SHARP	FILE No.:
	ISSUE: Oct.23. 2014
	PAGE: 23 pages
DISPLAY DEVICE BUSSINESS GROUP SHARP CORPORATION SPECIFICATION	
DEVICE SPECIFICATION TFT-LCD Mod Model No. LK800D3I	ule
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PRESENTED	
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	SHARP CORPORATION SPECIFICATION DEVICE SPECIFICATION TFT LCD Mod Model No. LK800D31

RECORDS OF REVISION

MODEL No. : LK800D3LA98

SPEC No. : LD-T140011

SPEC No.	DATE	REVISED No.	PAGE	SUMMARY	NOTE
LD-T140011	2014.10.23	-	-	-	1 st ISSUE

1. Application

This device specification applies to the color 80.0" TFT-LCD Module LK800D3LA98.

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* Do not use the device for equipment that requires an extreme level of reliability, such as aerospace applications, telecommunication equipment (trunk lines), nuclear power control equipment and medical or other equipment for life support.

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* Contact and consult with a SHARP sales representative for any questions about this device.

2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (<u>Thin Film Transistor</u>). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit, LED driver circuit and back light system etc. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a $1920 \times RGB \times 1080$ dots panel with one billion colors by using LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) to interface, +12V of DC supply voltages.

This module does not include the DC driver circuit to drive the LED.

And in order to improve the response time of LCD, this module applies the Over Shoot driving (O/S driving) technology for the control circuit .In the O/S driving technology, signals are being applied to the Liquid Crystal according to a pre-fixed process as an image signal of the present frame when a difference is found between image signal of the previous frame and that of the current frame after comparing them.

With this technology, image signals can be set so that liquid crystal response completes within one frame. As a result, motion blur reduces and clearer display performance can be realized.

This LCD module also adopts Double Frame Rate driving method.

With combination of these technologies, motion blur can be reduced and clearer display performance can be realized.

LD-T140011-2

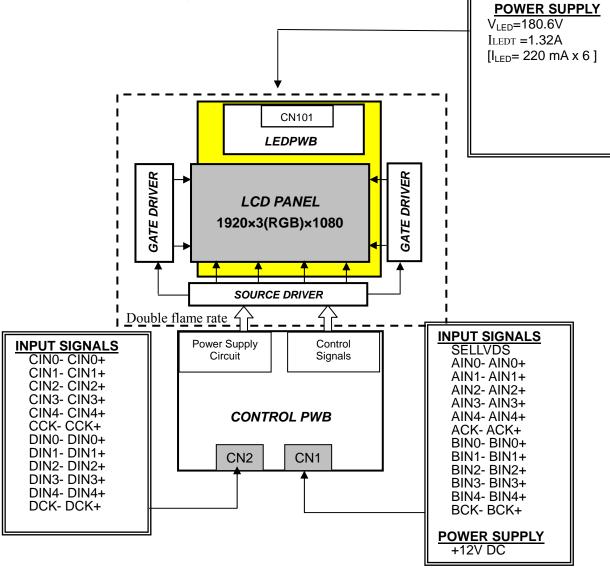
3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	203.218 (Diagonal)	cm
Display size	80.0 (Diagonal)	inch
Active area	1771.200 (H) x 996.300 (V)	mm
Pixel Format	1920 (H) x 1080 (V)	nival
Fixer Format	(1 pixel = R + G + B dot)	pixel
Pixel pitch	0.9225 (H) x 0.9225 (V)	mm
Pixel configuration	R, G, B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally black	
Open Cell Outline Dimensions	1820.2(H) x 1045.3(V) x 26(D)	mm
Mass	34.0 ± 1.0	kg
Surface treatment	Low-Haze Anti glare	
Surface treatment	Hard coating: 2H and more	

(*1) Outline dimensions are shown in p.22 (excluding protruding portion)

4. Input Terminals

4.1. Interface and block diagram



4.2. LED power Interface

CN101 (LED power supply) Using connector: A2010H00-15P-SHP (JWT) Mating connector: A2010WR0-15P-3W-5e-3.2-W1 (JWT)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function		
1	NC	Non-connection		
2	ANODE1	LED1 Anode terminal		
3	CATHODE1	LED1 Cathode		
4	ANODE2	LED2 Anode terminal		
5	CATHODE2	LED2 Cathode terminal		
6	ANODE3	LED3 Anode terminal		
7	CATHODE3	LED3 Cathode terminal		
8	NC	Non-connection		
9	9 ANODE4 LED4 Anode terminal			
10	CATHODE4	LED4 Cathode terminal		
11	ANODE5	LED5 Anode terminal		
12	CATHODE5	LED5 Cathode terminal		
13	ANODE6	LED6 Anode terminal		
14	CATHODE6	LED6 Cathode terminal		
15	NC	Non-connection		

4.3. TFT panel driving

CN1 (Interface signals and +12V DC power supply)

Using connector : 91213-0510Y (ACES)

Mating connector : 912 Mating LVDS transmitter

: 91214-05130 (ACES) $\,$, FI-RE51HL/ FI-RE51CL $\,$ (JAE) $\,$

: THC63LVD1023 or equivalent device

	/DS transmitter		D 1
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	GND		D 11 LID: (2 237) [N1 + 2]
$\frac{2}{3}$	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)]	Pull UP: (3.3V) [Note3] Pull UP: (3.3V) [Note3]
4	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	Pull UP. (3.3V) [Note5]
5	Reserved Reserved	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN) It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	
6			
	Reserved SELLVDS	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	
7		Select LVDS data order [Note4]	Pull down: (GND) [Note2]
8	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	
9	Reserved	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	
10 11	Reserved GND	It is required to set non-connection(OPEN)	
11	AIN0-	Aport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
12	AIN0- AIN0+	Aport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
14	AIN1-	Aport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
15	AIN1+	Aport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
16	AIN2-	Aport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
17	AIN2+	Aport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
18	GND		
19	ACK-	Aport LVDS Clock signal(-)	
20	ACK+	Aport LVDS Clock signal(+)	
21	GND		
22	AIN3-	Aport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
23	AIN3+	Aport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
24	AIN4-	Aport (-)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
25	AIN4+	Aport (+)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
26	GND		
27	GND		
28	BIN0-	Bport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
29	BIN0+	Bport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
30	BIN1-	Bport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
31	BIN1+	Bport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
32	BIN2-	Bport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
33	BIN2+	Bport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
34	GND		
35	BCK-	Bport LVDS Clock signal(-)	
36	BCK+	Bport LVDS Clock signal(+)	
37	GND	Bport Dy DS Clock Signal(*)	
38	BIN3-	Bport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
39	BIN3- BIN3+	Bport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
40	BIN3+ BIN4-	Bport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
40	BIN4- BIN4+	Bport (-)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
41	GND	Bport (*)Ex DS C114 uniciential data input	
42			
	GND		
44	GND		
45	GND		
46	GND		
47	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
48	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
49	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
50	VCC	+12V Power Supply	
51	VCC	+12V Power Supply	

CN2 (Interface signals)

ignals)		
12114151		

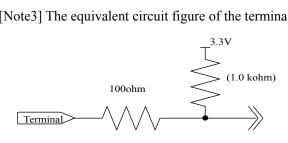
Using c	onnector	: 91213-0410Y (ACES)	
Mating	connector	: 91214-04130 (ACES) , FI-RNE41HL/FI-I	RNE41C(JAE)
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark
1	Reserved (VCC)	(+12V Power Supply)	
2	Reserved (VCC)	(+12V Power Supply)	
3	Reserved (VCC)	(+12V Power Supply)	
4	Reserved (VCC)	(+12V Power Supply)	
5	Reserved	Non-Conection(OPEN)	
6	Reserved	Non-Conection(OPEN)	
7	Reserved	Non-Conection(OPEN)	
8	Reserved	Non-Conection(OPEN)	
9	GND		
10	CIN0-	Cport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
11	CIN0+	Cport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
12	CIN1-	Cport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
13	CIN1+	Cport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
14	CIN2-	Cport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
15	CIN2+	Cport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
16	GND		
17	CCK-	Cport LVDS Clock signal(-)	
18	CCK+	Cport LVDS Clock signal(+)	
19	GND		
20	CIN3-	Cport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
21	CIN3+	Cport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
22	CIN4-	Cport (-)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
23	CIN4+	Cport (+)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
24	GND		
25	GND		
26	DIN0-	Dport (-)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
27	DIN0+	Dport (+)LVDS CH0 differential data input	
28	DIN1-	Dport (-)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
29	DIN1+	Dport (+)LVDS CH1 differential data input	
30	DIN2-	Dport (-)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
31	DIN2+	Dport (+)LVDS CH2 differential data input	
32	GND		
33	DCK-	Dport LVDS Clock signal(-)	
34	DCK+	Dport LVDS Clock signal(+)	
35	GND		
36	DIN3-	Dport (-)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
37	DIN3+	Dport (+)LVDS CH3 differential data input	
38	DIN4-	Dport (-)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
39	DIN4+	Dport (+)LVDS CH4 differential data input	
40	GND	1 () · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
41	GND		
		L	

[Note1] GND of a liquid crystal panel drive part has connected with a module chassis.

[Note2] The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal.

Note2] The equival Terminal

[Note3] The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal.



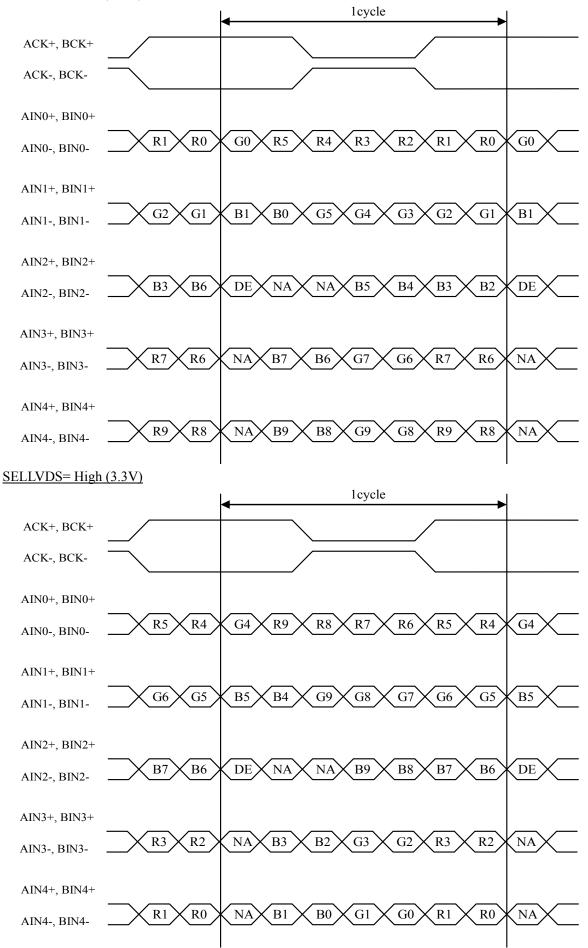
[Note4] LVDS Data order

SELLVDS								
Data	L(GND) or OPEN	H(3.3V)						
	[VESA]	[JEIDA]						
TA0	R0(LSB)	R4						
TA1	R1	R5						
TA2	R2	R6						
TA3	R3	R7						
TA4	R4	R8						
TA5	R5	R9(MSB)						
TA6	G0(LSB)	G4						
TB0	Gl	G5						
TB1	G2	G6						
TB2	G3	G7						
TB3	G4	G8						
TB4	G5	G9(MSB)						
TB5	B0(LSB)	B4						
TB6	B1	B5						
TC0	B2	B6						
TC1	B3	B7						
TC2	B4	B8						
TC3	B5	B9(MSB)						
TC4	NA	NA						
TC5	NA	NA						
TC6	DE(*)	DE(*)						
TD0	R6	R2						
TD1	R7	R3						
TD2	G6	G2						
TD3	G7	G3						
TD4	B6	B2						
TD5	B7	B3						
TD6	N/A	N/A						
TE0	R8	R0(LSB)						
TE1	R9(MSB)	R1						
TE2	G8	G0(LSB)						
TE3	G9(MSB)	G1						
TE4	B8	B0(LSB)						
TE5	B9(MSB)	B1						
TE6	N/A	N/A						

NA: Not Available

(*)Since the display position is prescribed by the rise of DE (Display Enable) signal, please do not fix DE signal during operation at "High".

SELLVDS= Low (GND) or OPEN



DE: Display Enable, NA: Not Available (Fixed Low)

5 Installation and Display direction

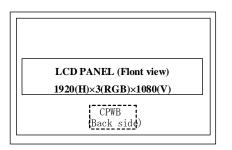
This module can be installed by both installation direction "landscape" and "portrait" as follows.

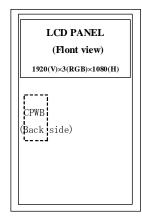
[Landscape direction]

[Portrait direction]

In front view, CPWB is located BOTTOM

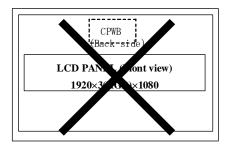
In front view, CPWB is located Left-side

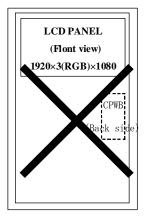




[Note] Other installation direction

Since in case of the other installation direction the characteristic and reliability cannot be guaranteed, **NOT recommended.**



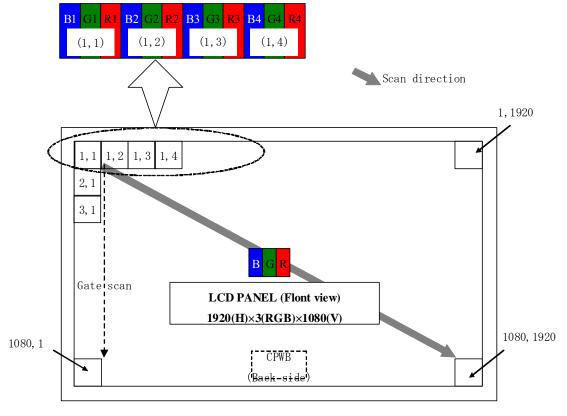


5.2 Display direction

Each subpixel R, G, B is aligned as follows.

[Landscape direction]

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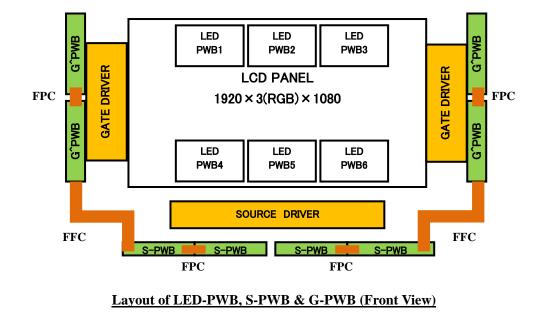


LCD subpixel alignment in Landscape installaion

[Note] PWB layout

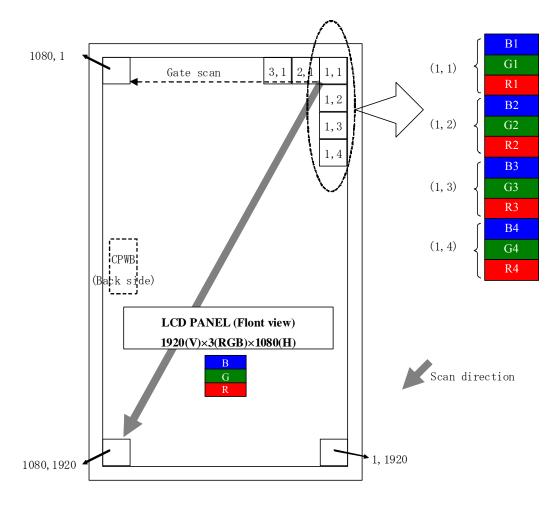
In Landscape installation,

Four S-PWBs and three LED-PWBs are layout at the bottom side of the screen.



[Portrait direction]

LD-T140011-10



LCD subpixel alignment in Portrait installaion

6. Absolute Maximum Ratings

		-			
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input voltage (for C-PWB)	VI	Ta=25°C	-0.3 ~ 3.6	V	[Note 1]
12V supply voltage (for C-PWB)	VCC	Ta=25°C	0~+14	V	
Reverse voltage for LED-PWB	V _{LED}	Ta=25 °C	200	V	
Forward Current for LED-PWB	I _{LED}	Ta=25 °C	260	mA	[Note 3]
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	-25 ~ +60	°C	
Operation temperature (Ambient)	Тора	-	0~+50	°C	[Note 2]
	Parameter Input voltage (for C-PWB) 12V supply voltage (for C-PWB) Reverse voltage for LED-PWB Forward Current for LED-PWB Storage temperature Operation temperature	ParameterSymbolInput voltage (for C-PWB)VI12V supply voltage (for C-PWB)VCCReverse voltage for LED-PWBV LEDForward Current for LED-PWBI LEDStorage temperatureTstgOperation temperatureTona	ParameterSymbolConditionInput voltage (for C-PWB)VITa=25°C12V supply voltage (for C-PWB)VCCTa=25°CReverse voltage for LED-PWBVLEDTa=25 °CForward Current for LED-PWBILEDTa=25 °CStorage temperatureTstg-Operation temperatureTopa-	ParameterSymbolConditionRatingsInput voltage (for C-PWB) V_I $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ $-0.3 \sim 3.6$ 12V supply voltage (for C-PWB)VCC $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ $0 \sim + 14$ Reverse voltage for LED-PWB V_{LED} $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ 200 Forward Current for LED-PWB I_{LED} $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ 260 Storage temperatureTstg- $-25 \sim +60$ Operation temperatureTora $Q \approx \pm 50$	ParameterSymbolConditionRatingsUnitInput voltage (for C-PWB) V_1 $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ $-0.3 \sim 3.6$ V 12V supply voltage (for C-PWB)VCC $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ $0 \sim +14$ V Reverse voltage for LED-PWB V_{LED} $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ 200 V Forward Current

[Note 1] SELLVDS

[Note 2] Humidity 95%RH Max.(Ta≤40°C)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less.(Ta>40°C) No condensation.

[Note 3] Pin2,3,4,5,6,7,9,10,11,12,13,14 in CN101.

Ta=25 °C

7. Electrical Characteristics

7.1 Control circuit driving

Symbol Min. Max. Unit Remark Parameter Тур. 12 12.6 V Supply voltage Vcc 11.4 [Note 1] Icc +12V supply Current dissipation 1.0 2.5 А [Note 2] voltage t1=500us Inrush current 4.1 Α **I**_{RUSH} --[Note 6] Permissible input ripple voltage Vrp 100 mVP-P Vcc = +12.0V--Input Low voltage VIL 0 _ 1.0 V [Note 3] V Input High voltage VIH 2.3 3.3 - $V_I = 0V$ Input leak current (Low) 40 IIL1 _ _ μA [Note 4] $V_{I} = 3.3V$ Input leak current (High) IIH1 400 μA _ _ [Note 4] Differential Terminal resistor Rт 100 _ _ Ω input Input Differential voltage |VID| 200 400 600 mV [Note 5] Differential input 2.4-[Note 5] V VCM |VID|/21.2 common mode voltage |VID|/2

[Note]VCM: Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

[Note1]

Input voltage sequences Dip conditions for supply voltage a) V2 \leq Vcc < V1 50us. < t1 < 20ms20ms < t2 < 5std < 10ms20ms < t3 < 5sb) Vcc < V20 < t4 < 1sThis case is based on input voltage sequences. 0 < t5 < 1s(1sec) < t6-1(1sec) < t6-20 < t7-10 < t7-21s < t8Vcc 0.9Vcc 0.9Vcc V1=10.8V 0 1Vcc 0.1Vcc Vcc V2=9 1V 0N t1 Data1 td ÓN t3 1t4 Data2 t6-2 t7-2 ON t6-1 -1 Back light:VON OFF

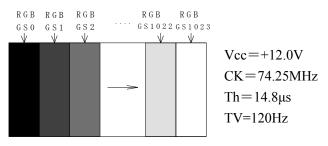
 Data1: ACK±, AIN0±, AIN1±, AIN2±, AIN3±, AIN4±, BCK±, BIN0±, BIN1±, BIN2±, BIN3±, BIN4± CCK±, CIN0±, CIN1±, CIN2±, CIN3±, CIN4±, DCK±, DIN0±, DIN1±, DIN2±, DIN3±, DIN4±
*V_{CM} voltage pursues the sequence mentioned above

✗ Data2: SELLVDS

[Note]About the relation between data input and back light lighting, please base on the above-mentioned input sequence. When back light is switched on before panel operation or after a panel operation stop, it may not display normally. But this phenomenon is not based on change of an incoming signal, and does not give damage to a liquid crystal display.

[Note 2] Typical current situation: 1024 gray-bar patterns. (Vcc = +12.0V)

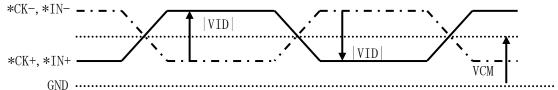
The explanation of RGB gray scale is seen in section 8.



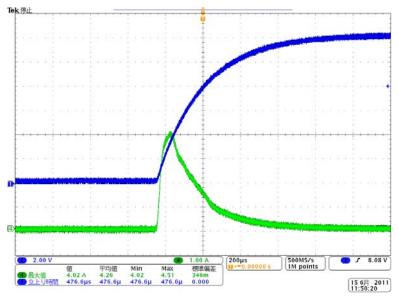
[Note 3] SELLVDS

[Note 4] SELLVDS

[Note 5] ACK±, AIN0±, AIN1±, AIN2±, AIN3±, AIN4±, BCK±, BIN0±, BIN1±, BIN2±, BIN3±, BIN4± CCK±, CIN0±, CIN1±, CIN2±, CIN3±, CIN4±, DCK±, DIN0±, DIN1±, DIN2±, DIN3±, DIN4±



[Note 6] Vcc12V inrush current waveform



7.2. LED driving

Та	=2	5°	С

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
LED operating voltage	VLED	168.7	180.6	192.5	V	$I_{LED} = 220 \text{ mA} \text{ [Note]}$
LED Current	Iled	-	220	-	mA	per LED PWB
Total LED current	Iledt	-	1.32	-	А	total LED PWB (6pcs)

[Note] VLED is a voltage difference between the anode and cathode of each LED PWB.

 $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$, Measurement after 100ms has passed since power is supplied.

7.3 LED lifetime

LED light system is side-edge type. The characteristics of the LED are shown in the following table. The value mentioned below is at the case of one LED.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Life time	T _{LED}	-	50,000	-	Hour	[Note]

[Note]

LED life time is defined as the time when brightness becomes 50% of the original value in the continuous operation under the condition of Ta = 25° C

[Operation condition]

- ambient temperature Ta= 25° C

- $I_{LED} = 260 \text{mA} \text{ per LED-PWB}.$

8. Timing characteristics of input signals

8.1 Timing characteristics

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2.

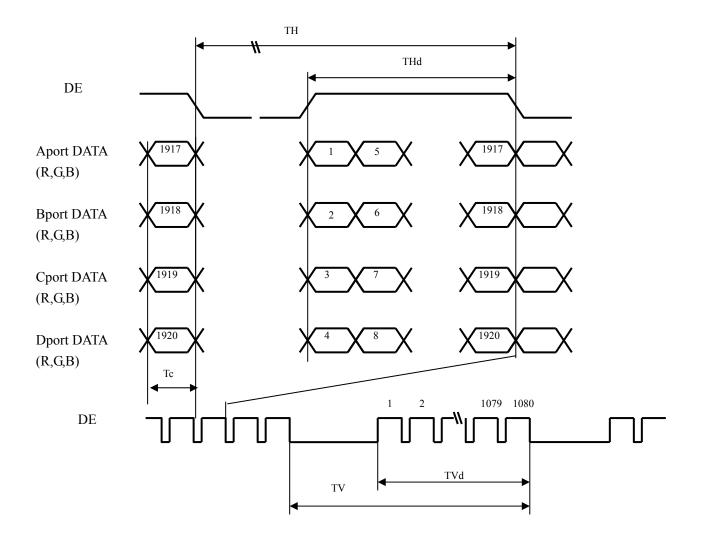
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	55	74.25	80	MHz	
	Horizontal period	TH	515	550	825	clock	
	monzontai period	111	6.94	7.41	11.1	μs	
Data enable	Horizontal period (High)	THd	480	480	480	clock	
signal	Vertical period	TV	1120	1125	1400	line	
	vertical period	1 V	73.052	120	120.64	Hz	
	Vertical period (High)	TVd	1080	1080	1080	line	

[Note]-When vertical period is very long, flicker and etc. may occur.

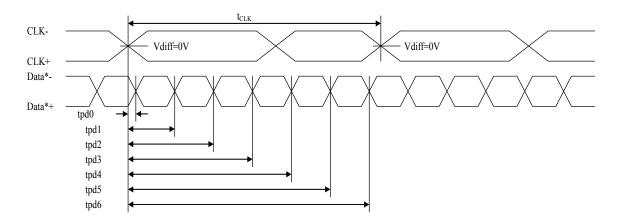
-Please turn off the module after it shows the black screen.

-Please make sure that length of vertical period should become of an integral multiple of horizontal length of period. Otherwise, the screen may not display properly.

-As for your final setting of driving timing, we will conduct operation check test at our side, please inform your final setting.



8.2 LVDS signal characteristics



Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
LVDS Cl	ock Period	TCLK	13.16	13.47	14.93	ns
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 0	tpd0	-0.25	0	0.25	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 1	tpd1	1*t _{CLK} /7-0.25	1*t _{CLK} /7	$1 * t_{CLK} / 7 + 0.25$	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 2	tpd2	2*t _{CLK} /7-0.25	2*t _{CLK} /7	$2*t_{CLK}/7+0.25$	
Data position	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 3	tpd3	3*t _{CLK} /7-0.25	3*t _{CLK} /7	$3*t_{CLK}/7+0.25$	ns
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 4	tpd4	4*t _{CLK} /7-0.25	4*t _{CLK} /7	$4*t_{CLK}/7+0.25$	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 5	tpd5	5*t _{CLK} /7-0.25	5*t _{CLK} /7	$5*t_{CLK}/7+0.25$	
	Delay time, CLK rising edge to serial bit position 6	tpd6	$6 * t_{CLK} 7 - 0.25$	6*t _{CLK} /7	$6*t_{CLK}/7+0.25$	

0.1	• •	0 1					-		•							D	ata s	sign	al													
Colo	rs & Gray	y Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	G8	G9	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	B9
	Black	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
or	Green	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Col	Cyan	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Color	Red	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\mathbf{Ba}	Magenta	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_0_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
pa		GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Red	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	_0_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ule o		↓			-													,														
Sca		↓																,									1	,				
ray	Brighter	GS1021	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9		GS1022		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS1023	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_0_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
een		GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_0_	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Green	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_0_	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le oi		Ļ						,										,										·		•		
Scal		↓																,										,				
ray	Brighter	GS1021		0	0	0	0	0	0	_0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G		GS1022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_0_	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		GS1023		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
lue		GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
of B	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_0_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale (↓																										,				
Gray Scale of Blue		↓ 						-				0							0						1	•			1			
Jray	Brighter		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{0}{0}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{0}{0}$	0	0	0	0	0	1		1	1	1	1	1		<u> </u>	
	 Dl	GS1022		0	0	$\frac{0}{0}$	0	0	0	$\frac{0}{0}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{0}{0}$	0	0	$\frac{0}{0}$	0	0	0	<u> </u>	1	1	1	1	1	 1	<u> </u>	1
		GS1023		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	I	1	1	1	1	1	1

9. Input signal, basic display colors and gray scale of each color

0: Low level voltage / 1: High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 1024 gray scales from 10 bits data signals. According to the combination of total 30 bits data signals, one billion-color display can be achieved on the screen.

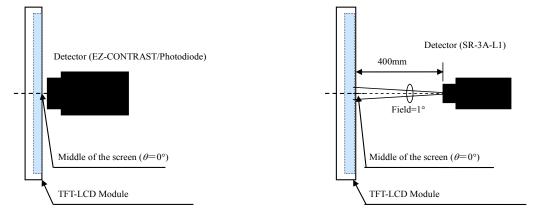
10. Optical characteristics

		Ta=25°C,	Vcc=12.V,V	LED =+24V,B	rightness	100%,Timir	ng: 60H	z (typ. value)		
Param	eter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark		
Viewing	Horizontal	<i>θ</i> 21 <i>θ</i> 22	CP > 10	70	88	-	Deg.	[Nists1 4]		
angle range	Vertical	<i>θ</i> 11 <i>θ</i> 12	CR≧10	70	88	-	Deg.	[Note1,4]		
Contrast	t ratio	CRn		4000	5000	-	-	[Note2,4]		
Respons	e time	τrd		-	4	-	ms	[Note3,4,5]		
	White	Х		Тур0.03	0.282	Typ.+0.03	-			
	white	у		Тур0.03	0.288	Typ.+0.03	-			
	Red	Х		Тур0.03	0.640	Typ.+0.03	-			
Chromaticity	Keu	у		Тур0.03	0.348	Typ.+0.03	-	[Note4]		
Chromaticity	Graan	Х	$\theta = 0 \text{ deg.}$	Тур0.03	0.300	Typ.+0.03	-			
	Green	у		Тур0.03	0.623	Typ.+0.03	-			
	Dhua	Х		Тур0.03	0.149	Typ.+0.03	-			
	Blue	у		Тур0.03	0.057	Typ.+0.03	-			
Luminance	White	YL		280	350	-	cd/m ²			
Luminance uniformity	White	δw		-	1.33			[Note6]		

- Measurement condition: Set the value of backlight control voltage to maximum luminance of white.

- The measurement shall be executed 60 minutes after lighting at rating.

[Note] The optical characteristics are measured using the following equipment.



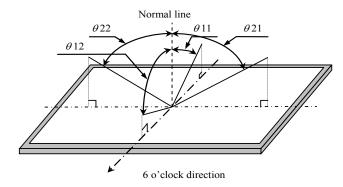
Measurement of viewing angle range and Response time.

-Viewing angle range: EZ-CONTRAST

- Response time: Photodiode

Measurement of Contrast, Luminance, Chromaticity.

[Note1] Definitions of viewing angle range:



[Note2] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

 $Contrast Ratio = \frac{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white}{Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black}$

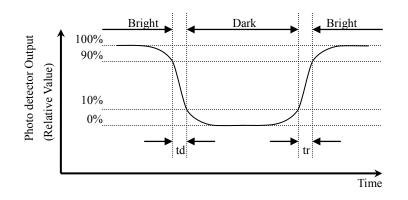
[Note3] Definition of response time

The response time (τ_{rd}) is defined as the following,

 $\tau_{rd} = \{\sum (tr : x - y) + \sum (td : x - y)\}/20$

 τ_{rd} is the average value of the switching time from five gray levels (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%) to five gray levels (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%).

		Gray level of End (y)										
		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%						
	0%		tr: 0%-25%	tr: 0%-50%	tr: 0%-75%	tr: 0%-100%						
evel t (x)	25%	td: 25%-0%		tr: 25%-50%	tr: 25%-75%	tr: 25%-100%						
Gray lev of Start (50%	td: 50%-0%	td: 50%-25%		tr: 50%-75%	tr: 50%-100%						
Jra of S	75%	td: 75%-0%	td: 75%-25%	td: 75%-50%		tr: 75%-100%						
0	100%	td: 100%-0%	td: 100%-25%	td: 100%-50%	td: 100%-75%							

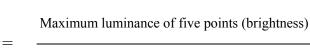


[Note4] This value shall be measured at center of the screen.

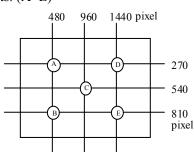
[Note5] This value is valid when O/S driving is used at typical input time value.

[Note6] Definition of white uniformity;

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements. (A~E)



Minimum luminance of five points (brightness)



$$\delta w {=}$$

11. Packing form

a) Piling number of cartons	: 2 Maximum
b) Packing quantity in one carton	: 9pcs
c) Carton size	:1982(W) ×1110(D) ×1297(H)
d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules	: 393kg

12. Carton storage condition

Temperature	0°C to 40°C
Humidity	95% RH or less
Reference condition	20°C to 35°C, 85% RH or less (summer)
	5°C to 15°C, 85% RH or less (winter)
	the total storage time (40°C, 95% RH) : 240h or less
Sunlight	Be sure to shelter a production from the direct sunlight.
Atmosphere	Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or wires must not be detected.
Notes	Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them with removing from wall.
	Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control changing temperature is within limits of natural environment.
Storage life	1 year.

13. Reliability test item

-								
No.	Test item	Condition						
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 240h						
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-25°C 240h						
3	High temperature and high humidity	Ta=40°C ; 95%RH 240h						
5	operation test	(No condensation)						
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C 240h						
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0°C 240h						
	Vibration test	Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.075mm						
6	(non-operation)	: 58~500Hz/Acceleration: 9.8 m/s ²						
0		Sweep time: 11 minutes						
		Test period: 3 hours (1h for each direction of X, Y, Z)						
		* At the following conditions, it is a thing without incorrect						
		operation and destruction.						
		(1)Non-operation: Contact electric discharge ±10kV						
7	ESD	Non-contact electric discharge ±20kV						
		(2)Operation Contact electric discharge $\pm 8kV$						
		Non-contact electric discharge ±15kV						
		Conditions: 150pF, 330ohm						

[Result evaluation criteria]

Under the display quality test condition with normal operation state, there shall be no change, which may affect practical display function.

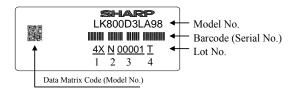
14. Others

14.1 Serial Label

The label that displays SHARP, product model (LK800D3LA98), a product number is stuck on the back of the module.

a) Overview

This label is stuck on the backlight chassis.



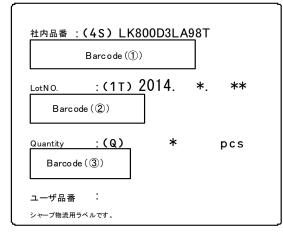
b) How to express Lot No.

Model No.	1	2	3	4					
LK800D3LA98	4X	Ν	00001	Т					
				J					
				Suffix Code					
				T or J					
			Serial No.						
		Factory Cod	le						
		N NŠEC							
	Production Year & Month								

14.2 Packing Label

This label is stuck on the each packing box.

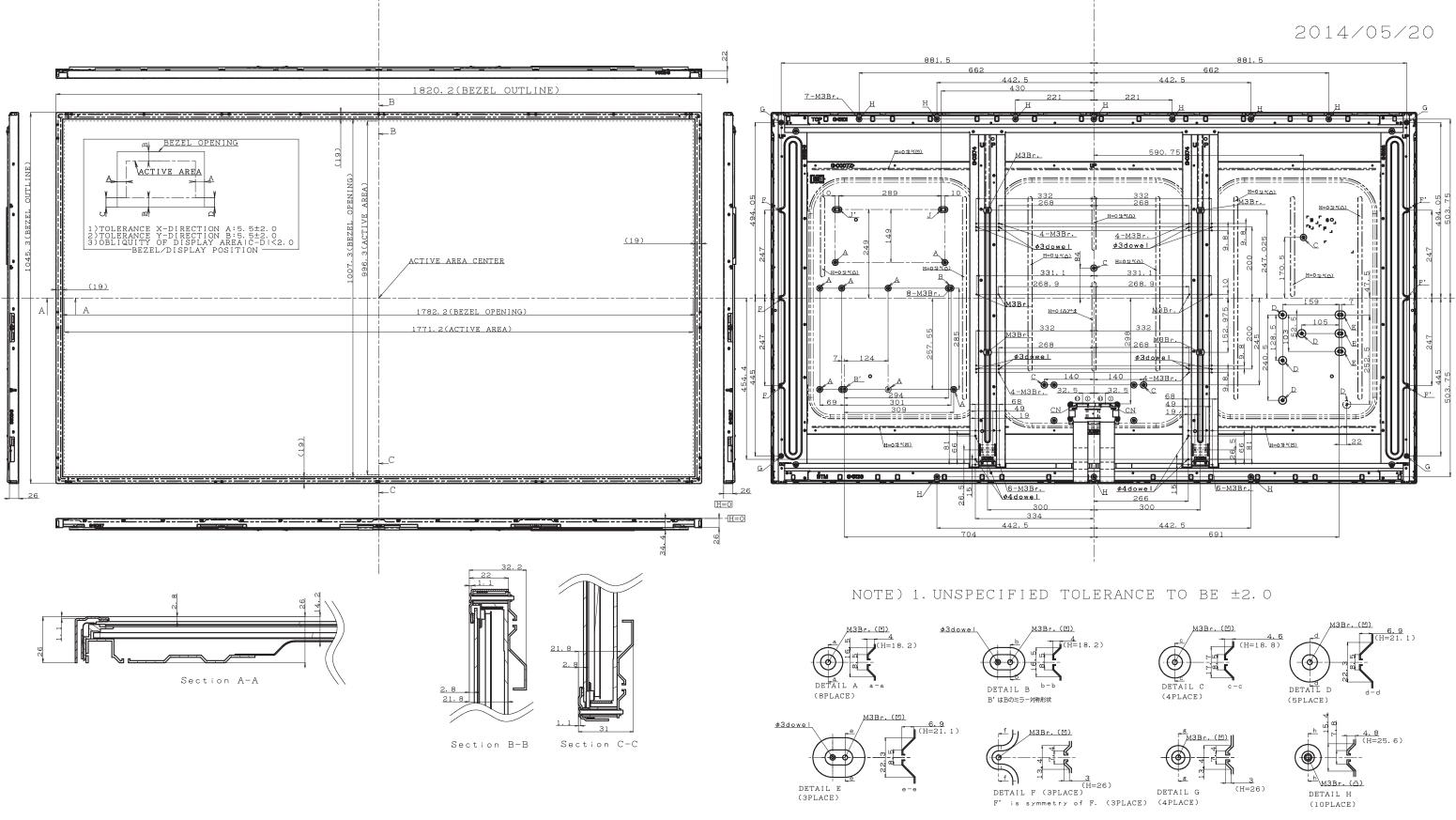
ex) LK800D3LA98

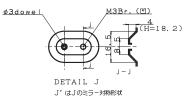


- ① Model No.& Suffix Code
- Lot No.
- ③ Quantity

15. Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- d) Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- h) The module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side, take care to keep them form any stress or pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- i) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- j) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc. So, please avoid such design.
- k) When giving a touch to the panel at power on supply, it may cause some kinds of degradation. In that case, once turn off the power supply, and turn on after several seconds again, and that is disappear.
- When handling LCD module and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- m) This LCD module is designed to prevent dust from entering into it. However, there would be a possibility to have a bad effect on display performance in case of having dust inside of LCD module. Therefore, please ensure to design your TV set to keep dust away around LCD module.
- n) This LCD module passes over the rust.
- o) Adjusting Vcom has been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- p) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- q) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.
- r) The chemical compound, which causes the destruction of ozone layer, is not being used.
- s) In any case, please do not resolve this LCD module.
- t) This module is corresponded to RoHS.
- u) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.





TFT-LCD MODULE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

LD-T140011-22

