

N-Channel MOSFET

Applications:

- Adaptor
- Charger
- .SMPS

Lead Free Package and Finish

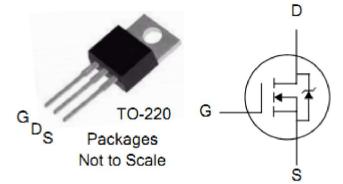
V_{DSS}	$R_{DS(ON)}(Typ.)$	I _D
500V	0.24Ω	20A

Features:

- RoHS Compliant
- Low ON Resistance
- Low Gate Charge
- Peak Current vs Pulse Width Curve
- Inductive Switching Curves

Ordering Information

<u> </u>				
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND		
ITP20N50R	TO-220	IPS		



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_C=25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	ITP20N50R	Units
V _{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	500	V
I_D	Continuous Drain Current	20	А
	Continuous Drain Current T _C =100℃	12.5	А
I _{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current (NOTE *1)	80	А
D	Power Dissipation	230	W
P_D	Derating Factor above 25℃	1.84	W/℃
V _{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±30	V
E _{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy(NOTE *2)	1200	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt(NOTE *3)	5	V/ns
T _L	Maximum Temperature for Soldering	300	
T _J and T _{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	150,-55 to150	$^{\circ}$

Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Тур.	Units	Test Conditions
R _θ JC	Junction-to-Case	0.54	°C⁄W	Water cooled heatsink, P _D adjusted for a peak junction temperature of +150 ℃.
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	62.5		1 cubic foot chamber, free air.



OFF Characteristics T_C=25°C unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
BV _{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	500			V	V _{GS} =0V, I _D =250μA
	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current			1	μА	V_{DS} =500V, V_{GS} =0V T_{J} =25 $^{\circ}$ C
I _{DSS}				100		V_{DS} =400V, V_{GS} =0V T_{J} =125 $^{\circ}$ C
1	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage			+100	n ^	V _{GS} =+30V
I _{GSS}				-100	nA	V _{GS} = -30V

ON Characteristics T_J=25 °C unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
R _{DS(ON)}	StaticDrain-to-Source On-Resistance		0.24	0.3	Ω	V _{GS} =10V, I _D =10A
V _{GS(TH)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	2		4	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_{D}=250\mu A$
g _{fs}	Forward Transconductance		18		S	V _{DS} =15V, I _D =10A
Pulse width	≲300µs; duty cycle≲ 2%					

Dynamic Characteristics Essentially independent of operating temperature

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
C _{iss}	Input Capacitance		2919			\/ - 0\/\/ - 25\/
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance		277		pF	V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V f =1.0MHz
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		16			
Q _g	Total Gate Charge		52			1 -204 \/ -400\/
Q _{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge		12.6		nC	$I_D=20A, V_{DD}=400V$ $V_{GS}=10V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge		18.6			

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
t _{d(ON)}	Turn-on Delay Time		34			
t _{rise}	Rise Time		65		ne	V _{DD} =250V, I _D =20A,
t _{d(OFF)}	Turn-Off Delay Time		82		ns	V_G =10 V_G =10 Ω
t _{fall}	Fall Time		45			



Source-Drain Diode Characteristics Tc=25℃ unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions	
1	Continuous Source Current			20	Α		
Is	(Body Diode)					T _C =25℃	
1	Maximum Pulsed Current			80	Α	16-25	
I _{SM}	(Body Diode)			00	A		
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage			1.5	V	I _{SD} =20A, V _{GS} =0V	
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time		535		ns	I _F = I _S	
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		5671		nC	di/dt=100A/us	
Pulse width	Pulse width ≤300µs; duty cycle ≤ 2%						

Notes:

^{*1.} Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

^{*2.} L=10mH, I_D =15.5A, Start T_J =25 $^{\circ}$ C

^{*3.} I_{SD} =20A,di/dt ≤100A/us, V_{DD} ≤B V_{DS} , Start T_J =25 $^{\circ}$ C



Characteristics Curve:

Figure 1.Maximum Effective Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

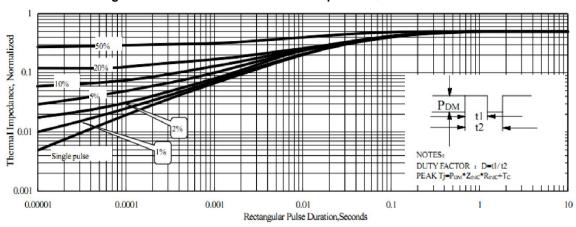


Figure 2. Max. Power Dissipation vs Case Temperature

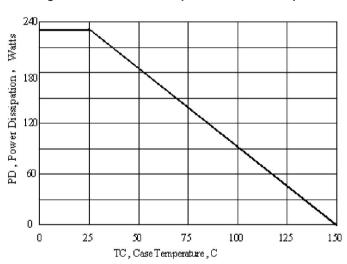


Figure 4.Typical Output Characteristics

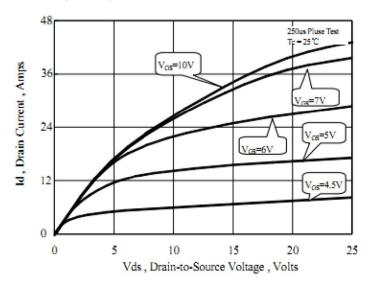


Figure 3. Max. Drain Current vs Case Temperature

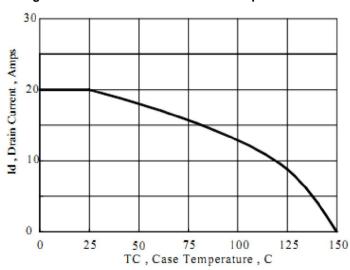


Figure 5. Typical Transfer Characteristics

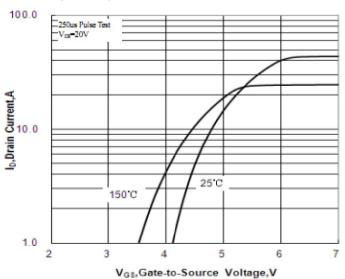






Figure 6. Typical Body Diode Transfer Characteristics

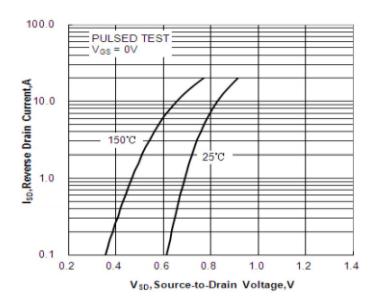


Figure 8. Capacitance VS Drain-to-Source Voltage

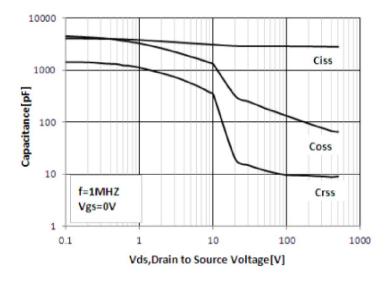


Figure 7. Typical on Resistance VS Drain Current

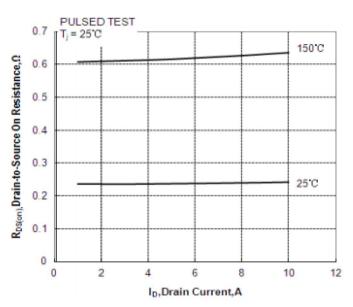


Figure 9. Gate Charge VS Gate-to-Source Voltage

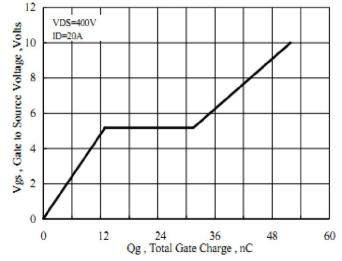




Figure 10. Breakdown Voltage VS Temperature

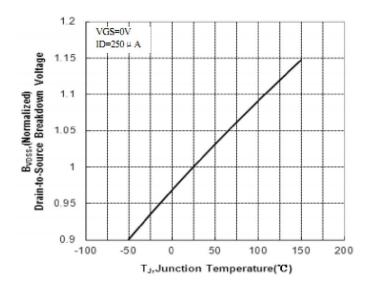


Figure 11. on-Resistance VS Temperature

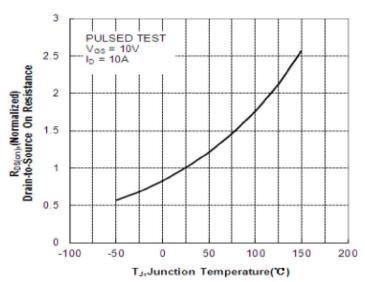


Figure 12 The shold Voltage vs Junction Temperature

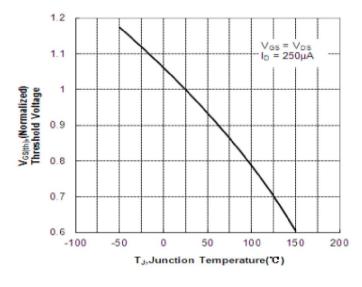
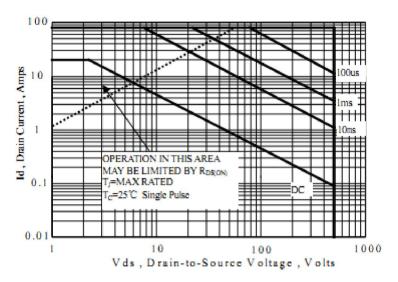


Figure 13. Safe Operating Area





Test Circuits and Waveforms

Figure 14. Gate Charge Test Circuit

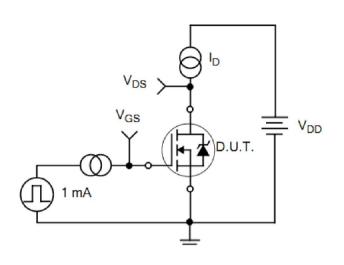


Figure 15. Gate Charge Waveforms

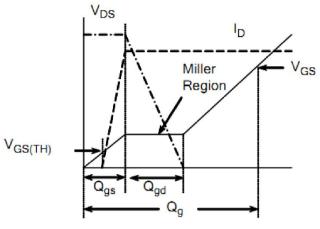
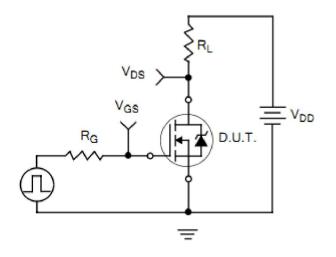


Figure 16. Resistive Switching Test Circuit

Figure 17. Resistive Switching Waveforms



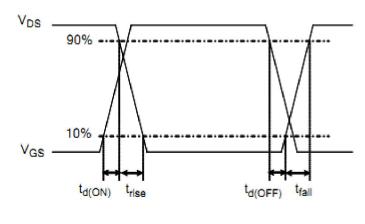




Figure 18. Diode Reverse Recovery Test Circuit

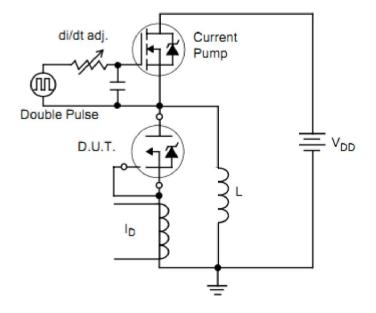


Figure 19. Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform

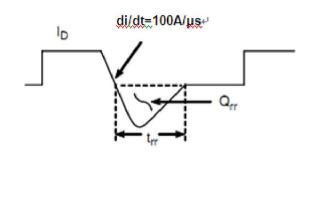
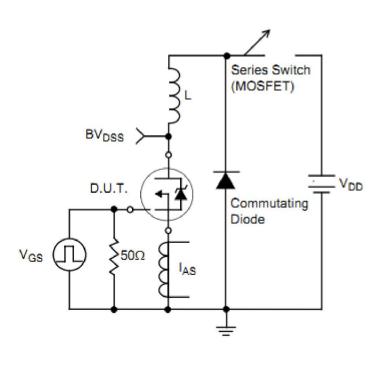
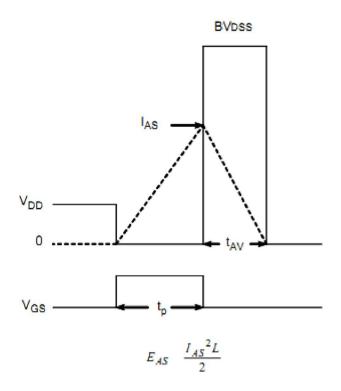


Figure 20. Unclamped Inductive Switching Test Circuit

Figure21.Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveform







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