

HA17339A Series

Quadruple Comparators

REJ03D0675-0300

Rev.3.00

Mar 10, 2006

Description

The HA17339A series products are comparators designed for general purpose, especially for power control systems.

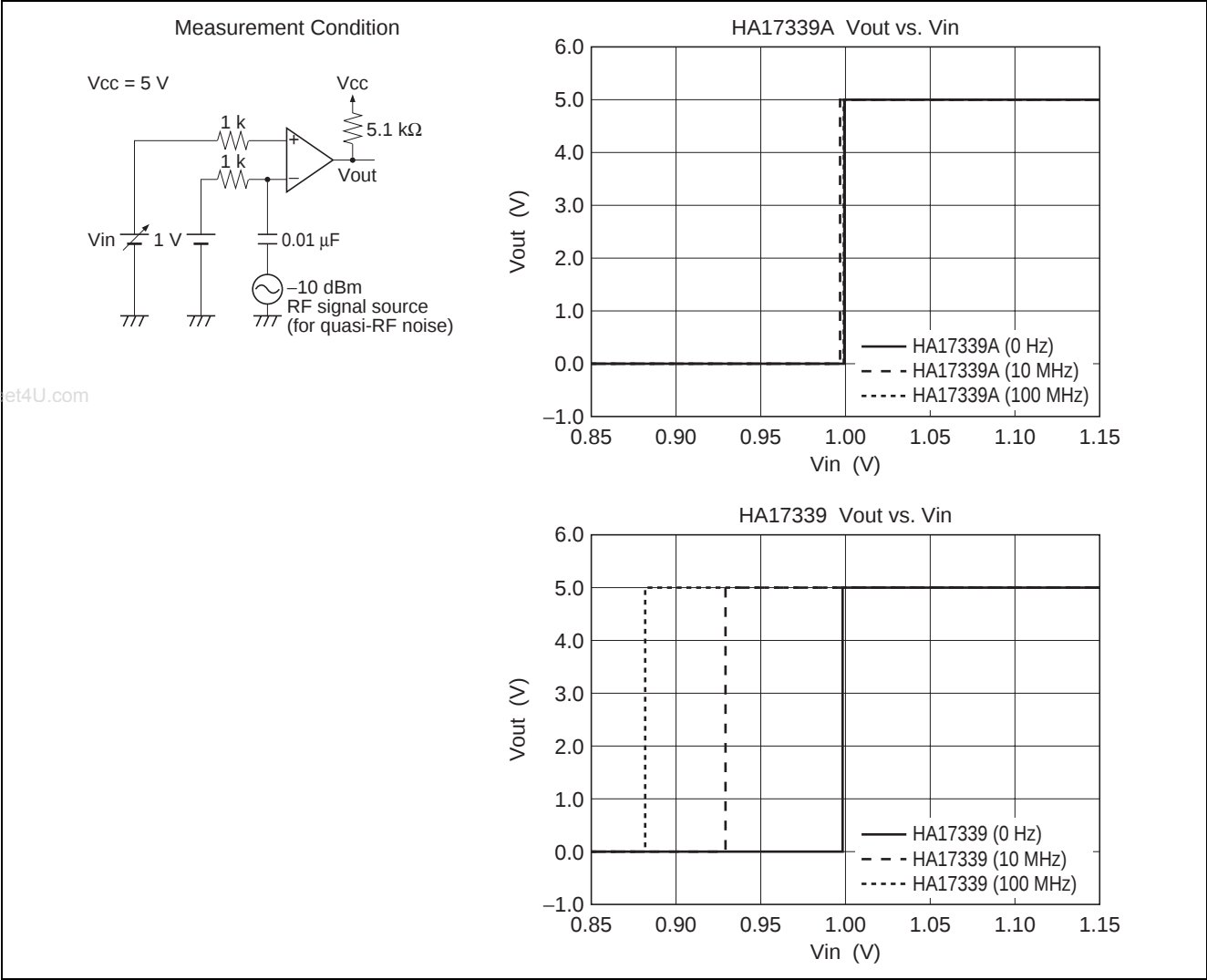
These ICs operate from a single power-supply voltage over a wide range of voltages, and feature a reduced power-supply current since the supply current is independent of the supply voltage.

These comparators have the merit which ground is included in the common-mode input voltage range at a single-voltage power supply operation. These products have a wide range of applications, including limit comparators, simple A/D converters, pulse/square-wave/time delay generators, wide range VCO circuits, MOS clock timers, multivibrators, and high-voltage logic gates.

Features

- Wide power-supply voltage range : 2 to 36 V
- Very low supply current : 0.8 mA Typ.
- Low input bias current : 25 nA Typ.
- Low input offset current : 5 nA Typ.
- Low input offset voltage : 2 mV Typ.
- The common-mode input voltage range includes ground
- Output voltages compatible with CMOS logic systems

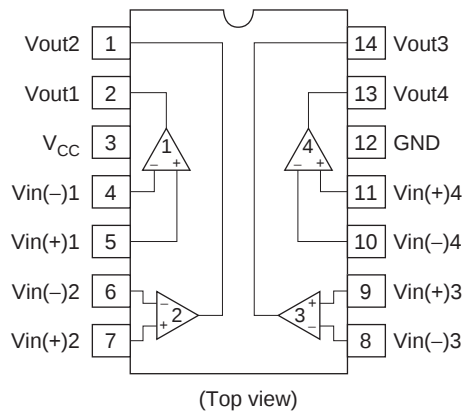
- Low electro-magnetic susceptibility



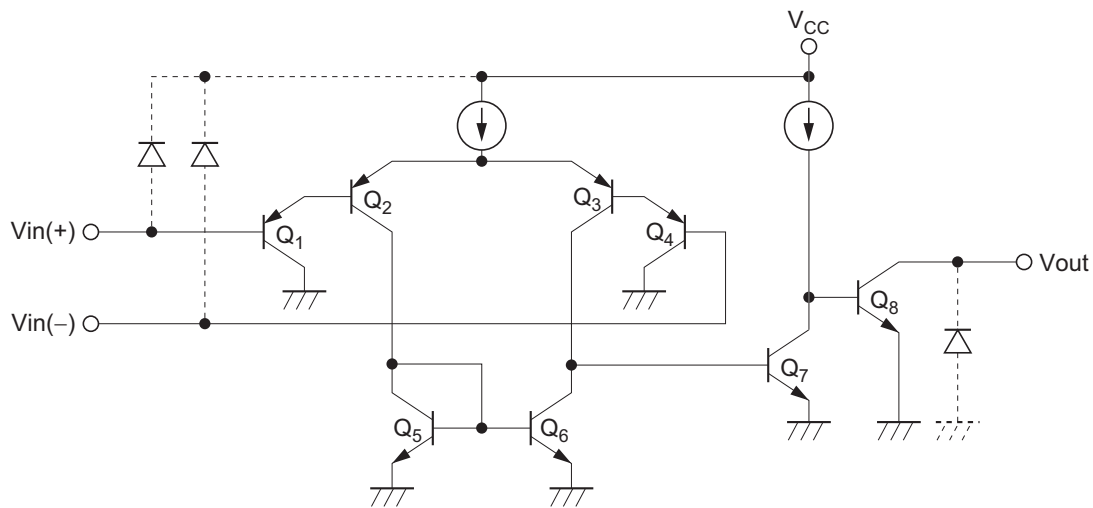
Ordering Information

Type No.	Application	Package Name	Package Code
HA17339A	Commercial use	DIP-14 pin	PRDP0014AB-B
HA17339AF		SOP-14 pin (JEITA)	PRSP0014DF-B
HA17339ARP		SOP-14 pin (JEDEC)	PRSP0014DE-A
HA17339AT		TSSOP-14 pin	PTSP0014JA-B

Pin Arrangement



Circuit Structure (1/4)



Note: If Input/Output terminals voltage over the absolute maximum ratings, there is possibility of mis-operation, characteristics deterioration and destruction, because of the current's flowing to parasitic diode in IC. The Input/Output terminals are recommended to be protected with the clamp circuit which using the diode with low forward voltage (like schottky barrier diode) when there is a possibility for the Input/Output terminals voltage exceeds the absolute maximum ratings.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

Item		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Power supply voltage		V _{CC}	36	V
Differential input voltage		V _{in(diff)}	±V _{CC}	V
Input voltage		V _{in}	−0.3 to +V _{CC}	V
Output pin voltage		V _{out}	−0.3 to +36	V
Output current		I _{out} * ¹	20	mA
Allowable power dissipation	DIP	P _T	625 * ²	mW
	SOP		625 * ³	
	TSSOP		400 * ⁴	
Operating temperature		Topr	−40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature		Tstg	−55 to +125	°C

Notes: 1. These products can be destroyed if the output and V_{CC} are shorted together. The maximum output current is the allowable value for continuous operation.

2. HA17339A:

These are the allowable values up to Ta = 50°C. Derate by 8.3 mW/°C above that temperature.

3. HA17339AF/ARP:

When it is mounted on glass epoxy board of 40 mm × 40 mm × 1.6 mm with 10% wiring density, value at Ta ≤ 25°C. If Ta > 25°C, derated by 6.25 mW/°C.

When it is mounted on glass epoxy board of 40 mm × 40 mm × 1.6 mm with 30% wiring density. If Ta > 32°C, derated by 6.70 mW/°C.

4. HA17339AT:

These are the allowable values up to Ta = 25°C. Derate by 4 mW/°C above that temperature.

Electrical Characteristics

(V_{CC} = 5 V, Ta = 25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Input offset voltage	V _{IO}	—	2	7	mV	Output switching point: when V _O = 1.4V, R _S = 0Ω
Input offset current	I _{IO}	—	5	50	nA	I _{IN(+)} − I _{IN(−)}
Input bias current	I _{IB}	—	25	250	nA	I _{IN(+)} or I _{IN(−)}
Common-mode input voltage * ¹	V _{CM}	0	—	V _{CC} −1.5	V	
Supply current	I _{CC}	—	0.8	2	mA	R _L = ∞
Voltage Gain * ³	A _V	—	(200)	—	V/mV	R _L = 15kΩ
Response time * ^{2,3}	t _R	—	(1.3)	—	μs	V _{RL} = 5V, R _L = 5.1kΩ
Output sink current	I _{O(sink)}	6	16	—	mA	V _{IN(−)} = 1V, V _{IN(+)} = 0, V _O ≤ 1.5V
Output saturation voltage	V _{O(sat)}	—	200	400	mV	V _{IN(−)} = 1V, V _{IN(+)} = 0, I _{osink} = 3mA
Output leakage current * ³	I _{LO}	—	(0.1)	—	nA	V _{IN(+)} = 1V, V _{IN(−)} = 0, V _O = 5V

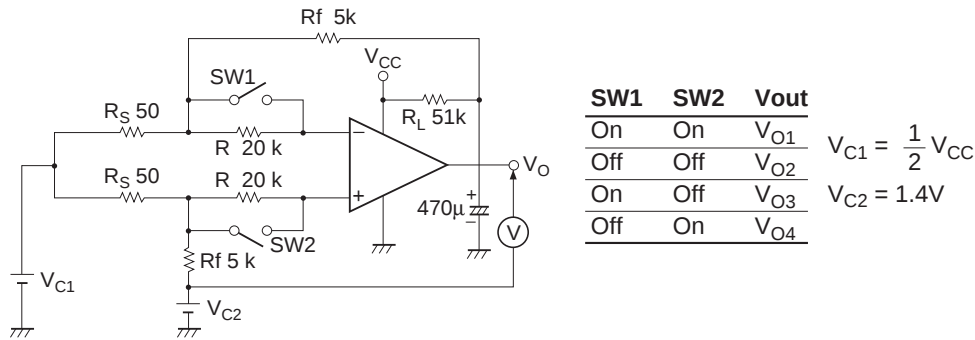
Notes: 1. Voltages more negative than −0.3 V are not allowed for the common-mode input voltage or for either one of the input signal voltages.

2. The stipulated response time is the value for a 100 mV input step voltage that has a 5 mV overdrive.

3. Design spec.

Test Circuits

1. Input offset voltage (V_{IO}), input offset current (I_{IO}), and Input bias current (I_{IB}) test circuit

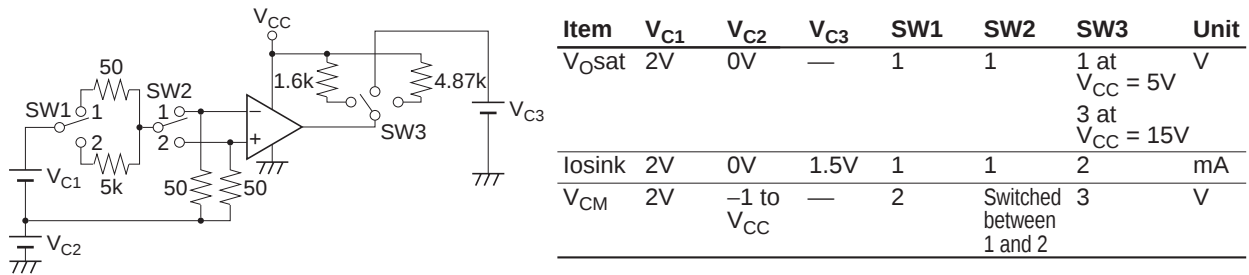


$$V_{IO} = \frac{|V_{O1}|}{1 + R_f / R_S} \quad (\text{mV})$$

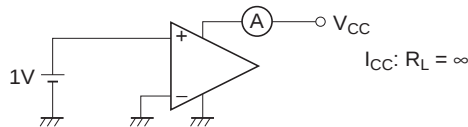
$$I_{IO} = \frac{|V_{O2} - V_{O1}|}{R(1 + R_f / R_S)} \quad (\text{nA})$$

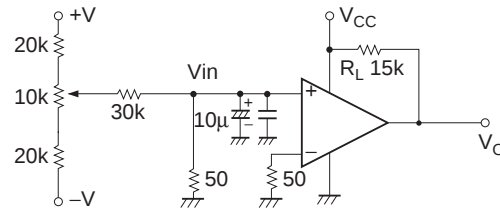
$$I_{IB} = \frac{|V_{O4} - V_{O3}|}{2 \cdot R(1 + R_f / R_S)} \quad (\text{nA})$$

2. Output saturation voltage ($V_O \text{ sat}$) output sink current (I_{osink}), and common-mode input voltage (V_{CM}) test circuit

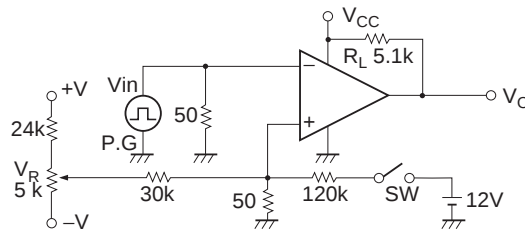


3. Supply current (I_{CC}) test circuit



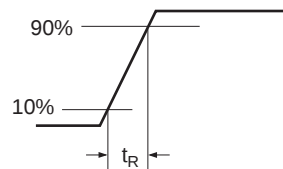
4. Voltage gain (A_V) test circuit ($R_L = 15k\Omega$)


$$A_V = 20 \log \frac{V_{O1} - V_{O2}}{V_{IN1} - V_{IN2}} \quad (\text{dB})$$

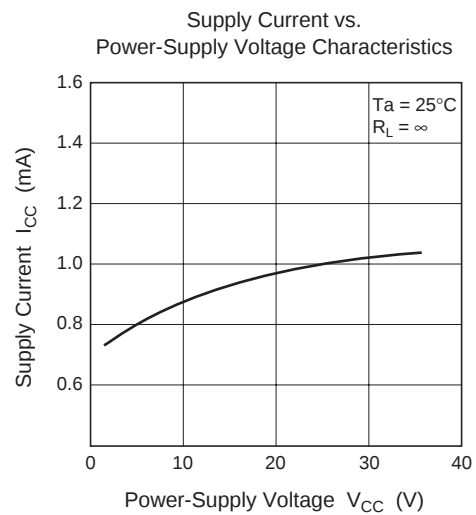
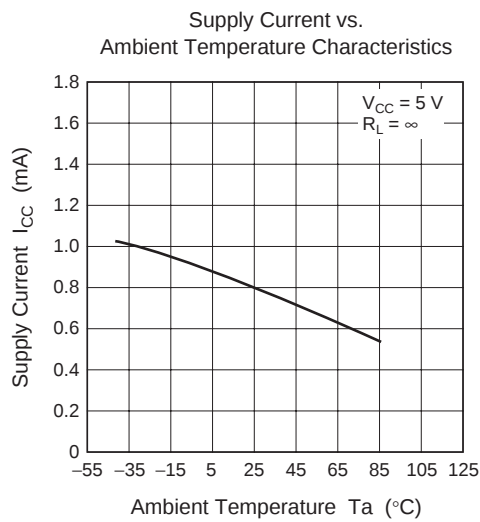
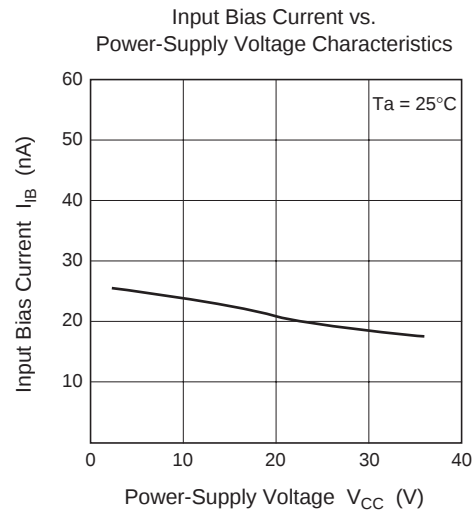
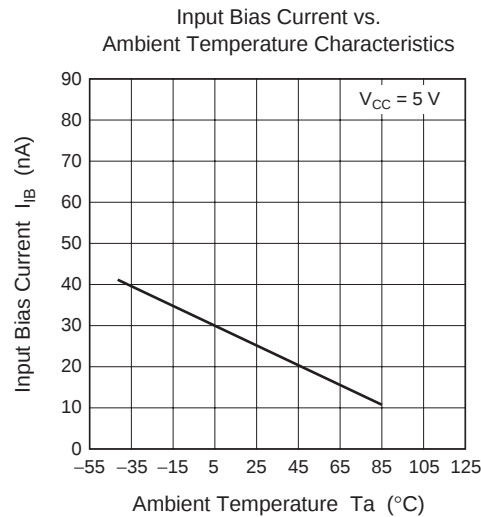
5. Response time (t_R) test circuit


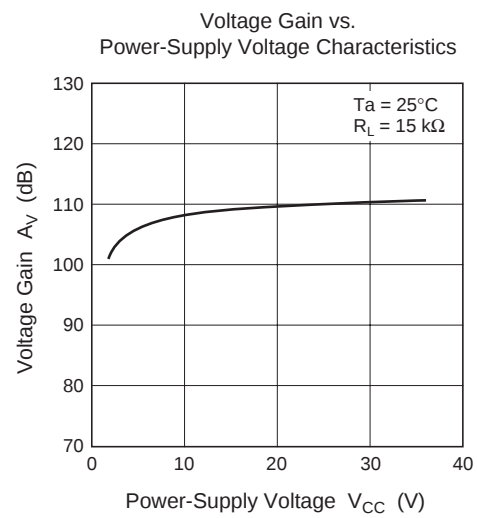
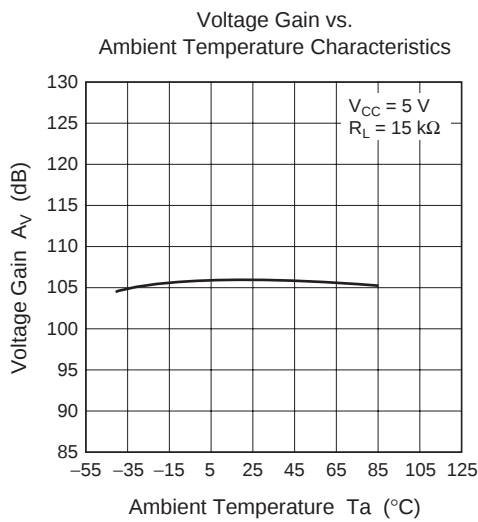
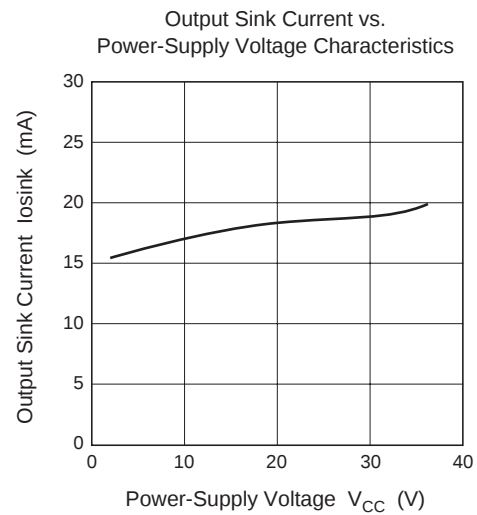
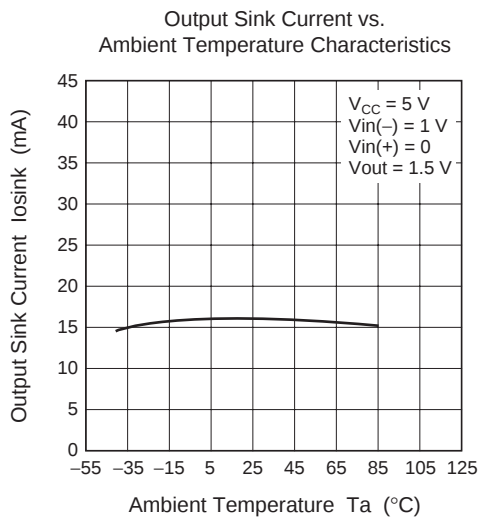
t_R : $R_L = 5.1k\Omega$, a 100mV input step voltage that has a 5mV overdrive

- With V_{IN} not applied, set the switch SW to the off position and adjust V_R so that V_O is in the vicinity of 1.4V.
- Apply V_{IN} and turn the switch SW on.



Characteristic Curves





HA17339A Application Examples

The HA17339A houses four independent comparators in a single package, and operates over a wide voltage range at low power from a single-voltage power supply. Since the common-mode input voltage range starts at the ground potential, the HA17339A is particularly suited for single-voltage power supply applications. This section presents several sample HA17339A applications.

HA17339A Application Notes

1. Square-Wave Oscillator

The circuit shown in figure one has the same structure as a single-voltage power supply astable multivibrator. Figure 2 shows the waveforms generated by this circuit.

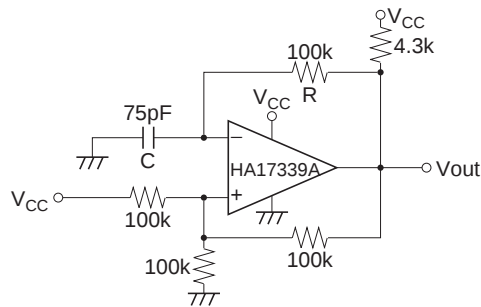
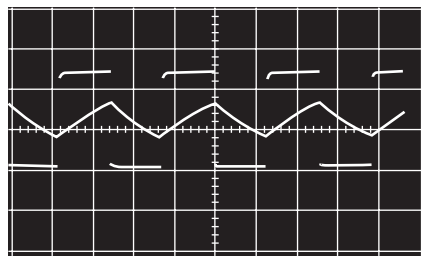
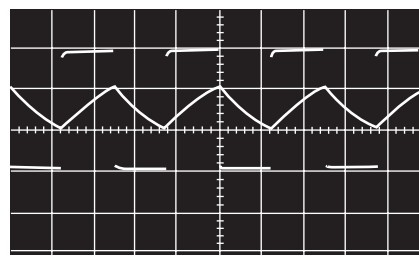


Figure 1 Square-Wave Oscillator



(1)

Horizontal: 2 V/div, Vertical: 5 μs/div, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$



(2)

Horizontal: 5 V/div, Vertical: 5 μs/div, $V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$

Figure 2 Operating Waveforms

4. Basic Comparator

The circuit shown in figure 6 is a basic comparator. When the input voltage V_{IN} exceeds the reference voltage V_{REF} , the output goes to the high level.

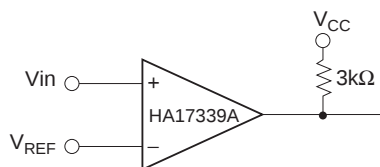


Figure 6 Basic Comparator

5. Noninverting Comparator (with Hysteresis)

Assuming $+V_{IN}$ is 0V, when V_{REF} is applied to the inverting input, the output will go to the low level (approximately 0V). If the voltage applied to $+V_{IN}$ is gradually increased, the output will go high when the value of the noninverting input, $+V_{IN} \times R_2 / (R_1 + R_2)$, exceeds $+V_{REF}$. Next, if $+V_{IN}$ is gradually lowered, V_{out} will be inverted to the low level once again when the value of the noninverting input, $(V_{out} - V_{IN}) \times R_1 / (R_1 + R_2)$, becomes lower than V_{REF} . With the circuit constants shown in figure 7, assuming $V_{CC} = 15V$ and $+V_{REF} = 6V$, the following formula can be derived, i.e. $+V_{IN} \times 10M / (5.1M + 10M) > 6V$, and V_{out} will invert from low to high when $+V_{IN}$ is $> 9.06V$.

$$(V_{out} - V_{IN}) \times \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} + V_{IN} < 6V$$

(Assuming $V_{out} = 15V$)

When $+V_{IN}$ is lowered, the output will invert from high to low when $+V_{IN} < 1.41V$. Therefore this circuit has a hysteresis of 7.65V. Figure 8 shows the input characteristics.

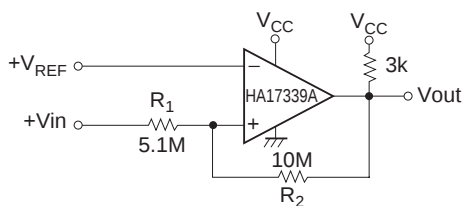


Figure 7 Noninverting Comparator

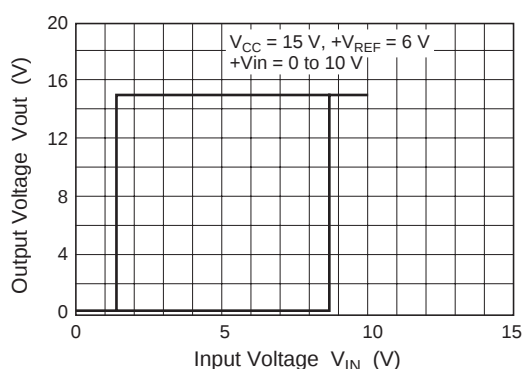


Figure 8 Noninverting Comparator I/O Transfer Characteristics

6. Inverting Comparator (with Hysteresis)

In this circuit, the output V_{out} inverts from high to low when $+V_{IN} > (V_{CC} + V_{out})/3$. Similarly, the output V_{out} inverts from low to high when $+V_{IN} < V_{CC}/3$. With the circuit constants shown in figure 9, assuming $V_{CC} = 15V$ and $V_{out} = 15V$, this circuit will have a 5V hysteresis. Figure 10 shows the I/O characteristics for the circuit in figure 9.

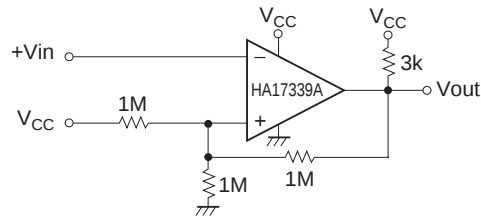


Figure 9 Inverting Comparator

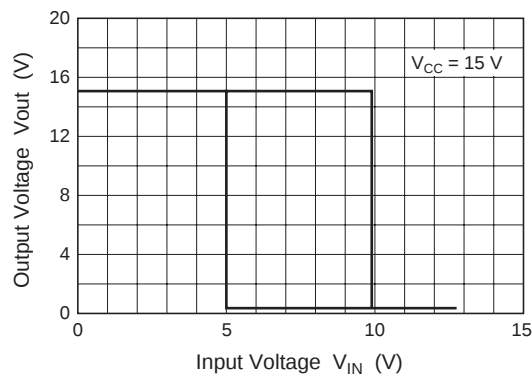


Figure 10 Inverting Comparator I/O Transfer Characteristics

7. Zero-Cross Detector (Single-Voltage Power Supply)

In this circuit, the noninverting input will essentially be held at the potential determined by dividing V_{CC} with $100k\Omega$ and $10k\Omega$ resistors. When V_{IN} is 0V or higher, the output will be low, and when V_{IN} is negative, V_{out} will invert to the high level. (See figure 11.)

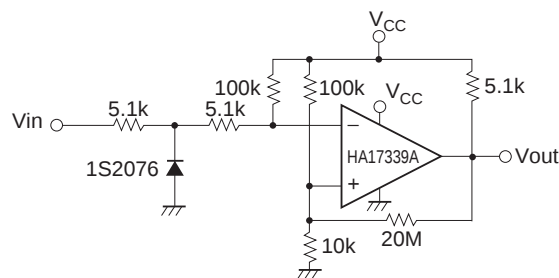
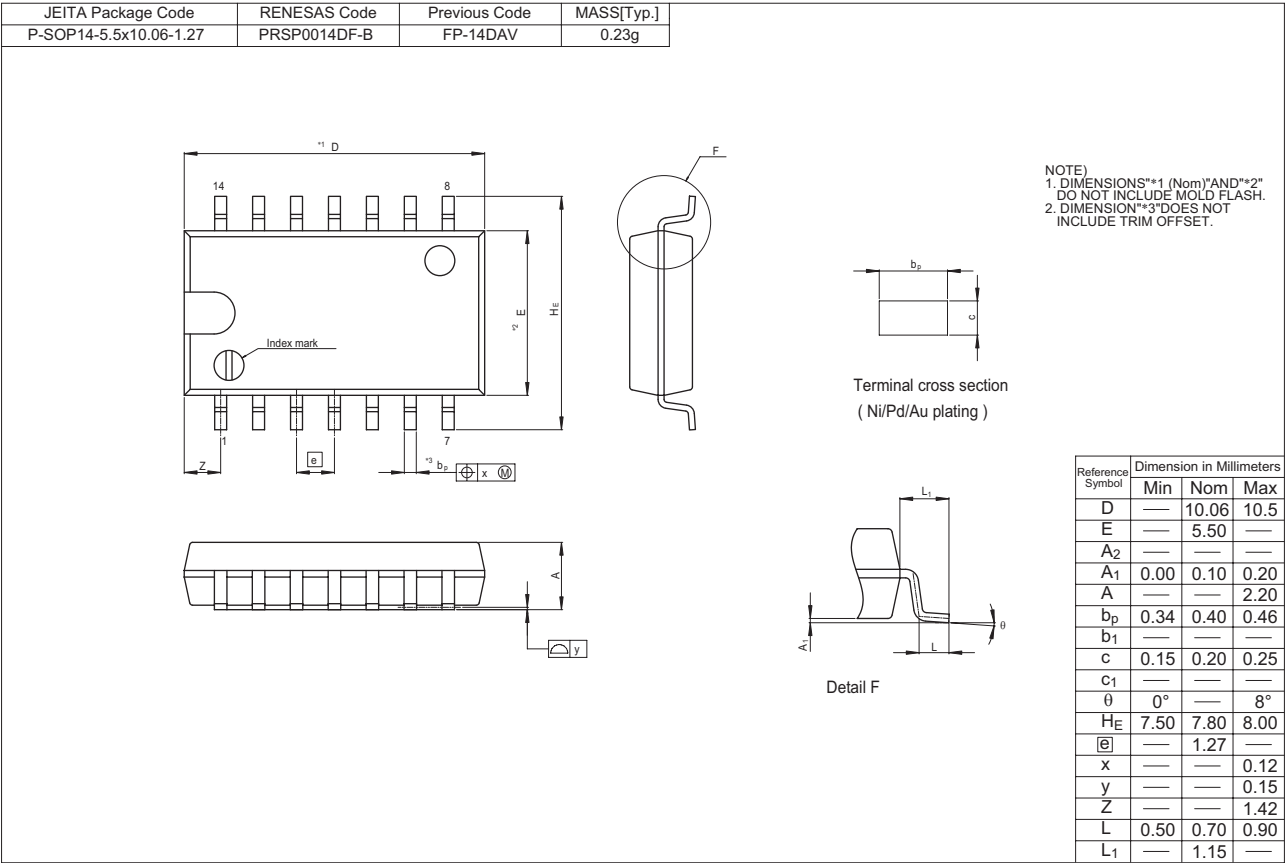
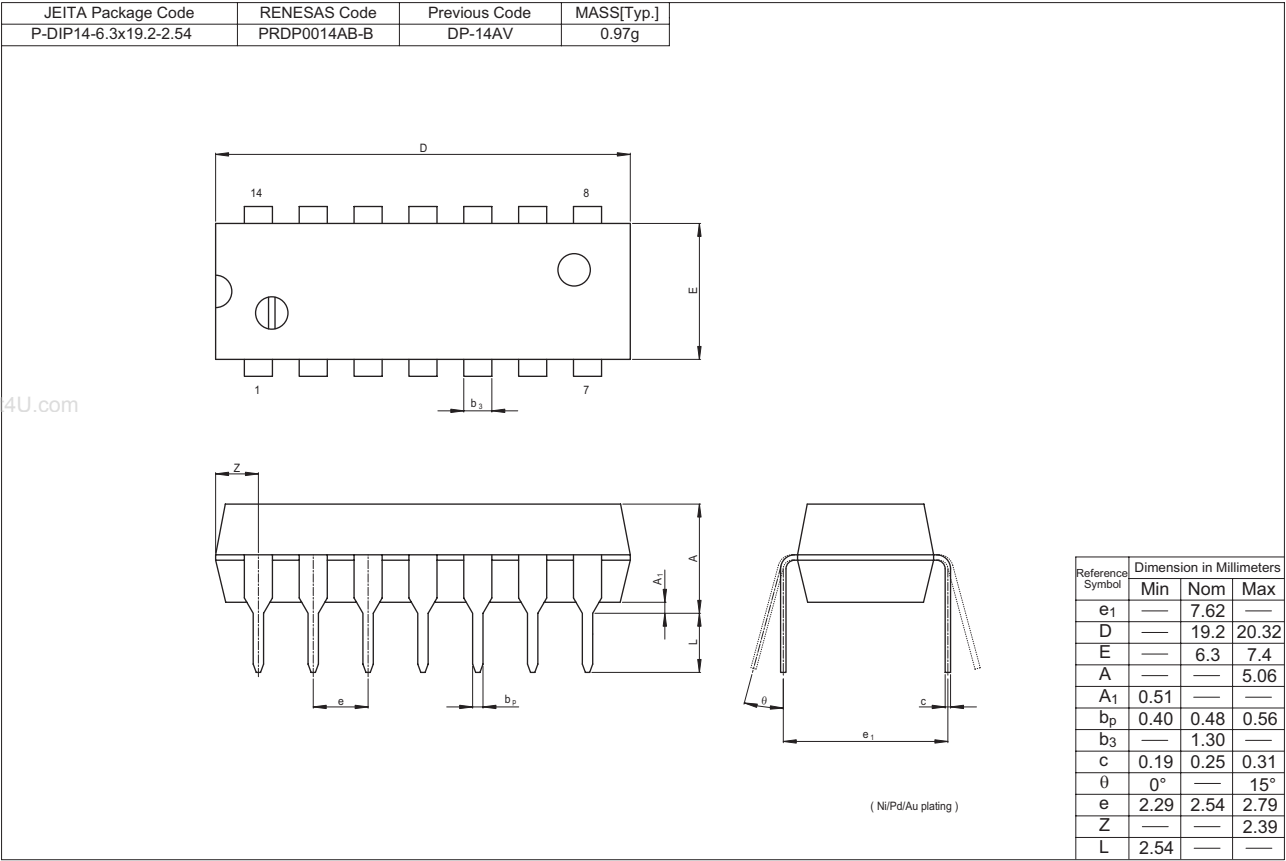


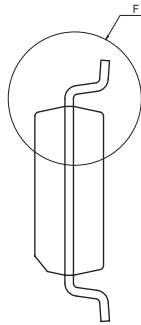
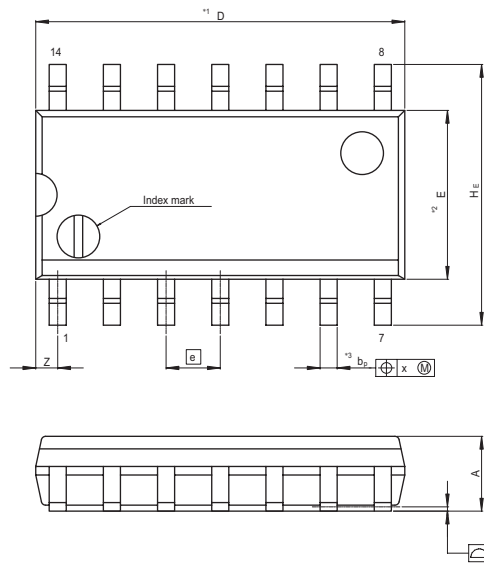
Figure 11 Zero-Cross Detector

Package Dimensions

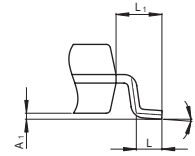


HA17339A Series

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS[Typ.]
P-SOP14-3.95x8.65-1.27	PRSP0014DE-A	FP-14DNV	0.13g



Terminal cross section
(Ni/Pd/Au plating)

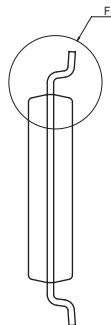
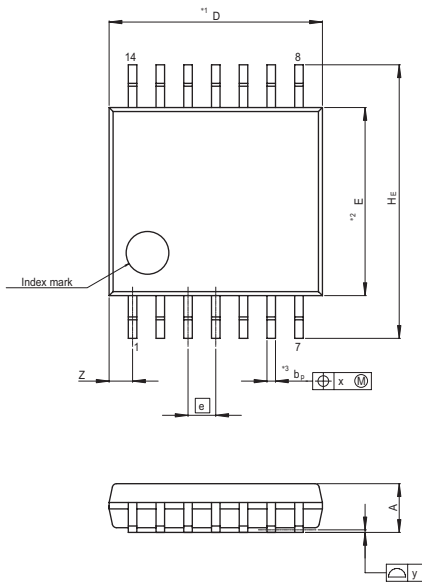


Detail F

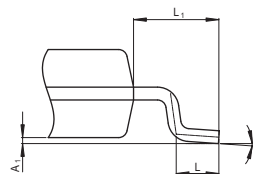
NOTE)
1. DIMENSIONS**1 (Nom)**AND**2*
DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
2. DIMENSION**3*DOES NOT
INCLUDE TRIM OFFSET.

Reference Symbol	Min	Nom	Max
D	—	8.65	9.05
E	—	3.95	—
A ₂	—	—	—
A ₁	0.10	0.14	0.25
A	—	—	1.75
b _p	0.34	0.40	0.46
b ₁	—	—	—
c	0.15	0.20	0.25
c ₁	—	—	—
θ	0°	—	8°
H _E	5.80	6.10	6.20
⌀	—	1.27	—
x	—	—	0.25
y	—	—	0.15
Z	—	—	0.635
L	0.40	0.60	1.27
L ₁	—	1.08	—

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS[Typ.]
P-TSSOP14-4.4x5-0.65	PTSP0014JA-B	TTP-14DV	0.05g



Terminal cross section
(Ni/Pd/Au plating)



Detail F

NOTE)
1. DIMENSIONS**1 (Nom)**AND**2*
DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
2. DIMENSION**3*DOES NOT
INCLUDE TRIM OFFSET.

Reference Symbol	Min	Nom	Max
D	—	5.00	5.30
E	—	4.40	—
A ₂	—	—	—
A ₁	0.03	0.07	0.10
A	—	—	1.10
b _p	0.15	0.20	0.25
b ₁	—	—	—
c	0.10	0.15	0.20
c ₁	—	—	—
θ	0°	—	8°
H _E	6.20	6.40	6.60
⌀	—	0.65	—
x	—	—	0.13
y	—	—	0.10
Z	—	—	0.83
L	0.4	0.5	0.6
L ₁	—	1.0	—

Renesas Technology Corp. Sales Strategic Planning Div. Nippon Bldg., 2-6-2, Ohte-machi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0004, Japan

Keep safety first in your circuit designs!

1. Renesas Technology Corp. puts the maximum effort into making semiconductor products better and more reliable, but there is always the possibility that trouble may occur with them. Trouble with semiconductors may lead to personal injury, fire or property damage.
Remember to give due consideration to safety when making your circuit designs, with appropriate measures such as (i) placement of substitutive, auxiliary circuits, (ii) use of nonflammable material or (iii) prevention against any malfunction or mishap.

Notes regarding these materials

1. These materials are intended as a reference to assist our customers in the selection of the Renesas Technology Corp. product best suited to the customer's application; they do not convey any license under any intellectual property rights, or any other rights, belonging to Renesas Technology Corp. or a third party.
2. Renesas Technology Corp. assumes no responsibility for any damage, or infringement of any third-party's rights, originating in the use of any product data, diagrams, charts, programs, algorithms, or circuit application examples contained in these materials.
3. All information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, charts, programs and algorithms represents information on products at the time of publication of these materials, and are subject to change by Renesas Technology Corp. without notice due to product improvements or other reasons. It is therefore recommended that customers contact Renesas Technology Corp. or an authorized Renesas Technology Corp. product distributor for the latest product information before purchasing a product listed herein.
The information described here may contain technical inaccuracies or typographical errors.
Renesas Technology Corp. assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability, or other loss rising from these inaccuracies or errors.
Please also pay attention to information published by Renesas Technology Corp. by various means, including the Renesas Technology Corp. Semiconductor home page (<http://www.renesas.com>).
4. When using any or all of the information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, charts, programs, and algorithms, please be sure to evaluate all information as a total system before making a final decision on the applicability of the information and products. Renesas Technology Corp. assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability or other loss resulting from the information contained herein.
5. Renesas Technology Corp. semiconductors are not designed or manufactured for use in a device or system that is used under circumstances in which human life is potentially at stake. Please contact Renesas Technology Corp. or an authorized Renesas Technology Corp. product distributor when considering the use of a product contained herein for any specific purposes, such as apparatus or systems for transportation, vehicular, medical, aerospace, nuclear, or undersea repeater use.
6. The prior written approval of Renesas Technology Corp. is necessary to reprint or reproduce in whole or in part these materials.
7. If these products or technologies are subject to the Japanese export control restrictions, they must be exported under a license from the Japanese government and cannot be imported into a country other than the approved destination.
Any diversion or reexport contrary to the export control laws and regulations of Japan and/or the country of destination is prohibited.
8. Please contact Renesas Technology Corp. for further details on these materials or the products contained therein.



RENESAS SALES OFFICES

<http://www.renesas.com>

Refer to "<http://www.renesas.com/en/network>" for the latest and detailed information.

Renesas Technology America, Inc.

450 Holger Way, San Jose, CA 95134-1368, U.S.A
Tel: <1> (408) 382-7500, Fax: <1> (408) 382-7501

Renesas Technology Europe Limited

Dukes Meadow, Millboard Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5FH, U.K.
Tel: <44> (1628) 585-100, Fax: <44> (1628) 585-900

Renesas Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

Unit 204, 205, AZIACenter, No.1233 Lujiazui Ring Rd, Pudong District, Shanghai, China 200120
Tel: <86> (21) 5877-1818, Fax: <86> (21) 6887-7898

Renesas Technology Hong Kong Ltd.

7th Floor, North Tower, World Finance Centre, Harbour City, 1 Canton Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong
Tel: <852> 2265-6688, Fax: <852> 2730-6071

Renesas Technology Taiwan Co., Ltd.

10th Floor, No.99, Fushing North Road, Taipei, Taiwan
Tel: <886> (2) 2715-2888, Fax: <886> (2) 2713-2999

Renesas Technology Singapore Pte. Ltd.

1 Harbour Front Avenue, #06-10, Keppel Bay Tower, Singapore 098632
Tel: <65> 6213-0200, Fax: <65> 6278-8001

Renesas Technology Korea Co., Ltd.

Kukje Center Bldg. 18th Fl., 191, 2-ka, Hangang-ro, Yongsan-ku, Seoul 140-702, Korea
Tel: <82> (2) 796-3115, Fax: <82> (2) 796-2145

Renesas Technology Malaysia Sdn. Bhd

Unit 906, Block B, Menara Amcorp, Amcorp Trade Centre, No.18, Jalan Persiaran Barat, 46050 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia
Tel: <603> 7955-9390, Fax: <603> 7955-9510