

LXMG1626-12-46

12V Dual 6W CCFL Programmable Inverter Module

**PRODUCTION DATASHEET** 

# **DESCRIPTION**

The LXMG1626-12-46 is a Dual 6W In addition when only one of the two Output Direct Drive<sup>TM</sup> CCFL (Cold lamps in the LCD fails open, the second Cathode 4 Fluorescent Lamp) Inverter lamp will continue to operate with a Module specifically designed to be FAULT signal toggling to indicate the compatible with variety of LCD panels failed condition, StayLit<sup>TM</sup>feature. that have both lamps on one side of the panel and use a single common lamp Technique return wire.

designer with a superior display brightness range. This brightness range is achievable energizes with virtually any LCD display.

dimming input that permits brightness significant power savings at lower dim control from either, a DC voltage source, levels. a PWM signal or external potentiometer.

externally programmable (through the controller to convert DC voltage from the input connector) at either 10mA or 12mA system battery or AC adapter directly to (5mA or 6mA per lamp). This allows the high frequency, high-voltage waves inverter to match the panel's lamp current required to ignite and operate CCFL specifications, or it can be used to lamps. purposely drive the lamps at a lower or higher current to decrease or increase are stable fixed-frequency operation, nominal brightness. The inverter also has secondary-side strike-voltage regulation a dedicated FAULT pin that indicates an and both open/shorted lamp protection open/shorted lamp condition.

RangeMAX Digital Dimming provides flicker-free brightness control in any wide range LXMG1626 modules provide the typically (100:1+) dimming application.

The resultant "burst drive" the lamp is designed specifically to ensure that no premature The modules are available with a lamp degradation occurs, while allowing

The design utilizes Microsemi's The maximum output current is highly integrated LX1691B backlight

> Other benefits of this new topology with fault timeout.

IMPORTANT: For the most current data, consult MICROSEMI's website: http://www.microsemi.com Protected By U.S. Patents: 5,923,129; 5,930,121; 6,198,234; Patents Pending

# **KEY FEATURES**

- Externally Programmable Maximum Output Current
- Easy to Use Brightness Control
- RangeMAX Wide Range Dimming
- Output Open & Short-Circuit Protection and Automatic Strike-Voltage Regulation and Timeout
- StayLit™ Continued Operation with Single Open Lamp Failure
- **Fixed Frequency Operation**
- Fault Output Signal
- Rated From -30°C to 80°C
- **RoHS Compliant**
- UL60950 E175910

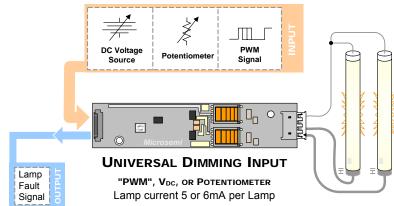
# **APPLICATIONS**

- Dual lamp LCD's Requiring a Shared Common Lamp Return
- Mates to a Single JST BHR-04 VS-1 Lamp Connector
- Industrial Display Controls

# **BENEFITS**

- Smooth, Flicker Free 1%-100% Full-Range Brightness Control
- Programmable Output Current Allows Inverter To Mate With a Wide Variety of LCD Panel's Specifications
- Output Open Circuit Voltage Regulation Minimizes Corona Discharge For High Reliability

# PRODUCT HIGHLIGHT



PACKAGE ORDER INFO						
PART NUMBER	OUTPUT CONNECTOR	INVERTER MATES DIRECTLY TO PANEL CONNECTORS				
LXMG1626-12-46	JST SM04(4.0)B-BHS-1-TB(LF)(SN) or Yeon Ho 20015WR-07A00	JST BHR-04VS-1				



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# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (NOTE 1) Input Signal Voltage (V<sub>IN</sub>) -0.3V to 15V Input Power 8W Output Voltage, no load Internally Limited to 1500V<sub>RMS</sub> Output Current (per lamp) 6.6mA<sub>RMS</sub> (Internally Limited) Output Power 6W Input Signal Voltage (SLEEP Input) -0.3V to 13.2V Input Signal Voltage (BRITE) -0.3V to 5.5V Ambient Operating Temperature, zero airflow -30°C to 80°C Operating Relative Humidity, non-condensing ≤90% Storage Temperature Range -40°C to 85°C

Note 1: Exceeding these ratings could cause damage to the device. All voltages are with respect to Ground. Currents are positive into, negative out of specified terminal.

# RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (R.C.)

This module has been designed to operate over a wide range of input and output conditions. However, best efficiency and performance will be obtained if the module is operated under the condition listed in the 'R.C.' column. Min. and Max. columns indicate values beyond which the inverter, although operational, will not function optimally.

Parameter	Symbol	Recommended Operating Conditions			Units	
raranietei	Symbol	Min	R.C.	Max	Onits	
Input Supply Voltage Range (Fully Regulated Lamp Current)	V <sub>IN</sub>	10.8	12	13.2	V	
Input Supply Voltage Range (Functional)		10.2	12	13.6		
Output Power	Po		4.5	5.5	W	
Linear BRITE Control Input Voltage Range	V <sub>BRT ADJ</sub>	0		2.0	V	
Lamp Operating Voltage	$V_{LAMP}$	320	370	420	V <sub>RMS</sub> <sup>1</sup>	
Lamp Current (Full Brightness, per lamp)	I <sub>O9LAMP)</sub>	5.0		6.0	mA <sub>RMS</sub> <sup>2</sup>	
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T <sub>A</sub>	-30		80	°C	

<sup>1</sup> Based on single lamp voltage measurement, use of lamps outside of this range may result is false triggering of the fault detection circuitry.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications apply over the recommended operating condition and ambient temperature of  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $60^{\circ}$ C except where otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	LXMG1626-12-46			Units
Farameter	Syllibol	rest Conditions	Min		Max	Ullits
OUTPUT PIN CHARACTERISTICS						
Full Bright Lamp Current (two lamps)	I <sub>L(MAX)</sub>	$V_{BRT\_ADJ} \ge 2.0V$ , $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$ , $V_{IN} = 12V$ $I_{SET} = Ground$	9	10	11	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Full Bright Lamp Current (two lamps)	I <sub>L(MAX)</sub>	$V_{BRT\_ADJ} \ge 2.0V$ , $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$ , $V_{IN} = 12V$ $I_{SET} = Open$	11	12	13	mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Output Current Lamp to Lamp Deviation	I <sub>LL%DEV</sub>	$V_{BRT\_ADJ} \ge 2.0V$ , $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$ , $V_{IN} = 12V$ $I_{SET} = Open$		5		%
Min. Average Lamp Current I <sub>L(MIN)</sub>		$V_{BRT\_ADJ} = 0V$ , $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$ , $V_{IN} = 12V$ $I_{SET} = Ground$ ; $I_{OUT} = I_{MAX} * SQRT$ of % duty cycle		1.6		mA <sub>RMS</sub>
Lamp Start Voltage	$V_{LS}$	V <sub>IN</sub> ≥ 10.8V	1250	1400		$V_{RMS}$
Operating Frequency	$f_{O}$	$V_{BRT\_ADJ} = 2.0V$ , $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$ , $V_{IN} = 12V$	55.2	57.6	60	kHz
Burst Frequency	f <sub>BURST</sub>	Output Burst Frequency	215	225	235	Hz
FAULT Output Voltage High	FAULT <sub>VH</sub>	FAULT = -10uA	3	3.5		V
FAULT Output Voltage Low	FAULT <sub>VL</sub>	FAULT = 10uA		0.3	0.8	V

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>At input voltages below 12V the inverter may not be able to output the full 6mÅ<sub>RMS</sub> per lamp in all configurations.



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# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)**

Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications apply over the recommended operating condition and ambient temperature of  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $60^{\circ}$ C except where otherwise noted.

	Parameter	Symbol	ool Test Conditions		LXMG1626-12-46		
	Farameter	Syllibol	rest Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
•	BRITE INPUT						
	Input Current	I <sub>BRT</sub>	V <sub>BRT_ADJ</sub> = 0V		-13		μA <sub>DC</sub>
		DIX.	$V_{BRT\_ADJ} = 3V$		1		μA <sub>DC</sub>
	Minimum Input for Max. Lamp Current	$V_{BRT\_ADJ}$	I <sub>O(LAMP)</sub> = Maximum Lamp Current		2.0	2.05	V
	Maximum Input for Min. Lamp Current	$V_{BRT\_ADJ}$	I <sub>O(LAMP)</sub> = Minimum Lamp Current	0			V
•	SLEEP BAR INPUT						
	RUN Mode	V <sub>SLEEP</sub>		2.1		$V_{IN}$	V
	SLEEP Mode	V <sub>SLEEP</sub>		-0.3		0.8	V
•	SET INPUT						
	SET Low Threshold	V <sub>L</sub>				0.4	V
	Input Current	I <sub>SET</sub>	V <sub>SET</sub> ≤ 0.4V		-500		μA
•	POWER CHARACTERISTICS						
	Sleep Current	I <sub>IN(MIN)</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12V, <u>SLEEP</u> ≤ 0.8V	0.0	12	50	μA <sub>DC</sub>
	Run Current	I <sub>IN(RUN)</sub>	$V_{IN}$ = 12V, SLEEP $\geq$ 2.0V, $I_{SET}$ = Ground $V_{LAMP}$ = 370V <sub>RMS</sub>		360		mA <sub>DC</sub>
	Efficiency	η	$V_{IN}$ = 12V, $\overline{SLEEP} \ge 2.0V$ , $I_{SET}$ = Ground $V_{LAMP}$ = 370V <sub>RMS</sub>		85		%

	FUNCTIONAL PIN DESCRIPTION							
CONN PIN DESCRIPTION								
CN1 (Molex 53261-0871 or equivalent) Mates with 51021-0800 housing, 50079-8100 pins. Mates with LX9501G input assembly								
CN1-1 V <sub>IN</sub> Main Input Power Supply (10.8V < V <sub>IN</sub> < 13.2V)								
CN1-2	▼ IIN	Thair input 1 ower supply (10.00 = VIN = 10.20)						
CN1-3	GND	Power Supply Return						
CN1-4 Power Supply Return								
CN1-5	SLEEP ON/OFF Control. (0V < SLEEP < 0.8 = OFF, SLEEP >= 2.1V = ON							
CN1-6	BRITE	Brightness Control (0V to 2.0V). 2.0V gives maximum lamp current.						
CN1-7	SET	SET Connecting this pin to ground decreases the output current (see Table 1)						
CN1-8 FAULT High Impedance Output that indicates lamp status, high indicates fault (see figure 2 on page								
CN2 for LXMG1626-12-46 (JST SM03(4.0)B-BHS-1-TB(LF)(SN) or Yeon Ho 20015WR-07A00 or equivalent )								
CN2-1 V <sub>HI1</sub> High voltage connection to high side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with shortest lead length. <b>DO NOT</b> connect to ground.								
CN2-2	CN2-2 V <sub>HI2</sub> High voltage connection to high side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with shortest lead length. <b>DO NOT</b> connect to ground.							
CN2-3	NC	No Connect						
CN2-4	V <sub>LO</sub>	Connection to low side of lamp. Connect to lamp terminal with longer lead length. <b>DO NOT</b> connect to ground						



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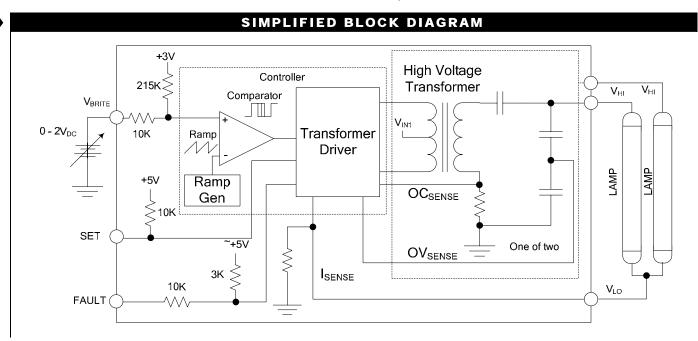
# TABLE 1

#### **OUTPUT CURRENT SETTINGS**

SET₁ (Pin 7)	Nominal Output Current
Open*	12mA
Ground	10mA

<sup>\*</sup> If driven by a logic signal it should be open collector or open drain only, not a voltage source.

#### PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS LXMG1626-12-46 UNPLATED MOUNTING HOLE 3MM ± 0.1 DIA. 6MM HEAD CLEARANCE BOTH HOLES 113mm 4.45in. Warning High Voltage is present at high side of transformers, 83mm ± 0.2 30mm 22mm their cores and the high side 3.27in. 1.181in. $\pm 0.2$ of the output connector, 0.866in. when mounting please 4.0mm 0.157in. provide at least 2 mm 16mm GROUNDED MOUNTING clearance (in all directions) 0.630in. HOLE 3MM ± 0.1 DIA. 1.0mm on the component side of 0.0394in. 6.5mm the board to any conductor 0.265in. Max Outside PCB tolerances ± 0.5mm , 4-40 recommended mounting screws All dimensions are in millimeters, inches are for reference only





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# TYPICAL APPLICATION

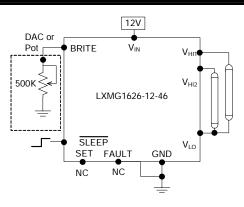


Figure 1 – Brightness Control (Output current set to maximum)

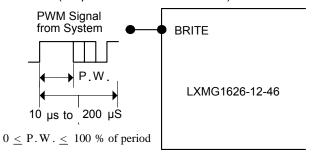
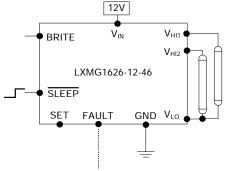


Figure 1A - PWM Brightness Control



Lamp(s) Status	FAULT	Inverter Operation
Normal Operation	Low	Normal full lamp current
One Lamp Open	High	Normal @ ~1/2 lamp
One Lamp Open	riigii	current*
Both Lamps Open	High	Shutdown
One Lamp High		Normal @ ~½ lamp
Side Short to	High	current*
Ground		Current
Both Lamps High		
Side Short to	High	Shutdown
Ground		

Figure 2 - FAULT Output Operation

\* Under some conditions the second lamp will also shutdown, this is especially true if the inverter draws an arc going open or when shorted.

- The brightness control may be a voltage output DAC or other voltage source, a digital pot or 500K manual pot. The inverter contains an internal 215K pull-up to 3V to bias the pot. A 3.3V Logic Level PWM signal from a microcontroller may also be used as shown in Figure 1A.
- If you need to turn the inverter ON/OFF remotely, connect to TTL logic signal to the SLEEP input.
- Connect V<sub>HI1</sub> and V<sub>HI2</sub> to high voltage wires from the lamps. Connect V<sub>LO</sub> to the low voltage wire lamp return (wire with thinner insulation). Never connect V<sub>LO</sub> to circuit ground as this will defeat lamp current regulation.
- Use the SET input to program the desired maximum output current. Generally the best lamp lifetime correlates with driving the CCFL at the manufacture's nominal current setting.
- Typically the SET pin is permanently wired to ground or intentionally left open. However it can also be actively driven, using an open collector or open drain logic signal. This will allow dynamic adjustment of the lamp current for situations where greater dim range is required, as an example in nighttime situations. In conjunction with a light sensor or other timer the panel could be set to higher brightness (maximum output current) for daytime illumination and lower brightness (minimum or typical output current) at nighttime. Since the dimming ratio is a factor of both the burst duty cycle and the peak output current, by using this technique the effective dim ratio can be increased greater than what the burst duty cycle alone could provide. Conversely, the SET input could be used to overdrive the lamp current. Of course, any possible degradation of lamp life from such practices is the user's responsibility since not all lamps are designed to be under or overdriven.
- Input connector (CN1-8) FAULT signal which is normally low will toggle high to indicate that an output fault condition has occurred as summarized in the table to the left figure 2. FAULT will toggle high if one or both lamps are open or short circuited. If only one lamp opens, or its high side shorts to ground then the other lamp should continue to operate with the FAULT signal going high. If both lamps open and/or both lamps are shorted the FAULT will toggle high if it is not already high and the inverter output will shutdown. Also if either low side connection of the lamps is shorted to ground, or the lamps are shorted high side to low side, FAULT will go high and the inverter will shutdown. In order to restart the inverter after a fault it is necessary to toggle the SLEEP input or cycle the V<sub>IN</sub> input supply. In fault induced shutdown mode the inverter will draw about 15mA from V<sub>IN</sub> supply.



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NOTES

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