

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

(	<b>♦</b>	)	<b>Preliminary</b>	<b>Specification</b>
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( ) Final Specification

Title	17.3" FHD TFT LCD				
BUYER		SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.		
MODEL		*MODEL	LP173WF4		
		Suffix	SPD1		

<sup>\*</sup>When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
/	
Please return 1 copy for yo	

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
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Ver. 0.0 Dec. 20, 2013 1/31



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# **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

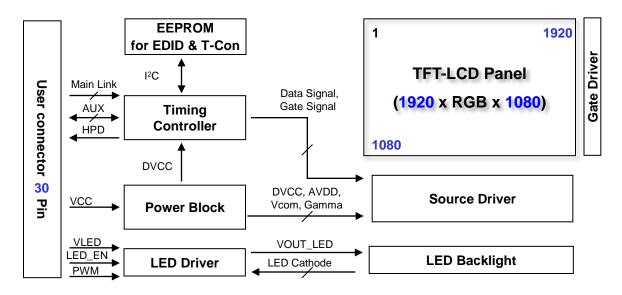
Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID ver
0.0	Dec. 20. 2013	All	First Draft (Preliminary Specification)	-



### 1. General Description

The LP173WF4 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral LED backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 17.3inches diagonally measured active display area with HD resolution(1920 horizontal by 1080 vertical pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue subpixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors. The LP173WF4 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP173WF4 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic displays are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP173WF4 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



#### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	17.3 inches diagonal
Outline Dimension	399.5(H) × 230.45(V) × 6.2(D,Max.) [mm]
Pixel Pitch	0.198.9mm × 0.198.9 mm
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. By 1080 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors
Luminance, White	300 cd/m <sup>2</sup> (Typ.5 point)
Power Consumption	Total TBD (Typ.) Logic :TBDW @ Mosaic, B/L : TBDW @ VLED 12V
Weight	550g (Max.)
Display Operating Mode	AH-IPS, Normally Black
Surface Treatment	Anti Glare treatment of the front polarizer
RoHS Compliance	Yes
BFR / PVC / As Free	Yes for all



# 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

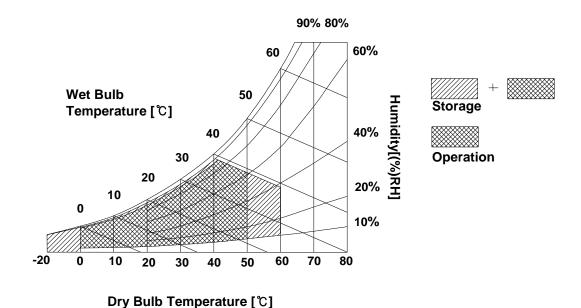
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Val	ues	Units	Notes	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units		
Power Input Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 2°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Нѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.





### 3. Electrical Specifications

### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP173WF4 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the LED BL.

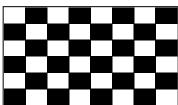
Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Cumbal		Values		l lmi4	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
LOGIC :							
Power Supply Input Voltage		Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	1
Power Supply Input Current	Mosaic	Icc	-	TBD	TBD	mA	2
Power Consumption		Pcc	-	TBD	TBD	W	3
Power Supply Inrush Current		Icc_p	-		1500	mA	4
eDP Impedance		ZLVDS	90	100	110	Ω	4
BACKLIGHT : ( with LED Drive	r)						
LED Power Input Voltage		VLED	7	12.0	21.0	V	6
LED Power Input Current	LED Power Input Current			TBD	TBD	mA	7
LED Power Consumption		PLED	-	TBD	TBD	W	7
LED Power Inrush Current		ILED_P	-		2000	mA	8
PWM Duty Ratio			5	-	100	%	9
PWM Jitter		-	0	-	0.2	%	10
PWM Impedance		Zpwm	20	40	60	kΩ	
PWM Frequency		Fрwм	200	_	1000	Hz	11
PWM High Level Voltage		V <sub>PWM_H</sub>	2.5	-	3.6	٧	
PWM Low Level Voltage	V <sub>PWM_L</sub>	0	-	0.3	V		
LED_EN Impedance	Zрwм	20	40	60	kΩ		
LED_EN High Voltage		VLED_EN_H	2.5	-	3.6	V	
LED_EN Low Voltage		VLED_EN_L	0	-	0.3	V	
Life Time			12,000	-	-	Hrs	12

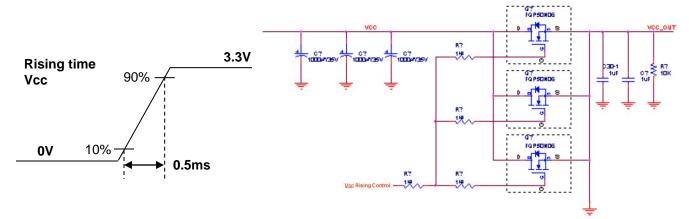


#### Note)

- 1. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25 ℃, fv = 60Hz, White pattern.
- 2. The specified lcc current and power consumption are under the Vcc = 3.3V,  $25^{\circ}C$ , fv = 60Hz condition and Mosaic pattern.

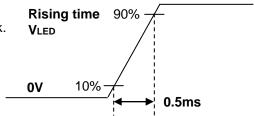


- This Power Consumption Spec. is measured for the Mosaic Pattern condition.
- 4. The below figures are the measuring Vcc condition and the Vcc control block LGD used. The Vcc condition is same as the minimum of T1 at Power on sequence.



- 5. This impedance value is needed for proper display and measured form LVDS Tx to the mating connector.
- 6. The measuring position is the connector of LCM and the test conditions are under 25 °C.
- 7. The current and power consumption with LED Driver are under the Vled = 12.0V, 25°C, Dimming of Max luminance and White pattern with the normal frame frequency operated (60Hz).
- 8. The below figures are the measuring Vled condition and the Vled control block LGD used.

VLED control block is same with Vcc control block.



- 9. The operation of LED Driver below minimum dimming ratio may cause flickering or reliability issue.
- 10. If Jitter of PWM is bigger than maximum, it may induce flickering.
- 11. This Spec. is not effective at 100% dimming ratio as an exception because it has DC level equivalent to 0Hz. In spite of acceptable range as defined, the PWM Frequency should be fixed and stable for more consistent brightness control at any specific level desired.
- 12. The life time is determined as the sum of the continuous operation time at which brightness of LCD at the typical LED current is 50% compare to that of minimum value specified in table 7 under general user condition.

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#### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector used for the module electronics interface and the other connector used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model CABLINE-VS RECE ASS'Y.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

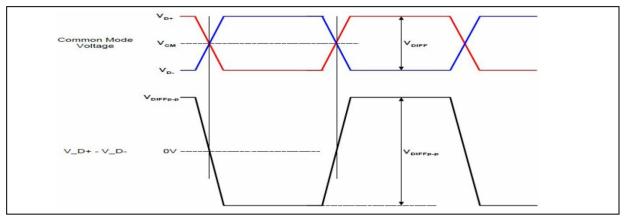
Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	NC	No Connection	[Connector]
2	GND	High Speed Ground	GT05Q-30S-H10-MN, LSM, 30, 0.5 or its compatibles
3	Lane1_N	Signal Link Negative Lane1	or its compatibles
4	Lane1_P	Signal Link Positive Lane1	
5	GND	High Speed Ground	[Connector pin arrangement]
6	Lane0_N	Signal Link Negative Lane0	30 1
7	Lane0_P	Signal Link Positive Lane0	Щ
8	GND	High Speed Ground	
9	AUX_P	Signal Auxiliary Positive Ch.	[LCD Module Rear View]
10	AUX_N	Signal Auxiliary Negative Ch.	[EDID & LGD P-Vcom Share pin]
11	GND	High Speed Ground	1. Pin for P-Vcom : #24, #25
12	vcc	LCD Logic and driver power (3.3V Typ.)	2. P-Vcom Address : 01010000
13	vcc	LCD Logic and driver power (3.3V Typ.)	
14	NC	No Connection	
15	GND	High Speed Ground	
16	GND	High Speed Ground	
17	HPD	Hot plug Detection Pin	
18	GND	High Speed Ground	
19	GND	High Speed Ground	
20	GND	High Speed Ground	
21	GND	High Speed Ground	
22	LED_EN	LED Backlight On/Off	
23	PWM	System PWM Signal input for dimming	
24	NC	No Connection	
25	NC	No Connection	
26	VLED	LED Backlight Power	
27	VLED	LED Backlight Power	
28	VLED	LED Backlight Power	
29	VLED	LED Backlight Power	
30	NC	No Connection	



# 3-3. eDP Signal Timing Specifications

# 3-3-1. DC Specification

The VESA Display Port related AC specification is compliant with the VESA Display Port Standard.



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Differential pools to pools leput voltage		120	-	m\/	For high bit rate
Differential peak-to-peak Input voltage	VDIFF p-p	40	-	mV	For reduced bit rate
Rx DC common mode voltage	Vсм	0	2.0	V	-

# 3-3-2. AC Specification

The VESA Display Port related AC specification is compliant with the VESA Display Port Standard.

Description	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Unit Interval for high bit rate (2.7Gbps/lane)	UI_High_Rate	ı	370	ı	ps	Range is nominal ±350ppm. DisplayPort Link Rx does not
Unit Interval for high bit rate (1.62Gbps/lane)	UI_Low_Rate	ı	617	1	ps	require local crystal for link clock generation
Lane-to-Lane skew	V Rx-SKEW- INTER_PAIR	ı	1	5200	ps	-
	V Rx-SKEW-	ı	1	100	ps	For high bit rate
Lane intra-pair skew	INTRA_PAIR	-	-	300	ps	For reduced bit rate



### 3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

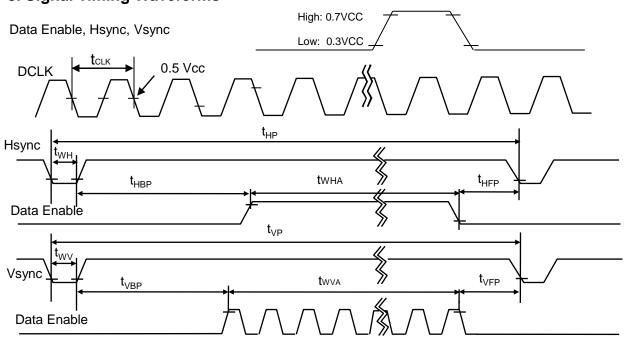
This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of eDP Tx/Rx for its proper operation.

**Table 5. TIMING TABLE** 

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	f <sub>CLK</sub>	-	TBD	1	MHz	
	Period	Thp	-	TBD	-		
Hsync	Width	t <sub>WH</sub>	-	TBD	-	tCLK	
	Width-Active	t <sub>WHA</sub>	-	TBD	-		
	Period	t <sub>VP</sub>	-	TBD	-		
Vsync	Width	t <sub>wv</sub>	-	TBD	-	tHP	
	Width-Active	t <sub>wva</sub>	-	TBD	-		
	Horizontal back porch	t <sub>HBP</sub>	-	TBD	-	+CL1/	
Data	Horizontal front porch	t <sub>HFP</sub>	-	TBD	-	tCLK	
Enable	Vertical back porch	t <sub>VBP</sub>	-	TBD	-	HID	
	Vertical front porch	t <sub>VFP</sub>	-	TBD	-	tHP	

**Notice.** all reliabilities are specified for timing specification based on refresh rate of 60Hz. However, LP173WF4 has a good actual performance even at lower refresh rate (e.g. 40Hz or 50Hz) for power saving Mode, whereas LP173WF4 is secured only for function under lower refresh rate. 60Hz at Normal mode, 50Hz, 40Hz at Power save mode. Don't care Flicker level (power save mode).





Condition: VCC =3.3V



### 3-6. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
,	Color			RE	Đ					GRI	EEN					BL	UE		
`	50101	MSE	3				LSB	MSE	3				LSB	MSI	В				LSB
		R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	В 0
	Black	0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0		0	0
	Red	1	1	.1	. 1	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1		1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	. 1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN											 						 		
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE		ļ									 						 		
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1



### 3-7. Power Sequence

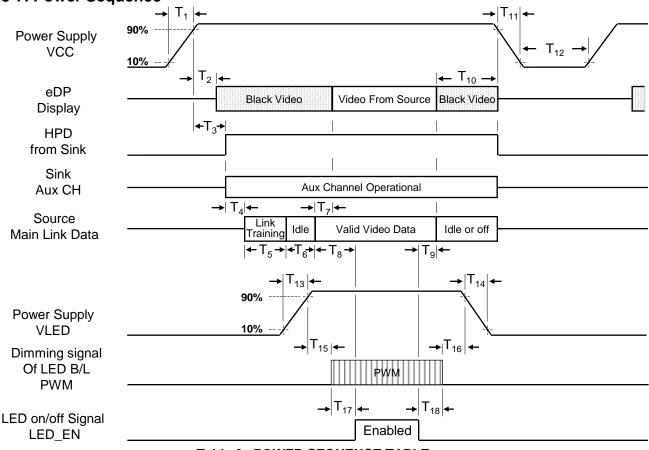


Table 6. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Timing	Required	Lin	nits	Linita	Notes
Timing	Ву	Min	Max	Units	notes
T <sub>1</sub>	Source	0.5	10	ms	-
T <sub>2</sub>	Sink	0	200	ms	-
T <sub>3</sub>	Sink	0	200	ms	-
T <sub>4</sub>	Source	ı	1	ms	-
T <sub>5</sub>	Source	ı	1	ms	-
T <sub>6</sub>	Source	ı	1	ms	-
T <sub>7</sub>	Sink	0	50	ms	-
T <sub>8</sub>	Source			ms	LGD recommend Min 200ms
T <sub>9</sub>	Source	-	-	ms	-

Timina	Required	Lin	nits	Linita	Notes
Timing	Ву	Min	Max	Units	ivoles
T <sub>10</sub>	Source	0	500	ms	-
T <sub>11</sub>	Source	- 1	10	ms	-
T <sub>12</sub>	Source	500	-	ms	
T <sub>13</sub>	Source	0.5	10	ms	-
T <sub>14</sub>	Source	0.5	10	ms	-
T <sub>15</sub>	Source	10	-	ms	-
T <sub>16</sub>	Source	10	-	ms	-
T <sub>17</sub>	Source	0	-	ms	-
T <sub>18</sub>	Source	0	-	ms	-

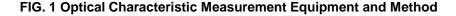
- Note) 1. Do not insert the mating cable when system turn on.
  - 2. Valid Data have to meet "3-3. eDP Signal Timing Specifications"
  - 3. Video Signal, LED\_EN and PWM need to be on pull-down condition on invalid status.
  - 4. LGD recommend the rising sequence of VLED after the Vcc and valid status of Video Signal turn on.

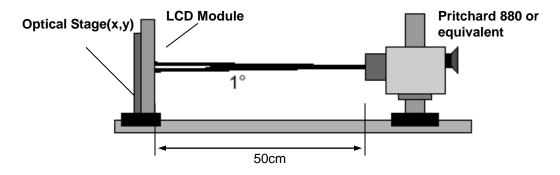


### 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\Theta$  equal to  $0^{\circ}$ .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.





**Table 8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz

Development	C: made al		Values		Lleite	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	400	700	-	<u> </u>	1
Surface Luminance, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	255	300		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	-	1.4	1.6	]	3
Response Time	Tr <sub>R</sub> + Tr <sub>D</sub>	-	25	35	ms	4
Color Coordinates	[			[	[	
RED	RX	TBD	TBD	TBD		
	RY	TBD	TBD	TBD		
GREEN	GX	TBD	TBD	TBD		
	GY	TBD	TBD	TBD		
BLUE	ВХ	TBD	TBD	TBD		
	BY	TBD	TBD	TBD		
WHITE	wx	0.283	0.313	0.343		
	WY	0.299	0.329	0.359	[	
Viewing Angle					]	5
x axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	80			degree	
x axis, left (Φ=180°)	Θl	80	 		degree	
y axis, up (Φ=90°)	Θu	80	 		degree	
y axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	80	-		degree	
Color Gamut	C/G	-	72	-	%	



#### Note)

1. It should be measured in the center of screen(1 Point). Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as

2. Surface luminance is the average of 5 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

$$L_{WH}$$
 = Average(1,2, ... 5 Point)

3. The variation in surface luminance, The panel total variation ( $\delta$  WHITE) is determined by measuring N at each test position 1 through 13 and then defined as following numerical formula. For more information see FIG 2.

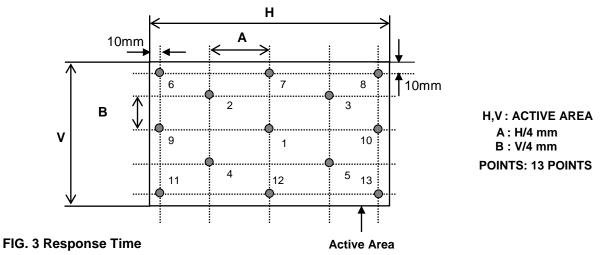
$$\delta \text{ WHITE (5P)} = \frac{\text{Maximum (1,2, ... 5 Point)}}{\text{Minimum (1,2, ... 5 Point)}} \qquad \delta \text{ WHITE (13P)} = \frac{\text{Maximum (1,2, ... 13 Point)}}{\text{Minimum (1,2, ... 13 Point)}}$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from black to white (rise time, Tr) and from white to black (falling time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

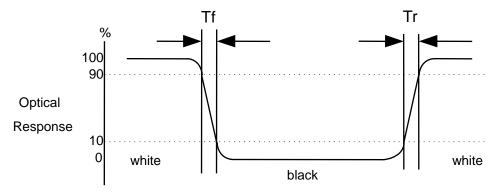


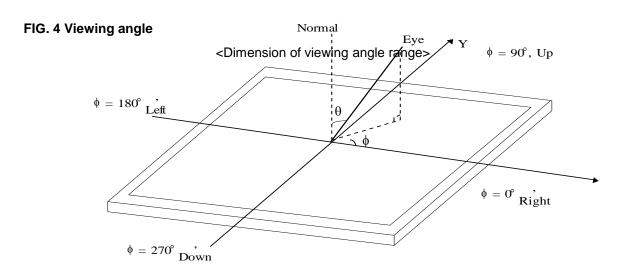
#### FIG. 2 Luminance

<Measuring point for Average Luminance & measuring point for Luminance variation>



The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".







### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP173WF4. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

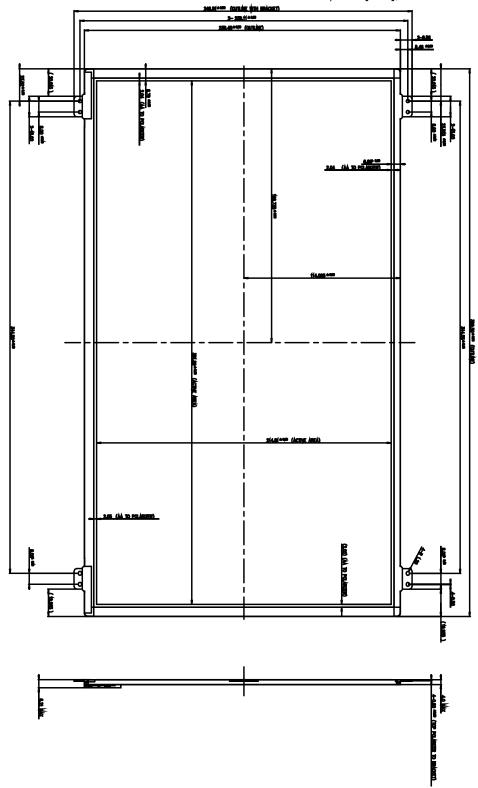
	Horizontal	$399.5 \pm 0.5~\text{mm}$			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	230.45 ± 0.5 mm			
	Thickness	6.2mm (Max.) (w/I PCB)			
Active Display Area	Horizontal	381.89mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	214.81 mm			
Weight	550.0g (Max.)				
Surface Treatment	Anti Glare treatment of the front polarizer				



<FRONT VIEW>

Ver. 0.0

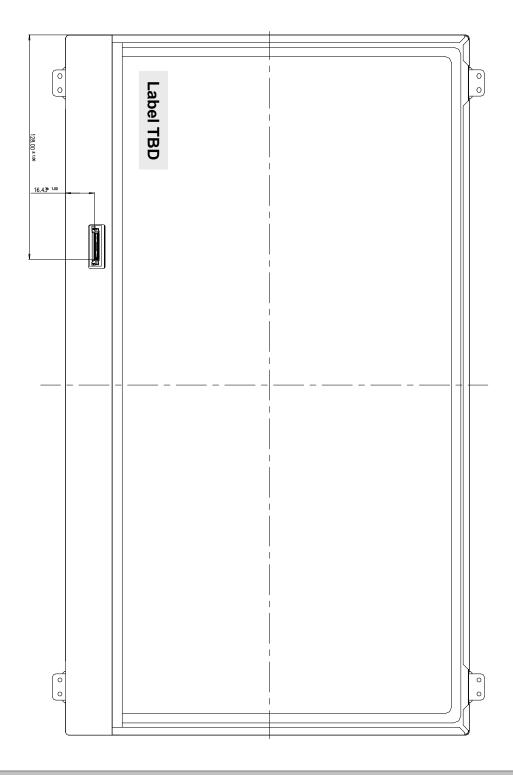
Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.5mm





<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance:  $\pm$  0.5mm





### 6. Reliability

#### **Environment test condition**

No.	Test Item	Conditions					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h					
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Random, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis					
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 6ms for all six faces)					
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr					

<sup>{</sup> Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



#### 7. International Standards

### 7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
  Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, Canadian Standards Association.
  Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- c) EN 60950-1, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC). Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements.
- d) IEC 60950-1, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).
   Information Technology Equipment Safety Part 1 : General Requirements

#### 7-2. Environment

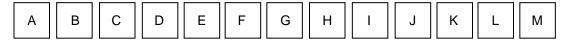
a) RoHS, Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 8 June 2011



### 8. Packing

### 8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : SIZE(INCH) D : YEAR

E: MONTH  $F \sim M$ : SERIAL NO.



#### Note

#### 1. YEAR

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	K

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

#### b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

# 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: TBD pcs

b) Box Size: TBD



#### 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
  - Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm\ 200mV(Over\ and\ under\ shoot\ voltage)$
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

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#### 9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) The protection film is attached to the polarizer with a small amount of glue. If some stress is applied to rub the protection film against the polarizer during the time you peel off the film, the glue is apt to remain on the polarizer.
  - Please carefully peel off the protection film without rubbing it against the polarizer.
- (3) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the polarizer after the protection film is peeled off.
- (4) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the polarizer surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

#### 9-7. THE LGD QA RESPONSIBILITY WILL BE AVOIDED IN CASE OF BELOW

- (1) When the customer attaches TSM(Touch Sensor Module) on LCM without Supplier's approval.
- (2) When the customer attaches cover glass on LCM without Supplier's approval.
- (3) When the LCMs were repaired by 3rd party without Supplier's approval.
- (4) When the LCMs were treated like Disassemble and Rework by the Customer and/or Customer's representatives without supplier's approval.



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 1/3

	TBD	



# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 2/3

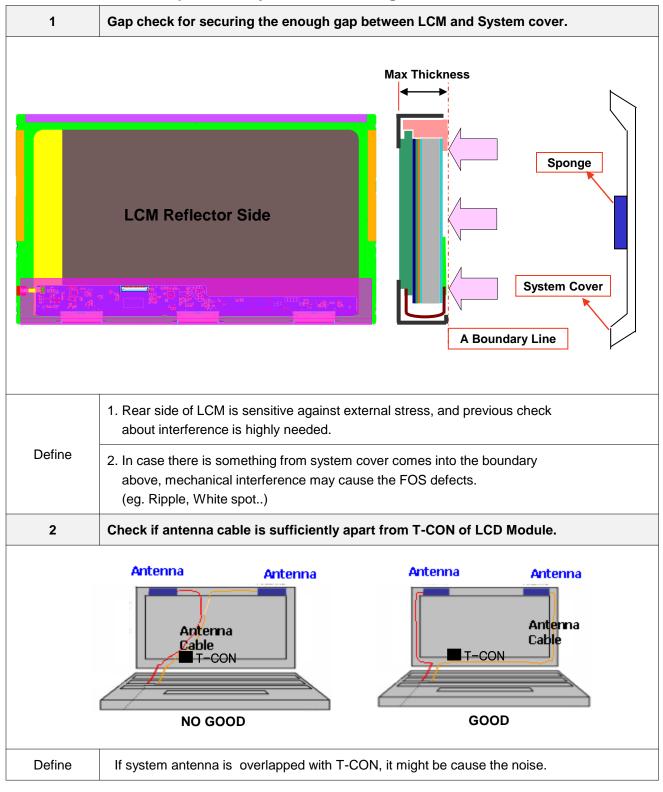
	TBD	



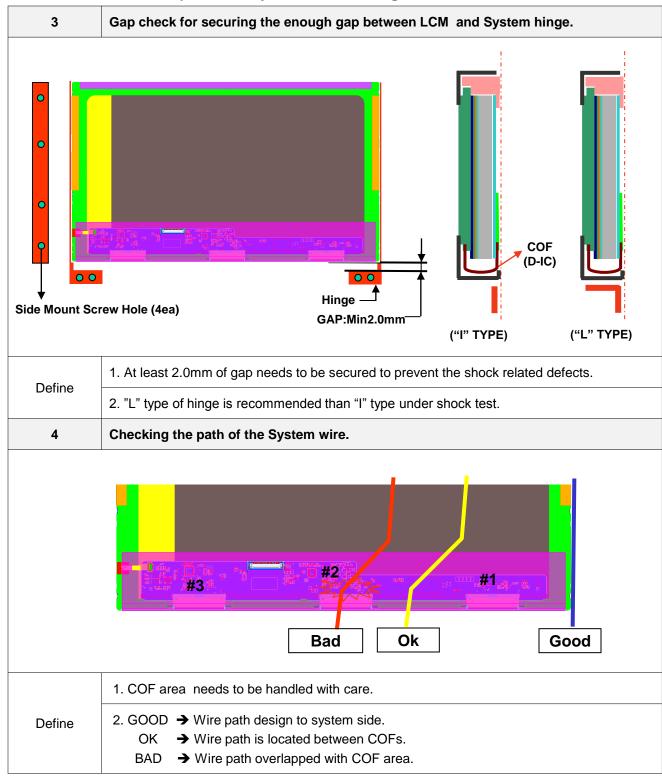
# APPENDIX A. Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) 3/3

	TBD	

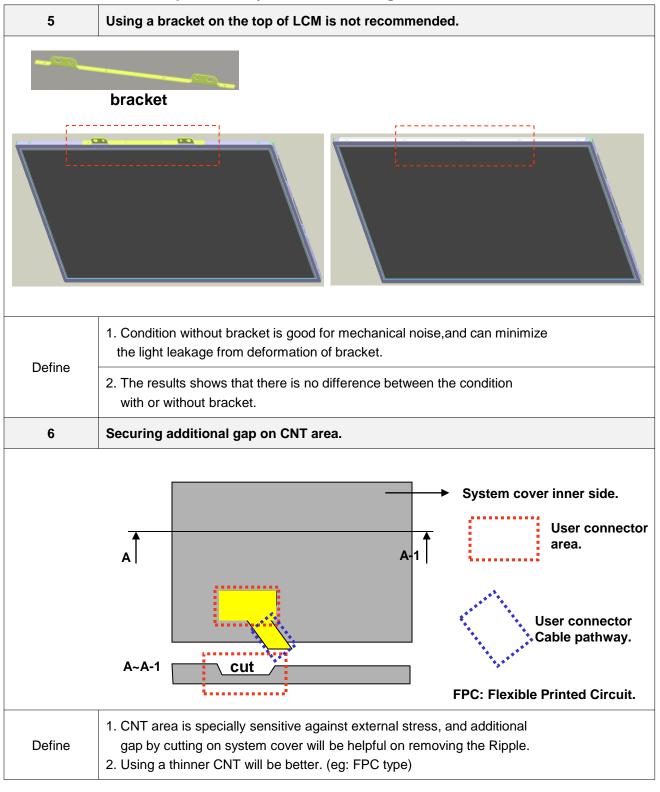




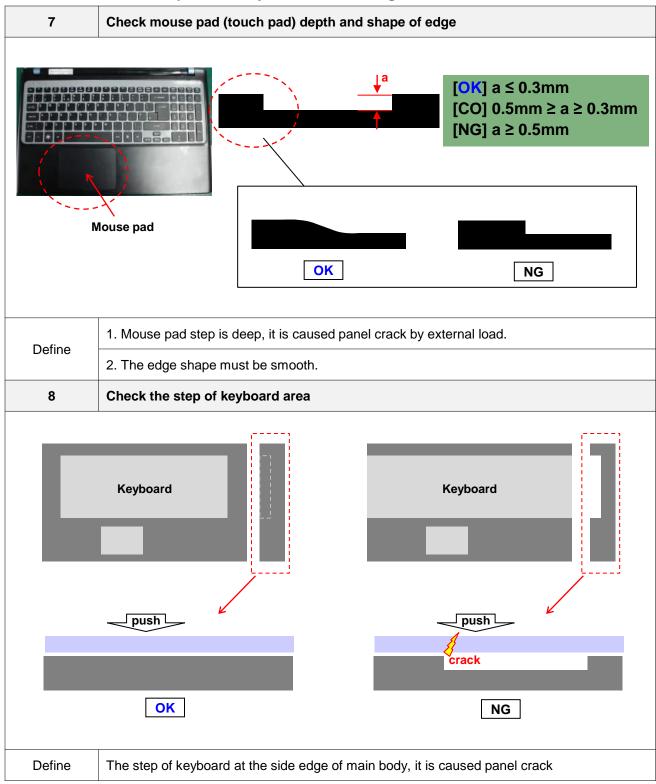






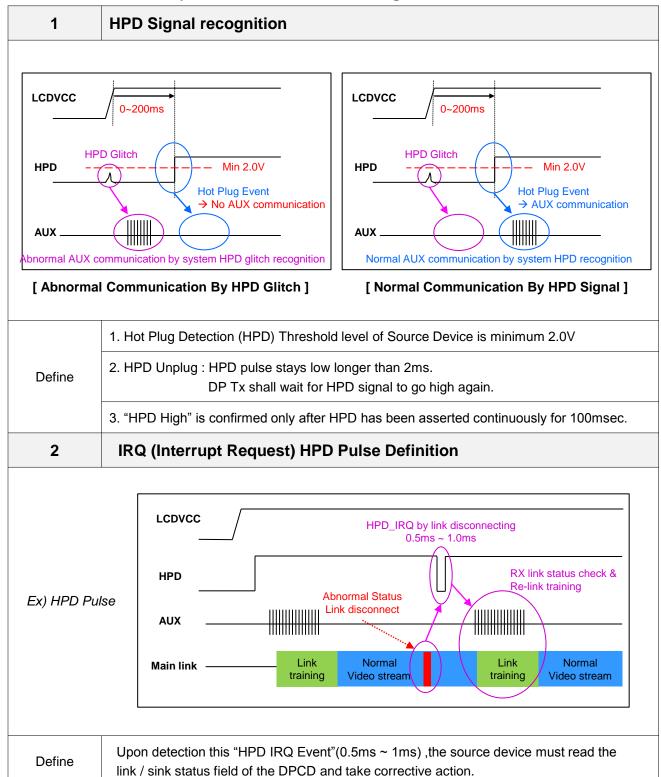








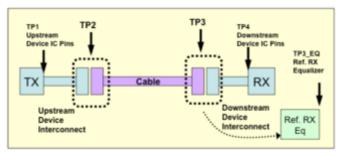
### APPENDIX C. LGD Proposal for eDP Interface Design Guide

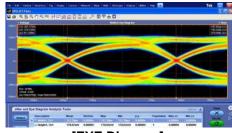




# **APPENDIX C. LGD Proposal for eDP Interface Design Guide**

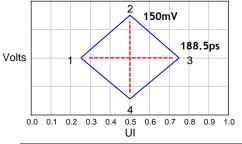
# 3 Main Link EYE Diagram





Volts 350mV 350mV 3 4 5 214.8ps 5 214.8ps

[EYE Diagram]



Point	UI	Voltage (Volts)	
1	0.210	0.000	
2	0.355	0.140	
3	0.500	0.175	
4	0.645	0.175	
5	0.790	0.000	
6	0.645	-0.175	
7	0.500	-0.175	
8	0.355	-0.140	
-			

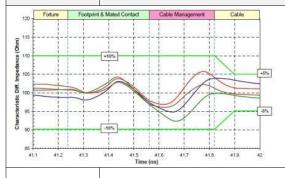
Point UI		Voltage (Volts)	
1	0.246	0.000	
2	0.500	0.075	
3	0.755	0.000	
4	0.500	-0.075	

### [EYE Vertices for TP2 at HBR]

[EYE Vertices for TP3 at HBR]

Define Main Link EYE Diagram should meet TP2 and TP3 point

# 4 Cable Impedance management

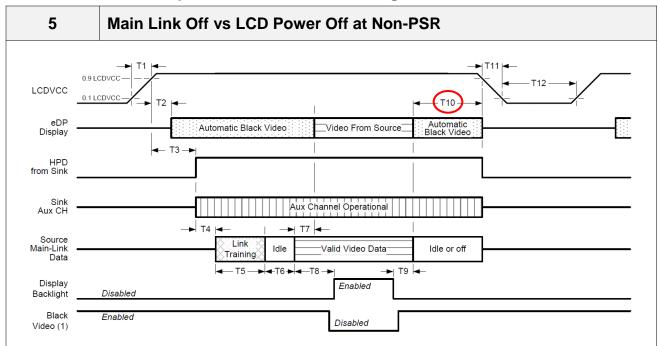


Segment	Differential Impedance	Maximum Tolerance
Fixture	100 Ω	
Connector	100 Ω	+/- 10%
Wire management	100 Ω	
Cable	100 Ω	+/- 5%

Define Cable Impedance 100  $\Omega$  +/- 5% (  $95\Omega \sim 105\Omega$  )



# **APPENDIX C. LGD Proposal for eDP Interface Design Guide**



Timing Parameter	Description	Required By	Min	Max
T10	Delay from end of valid video from Source to Power Off	Source	0ms	500ms

<sup>\*</sup> LGD recommend that Source must power off the LCDVCC if Main Link off like below.



[Case1. Resolution Change]



[Case2. Close the Lid]

Define

If Main Link off signal from Source, then LCDVCC must be Power Off within T10 period at Non-PSR mode



# **APPENDIX C. LGD Proposal for eDP Interface Design Guide**

