CMOS LSI



LC89170M

CD Player Text Data IC

Preliminary

Overview

The LC89170M is an IC that decodes the text data, such as song names, stored in subcode channels R to W of a compact disk's read-in area.

Features

- Accepts the channel R to W subcode data through a subcode interface.
- Can continuously output the channel R to W data for each 1PACK24 symbol.
- Performs error detection (cyclic redundancy code) and outputs both the data and the result of that check.
- Provides synchronization protection for the subcode interface.
- Supports low-voltage operation (3.3 V)
- Provided in the miniature MFP-14S package.

Package Dimensions

unit: mm

3111-MFP14S



Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25 °C, V_{SS} = 0 V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V _{DD} max		-0.3 to +7.0	V
I/O voltages	V _I V _O		-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Input current	lı lı		±10	mA
Operating temperature	Topr		-30 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-55 to +125	°C

Recommended Operating Conditions at Ta = 25 $^\circ C,\,V_{SS}$ = 0 V

Parameter	Sumbol	Conditions		Ratings			
Parameter	Symbol Conditions	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit	
Supply voltage	V _{DD}		3.0	5.0	5.5	V	
Operating temperature	Topr		-30		+70	V	

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Block Diagram



Pin Assignment



Pin Functions

Pin no.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	EXCK	I/O	Subcode interface shift clock input and output
2	SBSO	I	Subcode interface data input
3	SCOR	I	Subcode interface block synchronization input
4	WFCK	I	Subcode interface frame synchronization input
5	MCK	I	Clock input (16.9344 MHz)
6	XMODE	I	System reset and low power mode
7	GND		Ground
8	TEST	I	Test pin (Must be connected to ground in normal operation.)
9	SW1	I	EXCK I/O setting (L: clock output, H: clock input)
10	SW2	I	EXCK clock output pulse width selection (L: double speed support, H: normal speed)
11	SCLK	I	Command interface shift clock input
12	SRDT	0	Command interface data output
13	DQSY	0	Command interface readout enable output
14	V _{DD}		Power supply

DC Characteristics DC Characteristics (1) at Ta = -30 to $+70^{\circ}$ C, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Conditions		Unit		
Falameter	Symbol	Conditions		typ	max	
Input high lovel veltage	V	CMOS compatible; 1*	0.7 V _{DD}			V
Input high-level voltage	VIH	CMOS compatible Schmitt; 2*	0.8 V _{DD}			V
Input low-level voltage	V _{IL}	CMOS compatible; 1*			0.3 V _{DD}	V
input iow-iever voltage		CMOS compatible Schmitt; 2*			0.2 V _{DD}	V
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -2 mA; 3*	V _{DD} -2.1			V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OH} = 2 mA; 3*			0.4	V
Current drain		V _{DD} = 5 V, Ta = 25°C, MCK = 16.93 MHz		0.8	1.6	mA
	IDD	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ XMODE} = [L]$		60	120	μA

Note: 1. The MCK, TEST, SW1, and SW2 pins

2. The EXCK, SBSO, SCOR, WFCK, XMODE, and SCLK pins

3. The EXCK, SRDT, and DQSY pins

DC Characteristics (2) at Ta = -30 to $+70^{\circ}$ C, V_{DD} = 3.0 to 3.6 V, V_{SS} = 0 V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Unit		
Farameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Input high-level voltage	Maria	CMOS compatible; 1*	0.7 V _{DD}			V
Input high-level voltage	V_{H}	CMOS compatible Schmitt; 2*	0.75 V _{DD}			V
Input low-level voltage	V _{IL}	CMOS compatible; 1*			0.2 V _{DD}	V
Input low-level voltage		CMOS compatible Schmitt; 2*			0.15 V _{DD}	V
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -1 mA; 3*	V _{DD} -0.8			V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OH} = 1 mA; 3*			0.4	V
Current drain	I _{DD}	V _{DD} = 3.3 V, Ta = 25°C, MCK = 16.93 MHz		0.5	1.0	mA
		V _{DD} = 3.3 V, XMODE = [L]		25	50	μΑ

Note: 1. The MCK, TEST, SW1, and SW2 pins

2. The EXCK, SBSO, SCOR, WFCK, XMODE, and SCLK pins 3. The EXCK, SRDT, and DQSY pins

AC Characteristics

• The MCK pin

AC Characteristics (1) at Ta = -30 to $+70^{\circ}$ C, V_{DD} = 3.0 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V

Parameter	Symbol	ymbol Conditions -		- Unit		
Farameter	Symbol		min	typ	max	
High-level pulse width	t _{WH}		25		56	ns
Low-level pulse width	t _{WL}		25		56	ns
Pulse period	t _C		58		100	ns
Rise and fall times	t _R , t _F				12	ns



• The SCOR and WFCK pins AC Characteristics (2) at Ta = -30 to $+70^{\circ}$ C, V_{DD} = 3.0 to 5.5 V

Parameter		Symbol Conditions	Conditions		Unit		
			Conditions	min	typ	max	
Subcode block period		Т _В		6.0	13.3	14.7	ms
Subcode frame period	Subcode frame period			60	136	150	μs
Subcode block synchronization p	Subcode block synchronization pulse width			60		300	μs
Subcode frame synchronization	High-level pulse width	t _{HW}		4.0	68		μs
pulse width	Low-level pulse width	t _{LW}		1.5	68		μs



Note: The sections indicated by Can be either level.

• The EXCK and SBSO pins

AC Characteristics (3) at Ta = -30 to $+70^{\circ}$ C, V_{DD} = 3.0 to 5.5 V

Parameter		Symbol Conditions		Ratings			
Faramete		Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
	High lovel pulse width	t _{HPW}	[SW1] = [L]	0.9		6.4	μs
Synchronization clock	High-level pulse width	t _{HPW}	[SW1] = [H]	2	4	6	μs
pulse width	Low-level pulse width	t _{LPW}	[SW1] = [L]	0.9		6.4	μs
	Low-level pulse width	t _{LPW}	[SW1] = [H]	2	4	6	μs
Shift clock dolow time		t _{CD}	[SW1] = [L]	10		32	μs
Shint Clock delay time	Shift clock delay time		[SW1] = [H]	0.4			μs
Shift clock rise and fall times		t _{RX} , t _{FX}				30	μs
P data access time		t _{PAC}			3	10	μs
Data hold time		t _{HD}		0			μs



• The SCLK, SRDT, and DQSY pins

AC Characteristics (4) at Ta = -30 to $+70^{\circ}$ C, V_{DD} = 3.0 to 5.5 V

Parameter	Symbol Conditions		Unit			
Faidilielei	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	
Readout period	t _{CW}		1.5	3.3	3.7	ms
DQSY pulse width	t _W		60	136	150	μs
SCLK low-level pulse width	t _{WL}		100			ns
SCLK high-level pulse width	t _{WH}		100			ns
SCLK delay time	t _{D1}		100			ns
Data delay time	t _{D2}				50	ns
Data delay time	t _{D3}				50	ns



Functional Description

Subcode interface

The LC89170M accepts subcode data from the DSP using the EXCK, SBSO, SCOR, and WFCK pins. Figure 1 shows the timing.



Figure 1 Subcode Interface Timing

SW1 sets the input or output state for the EXCK pin. This pin is provided for cases where a subcode interface shift clock source, such as a CD-G decoder circuit, is present in the vicinity of the LC89170M. Figure 2 shows usage examples.



Figure 2 SW1 Usage Examples

The SW2 is selected according to the subcode block period, TB, input to the SCOR pin.

SW2 Selection

SW2	Function	Т _В	Unit
[L]	Supports up to double speed playback	6.65	ms
[H]	Only supports normal-speed playback	13.3	ms

The EXCK clock characteristics are determined by SW2 as listed in the table below.

EXCK Clock Selection by SW2

SW1	SW2	t _{CD}	t _{WH}	t _{WL}	Unit
r 1		12.28	1.89	1.89	μs
[L]	[L]	208T _{MCK}	32T _{MCK}	32T _{MCK}	μs
ri 1	18.90		7.56	7.56	μs
[L]	[H]	320T _{MCK}	128T _{MCK}	128T _{MCK}	μs

The upper boxes assume MCK = 16.934 MHz

The lower boxes indicate the relationship with MCK ($T_{MCK} = 1/MCK$)



• Microcontroller interface

The LC89170M includes a 32-word \times 8-bit dual-port RAM on chip, and the 1PACK 24 symbols from subcode channels R to W can be read out once every 3.3 ms (or once every 1.66 for double-speed playback) over the microcontroller interface. Figure 3 shows the timing.



Figure 3 Microcontroller Interface Output Timing

The 1PACK 24 symbols for the subcode R to W data (18 bytes) are entered into the dual-port RAM and input to the CRC checking circuit. After the data for 1 PACK has all been input, a falling edge is output from the DQSY pin and the CRC flags are output from SRDT. A high is output for the CRC flags if the check returned OK. Next, 128 bits of data are output by inputting the SCLK clock signal. A single packet of data is output by repeating this operation four times.

• Synchronizing signal interpolation and protection

Although the LC89170M receives data from the DSP over the subcode interface, it is possible that due to reasons such as defects or damage to the disk, errors may occur in the synchronization pattern (SO, SI) making the LC89170M unable to detect that synchronization pattern, or a signal that is not a synchronizing signal (SCOR) may be recognized as a synchronizing signal making the LC89170M unable to correctly read out the data. The LC89170M includes a synchronizing signal interpolation and protection circuit to handle these problems. Figure 4 describes this interpolation and protection circuit.

Although the interpolation circuit generates a synchronization signal for each packet, if the synchronizing signal is missing, it resets on the next detected synchronizing signal and once again generates a synchronizing signal for each packet. (1)

In the protection circuit, when a synchronizing signal is detected, if that synchronizing signal does not meet the stipulated period ($98 \times WFCK$) with respect to the previously detected synchronizing signal, the protection circuit has the LC89170M ignore that detected synchronizing signal. This prevents signals that are not synchronizing signals from being mistakenly recognized as synchronizing signals. (2)

The processing performed by these circuit is reflected in the CRC flags.



Figure 4 Synchronizing Signal Interpolation and Protection

At the point marked (1) in the figure, an external SCOR that differs from the interpolated was detected, and here the interpolation circuit is synchronized with this signal.

At the point marked (2) in the figure, an external SCOR that differs from the interpolated was detected, but this external SCOR will be ignored and the interpolation circuit will not be re-synchronized.

• System reset and low power mode

The XMODE pin functions to reset the system and to switch to low power mode. System operation can be started correctly by applying a high level to this pin after the power-supply voltage has risen above 4.5 V (or 3.0 V). Setting the XMODE pin low switches the LC89170M to low power mode.



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