



SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

()	Preliminary Specification
()	Final Specification

Title 15.0" XGA TFT LCD	
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BUYER	TOSHIBA/COMPAL
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LP150X10
Suffix	A3K3

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

	SIGNATURE	DATE
	1	
	1	
	1	
•		

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No	Revision Date	Page	Description	EDID Ver.
1.0	Aug. 24. 2005	-	Final Specification	0.0

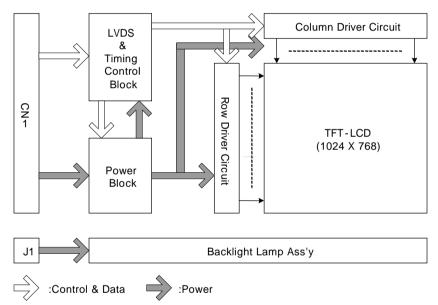


1. General Description

The LP150X10 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally white mode. This TFT-LCD has 15.0 inches diagonally measured active display area with XGA resolution(768 vertical by 1024 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 6-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 262,144 colors.

The LP150X10 has been designed to apply the interface method that enables low power, high speed, low EMI.

The LP150X10 is intended to support applications where thin thickness, low power are critical factors and graphic display are important. In combination with the vertical arrangement of the sub-pixels, the LP150X10 characteristics provide an excellent flat display for office automation products such as Notebook PC.



General Features

Active Screen Size	15.0 inches(38.1cm) diagonal		
Outline Dimension	317.3(H) x 241.5(V) x 6.5(D) mm(Typ.)		
Pixel Pitch	0.297 mm x 0.297 mm		
Pixel Format	1024 horiz. By 768 vert. Pixels RGB strip arrangement		
Color Depth	6-bit, 262,144 colors		
Luminance, White (1P)	400 cd/m ² (Typ.)		
Power Consumption	5.36W (Typ.) * Logic:0.86W(Mosaic), Lamp:4.5W		
Weight	565 g (typ.) 580g (Max)		
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally white		
Surface Treatment	Anti – reflect & hard coating(2H) & Glare		



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

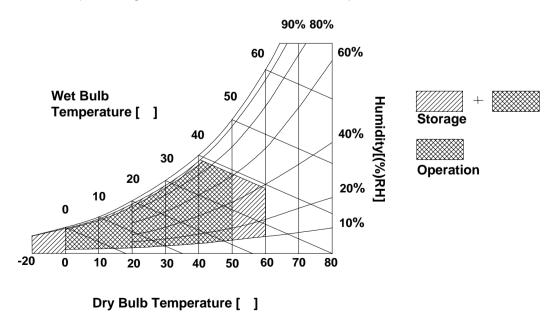
Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Units	Notes	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes	
Power Input Voltage-ON	VCC	2.7	4.0	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Power Input Voltage-OFF	GND	-0.3	0.3	Vdc	at 25 ± 5°C	
Operating Temperature	Тор	0	50	°C	1	
Storage Temperature	Тѕт	-20	60	°C	1	
Operating Ambient Humidity	Нор	10	90	%RH	1	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	90	%RH	1	
Electrostatic Durability (ESD)	VESD	± 8	3.0	kV	2	

Note: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.

- 2. Condition 1) Non-operation, 150pF-330 , 25 , 40~60%RH
 - 2) I/F Connector pins are subjected.
 - 3) The surface of Metal bezel and LCD are subjected.
 - 4) Discharge interval time 1sec, 10 times each place





3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

The LP150X10 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input which powers the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCD.

Values Parameter Symbol Unit Notes Min Max Typ MODULE: VCC Power Supply Input Voltage 3.0 3.3 3.6 Vdc White(L63) 180 220 260 Power Supply Max.Pattern 270 320 370 4 mΑ I_{CC} current Mosaic 220 300 260 1 **Power Consumption** Pс 0.86 0.99Watt 1 Differential Impedance Zm 110 2 90 100 ohm LAMP: Operating Voltage V_{BI} 620 630 770 V_{RMS} Operating Current 3.0 6.5 6.8 mA_{RMS} 3 I_{BI} Established Starting Voltage Vs 1140 V_{RMS} at 25 °C 1370 at 0 °C V_{RMS} Operating Frequency 70 kHz f_{BL} 40 60 5 Discharge Stabilization Time Ts 3 Min 6 7 **Power Consumption** P_{BL} 4.1 4.5 Watt Life Time 10,000 Hrs 8

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note: The design of the inverter must have specifications for the lamp in LCD Assembly.

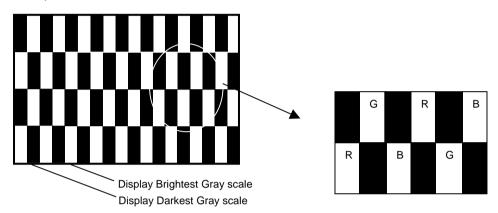
The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter(no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD-Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in you instrument.

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the VCC=3.3V, 25°C, f_V=60Hz condition whereas Mosaic pattern is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.
- 2. This impedance value is needed to proper display and measured from LVDS T_X to the mating connector.
- 3. The voltage above V_S should be applied to the lamps for more than 1 second for start-up. Otherwise, the lamps may not be turned on. The used lamp current is the lamp typical current.

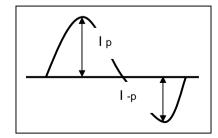


4. The specified current are under the VCC=3.3V, 25°C, f_V =60Hz condition whereas f_V is the frame frequency.

Max. pattern



- 5. The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform. (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave.
 Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.
- Let's define the brightness of the lamp after being lighted for 5 minutes as 100%.
 T_S is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95%.
- 7. The lamp power consumption shown above does not include loss of external inverter. The used lamp current is $6.5 \text{mA}_{\text{RMS}}$.
- 8. The life is determined as the time at which brightness of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at $6.5 \mathrm{mA}_{RMS}$ on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2 \mathrm{°C}$
- Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp, are following.
 It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce leakage current.
 - a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be less than 10%.
 - b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$.
 - * Inverter output waveform had better be more similar to ideal sine wave.



* Asymmetry rate:

$$|I_{p} - I_{-p}| / I_{rms} * 100\%$$
* Distortion rate
$$|I_{p} (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$$

Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire.

If the lamp wire attach to a conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module has a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action. Because leakage current is occurred between lamp wire and conducting tape.



3-2. Interface Connections

The interface connections are compatible with ISP (Industry Standard Panels) 15.0" Mounting and Top Level Interface Requirements (Version2, June,2000) defined by SPWG (Standard Panels Working Group). This LCD employs two interface connections, a 30 pin connector is used for the module electronics and the other connector is used for the integral backlight system.

The electronics interface connector is a model GT101-30S-HR11 manufactured by LG Cable. The pin configuration for the connector is shown in the table below.

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (CN1)

	Table 5: MODOLL CONNECTION THE CONNECTION (CNT)						
Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes				
1	VSS	Ground					
2	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	[LVDS Transmitter]				
3	VCC	Power Supply, 3.3V Typ.	TI, SN75LVDS84 or equivalent				
4	VEDID	DDC 3.3V power	11, Sivi 3E v D 304 oi equivalent				
5	NC	No Connection	[I V/DC Becoiver]				
6	Clkedid	DDC Clock	[LVDS Receiver]				
7		DDC Data	THINE, THC63LVDF64A				
8	R _{IN} 0 -	- LVDS differential data input (R0-R5, G0)	1				
9	R _{IN} 0 +	+ LVDS differential data input (R0-R5, G0)	[Connector]				
10	VSS	Ground	LCD: GT101-30S-HR11, LG Cable				
11	R _{IN} 1 -	- LVDS differential data input (G1-G5, B0-B1)	* Hirose KN07LR-30S-1H /				
12	R _{IN} 1 +	+ LVDS differential data input (G1-G5, B0-B1)	JAE FI-XB30SR-HF or equivalent.				
13	VSS	Ground	Matching : JAE FI-X30M or				
14	R _{IN} 2 -	- LVDS differential data input (B2-B5, HS, VS, DE)	equivalent				
15	R _{IN} 2 +	+ LVDS differential data input (B2-B5, HS, VS, DE)					
16	VSS	Ground					
17	CIkIN -	- LVDS differential clock input	[Connector pin arrangement]				
18	ClkIN +	+ LVDS differential clock input	-				
19	VSS	Ground	30 1				
20	NC	No Connection	_				
21	NC	No Connection	_				
22	VSS	Ground	I CD rear view				
23	NC	No Connection	LCD rear view				
24	NC	No Connection	_				
25	VSS	Ground	_				
26	NC	No Connection	_				
27	NC	No Connection	_				
28	VSS	Ground	_				
29	NC	No Connection	_				
30	NC	No Connection					

Note: All GND(ground) pins should be connected together and to GND which should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame. All VCC (power input) pins should be connected together.

Using Connector: BHSR-02VS (Maker: JST)

(Contact Pin of VL : SBHT-002T-P0.5 (Maker :JST)) (Contact Pin of GL : SBHT-002T-P0.5 (Maker :JST))

Table 4. BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION (J1)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	HV	Power supply for lamp (High voltage side)	1
2	LV	Power supply for lamp (Low voltage side)	1

Notes: 1. The high voltage side terminal is colored pink and the low voltage side terminal is Green.



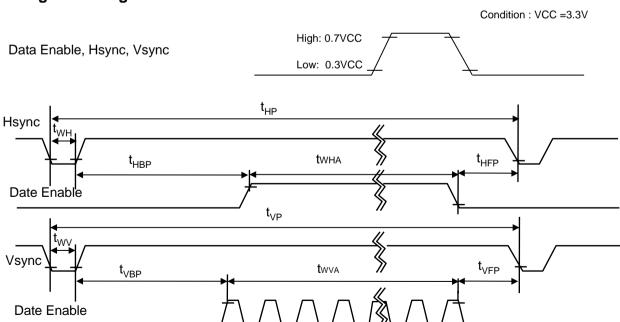
3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications and specifications of LVDS Tx/Rx for it's proper operation.

Table 5. TIMING TABLE

ITEM	Symbol		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	fclk	65	65	65	MHz	15.4ns
Hsync	Period	tHP	1206	1344	1364	tour	
	Width	twH	8	136	-	tCLK	
Vsync	Period	tvp	780	806	830	4.15	
	Frequency	fv	60	60	60	tHP	
	Width	twv	1	6	24		
Data	Horizontal back porch	tHBP	16	160	-	tour	
Enable	Horizontal front porch	tHFP	16	24	-	tCLK	
	Vertical back porch	tvbp	7	29	-	4.15	
	Vertical front porch	tVFP	1	3	-	tHP	

3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms





3-5. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red,green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 6. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

									Inp	out Co	olor D	ata							
	Color			RI	ΕD					GRE	EEN					BL	UE		
		MSI						MSE					LSB						LSB
	 	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G 4	G 3	G 2	G 1	G 0	B 5	B 4	В3	B 2	B 1	В 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (01)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED (62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																			
	GREEN (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (00)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (01)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																			
	BLUE (62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1



3-6. Power Sequence

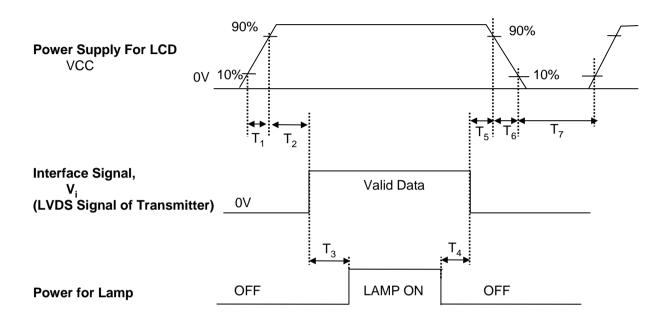


Table 7. POWER SEQUENCE TABLE

Parameter		Value		Unit
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
T ₁	-	-	10	ms
T ₂	0	-	50	ms
T ₃	200	-	ı	ms
T ₄	200	-	-	ms
T ₅	0	-	50	ms
T ₆	0	-	10	ms
T ₇	200	-	-	ms

Notes: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
- 3. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and Θ equal to 0° .

FIG. 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

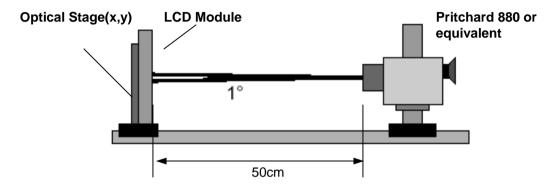


Table 8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3V, fv=60Hz Dclk= 65MHz, I_BL= 6.5mA

Do	arameter	Symbol		Values		Units	Notes
Pa		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units	notes
Contrast Ratio		CR	400	700	-		1
Luminance, wh	ite Center 1P	L _{WH}	330	400		cd/m ²	2
	5P (Ref.)	L _{WH}	310	-	-	cd/m ²	2
Luminance Var	iation (13P)	δ_{WHITE}	-	-	2.2		3
Response Time)						4
	Rise Time	Tr _R	-	5	15	ms	
	Decay Time	Tr_D	-	20	30	ms	
Color Coordina	tes						PR650 or equivalent
	RED	RX	0.560	0.590	0.620		
		RY	0.315	0.345	0.375		
	GREEN	GX	0.293	0.323	0.353		
		GY	0.504	0.534	0.564		
	BLUE	BX	0.129	0.159	0.189		
		BY	0.109	0.139	0.169		
	WHITE	WX	0.283	0.313	0.343		
		WY	0.299	0.329	0.359		
Viewing Angle							5
x	axis, right(Φ=0°)	Θr	60	65	-	degree	
х	axis, left (Φ=180°)	Θl	60	65	-	degree	
у	axis, up (Ф=90°)	Θu	50	55	-	degree	
у	axis, down (Φ=270°)	Θd	50	55	-	degree	
Gray Scale							6



Notes 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- 2. Surface luminance is the Center 1 point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1., When I_{BI} =6.5mA.
- 3.The variation in surface luminance , The Panel total variation (δ_{WHITE}) is determined by measuring L $_{ON}$ at each test position 1 through 13, and then dividing the maximum L $_{ON}$ of 13 points luminance by minimum L $_{ON}$ of 13 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}} = \text{Maximum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_{13}) / \text{Minimum}(L_1, L_2, \dots L_{13})$$

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black(RiseTime, Tr_R) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG 3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification

* f_v=60Hz

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
LO	0.39
L7	1.20
L15	4.50
L23	11.3
L31	22.0
L39	38.0
L47	57.5
L55	80.0
L63	100



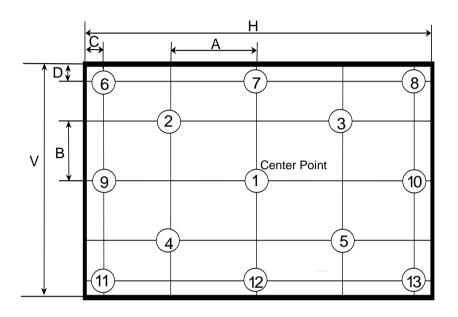
FIG. 2 Luminance

<measuring point for surface luminance>

<measuring point for luminance variation>

POINTS: Center 1 POINT

POINTS: 13 POINTS (1~13)



A: H/4 mm B: V/4 mm C: 10 mm D: 10 mm H: 304.128 mm V: 228.096 mm @ H, V: Active Area

FIG. 3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

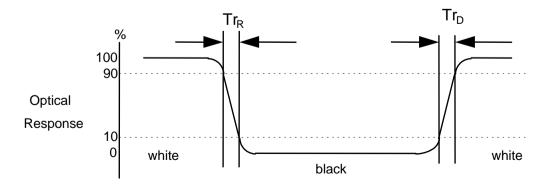
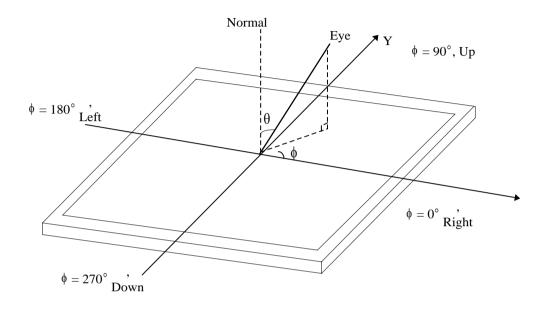




FIG. 4 Viewing angle

<Dimension of viewing angle range>





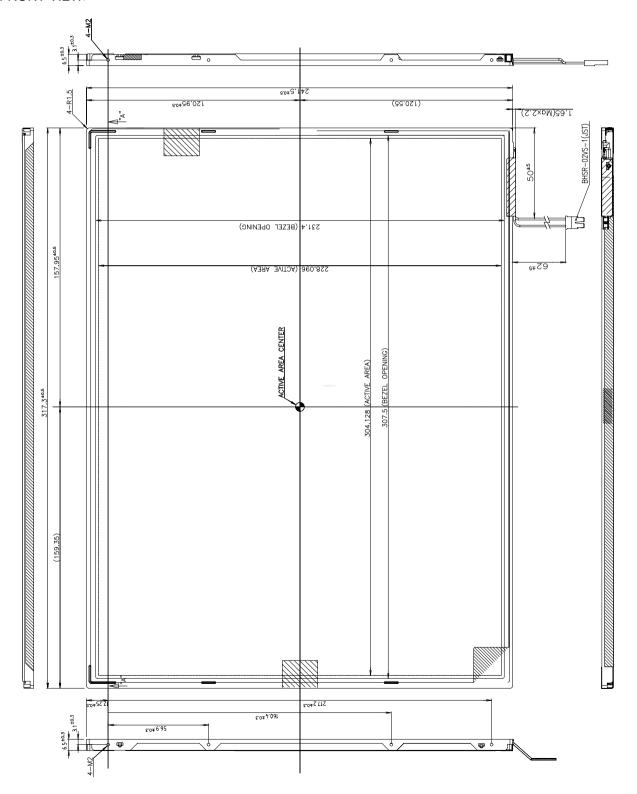
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model LP150X10. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	317.3 ± 0.5mm				
Outline Dimension	Vertical	241.5 ± 0.5mm				
	Depth	$6.5 \pm 0.3 \text{mm}$				
Bezel Area	Horizontal	307.5 ± 0.5mm				
bezei Alea	Vertical	231.4 ± 0.5mm				
Active Display Area	Horizontal	304.128 mm				
Active Display Area	Vertical	228.096 mm				
Weight	565g (Typ.) 580g (Max.)					
Surface Treatment	Anti – reflect & hard coating(2H) & Glare					

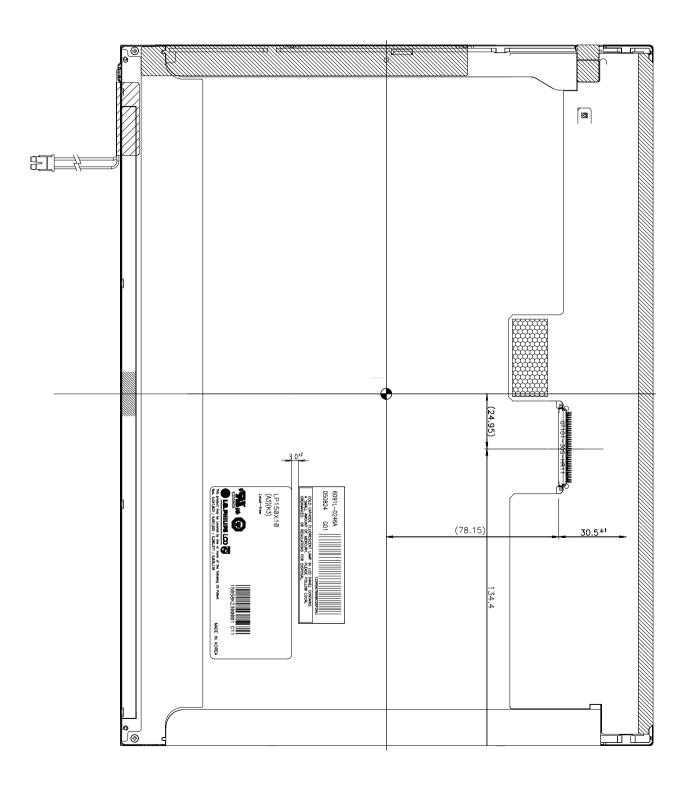


<FRONT VIEW>



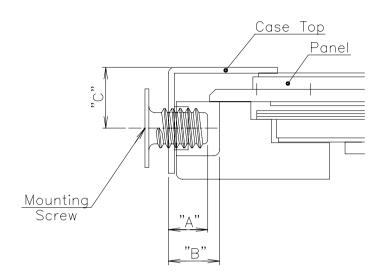


<REAR VIEW>





[DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF SIDE MOUNTING SCREW]



* Mounting Screw depth depth Min.: "A" =2.0 depth Max: "B" =2.5

* Mounting hole location : "C" = 3.1 ± 0.3

*Torque: 2 kgf.cm(Max.)

(Measurement gauge: torque meter)

Notes: 1. Screw plated through the method of non-electrolytic nickel plating is preferred to reduce possibility that results in vertical and/or horizontal line defect due to the conductive particles from screw surface.



6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No.	Test Item	Conditions				
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C, 240h				
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C, 240h				
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C, 50%RH, 240h				
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C, 240h				
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis				
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces(I.e. run 180G 2ms for all six faces)				
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 ~ 10,000 feet (3,048m) 24Hr 0 ~ 40,000 feet (12,192m) 24Hr				

[{] Result Evaluation Criteria }

There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60950, Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Dated Dec. 11, 2000.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950, Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Dec. 1, 2000.

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment, Including Electrical Business Equipment.

c) EN 60950 : 2000, Third Edition IEC 60950 : 1999. Third Edition

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М
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A,B,C: SIZE(INCH) D: YEAR

E: MONTH F: FACTORY CODE $H \sim M$: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

3. FACTORY CODE

Factory Code	LPL Gumi	LPL Nanjing	HEESUNG
Mark	К	С	D

4. SERIAL NO.

Mark	100001~199999, 200001~299999, 300001~399999,, A00001~A99999,, Z00001~Z99999
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b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 10 pcsb) Box Size: 376mm x 321mm x 317mm



9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 - Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=± 200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

 And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.



9-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



APPENDIX [A] - Enhanced Extended Display Identification Data (EEDID™) E-EDID DATA FOR LP150X10-A3K3 (Ver0.0)

Byte#	Byte#		Va	lue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)	Field Name and Comments	l	EX)	(binary)	
0	00	Header	_	0	0000 0000	
1	01	Inequel	F	F	1111 1111	-
2	02		F	F	1111 1111	1
3	03		F	F	1111 1111	Header
4	04		F	F	1111 1111	1
5	05		F	F	1111 1111	1
6	06		F	F	1111 1111]
7	07		0	0	0000 0000	
8	08	EISA manufacturer code = LPL	3	2	0011 0010	
9	09	Compressed ASCII	0	С	0000 1100	
10	0A	Product code	0	0	0000 0000	
11	0B	(Hex, LSB first)	0	0	0000 0000	
12	0C	ID(32-bit) serial number = don't care	0	0	0000 0000	Vender/
13	0D		0	0	0000 0000	Product ID
14	0E		0	0	0000 0000	1
15	0F		ō	ō	0000 0000	1
16	10	Week of manufacture = don't care	ō	ō	0000 0000	1
17	11	Year of manufacture = "2004"	0	Ē	0000 1110	1
18	12	EDID Structure version # = "1"	0	1	0000 0001	EDID Version/
19	13	EDID Structure version # = 1	0	2	0000 0001	Revision
20	14	Video input definition = Digital I/p,non TMDS CRGB	8	0	1000 0000	110 4131011
21	15	Max H image size(cm)= 30.4128cm(30)	1	Ē	0001 1110	Display
22	16	Max V image size(cm)= 22.8096cm(23)	i	7	0001 0111	Parameter
23	17	Display gamma = 2.2	7	8	0111 1000	1
24	18	Feature support(DPMS) = Active off, RGB Color	Ó	Ā	0000 1010	1
25	19	Red/Green low Bits (RxRy/GxGy)	1	Α	0001 1010	
26	1A	Blue/White Low Bits (BxBy/WxWy)	Α	0	1010 0000]
27	1B	Red X Rx = 0.590	9	7	1001 0111]
28	10	Red Y Ry = 0.345	5	8	0101 1000	
29	1D	Green X Gx = 0.323	5	2	0101 0010	Color
30	1E	Green Y Gy = 0.534	8	8	1000 1000	Characteristic
31	1F	Blue X Bx = 0.159	2	8	0010 1000	-
32	20	Blue Y By = 0.139	2	3	0010 0011	
33 34	21	White X Wx = 0.313	5	0 4	0101 0000	-
$\overline{}$	22	White Y Wy = 0,329	0	0	0101 0100 0000 0000	Fatabliahad
35 36	23	Established Timing I	0	0		Established Timings
	24	Established Timing II	_	_		Timings
37	25	Manufacturer's Timings	0	0	0000 0000	
38	26	Standard Timing ID1 (01h if not used)	0	1	0000 0001	-
39	27	Standard Timing ID1 (01h if not used)	0	1	0000 0001	-
40	28	Standard Timing ID2 (01h if not used)	0	1	0000 0001	4
41	29	Standard Timing ID2 (01h if not used)	0	1	0000 0001	-
42	2A	Standard Timing ID3 (01h if not used)	_	1	0000 0001	
43	2B	Standard Timing ID3 (01h if not used)	0	1	0000 0001	1
44	2C	Standard Timing ID4 (01h if not used)	0	1	0000 0001	Standard
45	2D	Standard Timing ID4 (01h if not used)	0	1	0000 0001	Timing ID
46	2E	Standard Timing ID5 (01h if not used)	0	1	0000 0001]
47	2F	Standard Timing ID5 (01h if not used)	0	1	0000 0001	
48	30	Standard Timing ID6 (01h if not used)	0	1	0000 0001	1
49	31	Standard Timing ID6(01h if not used)	0	1	0000 0001	1
50	32	Standard Timing ID7(01h if not used)	ō	1	0000 0001	1
51	33	Standard Timing ID7 (01h if not used)	0	i	0000 0001	1
52	34	Standard Timing IDF (Off it not used)	0	1	0000 0001	1
	35			1		1
53	35	Standard Timing ID8 (01h if not used)	0		0000 0001	



Continuary Con	Byte#	Byte#		Valu	le.	Value	
Section Sect		_	Field Name and Comments				
55 37 1024/783 @ E0 Hz mode : pixe: clock = 65.00 MHz			Detailed Timing Descriptor #1	 	_		
56			•		_		
57				_	_		
593 38				_	$\overline{}$		
59			•	_	$\overline{}$	0100 0001	
Si	59	3B	Vertical Avtive = 768 lines	0	0	0000 0000	
62 3E	60	3C	Vertical Blanking = 38 lines	2	6	0010 0110	Detailed
63	61	3D	Vertical Active : Vertical Blanking			0011 0000	Timing
64	62	3E	Horizontal Sync. Offset = 24 pixels			0001 1000	Description
65	63		•			1000 1000	# 1
66							
67				_			
688			•		$\overline{}$		
63					_		
To 46				_	$\overline{}$		
71				_	$\overline{}$		
T2			•	_			
73					$\overline{}$		
74			Detailed Timing Descriptor #2 was not used		$\overline{}$		
75				_			
76 4C 0 0 0 000000000 0000 0000 77 4D 0 0 0 00000 0000 0000 78 4E 0 0 0 0000 0000 0000 80 50 0 0 0 0000 0000 0000 81 51 0 0 0 0000 0000 0000 82 52 0 0 0 0000 0000 0000 \$2<							
77							
78 4E 0 0 0 00 0000 0000 Petalled Timing Descriptor #3 0 0 0000 0000 Petalled Timing Descriptor #3 0 0 0 0000 0000 #2 #2 ** </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Timing Name							Datailed
80 50 0 000 0000 0000 12 12							
81							
82 52				_	$\overline{}$		-
83							**
84							
85				_	$\overline{}$		
86				_	$\overline{}$		
S8	86	56				0000 0000	
SS SS SS SS SS SS SS S	87	57		0	0	0000 0000	
90 5A Detailed Timing Descriptor #3 0 0 0 0000 0000 91 5B	88	58		0	0	0000 0000	
91 5B 92 5C 93 5D 94 5E 95 5F 1111 1110 96 60 60 60 6 60 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	89	59		0	0	0000 0000	
92 5C 93 5D 94 5E 95 5F L 96 60 G 98 62 h 99 63 i 100 64 I 100 64 I 100 64 I 100 65 G 100 66 G 100 0000 0000 100 0000 0000	90	5A	Detailed Timing Descriptor #3	0	0	0000 0000	
93 5D ASCII Data String Tag (Supplier Name) F E 1111 1110 0 0 0 0000 0000 94 5E	91	5B		_	$\overline{}$	0000 0000	
93 5D 94 5E 95 5F 96 60 97 61 98 62 98 62 99 63 99 63 90 100 90 0000 91 0000 91 100 92 5 0 0101 93 62 94 7 0100 95 68 0110 97 100 98 62 99 63 99 63 10 66 9 0110 100 100 64 1 66 0 0110 100 101 65 1 6 9 0110 100 102 66 1 6 9 0110 100 103 67 1 8 7 3 0111 104 68 1 4 0 0100 1100 1100 1100 1100 1100 110			ASCII Data String Tag (Supplier Name)	-	$\overline{}$		
95				_	$\overline{}$		
96 60 6 6 6 6 6 7 6 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7					_		
97 61 P 5 0 0101 0000 Timing 98 62 h 6 8 0110 1000 99 63 i 6 9 0110 1001 100 64 I 6 0 0110 1100 101 65 i 6 9 0110 1001 102 66 p 7 0 0111 0000 103 67 s 7 3 0111 0011 104 68 L 4 C 0100 1100 105 69 C 4 3 0100 0011 106 6A D 4 4 0100 0100					С		
98 62 h 68 0110 1000 99 63 i 69 0110 1001 100 64 I 60 0110 1100 101 65 i 69 0 0110 1001 102 66 P 7 0 0111 0000 103 67 S 7 3 0111 0011 104 68 L 4 C 0100 1100 105 69 C 4 3 0100 0011 106 6A D 0 4 4 0 0100 0100				-	7		
99 63 i 6 9 0110 1001 100 64 I 6 0 0110 1100 101 65 i 6 9 0110 1001 102 66 P 7 0 0111 0000 103 67 S 7 3 0111 0011 104 68 L 4 0 0100 1100 105 69 C 4 3 0100 0011 106 6A D 0 4 4 0 0100 0100				_	_		
100 64 I 6 C 0110 1100 101 65 I 6 9 0110 1001 102 66 P 7 0 0111 0000 103 67 S 7 3 0111 0011 104 68 L 4 C 0100 1100 105 69 C 4 3 0100 0011 106 6A D 4 4 0100 0100							· ·
101 65 i 6 9 0110 1001 102 66 p 7 0 0111 0000 103 67 s 7 3 0111 0011 104 68 L 4 C 0100 1100 105 69 C 4 3 0100 0011 106 6A D 4 4 0100 0100				_	$\overline{}$		#3
102 66 P 7 0 0111 0000 103 67 S 7 3 0111 0011 104 68 L 4 C 0100 1100 105 69 C 4 3 0100 0011 106 6A D 4 4 0100 0100				_	_		
103 67 s 7 3 0111 0011 104 68 L 4 C 0100 1100 105 69 C 4 3 0100 0011 106 6A D 4 4 0100 0100				_	$\overline{}$		
104 68 L 4 C 0100 1100 105 69 C 4 3 0100 0011 106 6A D 4 4 0100 0100				-	_		
105 69 C 4 3 0100 0011 106 6A D 4 4 0100 0100				_	$\overline{}$		
106 6A D 4 4 0100 0100			_				
, 101 00 1010 L1 10 A 0000 1010	107	6B	LF	_	Ă	0000 1010	



Byte#	Byte#	H FIELD NAME AND COMMENTS	Va	lue	Value	
(decimal)	(HEX)		(HEX)		(binary)	
108	6C	Detailed Timing Descriptor #4	0	0	0000 0000	
109	6D		0	0	0000 0000	
110	6E	ASCII Data String Tag (Supplier P/N)	0	0	0000 0000	
111	6F		F	Е	1111 1110	
112	70		0	0	0000 0000	
113	71	L	4	О	0100 1100	
114	72	Р	5	0	0101 0000	
115	73	1	3	1	0011 0001	Detailed
116	74	5	3	5	0011 0101	Timing
117	75	0	3	0	0011 0000	Description
118	76	X	5	8	0101 1000	# 4
119	77	1	3	1	0011 0001	
120	78	0	3	0	0011 0000	
121	79	-	2	D	0010 1101	
122	7A	A	4	1	0100 0001	
123	7B	3	3	3	0011 0011	
124	7C	K	4	В	0100 1011	
125	7D	3	3	3	0011 0011	
126	7E	Extension flag = 00	0	0	0000 0000	Extension Flag
127	7F	Checksum	4	9	0100 1001	Checksum