# **SECAM** decoder

**ILA8395N** 

#### **FEATURES**

- •Fully integrated filters
- •Alignment free
- •For use with baseband delay

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The ILA8395N is a self-calibrating, fully integrated SECAM decoder. The IC should preferably be used in conjunction with the PAL/NTSC decoder ILA8362ANS (TDA8362A) or TDA8366 and with the switched capacitor baseband delay circuit ILA4661 (TDA4661, TDA4660). The IC incorporates HF and LF filters, a demodulator and an identification circuit (luminance is not processed in this IC). The IC needs no adjustments and very few external components are required. A highly stable reference frequency is required for calibration and a two-level sandcastle pulse for blanking and burst gating.



## **QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_p$	Positive supply voitage; pin 3	7.2	8.8	V
V <sub>16(p-p)</sub>	Composite video input voltage (peak -to- peak value); pin 16	-	1.5	V
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature range	-25	+150	°C
$T_{amb}$	Operation ambient temperature range	-25	+70	°C

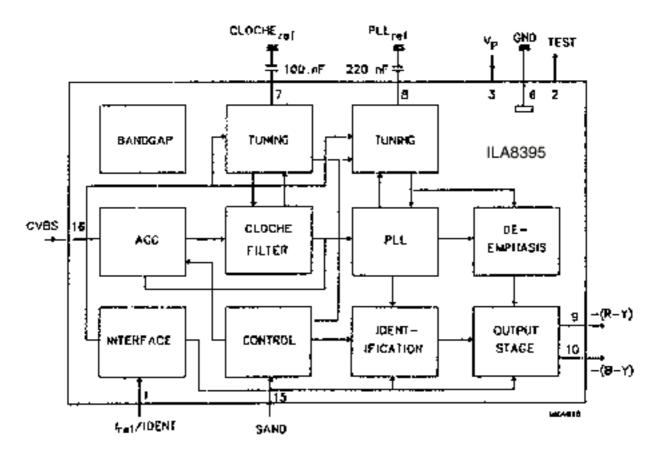
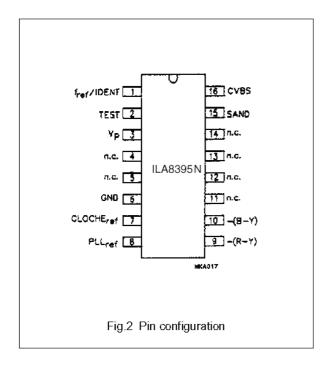


Fig.1 Block diagram.



### PINNING

SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION
f <sub>ref</sub> IDENT	1	reference frequency input/identification input
TEST	2	test output
Vp	3	positive supply voltage
n.c.	4	not connected
n.c.	5	not connected
GND	6	ground
CLOCHE <sub>ref</sub>	7	Cloche reference filter
PLL <sub>ref</sub>	8	PLL reference
-(R-Y)	9	-(R-Y) output
-(B-Y)	10	–(B–Y) output
n.c.	11	not connected
n.c.	12	not connected
n.c.	13	not connected
n.c.	14	not connected
SAND	15	sandcastle pulse input
CVBS	16	video (chrominance) input

#### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

The ILA8395N is a self-calibrating SECAM decoder designed for use with a baseband delay circuit. During frame retrace a 4.433619 MHz reference frequency is used to calibrate the filters and the demodulator. The reference frequency should be very stable during this period.

The Cloche filter is a gyrator-capacitor type filter the resonance frequency of which is controlled during the calibration period and offset during scan; this ensures the correct frequency during calibration. The demodulator is a Phase-Locked Loop (PLL) type demodulator which uses the frequency reference and the bandgap reference to force the PLL to the required demodulation characteristic.

The low frequency de-emphasis is matched to the PLL and is controlled by the tuning voltage of the PLL. A digital identification circuit scans the incoming signal for SECAM (only line-identification is implemented). The identification circuit needs to communicate with the ILA8362ANS to guarantee that the output signal from the decoder is only available when no PAL signal has been identified. If a SECAM signal is decoded a request for colour-on is transmitted to pin 1 (current is sunk). If the signal request is granted (i.e. pin 1 is HIGH therefore no PAL) the colour difference outputs ((BY)) and (RY) from the ILA8362 are high impedance and the output signals from the ILA8395N are switched ON.

If no SECAM signal is decoded during a two-frame period the demodulator will be initialized before another attempt is made also during a two-frame period. The CD outputs will be blanked or high-impedance depending on the logic level at pin 1.

A two-level sandcastle pulse generates the required blanking periods and, also, clocks the digital identification pulse on the falling edge of the burst gate pulse. To enable the calibration period to be defined the vertical retrace is discriminated from the horizontal retrace, this is achieved by measuring the width of the blanking period.

#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

The leakage current at pin 8 should be well below 20 nA to meet the specification of the black levels (C8 = 220 nF).

The leakage current at pin 7 should be well below 60 nA to meet the specification of the Cloche resonance frequency (C7 = 100 nF).

The capacitors C7 and C8 should be connected to the ground pin as close as possible to the package. If not, this can result in a black level error for both channels.

#### TEST INFORMATION

The performance of the Cloche filter can be measured at pin 2. The use of a FET-probe is advised for low capacitive loading.



# CHARACTERISTICS

VP = 8.0 V; Tamb = 25 °C; unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply (pin 3)		<u>l</u>	1	I	I	1
$V_p$	positive supply voltage		7.2	8.0	8.8	V
Ip	supply current			18	25	mA
P <sub>tot</sub>	Total power dissipation		=	144	220	mV
CVBS input (pin	10)		•	'	•	•
V <sub>16(p-p)</sub>	composite video input voltage (peak to peak value)		-	1.0	1.5	V
$V_{16(p-p)}$	chrominance video input voltage (peak to peak value)	Note 1	15	-	300	mV
$Z_1$	Input impedance	Note 2	-	15	-	kΩ
CLOCHE (pin 7)				•	•	
V <sub>td</sub>	tuning voltage; pin 7		2.5	3.5	4.5	V
$f_0$	resonance frequency	Note 3	4.266	4.286	4.306	MHz
В	bandwidth		241	268	295	kHz
Demodulator				•	•	
$V_{td}$	tuning voltage; pin 8		3.5	-	4.8	V
$V_{0(p-p)}$		100/75 color bar	0.97	1.05	1.13	V
$V_{0(p-p)}$		100/75 color bar	1.23	1.33	1.43	V
NLE	non-lineanty error	100/75 color bar note 4	-	-	3	%
-(B-Y)/(R-Y)	ratio of -(B-Y) and -(R-Y)		1.23	1.27	1.32	
F <sub>be</sub> -(R-Y)	black level error – (R-Y)	Note 5	-	-	5	kHz
F <sub>be</sub> -(B-Y)	black level error – (B-Y)	Note 5	-	-	7	kHz
V <sub>o</sub>	Output voltage levelduring blanking		-	2.8	-	V
B <sub>o</sub>	Output bankwidth		-	1.3	-	MHz
S/N	signal-to-noise ratio	Note 6	40	-	-	dB
$f_p$	pole-frequency LF de- emphasis		77	85	93	kHz
$f_p/f_o$	ratio of pole and zero frequency	,	-	3	-	
$V_{rh(p-p)}$	residual harmonic voltage (peak to peak value)		-	-	10	mV
$Z_{o(e)}$	output impedance SECAM enabled	Pin 1 HIGH	-	-	600	Ω
$Z_{o(d)}$	output impedance SECAM disabled	Pin 1 LOW	1	-	-	ΜΩ
Sandcastle pulse		•	•	•	•	•
$V_{\rm bl}$	blanking detection level		1.0	1.25	1.5	V
$V_{b0}$	burst gate detection level		3.5	3.85	4.2	V
$t_{\rm f}$	falling edge of burst gate to start syne		8.5	9.0	9.5	μs
Reference/comm		•	•	•	•	
$f_{ref}$	reference frequency	Note 7	_	4.4336	-	MHz
V <sub>ref(p-p)</sub>	reference voltage amplitude (peak to peak value)		0.20	-	0.50	V

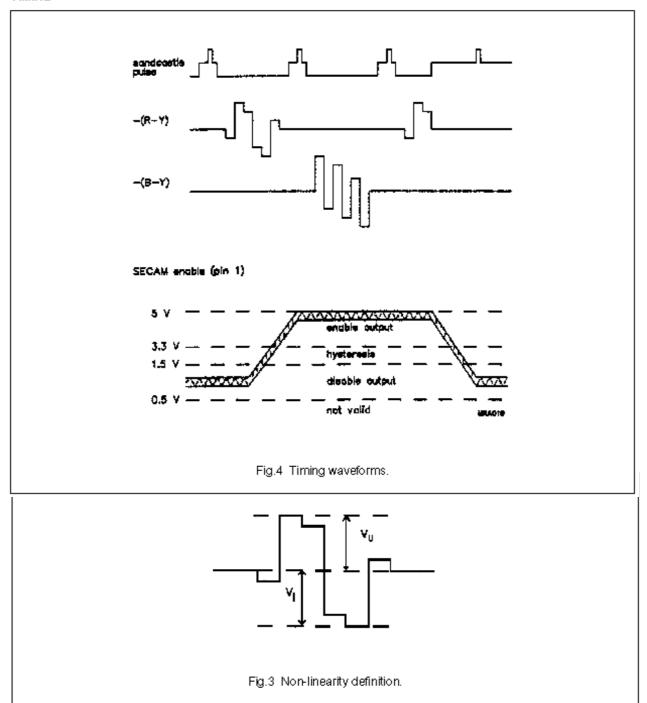


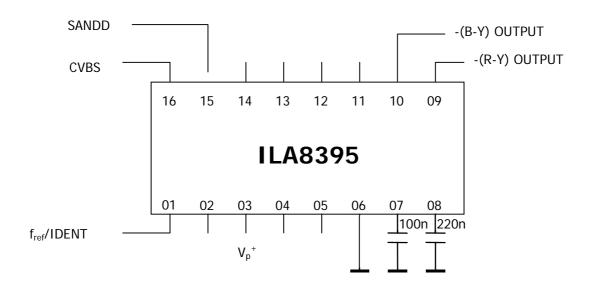
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{ed}$	SECAM enable detection level; pin 1		-	2.8	3.3	V
$V_{dd}$	SECAM disabled detection level; pin 1	Note 8	1.5	2.0	-	V
$I_s$	sink current at SECAM identification; pin 1	Note 9	-	150	-	μΑ
Identification						
t <sub>i</sub>	Identification time		-	4	-	frames
Н	colour on/off hysteresis		3	-	-	dB

Notes to the characteristics

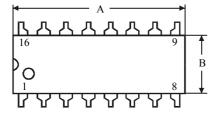
- 1.If measured in the burst-period of a blue line.
- 2. The video input is AC-coupled.
- 3. During scan.
- 4. Measured as 100% x (IVuI IVII) / (IVuI + IVII); see Fig.3.
- 5. Converted to input frequency error.
- 6. Defined as the ratio between the peak-to-peak value of the B-Y component of the demodulated 100/75 colour bar and the peak-to-peak value of the noise.
- 7. The reference should be stable during frame blanking.
- 8. The SECAM enable and disable timing should preferably be at the end of the frame blanking.
- 9. The externally supplied voltage should exceed 0.5 V.

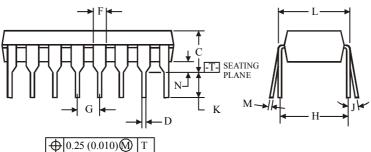
## TIMING





# N SUFFIX PLASTIC DIP (MS - 001BB)





## NOTES:

1. Dimensions "A", "B" do not include mold flash or protrusions.

Maximum mold flash or protrusions 0.25 mm (0.010) per side.



	Dimona	ion mm		
	Dimension, mm			
Symbol	MIN MAX			
A	18.67	19.69		
В	6.1 7.11			
C	5.33			
D	0.36 0.56			
F	1.14	1.78		
G	2.54			
Н	7.62			
J	0°	10°		
K	2.92	3.81		
L	7.62 8.26			
M	0.2 0.36			
N	0.38			