

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminary	Specification
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Title

(
) Final Specification

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BUYER		General		SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.	

BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG.Philips LCD Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LC420WU4
SUFFIX	SLB1

42 0" WIIXGA TET I CD

^{*}When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE			
Please return 1 copy for your	confirmation with			

your signature and comments.

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE				
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Ver. 1.0 Aug.21, 2007 1 / 29



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Record of Revisions

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
1.0	Aug. 21, 2007	-	First draft.

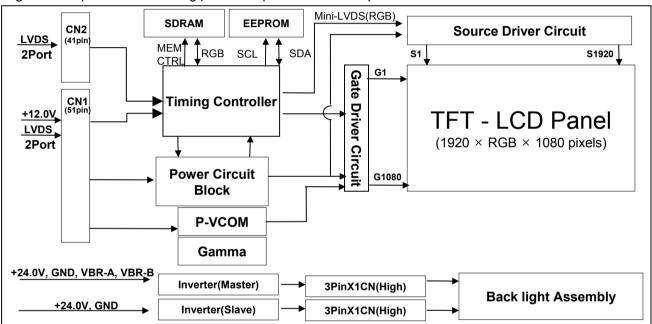


1. General Description

LC420WU4 is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an Cold Cathod Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 42 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8bit or 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus presenting a palette of more than 1.06Billion of colors.

It has been designed to apply the 10-bit 4 port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast moving picture response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	42.02 inches(1067.31mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	983.0 mm(H) x 576.0 mm(V) x 51.0 mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	484.5 <i>μ</i> m x 484.5 <i>μ</i> m
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. pixels RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	10bit(D), 1.06Billon colors
Luminance, White	500 cd/m² (Center 1 point Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178(min), U/D 178(min.))
Power Consumption	Total 171.84 Watt (Typ.) (Logic= 8.64 W, Inverter = 163.2W [VBR-A=1.65V])
Weight	11.5 Kg (Typ.)
Display Operating Mode	Transmissive mode, normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

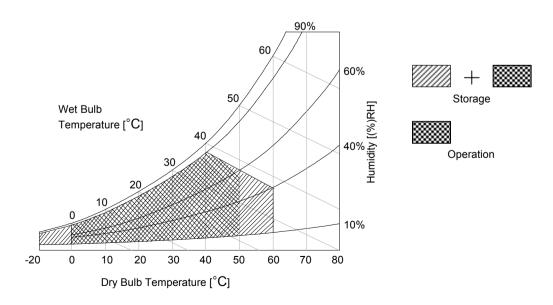
The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Remark
		Symbol	Min	Max	Offic	INGINALK
Power Input	LCM	V _{LCD}	-0.3	+14.0	V_{DC}	at 25 ± 2 °C
Voltage	Backlight inverter	V_{BL}	-0.3	+28.0	V _{DC}	When operating
Option input voltage(select)		V _I	-0.3	+3.6	V _{DC}	#7 Pin(CN1)
ON/OFF Control Voltage		V _{ON/OFF}	-0.3	+5.5	V _{DC}	
Brightness Co	Brightness Control Voltage		0.0	+5.0	V _{DC}	
Operating Ten	nperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	°C	Note 1,2
Storage Temperature		T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	
Operating Ambient Humidity		H _{OP}	10	90	%RH	Note 1
Storage Humidity		H _{ST}	10	90	%RH	

Notes: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. and no condensation of water.

2. Gravity mura can be guaranteed under 40 °C condition.





3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other input power for the CCFL/Backlight is to power inverter.

Table 2-1. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

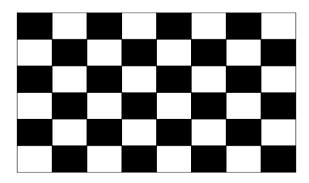
Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note		
T didinotor	Cymbol	Min	Тур Мах			5 1111	
MODULE :	MODULE:						
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	11.4	12.0	12.6	VDC		
Power Input Current	ILCD	-	720	870	mA	1	
Fower input Guiterit		-	1.35	1.62	Α	2	
Power Consumption	PLCD	-	8.64	10.5	Watt	1	
Rush current	Irush	-	-	5.0	А	3	

Note:

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.0V, 25 \pm 2°C, f_V =120Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.
- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2~3ms and rising time of power Input is 1ms(min.).

White: 255Gray(1023Gray)

Black: 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)



Table 2-2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Cymbol		Values		Unit	Notes		
Pala	meter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
Inverter:									
Power Supply Input	Voltage		VBL	22.8	24.0	26.2	Vdc	1	
Unloading Input Vol	tage					28	Vdc		
Power Supply Input	Voltage Rippl	е		-	-	0.5	Vp-p	1	
	After Aging		IBL A	-	6.8	7.3	Α	Boost = 1.65V 1	
Power Supply	/ liter / iging		IDL_A	-	7.4	7.9	Α	Boost = 3.3V 1	
Input Current	Before Agir	na	IBL B	-	9.8	10.3	Α	Boost = 1.65V 2	
	Belore / igii	·9	102_0	-	10.4	10.9	A	Boost = 3.3V 2	
Power Supply Input C	Current(In-Rus	h)	Irush	-	-	12	А	EXTVbr-B=100% Boost = 1.65V6	
Power Consumption	1		PBL	-	163.2	175.2	W	1	
	Brightness Adjust		Boost	0.0	-	3.3	Vdc	3	
	On/Off	On	V on	2.5	-	5.0	Vdc		
Input Signal for Inverter Control		Off	V off	-0.3	0.0	0.8	Vdc		
Inverter control	Prightness	Adjust	EXTVBR-B	40		100	%	On Duty	
	Brightness Adjust		Brightness	20		100	%		
PWM Frequency for N	NTSC & PAL		NTSC/PAL	135		190	Hz	4	
Pulse Duty(PWM)			High Level	2.5	-	5.0	V_{DC}		
(Burst mode)			Low Level	0.0	-	0.8	V _{DC}]	
Audible Noise			Peak Level			24	dB(A)		
Audible Noise			Overall Level			27	UB(A)	_	
Lamp :									
Lamp Voltage (EXTVBR-B = 100%)			Vout	850	1100	1350	V(rms)	Boost = Typ	
			Іо-мах	130	140	150	mA(rms)	Boost = Max	
Lamp Current (EXTVBR-B = 100%)			10-түр	112	122	132	mA(rms)	Boost = TYP	
			Io-min	94	104	114	mA(rms)	Boost = Min	
Life Time			Boost(0V~3.3V)	50,000			Hrs	5	

Notes:

- 1. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 120 minutes at 25±2°C. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage 24V and Vbr 1.65V, it is total power consumption.
 - The ripple voltage of the power supply input voltage is under 0.4 Vp-p. LPL recommend Input Voltage is $24.0V \pm 5\%$.
- 2. Electrical characteristics are determined within 120 minutes at $25\pm2^{\circ}C$.
 - The specified currents are under the typical supply Input voltage 24V.
- 3. Brightness Control. This VBR-B Voltage control brightness.

Vbr-B	Vbr-B Function		Function	
40% duty	Minimum Brightness (20%)	100% duty	Maximum Brightness (100%)	

- 4. LPL recommend that the PWM freq. is synchronized with the 1.5 harmonic of Vsync signal of system.
- 5. The life time is determined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical/ maximum lamp current on condition of continuous operating at $25 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C
- 6. The duration of rush current is about 10ms.



3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, 51-pin & 41-pin connectors are used for the module electronics and 14-pin connector & 12 pin connector are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-RE51S-HF or Equivalent, Refer to below and next Page Table
- Mating Connector: FI-RE51HL or Equivalent

Table 3-1. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground	27	GND	Ground
2	NC	Reserved	28	RA2N	SECOND CHANNEL A-
3	NC	Reserved	29	RA2P	SECOND CHANNEL A+
4	NC	Reserved	30	RB2N	SECOND CHANNEL B-
5	NC	Reserved	31	RB2P	SECOND CHANNEL B+
6	NC	Reserved	32	RC2N	SECOND CHANNEL C-
7	LVDS Select	'H' : JEIDA / 'L' : VESA	33	RC2P	SECOND CHANNEL C+
8	NC	Reserved	34	GND	Ground
9	NC	Reserved	35	RCLK2N	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL CIk-
10	NC	Reserved	36	RCLK2P	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL CIk+
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	RA1N	FIRST CHANNEL A-	38	RD2N	SECOND CHANNEL D-
13	RA1P	FIRST CHANNEL A+	39	RD2P	SECOND CHANNEL D+
14	RB1N	FIRST CHANNEL B-	40	RE2N	SECOND CHANNEL E-
15	RB1P	FIRST CHANNEL B+	41	RE2P	SECOND CHANNEL E+
16	RC1N	FIRST CHANNEL C-	42	GND	Ground
17	RC1P	FIRST CHANNEL C+	43	GND	Ground
18	GND	Ground	44	GND	Ground
19	RCLK1N	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL CIK-	45	GND	Ground
20	RCLK1P	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL CIK+	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	NC	No connection
22	RD1N	FIRST CHANNEL D-	48	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
23	RD1P	FIRST CHANNEL D+	49	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
24	RE1N	FIRST CHANNEL E-	50	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
25	RE1P	FIRST CHANNEL E+	51	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
26	GND	Ground	-	-	-

Note: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.

- 2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the IEA 664 Standard.
- 4. Specific pins(pin No. #2~#6) are used for internal data process of the LCD module. If not used, these pins are no connection.
- 5. Specific pin No. #44 is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface. It should be GND for NSB(No Signal Black) during the system interface signal is not. If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP(Auto Generation Pattern).

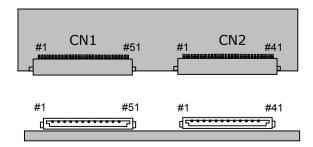


- LCD Connector(CN2): FI-RE41S-HF or Equivalent, Refer to below table.
- Mating Connector(CN2): FI-RE41HL or Equivalent

Table 3-2. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN2) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	NC	No connection	22	RE3N	Third CHANNEL E-
2	NC	No connection	23	RE3P	Third CHANNEL E+
3	NC	No connection	24	GND	Ground
4	NC	No connection	25	GND	Ground
5	NC	No connection	26	RA4N	Fourth CHANNEL A-
6	NC	No connection	27	RA4P	Fourth CHANNEL A+
7	NC	No connection	28	RB4N	Fourth CHANNEL B-
8	NC	No connection	29	RB4P	Fourth CHANNEL B+
9	GND	Ground	30	RC4N	Fourth CHANNEL C-
10	RA3N	Third CHANNEL A-	31	RC4P	Fourth CHANNEL C+
11	RA3P	Third CHANNEL A+	32	GND	Ground
12	RB3N	Third CHANNEL B-	33	RCLK4N	Fourth CLOCK CHANNEL Clk-
13	RB3P	Third CHANNEL B+	34	RCLK4P	Fourth CLOCK CHANNEL Clk+
14	RC3N	Third CHANNEL C-	35	GND	Ground
15	RC3P	Third CHANNEL C+	36	RD4N	Fourth CHANNEL D-
16	GND	Ground	37	RD4P	Fourth CHANNEL D+
17	RCLK3N	Third CLOCK CHANNEL Clk-	38	RE4N	Fourth CHANNEL E-
18	RCLK3P	Third CLOCK CHANNEL Clk+	39	RE4P	Fourth CHANNEL E+
19	GND	Ground	40	GND	Ground
20	RD3N	Third CHANNEL D-	41	GND	Ground
21	RD3P	Third CHANNEL D+	-		

Note: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.



Rear view of LCM

-Part/No.

CN1: FI-RE51S-HF(Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent CN2: FI-RE41S-HF(Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

- Mating connector :

CN1: FI-RE51HL(Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent CN2: FI-RE41HL(Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent



3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

Master Slave

-Inverter Connector : S14B-PH-SMC -Inverter Connector : S12B-PH-SMC

(manufactured by JST) or Equivalent (manufactured by JST) or Equivalent

- Mating Connector : PHR-14 or Equivalent -Mating Connector : PHR-12 or Equivalent

Table 7. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGULATION

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Master	Slave	Note
1	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
2	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
3	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
4	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
5	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
6	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
7	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
8	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	1
9	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
10	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
11	Boost	0.0V ~ 3.3V	VBR	Don't care	2
12	Von/off	0.0V ~ 5.0V	On/Off	Don't care	3, Open/High for B/L on as default
13	EXTVBR-B	0.0V ~ 3.3V	External PWM	-	4
14	GND	POWER GND	GND	-	5

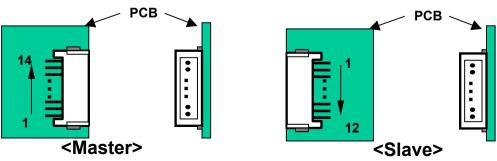
Note: 1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

2. Minimum Brightness: Boost = 0.0V Maximum Brightness: Boost = 3.3V

"OPEN" : Boost = 1.65V

- 3. Rising Edge: Lamp "ON" / Falling Edge: Lamp "OFF"
- 4. Pin#13 can be opened. (if Pin #13 is open, EXTVBR-B is 100%)
- 5. Pin#14 can be opened. (GND or NC)
- 6. Each impedance of pin #11, 12 and 13 is 139 [K Ω] , 77.7 [K Ω] and 199 [K Ω].

Rear view of LCM





3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE for NTSC/ATSC (DE Only Mode)

ITEM		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	Display Period	tн∨	480	480	480	t clk	1920/4
Horizontal	Blank	t нв	40	70	200	t clk	1
	Total	t HP	520	550	680	t clk	
	Display Period	tvv	1080	1080	1080	Lines	
Vertical	Blank	t ∨в	10	45	86	Lines	1
	Total	t vp	1090	1125	1166	Lines	

ITEM		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	DCLK	f clk	66.97	74.25	75.00	MHz	4port
Frequency	Horizontal	fн	121.8	135	136.4	KHz	2
	Vertical	f∨	108.2	120	121.2	Hz	2

Note: 1. The Input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation(DE Only Mode). If you use spread spectrum for EMI, add some additional clock to minimum value for clock margin.

2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal frequency.



Table 7 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table7. TIMING TABLE for DVB/PAL (DE Only Mode)

ITEM		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	Display Period	t⊬∨	480	480	480	t clk	1920/4
Horizontal	Blank	t нв	40	70	200	t clk	1
	Total	t HP	520	550	680	t clk	
	Display Period	tvv	1080	1080	1080	Lines	
Vertical	Blank	t ∨в	228	270	300	Lines	1
	Total	t vp	1308	1350	1380	Lines	

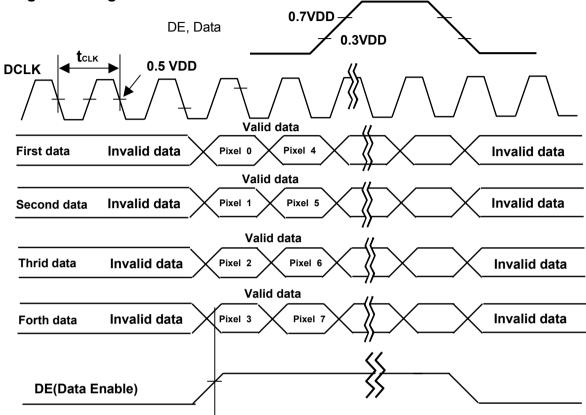
ITEM		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	DCLK	f clk	66.97	74.25	75.00	MHz	4port
Frequency	Horizontal	fн	121.8	135	140	KHz	2
	Vertical	f∨	90.2	100	103.7	Hz	2

Note: 1. The Input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation(DE Only Mode). If you use spread spectrum for EMI, add some additional clock to minimum value for clock margin.

2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal frequency.

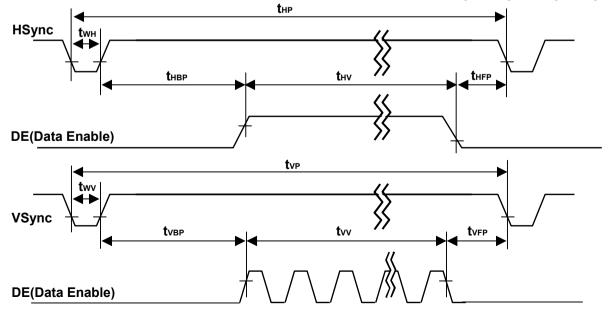


3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



* Reference : Sync. Relation

- * the = thep + twh +thep
- * tvb = tvfp + twv +tvbp





3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 8 provides a reference for color versus data input. 8-bit operation should be supplied 8-digit data of MSB.

Table 8. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

				Input Color Data	
Co	lor		RED	GREEN	BLUE
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	MSB	LSB	MSB LSB	MSB LSB
	1	R9 R8 R7 R6	R5 R4 R3 R2 R1 R0	G9 G8 G7 G6 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0	B9 B8 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0
	Black	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Red (1023)	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Green (1023)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Basic Color	Blue (1023)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Cyan	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Magenta	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Yellow	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	White	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	RED (000)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	RED (001)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
RED					
	RED (1019)	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	RED (1020~1023)	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	GREEN (000)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	GREEN (001)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
GREEN					
	GREEN (1019)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	GREEN (1020~1023)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	1111111111	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	BLUE (000)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	BLUE (001)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
BLUE		l			
	BLUE (1019)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0
	BLUE (1020~1023)	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1111111111



3-6. Power Sequence 3-6-1. On/Off for LCM

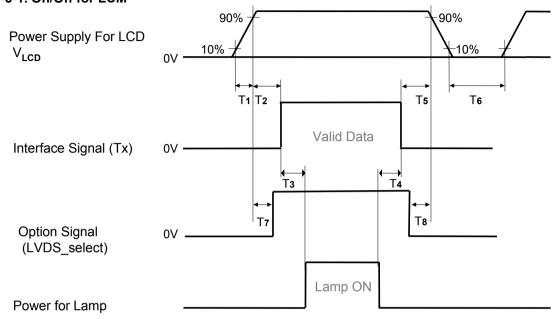


Table 9. POWER SEQUENCE

Danamatan		Value		1.1-4	Note	
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	note	
T1	0.5	-	20	ms		
T2	0.5	-	3 x (1/f _V)	ms	3,5	
Т3	200	-	-	ms	4	
T4	200	-	-	ms	4	
T5	0	-	-	ms	3,5	
T6	2.0	-	-	S	2,6	
T7	0	-	T2	ms	5	
Т8	0	-	-	Ms	5	

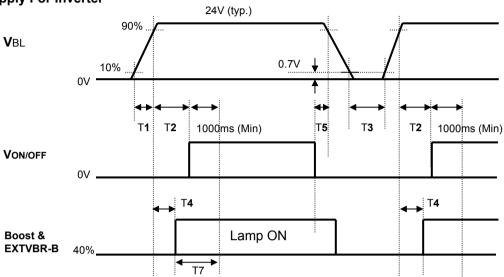
Note: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- 2. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply V_{LCD} to 0V.
- 3. The case when the T2/T5 exceed maximum specification, it operates protection pattern(Black pattern) till valid signal inputted. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. The T3/T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- 5. If the on time of signals(Interface and option) precedes the on time of Power(V_{LCD}), check the LCD logic Power(Vcc) is under 0.8V, otherwise it will be happened abnormal display.
- 6. T6 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period



3-6-2. ON/OFF for Inverter





3-6-3. Deep condition for Inverter

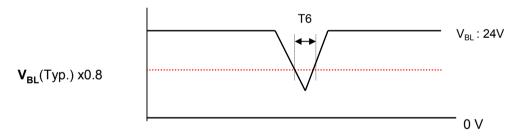


Table 11. Power Sequence for Inverter

Doromotor		Values		Linita	Domorko	
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Remarks	
T1	20	-	-	ms	1	
T2	500	-	-	ms		
T3	200	-	-	ms		
T4	0		-	ms	2	
T5	10	-	-	ms		
T6	-	-	10	ms	V _{BL} (Typ) x 0.8	
T7	1000	-	-	ms	3	

Notes: 1. T1 describes rising time of 0V to 24V and is not applied at restarting time.

- 2. T4(max) is less than T2.
- 3. In T7 section, EXTVBR-B should be duty 100%.
- 4. When V_{BI} [24V] is supplied always, there is no reliability problem.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and Stable in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

It is presented additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method in FIG. 1.

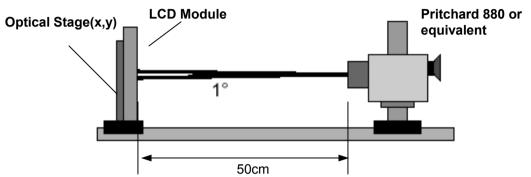


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 11. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta= $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, V_{LCD} =12.0V, fv=120Hz, Dclk=297MHz, V_{BR} -A =1.65V, V_{BR} -B =3.3V

		14-25.	-Z O, V _{LCD}	- 12.0 V , 1V- I	Value	.57 WII 12, V BR	-X - 1.00 V	V _{BR} -D -3.
P	arameter	Syn	nbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio	<u> </u>	C	R	700	1000	IVIAX		1
Surface Lumir		L _{WH}		400	500		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Va		δ _{WHITE}	-wн 5Р	400] 300	1.3	Cu/III	3
Editiliarios ve	MPRT				8	10	ms	
Response Tim	e G to G	-	-		5	8	ms	4,5
	RED	-	- Rx		0.640	0	1115	
	KED			}				
		F	Ry		0.343			
	GREEN	(Gx	ļ	0.286			
Color		(Gy		0.615	Typ +0.03		
Coordinates [CIE1931]	BLUE	Bx By		-0.03	0.143			
					0.066			
	WHITE	V	٧x		0.279	1		
		V	٧y		0.292			
Viewing Angle	(CR>10)							
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	ϵ)r	89	-	-		
	x axis, left (φ=180°)	()I	89	-	-	dogras	6
	y axis, up (φ=90°)	θи		89		-	degree	6
y axis, down (φ=2		θd		89	-	-		
Gray Scale								7



Notes 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

CR(Contrast Ratio) = Maximum CRn (n=1, 2, 3, 4, 5)

Surface Luminance at position n with all white pixels

Surface Luminance at position n with all black pixels

n = the Position number(1, 2, 3, 4, 5). For more information, see FIG 2.

- 2. Surface luminance are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 30min after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : $\delta \text{ WHITE(5P) = Maximum(L}_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) / \text{ Minimum(L}_{on1}, L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5})}$

Where L_{on1} to L_{on5} are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M)
- 5. MPRT is defined as the 10% to 90% blur-edge width Bij(pixels) and scroll speed U(pixels/frame)at the moving picture. For more information, see FIG 4.
- 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information, see FIG 5.
- 7. Gray scale specification Gamma Value is approximately 2.2.For more information, see Table 12.

Table 12. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level 10bit	Luminance [%] (Typ) [Normal]
LO	0.10
L63	0.29
L127	1.06
L191	2.50
L255	4.69
L319	7.66
L383	11.5
L447	16.1
L511	21.6
L575	28.1
L639	35.4
L703	43.7
L767	53.0
L831	63.2
L895	74.5
L959	86.7
L1023	100



Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation

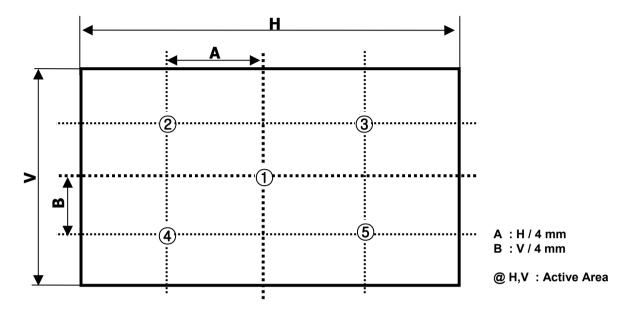


FIG. 2 Measure Point for Luminance

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

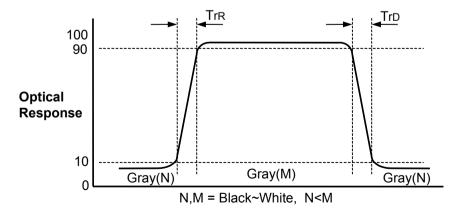
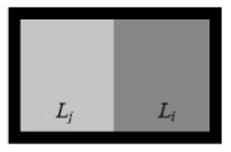


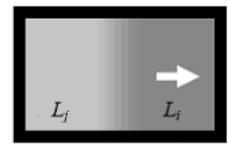
FIG.3 Response Time(G to G)



MPRT is defined as the 10% to 90% blur-edge with Bij(pixels) and scroll speed U(pixels/frame)at the moving picture.







$$M = \frac{1}{U} Bij \ (i \neq j)$$

Example) Bij = 12pixels, U = 10pixels / 120Hz

M = 12pixels / (10pixels / 120Hz)

= 12pixels / {10pixels / (1/120)s}

= 12 / 1,200 s

= 10 ms

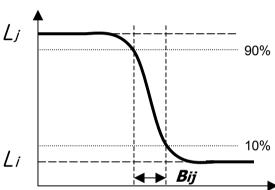


FIG. 4 MPRT

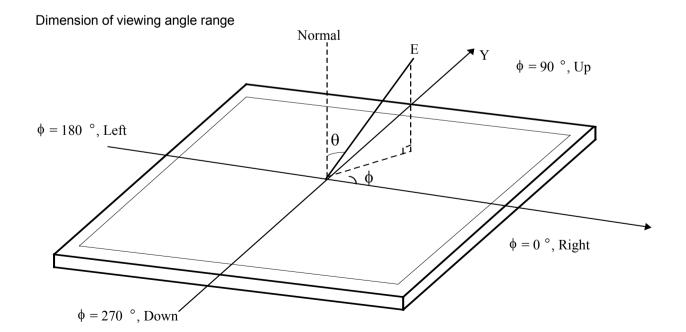


FIG. 5 Viewing angle



5. Mechanical Characteristics

The following items provide general mechanical characteristics. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD module.

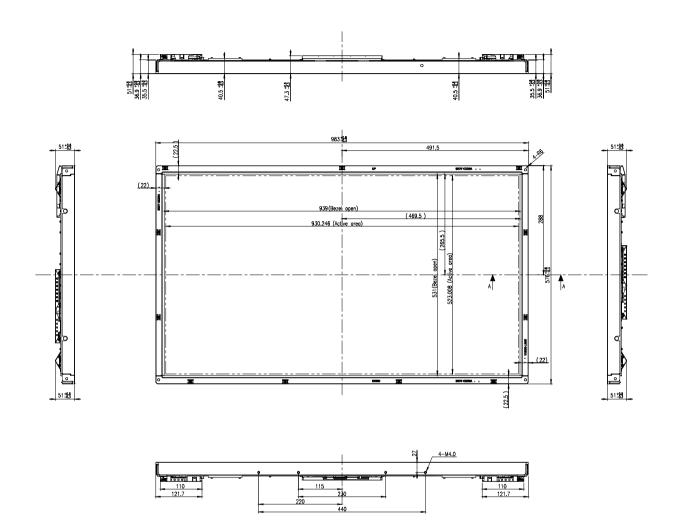
Table 13. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

	Horizontal	983.0 mm			
Outline Dimension	Vertical	576.0 mm			
	Depth	51.0 mm			
Bezel Area	Horizontal	939.0mm			
Dezel Alea	Vertical	531.0mm			
Active Diapley Area	Horizontal	930.24mm			
Active Display Area	Vertical	523.26mm			
Weight	11.5 Kg (Typ.) , 12.5Kg (Max.)				
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H) Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 13%)				

Note: Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

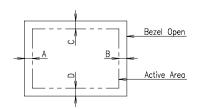


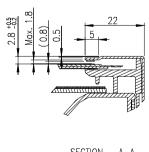
<FRONT VIEW>





NOTES 1. UNSPECIFIED DIMENSIONAL TOLERANCES TO BE ± 0.5 mm. 2. TILT AND A PARTIAL DISPOSITION TOLERANCE OF DISPLAY AREA ARE AS FOLLOW. 1) X-DIRECTION: |A-B| < 1.5mm 2) Y-DIRECTION: |C-D| < 1.5mm

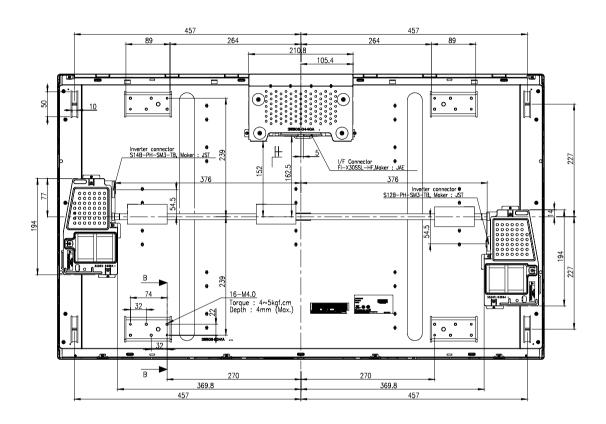


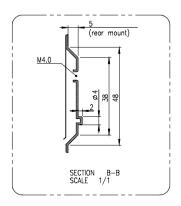


SECTION A-A SCALE 1/1



<REAR VIEW>







6. Reliability

Table 14. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition					
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h					
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h					
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h					
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h					
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0Grms Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 30 min One time each direction					
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 50Grms Waveform : half sine wave, 11ms Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction					
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C, 90%RH, 240h					
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 14,000 feet(4267.2m) 0 - 40,000 feet(12192m)					



7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

a) UL 60065, 7th Edition, dated June 30, 2003, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.,

Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.

b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60065:03, Canadian Standards Association,

Standard for Audio. Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.

c) IEC60065:2001, 7th Edition CB-scheme and EN 60065:2002,

Safety requirements for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus..

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) CISPR22 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1998 (Including A1: 2000)



8. Packing

8-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark

А	E	3	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М
		11	- 1	1 1				1 1	1 1		1 1	1 1	

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH)

D: YEAR E: MONTH

F: PANEL CODE G: FACTORY CODE H: ASSEMBLY CODE I,J,K,L,M: SERIAL NO.

Note

1. YEAR

	Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
ſ	Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one box: 12 pcs

b) Box size: 1150mm(W) X 1020mm(D) X 810mm(H)



9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

 And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it causes metallic foreign material and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) It is recommended to avoid the signal cable and conductive material over the inverter transformer for it can cause the abnormal display and temperature rising.



9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.

 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normalhexane.

APPENDIX- I

Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

Circuit Block Diagram of LVDS Format Selection pin

