

LP3987 Micropower micro SMD 150 mA Ultra Low-Dropout CMOS Voltage Regulators with Sleep MODE

Check for Samples: LP3987

FEATURES

- Miniature 5-I/O micro SMD package
- Stable with ceramic and high quality tantalum output capacitors
- Logic controlled enable
- Thermal Shutdown and short-circuit current limit

APPLICATIONS

- CDMA cellular handsets
- Wideband CDMA cellular handsets
- GSM cellular handsets
- Portable information appliances
- μP/DSP Power Supplies
- Digital Cameras
- SRAM Backup

DESCRIPTION

The LP3987 is a 150mA fixed output voltage regulator with very low dropout voltage designed specially to meet requirements of battery-powered applications. The additional sleep MODE feature will reduce current consumption during standby operation to prolong the usage of battery.

Dropout Voltage: 100mV maximum dropout with 150mA load.

Shutdown: Less than 1µA quiescent current.

Sleep Mode: Typically 14µA quiescent current during sleep MODE to reduce battery consumption.

Enhanced Stability: The LP3987 is stable with minimum $1\mu F \pm 20\%$ low ESR ceramic output capacitor as low as $5m\Omega$ and high quality tantalum capacitors.

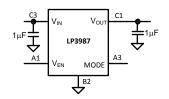
The LP3987 is available in a thin 5 Bump micro SMD package. Performance is specified for −40°C to 125°C.

This device is available with output voltage options of 2.5V, 2.6V, 2.8V, 2.85V & 3.0V. For other voltage options, please contact National Semiconductor Corporation.

Table 1. Key Specifications

	VALUE	UNIT
Input range	2.7 to 6	V
Guaranteed output current	150	mA
Quiescent current on shutdown	1	μΑ
Maximum dropout with 150 mA load	100	mV
PSRR at 10KHz	50	dB
Sleep MODE features		
Overtemperature and overcurrent protection		
Junction temperature range for operation	−40 to +125	°C

Typical Application Circuit



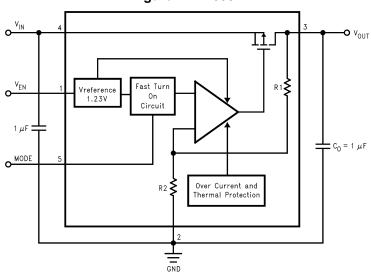
A

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



Block Diagram

Figure 1. LP3987



Connection Diagram

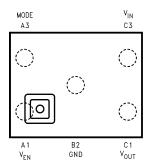


Figure 2. Top View 5 I/O micro SMD Package

Pin Functions

Pin Descriptions

Name	micro SMD*	Function
V_{EN}	A1	Enable Input Logic, Enable High
GND	B2	Common Ground
V _{OUT}	C1	Output voltage of the LDO
V_{IN}	C3	Input voltage of the LDO
MODE	A3	Power Mode Control, Active = 1, Sleep Mode = 0



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (1) (2)

V _{IN}		-0.3 to 6.5V				
V _{EN} , V _{MODE}		-0.3 to 6.5V				
V _{OUT}		$-0.3V \text{ to}(V_{IN} + 0.3V) \le 6.5$				
Storage Temperature	Storage Temperature					
ESD (3)	Human Body Model	2KV				
	Machine Model	200V				
Maximum Power Dissipation (4)	θ _{JA} (micro SMD small bump)	255°C/W				

- (1) Absolute Maximum Ratings are limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings are conditions under which operation of the device is guaranteed. Operating Ratings do not imply guaranteed performance limits. For guaranteed performance limits and associated test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics tables.
- (2) All voltages are with respect to the potential at the GND pin.
- (3) The human body model is 100pF discharged through 1.5kΩ.
- (4) The Absolute Maximum power dissipation depends on the ambient temperature and can be calculated using the formula:P_D = (T_J T_A)/θ_{JA}, Where T_J is the junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, and θ_{JA} is the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance. For instant, if V_{IN} in target application is 4.2V and worse case current consumption is 90mA. Therefore P_{MAX_DISSIPATION} = (4.2-2.7)*0.09 =135mW. With P_{MAX_DISSIPATION} is 135mW, T_{Jmax} is 125°C and worse case ambient temperature (TA) in target application is 85°C, θ_{JA} = (125-85)/0.135 = 296°C/W.

Operating Ratings (1) (2)

V _{IN}	V _{OUT} + 200mV to 6V
V _{EN} , V _{MODE}	0 to 6.0V
Junction Temperature	-40°C to +125°C
Maximum Power Dissipation (3)	392mW at 25°C

- (1) Absolute Maximum Ratings are limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings are conditions under which operation of the device is guaranteed. Operating Ratings do not imply guaranteed performance limits. For guaranteed performance limits and associated test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics tables.
- (2) All voltages are with respect to the potential at the GND pin.
- (3) The Absolute Maximum power dissipation depends on the ambient temperature and can be calculated using the formula:P_D = (T_J T_A)/θ_{JA}, Where T_J is the junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, and θ_{JA} is the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance. For instant, if V_{IN} in target application is 4.2V and worse case current consumption is 90mA. Therefore P_{MAX_DISSIPATION} = (4.2-2.7)*0.09 =135mW. With P_{MAX_DISSIPATION} is 135mW, T_{Jmax} is 125°C and worse case ambient temperature (TA) in target application is 85°C, θ_{JA} = (125-85)/0.135 = 296°C/W.

Product Folder Links: LP3987



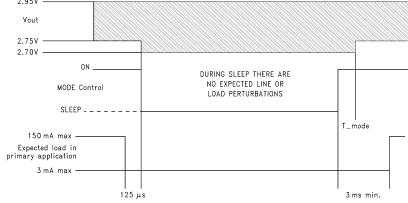
Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified: $V_{EN}=1.8V$, MODE = 1.8V, $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(nom)}+0.5V$, $C_{IN}=1~\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=1 mA$, $C_{OUT}=1~\mu F$. Typical values and limits appearing in standard typeface are for $T_J=25^{\circ}C$. Limits appearing in **boldface type** apply over the entire junction temperature range for operation, $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$. (1) (2)

Cumbal	Donomoton	Conditions	T	Lir	Units	
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Min	Max	Units
	Output Voltage	I _{OUT} = 1mA, 25°C		-2	2	% of
	Tolerance	I _{OUT} = 1mA		-3	3	$V_{OUT(nom)}$
ΔV_{OUT}	Line Regulation Error	$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5V)$ to 6.0V, $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA		-0.1	0.1	%/V
	Load Regulation Error	I _{OUT} = 1mA to 150 mA		0.0004	0.002	%/mA
	Dropout Voltage	I _{OUT} = 1mA	0.4		2	mV
	(3)	I _{OUT} = 150mA	60		100	IIIV
$\Delta V_{OUT(SLEEP)}$	Output Voltage difference at MODE = 0V	MODE = 0V, (4)		-150	+100	mV

- (1) All limits are guaranteed. All electrical characteristics having room-temperature limits are tested during production with T_J = 25°C. All hot and cold limits are guaranteed by correlating the electrical characteristics to process and temperature variations and applying statistical process control.
- (2) The nominal output voltage, which is labeled V_{OUT(nom)}, is the output voltage measured with the input 0.5V above V_{OUT(nom)} and a 1mA load.
- (3) Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output voltage differential at which the output voltage falls to 100mV below the nominal output voltage. V_{IN} less than minimum operating voltage may be used for test purposes.

(4) On/Sleep Mode voltage tolerance and current capability requirement.



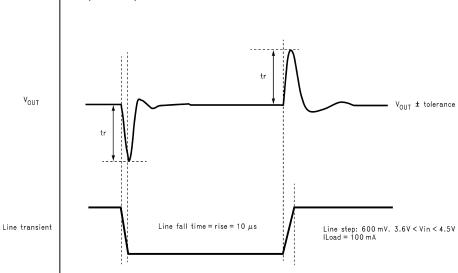


Electrical Characteristics (continued)

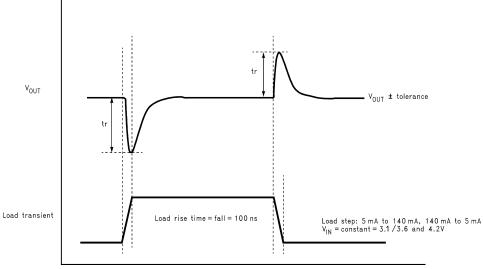
Unless otherwise specified: $V_{EN}=1.8V$, MODE = 1.8V, $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(nom)}+0.5V$, $C_{IN}=1~\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=1 mA$, $C_{OUT}=1~\mu F$. Typical values and limits appearing in standard typeface are for $T_J=25^{\circ}C$. Limits appearing in **boldface type** apply over the entire junction temperature range for operation, $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$. (1) (2)

Symbol	Barranadan	O and this area	T	Li	1114-	
	Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Min	Max	Units
Transient Response	Line Transient Response (5)	MODE = 1.8V, I_{LOAD} = 100mA, T_{RISE} = T_{FALL} = 10 μ S, V_{IN} = 600mV $_{P-P}$ AC Square wave, $^{(6)}$	21			mVpp
Load Transient Response (5)	MODE = 1.8V, C _{OUT} = 4.7µF, T _{RISE} = T _{FALL} = 100nS, V _{IN} = 3.1V, 3.6V, 4.2V, (7) (8)	100			mVpk	
PSRR Power Supply (5)	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 1V$, MODE = 1.8V, f = <10 kHz, $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA	50			dB
	(5)	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 1V$, MODE = 0V, f = <10 kHz, $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA	10			ав

- (5) This electrical specification is guaranteed by design.
- (6) Line Transient response requirement:



(7) Load Transient response requirement:



(8) During transient recovery, output voltage should not be oscillating.



Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise specified: $V_{EN}=1.8V$, MODE = 1.8V, $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(nom)}+0.5V$, $C_{IN}=1~\mu F$, $I_{OUT}=1 mA$, $C_{OUT}=1~\mu F$. Typical values and limits appearing in standard typeface are for $T_J=25^{\circ}C$. Limits appearing in **boldface type** apply over the entire junction temperature range for operation, $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$. (1) (2)

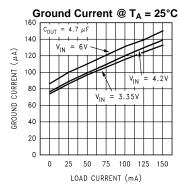
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Lin	Units		
Syllibol	Faranietei	Conditions	тур	Min	Max	Units	
I _{Q(ON)}	Quiescent Current	MODE = 1.8V, $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA, $V_{IN} = 4.2$ V	85		120		
		MODE = 1.8V, I _{OUT} = 150mA, V _{IN} = 4.2V	160		200	μΑ	
Q(OFF)	Quiescent Current	ENABLE = 0V, V _{IN} = 4.2V	1		3	μΑ	
I _{Q(SLEEP)}	Current in Standby Mode	MODE = 0V, $I_{OUT} = 50\mu A$, $V_{IN} = 4.2V$	14		21	μΑ	
I _{SC}	Short Circuit Current Limit (5)	Output Grounded	600			mA	
I _{SC(SLEEP)}	Short Circuit Current in Sleep MODE	Output Grounded	28		43	mA	
I _{OUT(ON)}	Maximum Output Current at MODE = 1.8V	MODE = 1.8V		150		mA	
I _{OUT(SLEEP)}	Maximum Output Current at MODE = 0V	MODE = 0V	ODE = 0V			mA	
e _n	Output Noise Voltage, (5)	BW = 10 Hz to 100 kHz, C _{OUT} = 1µF	70			μVrms	
T _{SHUTDOWN}	Shutdown Temperature (5)	Sleep MODE = 1.8V	155			°C	
Logic Control	l Characteristics				•		
I _{EN}	Maximum Input Current at EN	$V_{EN} = 0$ and $V_{IN} = 6.0V$	0.015			μΑ	
V _{IL}	Logic Low Input Threshold	V _{IN} = 3.05 to 6V		0.5		V	
V _{IH}	Logic High Input Threshold	V _{IN} = 3.05 to 6V			1.2	V	
V _{MODE_L}	Logic Low Input Threshold	V _{IN} = 3.05 to 6V		0.5		V	
V _{MODE_H}	Logic High Input Threshold	V _{IN} = 3.05 to 6V			1.2	V	
I _{MODE}	Maximum Input Current at V _{MODE}	$V_{MODE} = 0$ and $V_{IN} = 6.0V$	0.015			μΑ	
Timing Chara	cteristics					•	
T _{ON}	Turn on Time (On Mode), (5)	MODE = 1.8V, C _{OUT} = 4.7μF	170		250	μs	
T _{SLEEP}	Turn on Time (Sleep Mode),	MODE = 0V, $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu F$	0.5		5	ms	
T _{MODE}	Sleep to On Mode Settle Time,	C _{OUT} = 4.7μF, Enable = 1.8V	200		300	μs	

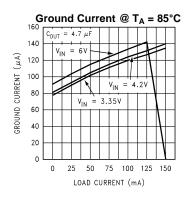
⁽⁹⁾ T_{ON} is measured from rising edge of Enable with MODE = 1.8V to when V_{OUT} reaches 95% of final value. (10) T_{SLEEP} is measured from rising edge of Enable with MODE = 0V to when V_{OUT} reaches 95% of final value. (11) T_{MODE} is measured from rising edge of MODE with ENABLE = 1.8V to time before full current capability.

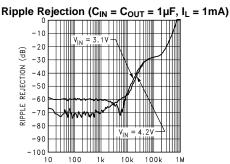


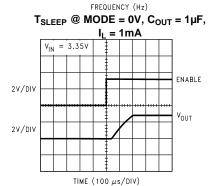
Typical Performance Characteristics

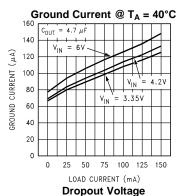
Unless otherwise specified, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1~\mu F$ Ceramic, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, Enable pin is tied to V_{IN} , MODE = 1.8V.

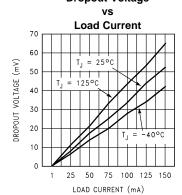


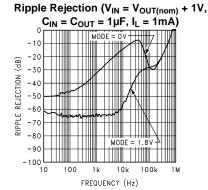


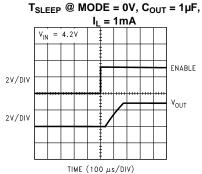












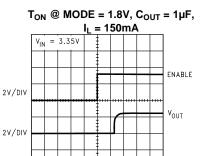
Submit Documentation Feedback Copyright © 2004-2007, Texas Instruments Incorporated

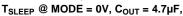
Product Folder Links: LP3987



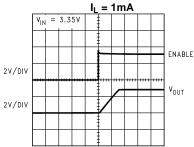
Typical Performance Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise specified, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$ Ceramic, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5 V$, $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}C$, Enable pin is tied to V_{IN} , MODE = 1.8V.

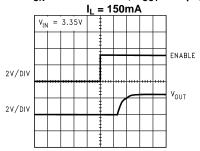




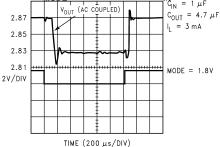
TIME (50 μ s/DIV)



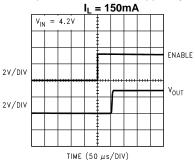
TIME (500 μ s/DIV) T_{ON} @ MODE = 1.8V, C_{OUT} = 4.7 μ F,

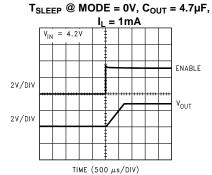


TIME (50 μ s/DIV) T_{MODE} Measurement @ $V_{IN} = 3.05V$

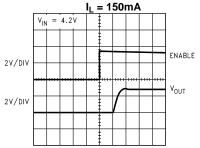


T_{ON} @ MODE = 1.8V, C_{OUT} = 1 μ F,

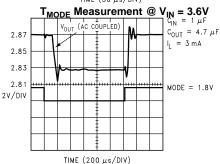




 T_{ON} @ MODE = 1.8V, C_{OUT} = 4.7 $\mu F,$



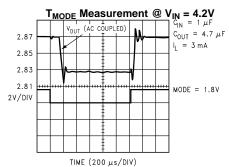
TIME (50 μ s/DIV)

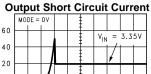


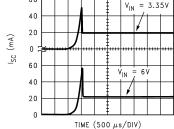


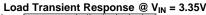
Typical Performance Characteristics (continued)

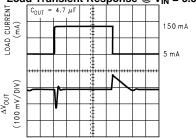
Unless otherwise specified, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$ Ceramic, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5 V$, $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}C$, Enable pin is tied to V_{IN} , MODE = 1.8V.

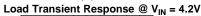


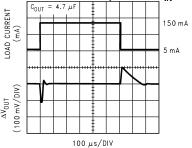






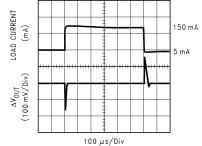


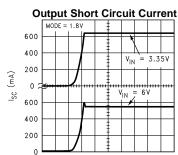


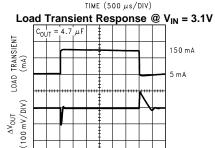


100 μs/DIV

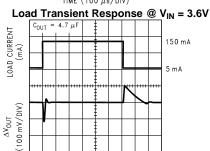
Load Transient Response @ $V_{IN} = 3.35V$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$



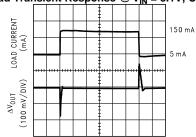




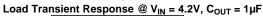
TIME (100 μ s/DIV)

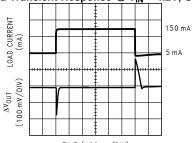


Load Transient Response @ V_{IN} = 3.1V, C_{OUT} = 1 μ F



TIME (100 $\mu s/DIV$)



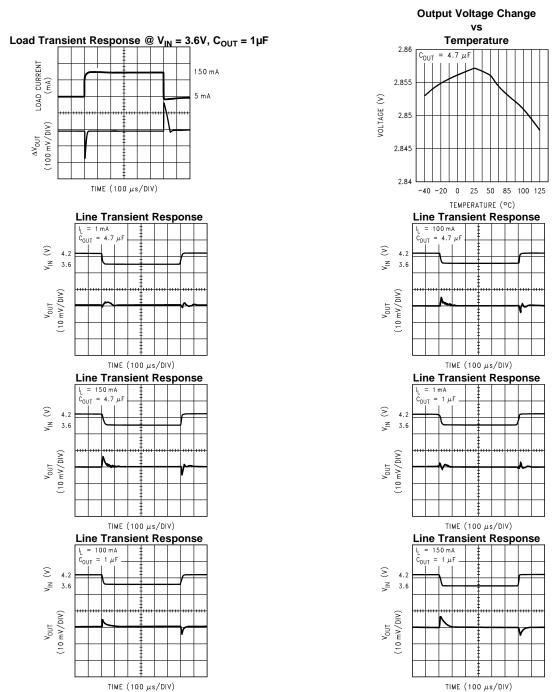


TIME (100 μ s/DIV)



Typical Performance Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise specified, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1 \mu F$ Ceramic, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5V$, $T_A = 25$ °C, Enable pin is tied to V_{IN} , MODE = 1.8V.



Application Hints

EXTERNAL CAPACITORS

Like any low-dropout regulator, the LP3987 requires external capacitors for regulator stability. The LP3987 is specifically designed for portable applications requiring minimum board space and smallest components. These capacitors must be correctly selected for good performance.



INPUT CAPACITOR

An input capacitance of $\approx 1 \mu F$ is required between the LP3987 input pin and ground (the amount of the capacitance may be increased without limit).

This capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 1cm from the input pin and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic, tantalum, or film capacitor may be used at the input.

Important: Tantalum capacitors can suffer catastrophic failures due to surge current when connected to a low-impedance source of power (like a battery or a very large capacitor). If a tantalum capacitor is used at the input, it must be guaranteed by the manufacturer to have a surge current rating sufficient for the application.

There are no requirements for the ESR on the input capacitor, but tolerance and temperature coefficient must be considered when selecting the capacitor to ensure the capacitance will be $\approx 1 \mu F$ over the entire operating temperature range.

OUTPUT CAPACITOR

The LP3987 is designed specifically to work with very small ceramic output capacitors. A ceramic capacitor (dielectric types Z5U, Y5V or X7R) in 1 to 4.7 μ F range with 5m Ω to 500m Ω ESR range is suitable in the LP3987 application circuit.

It may also be possible to use tantalum or film capacitors at the output, but these are not as attractive for reasons of size and cost (see next section Capacitor Characteristics).

The output capacitor must meet the requirement for minimum amount of capacitance and also have an ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) value which is within a stable range (5 m Ω to 500 m Ω).

NO-LOAD STABILITY

The LP3987 will remain stable and in regulation with no external load. This is specially important in CMOS RAM keep-alive applications.

CAPACITOR CHARACTERISTICS

The LP3987 is designed to work with ceramic capacitors on the output to take advantage of the benefits they offer: for capacitance values in the range of $1\mu\text{F}$ to $4.7\mu\text{F}$ range, ceramic capacitors are the smallest, least expensive and have the lowest ESR values (which makes them best for eliminating high frequency noise). The ESR of a typical $1\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor is in the range of 20 m Ω to 40 m Ω , which easily meets the ESR requirement for stability by the LP3987. The ceramic capacitor's capacitance can vary with temperature. Most large value ceramic capacitors ($\approx 2.2\mu\text{F}$) are manufactured with Z5U or Y5V temperature characteristics, which results in the capacitance dropping by more than 50% as the temperature goes from 25°C to 85°C.

A better choice for temperature coefficient in a ceramic capacitor is X7R, which holds the capacitance within $\pm 15\%$. Tantalum capacitors are less desirable than ceramic for use as output capacitors because they are more expensive when comparing equivalent capacitance and voltage ratings in the 1μ F to 4.7μ F range.

Another important consideration is that tantalum capacitors have higher ESR values than equivalent size ceramics. This means that while it may be possible to find a tantalum capacitor with an ESR value within the stable range, it would have to be larger in capacitance (which means bigger and more costly) than a ceramic capacitor with the same ESR value. It should also be noted that the ESR of a typical tantalum will increase about 2:1 as the temperature goes from 25°C down to -40°C, so some guard band must be allowed.

ON/OFF INPUT OPERATION

The LP3987 is turned off by pulling the V_{EN} pin low, and turned on by pulling it high. If this feature is not used, the V_{EN} pin should be tied to V_{IN} to keep the regulator output on at all time. To assure proper operation, the signal source used to drive the V_{EN} input must be able to swing above and below the specified turn-on/off voltage thresholds listed in the Electrical Characteristics section under V_{IL} and V_{IH} .

MODE OPERATION

The LP3987 enters sleep mode by pulling MODE = 0V externally to reduce current during standby operation. During sleep mode, LP3987 consumes only $14\mu\text{A}$ of quiescent current and supplies up to 3mA of current. The device returns to active mode by pulling MODE = 1.8V. If this function is not used, the MODE pin should be tied to V_{IN} .

Copyright © 2004–2007, Texas Instruments Incorporated



THERMAL PROTECTION

The LP3987 has internal thermal protection circuitry to disable the internal pass transistor if the junction temperature exceeds 125°C to allow the device to cool down. The pass transistor will turn on when temperature falls below the maximum operating junction temperature of 125°C. This feature is designed to protect the device in the event of fault conditions. For normal operation, it is suggested to limit the device junction temperature to less than 125°C.

MICRO SMD MOUNTING

The micro SMD package requires specific mounting techniques which are detailed in National Semiconductor Application Note (AN-1112). Referring to the section *Surface Mount Technology (SMT) Assembly Considerations*, it should be noted that the pad style which must be used with the 5 pin package is NSMD (non-solder mask defined) type.

For best results during assembly, alignment ordinals on the PC board may be used to facilitate placement of the micro SMD device.

MICRO SMD LIGHT SENSITIVITY

Exposing the micro SMD device to direct sunlight will cause misoperation of the device. Light sources such as Halogen lamps can effect electrical performance if brought near to the device. The wavelengths which have most detrimental effect are reds and infra-reds, which means that the fluorescent lighting used inside most buildings has very little effect on performance. A micro SMD test board was brought to within 1cm of a fluorescent desk lamp and the effect on the regulated output voltage was negligible, showing a deviation of less than 0.1% from nominal.

17-Nov-2012

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Samples (Requires Login)
LP3987ITL-2.5/NOPB	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LP3987ITL-2.6/NOPB	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LP3987ITL-2.8/NOPB	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LP3987ITL-2.85/NOPB	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LP3987ITL-3.0/NOPB	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LP3987ITLX-2.5/NOPB	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LP3987ITLX-2.6/NOPB	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LP3987ITLX-2.8/NOPB	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LP3987ITLX-2.85/NOPB	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	
LP3987ITLX-3.0/NOPB	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.





17-Nov-2012

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL. Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 17-Nov-2012

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

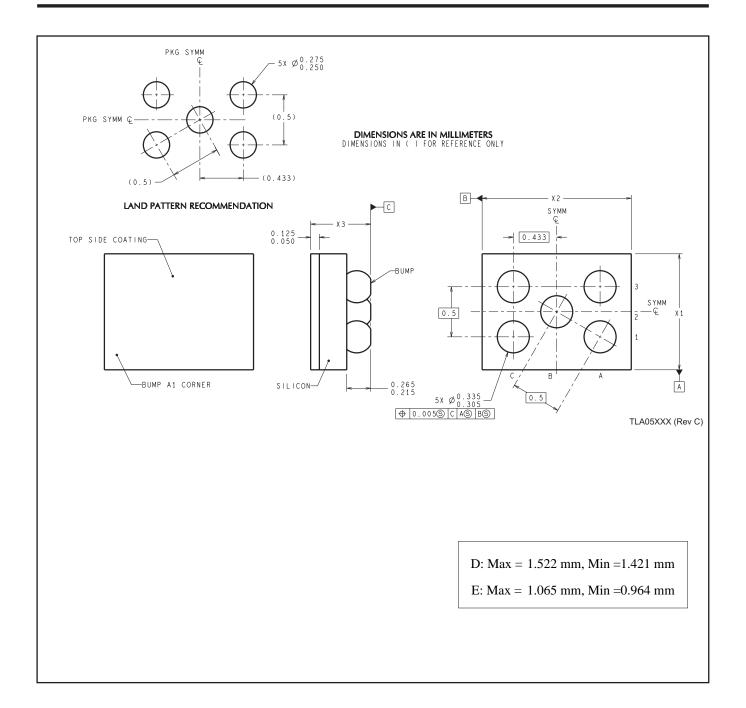
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LP3987ITL-2.5/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	178.0	8.4	1.09	1.55	0.76	4.0	8.0	Q1
LP3987ITL-2.6/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	178.0	8.4	1.09	1.55	0.76	4.0	8.0	Q1
LP3987ITL-2.8/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	178.0	8.4	1.09	1.55	0.76	4.0	8.0	Q1
LP3987ITL-2.85/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	178.0	8.4	1.09	1.55	0.76	4.0	8.0	Q1
LP3987ITL-3.0/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	178.0	8.4	1.09	1.55	0.76	4.0	8.0	Q1
LP3987ITLX-2.5/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	178.0	8.4	1.09	1.55	0.76	4.0	8.0	Q1
LP3987ITLX-2.6/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	178.0	8.4	1.09	1.55	0.76	4.0	8.0	Q1
LP3987ITLX-2.8/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	178.0	8.4	1.09	1.55	0.76	4.0	8.0	Q1
LP3987ITLX-2.85/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	178.0	8.4	1.09	1.55	0.76	4.0	8.0	Q1
LP3987ITLX-3.0/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	178.0	8.4	1.09	1.55	0.76	4.0	8.0	Q1

www.ti.com 17-Nov-2012



*All dimensions are nominal

7 til diritoriororio di o mornina							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LP3987ITL-2.5/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	203.0	190.0	41.0
LP3987ITL-2.6/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	203.0	190.0	41.0
LP3987ITL-2.8/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	203.0	190.0	41.0
LP3987ITL-2.85/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	203.0	190.0	41.0
LP3987ITL-3.0/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	250	203.0	190.0	41.0
LP3987ITLX-2.5/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	206.0	191.0	90.0
LP3987ITLX-2.6/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	206.0	191.0	90.0
LP3987ITLX-2.8/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	206.0	191.0	90.0
LP3987ITLX-2.85/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	206.0	191.0	90.0
LP3987ITLX-3.0/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	5	3000	206.0	191.0	90.0



IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have *not* been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

Products Applications

Audio www.ti.com/audio Automotive and Transportation www.ti.com/automotive Communications and Telecom **Amplifiers** amplifier.ti.com www.ti.com/communications **Data Converters** dataconverter.ti.com Computers and Peripherals www.ti.com/computers **DLP® Products** www.dlp.com Consumer Electronics www.ti.com/consumer-apps

DSP **Energy and Lighting** dsp.ti.com www.ti.com/energy Clocks and Timers www.ti.com/clocks Industrial www.ti.com/industrial Interface interface.ti.com Medical www.ti.com/medical logic.ti.com Logic Security www.ti.com/security

Power Mgmt power.ti.com Space, Avionics and Defense www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense

Microcontrollers <u>microcontroller.ti.com</u> Video and Imaging <u>www.ti.com/video</u>

RFID www.ti-rfid.com

OMAP Applications Processors www.ti.com/omap TI E2E Community e2e.ti.com

Wireless Connectivity <u>www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity</u>