

PD-98011B

Radiation Hardened GaN transistor Surface Mount (PowIR-SMD) 100V, 52A, N-channel, Enhancement mode

#### **Features**

- Single event effect (SEE) hardened up to LET (GAN)<sup>1</sup> = 70 MeV.cm<sup>2</sup>/mg (Au ion)
- Ultra low R<sub>DS(on)</sub>
- Low total gate charge
- Zero reverse recovery charge
- Hermetically sealed ceramic package
- Surface mount
- · Light weight
- ESD rating: Class 1C per MIL-STD-750, Method 1020

#### **Potential Applications**

- Isolated DC-DC converters
- Point-of-load (PoL) converters for FPGA, ASIC and DSP core rails
- Synchronous rectification
- Motor drives

#### **Product Summary**

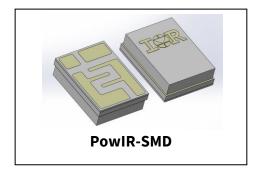
• **V**<sub>DS max</sub>: 100V

• I<sub>D:</sub> 52A

•  $R_{DS(on) max}$ : 6.0m $\Omega$ 

• **Q**<sub>G max</sub>: 13nC

Size: 7.1mm x 5.3mmREF: MIL-PRF-19500 / 794



#### **Product Validation**

Validated based on MIL-PRF-19500 for space applications

## **Description**

IG1NT052N10R is part of the IR HiRel family of products. IR HiRel radiation hardened GaN transistor technology provides high performance power devices for space applications. These devices have been characterized for both Total Ionizing Dose (TID) and Single Event Effects (SEE). The combination of low  $R_{DS(on)}$ , low gate charge and zero reverse recovery charge reduces the power losses in switching applications such as DC-DC converters and motor control. These devices enable high-frequency operation of power management circuits resulting in high-power density and low payload mass.

## **Ordering Information**

Table 1 Ordering options

	<b>.</b>		
Part number	Package	Screening Level	TID Level
IG1NT052N10R	PowIR-SMD	COTS	100 krad(Si)
IG1NT052N10G	PowIR-SMD	COTS	500 krad(Si)
JANSG2N7697UFHC	PowIR-SMD	JANS	500 krad(Si)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> LET Si equivalent = 86.5 MeV.cm<sup>2</sup>/mg





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**Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

# 1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

 Table 2
 Absolute Maximum Ratings (Pre-Irradiation)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS}$	Drain-to-Source Voltage	100	V
V <sub>DS (transient)</sub>	Drain-to-Source Voltage - transient <sup>1</sup>	120	V
$I_{D1}$ @ $V_{GS} = 5V$ , $T_{C} = 25$ °C	Continuous Drain Current	52	Α
$I_{D2}$ @ $V_{GS} = 5V$ , $T_{C} = 100$ °C	Continuous Drain Current	33	Α
I <sub>DM</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>2</sup>	208	Α
P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	30	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.24	W/°C
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage (Repetitive transients) <sup>1</sup>	± 5.5	V
	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 5.0	V
T <sub>J</sub> T <sub>STG</sub>	1 3		°C
	Package Mounting Surface Temperature	300 (for 5s)	
	Weight	0.23	g

-

¹ For≤1μs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.





**Device Characteristics** 

## **2** Device Characteristics

## 2.1 Electrical Characteristics (Pre-Irradiation)

Table 3 Static and Dynamic Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>j</sub> = 25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	<b>Test Conditions</b>
V <sub>DS max</sub>	Drain-to-Source Voltage, continuous	_	_	100	V	$V_{GS} = 0V$ , $I_D = 0A$
R <sub>DS (on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	_	4.0	6.0	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 5V$ , $I_D = 33A^1$
V <sub>GS (th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	1.0	1.5	2.0	V	
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient	_	-5.0	_	mV/°C	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 8.0 \text{mA}$
1	Zava Cata Valtaga Dyain Cuyyant	_	0.1	10	^	$V_{DS} = 100V, V_{GS} = 0V$
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	_	10	100	μΑ	$V_{DS} = 100V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_{J} = 125^{\circ}C$
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	_	0.03	0.5	mA	$V_{GS} = 5.0V, T_J = 25^{\circ}C$
			0.5	1		V <sub>GS</sub> = 5.0V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C
	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	_	0.2	1	μΑ	$V_{GS} = -5.0V, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$
			2.5	10		$V_{GS} = -5.0V, T_{J} = 125^{\circ}C$
R <sub>G</sub>	Gate Resistance	_	1.5	_	Ω	f = 1.0MHz, open drain
Q <sub>G</sub>	Total Gate Charge	_	8.8	13		I <sub>D</sub> = 33A
$Q_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	_	3.1	_	nC	$V_{DS} = 50V$
$Q_{GD}$	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	_	1.1	_		$V_{GS} = 5.0V$
Qoss	Output Charge	_	44		nC	$V_{DD} = 50V, V_{GS} = 0V$
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	_	820	_		$V_{GS} = 0V$
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	_	510		pF	$V_{DS} = 50V$
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	_	7.7	_		f = 1.0 MHz

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Pulse width  $\leq$  300  $\mu s;$  Duty Cycle  $\leq$  2%





**Device Characteristics** 

#### 2.2 Reverse Operation - Ratings and Characteristics (Pre-Irradiation)

**Table 4** Reverse Operation Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Is	Continuous Source Current	_	_	52	Α	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulsed Source Current <sup>1</sup>	_	_	208	Α	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C
$V_{SD}$	Forward Voltage	_	2.1	3.9	V	$T_J = 25$ °C, $I_S = 33A$ , $V_{GS} = 0V^2$
Qrr	Reverse Recovery Charge	_	0	_	nC	$T_J = 25$ °C, $I_S = 33A$ , $V_{DD} = 50V$ $di_S/dt = 100A/\mu S$

#### 2.3 Thermal Characteristics

Table 5 Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	_	1.9	4.0	
$R_{\theta J\text{-PCB}}$	Junction-to-Case-with Heat Sink	_	20	25	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient -Devices on PCB (in free air)	_	45	70	

#### 2.4 Radiation Characteristics

IR HiRel Radiation Hardened GaN transistors are tested to verify their radiation hardness capability. The hardness assurance program at IR HiRel is comprised of two radiation environments. Every manufacturing lot is tested for total ionizing dose (per notes 3 and 4.) Both pre- and post-irradiation performance are tested and specified using the same drive circuitry and test conditions in order to provide a direct comparison.

#### 2.4.1 Electrical Characteristics - Post Total Dose Irradiation

Table 6 Electrical Characteristics @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C, Post Total Dose Irradiation <sup>3, 4</sup>

Combal	Davie we et ev	Up to 500	Up to 500 krad (Si) 5		Took Conditions
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
V <sub>DS max</sub>	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	100	_	٧	$V_{GS} = 0V$ , $I_D = 0A$
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	1.0	2.0	٧	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_{D} = 8.0 \text{mA}$
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	_	0.5	mA	$V_{GS} = 5V$
	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	_	1.0	μΑ	$V_{GS} = -5V$
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	_	10	μΑ	$V_{DS} = 100V, V_{GS} = 0V$
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance (Package PowIR-SMD) <sup>2</sup>	_	6.0	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 5V, I_D = 33A$
$V_{SD}$	Source-Drain Forward Voltage	_	3.9	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_S = 33A$

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  Pulse width ≤ 300 μs; Duty Cycle ≤ 2%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Total Dose Irradiation with V<sub>GS</sub> Bias. V<sub>GS</sub> = 5V applied and V<sub>DS</sub> = 0 during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, Method 1019, condition A.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Total Dose Irradiation with  $V_{DS}$  Bias.  $V_{DS}$  = 80V applied and  $V_{GS}$  = 0 during irradiation per MlL-STD-750, Method 1019, condition A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Part numbers IG1NT052N10R (100 krad(Si)) and IG1NT052N10G (JANSG2N7697UFHC) 500 krad(Si)





**Device Characteristics** 

## 2.4.2 Single Event Effects - Safe Operating Area

IR HiRel radiation hardened GaN transistors have been characterized in heavy ion environment for Single Event Effects (SEE). Single Event Effects characterization is illustrated in Figure 1 and Table 7.

Table 7 Typical Single Event Effects Safe Operating Area

lon	LET (GaN) <sup>1</sup>	Energy (GaN)	Range (GaN)	V <sub>DS</sub> (V) V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V V <sub>GS</sub> = -5V		
	(MeV.cm²/mg)	(MeV)	(μm)	$V_{GS} = 0V$	V <sub>GS</sub> = -5V	
Au	70 ± 5%	1713 ± 5%	48 ± 5%	100	100	

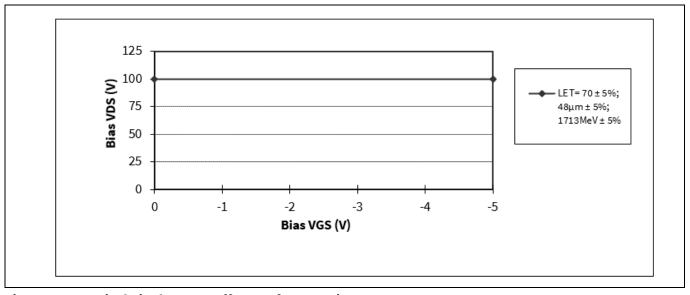


Figure 1 Typical Single Event Effect, Safe Operating Area

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> LET Si equivalent = 86.5 MeV.cm<sup>2</sup>/mg



**Electrical Characteristics Curves (Pre-irradiation)** 

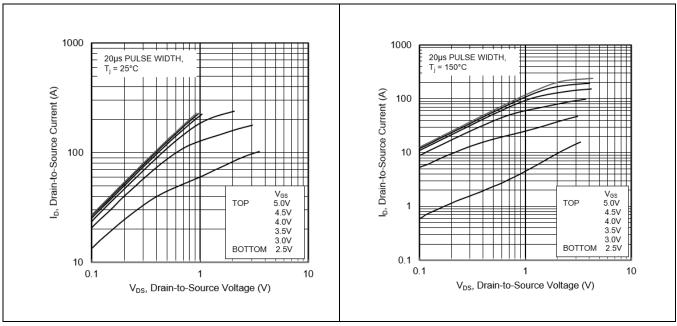


Figure 2 Typical Output Characteristics

Figure 3 Typical Output Characteristics

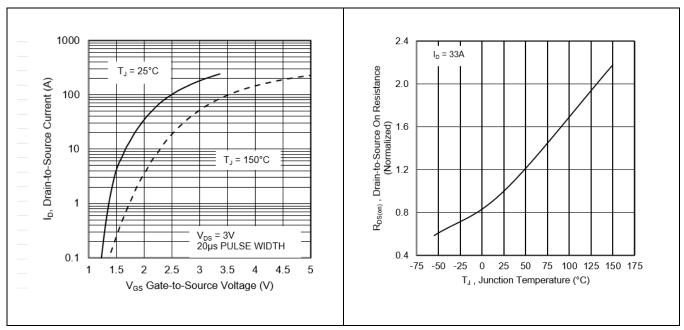


Figure 4 Typical Transfer Characteristics

Figure 5 Normalized On-Resistance Vs.
Temperature





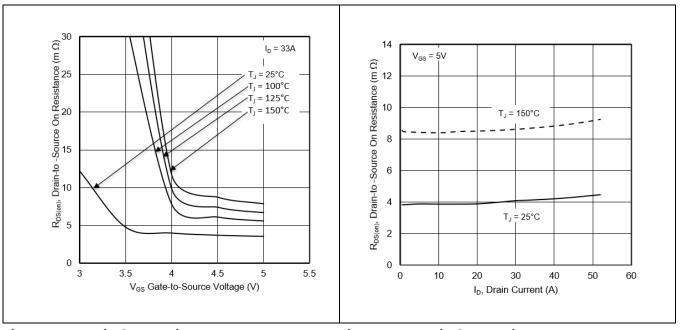


Figure 6 Typical On-Resistance Vs.

Gate Voltage

Figure 7 Typical On-Resistance Vs.

Drain Current

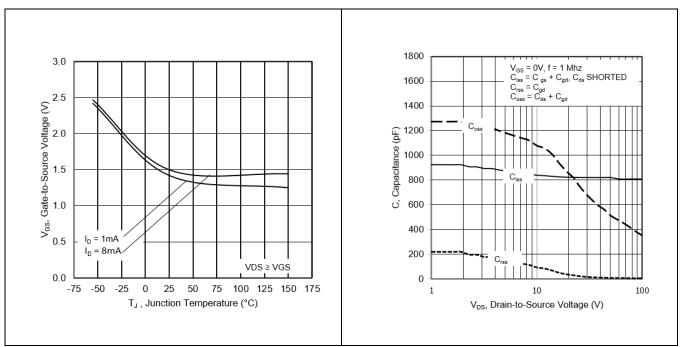


Figure 8 Typical Threshold Voltage Vs.
Temperature

Figure 9 Typical Capacitance Vs.

Drain-to-Source Voltage





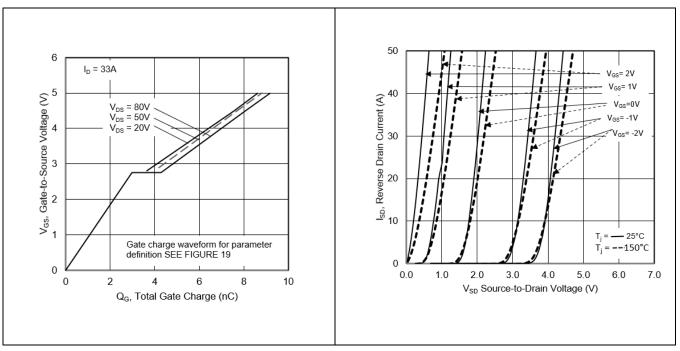


Figure 10 Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

Figure 11 Typical Source-Drain Current Vs.

Source-Drain Voltage (reverse output characteristics)

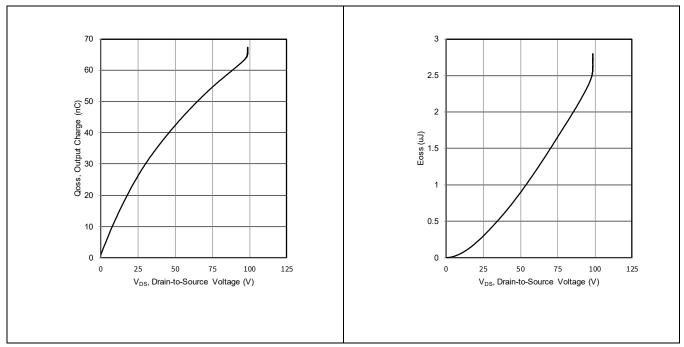


Figure 12 Typical Output Charge

Figure 13 Typical Output Energy





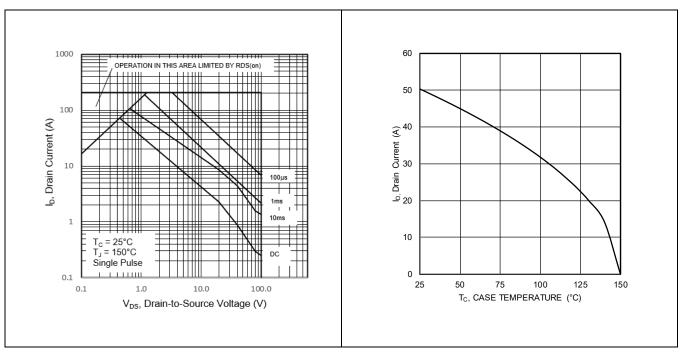


Figure 14 Maximum Safe Operating Area

Figure 15 Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

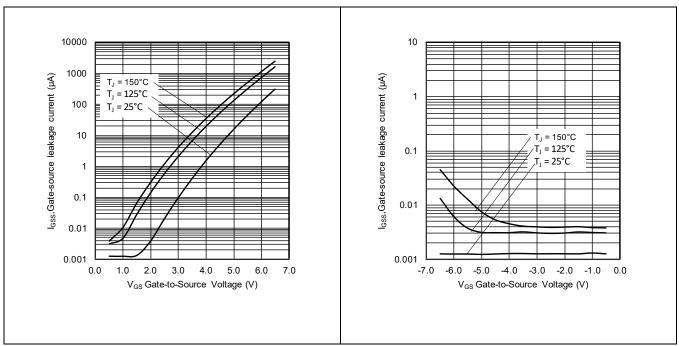


Figure 16 Typical Gate-Source Leakage Current Vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Positive voltage)

Figure 17 Typical Gate-Source Leakage Current Vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Negative Voltage)





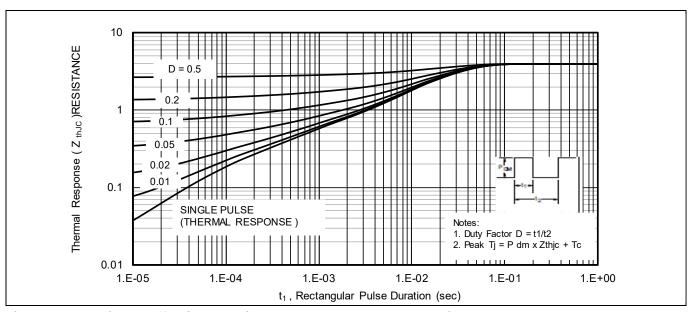


Figure 18 Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

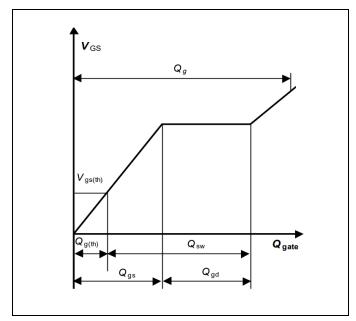


Figure 19 Gate Charge Waveform

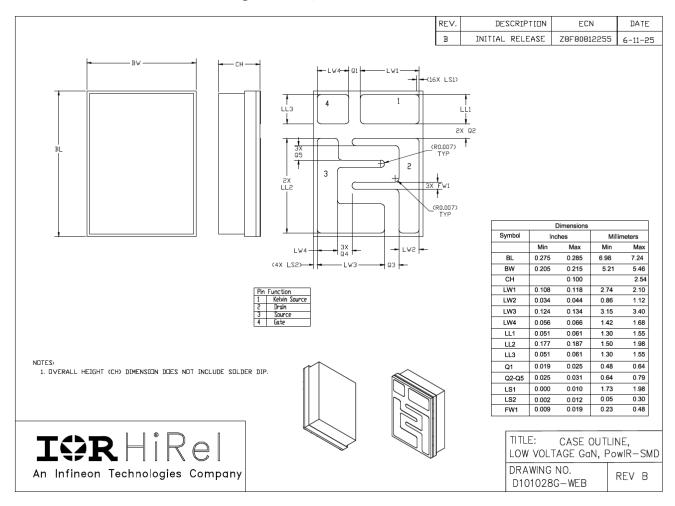




**Package Outline** 

# 4 Package Outline

Note: For the most updated package outline, please see the website: PowIR-SMD



#### **Pin Description:**

Pin 1: Kelvin Source: This pin can be used for the gate return. It is optimized to help the gate drive loop. Pin 1 and Pin 3 are at the same potential.

Pin 2: Drain: This pin is optimized as a power pin to conduct current between drain and source.

Pin 3: Source: This pin is optimized as a power pin to conduct current between drain and source, it is at the same potential as Pin 1.

Pin 4: Gate: The control pin for the device.





**Revision history** 

# **Revision history**

Document version	Date of release	Description of changes
	02/22/2024	Preliminary datasheet with PPD number (PPD-98011)
Rev A	05/30/2025	Final datasheet with PD number
Rev B	07/30/2025	Updated based on ECN-Z8F80816562

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