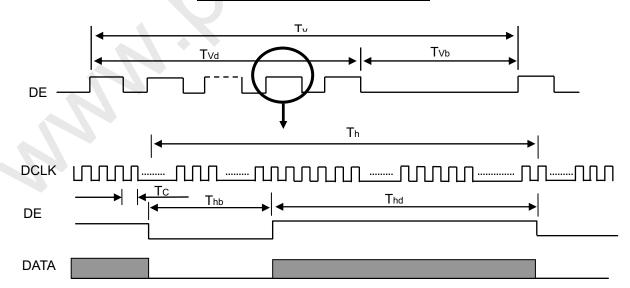
#### 6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

| Signal                         | Item  | Symbol           | Min.   | Тур.   | Max.   | Unit | Note       |
|--------------------------------|---|------------------|--------|--------|--------|------|------------|
|                                | Frequency                                     | Fc               | 46.4   | 59.2   | 75.7   | MHz  | -          |
|                                | Period  | Tc               | -      | 16.89  | -      | ns   |            |
| LVDS Clock                     | Input cycle to cycle jitter                   | $T_{rcl}$        | ı      | -      | +2%Tc  | ps   | (1)        |
|                                | Spread<br>spectrum<br>modulation<br>range     | Fclkin_mod       | -2%Fc  | -      | +2%Fc  | MHz  | (2)        |
|                                | Spread<br>spectrum<br>modulation<br>frequency | F <sub>SSM</sub> | -      | -      | 200    | KHz  | (2)        |
|                                | High Time                                     | Tch              | ı      | 4/7    | -      | Tc   | -          |
|                                | Low Time                                      | Tcl              | -      | 3/7    |        | Tc   | -          |
| LV/DS Data                     | Setup Time                                    | Tlvs             | 600    | -      | -      | ps   | (2)        |
| LVDS Data                      | Hold Time                                     | Tlvh             | 600    | -      | -      | ps   | (3)        |
|                                | Frame Rate                                    | Fr               | 48     | 60     | 75     | Hz   | Tv=Tvd+Tvb |
| Vertical Active Diaplay Torm   | Total   | Tv               | 929    | 934    | 942    | Th   | -          |
| Vertical Active Display Term   | Display                                       | Tvd              | 900    | 900    | 900    | Th   | -          |
|                                | Blank   | Tvb              | Tv-Tvd | Tv-Tvd | Tv-Tvd | Th   | -          |
|                                | Total   | Th               | 1040   | 1056   | 1072   | Tc   | Th=Thd+Thb |
| Horizontal Active Display Term | Display                                       | Thd              | 800    | 800    | 800    | Tc   | _          |
| • •                            | Blank   | Thb              | Th-Thd | Th-Thd | Th-Thd | Tc   | -          |

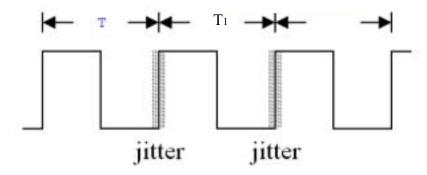
Note: Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals are ignored.

# **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM**

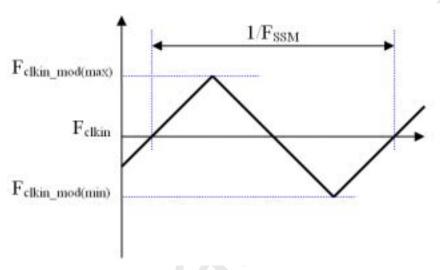


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Note (1) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl =  $IT_1 - TI$ 

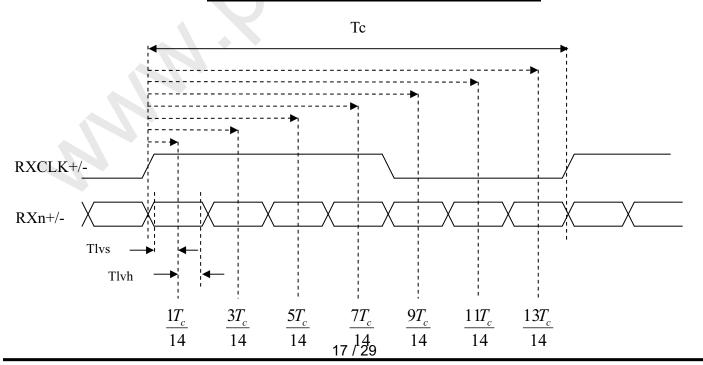


Note (2) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



Note (3) The LVDS timing diagram and setup/hold time is defined and showing as the following figures.

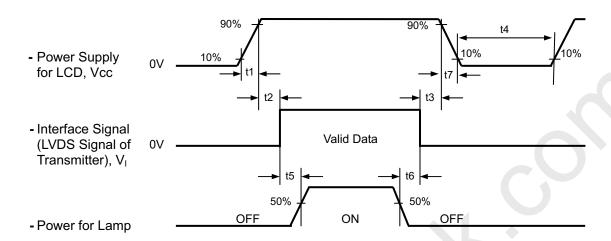
# LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM



Version 3.0

#### 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



# Timing Specifications:

 $0.5 \text{< } t1 \, \leqq \, 10 \; \text{msec}$ 

 $0 < t2 \le 50 \text{ msec}$ 

 $0 < t3 \le 50 \text{ msec}$ 

 $t4 \ge 500 \text{ msec}$ 

 $t5 \ge 450 \text{ msec}$ 

 $t6 \ge 90 \text{ msec}$ 

 $5 \le t7 \le 100 \text{ msec}$ 

#### Note.

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- (6) CMO won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- (7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "t7 spec".

# 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

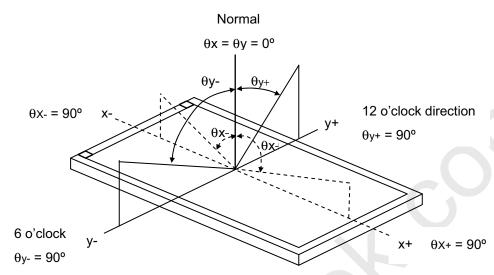
| Item                         | Symbol  | Value   | Unit |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|---|---------|------|--|--|--|--|
| Ambient Temperature          | Та  | 25±2    | °C   |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient Humidity             | На  | 50±10   | %RH  |  |  |  |  |
| Supply Voltage               | $V_{CC}$  | 5V      | V    |  |  |  |  |
| Input Signal                 | According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS" |         |      |  |  |  |  |
| Lamp Current                 | IL  | 6.5±0.5 | mA   |  |  |  |  |
| Inverter Operating Frequency | ᄕ   | 55±5    | KHz_ |  |  |  |  |
| Inverter                     | CMO : 27-D017187 Darfon:VK13165101                            |         |      |  |  |  |  |

# 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

| Iten                        | n              | Symbol           | Condition                                  | Min.  | Тур.  | Max.        | Unit              | Note     |  |
|-----------------------------|----------------|------------------|--|-------|-------|-------------|-------------------|----------|--|
|                             | Red            | Rx               |  |       | 0.650 |             |                   |          |  |
|                             | Red            | Ry               |  |       | 0.335 |             |                   |          |  |
| 0.1                         | Green          | Gx               |  |       | 0.283 |             |                   |          |  |
| Color<br>Chromaticity       | Green          | Gy               |  | Тур - | 0.604 | Typ +       |                   | (1) (5)  |  |
| (CIE 1931)                  | Blue           | Bx               | 0 -00 0 -00                                | 0.03  | 0.152 | 0.03        | -                 | (1), (5) |  |
| (812 1881)                  | blue           | Ву               | $\theta_x$ =0°, $\theta_Y$ =0°<br>CS-1000T |       | 0.070 |             |                   |          |  |
|                             | White          | Wx               | 03-10001                                   |       | 0.313 |             |                   |          |  |
|                             | vvnite         | Wy               |  |       | 0.329 |             |                   |          |  |
| Center Lumina<br>(Center of |                | Lc               |  | 250   | 300   | -           | cd/m <sup>2</sup> | (4), (5) |  |
| Contrast                    | Contrast Ratio |                  |  | 700   | 1000  | -           | -                 | (2), (5) |  |
|                             |                | $T_R$            |  | -     | 1.5   | 2.5         |                   |          |  |
| Respons                     | e Time         | T <sub>F</sub>   | $\theta_x$ =0°, $\theta_Y$ =0°             | -     | 3.5   | 5.5         | ms                | (3)      |  |
|                             |                | TTotal           |  |       | 5     | 8           |                   |          |  |
| White Va                    | ıriation       | δW               | $\theta_x$ =0°, $\theta_Y$ =0°<br>USB2000  | -     | -     | 1.33        | -                 | (5), (6) |  |
| .4                          | Horizontal     | $\theta_x$ +     |  | 75    | 85    | -           |                   |          |  |
| Viewing Angle               | Tionzontai     | $\theta_{x}$ -   | $CR \ge 10$                                | 75    | 85    | -           | Deg.              | (1) (5)  |  |
| viewing Angle               | Vertical       | θ <sub>Y</sub> + | USB2000                                    | 70    | 80    | -           | Deg.              | (1), (5) |  |
|                             | vertical       | θ <sub>Y</sub> - |  | 70    | 80    | -           |                   |          |  |
|                             | Horizontal     | $\theta_x$ +     |  | 80    | 89    | -<br>-<br>- |                   | (1) (5)  |  |
| Viewing Angle               | i ionzoniai    | θ <sub>x</sub> - | CR≧5                                       | 80    | 89    |             |                   |          |  |
| viewing Angle               | Vertical       | θ <sub>Y</sub> + | USB2000                                    | 75    | 85    | -           | Deg.              | (1), (5) |  |
|                             | vertical       | θ <sub>Y</sub> - |  | 75    | 85    | -           |                   |          |  |

# Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x$ , $\theta y$ ):



# Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

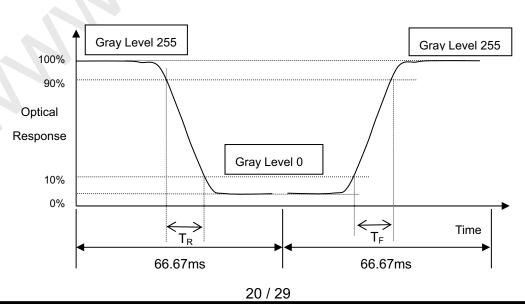
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

# Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T<sub>R</sub>, T<sub>F</sub>):



# Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White ( $L_{\text{C}}$ ):

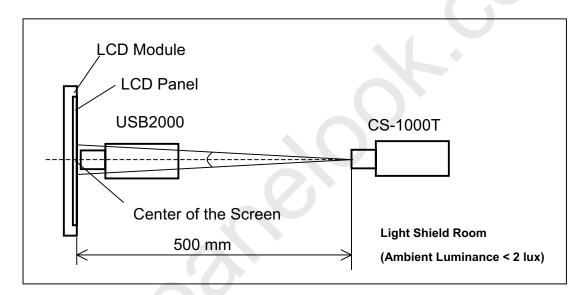
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$$L_{C} = L(5)$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

#### Note (5) Measurement Setup:

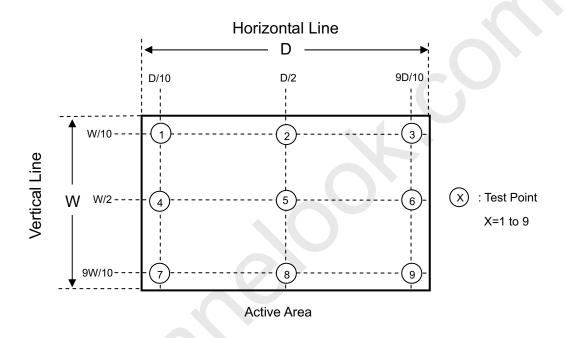
The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 30 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 30 minutes in a windless room.



Note (6) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 9 points

 $\delta W = Maximum [L (1), L (2) .....L (8), L (9)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2) .....L (8), L (9)]$ 



# 8. PACKAGING

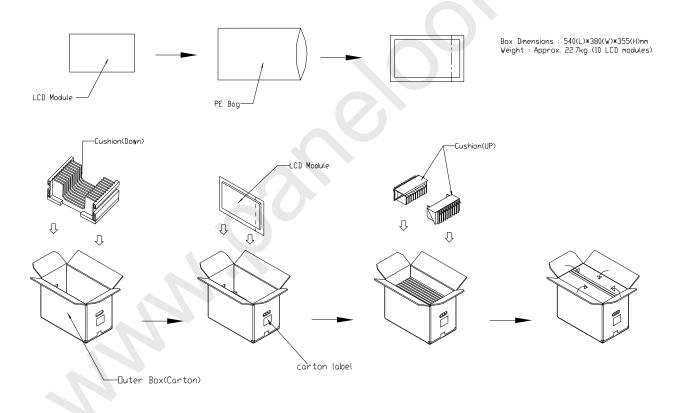
### 8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 10 LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 540(L) X 380 (W) X 355 (H) mm
- (3) Weight: 22.7 Kg (10 modules per box)

# 8.2 PACKING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

| Test Item     | Test Conditions                             | Note          |
|---------------|---|---------------|
|               | ISTA STANDARD                               |               |
|               | Random, Frequency Range: 1 – 200 Hz         |               |
| Vibration     | Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z), | Non Operation |
|               | Right & Left: 10 minutes (X)                |               |
|               | Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)                 |               |
| Dropping Test | 1 Corner, 3 Edge, 6 Face, 45.7cm            | Non Operation |



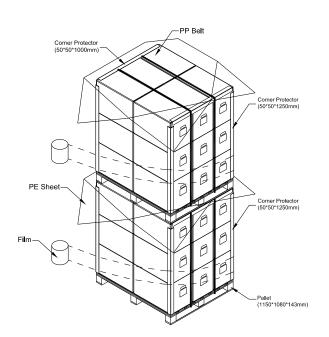
For ocean shipping

Figure. 8-1 Packing method



# Sea / Land Transportation (40ft HQ Container)

# Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)



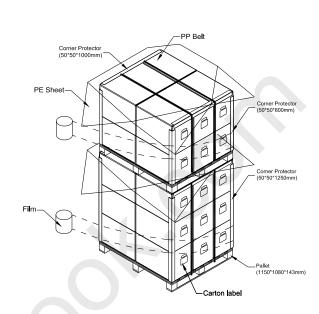


Figure. 8-2 Packing method

For air transport

# Air Transportation

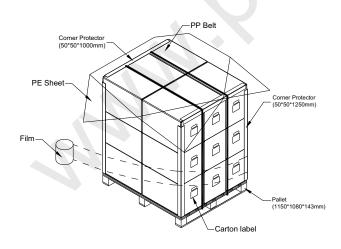


Figure. 8-3 Packing method

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### 9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

#### 9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: M200O1-L05

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

(c) CMO barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-X-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

| Code | Meaning          | Description  |
|------|------------------|--|
| XX   | CMO internal use | -  |
| XX   | Revision         | Cover all the change   |
| Х    | CMO internal use | -  |
| XX   | CMO internal use | -  |
| YMD  | Year, month, day | Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4<br>Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C<br>Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U. |
| L    | Product line #   | Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,  |
| NNNN | Serial number    | Manufacturing sequence of product  |

### (d) Customer's barcode definition:

### Serial ID: CM-20O15X-X-X-X-L-XX-L-YMD-NNNN

| Code  | Meaning               | Description   |
|-------|-----------------------|---|
| CM    | Supplier code         | CMO=CM  |
| 20015 | Model number          | M200O1-L05=20O15  |
| Х     | Revision code         | Non ZBD: 1,2,~,8,9 / ZBD: A~Z   |
| X     | Source driver IC code | Century=1, CLL=2, Demos=3, Epson=4, Fujitsu=5, Himax=6, Hitachi=7, Hynix=8, LDI=9, Matsushita=A, NEC=B, Novatec=C, OKI=D, Philips=E, Renasas=F, |
| X     | Gate driver IC code   | Samsung=G, Sanyo=H, Sharp=I, TI=J, Topro=K, Toshiba=L, Windbond=M   |
| XX    | Cell location         | Tainan Taiwan=TN, Ningbo China=CN   |
| L     | Cell line #           | 1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z   |
| XX    | Module location       | Tainan, Taiwan=TN ; Ningbo China=NP   |
| L     | Module line #         | 1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z   |
| YMD   | Year, month, day      | Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4<br>Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C<br>Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, T, U, V                      |
| NNNN  | Serial number         | By LCD supplier   |

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Approval

# (e) FAB ID(UL Factory ID):

| Region | Factory ID |
|--------|------------|
| TWCMO  | GEMN       |
| NBCMO  | LEOO       |
| NBCME  | CANO       |
| NHCMO  | CAPG       |

# 10. Reliability Test

Environment test conditions are listed as following table.

| Items                             | Required Condition  | Note |
|-----------------------------------|---|------|
| Temperature Humidity Bias (THB)   | Ta= 50°C , 80%RH, 240hours  |      |
| High Temperature Operation (HTO)  | Ta= 50℃ , 50%RH , 240hours  |      |
| Low Temperature Operation (LTO)   | Ta= 0°C , 240hours  |      |
| High Temperature Storage (HTS)    | Ta= 60°C , 240hours   |      |
| Low Temperature Storage (LTS)     | Ta= -20°C , 240hours  |      |
| Vibration Test<br>(Non-operation) | Acceleration: 1.5 Grms Wave: Half-sine Frequency: 10 - 300 Hz Sweep: 30 Minutes each Axis (X, Y, Z)     |      |
| Shock Test<br>(Non-operation)     | Acceleration: 50 G Wave: Half-sine Active Time: 11 ms Direction: ± X, ± Y, ± Z.(one time for each Axis) |      |
| Thermal Shock Test (TST)          | -20°C/30min , 60°C / 30min , 100 cycles   |      |
| On/Off Test                       | 25℃ ,On/10sec , Off /10sec , 30,000 cycles  |      |
| ESD (Electro Static Discharge)    | Contact Discharge: ± 8KV, 150pF(330Ω) Air Discharge: ± 15KV, 150pF(330Ω)                                |      |
| Altitude Test                     | Operation:10,000 ft / 24hours<br>Non-Operation:30,000 ft / 24hours                                      |      |

#### 11. PRECAUTIONS

#### 11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.

#### 11.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

#### 11.3 SAFETY STANDARDS

The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

- (1) UL60950-1 or updated standard.
- (2) IEC60950-1 or updated standard.

#### 11.4. Storage

- (1) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $35^{\circ}$ C And relative humidity of less than 70%
- (2) Do not store the TFT LCD module in direct sunlight
- (3) The module should be stored in dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light in storing

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# 11.5. Operation condition guide

(1) The LCD product should be operated under normal condition.

Normal condition is defined as below:

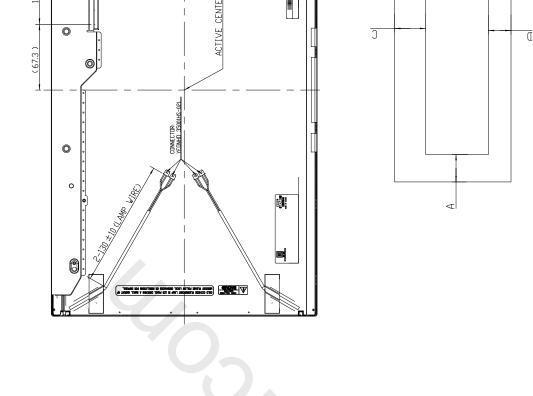
Temperature : 20±15℃ Humidity: 65±20%

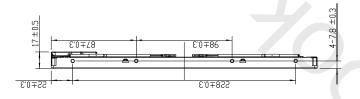
Display pattern : continually changing pattern(Not stationary)

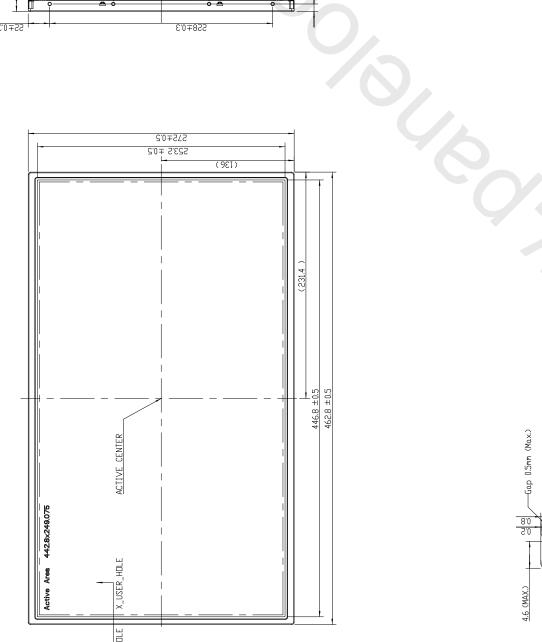
(2) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, high humidity, high altitude, display pattern or operation time etc...It is strongly recommended to contact CMO for application engineering advice. Otherwise, Its reliability and function may not be guaranteed.

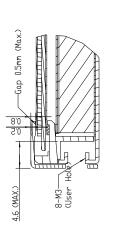
#### **11.6 OTHER**

When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.









SECTION X\_USER\_HOLE-X\_USER\_HOLE SCALE 3:1

NDTES: 1.I/F CONNECTOR SPEC.:SAKT2407P30HA(STM) or 093G30-B0001A(Starconn). 2. MAX.SCREW TORQUE:4 kg-cm. 3. Display area position tolerance: IA-BK=1mm & IC-DK=1mm