



L24W04/08

Serial EEPROM

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Data Sheet

Revision A

S062A

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L24W04/08
4K/8K 2-Wire (512x8/1,024x8)
3V~5.5V CMOS Serial EEPROM

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Revision history

Rev. No.	Approved date	History	Remark (purpose)
А	2004/4/26	Initial issue	Preliminary

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Features

- Operating voltage: 3V~5.5V
 - Low power consumption - Operation: 5mA max.
 - Standby: 5µA max.
- Internal organization:
 - 4K: 512x8
 - 8K: 1,024x8
- 2-wire Serial Interface
- Write cycle time: 5ms max.

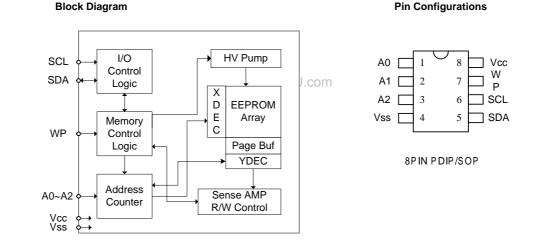
General Description

The L24W04/08 is a 4K/8K-bit serial read/write non-volatile memory device using the CMOS floating gate process. Its 4,096/8,192 bits of memory are organized into 512/1,024 words and each word is 8 bits. The device is optimized for use in many industrial and commercial

• Automatic erase-before-write operation

- Partial page write allowed
- 16-byte Page Write Mode
- Write operation with built-in timer
- Hardware controlled write protection
- 40-year data retention
- 1,000,000 (10⁶) rewrite cycles per word
- Commercial temperature range (0°C to +70°C)
- 8-pin SOP/DIP/TSSOP package

applications where low power and low voltage operation are essential. Up to two L24W04/08 devices may be connected to the same 2-wire bus. The L24W04/08 is guaranteed for 1,000,000 (10^6) erase/write cycles and 40-year data retention.



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Pin Description

T III Description		
Pin Name	I/O	Description
A0~A2	I	Address input
SDA	I/O	Serial data
SCL	I	Serial clock input
WP	I	Write protect
Vss	_	Negative power supply, ground
Vcc	_	Positive power supply

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operating Temperature (Commercial)	0°C to 70°C
Storage Temperature	50°C to 125°C
Applied Vcc Voltage with Respect to Vss	
Applied Voltage on any Pin with Respect to Vss	-0.3V to Vcc+0.3V
Note: These are stress ratings only. Stresses exceeding the range specified under	
Ratings" may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation	of this device at other
conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonge	d exposure to extreme

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Ta=0°C to 70°C

conditions may affect device reliability.

D.C. Characteristics

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Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Tun	Max.	Unit
Symbol	Farameter	Vcc	Conditions		Тур.	IVIAX.	Unit
Vcc	Operating Voltage	_	_	3	_	5.5	V
ICC1	Operating Current	5V	Read at 100kHz	_	_	2	mA
ICC2	Operating Current	5V	Write at 100kHz	_	_	5	mA
VIL	Input Low Voltage	_	_	-1	_	0.3Vcc	V
VIH	Input High Voltage	_	_	0.7Vcc	_	Vcc+0.5	V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	2.4V	IOL=2.1mA	_	-	0.4	V
ILI	Input Leakage Current	5V	VIN=0 or Vcc	_	_	1	uA
ILO	Output Leakage Current	5V	VOUT=0 or Vcc	_	_	1	uA
ISTB1	Standby Current	5V	VIN=0 or Vcc	_	_	5	uA
ISTB2	Standby Current	2.4V	VIN=0 or Vcc	_	_	4	uA
CIN	Input Capacitance (See Note)	_	f=1MHz 25°C	_	_	6	pF
COUT	Output Capacitance (See Note)	-	f=1MHz 25°C	_	_	8	pF

Note: These parameters are periodically sampled but not 100% tested

A.C. Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	DataSheet4U.com Remark		Standard Mode*		Vcc=5V±10%	
-			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
f _{SK}	Clock Frequency	_	-	100	_	400	kHz
t _{HIGH}	Clock High Time	_	4000	_	600	_	ns
t _{LOW}	Clock Low Time	_	4700	I	1200	_	ns
tr	SDA and SCL Rise Time	Note		1000	_	300	ns
tf	SDA and SCL Fall Time	Note	_	300	-	300	ns
t _{HD:STA}	START Condition Hold Time	After this period the first clock pulse is generated	4000	Ι	600	_	ns
t _{SU:STA}	START Condition Setup Time	Only relevant for repeated START condition	4000	١	600	_	ns
t _{HD:DAT}	Data Input Hold Time	_	0	_	0	_	ns
t _{SU:DAT}	Data Input Setup Time	_	200	_	100	_	ns
t _{SU:STO}	STOP Condition Setup Time	_	4000	I	600	_	ns
t _{AA}	Output Valid from Clock	_	_	3500	-	900	ns
t _{BUF}		Time in which the bus must be free before a new transmission can start	4700		1200	_	ns
t _{SP}	Input Filter Time Constant (SDA and SCL Pins)	Noise suppression time	_	100	_	50	ns
t _{WR}	Write Cycle Time	_	-	5	_	5	ms

Notes: These parameters are periodically sampled but not 100% tested

* The standard mode means Vcc=3V to 5.5V For relative timing, refer to timing diagrams

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Functional Description

- Serial clock (SCL) The SCL input is used for positive edge clock data into each EEPROM device and negative edge clock data out of each device.
- Serial data (SDA)

The SDA pin is bidirectional for serial data transfer. The pin is open drain driven and may be wired-OR with any number of other open drain or open collector devices.

A0, A1, A2 The L24W04/08 uses the A2 input for hard wire addressing and a total of two 8K devices may be addressed on a single bus system. The A0

and A1 pins have no connection.

• Write protect (WP)

The L24W04/08 has a write protect pin that provides hardware data protection. The write protect pin allows normal read/write operations when the connection is grounded. When the write protect pin is connected to Vcc, the write protection feature is enabled and operates as shown in the following table.

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WP Pin Status	Protect Array			
At Vcc	Full Array (4K/8K)			
At Vss	Normal Read/Write operations			

Memory Organization

Internally organized with 512/1,024 8-bit words, the 4K/8K requires a 10-bit data word address for random word addressing.

Device Operations

Clock and data transition

Data transfer may be initiated only when the bus is not busy. During data transfer, the data line must remain stable whenever the clock line is high. Changes in data line while the clock line is high will be interpreted as a START or STOP condition.

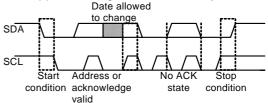
• Start condition

A high-to-low transition of SDA with SCL high is a start condition which must precede any other command (refer to Start and Stop Definition Timing diagram).

Stop condition A low-to-high transition of SDA with SCL high is a stop condition. After a read sequence, the stop command will place the EEPROM in a standby power mode (refer to Start and Stop Definition Timing Diagram).

Acknowledge

All addresses and data words are serially transmitted to and from the EEPROM in 8-bit words. The EEPROM sends a zero to acknowledge that it has received each word. This happens during the ninth clock cycle.



Device Addressing

The 4K/8K EEPROM device requires an 8-bit device address word following a start condition to enable the chip for a read or write operation. The device address word consists of a mandatory one, zero sequence for the first four most significant bits (refer to the diagram showing the Device Address). This is common to all EEPROM devices.

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The 4K/8K EEPROM uses the A2 device address bit with the next two bits for memory page addressing. The A2 bit must compare its corresponding hard-wired input pin. The A1 and A0 pins have no connection.

These page addressing bits on the 8K device should be considered the most significant bits of the data word address which follows. The A0, A1 and A2 pins have no connection.

The 8th bit device address is the read/write operation select bit. A read operation is initiated if this bit is high and a write operation is initiated if this bit is low.

If the comparison of the device address succeeds the EEPROM will output a zero at ACK bit. If not, the chip will return to a standby state.

1	0	1	0	A2	A1	A0	R/W

Device Address

Write Operations

Byte write

A write operation requires an 8-bit data word address following the device address word and acknowledgment. Upon receipt of this address, the EEPROM will again respond with a zero

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and then clock in the first 8-bit data word. After receiving the 8-bit data word, the EEPROM will output a zero and the addressing device, such as a microcontroller, must terminate the write sequence with a stop condition. At this time the EEPROM enters an internally-timed write cycle to the nonvolatile memory. All inputs are disabled during this write cycle and EEPROM will not respond until write is complete (refer to Byte write timing).

Page write

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The 4K/8K EEPROM is capable of a 16-byte page write. A page write is initiated in the same way as a byte write, but the microcontroller does not send a stop condition after the first data word is clocked in. Instead, after the EEPROM acknowledges the receipt of the first data word, the microcontroller can transmit up to 15 more data words. The EEPROM will respond with a zero after each data word received. The microcontroller must terminate the page write sequence with a stop condition (refer to Page write timing).

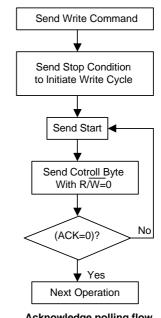
The data word address lower four bits are internally incremented following the receipt of eet4U.com et4U.com each data word. The higher data word address bits are not incremented, retaining the memory page row location.

Acknowledge polling

Byte write timing

To maximize bus throughput, one technique is to allow the master to poll for an acknowledge signal after the start condition and the control byte for a write command have been sent. If the

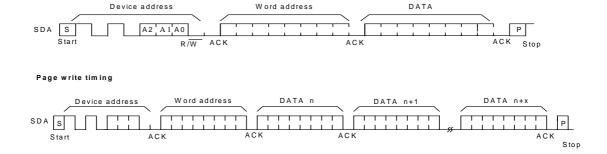
device is still busy implementing its write cycle, then no ACK will be returned. The master can send the next read/write command when the ACK signal has finally been received.



Acknowledge polling flow

Write protect

The L24W04/08 has a write-protect function and programming will then be inhibited when the WP pin is connected to Vcc. Under this mode, the L24W04/08 is used as a serial ROM.



- Read operations The L24W04/08 supports three read operations, namely, current address read, random address read and sequential read. During read operation execution, the read/ write select bit should be set to "1".
- Current address read The internal data word address counter maintains the last address accessed during the last read or write operation, incremented by one. This address stays valid between operations as long as the chip power is maintained. The addresses roll over during

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read from the last byte of the last memory page to the first byte of the first page. The addresses roll over during write from the last byte of the current page to the first byte of the same page. Once the device address with the read/write select bit set to one is clocked in and acknowledged by the EEPROM, the current address data word is serially clocked out. The microcontroller should respond with a "no ACK" signal (high) followed by a stop condition (refer to Current read timing).

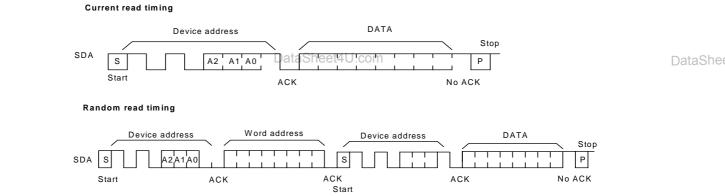
Random read

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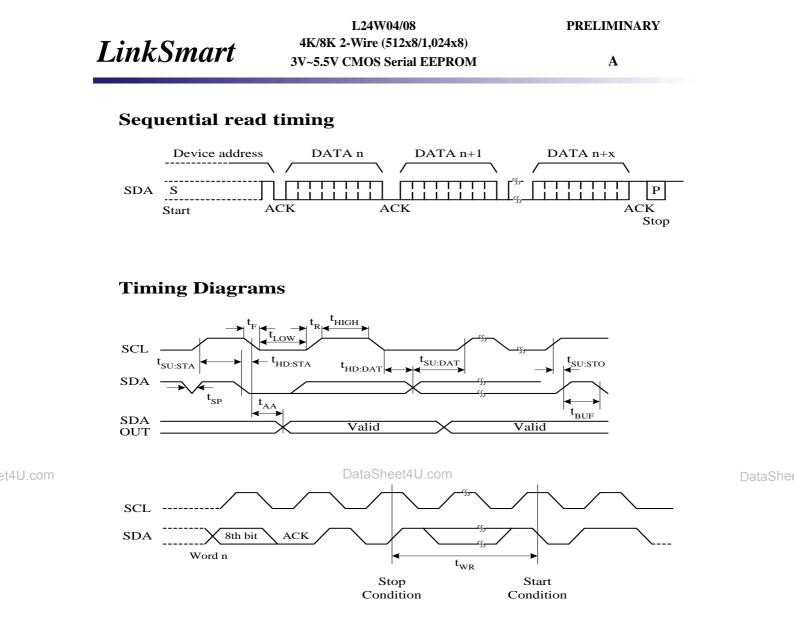
A random read requires a dummy byte write sequence to load in the data word address which is then clocked in and acknowledged by the EEPROM. The microcontroller must then generate another start condition. The microcontroller now initiates a current address read by sending a device address with the read/write select bit high. The EEPROM acknowledges the device address and serially clocks out the data word. The microcontroller should respond with a "no ACK" signal (high) followed by a stop condition (refer to Random read timing).

Sequential read

Sequential reads are initiated by either a current address read or a random address read. After the microcontroller receives a data word, it responds with an acknowledgment. As long as the EEPROM receives an acknowledgment, it will continue to increment the data word address and serially clock out sequential data words. When the memory address limit is reached, the data word address will roll over and the sequential read continues. The sequential read operation is terminated when the microcontroller responds with a "no ACK" signal (high) followed by a stop condition.



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Note: The write cycle time t_{WR} is the time from a valid stop condition of a write sequence to the end of the valid start condition of sequential command.

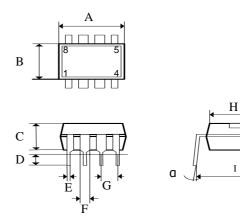
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4K/8K 2-Wire (512x8/1,024x8) 3V~5.5V CMOS Serial EEPROM

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Package Information 8-pin DIP (300mil) Outline Dimensions

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L24W04/08

Symbol	Dimensions in mil				
Symbol	Min.	Nom	Мах		
А	355	-	375		
В	240	-	260		
С	125	-	135		
D	125 DataShe	et4U.com -	145		
E	16	-	20		
F	50	-	70		
G	-	100	-		
Н	295	-	315		
Ι	335	-	375		
	0°	-	15°		

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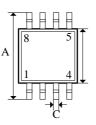
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8-pin SOP (150mil) Outline Dimensions







Symbol	Dimensions in mil				
Symbol	Min.	Nom	Max		
A	228	-	244		
В	149	-	157		
С	14	-	20		
С	189 DataShe	et4U.com -	197		
D	53	-	69		
E	-	50	-		
F	4	-	10		
G	22	-	28		
Н	4	-	12		
	0°	-	10°		

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4K/8K 2-Wire (512x8/1,024x8)

3V~5.5V CMOS Serial EEPROM

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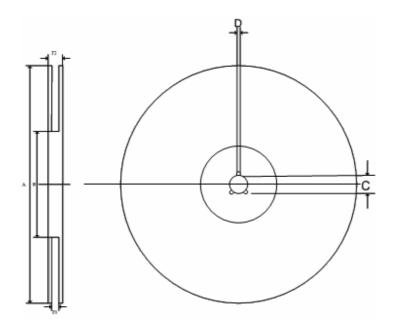
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L24W04/08 4K/8K 2-Wire (512x8/1,024x8)

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Product Tape and Reel Specifications Reel Dimensions

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3V~5.5V CMOS Serial EEPROM

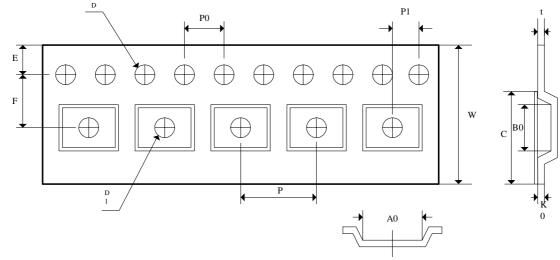
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P 8PIN DataSheet411.com				
Symbol	Description	Dimensions in mm		
А	Reel Outer Diameter	330±1.0		
В	Reel Inner Diameter	62±1.5		
С	Spindle Hole Diameter	13.0+0.5 -0.2		
D	Key Slit Width	2.0±0.15		
T1	Space Between Flange	12.8+0.3 -0.2		
T2	Reel Thickness	12.8±0.2		

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SOP 8PIN

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Symbol	Description	Dimensions in mm
W	Carrier Tape Width	12.0+0.3
Р	Cavity Pitch	-0.1 8.0±0.1
E	Perforation Position	1.75±0.1
F	Cavity to Perforation (Width Direction)	5.5±0.1
D	Perforation Diameter	1.55±0.1
D1	Cavity Hole Diameter	1.5+0.25
P0	Perforation Pitch	4.0±0.1
P1	Cavity to Perforation (Length Direction)	2.0±0.1
A0	Cavity Length	6.4±0.1
B0	Cavity Width	5.20±0.1
K0	Cavity Depth	2.1±0.1
t	Carrier Tape Thickness	0.3±0.05
С	Cover Tape Width	9.3

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Part Number Information

L	24	W	08	С	J	
LinkSmart	EEPROM Based Products	Voltage	Density 02 : 2K	Version A : Version A	Package K : PDIP 8L	
			02 : 2K 04 : 4K	C : Version C	J : SOP 8L	
24 : Serial EEPROM		\downarrow	08 : 8K 16 : 16K			
		C : 4.5~5.5V W : 3.3~5.5V M : 2.2~5.5V	32 : 32K 64 : 64K			

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Application

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- Serial EEPROM are ideal non-volatile cost effective memory solutions in applications that require: • Low voltage and current for handheld battery applications as in a keyless entry transmitter
 - Small footprint and board space as in cellular phone applications
 - BYTE level ERASE, WRITE, and READ of data as in a TV tuner
 - Multiple non-volatile functions in the same application such as a VCR
 - Low availability of microcontroller I/O lines

The typical functions that serial EEPROM are utilized for are:

- Memory storage of channel selectors or analog controls (volume, tone, etc.) in consumer electronics products e.g. DVD, VCD, CD...
- Electronic real time event or maintenance logs such as page counting in office automation products. Also, configuration or DIP switch storage in office automation products
- Power down storage and retrieval of events such as fault detection or error diagnostics in automotive products
- Last number redial storage and speed dial number storage in telecom products
- User in-circuit reprogrammable looks up tables such as bar code readers, point-of-sale terminals, environmental controls and other industrial products.

Other application examples include:

- Data storage from a learn function as in a remote control transmitter
- Reprogrammable calibration data for test equipment or analog interface products
- ID number storage for security or remote access for electronic keys and entry databases

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	ROM Selection Guid	Page Write	Write Cycle		Operating	
P/N	(Int. Organization)	•	Time (max)	Endurance	Voltage	Package
L24C02	2K-bits (256x8)	8-bytes	5ms	10 ⁶	4.5V~5.5V	SOP/DIP/TSSOP
L24W02	2K-bits (256x8)	8-bytes	5ms	10 ⁶	3V~5.5V	SOP/DIP/TSSOP
L24M04	4K-bits (512x8)	16-bytes	5ms	10 ⁶	2.2V~5.5V	SOP/DIP/TSSOP
L24W04	4K-bits (512x8)	16-bytes	5ms	10 ⁶	3V~5.5V	SOP/DIP/TSSOP
L24M08	8K-bits (1,024x8)	16-bytes	5ms	10 ⁶	2.2V~5.5V	SOP/DIP/TSSOP
L24W08	8K-bits (1,024x8)	16-bytes	5ms	10 ⁶	3V~5.5V	SOP/DIP/TSSOP
L24W16	16K-bits (2,048x8)	32-bytes	10ms	10 ⁵	2.7V~5.5V	SOP/DIP/TSSOP
L24W32	32K-bits (4,096x8)	32-bytes	10ms	10 ⁵	2.7V~5.5V	SOP/DIP/TSSOP
L24W64	64K-bits (8,192x6)	32-bytes	10ms	10 ⁵	2.7V~5.5V	SOP/DIP/TSSOP

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