

SPEC. NO.

TQ3C-8EAC0-E1DDD21-00

DATE

January 26, 2005

## SPEC

FOR :

TYPE:KCG075VG2BG-G00

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Issued

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KYOCERA

Hayato LCD Division

KYOCERA CORPORATION  
KAGOSHIMA HAYATO PLANT  
LCD DIVISION

This specification is subject to change.  
Consult Kyocera before ordering.

Original	Designed by :Engineering Dept.			Confirmed by :QA Dept.	
Issue Data	Prepared	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
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## Caution

1. This Kyocera LCD module has been specifically designed for use only in electronic devices in the areas of audio control, office automation, industrial control, home appliances, etc. The modules should not be used in applications where module failure could result in physical harm or loss of life, and Kyocera expressly disclaims any and all liability relating in any way to the use of the module in such applications.
2. Customer agrees to indemnify, defend and hold Kyocera harmless from and against any and all actions, claims, losses, damages, liabilities, awards, costs, and expenses, including legal fees, resulting from or arising out of Customer's use, or sale for use, of Kyocera modules in applications.
3. Kyocera shall have the right, which Customer hereby acknowledges, to immediately scrap or destroy tooling for Kyocera modules for which no Purchase Orders have been received from the Customer in a two-year period.

Revision Record

Date	Designed by: Engineering Dept.			Confirmed by: QA Dept.	
	Prepared	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
Rev. No.	Date	Page	Descriptions		

## 1. Application

This data sheet defines the specification for a  $(640 \times \text{R.G.B}) \times 480$  dot, STN Transmissive color dot matrix type Liquid Crystal Display with CFL backlight.

## 2. Construction and Outline

$(640 \times \text{R.G.B}) \times 480$  dots, COG type LCD with CFL backlight.

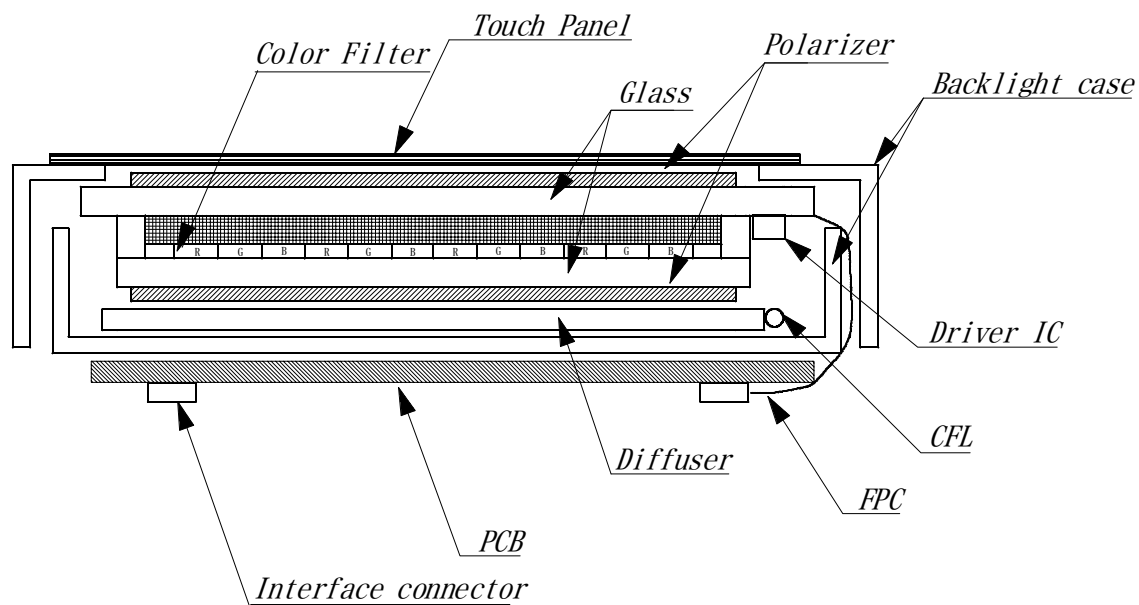
Backlight system : CFL (2 tubes).

Inverter : Option  
Recommended Inverter : CXA-0217 (TDK)  
(Old Part Number : CXA-P1212-VJL)  
or equivalent

Polarizer : Glare treatment.

Additional circuit : Bias voltage circuit, Randomizing circuit, DC-DC Converter

Touch Panel : Analog type. Non-Glare treatment.



This drawing is showing conception only.

### 3. Mechanical Specifications

#### 3-1. LCD

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	UNIT
Outline dimensions	184 (W) × 139.8 (H) × 14.45 (D)	mm
Effective viewing area	153.7 (W) × 115.8 (H)	mm
Dot number	(640×R.G.B) (W) × 480 (H)	Dots
Dot size	0.059 (W) × 0.217 (H)	mm
Dot pitch	0.079 (W) × 0.237 (H)	mm
Display color *1	White *2	—
Base color *1	Black *2	—
Mass	(350)	g

\*1 Due to the characteristics of the LC material, the color vary with environmental temperature.

\*2 Negative-type display

Display data "H" :R.G.B Dots ON : White

Display data "L" :R.G.B Dots OFF : Black

#### 3-2. Mechanical Specifications of touch panel

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	UNIT
Input	Radius-0.8 stylus or Finger	—
Actuation Force	0.05~0.8	N
Transmittance	Typ. 83	%
Surface hardness	pencil hardness 2H or more according	—

## 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

### 4-1. Electrical absolute maximum ratings

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage for logic	VDD	0	6.0	V
Supply voltage for LCD driving	VCONT	0	VDD	V
Input signal voltage *1	Vin	0	VDD	V
Frame frequency	f <sub>FRM</sub>	—	(120)	Hz
Touch panel supply voltage	Vtp	0	6.0	V
Touch panel Input current	Itp	0	0.5	mA

\*1 Input signal : CP, LOAD, FRM, DISP, D0~D7

### 4-2. Environmental absolute maximum ratings

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Operating temperature *1	Top	0	60	°C
Storage temperature *2	T <sub>STO</sub>	-20	60	°C
Operating humidity *3	Hop	10	*4	%RH
Storage humidity *3	H <sub>STO</sub>	10	*4	%RH
Vibration	—	*5	*5	—
Shock	—	*6	*6	—

\*1 LCD's display quality shall not be guaranteed at the temperature range of :  
below 0°C and upper 40°C.

\*2 Temp. = -20°C < 48 h , Temp = 60°C < 168 h  
Store LCD panel at normal temperature/humidity.  
Keep it free from vibration and shock.  
LCD panel that is kept at low or high temperature for a long time can be defective due to  
the other conditions, even if the temperature satisfies standard.  
(Please refers to 16. Precautions for use as detail).

\*3 Non-condensation.

\*4 Temp.  $\leq 40^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 85% RH Max.

Temp.  $> 40^{\circ}\text{C}$ , Absolute Humidity shall be less than 85%RH at  $40^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

\*5

Frequency	10~55 Hz	Converted to acceleration value : (0.3~9 m/s <sup>2</sup> )
Vibration width	0.15 mm	
Interval	10-55-10 Hz	1 minute

2 hours in each direction X/Y/Z (6 hours as total)

EIAJ ED-2531

\*6 Acceleration: 490m/s<sup>2</sup>

Pulse width : 11 ms

3 times in each direction :  $\pm X/\pm Y/\pm Z$ .

EIAJ ED-2531

## 5. Electrical Characteristics

### 5-1. VDD = 5.00V

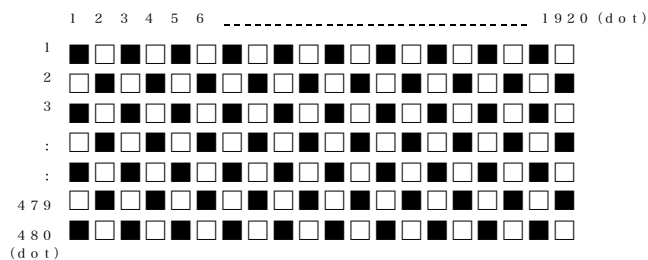
VDD = 5.00V  $\pm$  0.25V, Temp. = 0~60°C

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage for logic	VDD	—	4.75	5.00	5.25	V
LCD driving voltage *1	Vop= VCONT	0 °C	(1.35)	—	—	V
		25 °C	(1.45)	(1.95)	(2.45)	V
		60 °C	—	—	(2.55)	V
Input voltage (FRM, LOAD, CP, DISP, D0~D7)	Vin	"H" level	0.8VDD	—	VDD	V
		"L" level	0	—	0.2VDD	V
Input current	Iin	Input signal	-100	—	100	$\mu$ A
Rush current for logic	Irush	When rush current happens	3.0A (Peak) $\times$ 1ms			
Clock frequency	f <sub>cp</sub>	—	8.10	8.68	9.26	MHz
Frame frequency *2	f <sub>FRM</sub>	—	70	75	80	Hz
Current consumption for logic	IDD	*3	—	(62)	(80)	mA
Power consumption	Pdisp		—	(310)	(400)	mW

\*1 Maximum contrast ratio is obtained by adjusting the LCD supply voltage ( Vop= VCONT ) for driving LCD.

\*2 In consideration of display quality, it is recommended that frame frequency is set in the range of 70~80Hz. When you have to use higher frame and clock frequencies, confirm the LCD's performance and quality prior to finalizing the frequency values:  
Generally, as frame and clock frequencies become higher current consumption will get bigger and display quality will be degraded.

\*3 Display high frequency pattern, ( see below ).  
VDD = 5.0V , Vop = VCONT , f<sub>FRM</sub> = 75 Hz , f<sub>cp</sub> = 8.68MHz, Temp = 25°C  
Pattern:



\* We recommend that you should set 1/482 duty so as to get high LCD's display quality.



## 5-2. VDD = 3.30V

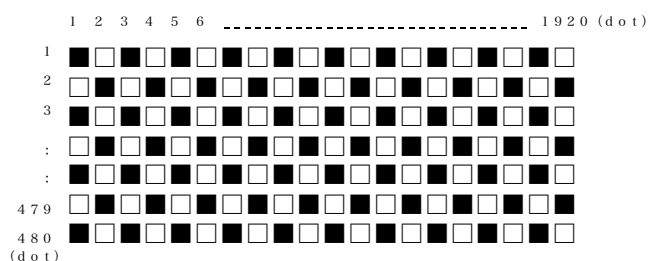
VDD = 3.30V  $\pm$  0.30V, Temp. = 0~60°C

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage for logic	VDD	—	3.00	3.30	3.60	V
LCD driving voltage *1	Vop= VCONT	0 °C	(1.35)	—	—	V
		25 °C	(1.45)	(1.95)	(2.45)	V
		60 °C	—	—	(2.55)	V
Input voltage (FRM, LOAD, CP, DISP, D0~D7)	Vin	"H" level	0.8VDD	—	VDD	V
		"L" level	0	—	0.2VDD	V
Input current	Iin	Input signal	-100	—	100	$\mu$ A
Rush current for logic	Irush	When rush current happens	3.0A (Peak) $\times$ 1ms			
Clock frequency	f <sub>cp</sub>	—	8.10	8.68	9.26	MHz
Frame frequency *2	f <sub>FRM</sub>	—	70	75	80	Hz
Current consumption for logic	IDD	*3	—	(85)	(110)	mA
Power consumption	Pdisp		—	(280)	(365)	mW

\*1 Maximum contrast ratio is obtained by adjusting the LCD supply voltage ( Vop= VCONT ) for driving LCD.

\*2 In consideration of display quality, it is recommended that frame frequency is set in the range of 70~80Hz. When you have to use higher frame and clock frequencies, confirm the LCD's performance and quality prior to finalizing the frequency values:  
Generally, as frame and clock frequencies become higher current consumption will get bigger and display quality will be degraded.

\*3 Display high frequency pattern, ( see below ).  
VDD = 3.3V , Vop = VCONT , f<sub>FRM</sub> = 75 Hz , f<sub>cp</sub> = 8.68MHz, Temp = 25°C  
Pattern:



\* We recommend that you should set 1/482 duty so as to get high LCD's display quality.

## 5-3. Touch Panel

### 5-3-1. Terminal resistance

Between xL and xR : 200 ~ 1000  $\Omega$

Between yU and yL : 200 ~ 1000  $\Omega$

### 5-3-2. Linearity

$\pm$ 1.5% x : 1.5% or less

y : 1.5% or less

### 5-3-3. Insulation resistance

100M $\Omega$  or more at DC25V

## 6. Optical Characteristics

Temp. = 25°C

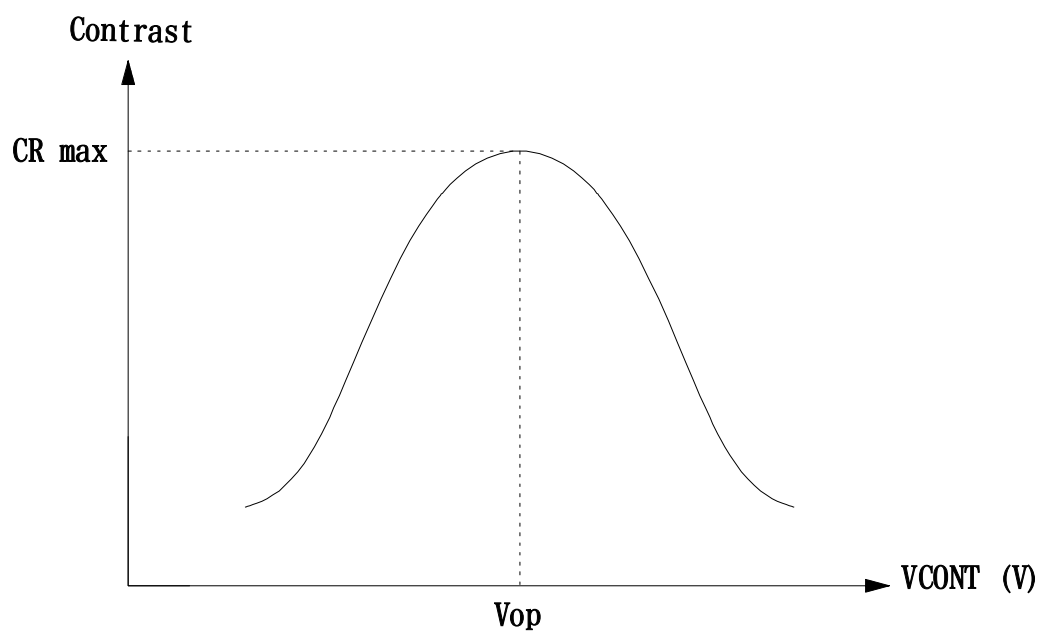
ITEM		SYMBOL	CONDITION		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Response time	Rise	Tr	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		—	(270)	(370)	ms
	Down	Td	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		—	(280)	(380)	ms
Viewing angle range		$\theta$	CR $\geq$ 2	Upper	—	(20)	—	deg.
				Lower	—	(40)	—	deg.
		$\phi$		Left	—	(40)	—	deg.
				Right	—	(40)	—	deg.
Contrast ratio		CR	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(20)	(30)	—	—
Brightness		L	IL= 4.0 mA		(100)	(160)	—	cd/m <sup>2</sup>
Chromaticity coordinates	Red	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(0.54)	(0.59)	(0.64)	—
		y			(0.30)	(0.35)	(0.40)	
	Green	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(0.24)	(0.29)	(0.34)	
		y			(0.49)	(0.54)	(0.59)	
	Blue	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(0.10)	(0.15)	(0.20)	
		y			(0.07)	(0.12)	(0.17)	
	White	x	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$		(0.27)	(0.32)	(0.37)	
		y			(0.28)	(0.33)	(0.38)	

Optimum contrast is obtained by adjusting the LCD driving voltage(Vop) while at the viewing angle of  $\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$ .

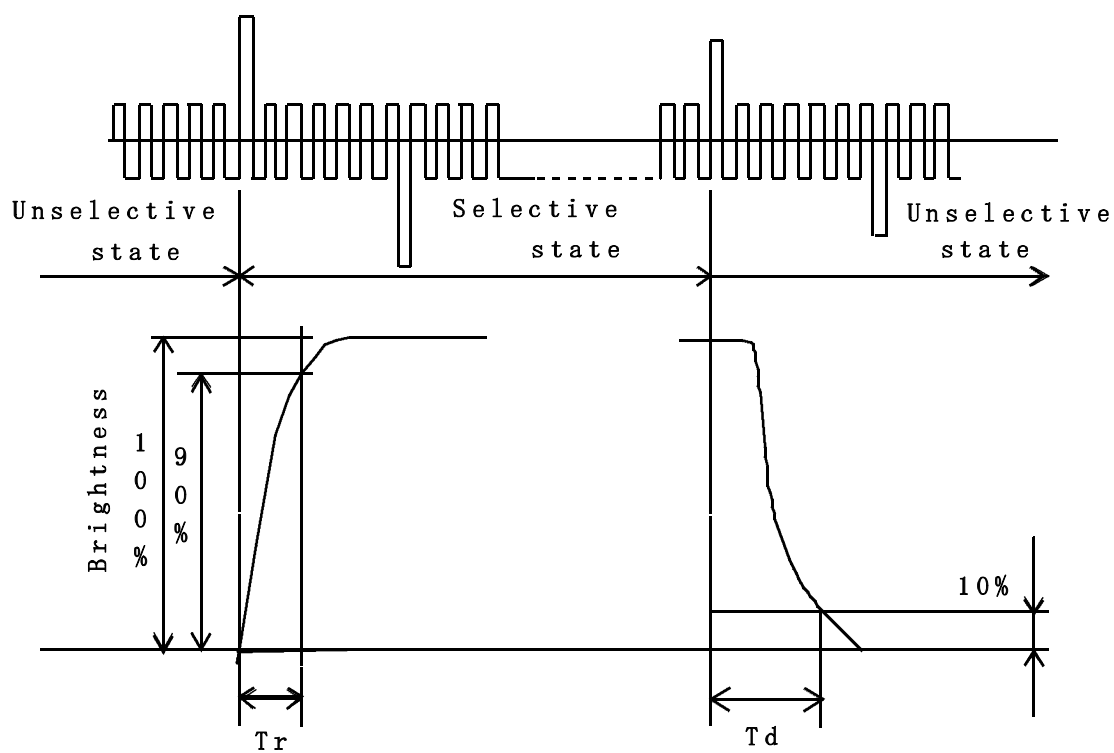
6-1. Contrast ratio is defined as follows:

$$CR = \frac{\text{Brightness at all pixels "White"}}{\text{Brightness at all pixels "Black"}}$$

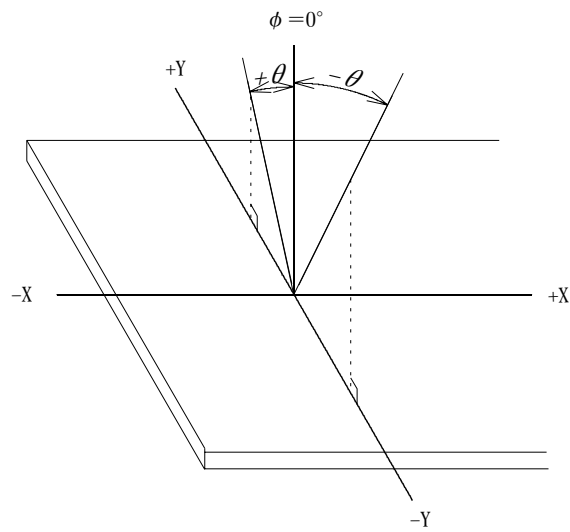
## 6-2. Definition of Vop



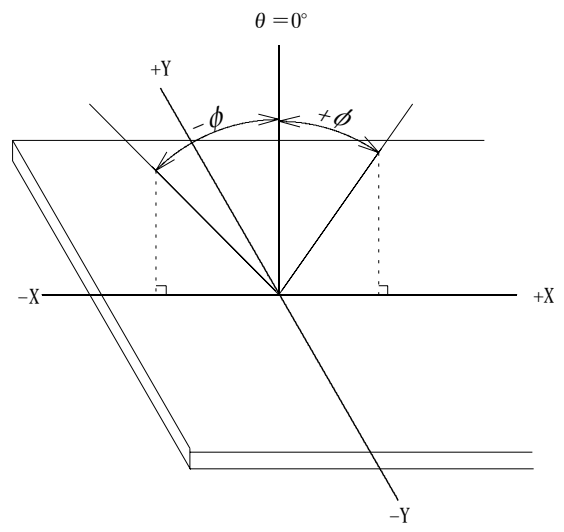
## 6-3. Definition of response time



#### 6-4. Definition of viewing angle

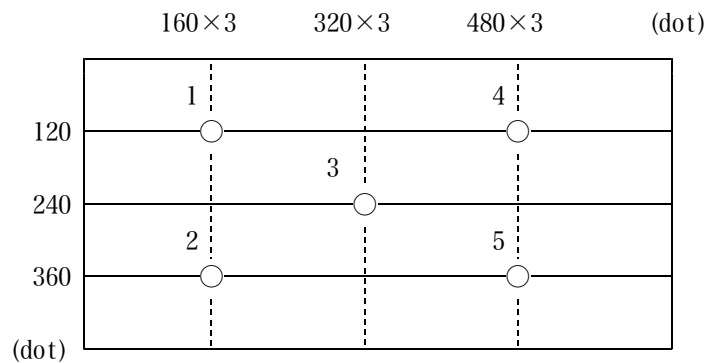


(  $\theta$  direction )



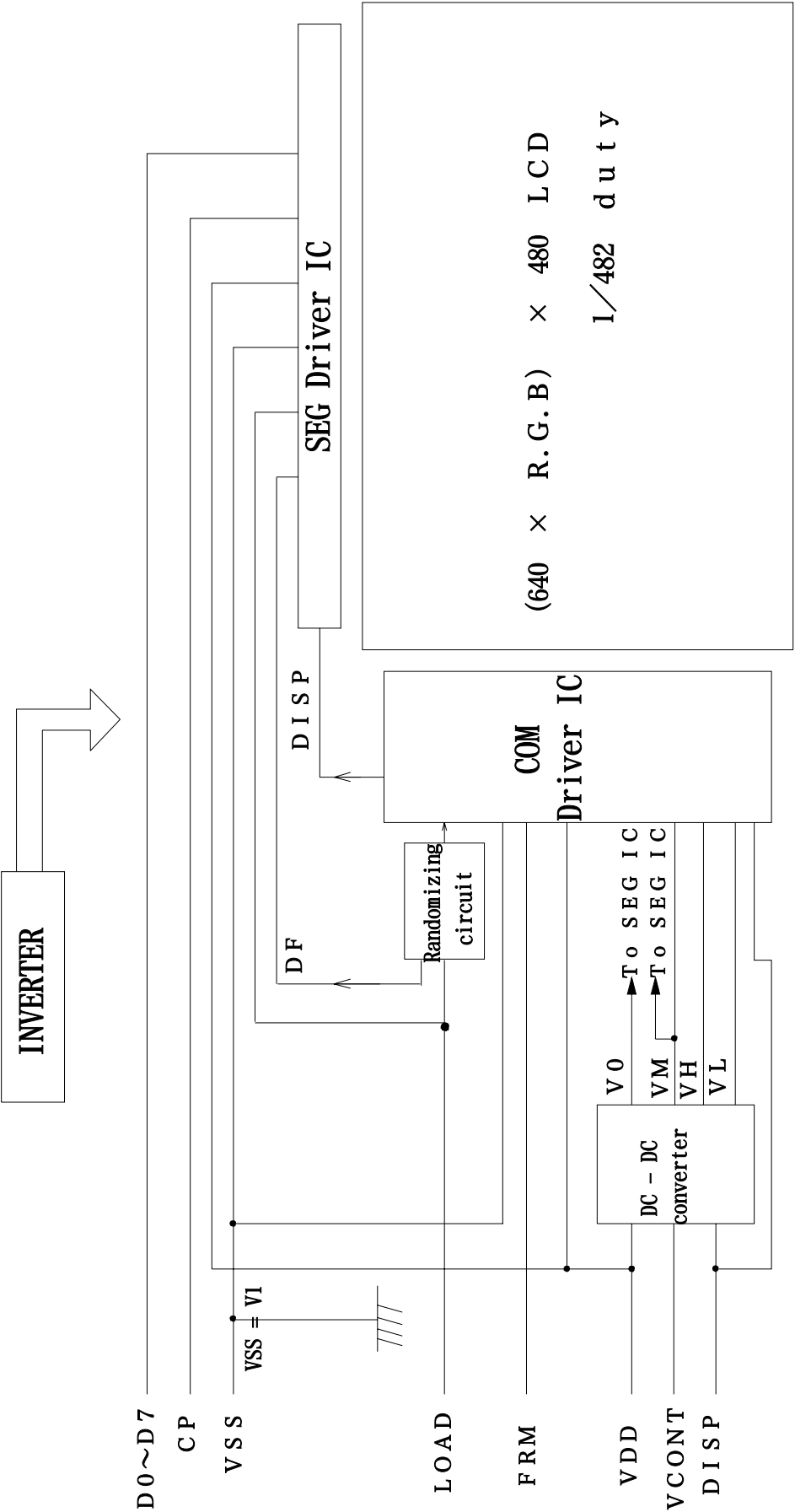
(  $\phi$  direction )

#### 6-5. Measuring points

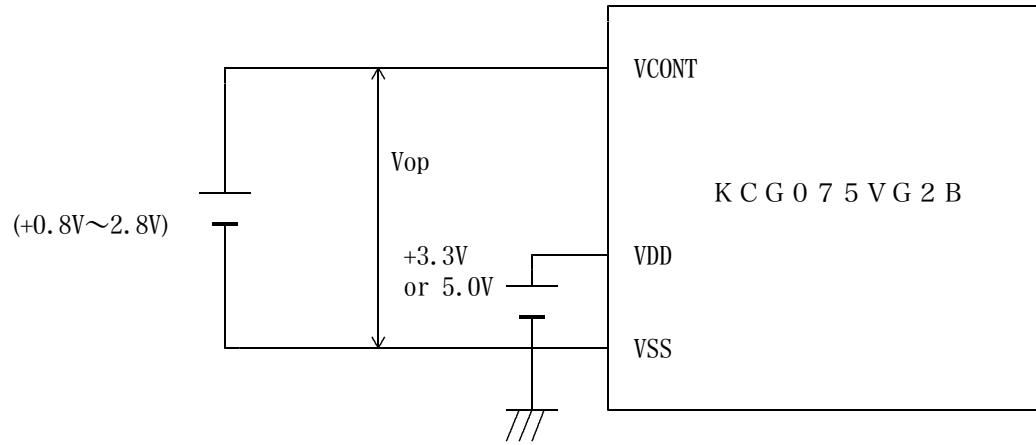


- 1) Rating is defined as the average brightness inside the viewing area.
- 2) 30 minutes after CFL is turned on. (Ambient Temp.=25°C)
- 3) The inverter should meet the eccentric conditions;
  - Sine, symmetric waveform without spike in positive and negative.

7. Circuit Block Diagram



## 7-1. Power supply



## 8. Interface signals

### 8-1. LCD

CN1

PIN NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL
1	FRM	Synchronous signal for driving scanning line	H
2	LOAD	Data signal latch clock	H → L
3	CP	Data signal shift clock	H → L
4	DISP	Display control signal	H (ON), L (OFF)
5	VDD	Power supply for logic	—
6	VSS	GND	—
7	VCONT	LCD adjust voltage	—
8	D7	Display data	H (ON), L (OFF)
9	D6		
10	D5		
11	D4		
12	D3		
13	D2		
14	D1		
15	D0		
16	VDD	Power supply for logic	—
17	VDD		
18	VSS	GND	—
19	VSS		
20	VSS		

LCD connector : 08-6210-020-340-800+ (ELCO)

Recommended matching connector : 0.5mm pitch FFC or FPC

### 8-2. CFL

CN2

PIN No	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	HOT	Inverter output high voltage side
2	NC	—
3	COLD	Inverter output low voltage side

LCD side connector : BHR-03VS-1 (JST)

Recommended matching connector : SM02- (8.0) B-BHS-1 (JST)

CN3

PIN No	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	HOT	Inverter output high voltage side
2	NC	—
3	COLD	Inverter output low voltage side

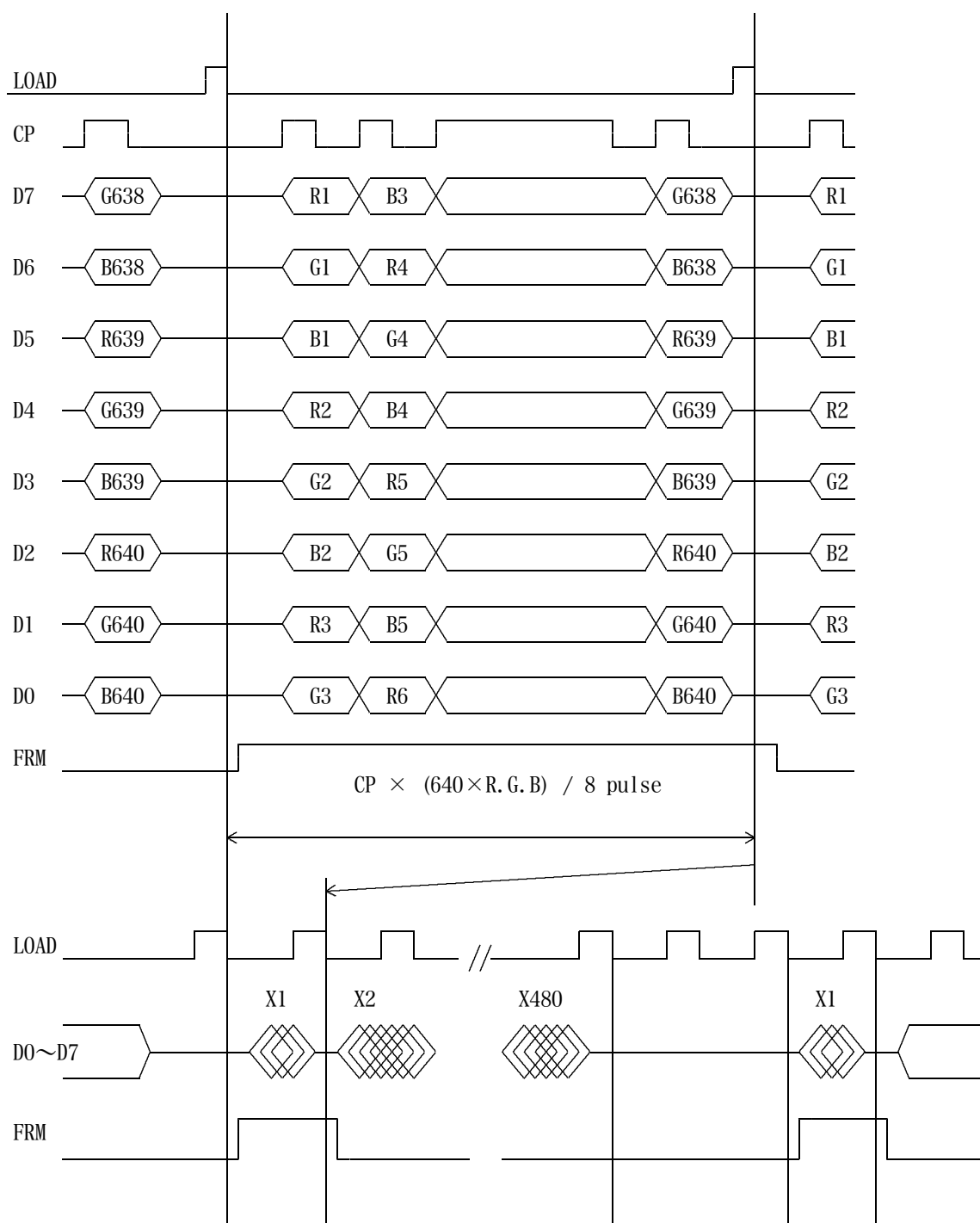
LCD side connector : BHR-03VS-1 (JST)

Recommended matching connector : SM02- (8.0) B-BHS-1 (JST)

### 7-3. Touch panel

PIN No.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	yU	y-Upper terminal
2	xL	x-Left terminal
3	yL	y-Lower terminal
4	xR	x-Right terminal

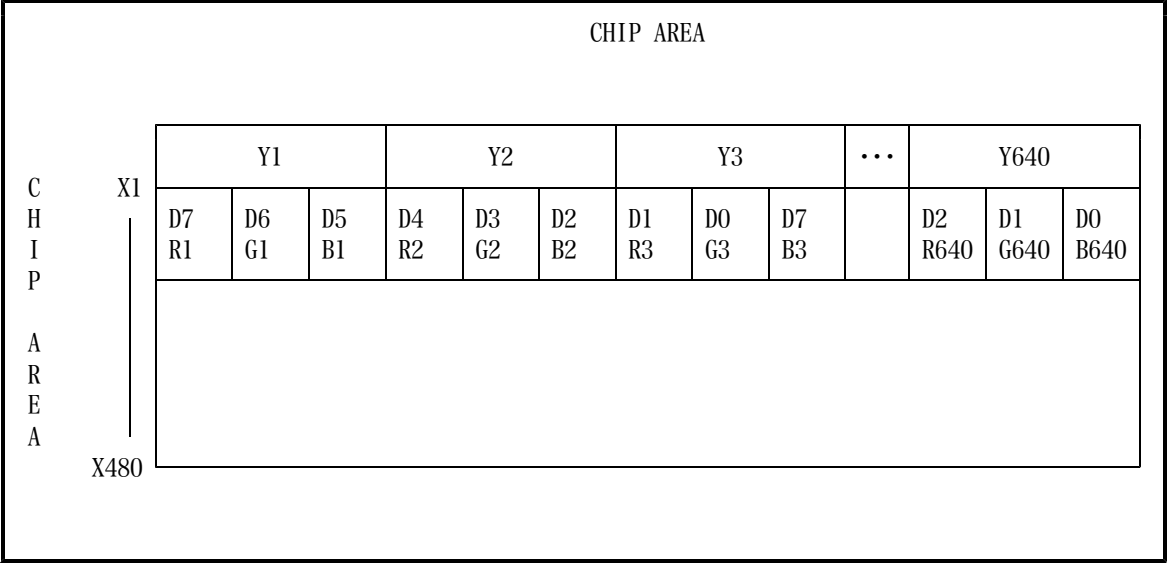
## 9. タイミング図



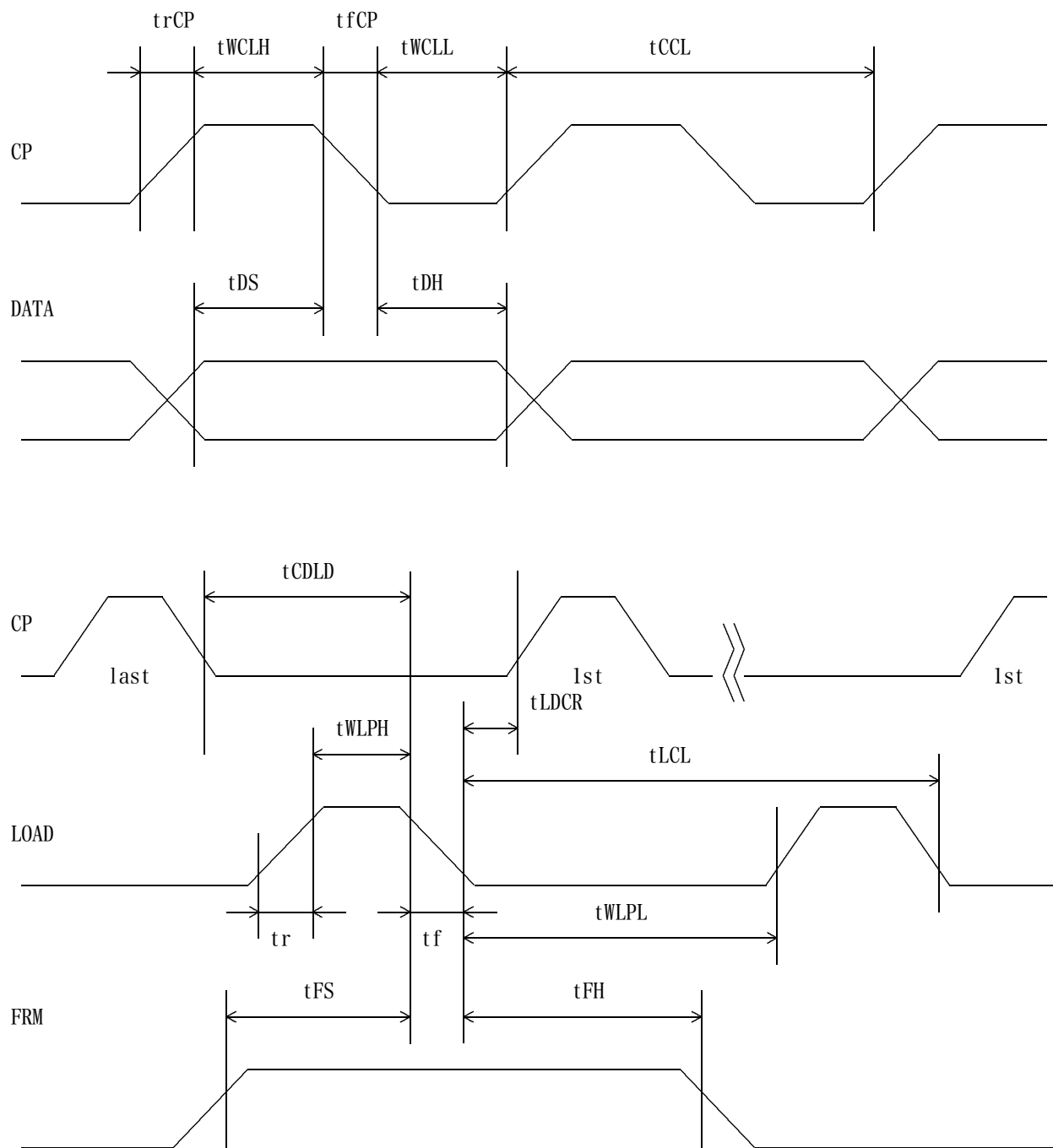
- \* The cycle of load signal should be stable and continuously applied without interruption.
- \* The above-mentioned timing chart shows a reference to set up a LCD module, not an electrical rating.



1 0. Data and Screen



## 1 1. Input Timing Characteristics



11-1. Switching characteristics (VDD = 5.00V)

Input Characteristics ; VDD = 5.00V  $\pm$  0.25V, Temp. = 0~60 °C

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
CP Cycle *1	tCCL	(100)	—	ns
CP "H" Pulse Width	tWCLH	(30)	—	ns
CP "L" Pulse Width	tWCLL	(30)	—	ns
CP Rise Up Time	trCP	—	(15)	ns
CP Fall Down Time	tfCP	—	(15)	ns
Data Set Up Time	tDS	(25)	—	ns
Data Hold Time	tDH	(25)	—	ns
LOAD "H" Pulse Width	tWLPH	(50)	—	ns
LOAD "L" Pulse Width	tWLPL	(400)	—	ns
LOAD Cycle *2	tLCL	(500)	—	ns
CP Down→LOAD Down Delay Time	tCDLD	(60)	—	ns
LOAD Down→CP Rise Delay Time	tLDCR	(60)	—	ns
Input Signal Rise Up Time	tr	—	(20)	ns
Input Signal Fall Down Time	tf	—	(20)	ns
FRM Data Set Up Time	tFS	(70)	—	ns
FRM Data Hold Time	tfH	(70)	—	ns

\*1 CP Cycle is adjust so that FRM signal is 75Hz.

\*2 LOAD Cycle is const.

## 11-2. Switching characteristics (VDD = 3.30V)

Input Characteristics ; VDD = 3.30V  $\pm$  0.30V, Temp. = 0~60 °C

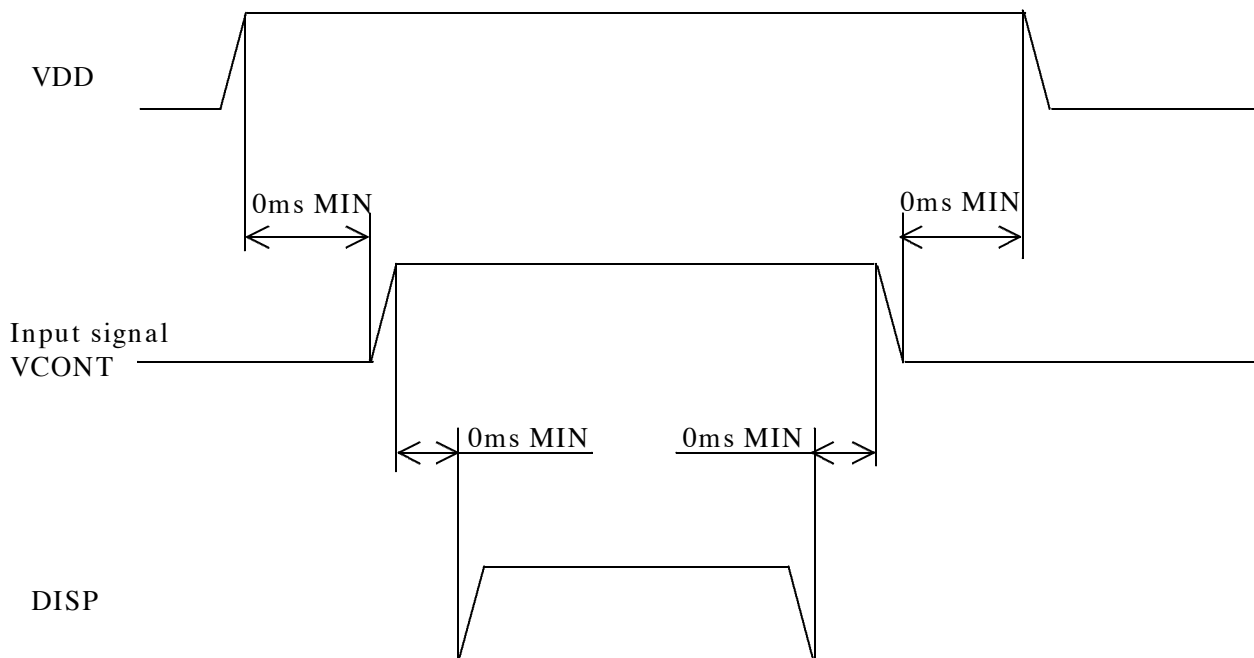
ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
CP Cycle *1	tCCL	(100)	—	ns
CP "H" Pulse Width	tWCLH	(40)	—	ns
CP "L" Pulse Width	tWCLL	(40)	—	ns
CP Rise Up Time	trCP	—	(20)	ns
CP Fall Down Time	tfCP	—	(20)	ns
Data Set Up Time	tDS	(35)	—	ns
Data Hold Time	tDH	(35)	—	ns
LOAD "H" Pulse Width	tWLPH	(80)	—	ns
LOAD "L" Pulse Width	tWLPL	(400)	—	ns
LOAD Cycle *2	tLCL	(500)	—	ns
CP Down→LOAD Down Delay Time	tCDLD	(60)	—	ns
LOAD Down→CP Rise Delay Time	tLDCR	(80)	—	ns
Input Signal Rise Up Time	tr	—	(20)	ns
Input Signal Fall Down Time	tf	—	(20)	ns
FRM Data Set Up Time	tFS	(70)	—	ns
FRM Data Hold Time	tfH	(70)	—	ns

\*1 CP Cycle is adjust so that FRM signal is 75Hz.

\*2 LOAD Cycle is const.

## 1 2. Supply Voltage Sequence Condition

DO NOT apply DC voltage to the LCD panel. DC voltage induce irreversible electrochemical reactions and reduce LCD life. Always follow the power supply ON/OFF sequence of VDD first, input signal second, VCONT third and finally DISP. This will prevent DC driving of the LCD or CMOS LSI latch up as shown below.



\* Input signal : CP, LOAD, FRM, VCONT, D0~D7

\* The above sequence should be designed as to keep each normal figure on condition that liquid crystal module is loaded on your system.

\* Control the input signal and VCONT to the above ON - OFF timing when you switch ON/OFF the display during VDD and DISP are on.  
And design the circuit as VCONT's OFF level become GND level at the same time.

\* Control the supply voltage sequence not to float all signal line when the LCD panel is driving.

### 1 3. Backlight Characteristics

Temp. = 25°C

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	NOTE
Starting discharge Voltage *1	VS	—	—	(1100) Vrms.	0 °C
		—	—	(725) Vrms.	25 °C
Discharging tube current *2,*3	IL	(2.0) mArms.	(4.0) mArms.	(6.0) mArms.	—
Discharging tube voltage (IL=4.0 mArms.)	VL	—	(440) Vrms.	—	—
Operating life (IL=4.0 mArms.) *4	T	(45,000) h	(58,000) h	—	—
Operating frequency	F	(40) kHz	—	(100) kHz	—

- \*1 The Non-load output voltage (VS) of the inverter should be designed to have some margin, because VS may increase due to the leak current which may be caused by wiring of CFL cables. (Reference value: (1,430) Vrms. Min)
- \*2 We recommend that you should set the discharging tube current at lower than typical value so as to prevent the heat accumulation of CFL tube from deteriorating a performance of the LCD.
- \*3 Do not apply more than (6.0)mA discharging tube current. Because CFL maybe broken due to over current.
- \*4 When the illuminance or quantity of light has decreased to 50 % of the initial value. Average life time of CFL will be decreased when LCD is operating at lower and higher temperature.
- \* The inverter should meet the eccelentic conditions : sine, symmetric waveform without spike in poitive and negative.

## 1 4. Design Guidance for Analog Touch-Panel (T/P)

### 14-1. Electrical

In customer's design, please remember the following considerations.

1. Do not use the current regulated circuit.
2. Keep the current limit with top and bottom layer. (See Sec, 4-1)
3. Analog T/P can not sense two point touching separately.
4. A contact resistance is appeared at the touch point between top and bottom layer.  
After this resistance has stable read the T/P position data.
5. Analog T/P is also a "Capacitor" in an equivalent circuit.  
Design your sensing circuit and low-pass filter with considering this "Capacitor" value.
6. Because noise of inverter or peripheral circuits may interfere signal of touch panel itself it is necessary to design carefully in advance to avoid these noise problem.

### 14-2. Software

1. Do the "User Calibration".
2. "User Calibration" may be needed with long term using.  
Include "User Calibration" menu in your software.
3. When drawing a line with a stylus, there may be a slight discontinuity when the stylus passes over a spacer-dot. If necessary, please provide a compensation feature within your software.

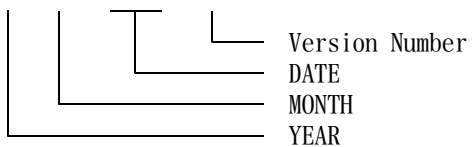
### 14-3. Mounting on display and housing bezel

1. Do not use an adhesive tape to bond it on the front of T/P and hang it to the housing bezel.
2. Never expand the T/P top layer (PET-film) like a balloon by internal air pressure.  
The life of the T/P will be extremely short.
3. If a dew will be on the heat-sealed area or exposed traces at the end of a flexible tail, the migration of silver can occur.  
This will cause sometimes a short circuit.

## 1 5. Lot Number Identification

The lot number shall be indicated on the back of the backlight case of each LCD.

K C G 0 7 5 V G 2 B G - G 0 0 - □ □ - □ □ - □ □



YEAR	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
CODE	5	6	7	8	9	0

MONTH	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUN.
CODE	1	2	3	4	5	6

MONTH	JUL.	AUG.	SEP.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
CODE	7	8	9	X	Y	Z

## 1 6. Warranty

### 16-1. Incoming inspection

Please inspect the LCD within one month after your receipt.

### 16-2. Production Warranty

Kyocera warrants its LCDs for a period of 12 months after receipt by the purchaser, and within the limits specified. Kyocera shall, by mutual agreement, replace or rework defective LCDs that are shown to be Kyocera's responsibility.



## 17. Precautions for use

### 17-1. Installation of the LCD

1. The Metal frame of the LCD module is not grounded. You can use the M2 burring, which is located on the right side of the LCD module, for the grounding purpose, if necessary.
2. The LCD shall be installed so that there is no pressure on the LSI chips.
3. The LCD shall be installed flat, without twisting or bending.
4. The display window size should be the same as the effective viewing area.
5. In case you use outside frame of effective viewing area as outward appearance of your product, unevenness of its outward appearance is out of guarantee.
6. Please refer to the following our recommendable value of Clamp-down torque when installing.  
Clamp-down torque : 3.3+/-0.5kgf.cm Please set up 'SPEED-LOW', 'SOFT START-SLOW' when using electric driver.  
Recommendable screw : P-TITE screw two types nominal dia.3.0mm.  
installing boss hole depth : 5.5mm Max.  
Please be careful not to use high torque which may damage LCD module in installation.
7. Do not pull the CFL lead wires and do not bend the root of the wires.  
Housing should be designed to protect CFL lead wires from external stress.
8. This Kyocera LCD module has been specifically designed for use in general electronic devices, but not for use in a special environment such as usage in an active gas.  
Hence, when the LCD is supposed to be used in a special environment, evaluate the LCD thoroughly beforehand and do not expose the LCD to chemicals such as an active gas.

### 17-2. Static Electricity

1. Since CMOS ICs are mounted directly onto the LCD glass, protection from static electricity is required. Operation should wear ground straps.

### 17-3. LCD Operation

1. The LCD shall be operated within the limits specified. Operation at values outside of these limits may shorten life, and/or harm display images.
2. Adjust "LCD driving voltage" to obtain optimum viewing angle and contrast.
3. Operation of the LCD at temperature below the limit specified may cause image degradation and/or bubbles.  
It may also change the characteristics of the liquid crystal.  
This phenomenon may not recover. The LCD shall be operated within the temperature limits specified.

### 17-4. Storage

1. The LCD shall be stored within the temperature and humidity limits specified.  
Store in a dark area, and protected the LCD from direct sunlight or fluorescent light.
2. Always store the LCD so that it is free from external pressure onto it.

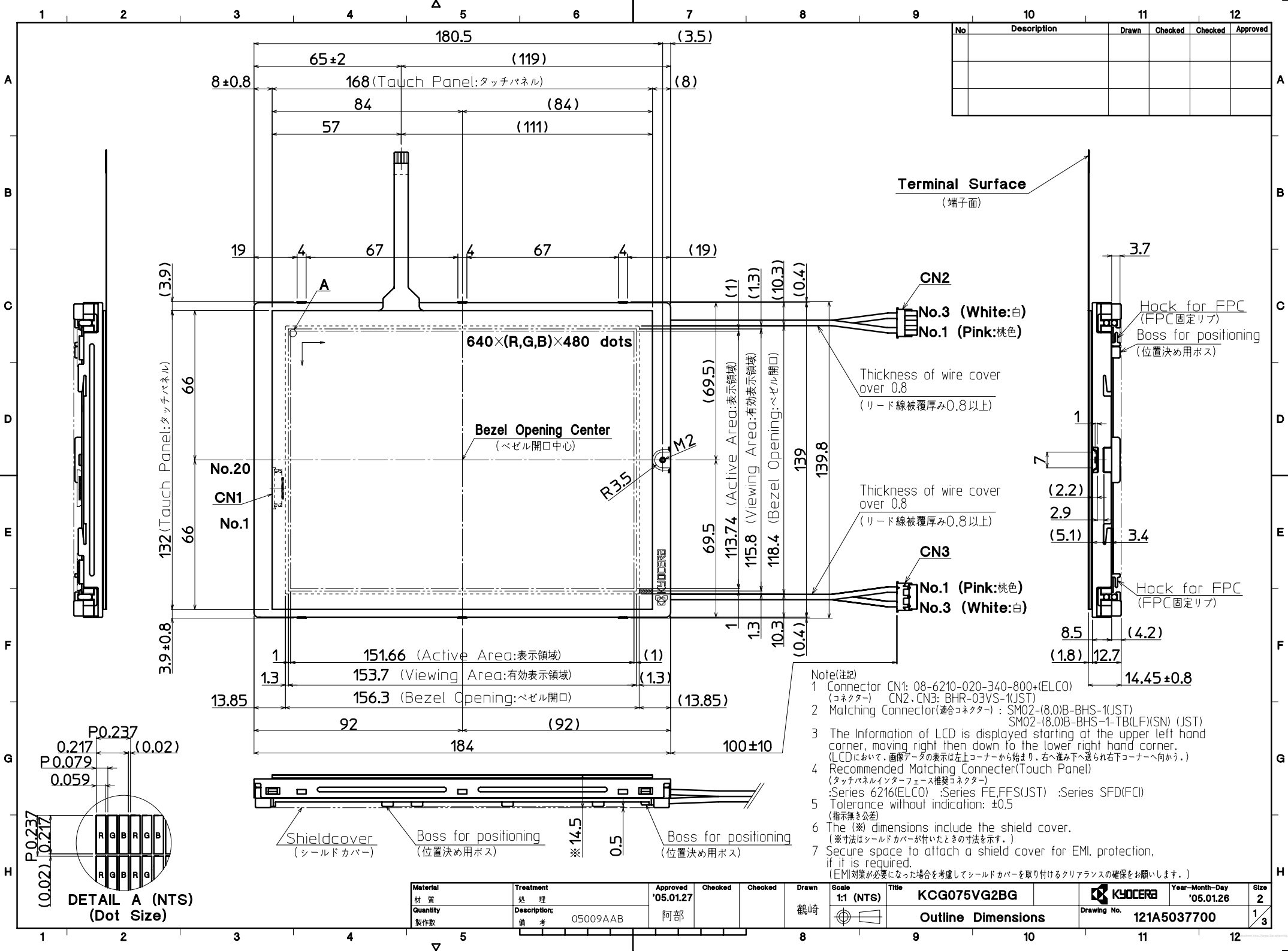
## 17-5. Screen Surface

1. DO NOT store in a high humidity environment for extended periods.  
Image degradation, bubbles, and/or peeling off of polarizer may result.
2. Do not push or rub the touch panel's surface with hard to sharp objects such as knives, or the touch panel may be scratched.
3. When the touch panel is dirty, gently wipe the surface with a soft cloth, sometimes moistened by mild detergent or alcohol. If a hazardous chemical is dropped on the touch panel by mistake, wipe it off right away to prevent human contact.
4. Touch panel edges are sharp. Handle the touch panel with enough care to prevent cuts.
5. Always keep the LCD free from condensation during testing.  
Condensation may permanently spot or stain the polarizers.

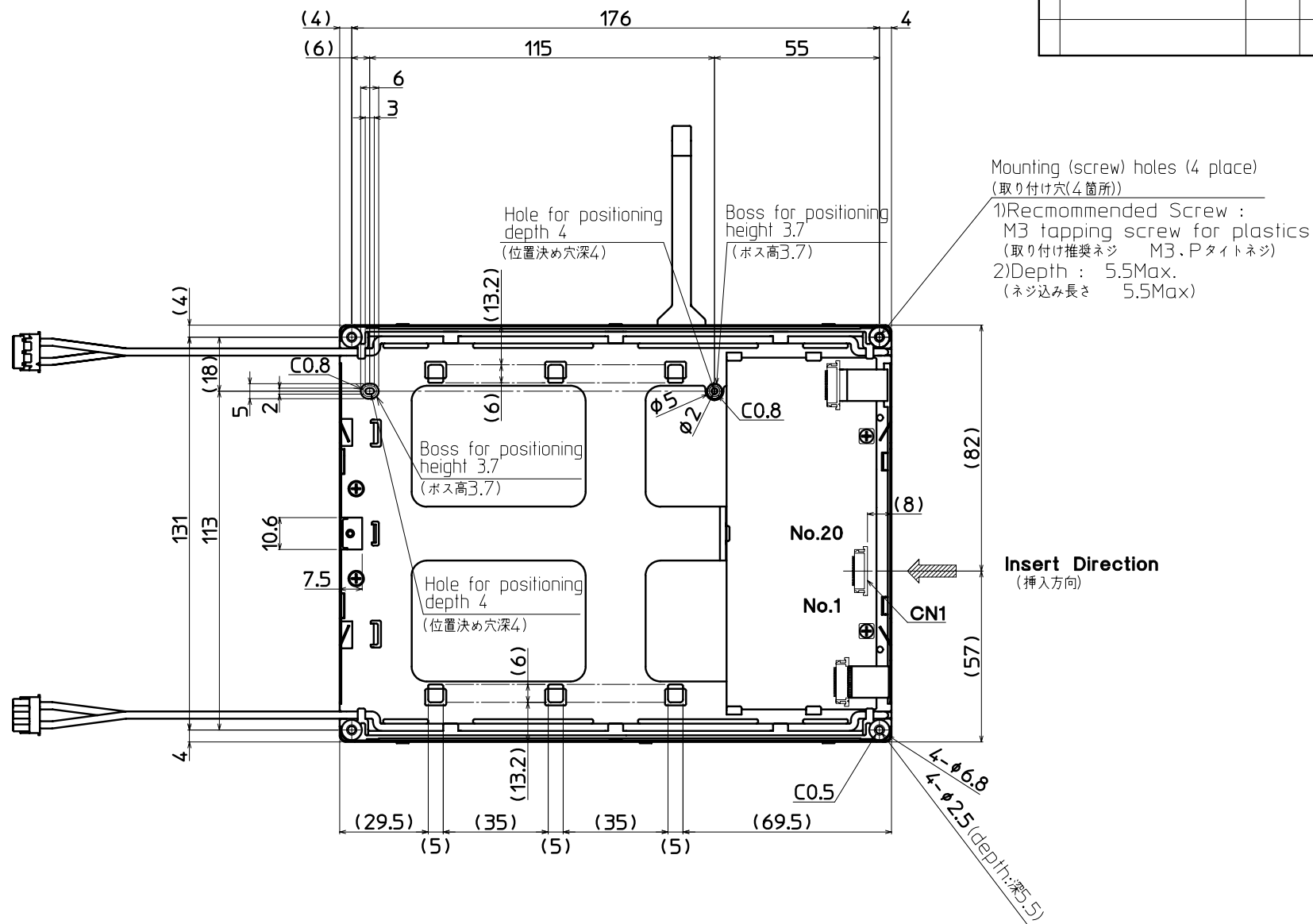
## 1 8. Reliability Data / Environmental Test

TEST ITEM	TEST CONDITION	TEST TIME	RESULT
High Temp. Atmosphere	60°C	240 h	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Current Consumption : No defect
Low Temp. Atmosphere	-20°C	240 h	Low Temp. Bubble : None Solid Crystallization of Liquid Crystal : None Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Current Consumption : No defect
High Temp. Humidity Atmosphere	40°C 90%RH	240 h	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Peel-off of Organic Sealing : None Current Consumption : No defect
Temp. Cycle	-20°C 0.5 h R.T. 0.5 h 60°C 0.5 h	10 cycles	Display Quality : No defect Display Function : No defect Peel-off of Organic Sealing : None Bubble on Cell : None
High Temp. Operation	60°C Vop	500 h	Display Quality : No defect Current Consumption : No defect
Point Activation life	Polyacetal stylus (R0.8) Hitting force 3N Hitting speed 2 time/s	one million times	Satisfy spec below item Terminal resistance Insulation resistance Linearity Actuation Force

- \* Each test item uses a test LCD only once. The tested LCD is not used in any other tests.
- \* The LCD is tested in circumstances in which there is no condensation.
- \* The tested LCD is inspected after 24 hours of storage at room temperature and room humidity after each test is finished.
- \* The reliability test is not an out-going inspection.
- \* The results of the reliability test are for your reference purpose only.  
The reliability test is conducted only to examine the LCD's capability.





No	Description	Drawn	Checked	Checked	Approved



Note(注記)  
1 Tolerance without indication: ±0.5  
(指示無き公差)

Material 材質	Treatment 処理	Approved '05.01.27	Checked	Checked	Drawn 鶴崎	Scale 1:1	Title KCG075VG2BG	KYOCERA	Year-Month-Day '05.01.26	Size 2
Quantity 製作数	Description 備考 05009AAB	阿部					Outline Dimensions	Drawing No. 121A5037700		2/3

Scale 1:1(2:1,NTS)	Title KCG075VG2BG	 KYOCERA	Year-Month-Day 05.01.26	Size 2
	T.P. Outline Dimensions	Drawing No.	121A5037700	3 3

SPEC. NO.

TQ3C-8EAC0-E2DDD20-00

DATE

January 26, 2005

FOR :

KYOCERA INSPECTION STANDARDTYPE : KCG075VG2BG-G00KYOCERA CORPORATION  
KAGOSHIMA HAYATO PLANT  
LCD DIVISION

Original	Designed by :Engineering Dept.			Confirmed by :QA Dept.	
Issue Data	Prepared	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
January 26, 2005	<i>H. Nishino</i>	<i>J. Yamaguchi</i>	<i>M. Fujitani</i>	<i>Y. Yoshida</i>	<i>H. Hayashi</i>

Revision Record

Date	Designed by: Engineering Dept.			Confirmed by: QA Dept.	
	Prepared	Checked	Approved	Checked	Approved
Rev. No.	Date	Page	Descriptions		

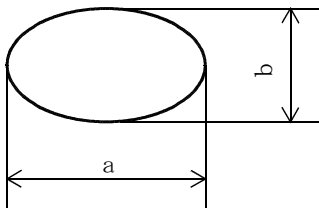
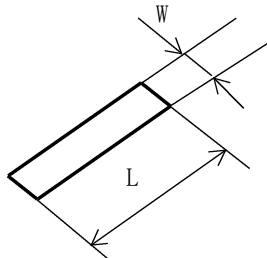
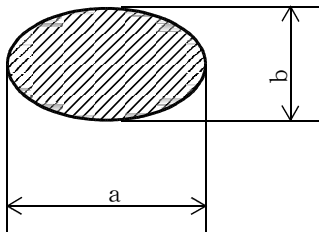
# Visuals specification

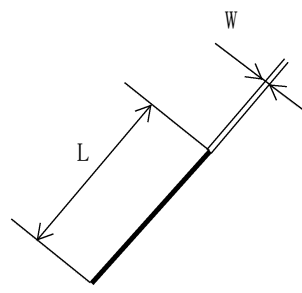
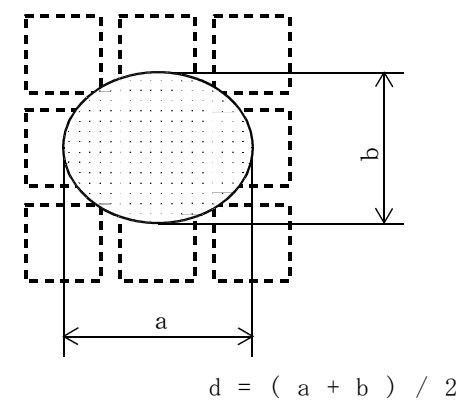
## 1)Note

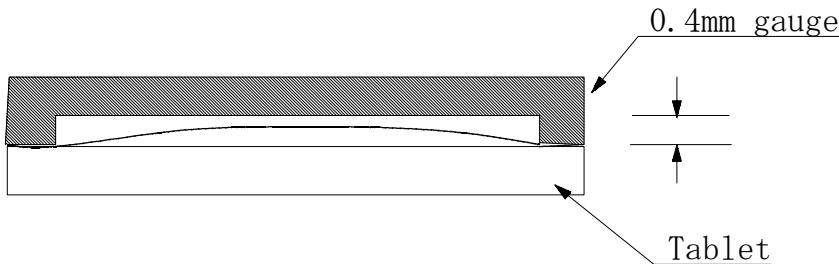
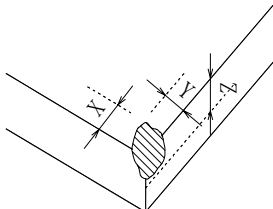
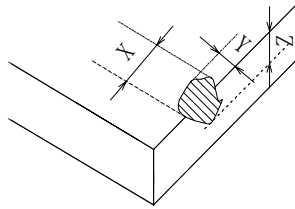
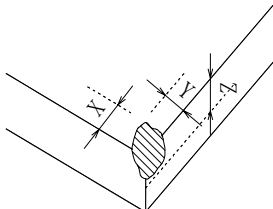
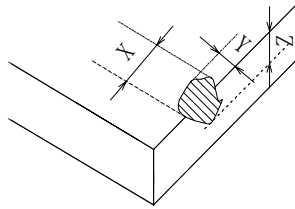
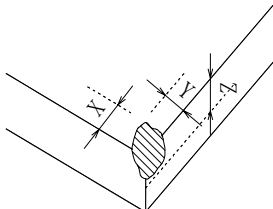
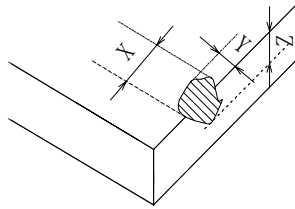
Item	Note		
General	<p>1. When defects specified in this Inspection Standards are inspected, operating voltage(Vop) shall be set at the level where optimized contrast is available. Display quality is applied up to effective viewing area. (Bi-Level INSPECTION)</p> <p>2. This inspection standard about the image quality shall be applied to any defect within the effective viewing area and shall not be applicable to outside of the area.</p> <p>3. Should any defects which are not specified in this standard happen, additional standard shall be determined by mutual agreement between customer and Kyocera.</p> <p>4. Inspection conditions</p> <p>Luminance : 500 Lux minimum . Inspection distance : 300 mm (from the sample) Temperature : 25 ± 5 °C Direction : right above</p>		
Definition of Inspection item	<table><tr><td>Pinhole, Bright spot Black spot, Scratch Foreign particle</td><td>The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon dose not change with voltage.</td></tr></table>	Pinhole, Bright spot Black spot, Scratch Foreign particle	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon dose not change with voltage.
	Pinhole, Bright spot Black spot, Scratch Foreign particle	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon dose not change with voltage.	
	<table><tr><td>Contrast variation</td><td>The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon changes with voltage.</td></tr></table>	Contrast variation	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon changes with voltage.
Contrast variation	The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon changes with voltage.		
<table><tr><td>Polarizer ( Scratch, Bubble, Dent )</td><td>Scratch, Bubble and Dent in the polarizer which can be observed in on / off state.</td></tr></table>	Polarizer ( Scratch, Bubble, Dent )	Scratch, Bubble and Dent in the polarizer which can be observed in on / off state.	
Polarizer ( Scratch, Bubble, Dent )	Scratch, Bubble and Dent in the polarizer which can be observed in on / off state.		



## 2)Standard

Inspection item	Judgement standard																						
Pinhole, Bright spot Black spot, Foreign particle (LCD portion)	<div><div><math>d = ( a + b ) / 2</math></div><table><tr><th>Category</th><th>Size (mm)</th><th>Acceptable number</th></tr><tr><td>A</td><td><math>d \leq 0.2</math></td><td>neglected</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td><math>0.2 &lt; d \leq 0.3</math></td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td><math>0.3 &lt; d \leq 0.5</math></td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>D</td><td><math>0.5 &lt; d</math></td><td>0</td></tr></table></div>	Category	Size (mm)	Acceptable number	A	$d \leq 0.2$	neglected	B	$0.2 < d \leq 0.3$	5	C	$0.3 < d \leq 0.5$	3	D	$0.5 < d$	0							
Category	Size (mm)	Acceptable number																					
A	$d \leq 0.2$	neglected																					
B	$0.2 < d \leq 0.3$	5																					
C	$0.3 < d \leq 0.5$	3																					
D	$0.5 < d$	0																					
Scratch, Foreign particle (LCD portion)	<div><table><tr><th></th><th>Width (mm)</th><th>Length (mm)</th><th>Acceptable No.</th></tr><tr><td>A</td><td><math>W \leq 0.03</math></td><td>—</td><td>neglected</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td rowspan="3"><math>0.03 &lt; W \leq 0.1</math></td><td><math>L \leq 2.0</math></td><td>neglected</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td><math>2.0 &lt; L \leq 4.0</math></td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>D</td><td><math>4.0 &lt; L</math></td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>E</td><td><math>0.1 &lt; W</math></td><td>—</td><td>According to Circular</td></tr></table></div>		Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Acceptable No.	A	$W \leq 0.03$	—	neglected	B	$0.03 < W \leq 0.1$	$L \leq 2.0$	neglected	C	$2.0 < L \leq 4.0$	3	D	$4.0 < L$	0	E	$0.1 < W$	—	According to Circular
	Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Acceptable No.																				
A	$W \leq 0.03$	—	neglected																				
B	$0.03 < W \leq 0.1$	$L \leq 2.0$	neglected																				
C		$2.0 < L \leq 4.0$	3																				
D		$4.0 < L$	0																				
E	$0.1 < W$	—	According to Circular																				
Contrast variation	<div><div><math>d = ( a + b ) / 2</math></div><table><tr><th>Category</th><th>Size (mm)</th><th>Acceptable number</th></tr><tr><td>A</td><td><math>d \leq 0.5</math></td><td>neglected</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td><math>0.5 &lt; d \leq 0.7</math></td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td><math>0.7 &lt; d</math></td><td>0</td></tr></table></div>	Category	Size (mm)	Acceptable number	A	$d \leq 0.5$	neglected	B	$0.5 < d \leq 0.7$	3	C	$0.7 < d$	0										
Category	Size (mm)	Acceptable number																					
A	$d \leq 0.5$	neglected																					
B	$0.5 < d \leq 0.7$	3																					
C	$0.7 < d$	0																					

Inspection item	Judgement standard																			
Polarizer ( Scratch, Bubble, Dent )	(1) Scratch <div></div> <table><tr><th></th><th>Width (mm)</th><th>Length (mm)</th><th>Acceptable No.</th></tr><tr><td>A</td><td><math>W \leq 0.1</math></td><td>—</td><td>neglected</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td rowspan="2"><math>0.1 &lt; W \leq 0.3</math></td><td><math>L \leq 5.0</math></td><td>neglected</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td><math>5.0 &lt; L</math></td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>D</td><td><math>0.3 &lt; W</math></td><td>—</td><td>0</td></tr></table>		Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Acceptable No.	A	$W \leq 0.1$	—	neglected	B	$0.1 < W \leq 0.3$	$L \leq 5.0$	neglected	C	$5.0 < L$	0	D	$0.3 < W$	—	0
		Width (mm)	Length (mm)	Acceptable No.																
A	$W \leq 0.1$	—	neglected																	
B	$0.1 < W \leq 0.3$	$L \leq 5.0$	neglected																	
C		$5.0 < L$	0																	
D	$0.3 < W$	—	0																	
	(2)Bubble ( dent ) <div></div> <table><tr><th>Category</th><th>Size (mm)</th><th>Acceptable number</th></tr><tr><td>A</td><td><math>d \leq 0.2</math></td><td>neglected</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td><math>0.2 &lt; d \leq 0.3</math></td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td><math>0.3 &lt; d \leq 0.5</math></td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>D</td><td><math>0.5 &lt; d</math></td><td>0</td></tr></table>	Category	Size (mm)	Acceptable number	A	$d \leq 0.2$	neglected	B	$0.2 < d \leq 0.3$	5	C	$0.3 < d \leq 0.5$	3	D	$0.5 < d$	0				
Category	Size (mm)	Acceptable number																		
A	$d \leq 0.2$	neglected																		
B	$0.2 < d \leq 0.3$	5																		
C	$0.3 < d \leq 0.5$	3																		
D	$0.5 < d$	0																		

Inspection item	Judgement standard																																
Scratch (Touch Screen portion)	<table><tr><th>Width(mm)</th><th colspan="3">Length(mm)</th><th colspan="3">Acceptable number</th></tr><tr><td><math>W &lt; 0.05</math></td><td colspan="3" rowspan="3"><math>10 &lt; L</math></td><td colspan="3">neglected</td></tr><tr><td><math>0.05 \leq W &lt; 0.10</math></td><td colspan="3">3</td></tr><tr><td><math>0.10 \leq W</math></td><td colspan="3">0</td></tr></table>							Width(mm)	Length(mm)			Acceptable number			$W < 0.05$	$10 < L$			neglected			$0.05 \leq W < 0.10$	3			$0.10 \leq W$	0						
Width(mm)	Length(mm)			Acceptable number																													
$W < 0.05$	$10 < L$			neglected																													
$0.05 \leq W < 0.10$				3																													
$0.10 \leq W$				0																													
Swell (Touch Screen portion)	<p>Touch Screen not to contact measurement surface of the gauge, 0.4mm gauge to be utilized for the measurement</p> 																																
Glass crack (Touch Screen portion)	<table><tr><th rowspan="3">Judgement standard</th><th colspan="3">Corner crack</th><th colspan="3">Cracks in other area than in corner</th></tr><tr><td colspan="3"></td><td colspan="3"></td></tr><tr><td>X</td><td>Y</td><td>Z</td><td>X</td><td>Y</td><td>Z</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><math>OK \leq 3</math></td><td><math>OK \leq 3</math></td><td><math>OK \leq t</math></td><td><math>OK \leq 3</math></td><td><math>OK \leq 3</math></td><td><math>OK \leq t</math></td></tr></table> <p>• If one of X,Y,Z is not satisfied, it is regarded as NG. • Regarding the corner crack, within 0.5mm depth is regarded as OK. (t=thickness of Touch panel)</p>							Judgement standard	Corner crack			Cracks in other area than in corner									X	Y	Z	X	Y	Z		$OK \leq 3$	$OK \leq 3$	$OK \leq t$	$OK \leq 3$	$OK \leq 3$	$OK \leq t$
Judgement standard	Corner crack			Cracks in other area than in corner																													
																																	
	X	Y	Z	X	Y	Z																											
	$OK \leq 3$	$OK \leq 3$	$OK \leq t$	$OK \leq 3$	$OK \leq 3$	$OK \leq t$																											