

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

() Preliminary Specification

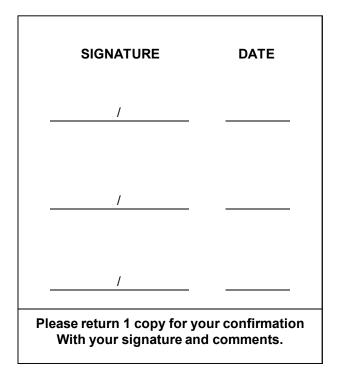
(
) Final Specification

Title

6.0"W (720 X RGB X 272) TFT- LCD

BUYER	
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.
MODEL	LA060N01
SUFFIX	SD01



APPROVED BY	DATE			
J. D. Kim / Chief Engineer	Feb. 06. 2012			
REVIEWED BY				
D. H. Jang / Senior Engineer	Feb. 06. 2012			
PREPARED BY				
I. S. Hwang / Engineer	Feb. 06. 2012			
Product Engineering Dept. LG Display Co., Ltd				



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RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description	Note
0.0	Jun.16.2011	-	First Draft (Preliminary)	
1.0	Feb.06.2012	5	Update Total Power consumption $3.57 \rightarrow 2.97W$. - V _{CC} : $0.93 \rightarrow 0.77W$ - V _{BL} : $2.64 \rightarrow 2.20W$ Update detail surface treatment specification.	Change
		6	Update notes.1 and 2	Change
		7	Correct missing pin(6) name and description. - Name: GND → TP - Description: Ground → It should be connected GND	Correct
		7,8	Add notes about VBL, TP, GND, VCC, NC. Update Equivalent Circuits.	Add
		9	Update Power supply current. (Min, Typ, Max value) - I_{CC} : 185 \rightarrow 153mA, I_{BL} : 528 \rightarrow 440mA Correct ICC_RUSH spec. according to VCC rising time 0.5ms. - IRUSH: 0.9 \rightarrow 1.5A Add Min PWM duty.	Change, Add
		10	Change Interface timing spec due to customer only setting 18Mhz of DCLK frequency. Add Note about DE Mode operation.	Change, Add
		11	Update digital RGB timing. - Latched at the rising edge of DCLK	Change
		12	Update RGB565 color input data reference	Change
		13	Update Power sequence Notes.	Add
		15	Add Min Contrast Ratio Value.	Change
		16	Correct notes.7 criteria of Life time about LED Backlight.	Change
		20, 21	Update LCM drawing due to improve ESD. - Change shape of FPC cover shield tape - Change system screw torque spec.: 4kgf → 6kgf	Change
		25	Correct 6" LCM picture and add detail packing method.	Change
		26	Correct 11-1.(7) about cleaning method & precautions for polarizer.	Change
		27	Correct 11-6.(1) about handling precautions for protection film.	Change
		-	Final specification	

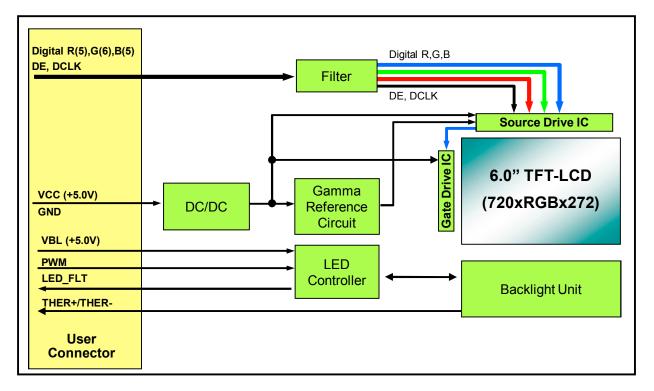


1. Summary

This module utilizes amorphous silicon thin film transistors and a 2.65:1 aspect ratio. The 6.0" active matrix liquid crystal display allows 65,536 colors to be displayed by Digital RGB interface is available. The applications are Car Information display and Instrument Cluster for a vehicle.

2. Features

- Utilizes a panel with a 2.65:1 aspect ratio.
- The 6.0" screen produces a high resolution image that is composed of 195,840 pixel elements in a stripe arrangement.
- By adopting In Plane Switching (IPS) technology, provide a wide viewing angle.
- By adopting an active matrix drive, a picture with high contrast is realized.
- By using of COG mounting technology, the module became thin, light and compact.
- By adopting a high aperture panel, high transmittance color filter and high transmission polarizing plates, transmittance ratio is realized.
- Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a RGB565 gray scale signal.





3. General Specification

@T_a=25℃, Aging time: Over 10 minutes

CHARACTERISTIC ITEMS		SPECIFICATION	
	Power	DC +5.0V for logic power supply DC +5.0V for backlight	
Input Signals	Video	Digital RGB (RGB 565)	
	Control	PWM	
Active Screen Size (Diagonal)		6.0" (15.24cm), 142.56mm (H) X 53.856mm (V)	
Pixel Format		720(H) X 3(R,G,B) X 272(V), RGB vertical stripes	
Display Taskaslawy		a-Si TFT active matrix	
Display Technology		Normally Black, Transmitting mode	
Outline Dimension		164.0mm (H) X 70.0mm (V) X 14.9mm (T) (Typ.)	
Main Viewing Direction		Free	
Pixel Pitch		0.066mm × 0.198mm	
Display Modes		2.65:1	
Luminance, white		400 cd/m ² (Min.)	
Power Consumption		V _{CC} : 0.77 W (Typ.) @ V _{CC} 5.0V & 25 ℃ V _{BL} : 2.20 W (Typ.) @ V _{BL} 5.0V & 25 ℃	
Weight		155g (Max.)	
Backlight		LED	
Surface Treatment		Hard coating(3H), Anti-Glare treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 44%)	



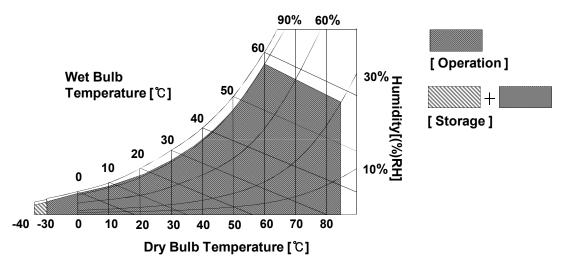
4. Absolute Maximum Rating

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause malfunction or damage to the Module.

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
		Power Supply Voltage		-0.3	8.0	Vdc	
FOV	ver Suppry Voltage	V _{BL}	T _a = 25 ℃	-0.3	15.0	Vdc	
Boy	ver Supply Voltage	I _{CC}	$V_{CC} = 5V$	0.3	-	А	1
FOV	ver Suppry Voltage	I _{BL}	V _{BL} = 5V	0.8	-	А	I
	BLU Dimming	PWM	-	-0.3	6.0	Vdc	
Input Signal	Digital RGB	R0~R4 G0~G5 B0~B4 DE, CLK	-	-0.3	3.6	Vdc	
Storage Temperature		T _{ST}	-	-40	85	Ĵ	2
Ope	rating Temperature	T _{OP}	-	-30	85	Ĵ	2,3,4

Notes:

- 1. The system should supply enough current for TFT LCD module's stable operation at -30~+85 °C.
- 2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be Max. 58 °C. Condensation of dew must be avoided, because it may cause electrical current leakage, and deterioration of performance and quality.
- 3. The operating temperature means that LCD Module guarantees operation of the circuit. All the contents of Electro-optical specifications are guaranteed under the room temperature condition.
- 4. This temperature is ambient temperature with regard to the heat which is generated under operation of circuit and backlight on. (reference value)





5. Electrical Specifications

5-1. Connector pin assignment

5-1-1. User Connector: CN1

The LCD module uses a 40pin connector for an interface connection. The model name is 9617S-40Y922 manufactured by IRISO Electronics.

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Description	Notes
1	VBL	I	Power Supply For Back Light Unit	1
2	VBL	I	Power Supply For Back Light Unit	1
3	VBL	I	Power Supply For Back Light Unit	1
4	GND	I	Ground	2
5	PWM	I	LED Backlight Dimming Control Signal	
6	TP	I	Test Pin. It should be connected GND	2, 3
7	TEMP -	0	Thermal sensor output (-)	
8	TEMP +	0	Thermal sensor output (+)	
9	LED_FLT	0	LED Controller IC Fault Indicator Signal	
10	VCC	I	Power Supply For Logic	4
11	VCC	I	Power Supply For Logic	4
12	GND	I	Ground	2
13	NC	-	No Connection	5
14	B1	I	Blue Data 1 [LSB]	
15	B2	Ι	Blue Data 2	
16	B3	I	Blue Data 3	
17	B4	Ι	Blue Data 4	
18	B5	I	Blue Data 5 [MSB]	
19	GND		Ground	2
20	G0	I	Green Data 0 [LSB]	
21	G1	-	Green Data 1	
22	G2		Green Data 2	
23	G3	I	Green Data 3	
24	G4	I	Green Data 4	
25	G5	I	Green Data 5 [MSB]	
26	GND	I	Ground	2
27	NC	-	No Connection	5
28	R1	-	Red Data 1 [LSB]	
29	R2	I	Red Data 2	
30	R3	I	Red Data 3	
31	R4	I	Red Data 4	
32	R5		Red Data 5 [MSB]	
33	GND	I	Ground	2
34	DE	I	Digital RGB Data Enable	
35	GND	I	Ground	2
36	DCLK	I	Digital RGB Clock	
37	GND	I	Ground	2
38	NC	-	No connection	6
39	NC	-	No connection	6
40	GND	I	Ground	2

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Notes: 1. All VBL pins should be connected together.

- 2. All GND pins should be connected together.
- 3. This pin should be connected to GND for a normal operation.
- 4. All VCC pins should be connected together.
- 5. Each NC pins are connected internally with MSB data line.
- 6. Make sure that NC pins should be floated.

5-1-1-1. Equivalent Circuits (User Connector: CN1)

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Equivalent Circuit	Value	Notes
5	PWM	I	S.OV(IC Output) LED IC R1 (Open / GND)	R1: 47[Ω] R2: 10[kΩ]	
7,8	TEMP+ TEMP-	0 0	THER+	RT1: 10[kΩ]	
9	LED_FLT	0	LED_FLT (Open-Drain)	R1: 47[Ω]	1
13	NC	-	B5[MSB] R1 N.C.	R1: open R2: 0[Ω]	
14~18 20~25 28~32 34	B1~B5 G0~G5 R1~R5 DE	I	B1~B5 G0~G5 R1~R5 DE	R1: 47[Ω]	
27	NC	-	R5[MSB] R1 R2 R0 [LSB]	R1: open R2: 0[Ω]	
36	DCLK	I	DCLK R1 Source DIC	R1: 820[Ω] R2: 47[Ω] C1: 10[pF]	

Notes:

1. LED_FLT pin will be low (GND) when LED circuit failures occurred. (short, open, thermal shutdown).



5-2. Electrical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	NOLE
		V _{cc}	4.8	5.0	5.2	Vdc	
	Video Circuit	I _{cc}	107	153	199	mA	1
		I _{RUSH}	-	-	1.5	Apeak	2
Power		V _{BL}	4.8	5.0	5.2	Vdc	3
Supply	Backlight Circuit	I _{BL}	310	440	570	mA	4 PWM duty = 100%
	J	I _{RUSH}	-	-	1.2	Apeak	5 V _{BL} = 5V PWM duty = 100%
Video Input	Digital DCD	V _H	2.7	-	3.3	V	
Signal Voltage	Digital RGB	VL	0	-	0.3	V	
		f _{DIM}	16	-	20	kHz	6,7
Control Signal	PWM	$V_{\text{PWM}_\text{HIGH}}$	2.7	-	3.3	-	8
Control Signal PW		V _{PWM_LOW}	0	-	0.3	V	
		Duty	10	-	100	%	On Duty Ratio
Output Signal	LED_FLT	V _H		Open Drain		-	
		VL	0	-	0.7	V	

Note 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{CC}=5.0V, Ta=25°C, f_{VP} =60Hz condition whereas white pattern is displayed and f_{VP} is the frame frequency.

Full White Pattern

- The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.). (V_{CC}=5.0V, Ta=25°C, f_{VP}=60Hz)
- Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 10 minutes at 25°C.
- 4. The permissible forward current of LED vary with environmental temperature.
- 5. The duration of rush current is about 10ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.). (V_{BL}=5.0V, Ta=25°C, PWM_duty=100%)
- 6. The PWM is internally pulled up to High.
- DC current dimming is recommended for LED control. If PWM dimming is needed, PWM frequency should be optimized for minimal wavy and audible noise.
- 8. The PWM is internally pulled up to High.
- 9. The recommended operating conditions show the ranges in which the device can operate normally. Operation beyond the limit of the recommended operation conditions is not assured, even though operating conditions are within the limit of the maximum ratings.



5-3. Interface Timing Specification (Digital RGB)

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

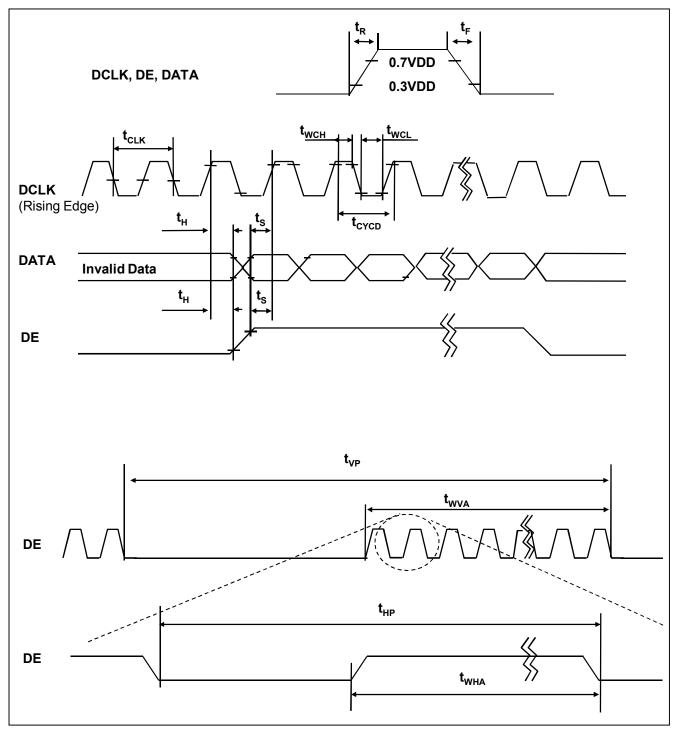
Para	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	Frequency	f _{CLK}	17.5	18.0	18.5	MHz	
DCLK	Width_High	t _{wCH}	10	-	-		
DOLK	Width_Low	t _{WCL}	10	-	-	ns	
	cycle time	t _{CTCD}	23	-	-		
Vertical	Frequency	f_{VP}	60	60	60	Hz	
	Horizontal Valid	t _{WHA}	720	720	720	+	
	Horizontal Period	t _{HP}	995	1020	1045	t _{CLK}	Fig.1
DE	Vertical Valid	t _{WVA}	272	272	272		
	Vertical Period	t _{VP}	293	294	295	t _{Hp}	
	Setup Time	t _s	10	_	-		
DE, DATA	Hold Time	t _H	5	-	-	ns	
DCLK, DE, DATA	Rise/Fall Time	t _R , t _F	-	-	3	ns	

Note 1. DE only mode operation.

2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rates.



Fig. 1 Digital RGB Timing Diagram



Notes: VDD means logic power voltage. (typ. 3.3V)



5-3-2. Color Input Data Reference(Digital RGB)

The brightness of each primary color(red,green and blue) is based on the 16bit(RGB 565) data input for the color ; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color.

The following table provides a reference for color versus data input.

									Inp	ut Co	lor D	ata							
	Color		Red MSB LSB				Green MSB LSB				Blue MSB LSB								
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black(00) Red(63) Green(63) Blue(63) Cyan(63) Magenta(63) Yellow(63) White(63)	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1 1 0 1
Red	Red(00) Dark Red(00) Red(02) : Red(61) Red(63) Red(63) Bright	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0
Green	Green(00)Dark Green(01) Green(02) : Green(61) Green(62) Green(63)Bright	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 1 0 : 1 0 1	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0
Blue	Blue(00) Dark Blue(00) Elue(02) : Blue(61) Blue(63) Blue(63) Bright	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 0 0	0 0 : 0 0	0 0 : 0 0 0	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 : 1 1 1	0 0 : 1 1 1	0 0 : 1 1	0 0 1 : 0 1	0 0 : 1 1 1

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

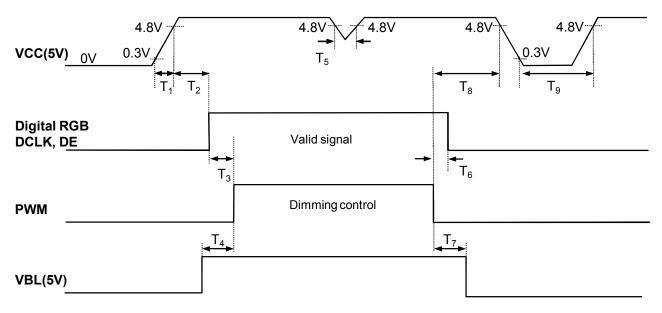
Note: Each Red and Blue LSB data lines are connected internally with MSB data line.

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5-4. Power Supply Sequence

For LCD's normal operation, it should be kept below power supply sequence.



Parameter		Value		Units	Note
Farameter	Min. Typ.		Max.	Units	Note
T ₁	0	-	10	(ms)	
T ₂	100	-	1000	(ms)	
T ₃	800	-	-	(ms)	
T ₄	500	-	-	(ms)	
T ₅	0	-	100	(us)	1
T ₆	0	-	-	(ms)	
T ₇	0	-	-	(ms)	
T ₈	0	-	100	(ms)	
T ₈	1500	-	-	(ms)	

- Note 1. Power deep time. If it is longer than the T₅ maximum value, LCD would be abnormal state. In this case, you must re-initialize the LCD in accordance with "Power Supply Sequence".
 - 2. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
 - 3. When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply for LCD VCC to 0V.
 - 4. Backlight must be turn on after power supply for LCD and interface signal are valid. PWM must be kept GND before dimming control to avoid abnormal display, because PWM is internally pulled-up to high.
 - 5. We recommend that Logic Power (VCC) and Backlight Power (VBL) are supplied simultaneously. If it is difficult to perform as our recommendation, customers are asked to confirm the Power sequence with LG Display prior to their use.

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5-5. Thermistor Characteristics

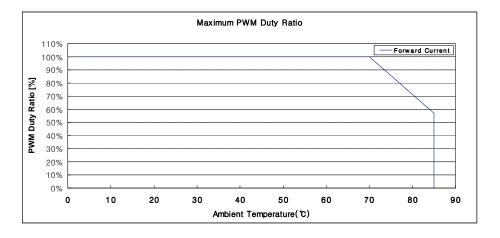
The display module shall incorporate a NTC thermistor surface mounted to LCM The user of LCD module can utilize this thermistor for some special purpose. For example, the user can measure display temperature from the thermistor and then turn off backlight when LCD module temperature exceeds maximum rating.

		@PWM=100%
ზ (Ta)	R _{thermistor} [kΩ] (Thermistor)	R _{THER} [kΩ] (LCM)
-30	113.35	(71.88) ± 5%
-25	87.56	(56.67) ± 5%
-20	68.23	(44.70) ± 5%
-15	53.65	(35.58) ± 5%
-10	42.51	(28.51) ± 5%
-5	33.89	(23.14) ± 5%
0	27.22	(18.75) ± 5%
5	22.02	(15.34) ± 5%
10	17.93	(12.57) ± 5%
15	14.67	(10.40) ± 5%
20	12.08	(8.62) ± 5%
25	$10 \pm 1\%$	(7.21) ± 5%
30	8.32	(6.05) ± 5%
35	6.95	(5.09) ± 5%
40	5.83	(4.30) ± 5%
45	4.92	(3.71) ± 5%
50	4.16	(3.12) ± 5%
55	3.54	(2.68) ± 5%
60	3.01	(2.30) ± 5%
65	2.59	(1.99) ± 5%
70	2.23	(1.73) ± 5%
75	1.93	(1.51) ± 5%
80	1.67	(1.32) ± 5%
85	1.45	(1.16) ± 5%

NCP18XH103F0SRB characteristics

* R_{thermistor} in the table is the feature of the thermistor by itself, and R_{THER} is measured value in the LCM. Customers should refer to the value of R_{THER} for LED derating.

Maximum PWM duty ratio needs to be controlled following below graph for backlight life time.





6. Electro-optical Characteristics

				Value				
	Parameter	Symbol		Value	1	Unit	Note	
		, 	Min.	Тур.	Max.			
Contrast Ratio	D	CR	560	800	-	-	1	
Surface Lumi	nance, white	L _{WH}	400	-	-	cd/m2	2	
Luminance No	on Uniformity	LNU _W	-	-	15	%	3	
Response	Rise Time	Tr _R	-	15	17	ms	4	
Time	Decay Time	Tr _D	-	10	13	ms	4	
	Ded	R _x	0.605	0.635	0.665			
	Red	R _Y	0.320	0.350	0.380		2 (Reference Value)	
	Green	G _X	0.306	0.336	0.366			
Color	Green	G _Y	0.573	0.603	0.633	-		
Coordinates	Blue	B _X	0.118	0.148	0.178			
	Diue	B _Y	0.71	0.101	0.131			
	White	W _x	0.281	0.311	0.341		2	
	Winte	W _Y	0.308	0.338	0.368		2	
Color Gamut			-	60	-	%	5	
	x axis, right(φ=0°)	Θr	-	89	-			
Viewing	x axis, left (φ=180°)	ΘΙ	-	89	-	dograa	6	
Angle	y axis, up (φ=90°)	Θu	-	89	-	degree	O	
	y axis, down (φ=270°)	Θd	-	89	-			
	Life Time	-	20,000	-	-	Hours	7	

Notes:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- 2. Surface luminance is measured at the center point(L1) of the LCD with all pixels displaying white at the distance of 50cm by PR-880. Color Coordinates are measured at the center point(L1) of the LCD with all pixels displaying red, green, blue and white at the distance of 50cm by PR-650. For more information, refer to the Fig. 2 and Fig. 3.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance. The panel total variation (LNU_W) is determined by measuring LN at each test position 1 through 9. For more information see Fig. 3.

 δ_{WHITE} = [Maximum(L1,L2, ... L9) - Minimum(L1,L2, ... L9)] / Average(L1,L2, ... L9) × 100

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Notes :

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from black to white (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see Fig. 4.
- 5. Color Gamut is measured at the center point(L1) of the LCD with all pixels displaying R,G,B at the distance of 50cm by PR-650. Color Coordinates are measured at the center point(L1) of the LCD with all pixels displaying R,G,B and white at the distance of 50cm by PR-650. For more information, refer to the Fig. 2 and Fig. 6.

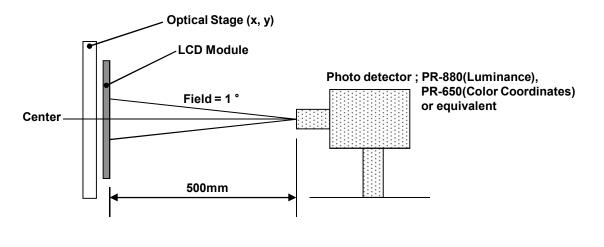
Color Area with R,G,B Color Coordinates

Color Gamut =

NTSC Standard Area at CIE 1931 Color Coordinator

- 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see Fig. 5.
- 7. The life time is determined as the time at which brightness of LED is 50% compare to that of initial value at the typical LED current.

Fig. 2 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method



Measuring Conditions;

-Surroundings : Dark Room

-Temperature : Ta=25 ℃

-Input Video Signal : Digital RGB (RGB 565)

-Electrical parameters set typical values.

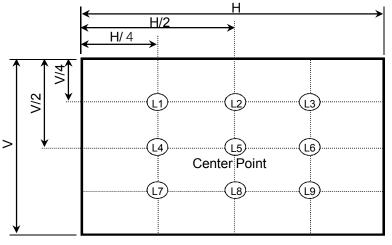
-Measured value at the center point of LCD panel after more than 10 minutes while backlight turning on.

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Fig. 3 Non-Uniformity

<measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation >



H,V: ACTIVE AREA

Fig. 4 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

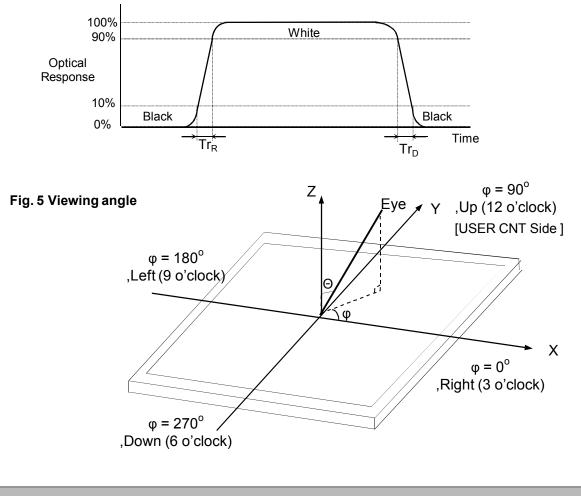
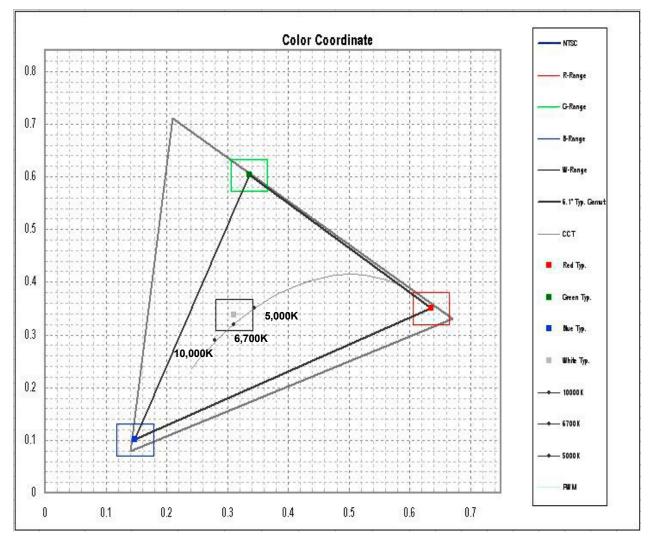




Fig. 6 Color Coordinator





7. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for this module. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	164.0 (±0.3)mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical	70.5 (±0.3)mm		
	Thickness	14.9 (±0.3)mm		
Bezel Area	Horizontal	145.6 (±0.2)mm		
bezel Alea	Vertical	56.9(±0.2)mm		
Active Dieplay Area	Horizontal	142.56 mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	53.86 mm		
Weight	155g	(Max.)		

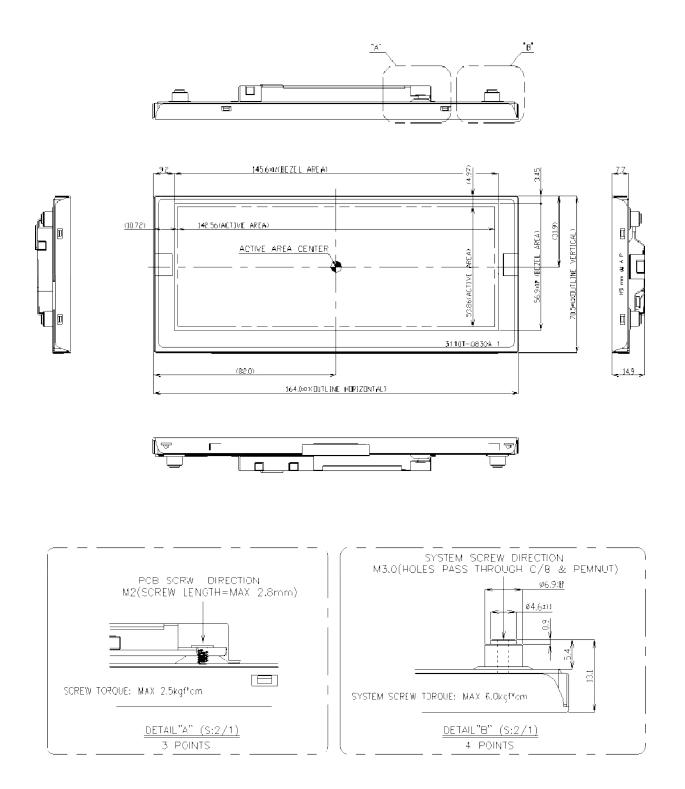


LA060N01

Product Specifications

<FRONT VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.3mm



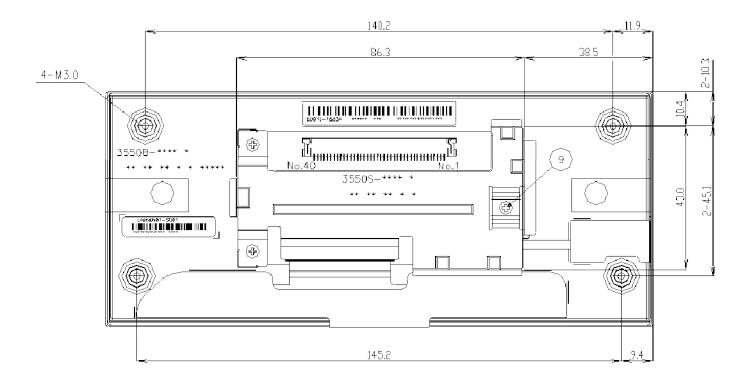


LA060N01

Product Specifications

<REAR VIEW>

Note) Unit:[mm], General tolerance: ± 0.3mm





8. Reliability Test

• Ta ; Ambient Temperature

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Note
1	High Temperature Storage Test	Ta=85℃ 240h	
2	Low Temperature Storage Test	Ta=-40℃ 240h	
3	High Temperature Operation Test	Ta=85℃ 240h	
4	Low Temperature Operation Test	Ta=-30℃ 240h	
5	High Humidity Operation Test	Ta=65 ℃/90%RH 240h	
6	Humid Heat Cyclic Test	Ta=-10℃~65℃/80~96%RH 240h	
7	Thermal Shock Test	- 1cycle : Ta=-40℃(0.5h) ~ 85℃(0.5h) - 240Cycles	
8	Electro Static Discharge Test	 Panel Surface : ±15kV, Air, Power On Case Top, Cover Bottom : ±10kV, Direct, Power Off (Air : 330pF,2^{kQ} / Direct : 150pF,2^{kQ} / 10 times) 	
9	Shock Test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 50G, 11ms, three times One in each opposite direction of each perpendicular axis	
10	Vibration Test (non-operating)	 - 5Hz to 200Hz logarithm sweep for 20min/cycle. - 5Hz to 12.2Hz:The amplitude is 10mm p-p. - 12.2Hz to 100Hz:The acceleration is 3.0G 0-pk. - 101Hz to 200Hz:The acceleration is 1.5G 0-pk. - 3 axes, 18 sweeps per axis 	
11	Vibration Test Temperature Cycle	-10Hz to 1000Hz, 20.9G, -40℃~70℃ - 8H×3Cycle	

Notes:

1. In the Reliability Test, Confirm performance after leaving in room temp(25 °C)

2. In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problems that may affect the display function 24 hours later after reliability test.

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9. International Standards

9-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1, Second Edition, Underwriters Laboratories Inc. Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-07, Second Edition, Canadian Standards Association. Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.
- c) EN 60950-1:2006 + A11:2009, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC). Information Technology Equipment - Safety - Part 1 : General Requirements.

9-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the council of 27 January 2003



10. Packing

10-1. Designation of Lot Mark

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C: SIZE(INCH)
E: MONTH

D: YEAR F ~ M: SERIAL NO.

Note 1. YEAR

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Mark	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	К

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

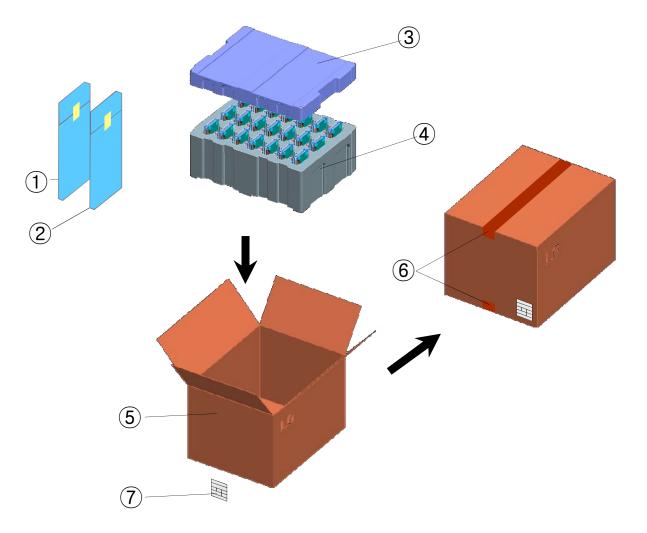
Serial No. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.





10-2. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one box : 42 pcs
- b) Box Size : 478 x 365 x 244 (mm)



NO.	Description	Material				
1	Module	42pcs/1 Box				
2	Bag	PE, 100x210				
3	Packing, Top	EPS				
4	Packing, Bottom	EPS				
5	Box	SWR4, 478X365X244				
6	Таре	OPP 70MMx300m				
7	Label	YUPO Paper 100x70				



11. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the following when you use this TFT LCD module.

11-1. MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes.(Details refer to the drawings)
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force(ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module.

And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.

- (3) Please attach a transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics deteriorate the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- (10) The metal case of a module should be contacted to electrical ground of your system.

11-2. OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (2) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In higher temperature, it becomes lower.)
- (3) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (4) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (5) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.



11-3. ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

11-4. PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

11-5. STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

11-6. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape or a double side tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ionblown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

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