

TFT-Display Datenblatt

Modell LM300WQ5-SLA1

Kurzdaten

Hersteller	LG Display
Diagonale	30,0" / 76,2cm
Format	16:10
Auflösung	2560x1600
Backlight	CCFL / 370cd/m ²
Interface	LVDS
Touchscreen	nein
Temperatur	0...+50°C (Betrieb)

Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- () Preliminary Specification
(◆) Final Specification

Title	30" WQXGA TFT LCD
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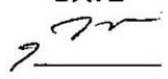
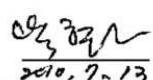
BUYER	DELL
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display CO., Ltd.
*MODEL	LM300WQ5
SUFFIX	SLA1

*When you obtain standard approval,
please use the above model name without suffix

SIGNATURE	DATE
/	
/	
/	

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE	DATE
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Product Specification

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Product Specification

RECORD OF REVISIONS

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Product Specification

1. General Description

The LM300WQ5 LCD is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system . The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. This TFT-LCD has a 30.0 inch diagonally measured active display area with WQXGA resolution(2560 vertical by 1600 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus, presenting a palette of more than 1,073,741,824 colors.

The LM300WQ5 has been designed to apply the 10bit 4port LVDS interface.

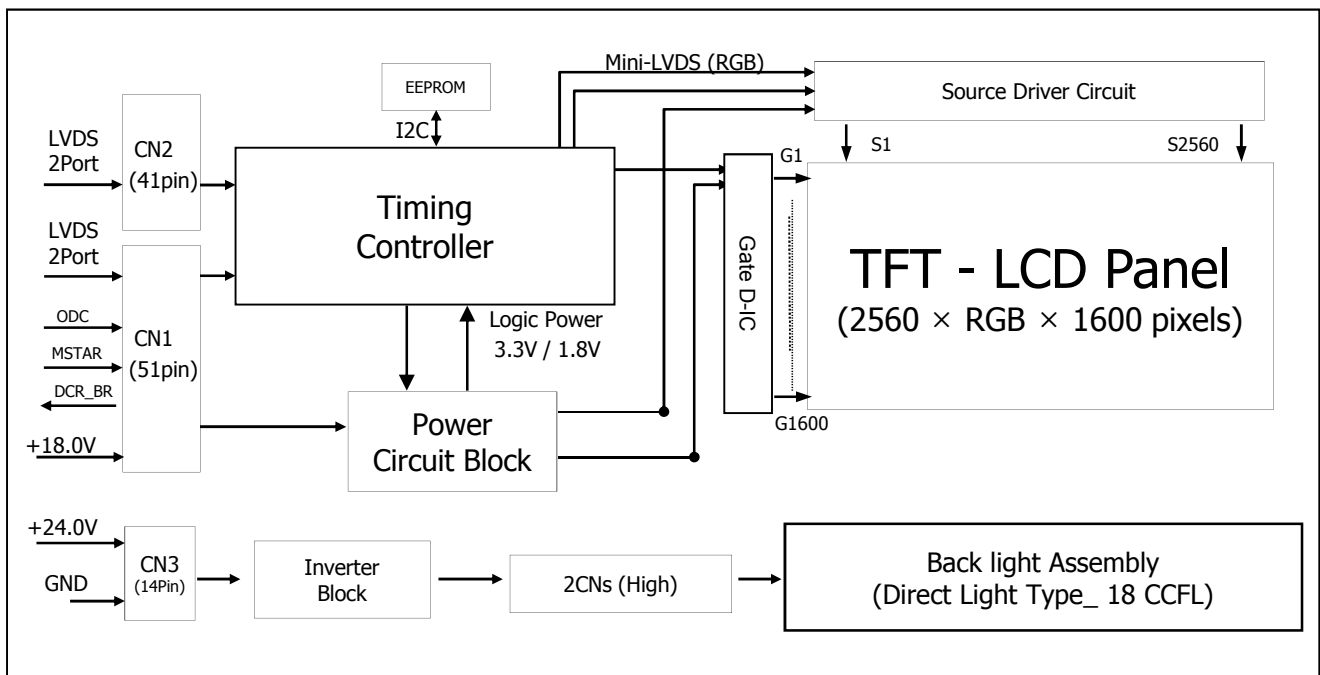


Figure 1. Block diagram

General Features

Active screen size	30.0 inches (756.228mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	677.30(H) x 436.80(V) x 42.30(D) mm(Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.2505 mm x 0.2505 mm
Pixel Format	2560 horizontal By 1600 vertical Pixels. RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	10-bit, 1,073,741,824 color
Luminance, White	370 cd/m ² (1 point Avg)
Viewing Angle(CR>10)	Viewing Angle Free(R/L 178(Typ.), U/D 178(Typ.))
Power Consumption	Total 121 Watt(Typ.), (13 Watt @V _{LCD} , 108W @370cd)
Weight	5100 g (typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally Black
Surface Treatments	Hard coating (3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer

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2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Units	Notes
		Min.	Max.		
Power Supply Input Voltage for Panel	V_{LCD}	-0.3	21.0	V_{dc}	At $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ 1
Operating Temperature	T_{OP}	0	50	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	-20	60	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Operating Ambient Humidity	H_{OP}	10	90	%RH	
Storage Humidity	H_{ST}	10	90	%RH	

Note : 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
Wet bulb temperature should be 39°C Max, and no condensation of water.

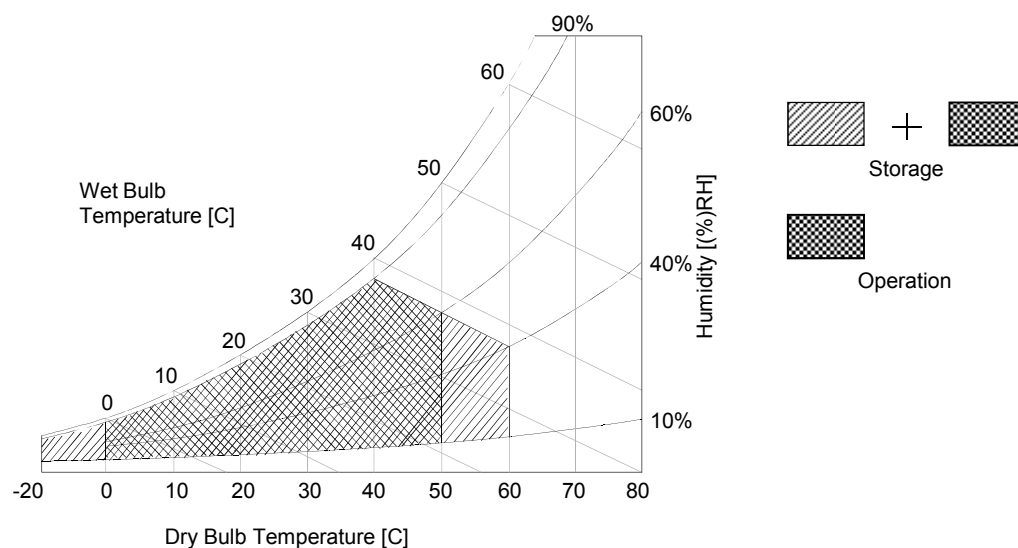


Figure 2. Temperature and relative humidity

Product Specification

3. Electrical Specifications**3-1. Electrical Characteristics**

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the CCFL, is typically generated by an inverter. The inverter is an external unit to the LCDs.

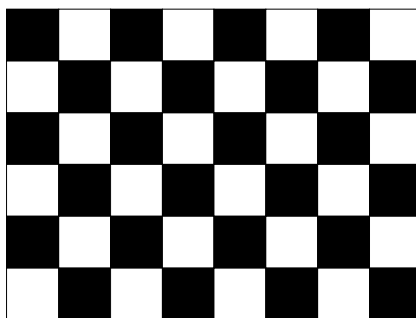
Table 2. Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
MODULE :						
Power Supply Input Voltage	VLCD	17	18	19	Vdc	
Permissive Power Input Ripple	VdRF			400	mVp-p	
Power Supply Input Current	ILCD	612	720	828	mA	1
		-	960	1248	mA	2
Power Consumption	PLCD		13	14.95	Watt	1
Rush current	IRUSH	-	-	4	A	3

Note :

1. The specified current and power consumption are under the $V_{LCD}=18.0V$, $25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$, $f_V=60Hz$ condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.
2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power Input is 1ms(min.).

White : 255Gray
Black : 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

Maximum current pattern



White Pattern

[Figure 3] Mosaic pattern : for power consumption measurement

Product Specification

Table 3. INVERTER Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Values			Unit	Notes
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Inverter :							
Input Voltage	V _{BL}		22	24	26	V	1
Input Current	I _{BL}	V _{BR} = 3.3V		4.5	5.4	A	2
Input Power	PBL	V _{BR} = 3.3V		108	130	Watt	2
B/L on/off control	VON/OFF	Lamp ON = High	2.0	-	5.0	V	
		Lamp OFF =Low	0.0	-	0.8	V	
Brightness Adj	VBR		0	-	3.3	V	
LAMP :							
Life time			40,000			Hrs	3

Notes :

1. The input voltage ripple is limited below 400mVp-p.
2. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage, 24V.
3. The life is determined as the time at which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$.
4. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30min in a dark environment at $25^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$.

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3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, 51-pin and 41-pin connectors are used for the module electronics and 14-pin connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. Signal Interface

LCD Connector(CN1): IS050-C51B-C39-A(manufactured by UJU) or FI-RE51S-HF(manufactured by JAE) or compatible. Refer to below and next Page table.

- Mating Connector : FI-RE51HL(JAE) or compatible

Table 4-1. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground	27	NC	No Connection
2	NC	No Connection	28	R2AN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)
3	NC	No Connection	29	R2AP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)
4	NC	No Connection	30	R2BN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)
5	NC	No Connection	31	R2BP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)
6	ODC Select	'H' or NC = Enable , 'L' = Disable	32	R2CN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)
7	MSTAR Select	'H'= MSTAR Concept , 'L'=normal	33	R2CP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)
8	DCR_BR	Brightness voltage output for DCR function	34	GND	Ground
9	NC	No Connection	35	R2CLKN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)
10	NC	No Connection	36	R2CLKP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	R1AN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)	38	R2DN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)
13	R1AP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)	39	R2DP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)
14	R1BN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)	40	R2EN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)
15	R1BP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)	41	R2EP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)
16	R1CN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)	42	Reserved	No connection or GND
17	R1CP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)	43	Reserved	No connection or GND
18	GND	Ground	44	GND	Ground
19	R1CLKN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	45	GND	Ground
20	R1CLKP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	NC	No connection
22	R1DN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)	48	VLCD	Power Supply +18.0V
23	R1DP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)	49	VLCD	Power Supply +18.0V
24	R1EN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)	50	VLCD	Power Supply +18.0V
25	R1EP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)	51	VLCD	Power Supply +18.0V
26	Reserved	No connection or GND	-	-	-

- Notes :
1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
 2. All V_{LCD} (power input) pins should be connected together.
 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.
 4. Specific pins(pin No. #2~#5) are used for internal data process of the LCD module.
If not used, these pins are no connection.
 5. Specific pin No. #44 is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface.
It should be GND for NSB(No Signal Black) during the system interface signal is not.
If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP(Auto Generation Pattern).

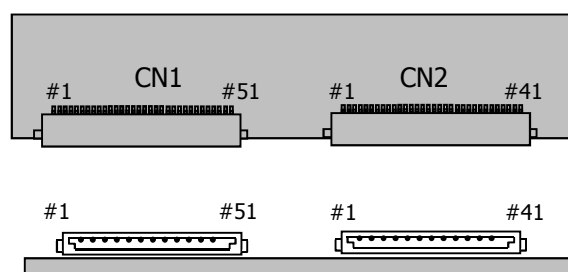
Product Specification

- LCD Connector(CN2): IS050-C41B-C39-A(manufactured by UJU) or FI-RE41S-HF(manufactured by JAE) or compatible. Refer to below table.
- Mating Connector : FI-RE41HL or compatible.

Table 4-2. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN2) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	NC	No connection(Reserved)	22	R3EN	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)
2	NC	No connection	23	R3EP	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)
3	NC	No connection	24	GND	Ground
4	NC	No connection	25	GND	Ground
5	NC	No connection	26	R4AN	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)
6	NC	No connection	27	R4AP	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)
7	NC	No connection	28	R4BN	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)
8	NC	No connection	29	R4BP	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)
9	GND	Ground	30	R4CN	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)
10	R3AN	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)	31	R4CP	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)
11	R3AP	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)	32	GND	Ground
12	R3BN	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)	33	R4CLKN	FORTH LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)
13	R3BP	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)	34	R4CLKP	FORTH LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)
14	R3CN	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)	35	GND	Ground
15	R3CP	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)	36	R4DN	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)
16	GND	Ground	37	R4DP	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)
17	R3CLKN	THIRD LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	38	R4EN	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (E-)
18	R3CLKP	THIRD LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	39	R4EP	FORTH LVDS Receiver Signal (E+)
19	GND	Ground	40	GND	Ground
20	R3DN	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)	41	GND	Ground
21	R3DP	THIRD LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)	-		

Notes : 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.



Rear view of LCM

[CN1]

- Part/No. : IS050-C51B-C39-A(UJU)
- Mating connector : FI-RE51HL
(Manufactured by JAE)

[CN2]

- Part/No. : IS050-C41B-C39-A(UJU)
- Mating connector : FI-RE41HL
(Manufactured by JAE)

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3-2-2. Inverter Connector for Backlight

The inverter connector is S14B-PH-SM3(manufactured by JST) or equivalent
The pin configuration for the 14 pin connector is shown in the table below.

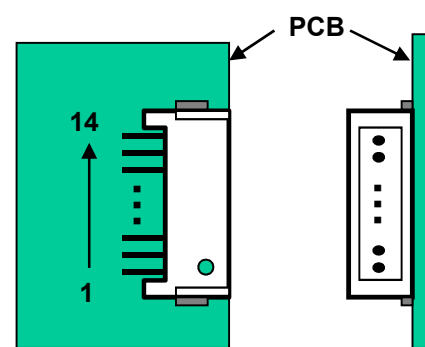
Table 5. 14Pin Connector Pin Configuration (Inverter Connector)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Notes
1	V_{BL}	Power Supply, +24V	
2	V_{BL}	Power Supply, +24V	
3	V_{BL}	Power Supply, +24V	
4	V_{BL}	Power Supply, +24V	
5	V_{BL}	Power Supply, +24V	
6	GND	Power Ground	
7	GND	Power Ground	
8	GND	Power Ground	
9	GND	Power Ground	
10	GND	Power Ground	
11	NC	NC	
12	V_{ON}	BL on/off control signal	- ON : 2.0V~5.0V - OFF : 0.0~0.8V
13	V_{BR}	Analog dimming control signal	- DC Value - Max3.3V/Min0.0V
14	V_{HDCR}	HDCR control signal	- HDCR ON : 3.3V - HDCR OFF : 0.0V

Note : HDCR function is out of guarantee range.

1. Connector

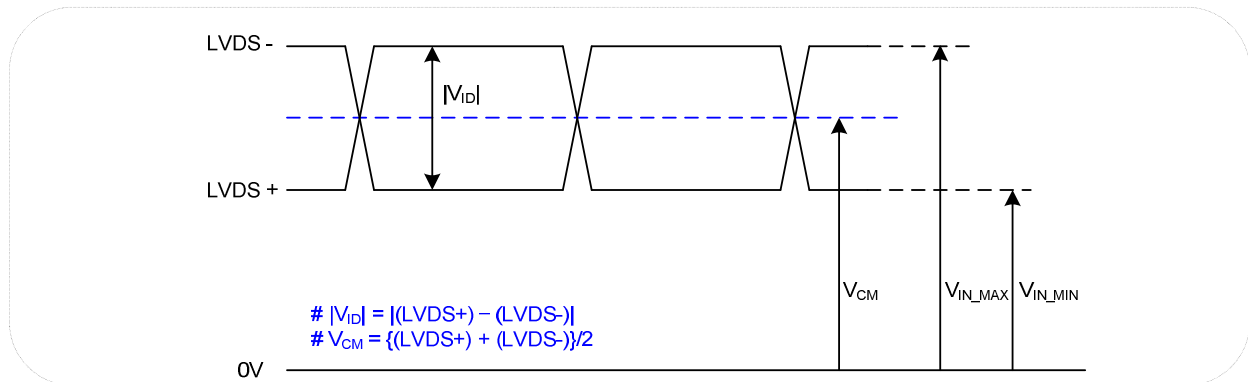
- 1) Connector(Receptacle) : S14B-PHA-SM3 (JST) or equivalent
- 2) Mating Connector(Plug) : PHR14 or its equivalent

**Rear view of LCM**

Product Specification

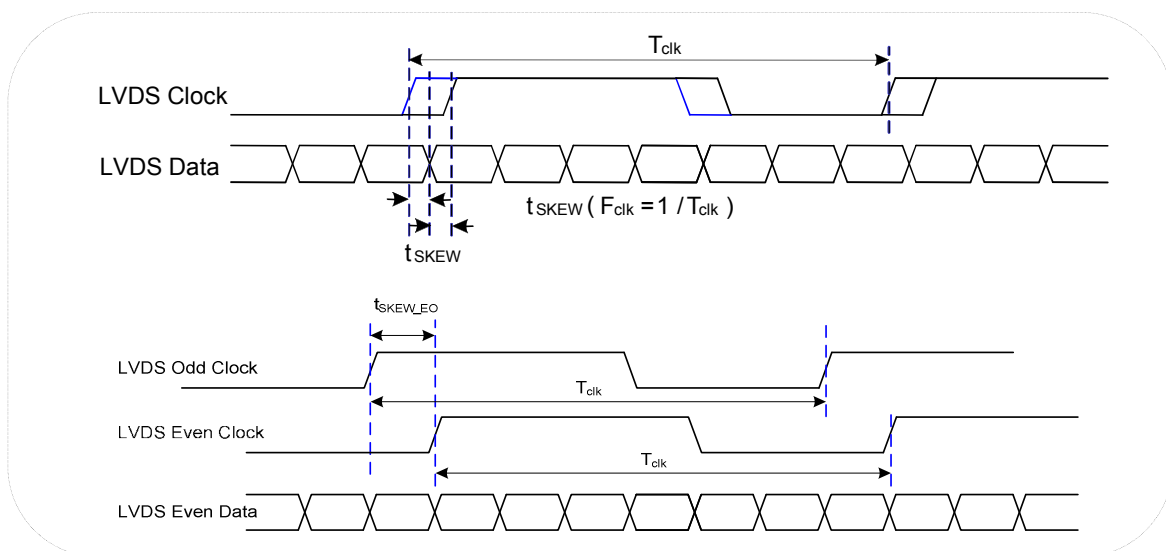
3-3. LVDS characteristics

3-3-1. DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	$ V_{ID} $	200	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V_{CM}	1.0	1.5	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V_{IN}	0.7	1.8	V	-
Change in common mode Voltage	ΔV_{CM}	-	250	mV	-

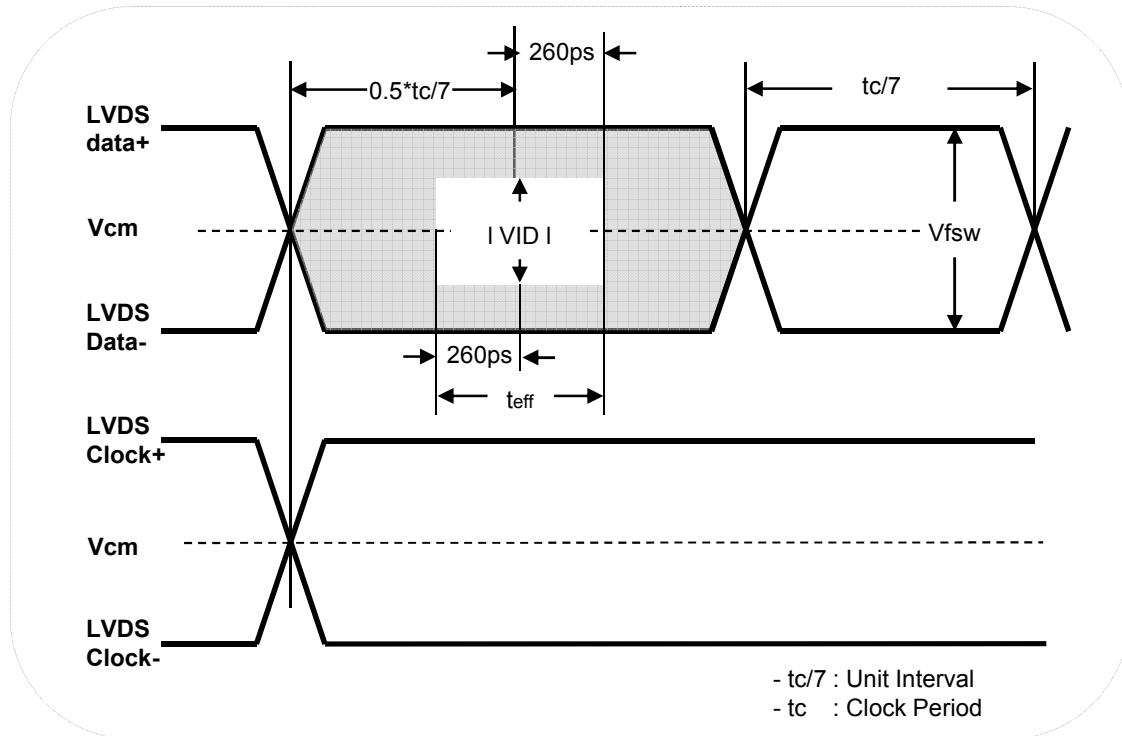
3-3-2. AC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t_{SKEW}	$-(0.25 \cdot t_{CLK})/7$	$+(0.25 \cdot t_{CLK})/7$	ps	
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin	t_{SKEW_EO}	$-1/7$	$+1/7$	T_{clk}	-
Effective time of LVDS	t_{eff}	520		ps	-

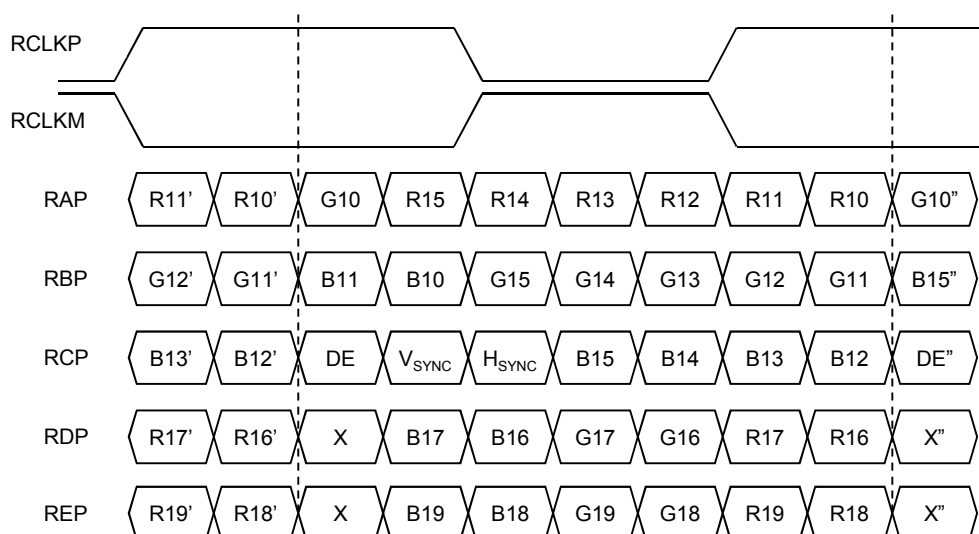
Product Specification

- LVDS Effective Period



3-3-3. LVDS Data format

■ 10Bit Data-Mapping (VESA format)



Product Specification

3-4. Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the TMDS Transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

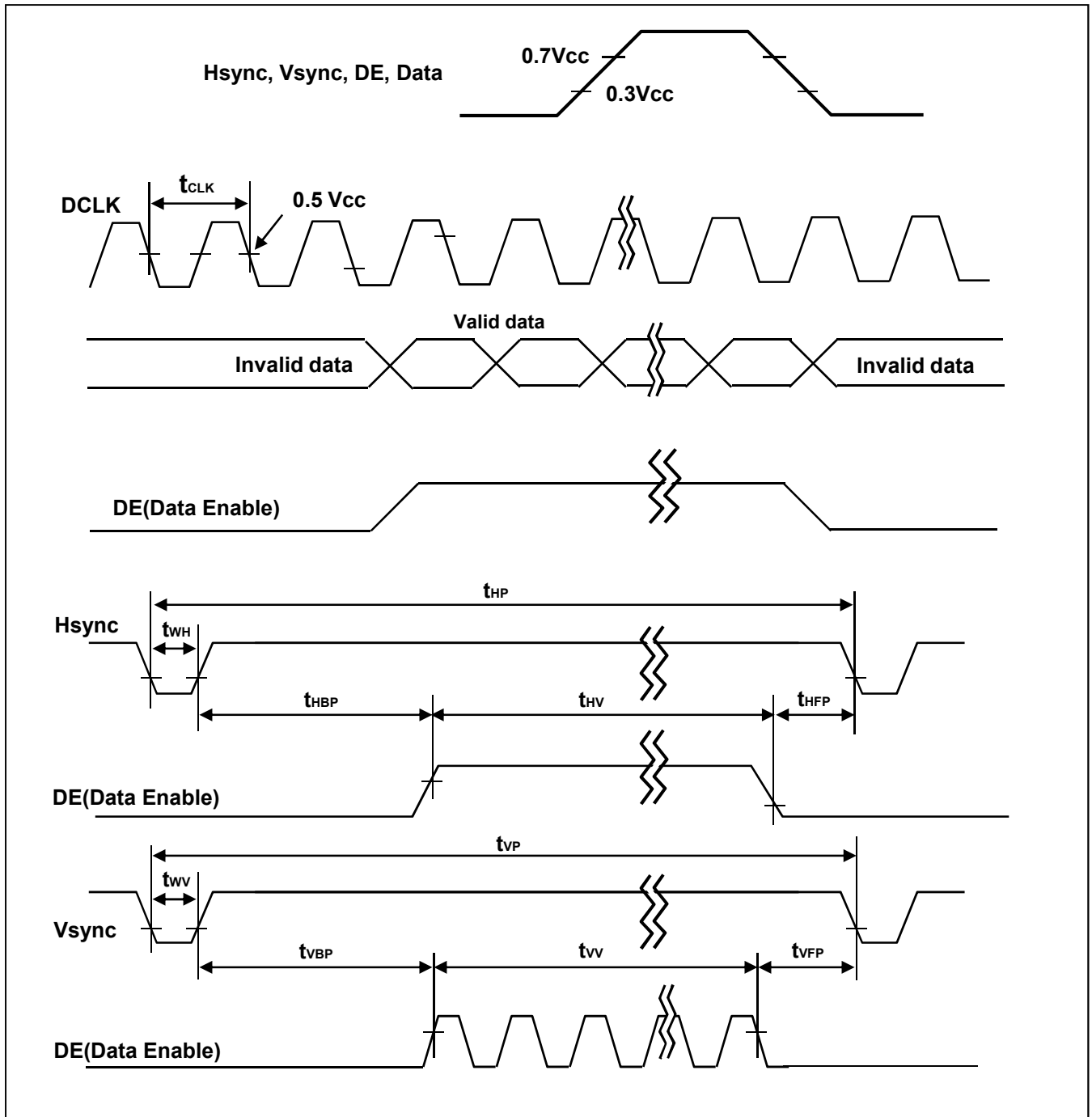
Table 6. TIMING TABLE (Resolution : 2560x1600)

ITEM		SYMBOL	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
DCLK	Period	t_{CLK}	14.8	14.8	14.8	ns	Pixel Frequency : Typ 268.5MHz
	Frequency	f_{CLK}	67.125	67.125	67.125	MHz	
Hsync	Width-Total	t_{HT}	680	680	680	t_{CLK}	
	Period	t_{HP}	10.13	10.13	10.13	us	
	Frequency	f_H	98.71	98.71	98.71	KHz	
	Width	t_{WH}	8	8	8	t_{CLK}	
Vsync	Width-Total	t_{VT}	1646	1646	1646	t_{HP}	
	Period	t_{VP}	16.68	16.68	16.68		
	Frequency	f_V	59.97	59.97	59.97	Hz	
	Width	t_{WV}	6	6	6	t_{HP}	
Data Enable	Horizontal Valid	t_{HV}	2560	2560	2560	t_{CLK}	
	Horizontal Back Porch	t_{HBP}	80	80	80		
	Horizontal Front Porch	t_{HFP}	48	48	48		
	Horizontal Blank	-	160	160	160		$t_{WH} + t_{HBP} + t_{HFP}$
	Vertical Valid	t_{VV}	1600	1600	1600	t_{HP}	
	Vertical Back Porch	t_{VBP}	38	38	38		
	Vertical Front Porch	t_{VFP}	2	2	2		
	Vertical Blank	-	46	46	46		$t_{WV} + t_{VBP} + t_{VFP}$

Note: Hsync period and Hsync width-active should be even number times of t_{CLK} . If the value is odd number times of t_{CLK} , display control signal can be asynchronous. In order to operate this LCM a Hsync, Vsyn, and DE(data enable) signals should be used.

1. : The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.
2. Vsync and Hsync should be keep the above specification.
3. Hsync Period, Hsync Width, and Horizontal Back Porch should be any times of of character number(8).
4. The polarity of Hsync, Vsync is not restricted.

3-5. Signal Timing Waveforms



Product Specification

3-6. Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Color		Input Color Data																													
		RED										GREEN										BLUE									
		MSB					LSB					MSB					LSB					MSB				LSB					
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B9	B8	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RED	RED (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	...	...										...										...									
	RED (1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	...	...										...										...									
	GREEN (1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	...	...										...										...									
	BLUE (1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
	BLUE (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Product Specification

3-7. Power Sequence for Panel

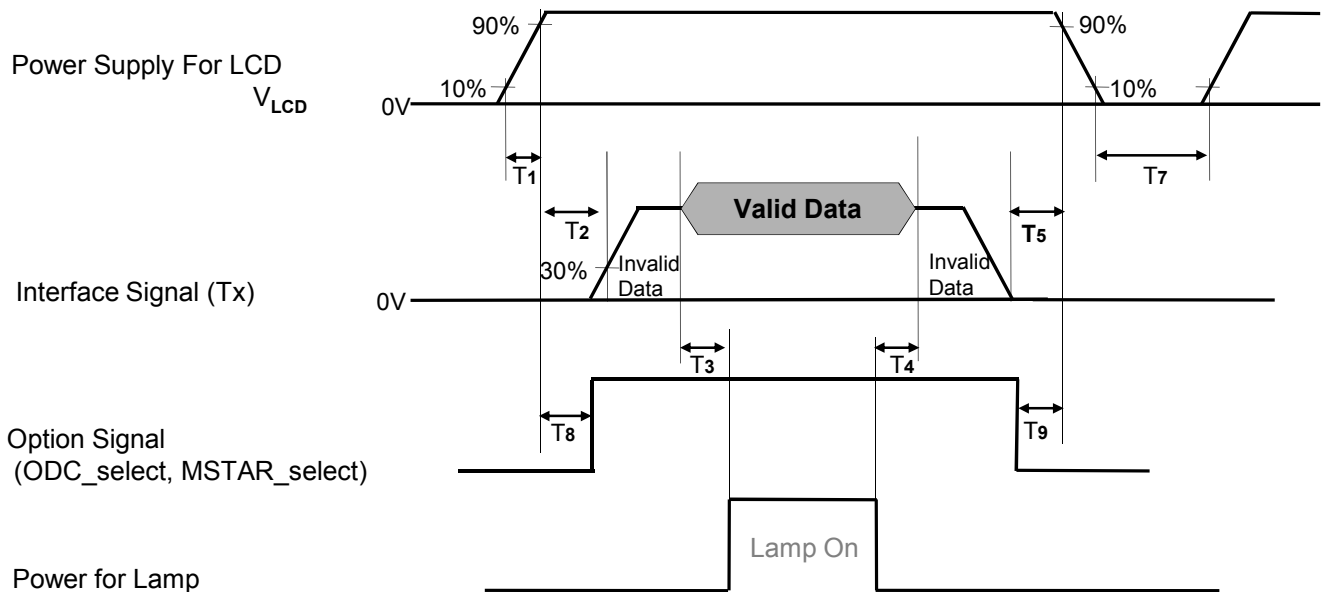


Table 6. Power sequence

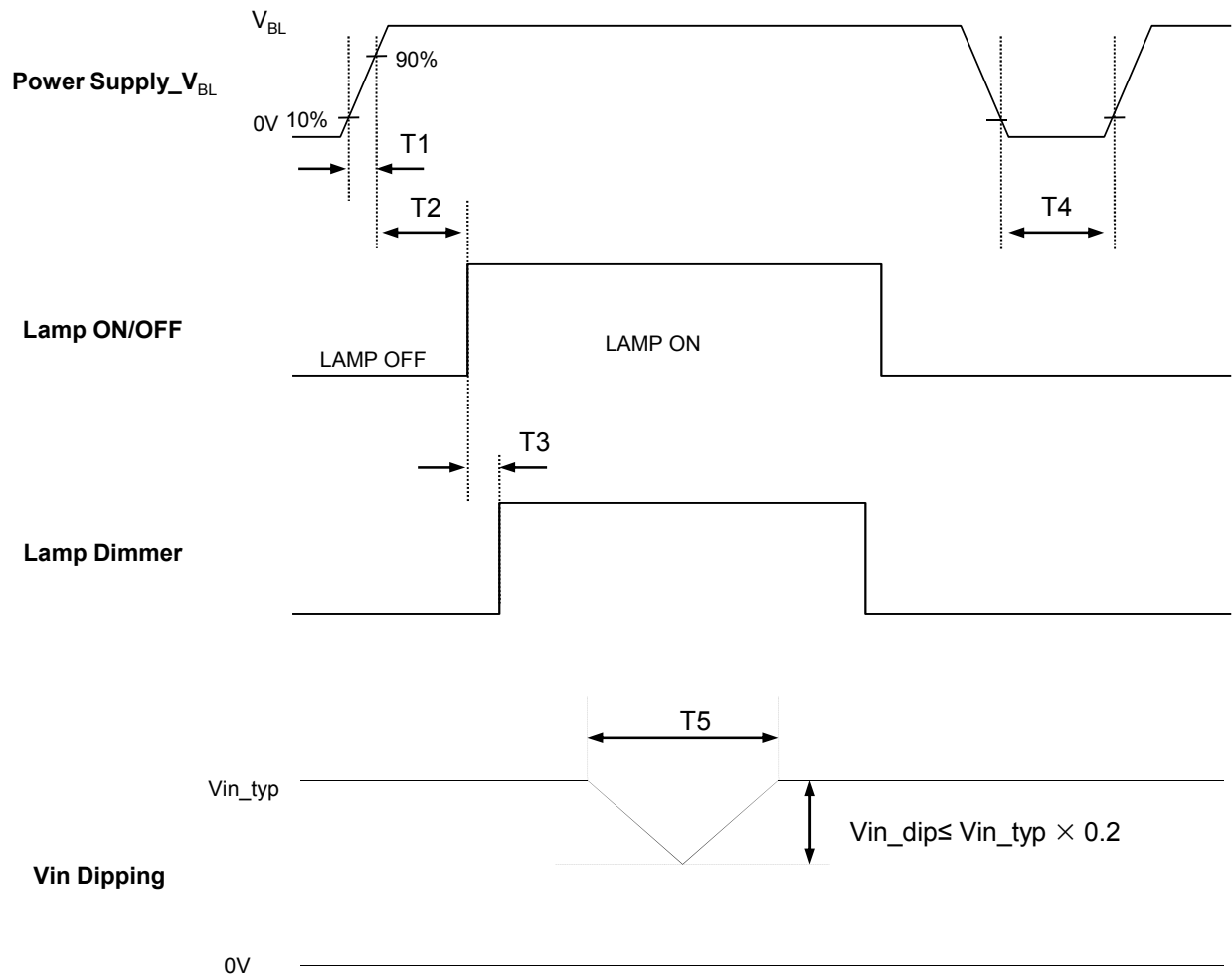
Parameter	Values			Units
	Min	Typ	Max	
T1	0.5	-	10	ms
T2	0.5	-	50	ms
T3	500	-	-	ms
T4	200	-	-	ms
T5	0.01	-	50	ms
T7	1	-	-	s
T8	0.5	-	T2	ms
T9	0	-	-	ms

Notes :

1. Please V_{LCD} power on only after connecting interface cable to LCD.
2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD V_{LCD} to 0V.
4. Lamp power must be turn on after power supply for LCD an interface signal are valid.
5. If the on time of signals (Interface signal and Option signals) precedes the on time of Power(V_{LCD}), it will be happened abnormal display.

Product Specification

3-8. Power Sequence for Inverter


Table 9. Power Sequence

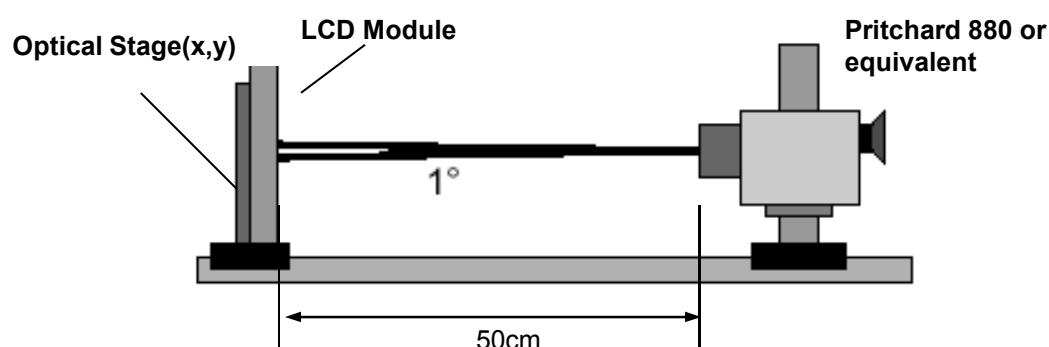
Parameter	Values			Units	Notes
	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
T1	10	-	-	ms	
T2	200	-	-	ms	
T3	-	-	50	ms	
T4	500	-	-	ms	
T5	-	-	10	ms	

Product Specification

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are measured at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0°.

Figure. 5 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



[Figure 5] Optical characteristic measurement equipment and method

Table 12. Optical characteristics (Ta=25±2°C, V_{LCD}=18V, f_V=60Hz, CLK=134.25MHz, I_{OUT}=5.5mA)

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
			Min	Typ	Max		
Contrast Ratio		CR	(700)	1000			1
Surface Luminance, white		L _{WH}	(300)	370		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation		δ _{WHITE}	75	-	-	%	3
Luminance Uniformity (angular dependant)			-	-	1.7	TCO '99	
Response Time	Rise Time	Tr _R	-	6	12	ms	4
	Decay Time	Tr _D	-	6	12	ms	4
	Gray To Gray	T _{GTG_AVR}	-	7	-	ms	5
		T _{GTG_MAX}	-	17	-	ms	5
Color Coordinates [CIE1931]	RED	R _x	Typ -0.03	0.678	Typ +0.03		
		R _y		0.309			
	GREEN	G _x		0.210			
		G _y		0.692			
	BLUE	B _x		0.146			
		B _y		0.055			
	WHITE	W _x		0.313			
Color shift		W _y		0.329			
	Horizontal	θ _{CST_H}	-	176	-	degree	6
	Vertical	θ _{CST_V}	-	176	-		
Viewing Angle (CR>10)							
general	Horizontal	θ _H	170	178	-	degree	7
	Vertical	θ _V	170	178	-		
Effective	Horizontal	θ _{GMA_H}	-	176	-	degree	8
	Vertical	θ _{GMA_V}	-	176	-		
Gray Scale			2.0	2.2	2.4		9

Product Specification

Notes 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance with all white pixels}}{\text{Surface Luminance with all black pixels}}$$

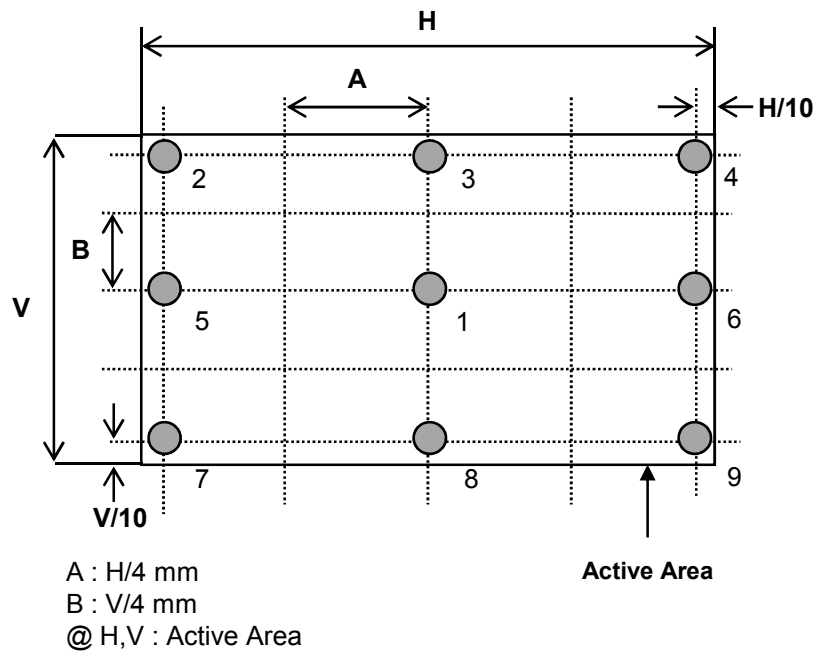
2. Surface luminance is luminance value at 5 points average across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 6.

$$L_{WH} = L_{on1}$$

3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as :

$$\delta_{WHITE} = \frac{\text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, \dots, L_{on9})}{\text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, \dots, L_{on9})} \times 100(\%)$$

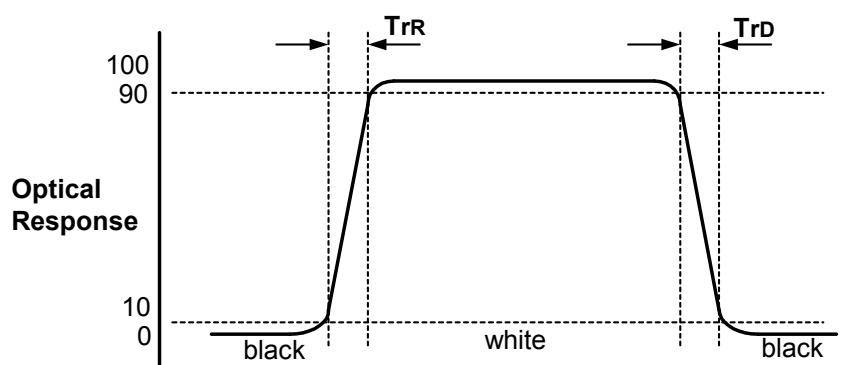
Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation



[Figure 6] Measure Point for Luminance

Product Specification

4. **The response time** is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “black” and “white”.
Response time is the time required for the display to transition from black to white (Rise Time, T_{rR}) and from white to black (Decay Time, T_{rD}).



[Figure 7] Response Time

5. **The Gray to Gray response time** is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “Gray To Gray “.
- Gray step : 5 Step
 - T_{GTG_AVR} is the total average time at rising time and falling time for “Gray To Gray “.
 - T_{GTG_MAX} is the max time at rising time or falling time for “Gray To Gray “.

Gray to Gray		Rising Time				
		G1023	G767	G511	G255	G0
Falling Time	G1023					
	G767					
	G511					
	G255					
	G0					

Product Specification

6. **Color shift** is the angle at which the color difference is lower than 0.04.

- Color difference($\Delta u'v'$)

$$u' = \frac{4x}{-2x + 12y + 3}$$

$$v' = \frac{9y}{-2x + 12y + 3}$$

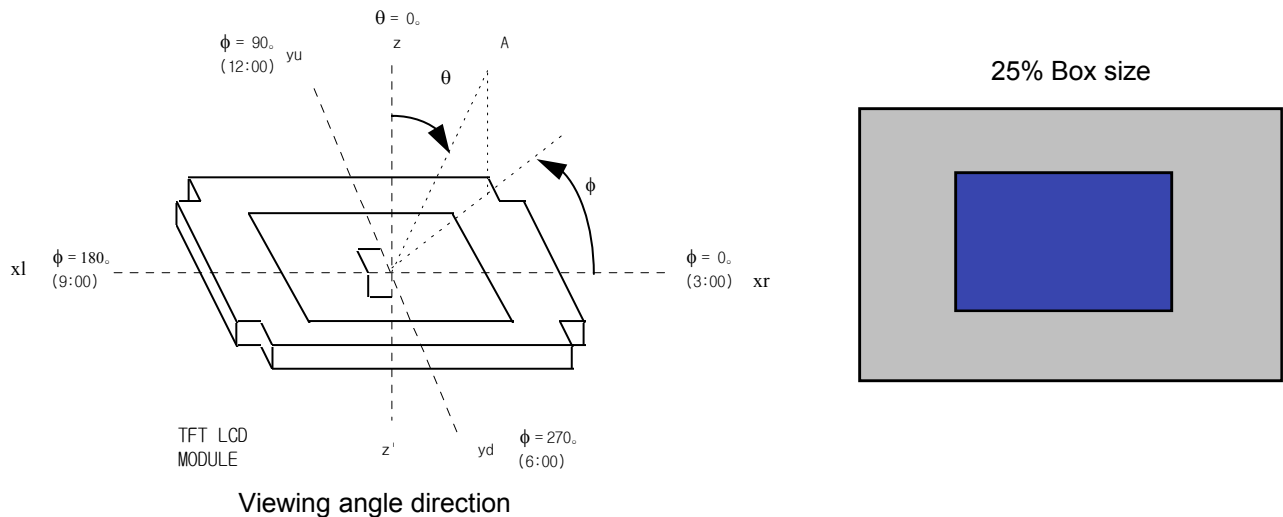
$$\Delta u'v' = \sqrt{(u'_1 - u'_2)^2 + (v'_1 - v'_2)^2}$$

u'_1, v'_1 : $u'v'$ value at viewing angle direction

u'_2, v'_2 : $u'v'$ value at front($\theta=0$)

- Pattern size : 25% Box size

- Viewing angle direction of color shift : Horizontal, Vertical



Average RGB values in Bruce RGB for Macbeth Chart

	Dark skin	Light skin	Blue sky	Foliage	Blue flower	Bluish green
R	395	827	343	311	519	459
G	227	571	451	411	475	799
B	183	495	647	187	743	715
	Orange	Purplish blue	Moderate red	Purple	Yellow green	Orange yellow
R	879	227	847	307	643	923
G	419	279	271	159	775	651
B	99	699	351	347	235	119
	Blue	Green	Red	Yellow	Magenta	cyan
R	107	291	791	967	831	143
G	131	595	111	851	251	507
B	583	263	151	147	607	691
	White	Neutral 8	Neutral 6.5	Neutral 5	Neutral 3.5	black
R	963	827	623	443	255	91
G	963	827	623	443	255	91
B	963	827	623	443	255	91

Product Specification

7. **General viewing angle** is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10.

8. **Effective viewing angle** is the angle at which the gamma shift of gray scale is lower than 0.3.

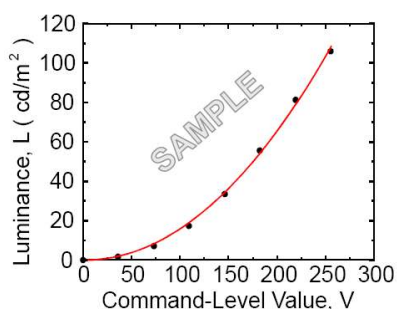


Fig. 1. Sample Luminance vs. gray scale (using a 256 bit gray scale).

$$L = aV^r + L_b$$

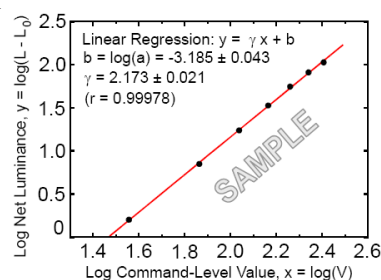


Fig. 2. Sample Log-log plot of luminance vs. gray scale.

$$\log(L - L_b) = r \log(V) + \log(a)$$

Here the Parameter α and γ relate the signal level V to the luminance L .

The GAMMA we calculate from the log-log representation

9. Gray scale specification

Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information see Table 11.

Table 11. Gray Scale Specification

Gray Level	Relative Luminance [%] (Typ.)
0	0.3
127	1.2
255	4.68
383	11.7
511	21.2
639	35.2
767	53.0
895	75.4
1023	100

Product Specification

5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

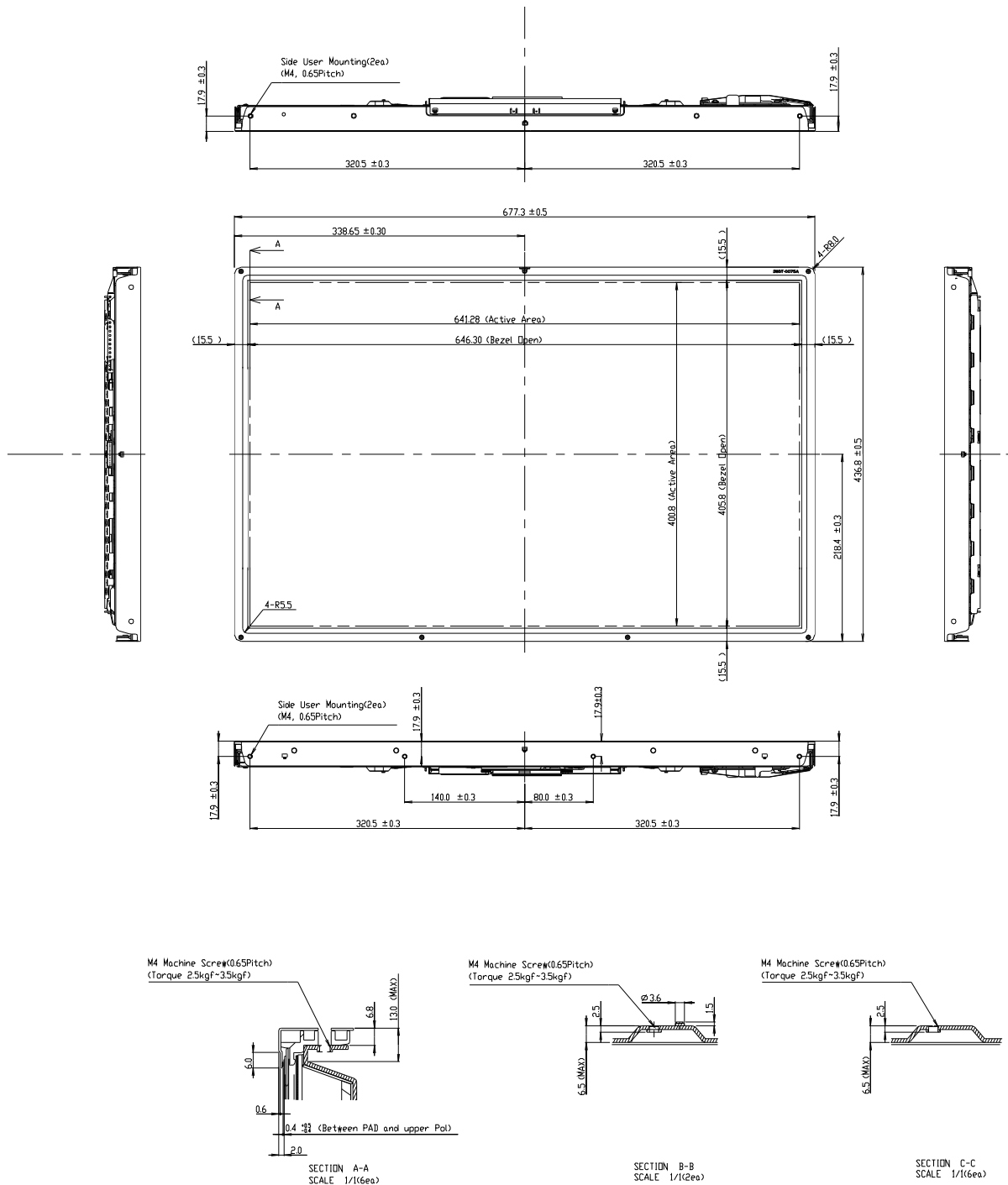
Table 12. Mechanical characteristics

Outline Dimension	Horizontal	677.30 mm
	Vertical	436.80 mm
	Depth	42.30 mm
Bezel Area	Horizontal	646.30 mm
	Vertical	405.80 mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	641.28 mm
	Vertical	400.8 mm
Weight	5100g (Typ.), 5400g (Max.)	
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare(13%) treatment of the front polarizer	

Notes : Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

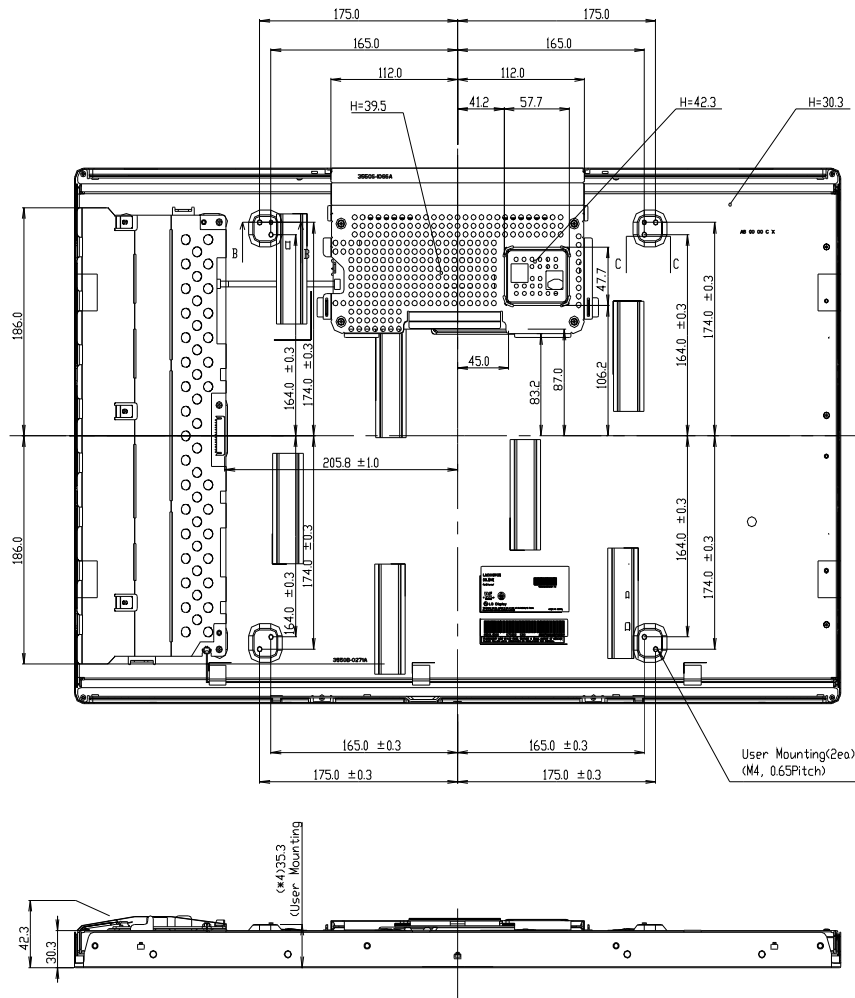
Product Specification

<FRONT VIEW>



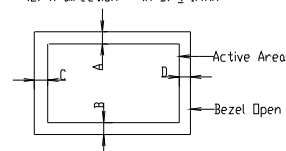
Product Specification

<REAR VIEW>



Notes

1. Unspecified tolerances are to be $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$.
2. Both backlight wires and contraction tubes are excluded from outline dimensions.
3. Tilt and partial disposition tolerance of display area are as following.
 - (1) Y-direction : $IA-BI \leq 1.4\text{mm}$
 - (2) X-direction : $IA-BI \leq 1.4\text{mm}$



4. User Connector(#1) Specification : IS050-C51B-C39-A(UJU)
5. User Connector(#2) Specification : IS050-C41B-C39-A(UJU)
6. Power Connector Specification : S14B-PHA-SM3(UJT)
7. The CDF area is weak & sensitive so please don't press the CDF area

Product Specification

6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 10 min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 100G Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction
7	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 10,000 feet(3048m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12,192m)

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC) European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R. "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)

Product Specification

8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)
E : MONTH

D : YEAR
F ~ M : SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.
This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box : 5 pcs

b) Box size : 756mm X 343mm X 515mm

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the following when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes (refer 23~24 page)
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force(ex. twisted stress) is not applied to the module.
And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer.
Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not describe because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :
 $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can not be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw (if not, it causes metal foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) When LCMs are used for public display defects such as Yogure, image sticking can not be guarantee.

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape.
When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.