SANYO

4-Bit Single-Chip CMOS Microcontroller for Small-Scale Control Applications

CMOS IC

LC65F1306A

Preliminary

Overview

The LC65F1306A belongs to our 4-bit single-chip microcontroller LC6500 series fabricated using CMOS process technology. They are ideally suited for use in small-scale control applications. Their basic architecture and instruction set are the same. These microcontrollers include an 8-input 8-bit A/D converter and are appropriate for use in a wide range of applications. That range includes applications with a small number of control circuits that were previously implemented in standard logic, and applications with a larger scale such as home appliances, automotive equipment, communications equipment, office equipment, and audio equipment such as decks and players. This microcontroller, with some exceptions, has identical functions to the LC651306A, 1304A, 1302A and 1301A mask ROM version microcontrollers. It can also be used as an OTP version microcontroller. Further, through a rewrite operation on the FLASH memory, the LC65F1306A can be used in applications where previously microcontrollers of this type could not have been implemented.

Features

1) CMOS technology for a low-power consumption operation (A standby function that can be invoked under program control is also provided.)

2) Flash ROM/RAM

LC65F1306A Flash ROM : $6K \times 8$ bits, RAM : 256×4 bits

- 3) Instruction set : 81 instructions common to all microcontrollers of the LC6500 series
- 4) Wide operating voltage range : 3.0 V to 5.5 V
- 5) Instruction cycle time : $0.92 \ \mu s$
- 6) On-chip serial I/O port

Any and all SANYO products described or contained herein do not have specifications that can handle applications that require extremely high levels of reliability, such as life-support systems, aircraft's control systems, or other applications whose failure can be reasonably expected to result in serious physical and/or material damage. Consult with your SANYO representative nearest you before using any SANYO products described or contained herein in such applications.

SANYO assumes no responsibility for equipment failures that result from using products at values that exceed, even momentarily, rated values (such as maximum ratings, operating condition ranges, or other parameters) listed in products specifications of any and all SANYO products described or contained herein.

SANYO Electric Co., Ltd. Semiconductor Company TOKYO OFFICE Tokyo Bldg., 1-10, 1 Chome, Ueno, Taito-ku, TOKYO, 110-8534 JAPAN

7) Flexible I/O po	xet
· •	of ports : 5 ports / 18 pins (max.)
All ports	
1	Input / output capacity voltage 15V max. (open-drain specification C and D only)
	Output current 20 mA max. sink current (Can drive an LED directly)
	option for system specification
Output le	evel in the reset mode : high/low level for port C and D specified in 4-bit unit
8) Interrupt functi	
	y timer overflow (can be tested under program control)
-	by the state of the \overline{INT} pin or completion of transmission/reception at serial I/O port (can be tested under
program c	ontrol)
9) Stack level :	8 levels (common use with interrupt)
10) Timer :	4-bit variable prescaler + 8-bit programmable counter
11) Clock oscillat	ion options for user's intended system
 Oscillato 	r circuit options : two-pin RC oscillator
	two-pin ceramic oscillator
• Divider o	circuit options : No divider
	built-in divide by 3
	built-in divide by 4
12) Continuous so	quare wave output (64 times of the cycle time)
13) AD converter	(successive approximation)
• Precise c	onversion (expressed in 8 bits), 8 input channels
14) Watchdog tin	ner
• RC circuit	t time constant
Watchdo	g timer reset function can be assigned to an external pin by the option.
15) Low voltage of	letection circuit
• Can be in	plemented by the option.
16) Factory shipn	nent
• DIP24S,	MFP24S

17) Flash Memory

- Rewrite block size : 128 bytes / page
- Erase / write voltage : 3.0 to 5.5V
- Rewritable limit : 10000 times (target number, to be decided after evaluation)
- Operating temperature : 0 to $+85^{\circ}C$ (when writing to the flash memory)

-20 to $+85^{\circ}$ C (when reading from the flash memory)

Function Table

Parameter		LC651306A/04A/02A/01A	LC65F1306A	
Memory	ROM	6144 × 8 bits (1306A) 4096 × 8 bits (1304A)	6144 × 8 bits	
		2048×8 bits (1302A)		
		1024×8 bits (1301A)		
	RAM	256×4 bits	256×4 bits	
		(1306A/04A/02A/01A)		
Instructions	Instruction set	81	81	
	Table reference	Supported	Supported	
On-chip	Interrupt	1 external, 1 internal	1 external, 1 internal	
functions	Timer	4-bit variable prescaler + 8-bit	4-bit variable prescaler + 8-bit	
		timers	timers	
	Stack level	8	8	
	Standby function	Standby mode by the HALT	Standby mode by the HALT	
		instruction supported	instruction supported	
I/O ports	Port number	18 I/O port pins	22 I/O port pins	
	Serial port	Input and output in 4 or 8 bit	Input and output in 4 or 8 bit	
		units	units	
	I/O voltage capacity	15 V max.	15 V max.	
	Output current	10 mA typ. 20 mA max.	10 mA typ. 20 mA max.	
	I/O circuit type	Open drain (N-channel) or	Open drain (N-channel)	
		pull-up resistor output option		
		can be specified in 1- bit unit.		
	Output level at reset	High or low level output can be so on	elected in port unit (ports C and D ly)	
	Square wave output	Supported	Supported	
Characteristics	Minimum cycle time	$0.92 \ \mu s \ (VDD \ge 2.5 \ V)$	$0.92 \ \mu s \ (VDD \ge 3.0 \ V)$	
	Operating	-40°C to +85°C	0° C to +85°C (when writing)	
	temperature		-20°C to +85°C (when reading)	
	Supply voltage	2.5 to 6 V	3.0 to 5.5 V	
	Supply current	1.5 mA typ.	3 mA typ.	
Oscillator	Oscillator	RC (800 kHz typ.)	RC (800 kHz typ.)	
		Ceramic (400k, 800k,1MHz,	Ceramic (400k, 800k,1MHz,	
		4MHz)	4MHz)	
	Divider circuit option	1/1, 1/3, 1/4	1/1, 1/3, 1/4	
Other items	Package	DIP24S MFP24S SSOP24	DIP24S MFP24S	
	Watchdog timer	Supported	Supported	
	OTP	Only DIP24S MFP24S	-	

Note: The above oscillator and oscillator circuit constants are tentative. They will be announced as the recommended circuits for these microcontrollers are determined. Please confirm the progress of these developments periodically.

Pin Assignment

DIP24S, MFP24S



Pin function names used when writing data to on-chip Flash ROM with the PROM writer

Pin Functions

$\frac{OSC}{RES}$:	Ceramic Oscillator for OSC, RC Reset	TEST AD0-AD7	:	Test AD converter analog input
PA0-3 PC0-3 PD0-3	: : :	Common I/O port A0-3 Common I/O port C0-3 Common I/O port D0-3	SQR WDR INT	: : :	Square wave output Watch Dog Reset pin Interrupt Request pin
PE0-1 PF0-3	:	Common I/O port E0-1 Common I/O port F0-3	SI SO SCK	: : :	Serial Input pin Serial Output pin Serial Clock input/output pin

Notes: • SQR and WDR are common with PE0 and PE1 respectively.

• SI, SO, $\overline{\text{SCK}}$, and $\overline{\text{INT}}$ are common with PF0 to PF3 respectively.

Package Dimension

(unit : mm) 3067A



SANYO : DIP24S(300mil)

Package Dimension

(unit : mm) 3112A



SANYO : MFP24S(300mil)

System Block Diagram

LC65F1306A



RAM	:	Data Memory	FLASH ROM	:	Program Memory
F	:	Flag	PC	:	Program Counter
WR	:	Working Register	INT	:	Interrupt control
AC	:	Accumulator	IR	:	Instruction Register
ALU	:	Arithmetic and Logic Unit	I.DEC	:	Instruction Decoder
DP	:	Data Pointer	CF, CSF	:	Carry Flag, Carry Save Flag
E	:	E register	ZF, ZSF	:	Zero Flag, Zero Save Flag
CTL	:	Control register	EXTF	:	External Interrupt Request Flag
OSC	:	Oscillation Circuit	TMF	:	Internal Interrupt Request Flag
TM	:	Timer			
STS	:	Status register			

Development Support

The following are currently in the development stage and will soon be available to the user for the development of the LC65F1306A.

1. User's manual

Refer to the "LC65F1306A/LC651300 series user's manual."

- 2. Development tool manual
- Refer to the "EVA86000 Development Tool Manual for 4-bit microcontrollers."
- Software manual "LC65/66 Series Software Manual"
- 4. Development tool

a. For program development (EVA86000 system)

b. For program evaluation

Microcontroller with Flash ROM (LC65F1306)

Pin Functions

Symbol	Number of pins	I/O	Function	Option	At reset	Handling when unused
VDD VSS	1 1	-	Power supply	-	-	-
OSC1 OSC2	1	Input Output	 Pins for connecting system clock oscillation RC or ceramic resonator. Leave OSC2 open when OSC1 is used for an external clock input 	 Two-pin RC oscillator, external clock Two-pin ceramic oscillator Divider option 	-	-
			used for an external clock input	1. No divider 2. Divide by 3 3. Divide by 4		
PA0-PA3/ AD0-AD3	4	ΙΟ	 I/O port A0 to A3 Input in 4-bit unit (IP instruction) Output in 4-bit unit (OP instruction) Testing in 1-bit unit (BP, BNP instructions) Set and reset in 1-bit unit (SPB, RPB instructions) PA3 is used for standby mode control. Chattering should not be occurred on the PA3 during HALT instruction execution. All four pins have shared function. PA0/AD0:AD converter input AD0 PA1/AD1:AD converter input AD1 PA2/AD2:AD converter input AD2 PA3/AD3: converter input AD3 	Open-drain output only	High-level output (The output N-channel transistors in the off state.)	Select the open-drain output option and connect to VSS.
PC0-PC3	4	I/O	 •I/O port C0 to C3 The port functions are identical to those of PA0 to PA3 (See note). • The output during a reset can be selected to be either high or low as an option. Note: This port has no standby mode control function. 	 Open-drain output only (1) High level output during reset. (2) Low level output during reset. (1) and (2) are specified 4 bits at a time 	 High-level output. Low-level output. (Depending on options selected) 	Same as PA0 to PA3.
PD0-PD3	4	I/O	•I/O port D0 to D3 The port functions and options are identical to those of PC0 to PC3.	Same as PC0 to PC3.	Same as PC0 to PC3.	Same as PA0 to PA3.

Symbol	Number of pins	I/O	Function	Option	At reset	Handling when unused
PE0-PE1 /WDR	2	I/O	 I/O port E0 to E1 Input in 4-bit unit (IP instruction) Output in 4-bit unit (OP instruction) Set and reset in 1-bit unit (SPB and PRB instructions) Testing in 1-bit unit (BP and BNP instructions) PE0 also has a continuous pulse (64 Tcyc) output function. PE1 becomes the watchdog reset pin WDR when selected as an option. 	Open -drain output only (1) Normal port PE1 (2) Watchdog reset WDR • Either options (1) or (2) can be selected.	High level output (The output N-channel transistors in the off state)	Identical to those for PA0 to PA3.
PF0/SI/A D4 PF1/SO/ AD5 PF2/ SCK /AD6 PF3/ INT /AD7	4	VO	 I/O port F0 to F3 The port functions and options are identical to those of PE0 to PE1 (See note). PF0 to PF3 have shared functions with the serial interface pins and the INT input. The function can be selected under program control. SL Serial input pin SOSerial output pin SCKInput and output of the serial clock signal. INTInterrupt request signal The serial I/O function can be switched between 4-bit and 8-bit transfers under program control. Note: There is no continuous pulse output function. All four pins have shared function. PF0/AD4: AD converter input AD4 PF1/AD5: AD converter input AD6 PF3/AD7: AD converter input AD7 Output AD7 Description: Output AD7 Description: Descripting: Description	PA3.	Identical to those for PA0 to PA3. The serial port functions are disabled. The interrupt source is set to INT.	Identical to those for PA0 to PA3.
RES	1	Input	 System reset input Provide an external capacitor for the power-on reset. Apply low level to this pin for 4 or more clock cycles to reset and restart the program. 	-	-	-
TEST	1	Input	• Test pin for LSI. This pin must be connected to VSS during normal operation.	-	-	This pin must be connected to VSS.

User Option

User option is selected according to the information written to the user option area on the on-chip Flash ROM.

Oscillator Circuit Options

Option	Circuit	Conditions and notes
External clock		The OSC2 pin should be left open.
Two-pin RC oscillator	Cext OSC1	
Ceramic oscillator	Ceramic Resonator 777 C2 R	

Divider Circuit Options



Note: The following table summarizes the oscillator and divider circuit options. When selecting the divider option, the relationship between frequency and cycle time must be taken into account.

LC65F1306A Oscillator Options

Circuit type	Frequency	Divider option (Cycle time)	VDD range	Notes
Ceramic resonator	400 kHz	1/1 (10µs)	3 to 5.5V	Can not be used with the divide-by-three and divide-by-four options.
	800 kHz	1/1 (5µs)	3 to 5.5V	
	1 MHz	1/1 (4µs)	3 to 5.5V	
	4 MHz	1/1 (1μs) 1/3 (3μs) 1/4 (4μs)	3 to 5.5V 3 to 5.5V 3 to 5.5V	
External clock (used with the 2-pin RC oscillator circuit)	384 k to 4330 kHz 1152 k to 4330 kHz 1536 k to 4330 kHz	1/1 (10.4 to 0.92µs) 1/3 (10.4 to 2.77µs) 1/4 (10.4 to 3.70µs)	3 to 5.5V 3 to 5.5V 3 to 5.5V	
Two-pin RC	Use the no divider circui recommended circuit cor other constants by neces and VDD range identica written above.	nstants. When using sity, use the frequency	3 to 5.5V	-
External clock used with the ceramic oscillator option	External clock drive is n	ot possible. To use extern	al clock drive, s	elect the 2-pin RC oscillator option.

Port C and D Output level Option During Reset

The Output level of the C and D ports at reset can be selected from the following two options in 4-bit unit.

Option	Conditions and notes
High level output at reset	Ports C and D in 4-bit unit
Low level output at reset	Ports C and D in 4-bit unit

Port Output Type

The I/O port type is open-drain output.



Watchdog Reset Option

This option allows the user to select how the PE1/WDR pin is to be used. It can be used as the normal port PE1, or used as the watchdog reset pin WDR.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Applicable pins and notes	Ratings	unit
Maximum supply voltage	VDD max		VDD	-0.3 to +6.5	V
Output voltage	VO		OSC2	Output voltage generated can be over the maximum limit of the VDD.	
Input voltage	VI (1)		OSC1 (Note 1)	-0.3 to VDD+0.3	
	VI (2)		TEST, $\overline{\text{RES}}$ AV ₊ , AV ₋	-0.3 to VDD+0.3	
I/O voltage	VIO (1)	PC0 to 3, PD0 to 3	Open-drain specification ports	-0.3 to +15	
	VIO (2)	PC0 to 3, PD0 to 3	Pull-up resistor specification ports	-0.3 to VDD+0.3	
	VIO (3)	PA0 to 3, PE0, 1, PF0 to 3		-0.3 to VDD+0.3	
Peak output current	IOP		I/O Port	-2 to +20	mA
Average output current	IOA	Average current applied to a pin for 100 ms	I/O Port	-2 to +20	
*	Σ IOA(1)	The total current of PC0 to 3, PD0 to 3 and PE0 to 1. (Note 2)	PC0 to 3 PD0 to 3 PE0 to 1	-15 to +100	
	$\Sigma IOA(2)$	The total current of PF0 to 3 and PA0 to 3. (Note 2)	PF0 to 3 PA0 to 3	-15 to +100	
Maximum	Pd max (1)	Ta=-20 to +85°C (DIP package)		310	mW
power consumption	Pd max (2)	Ta=-20 to +85°C (MFP package)		220	
Operating temperature	Topr			-20 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg			-55 to +125	

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C, VSS=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Applicable pins		unit		
Farameter	Symbol	Conc	intions	and notes	min.	typ.	max.	uiiit
Operating supply voltage	VDD			VDD	3.0		5.5	v
Standby supply voltage	VST	RAM and registe (Note 3)	RAM and register values retained.		1.8		5.5	
High level input voltage	VIH(1)	Output Nch Tr. o	ff	Port C, D with open-drain specifications.	0.7VDD		13.5	
	VIH(2)	Output Nch Tr. o	ff	Port A, E, F	0.7VDD		VDD	
	VIH(3)	Output Nch Tr. o		The INT, SCK, and SI pin with open-drain specifications.	0.8VDD		VDD	
	VIH(4)		D=1.8 to 5.5 V	RES	0.8VDD		VDD	
	VIH(5)	External clock sp		OSC1	0.8VDD		VDD	
Low level	VIL(1)	Output Nch Tr. off		Port	VSS		0.3VDD	
input voltage	VIL(2)	Output Nch Tr. off		Port	VSS		0.25VDD	
	VIL(3)	Output Nch Tr. off		INT, SCK, SI	VSS		0.25VDD	
	VIL(4)	Output Nch Tr. off		INT, SCK, SI	VSS		0.2VDD	
	VIL(5)	External clock specification	VDD=4 to 5.5V	OSC1	VSS		0.25VDD	
	VIL(6)	External clock specification	3 to 5.5V	OSC1	VSS		0.2VDD	
	VIL(7)	[•]	VDD=4 to 5.5V	TEST	VSS		0.3VDD	
	VIL(8)		3 to 5.5V	TEST	VSS		0.25VDD	
	VIL(9)		VDD=4 to 5.5V	RES	VSS		0.25VDD	
	VIL(10)		3 to 5.5V	RES	VSS		0.2VDD	
Operating frequency (cycle time)	fop (Tcyc)		VDD=3 to 5.5V		384 (10.4)		4330 (0.92)	kHz (µs)
External clock conditions Frequency	text	Fig. 1	VDD=3 to 5.5V	OSC1	384		4330	kHz
Pulse width	textH, textL		VDD=3 to 5.5V	OSC1	69			ns
Rising/falling time	textR, textF	1	VDD=3 to 5.5V	OSC1			50	
Recommended oscillation constants Two-pin RC oscillator	Cext Rext	Fig. 2	VDD=3 to 5.5V	OSC1, OSC2		270±5% 5.6±1%		pF kΩ
Ceramic oscillator (Note 4)		Fig. 3				See Table		

2. Recommended Operating Range at Ta=-20 to +85°C, VSS=0V, VDD=3.0 to 5.5V (Unless otherwise specified)

3. Electrical Characteristics at Ta=-20 to +85°C, VSS=0V, VDD=3.0 to 5.5V (Unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Conditions				unit	
		5911001		and notes	min.	max.	max.	
Input High level current		IIH(1)	Output Nch Tr. OFF (including OFF leak current of Nch Tr.) VIN=+13.5V	Port C and D with the open-drain specifications			5.0	μΑ
		IIH (2)	Output Nch Tr. OFF (including OFF leak current of Nch Tr.) VIN=VDD	Port A, E and G with the open-drain specifications			1.0	
		IIH (3)	When external clock is used, VIN=VDD	OSC1			1.0	
	ut Low level rent	IIL(1)	Output Nch Tr. OFF VIN=VSS	Ports with the open-drain specifications	-1.0			
		IIL(2)	Output Nch Tr. OFF VIN=VSS	Ports with the pull-up resistor specifications	-1.3	-0.35		mA
		IIL(3)	VIN=VSS	RES	-45	-10		μA
		IIL(4)	When external clock is used, VIN=VSS	OSC1	-1.0			
	tput High level tage	VOH (1)	IOH=-50 μA VDD=4.0 to 6.0V	Ports with the pull-up resistor specifications	VDD-1.2			V
		VOH (2)	ΙΟΗ=-10 μΑ	Ports with the pull-up resistor specifications	VDD-0.5			
Output Low level voltage		VOL(1)	IOL=10 mA VDD=4.0 to 6.0 V	Port			1.5	
	-	VOL(2)	IOL=1 mA, IOL of each Port : 1 mA or less	Port			0.5	
eristics	Hysteresis Voltage	VHIS		RES, INT, SCK, SI, and schmitt specification		0.1VDD		
Schmitt characteristics	High level threshold voltage	VtH		OSC1 (Note 5)	0.4VDD		0.8VDD	
Schmit	Low level threshold voltage	VtL	-		0.2VDD		0.6VDD	
	ent consumption o-pin RC oscillator		 Output N-channel transistors are off when operating Port = VDD 	VDD		3.0	6	mA
1	o più ree oscinator	IDDOP (1)	• Fig. 2, fosc=800 kHz (typical)			5.0	0	
Cer	ramic oscillator	IDDOP (2)	• Fig. 3, 4 MHz, no divider	VDD		4.0	10	
		IDDOP (3)	• Fig. 3, 4 MHz, divide-by-three circuit	VDD		3.0	8	
		IDDOP (4)	• Fig. 3, 4 MHz, divide-by-four circuit	VDD		3.0	6	
		IDDOP (5)	• Fig. 3, 400 kHz	VDD		2.0	5	
		IDDOP (6)	• Fig. 3, 800 kHz	VDD		3.0	6	
Ext	ternal clock	IDDOP (7)	• 384 kHz to 4330 kHz, no divider	VDD		4.0	10	
		IDDOP (8)	 1152 kHz to 4330 kHz, divide-by-three circuit 1536 kHz to 4330 kHz, 	VDD		3.0	8	
	ndby mode	IDDst	divide-by-four circuit Output N-channel, VDD=6V	VDD		0.05	10	μΑ
Sta			transistor off					

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Pin		Ratings		
1 arameter		Conditions	1 m	min.	typ.	max.	unit
Oscillation characteristics Ceramic resonator	fCFOSC	• Fig. 3 fo=400kHz	OSC1,OSC2	392	400	408	kHz
Frequency	(Note 7)	 Fig. 3 fo=800kHz Fig. 3 fo=1MHz Fig. 3 fo=4MHz, with no divider, divide-by-three, or divide-by-four circuit 	OSC1,OSC2 OSC1,OSC2 OSC1,OSC2	784 980 3920	800 1000 4000	816 1020 4080	
Oscillation stabilizing time (Note 8)	tCFS	 Fig. 4 fo=400kHz Fig. 4 fo=800kHz, 1MHz, or 4MHz, with no divider, divide-by-three, or divide-by-four circuit 				10 10	ms
Two-pin RC oscillator frequency	fMOSC	 Fig. 2 Cext=270pF±5% Fig. 2 Rext=5.6kΩ±1% 	OSC1, OSC2	587	800	1298	kHz
Pull-up resistance RES	Ru	VIN=VSS VDD=5V	RES	200	500	800	kΩ
External reset characteristics							
Reset time	tRST				See Fig.5		
Pin capacitance	Ср	f=1MHz, Pins except for tested pins, VIN=VSS			10		pF
Serial clock Input clock Cycle time	tCKCY(1)	Fig. 6	SCK	2.0			μs
Output clock Cycle time	tCKCY(2)	Fig. 6	SCK		64×tCYC (Note 9)		
Input clock low level pulse width	tCKL(1)	Fig. 6	SCK	0.6			
Output clock low level pulse width	tCKL(2)	Fig. 6	SCK		32×tCYC		
Input clock high level pulse width	tCKH(1)	Fig. 6	SCK	0.6			
Output clock high level pulse width	tCKH(2)	Fig. 6	SCK		32×tCYC		
Serial input Data setup time	tICK	Specified for the rising edge of	SI	0.2			
Data hold time	tCKI	SCK Fig. 6	SI	0.2			
Serial output Output delay time	tCKO	• <u>Specified</u> for the falling edge of <u>SCK</u>	SO			0.4	
		 Select only Nch OD option, and add external 1kΩ resistor and external 50pF capacitor. Fig. 6 					

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions		Applicable		Ratings		unit
Parameter	VDD[V]			pins and notes	min.	typ.	max.	uiiit	
Pulse output Period High level pulse width Low level pulse width		tPCY tPH	 Fig.7 TCYC=4 × system clock 		PE0 PE0		64×TCYC 32×TCYC		μs
		tPL	 Select only Nch OD option, and add external 1kΩ resistor and external 50pF 		PE0		±10% 32×TCYC ±10%		
			capacitor.						
A/D converter characteristics	Resolution Absolute precision		AV.=VDD AV.=VSS	3 to 5.5			8 ±1	±2	bit LSB
	Conversion time	TCAD	When AD speed is 1/1=26*TCYC			24 (TCYC= 0.92µs)		260 (TCYC= 10μs)	μs
			When AD speed is 1/2=51*TCYC			47 (TCYC= 0.92µs)		510 (TCYC= 10μs)	
verte	Analog input voltage range	VAIN			AD0 to AD7	VSS		VDD	v
A/D con	Analog port input current	IAIN	Including the output off leakage current. VAIN=VDD VAIN=VSS		AD0 to AD7 (The shared I/O function ports have open-drain specification)	-1		1	μΑ
	Recommended constants	Cw	When PE1 is using open-drain	3 to 5.5	WDR		0.1±5%		μF
	(Note 10)	Rw	When PE1 is using open-drain		WDR		680±1%		kΩ
		R1	When PE1 is using open-drain		WDR		100±1%		Ω
I	Clear time (discharge)	tWCT	Fig.8		WDR	100			μs
Watch dog timer	Clear period (charge)	tWCCY	Fig.8		WDR	36			ms
	Recommended constants	Cw	When PE1 is using open-drain	3 to 5.5	WDR		0.01±5%		μF
	(Note 10)	Rw	When PE1 is using open-drain		WDR		680±1%		kΩ
		Rl	When PE1 is using open-drain		WDR		100±1%		Ω
	Clear time (discharge)	tWCT	Fig.8		WDR	10			μs
	Clear period (charge)	tWCCY	Fig.8	1	WDR	4.2			ms

Notes:

- (1) When oscillated internally under the oscillating conditions in Fig.3, generated voltage can be over the maximum limit of the VDD.
- (2) Average for 100 ms period.
- (3) Operating supply voltage VDD must be held until the microcontroller enters in the standby mode after the execution of the HALT instruction. Any chattering should not be generated at the PA3 pin during the HALT instruction execution cycle.
- (4) Recommended circuit constants that are verified by the oscillator manufacturer, using oscillator characteristic evaluation board selected by SANYO.
- (5) The OSC1 pin will have schmitt characteristics when external clock oscillator or the two-pin RC oscillator is selected as an oscillation option.
- (6) These are the results of testing using the value at each part on the Fig.3 circuit which is recommended by SANYO. These results do not include the current applied to the output transistor, nor the current applied to the transistor with a pull-up resistor on the LSI.
- (7) fCFOSC is the frequency when the values in table 1 are used.
- (8) This indicates the elapsed time that is required before the oscillation becomes stable after the VDD exceeds the minimum limit of the operation supply voltage.
- (9) TCYC=4×system clock period
- (10) When used in an environment that may result in condensation, note that a current leakage between PE1 and adjacent pins

or a current leakage at external integration circuit using R and C could occur.



Figure 1 External Clock Input Waveform



Figure 2 Two-pin RC Oscillator Circuit



Figure 3 Ceramic Resonator Circuit



Figure 4 Oscillation Stabilizing Time

Table 1 Recommended Ceramic Resonator constants

Data will be added once evaluation has been completed.



Figure 5 Reset Circuit

(Note) If measured from the instant the voltage level reaches the lowest limit of the operating VDD (i.e. not including the rising time), the reset time when CRES=0.1 μ F is used should be between 10 ms to 100 ms.







The load conditions are the same as those in Figure 5.







Figure 8 Watchdog Timer Waveform

RC Oscillator Characteristic of LC65F1306A

Data will be added once evaluation has been completed.

Notes on Circuit Board Design

This section provides hints and countermeasure for noise problem in terms of microcontroller when designing circuit boards using these microcontrollers for a mass production. These design techniques are effective to prevent and avoid the defects (e.g. malfunctions of the microcontroller or a runaway program) caused by noise.

1. VDD, VSS : Power Supply Pins

Add capacitors between the VDD and VSS pins so that they meet the following conditions.

- The length of the line from the VDD to the two capacitors and the length of the line from the VSS to the two capacitors should be as equal as possible (L1=L1', L2=L2'), and should be as short as possible.
- Add the larger capacitor to 'C1' position and smaller capacitor to 'C2' position.

The VDD and VSS lines on the circuit board should be thicker than any other lines.



2. OSC1, OSC2 : Clock I/O Pins

- When the ceramic resonator option is selected : (Figure 2-1)
 - The length of the lines (Losc in Fig.2-1) between the clock I/O pins (input: OSC1, output: OSC2) and the external components should be as short as possible.
 - The length of the lines (Lvss+L1 or L2) between each capacitor and the VSS pin should be as short as possible.
 - The VSS line for the oscillation circuit and the VSS line for other functions should be branched as close as possible to the microcontroller's VSS pin.
 - Oscillation constants written in this specification sheet (such as the capacitor C1, C2 and the damping resistor Rd) may have to be changed and the frequency should be adjusted, depending on the pattern capacity of the circuit board. In this case, contact the oscillator manufacturer about it.
- When two-pin RC oscillator option is selected: (Figure 2-2)
 - The length of the lines (Losc) between the clock I/O pins (input: OSC1, output: OSC2) and the external components (capacitor Cext, resistor Rext) should be as short as possible.
 - The length of the line (Lvss+Lc) between the capacitor and the VSS pin should be as short as possible.
 - The VSS line for the oscillation circuit and the VSS line for other functions should be branched as close as possible to the microcontroller's VSS pin.
- When the external oscillation option is selected: (Figure 2-3)
 - The length of the line (Losc) between the clock input pin (OSC1) and the external oscillator should be as short as possible.
 - The clock output pin (OSC2) should be opened.
 - The length of the line between the VSS and the external oscillator, and the length of the line between the VDD and the external oscillator should be as short as possible.



Figure 2-1. Sample Oscillation Circuit 1 (Ceramic resonator)



Figure 2-2. Sample Oscillation Circuit 2 (Two-pin RC Oscillator)



Figure 2-3. Sample Oscillation Circuit 3 (External Oscillator)

- Other note on all oscillator circuit:
 - Place the lines for signals that can easily change suddenly, high amplitude signals connected to the higher capacity voltage (+15 V) ports, and powerful current supplies as far as possible from the oscillation circuit, and do not cross these lines with lines concerned to the clock.

3. RES : Reset Pin

- The length of line (Lres) between the $\overline{\text{RES}}$ pin and the external circuit should be as short as possible.
- The length of lines (L1 and L2) between the $\overline{\text{RES}}$ pin and the capacitor (Cres), and the VSS and the capacitor should be as short as possible.



Figure 3. RES Pin Patterns

- 4. TEST : Test Pin
 - The length of line (L) between the VSS and the TEST pin should be as short as possible.
 - The TEST pin and the VSS pin should be connected as close as possible to the VSS pin.



Figure 4. Test Pin Patterns

5. AD0 to AD7 : Analog Input Pins

The connection for the analog input pins, such as A/D converter input pins and comparator input pin, should meet the following conditions.

- The length of the line (L1) between the damping resistor (R1) and each analog pins should be as short as possible.
- The capacitor added between each analog pins and AV- pin (base voltage input pin for A/D converter) should be located as close as possible to the AV- input pin.



Figure 5. Analog Input Pins Patterns

6. I/O Pins

All I/O pins on these microcontrollers have function of both input and output.

• When used as an input pin, add a damping resistor and keep the length of the line to that pin as short as possible.

[Supplement]

In addition to the techniques for designing a circuit board, the following options and programming are effective to prevent and avoid the defects (the malfunction or a runaway program).

- If signals are input from external sources when the microcontroller power supply is unstable, select the higher capacity voltage (N-channel open drain) output type for the input pin, and add a damping resistor close to the pin.
- When the external signals are input to pins, the chattering of the key must be removed.
- The data should be output periodically from the pins using the output instruction (OP or SPB).
- To read the data input to the I/O common pins, the output value should be set to '1' using the output instruction (OP or SPB).

7. Unused Pins

• See the user's manual for each microcontrollers or the final edition of the specification sheet.

- Specifications of any and all SANYO products described or contained herein stipulate the performance, characteristics, and functions of the described products in the independent state, and are not guarantees of the performance, characteristics, and functions of the described products as mounted in the customer's products or equipment. To verify symptoms and states that cannot be evaluated in an independent device, the customer should always evaluate and test devices mounted in the customer's products or equipment.
- SANYO Electric Co., Ltd. strives to supply high-quality high-reliability products. However, any and all semiconductor products fail with some probability. It is possible that these probabilistic failures could give rise to accidents or events that could endanger human lives, that could give rise to smoke or fire, or that could cause damage to other property. When designing equipment, adopt safety measures so that these kinds of accidents or events cannot occur. Such measures include but are not limited to protective circuits and error prevention circuits for safe design, redundant design, and structural design.
- In the event that any or all SANYO products(including technical data,services) described or contained herein are controlled under any of applicable local export control laws and regulations, such products must not be exported without obtaining the export license from the authorities concerned in accordance with the above law.
- No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and recording, or any information storage or retrieval system, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of SANYO Electric Co., Ltd.
- Any and all information described or contained herein are subject to change without notice due to product/technology improvement, etc. When designing equipment, refer to the "Delivery Specification" for the SANYO product that you intend to use.
- Information (including circuit diagrams and circuit parameters) herein is for example only; it is not guaranteed for volume production. SANYO believes information herein is accurate and reliable, but no guarantees are made or implied regarding its use or any infringements of intellectual property rights or other rights of third parties.

This catalog provides information as of November, 2000. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.