

KS54AHCT 191
KS74AHCT

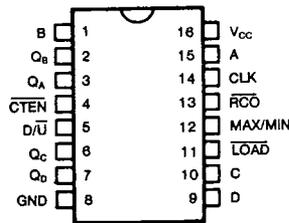
Synchronous 4-Bit Up/Down Binary Counters

T-45-23-09

FEATURES

- Single down/up count control line
- Look-ahead circuitry enhances speed of cascaded counters
- Fully synchronous in count modes
- Asynchronously presettable with load control
- Function, pin-out, speed and drive compatibility with 54/74ALS logic family
- Low power consumption characteristic of CMOS
- High-Drive-Current outputs:
I_{OL} = 8 mA @ V_{OL} = 0.5V
- Inputs and outputs interface directly with TTL, NMOS and CMOS devices
- Wide operating voltage range: 4.5V to 5.5V
- Characterized for operation over industrial and military temperature ranges:
KS74AHCT: -40°C to +85°C
KS54AHCT: -55°C to +125°C
- Package options include plastic "small outline" packages, standard plastic and ceramic 300-mil DIPs

PIN CONFIGURATION



FUNCTION TABLE

OPERATING MODE	INPUTS					OUTPUTS Q _n
	LOAD	D/U	CTEN	CLK	Input	
parallel load	L L	X X	X X	X X	L H	L H
count up	H	L	I	I	X	count up
count down	H	H	I	I	X	count down
hold (do nothing)	H	X	H	X	X	no change

RCO AND MAX/MIN FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS		TERMINAL COUNT STATE				OUTPUTS	
D/U	CTEN	CLK	Q _A	Q _B	Q _C	Q _D	MAX/MIN RCO
H	H	X	H	X	X	H	L H
L	H	X	H	X	X	H	H H
L	L	┐	H	X	X	H	L H
L	H	X	L	L	L	L	L H
H	H	X	L	L	L	L	H H
H	L	┐	L	L	L	L	L H

H = HIGH voltage level
L = LOW voltage level
I = LOW voltage level one setup time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH CLK transition
X = Don't care
┐ = LOW-to-HIGH CLK transition
┌ = one LOW level pulse
└ = MAX/MIN goes LOW ON A LOW-to-HIGH CLK transition

DESCRIPTION

These are high-speed synchronous, reversible 4-bit binary counters. Synchronous counting operation is provided by having all flip-flops clocked simultaneously so that the outputs change with each other when so instructed by the steering logic. This mode of operation eliminates the output counting spikes normally associated with asynchronous (ripple clock) counters.

The outputs of the four flip-flops are triggered on a low-to-high-level transition of the clock input if the enable input (CTEN) is low. A high at CTEN inhibits counting. The direction of the count is determined by the level of the down/up (D/U) input. When D/U is low, the counter counts up and when D/U is high, it counts down.

These counters feature a fully independent clock circuit. Changes at the control inputs (CTEN and D/U) that will modify the operating mode have no effect on the contents of the counter until clocking occurs. The function of the counter will be dictated solely by the condition meeting the stable setup and hold times.

These counters are fully programmable; that is, the outputs may each be preset to either level by placing a low on the load input and entering the desired data at the data inputs. The output will change to agree with the data inputs independently of the level of the clock input. This feature allows the counters to be used as modulo-N dividers by simply modifying the count length with the preset inputs.

Two outputs have been made available to perform the cascading function: ripple clock and maximum/minimum count. The latter output produces a high-level output pulse with a duration approximately equal to one complete cycle of the clock while the count is zero (all outputs low) counting down or maximum (9 or 15) counting up. The ripple clock output produces a low-level output pulse under those same conditions but only while the clock output to the enable input of the succeeding counter if parallel clocking is used, or to the clock input if parallel enabling is used. The maximum/minimum count output can be used to accomplish look-ahead for high-speed operation.

These devices provide speeds and drive capability equivalent to their ALSTTL counterparts and yet maintain CMOS power levels. The input and output voltage levels allow direct interface with TTL, NMOS and CMOS devices without any external components.

All inputs and outputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{cc} and ground.

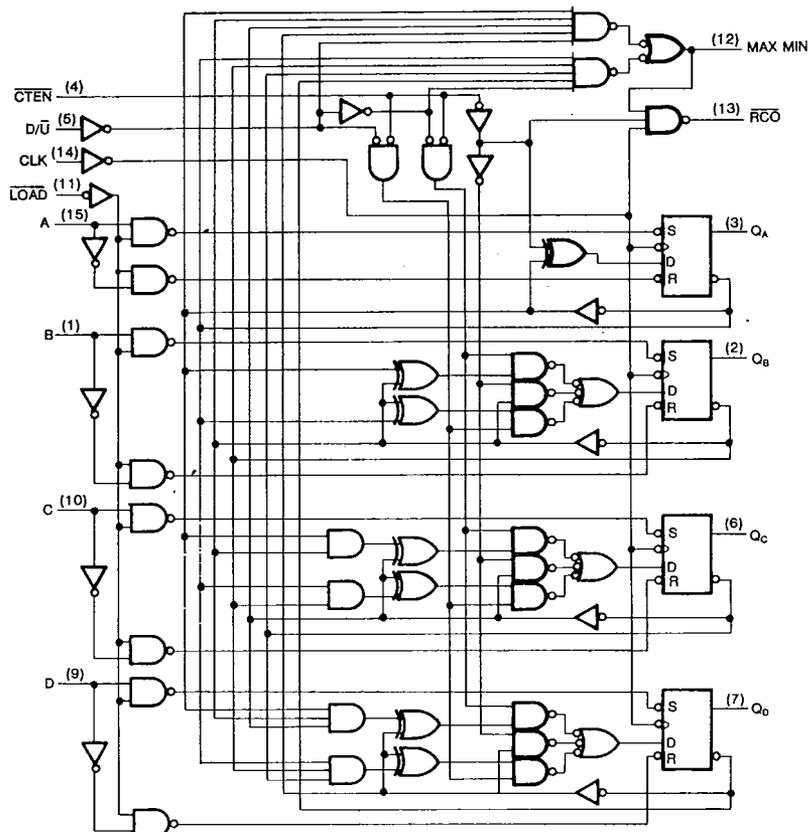
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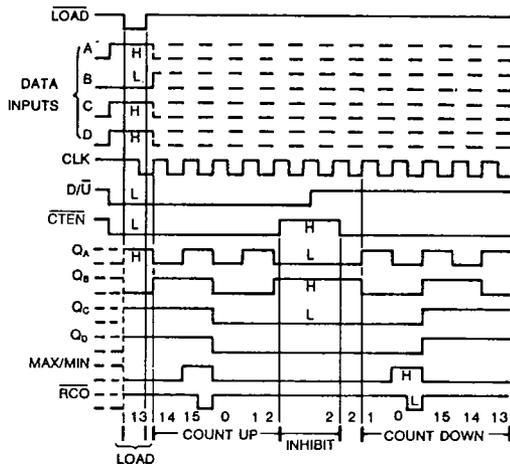
Synchronous 4-Bit Up/Down Binary Counters

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LOGIC DIAGRAM



Typical Load, Count, and Inhibit Sequence



- Sequence:
 (1) Load (preset) to binary thirteen
 (2) Count up to fourteen, fifteen, zero, one, and two
 (3) Inhibit
 (4) Count down to one, zero, fifteen, fourteen, and thirteen

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Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Supply Voltage Range V_{CC} -0.5V to +7V
 DC Input Diode Current, I_{IK}
 ($V_I < -0.5V$ or $V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5V$) ± 20 mA
 DC Output Diode Current, I_{OK}
 ($V_O < -0.5V$ or $V_O > V_{CC} + 0.5V$) ± 20 mA
 Continuous Output Current Per Pin, I_O
 ($-0.5V < V_O < V_{CC} + 0.5V$) ± 35 mA
 Continuous Current Through
 V_{CC} or GND pins ± 125 mA
 Storage Temperature Range, T_{stg} -65°C to +150°C
 Power Dissipation Per Package, P_d † 500 mW

* Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which permanent damage to the device may occur. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at or beyond them is not implied. Long exposure to these conditions may affect device reliability.

† Power Dissipation temperature derating:
 Plastic Package (N): -12mW/°C from 65°C to 85°C
 Ceramic Package (J): -12mW/°C from 100°C to 125°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

Supply Voltage, V_{CC} 4.5V to 5.5V
 DC Input & Output Voltages*, V_{IN} , V_{OUT} 0V to V_{CC}
 Operating Temperature Range
 KS74AHCT: -40°C to +85°C
 KS54AHCT: -55°C to +125°C
 Input Rise & Fall Times, t_r , t_f Max 500 ns

* Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (either V_{CC} or GND)

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC}=5V \pm 10\%$ Unless Otherwise Specified)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	$T_a = 25^\circ C$				Unit
			Typ	Guaranteed Limits			
Minimum High-Level Input Voltage	V_{IH}			2.0	2.0	2.0	V
Maximum Low-Level Input Voltage	V_{IL}			0.8	0.8	0.8	V
Minimum High-Level Output Voltage	V_{OH}	$V_{IN}=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $I_O = -20\mu A$ $I_O = -4mA$	V_{CC} 4.2	$V_{CC} - 0.1$ 3.98	$V_{CC} - 0.1$ 3.84	$V_{CC} - 0.1$ 3.7	V
Maximum Low-Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}	$V_{IN}=V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $I_O = 20\mu A$ $I_O = 4mA$ $I_O = 8mA$	0	0.1 0.26 0.39	0.1 0.33 0.5	0.1 0.4	V
Maximum Input Current	I_{IN}	$V_{IN}=V_{CC}$ or GND		± 0.1	± 1.0	± 1.0	μA
Maximum Quiescent Supply Current	I_{CC}	$V_{IN}=V_{CC}$ or GND $I_{OUT}=0\mu A$		8.0	80.0	160.0	μA
Additional Worst Case Supply Current	ΔI_{CC}	per input pin $V_I = 2.4V$ other inputs: at V_{CC} or GND $I_{OUT}=0\mu A$		2.7	2.9	3.0	mA

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AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Input $t_r, t_f \leq 2$ ns), AHCT191

Characteristic	Symbol	Conditions†	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	KS74AHCT		KS54AHCT		Unit
			$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$	$T_a = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$	$T_a = -55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V} \pm 10\%$		
			Typ	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Maximum Clock Frequency	f_{max}		50	30		25		MHz
Propagation Delay, LOAD to any Q	t_{PLH}	$C_L = 50\text{pF}$	18		30		36	ns
	t_{PHL}		18		30		36	
Propagation Delay, A,B,C, D to any Q	t_{PLH}		13		21		25	ns
	t_{PHL}		13		21		25	
Propagation Delay, CLK to \overline{RCO}	t_{PLH}		12		20		24	ns
	t_{PHL}		12		20		24	
Propagation Delay, CLK to any Q	t_{PLH}		11		18		22	ns
	t_{PHL}		11		18		22	
Propagation Delay, CLK to MAX/MIN	t_{PLH}		19		31		37	ns
	t_{PHL}		19		31		37	
Propagation Delay, D/ \overline{U} to RCO	t_{PLH}		19		32		38	ns
	t_{PHL}		19		32		38	
Propagation Delay, D/ \overline{U} to MAX/MIN	t_{PLH}		15		25		30	
	t_{PHL}		15		25		30	
Propagation Delay, \overline{CTEN} to \overline{RCO}	t_{PLH}		11		18		22	ns
	t_{PHL}		11		18		22	
Pulse Width	CLK High or Low	t_w	10		17		20	ns
	LOAD Low		12		20		25	
Setup Time	Data before $\overline{LOAD}\dagger$	t_{su}	10	17		20		ns
	\overline{CTEN} before CLK†		10	17		20		
	D/ \overline{U} before CLK†		10	17		20		
	LOAD Inactive before CLK†		10	17		20		
Hold Time	Data after $\overline{LOAD}\dagger$	t_h	2	4		5		ns
	\overline{CTEN} after CLK†		-3	0		0		
	D/ \overline{U} after CLK†		-3	0		0		
Input Capacitance	C_{IN}		5				pF	
Power Dissipation Capacitance*	C_{PD}		80				pF	

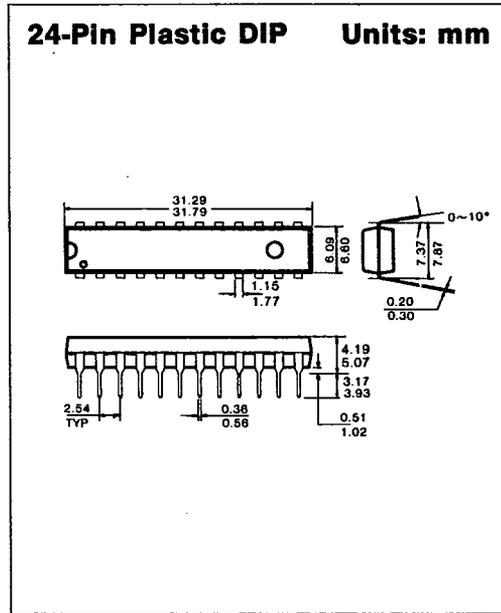
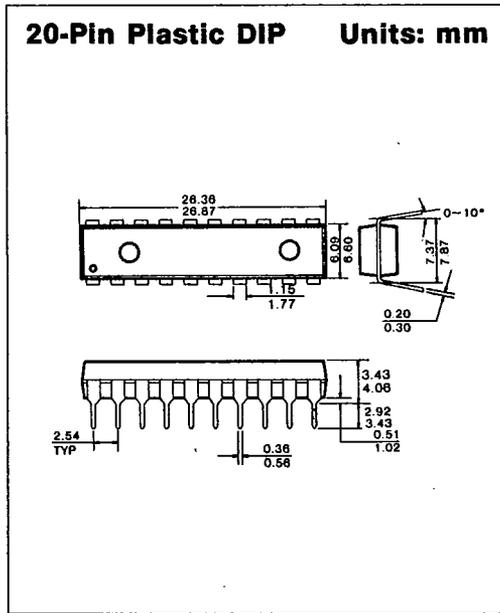
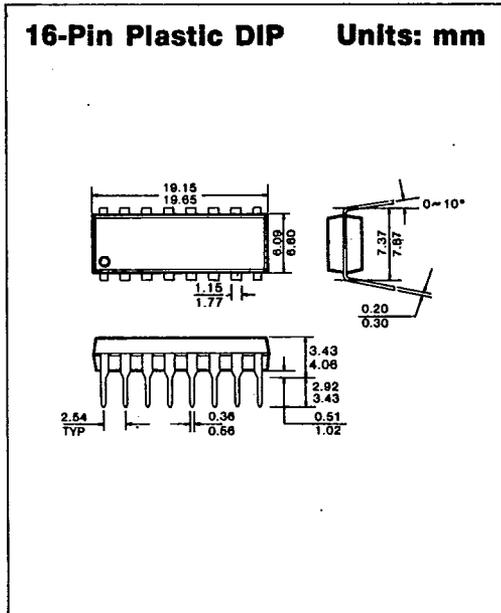
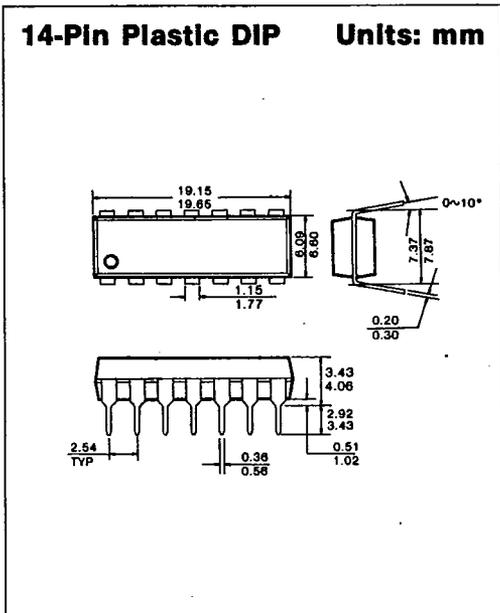
* C_{PD} determines the no-load dynamic power dissipation: $P_D = C_{PD} V_{CC}^2 f + I_{CC} V_{CC}$.

† For AC switching test circuits and timing waveforms see section 2.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

T-90-20

1. PLASTIC PACKAGES



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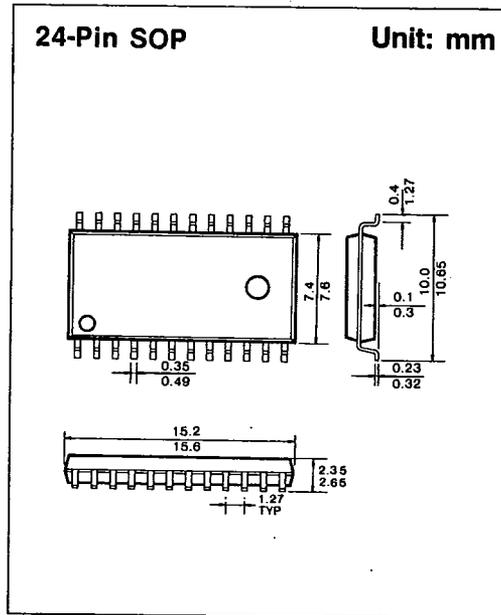
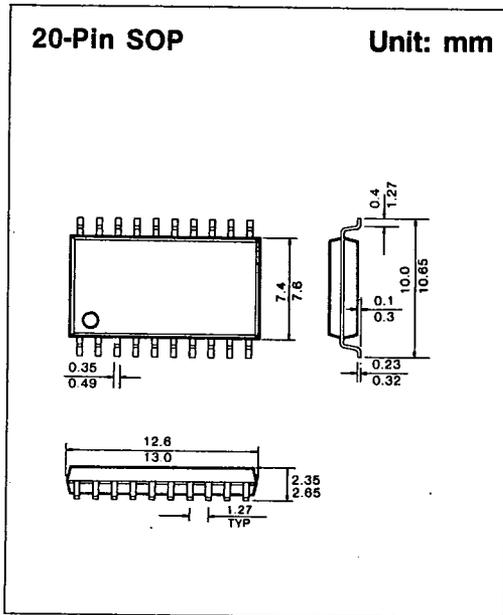
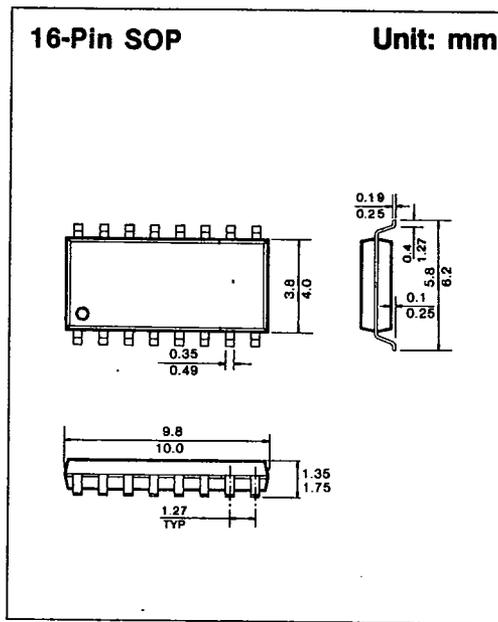
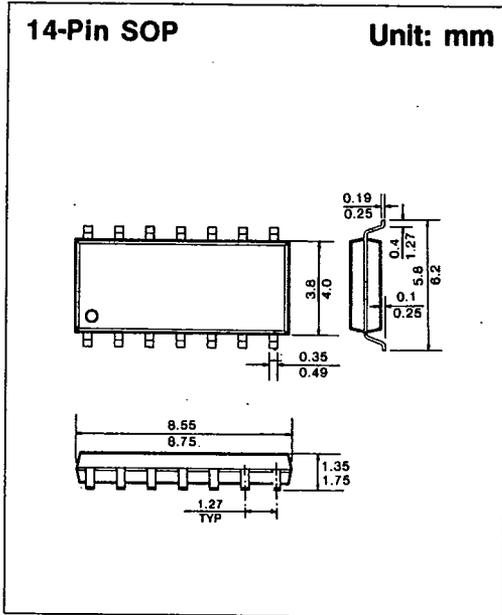
SAMSUNG SEMICONDUCTOR

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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

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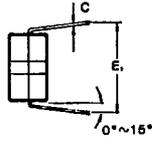
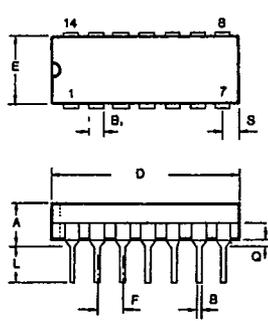


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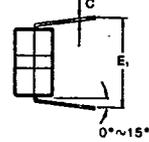
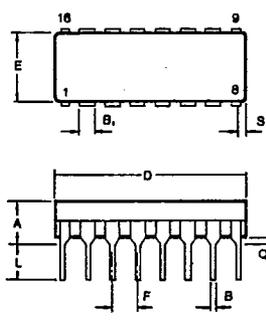
2. CERAMIC PACKAGES

14-Pin Ceramic DIP Units: mm



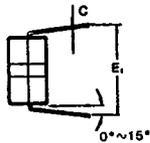
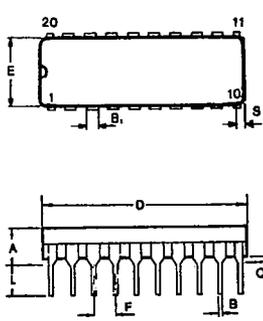
Dim	Millimeters	
	Min	Max
A	—	5.08
B	0.38	0.58
B1	1.40	1.78
C	0.20	0.38
D	18.16	19.58
E	8.10	7.49
E1	7.62	10.03
F	2.54	
L	3.18	4.19
Q	0.51	1.02
S	1.91	2.29

16-Pin Ceramic DIP Units: mm



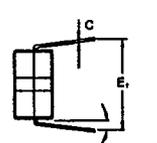
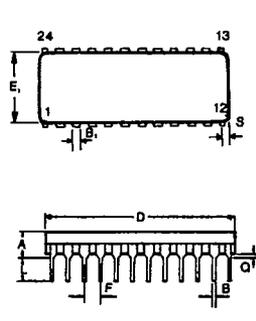
Dim	Millimeters	
	Min	Max
A	—	5.08
B	0.38	0.58
B1	1.40	1.78
C	0.20	0.38
D	19.05	19.94
E	8.10	7.49
E1	7.62	10.03
F	2.54	
L	3.18	4.19
Q	0.51	1.02
S	0.51	1.14

20-Pin Ceramic DIP Units: mm



Dim	Millimeters	
	Min	Max
A	4.06	5.08
B	0.38	0.53
B1	1.14	1.52
C	0.20	0.38
D	25.78	26.93
E	8.10	8.60
E1	7.77	7.88
F	2.54	
L	3.73	4.01
Q	0.38	0.89
S	0.51	1.14

24-Pin Ceramic DIP Units: mm



Dim	Millimeters	
	Min	Max
A	4.06	5.08
B	0.38	0.53
B1	1.14	1.52
C	0.20	0.38
D	31.50	32.84
E	7.24	7.75
E1	7.77	7.98
F	2.54	
L	3.73	4.01
Q	0.508	1.778
S	1.85	1.93

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